UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE

DATE: 11/3/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: INFORMATION CONCERNING
WORKERS VIEWPOINT PARTY
AND THE KU KLUX KLAN
AT GREENSBORO, N. C.
11/3/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL RIGHTS MATTER

TITLE
UNSUBS: WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORG
KU KLUX KLAN
SHOOTING INCIDENT
GREENSBORO NC
11-3-79
DS - CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

At approximately 1:45 P. M. this date, 11/3/79, SA [redacted] received a telephone call from [redacted] Bureau Media Relations, requesting information concerning members of the Ku Klux Klan shooting/killing members of the Workers Viewpoint Party (WVP) at Greensboro, N. C., 11/3/79. [redacted] advised he had been contacted by News Bureau of National Broadcasting Company (NBC) concerning the matter.

At approximately 2:00 P. M., Greensboro Duty Agent [redacted] was called and requested to determine what had happened in Greensboro concerning the WVP rally. At approximately 2:15 P. M., SA [redacted] advised SA [redacted] that the Workers Viewpoint Party, an offshoot of the Revolutionary Communist Party, had been holding a peaceful rally demonstrating anti-Klan sentiments on 11/3/79. At approximately 11:30 A. M., 11/3/79, approximately nine to ten people jumped from a van and fired into the WVP rally. Initial reports indicated five WVP members killed, others injured, some severely. The owner of the van is reported to be [redacted] who is a Klan member. Charlotte indices reflect a closed case on one [redacted] stating he was a Klan member in 1971 with the position of [redacted] of the Salisbury Klavern.

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SA [redacted] further advised a number of people had been arrested and were currently detained at the Greensboro City Police Department; FBI participation not requested at this time; no civil rights violation or racial overtones present at this time. SA [redacted] stated that the Greensboro, N. C., PD requested the assistance of SA [redacted] due to his extensive knowledge in Klan and extremist activities.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-5-84 BY sp tayl

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 3 1979
FBI

2 - Charlotte
JTT:rep
(2)

44-3527-1
0 & A
44 rec'd @

(A) rep ptnt 100-17207

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

At approximately 2:24 P. M., ASAC CECIL E. MOSES was notified of ongoing situation. ASAC MOSES advised he would come to the Charlotte Office.

At approximately 2:27 P. M., [redacted] was advised as to the information that SA [redacted] had received from the Greensboro, N. C., PD. [redacted] was further advised that, at this point, no FBI investigation was contemplated.

At approximately 2:30 P. M., [redacted], Division 6, Civil Rights Section, FBIHQ, was notified of ongoing situation at Greensboro, N. C. He advised that he would notify his superior and would further advise Charlotte Division if his superiors or Department of Justice would require FBI participation.

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At approximately 2:35 P. M., SSRA [redacted] requested Headquarters City notify all Greensboro Agents to report to the Greensboro, N. C., PD. [redacted] stated that each Agent would sit in on an interview with members of the Greensboro, N. C., PD and the suspects in the shooting.

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 6-9-82)

Date 2/2/83

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL
CR

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired	
2/2/83		CT., RICHMOND, VA. 23225

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
BULKY - FIREARMS	FOR GRAND JURY, MDNC, PER USA MDNC

b6
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To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☒ Yes ☐ No		SAT-	SA

☒ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

ONE (1) SMITH & WESSON .357 MAGNUM
REVOLVER serial # 14K5596

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-4-01 BY b6 2 NLS/CA/mkb

For Valuable and/or Narcotics Evidence Only

Evidence Bag Seal # _____

Signature of Two Special Agents Verifying and Sealing Bag Contents _____

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

_____

_____

_____

BLOCK STAMP

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____
FEB 2 1983
FBI — RICHMOND

Field File # RH 44A-1416-1B

OO: CHARLOTTE (CE file 44A-3527)

ORIGINAL (FILE COPY)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Accepted Custody	Date	Time		Date	Time
Signature [redacted]	2/2	12:10	[redacted]	2/3	8:30
Reason Per direction of USA MDNC	83	P.M.	Transmitted to FBI RA at Greensboro N.C.	83	A.M.
Signature [redacted]	2/3/83		FBI RA		
Reason Reg Mail # R087319051	4:30 P.M.		Greensboro N.C.	2/3/83	4:30 P.M.
Signature					
Reason					
Signature					
Reason					
Signature					
Reason					
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Reason					
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Reason					
Signature					
Reason					

Item No. **Remarks**

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CLASS: 044 CASE: 001416 SUB-FILE: EX-NO: A015 EX-ITEM: 0001

SERIAL: ENT-DATE: 020383 ACQ-DATE: 020283 FO: RH

FROM: SUPV [redacted] b6 b7C

LOC: A ENV RETAIN: RETURN: N RECEIPT: N

DESCR: COPY OF RECEIPT FOR .357 GUN SURRENDERED TO RICHMOND FBI.

CHGD-OUT: INV1: INIT1: INV2: INIT2:

DISP-DATE: MEANS:

CLASS: 044 CASE: 001416 SUB-FILE: EX-NO: A014 EX-ITEM: 0001

SERIAL: ENT-DATE: 052180 ACQ-DATE: 042880 FO: RH

FROM: [redacted]

LOC: VOL 1 RETAIN: RETURN: N RECEIPT: N

DESCR: 2 NEWSPAPERS: "THE THUNDERBOLT," "THE NEW ORDER"

CHGD-OUT: INV1: INIT1: INV2: INIT2:

DISP-DATE: MEANS:

b6
b7C

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/5/79

Subject The American Nazi Party

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex
				☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling ☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only ☐ Restrict to Locality of

☐ All References ☐ Criminal References Only

☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only ☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)

☐ Subversive References Only ☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
157-34	(1967) AMERICAN NAZI PARTY AKA: NATIONAL SOCIALIST WHITE PEOPLE'S PARTY RACIAL MATTERS Headquartered at 2507 North Franklin Road, Arlington, Va. Organized in 1956. Based upon the concept of international "National Socialist" movement as espoused by the German Nazi Party headed by Adolf Hitler. The organization supports and follows the line of hatred against Negroes, Jews, and communism through various propoganda media and provocative demonstrations. Identical X-ref.		

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/94 BY Sp2 tap/sp

Requested by	Squad	Extension	File No.

b6
b7C

11/6/79
(date)

Consolidated by

(date)

Reviewed by

11/6/79
(date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not Identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/5/79

Subject American Nazi Party

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
157-2864	(1966) American Nazi Party / Literature of United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, and American Nazi Party, received through mail by [redacted] St., Red Springs, N.C. Not Identical in regard to new mail.		

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp/tap/ep

b6
b7C

Requested by | Squad | Extension | File No.

Searched by [redacted] 11/5/79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by 11/6/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not Identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/5/79

Subject Caudle Raeford Milano

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling ☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only ☐ Restrict to Locality of
☐ All References ☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only ☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Subversive References Only ☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
157-10091	62, 63, 72		
	(1976) Milano Raeford Caudle WM DOB: 9-9-42 State Night Hawk of Ku Klux Klan, Inc. Member of the Winston Salem Klavern KKKK UNIT 1 Identical X-ref.		
	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY Spatap/lep		
157-10151	(1976) Soc Sec: 238 66 7921 Wife: Ida Caudle ADDRESS: 52 Baity Street, Winston-Salem, N.C. EMPLOYMENT: Laborer, employed by Forsyth Co., N.C. He would furnish no information concerning his membership in the KKKK or any of his activities as Klan member.		
46-2885-3p.1	(1977) Raeford Milano Caudle Caudle indexed as a reference when he furnished a signed statement alleging Kenneth Hill, a retired U.S. Colonel, employed as Forsyth County Engineer, Winston-Salem, N.C., had utilized county employees who were being paid under a C.I.T.A. Program, financed by the Fed. Gov., to make a dog house for Hill. Case had no prosecutive merit. Identical; X-ref.		Case closed as it was determined he did not have the propensity for violence. Identical. X-ref.

Requested by | Searched | Extension | File No.

11/5/79 (date)

Consolidated by

(date)

Reviewed by

11/6/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527)(P) DATE: 11/5/79

FROM : SUPV. GEORGE C. KOONS

SUBJECT: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION;
KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY;
SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, N. C.,
NOV. 1, 1979
DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A).
CIVIL UNREST

Re Bureau telephone call from Bureau Supervisor [redacted] to Charlotte 11/5/79.

By referenced telephone call Bureau Supervisor [redacted] stated the Director had made a request to have copies of the television tapes furnished by the news media to the Charlotte Division to the Bureau as soon as possible.

Any expense involved in copying the tapes which are already in the Bureau's possession or securing additional copies is authorized by the Bureau.

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[redacted] also advised the Director indicated he will meet with the Attorney General during the early evening hours of Nov. 5 and the Bureau requests a summary teletype of today's activities to reach the Bureau before close of business 11/5/79.

GCK:jnr
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp tap/ep

1) ASAC at Gboro AYP
" AYP
2) [redacted]

44-3527-6

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 5 1979

3) [redacted]

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date 11/6/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL;
Domestic Security - Civil Rights (A)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/6/79	[redacted] Greensboro PD, Greensboro, N. C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence
To Be Returned	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit**
☐ Yes ☒ No	SA [redacted]

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Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned SA [redacted]

One (1) video cassette tape copy of original film footage shot by TV stations WGHP, Channel 8, Highpoint, N. C., and WXII, Channel 12, Winston-Salem, N. C. on 11/3/79 of the Anti-Klan Rally and shootings.

Hand carried to Bu by SA [redacted] 11/7/79 pf
Permanently retained by FBI HQ Laboratory
Bulky serial from Charlotte inventory. See
serial 305 Jan

FINAL DISPOSITION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp2 tap/sp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV C 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527-1B1

00: CE

44-3527-1B1

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/6/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL;
Domestic Security - Civil Rights (A)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/3/79	[redacted] Chanel 8, High Point, N. C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]

b6
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Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned SA [redacted]

One copy of a 3/4 inch video tape of the "Greensboro Shootout", 11/3/79.

Taken to Greensboro PD on 11/4/79 by SA [redacted] used in preparation and during trial, in state court and thereafter permanently retained by Greensboro authorities. Removed from Charlotte inventory See serial 305 dsm

FINAL DISPOSITION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/4/24 BY sp tap/sp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

FEB 1979
CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527-1B2

OO: _____

44-3527-1B2

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11-8-79

Title and Character of Case

1

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11-7-79	[redacted] of Remote Production, WFMY-TV, Channel 2, Phillips Ave, Greensboro, N.C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence and Investigation
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]
Description of Property or Exhibit	Case assigned SA [redacted]

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Four 4
~~Three~~ (8) video cassette dubs (tapes) on 1 hour tapes of "Greensboro Shooting" shot by WTVD, Channel 11, Durham, N.C., prepared 11-7-79.

Dubs 2,3 and 4. Dub #1 sent to Bureau , Rm Special Del on 11-7-79. (Dub # 4 sent to Raleigh returned to CE 12-10-79) Dub #(3 being maintained returned to CE 12-10-79) Greensboro RA.

Dub 2+4 charged to [redacted] 6/5/81
Dub 2+4 returned to CE 6/16/81 16 6m

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp2 tap/kp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527-1B3

OO: Charlotte

44-3527-183

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/10/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/4/79	[redacted] Greensboro, N. C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
~~Greensboro RA~~ CE Bulky Room	Evidence and investigation

To Be Returned	Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit
☐ Yes ☒ No	SA [redacted]

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Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned SA [redacted]

17 black and white photographs, the first 14 of which were taken by [redacted] and depicting activity on 11/3/79.

Recd in CE 12/10/79 Dam

Charged to [redacted] 6/5/81

184 Changed to 1A53 7/7/81 Dam

FINAL DISPOSITION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/24 BY sp2 tcp/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # CE 44-3527-1B4

44-3527-1B4

OO: CHARLOTTE

FBI/DOJ

(D)

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/10/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKILL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/7/79	EDWARD W. DAWSON

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Greensboro RA	Evidence and investigation

To Be Returned	Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit
☐ Yes ☒ No	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit — Case assigned SA [redacted]

Taped interview with EDWARD W. DAWSON on 11/7/79.
Recd in CE 12/11/79 DM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp1tap/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED CC INDEXED KT
SERIALIZED KT FILED DM
NOV 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # CE 44-3527-1B5

00: CHARLOTTE

44-3527-1B5

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date 11-14-79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11-13-79	[redacted] Lab, Greensboro PD
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence and investigation
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SC [redacted]

Description of Property or Exhibit Case assigned to [redacted] b6 b7C

Video Cassette Tapes of Shooting Incident at Greensboro, N.C., on 11-3-79.

WFMY-TV Channel 2
WGHP-TV Channel 8
WXII-TV Channel 12

Tapes were dub'ed from tapes obtained by [redacted] under court order.

1 copy being fowarded toBureau and one maintained at Greensboro RA. - Rec'd in CE 12/10/79 Dm

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2 tap/kp

abml transferred to HQ 9/10/97

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

1A 5/17

Ret'd ng 1979

Field File # 44-3527-

OO: CE

FINAL DISPOSITION

44-3527-1B6

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/14/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/14/79	Greensboro PD & SA [redacted]
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	EVIDENCE
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]

Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned to [redacted] b6 b7C

CRIME SCENE SKETCH

Above Charged To SA [redacted] 11/15/79
Above Returned To Charlotte 2/24/81 dm
" Charged To [redacted] 6/5/81
" Returned To Charlotte 6/16/81 10 am

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2 Tap/tap

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

RECD 1979

Field File # 44-3527-1B7

00: CE

44-3527-1B7

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/14/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL ; Domestic Security, Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/13/79	Greensboro PD, Greensboro, N. C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Ce Bulky Room ~~Greensboro RA~~	EVIDENCE
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]
Description of Property or Exhibit Case assigned to [redacted]	

b6
b7C

Self explanatory photos relating to captioned case.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/24 BY sp2 tap/cp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # C# 44-3527-1B8

OO: CE

44-3527-1B8

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [X] UNCLAS

Date _____

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE - 0843

NEW YORK IMMEDIATE 0127

~~BTCLAS~~

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/94 BY sp2 tap/ep

UNSUBS: WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR AND OTHER OFFICES NOVEMBER 5, 1979.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (NCSBI) INTELLIGENCE REPORT TODAY INDICATES FNU [redacted] WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, NEW YORK CITY MET TODAY WITH [redacted] TO PLAN DEMONSTRATION SCHEDULED NOVEMBER 11, 1979 AT GREENSBORO, N.C.

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b7C

NEW YORK SUTEL ANY INFORMATION POSSIBLE VALUE RELATING TO WORKERS VEIWPOINT ORGANIZATION OR [redacted]

[redacted]

BT

ANP;rln

(1)

44-3527-9

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____

Approved: _____ Transmitted 008 (Number) (Time) Per _____

FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/5/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, N.C. 11/3/79 DOMESTIC SECURITY-CR (A)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☐ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	☒		1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity 3
Size 8x10
☒ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

Captioned matter involves the killing of four members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization by members of the KKK and wounding of several others, 2 of which are in critical condition. In view of the international coverage of incident, it is requested this film be expeditiously processed.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/14 BY sp2 Taylor

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
(2) - Charlotte
GAM:jat (4)

44-3527-10 FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 4-27-79)

Date 1/22/80

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL
Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
1/17/80	FBI LABORATORY

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
CHARLOTTE	Testimony

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☒ No		SAME

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

Scale MAP OF EVERETT AND CARVER INTERSECTION GREENSBORO, N.C. ENLARGED AND REPRODUCED BY LAB.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/14 BY sp tap/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JAN 23 1980
FBI—CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527

00: CE 44-3527

44-3527-1B10

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 4-27-79)

Date: 12-11-79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security, Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12-5-79	[redacted] ATF Office, Toledo, Ohio

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Charlotte Bulky Room	Evidence given to ASAC Cecil Moses

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☒ No	ASAC Cecil Moses	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

Statement of [redacted], ATF, dated 11-30-79 with accompany of photos taken by [redacted]
Entire ATF notebook provided ASAC Moses at Charlotte Office, FBI.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp2 tap/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 1 1979
FBI—CHARLOTTE

44-3527-1B9

Field File # 44-3527-1B9

OO: CE

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 3/5/82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3/5/82	Guilford County Superior Court, Greensboro, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SA	SA

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b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See attached exhibit list

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2 tap/ep

44A-3527-1B11

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 16 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
1.82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
4422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

b6
b7C

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S3-C	Photo				
S3-D	Photo	8/4	✓		
S4A	Photo	"	✓		
S4B	Photo				
S4C	Photo	"	✓		
S4D	Photo	"	✓		
S-1	Diagram of area	"	✓		
S-2	aerial photo	"			
S-3-3A-3B	photos	8+5	✓		
S-5-5A-E	photos	"	✓		
S-6-6A-E	photos	"	✓		
S7-7A-C	photos	"	✓		
S8-8A	photos	"	✓		

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date: 3/5/82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3/5/82	Guilford County Superior Court, Greensboro, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No	SA [redacted]	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See attached exhibit list

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp/tap/yp

44A-3527-1812

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAR 16 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # CE 44A-3527

OO: CE

...s 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
...1,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
...54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
...,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

...TE OF NORTH CAROLINA
...tiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

...rney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

...fense:

...st Degree Murder (30 counts)
...gaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S-14A-D	Photos	8-5	✓		
S-4-E-1	photos	✓	✓		
S-4	Photo	✓	✓		
(2 section) S-B	Photo - aerial Photo -	✓	✓		
S-15	photo	8-6	✓		
S-15A-E	Photos	✓	✓		
S16-16A-E	Photos	✓	✓		
S17-17A-D	Photos	✓	✓		
S17-E-K	Photos	✓	✓		
S-18	Diagram of interior of mental Institution	✓	✓		
S-18A-H	Colored Photos	✓	✓		
S-19	12 gauge 916 A Pump shotgun. Serial # 5B6964	✓	✓		
S-20	12 gauge Springfield Pump Shotgun Serial A617701	✓	✓		
S-21	12 gauge Mossberg Pump Shotgun Serial 603005	✓	✓		
S-22	12 gauge Brazilian MK Single barrel Serial 38-555	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 YEAR 32 FILM 118 ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

'79 CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
.17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
ase No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

b6
b7C

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S 23A	Green Gun Case	8-6	✓		
S 23-B	2 Brass Knuckles	"	✓	"	
S 23-C	Link Chain	"	✓	✓	
*S23.D	Manila envelope (2 leaflets inside)	not introduced)			
23 D-1	Notice of anti Communist	"	✓	"	
23 D-2	Notice of anti Communist	"	✓	"	
S-23E	Manila envelope - (envelope) Contents (4 Confederate flag Patches)	"	✓	"	
S-24	2X2 pine pole approx 6½ ft long	✓	✓		
S-24A	2X2 pine pole 3 ft	✓	✓		
S-24B	Aluminum Pipe w/ american flag & confederate flag	✓	✓		
S-24C	Homemade pole wood	✓	✓		
S-25	Box	✓			
S25A	Plastic bag w/26 little plastic bags	✓			
25 B-	Plastic bag w/12 gauge shot shell	✓	✓	✓	
S-26	Homemade Billy Club	✓	✓		
S-27A	.22 revolver 929 model AM 15914 Harrington + Richardson Serial	✓	✓		
S-27	Gun Holster	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet (80 YEAR (32 FILM 110 ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

MICROFILMED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527) DATE: 11/6/79

FROM : SC [redacted]

SUBJECT: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION;
KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY;
SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NC, 11/3/79
DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A);
CIVIL UNREST

[redacted] who stated he resides in [redacted] but is currently working at Lehigh Designers in Winston Salem, N. C., telephone 919/725-9222, telephonically advised [redacted] who lives at un unknown address in Charlotte, N.C. and who is also working at Lehigh Designers as a [redacted] in Winston Salem, may have been a participant in above captioned shooting incident. [redacted] stated [redacted] has made statements advocating terrorist acts. He stated [redacted] has not been regular at work recently.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/24 BY sp2 tap/sp

JHO
(2)

44-3527-15

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 6 - 1979

[redacted]

SENT VIA
TELECOPIER
to GRA.
8:30 a 11/7/79
pfc

See Attached Search Slip

XX XX

XX

0779 11/6/79

FM CHARLOTTE (157-NEW) (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

ALL SACS CONTINENTAL OFFICES VIA THE BUREAU IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST.

"GREENKIL"

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

IN REFERENCED TELETYPE CHARLOTTE REQUESTED THAT ALL OFFICES FURNISH CHARLOTTE AND THE BUREAU INFORMATION OBTAINED CONCERNING TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO OF MEMBERS OF THOSE ORGANIZATIONS OF WHICH FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN INSTITUTED.

ALL OFFICES SHOULD ALSO FURNISH CHARLOTTE AND THE BUREAU ANY UNSOLICITED INFORMATION OBTAINED WHICH INDICATES THAT OTHER INDIVIDUALS OR GROUPS PLAN TO TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO TO ATTEND

3 - Charlotte
(1 - 157-NEW)
(2 - 44-3527)
GVL:swl
(3)

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ... SERIALIZED ... FILED ...

44-3529-17

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/20/92 BY [illegible]

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CAPTIONED DEMONSTRATION WHICH MAY CAUSE CIVIL UNREST IN GREENSBORO.

INASMUCH AS THE ATTORNEY GENERAL HAS NOT AUTHORIZED A FULL CIVIL UNREST INVESTIGATION, NO ACTIVE INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN CONCERNING INDIVIDUALS OR ORGANIZATIONS NOT THE SUBJECTS OF PRESENT FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION.

BT

XX AIRTEL

11/6/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: BUDGET AND ACCOUNTING SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: SUPPORT OVERTIME

This is to confirm telephone conversation between SA [redacted] FBIHQ, and Support Services Supervisor [redacted] on 11/7/79.

In connection with the case entitled "GREENKIL", CE file 44-3527, support overtime will be necessary in order to provide stenographic and clerical services to the Special Agents assigned to this expedite special investigation.

UACB, up to 400 hours of support overtime will be used only if absolutely necessary for this important investigation.

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3 - Bureau
2 - Charlotte (1 - 44-3527)
(1 - 66-424)

HGM:lct
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/6/84 BY sp/tap/ep

asac

44-3527-17

SAC

44-3527-

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

PAGE THREE DE WF 0004 UNCLAS E F T O

WORKER PARTY OR THE RCP IN WASHINGTON, D.C.

LEADS. WASHINGTON FIELD. AT WASHINGTON, D.C., WILL ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING [redacted] COMMENTS MADE TO DETECTIVE [redacted]

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BT

0004

311150Z CE

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [XX] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [XX] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [XX] UNCLAS

391028

Date 11/7/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO RICHMOND IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp2tcp/kp

ON THIS DATE CHIEF OF POLICE MARSHALL CLARK, EDEN, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT, ADVISED HE RECEIVED A CALL FROM A [redacted] (NOT IDENTIFIED) WHO ADVISED THAT ONE [redacted] AKA [redacted] WHITE FEMALE, EMPLOYED AS [redacted] RUDD TRAILER COMPANY, RIDGEWAY, VIRGINIA, WAS APPARENTLY A MEMBER OF WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) INVOLVED IN CAPTIONED SHOOTING. [redacted] HAS BEEN KNOWN TO DISTRIBUTE COMMUNIST LITERATURE AT THE RUDD TRAILER COMPANY. SHE APPARENTLY TRAVELED TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, ON THE DATE OF THE SHOOTING AND WAS POSSIBLY INVOLVED IN THE DEMONSTRATION AND A WITNESS TO THE SHOOTINGS. IT WAS ALSO BELIEVED THAT SHE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY ONE [redacted] BLACK MALE, WHO INTENDED TO TAKE A PISTOL TO

b6
b7C

44-3527-19

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

HPB:swl

(1) [redacted]

ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

Approved: _____ Transmitted 002 (Number) 1842 (Time) Per _____

RH -

See Attached Search Slip

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

391028

Date _____

PAGE TWO 44-3527 UNCLAS

GREENSBORO. NO FURTHER INFORMATION KNOWN TO THE SOURCE OF THE CASE.

RICHMOND REQUESTED TO IMMEDIATELY LOCATE AND INTERVIEW [redacted] AND [redacted] INTERVIEWS TO BE SUBMITTED ON FD-302S AND SHOULD INCLUDE BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON WVO, INCLUDING PLANS FOR DEMONSTRATION ON DATE OF SHOOTING. ALSO, ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE ANY SPECIFIC TRAVEL OF WVO MEMBERS TO GREENSBORO ON FORTHCOMING NOVEMBER 11, 1979, DEMONSTRATION.

SUTEL RESULTS.

BT

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Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527)(P) DATE: 11/7/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/7/79, SA [redacted], ATF, Wilmington, N. C., telephonically contacted the Wilmington, N. C. RA and advised he had been contacted by [redacted] U. S. Army Recruiting Office, which is located in the same building with ATF. She related that between 12:00 and 12:15 PM, 11/7/79, she had been in telephonic contact with Master Sergeant [redacted] at their headquarters in Raleigh, N. C., having dialed them over toll free number 1-800-7473. [redacted] advised her to wait, that another conversation was coming in on the line and mentioned that he had heard two unnamed Federal Agents from an unnamed Federal agency having a discussion regarding the recent Klan killings in Greensboro, N. C. The topics discussed were the identities of people in custody, the evidence against these people, the identities of additional people to be arrested in this case, the times they were to be arrested and related matters. Based on this information SA [redacted] felt that the parties to this conversation were most likely with the FBI and wanted us to be aware of this situation.

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[redacted]'s knowledge of the above conversations were relayed to her by [redacted] She stated they have been having problems with their toll free number recently.

The above information is furnished for any action deemed appropriate by Charlotte headquarters.

JSW:jnr
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/94 BY sp/tap/kp

1) ASAC

Handled unavoidable and not classified

44-3527-20

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 7 1979

[redacted]

CE0 006 3112205Z

PP HI

DE CE

P 072156Z NOV 79

FM CHARLOTTE (105-4471)(P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

BT

~~C O N F I D E N T I A L~~

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND ALLOCATION - FOREIGN COUNTERINTELLIGENCE (4)

AS THE BUREAU IS AWARE, CHARLOTE DIVISION HAS SIX AGENTS ASSIGNED FULL TIME FCI DUTIES; HOWEVER, IT HAS BEEN NECESSARY TO ASSIGN THREE OF THESE AGENTS TO THE GREENKIL SPECIAL NOW BEING HANDLED IN THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION. THE THREE FCI AGENTS HAVE BEEN SO ASSIGNED SINCE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND WILL RESUME FCI INVESTIGATIVE DUTIES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

UACB, THESE THREE FCI AGENTS WILL REMAIN ASSIGNED TO THE GREENKIL SPECIAL UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF SAC AND ASAC AS NEEDED.

~~C AND E 1550. REASONS (2)(3). DRD NOVEMBER 7, 1999.~~

BT

CONFIDENTIAL
Classified by 6/1/82 spw taylor
Declassify on: OADR

DECLASSIFIED BY 60267 NLS/RS/mkb
ON 5-4-01

HQ-1220?

2cc 105-4471
1cc 44-3527

44-3527-27

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
- 1979

1) ASAC

2)

b6
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RHØØØ2 3121745Z

PP CE

DE RH

P Ø31745Z NOV 79

FM RICHMOND (44-1416) P

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/6/94 BY sp2 lap/pw

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO RICHMOND, NOV. 7, 1979.

ON NOV. 7, 1979, VIRGINIA DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES (DMV) INQUIRY REVEALED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION RE [redacted] STREET, MARTINSVILLE, DOB [redacted] LBS., EYES [redacted] HAIR [redacted]

DMV INQUIRY NEGATIVE RE [redacted] AND [redacted]

ON SAME DATE, SA [redacted] (FBI) AND SA [redacted] VIRGINIA STATE POLICE (VSP), ATTEMPTED TO CONTACT AND INTERVIEW [redacted] AT RUDD TRAILER DIVISION, RT. 732, MARTINSVILLE, VA., BUT MET WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS. BOTH [redacted] LEFT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION AT 3:30 PM SHIFT CHANGE. [redacted] ARE [redacted] AND TEAMSTER LOCAL 22 AT RUDD TRAILER.

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Copy to Capt Tamosaitis PD 11/10 JVK

1, 2, 3, 4

44-3527-28

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 8 1979

[redacted]

U

NCLAS

DIVISION. [redacted] IS EMPLOYED AS A [redacted] AND [redacted] IS EMPLOYED AS A [redacted] COMPANY SOURCE ADVISED [redacted] HAS BEEN EMPLOYED APPROXIMATELY [redacted] YEAR AND [redacted] APPROXIMATELY [redacted] YEARS. BOTH HAVE SATISFACTORY WORK RECORDS, BUT COMPANY SOURCE ADVISED THAT [redacted] HAVE BEEN HANDING OUT ANTI-TEAMSTER UNION AND ANTI-COMPANY PAMPHLFETS ENTITLED "TURF" (TEAMSTERS UNITED FOR THE RANK AND FILE). IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT THESE PAMPHLETS HAVE BEEN HANDED OUT FOR APPROXIMATELY TWO MONTHS ON A SEMI-WEEKLY BASIS, THEY HAVE CAUSED SOME DISSENSION AMONG THE PEOPLE EMPLOYED AT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION. ALSO, [redacted] ARE THOUGHT TO HAVE HANDED OUT PAMPHLETS AT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION ENTITLED "DEATH TO THE KLAN." b6 b7C

ON NOV. 7, 1979, SA [redacted], FBI, AND SA [redacted] VSP, ATTEMPTED TO CONTACT AND INTERVIEW [redacted] AT HER RESIDENCE IN MARTINSVILLE, VA. AN INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFYING HIMSELF AS [redacted]'S HUSBAND, [redacted] REFUSED THE INQUIRING AGENTS ADMISSION INTO THE RESIDENCE AND ADVISED THAT HIS WIFE DID NOT WANT TO TALK TO THE FBI. DURING CONTACT AT THE [redacted] RESIDENCE, SEVERAL VEHICLES WERE PRESENT, AND THE FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF THOSE VEHICLES AND DMV INFORMATION CONCERNING THEM:

1969 VOLKSWAGEN, TWO-DOOR SEDAN, VIRGINIA LICENSE [redacted]

1971 TOYOTA, TWO-DOOR SEDAN, VIRGINIA LICENSE [redacted],

THE TWO ABOVE VEHICLES REGISTERED TO [redacted] STREET, MARTINSVILLE, VA., OPERATOR'S LICENSE AND SSAN [redacted], LICENSE TO EXPIRE 1982, RESTRICTED TO WEARING GLASSES, DOB [redacted] WHITE MALE, [redacted] EYES, [redacted] HAIR, [redacted] LBS.

1975 HONDA STATION WAGON, VIRGINIA LICENSE [redacted], REGISTERED TO [redacted] AVENUE, MARTINSVILLE, VA., OPERATOR'S LICENSE AND SSAN [redacted] CHAUFFEUR'S LICENSE TO EXPIRE 1980, WHITE MALE, DOB [redacted] EYES, [redacted] HAIR, [redacted] LBS.

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b7C

THE FOLLOWING LICENSE WAS SEEN ON A LIGHT BLUE FORD VAN BUT DMV SHOWS IT SHOULD BE TITLED TO A 1967 FORD PICKUP TRUCK:

[redacted], REGISTERED TO [redacted] R. O. BOX [redacted] AVENUE, FIELDALE, VA., REGISTERD TO A 1967 FORD PICKUP TRUCK. DMV INQUIRY REVEALS WHITE MALE, SSAN AND OPERATOR'S LICENSE [redacted] RESIDING NO. [redacted] STREET, FIELDALE, VA., EXPIRES 1983, RESTRICTED TO WEARING GLASSES, DOB [redacted] EYES, [redacted] HAIR, [redacted] LBS.

ALSO PRESENT WAS VEHICLE DRIVEN BY A YOUNG [redacted] LOOKING MALE, VEHICLE BEARING NEW YORK LICENSE [redacted]

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LEADS: RICHMOND DIVISION AT MARTINSVILLE, VA.: WILL ATTEMPT TO INTERVIEW [redacted] AT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION, NOV. 8, 1979.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

3121754Z CE 1

THANKS

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/8/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/8/79, [redacted] Rd., Greensboro (telephone # [redacted] unlisted) telephoned Greensboro RA and advised he is considered a respected member of the [redacted] community and a retired [redacted] employee from Washington, D.C. He believes the Greensboro PD has been infiltrated by the Klan although he has no specific names. He has information about PD Officer [redacted] who is sympathetic to the Klan and may have assisted the Klan in captioned matter. [redacted] desired to be interviewed by Bureau Agent and indicated he will provide other names of [redacted] community people who will verify his comments.

b6
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/14 BY sp tap/kp

44-3527-29A

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 1979
[redacted]

2 - Charlotte
HPB:jat
(2)

Covered 11/8/79

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [X] UNCLAS

Date 11/7/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO COLUMBIA IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/6/92 BY sp2 tap/ep

GREENKIL

[ ] INVISIBLE EMPIRE OF NORTH CAROLINA KU KLUX KLAN, WAS ONE OF THE ORGANIZERS OF THE KLAN/NAZI CARAVAN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, WHICH RESULTED IN KILLING OF FIVE WVO DEMONSTRATORS. [ ] IS [ ] OF THE KLAN IN LINCOLNTON, N. C., AREA. INVESTIGATION INDICATES THAT HE PARTICIPATED IN THE CARAVAN AND, THEREFORE, MUST BE CONSIDERED AS A SUBJECT IN THIS INVESTIGATION.

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b7C

ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, [ ] N. C., WIFE OF [ ] INDICATED HER HUSBAND HAS NOT RETURNED TO RESIDENCE AFTER SHOOTING INCIDENT. SHE CLAIMS HIS WHEREABOUTS ARE UNKNOWN, BUT ADMITS HE MAY BE ON THE RUN. [ ] STATED [ ] [ ] STREET, CAMDEN, S. C., (TELEPHONE NUMBER

44-3527-32

2 - 44-3527

HPB:rep
(2)

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____

32

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

[redacted], IS MOTHER OF [redacted] ADDITIONALLY, HER HUSBAND MAY HAVE CONTACTED [redacted] ADDRESS UNKNOWN, SPARTANBURG, S. C., (TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted] DESCRIBED AS [redacted] OF KLAN IN SOUTH CAROLINA. [redacted] PROBABLY ACCOMPANIED BY ONE [redacted] DESCRIBED AS [redacted] BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN IN KLAN CARAVAN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

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[redacted] DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, AGE [redacted] INCHES, [redacted] POUNDS, SLENDER.

[redacted] DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, AGE [redacted] INCHES, [redacted] POUNDS, LIGHT BROWN BUSHY HAIR.

COLUMBIA, IMMEDIATELY MAKE EFFORTS TO LOCATE ABOVE INDIVIDUALS. IF LOCATED, COLUMBIA DETERMINE AVAILABILITY OF EITHER OR BOTH FOR INTERVIEW BY CHARLOTTE DIVISION AGENTS, POSSIBLY ACCOMPANIED BY MEMBER OF GREENSBORO, N. C., PD. CHARLOTTE CONSIDERS IT ESSENTIAL THAT AGENTS THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH EVENTS AT CRIME SCENE HANDLE THE INTERVIEW..

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: NOVEMBER 8, 1979

REPLY TO ATTN OF: SPC [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

TO: SAC CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

AT 6:13 PM THIS DATE AN UNKNOWN WHITE MALE TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED THE CHARLOTTE OFFICE AND PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER. UNKNOWN CALLER STATED THAT ONE [redacted] WHO WAS INVOLVED IN THE SHOOTINGS IN GREENSBORO IS EMPLOYED BY AMERICAN HOECHST IN MOUNT HOLLY, N.C. CALLER ALSO STATED [redacted] WAS SHOT IN THE ARM DURING THE SHOOTING INCIDENT. CALLER THEN TERMINATED THE CALL.

SA [redacted] GRA, ADVISED THE FBI AND GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT ARE ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW [redacted] CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER BUT THAT TO DATE NO WARRANT HAS BEEN ISSUED FOR HIS ARREST.

SA [redacted] REQUESTED THAT [redacted] ALSO KNOWN AS [redacted] BE LOCATED AT HIS PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT AMERICAN HOECHST MOUNT HOLLY, N.C., AND INTERVIEWED CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/94 BY sp tap/yp

[redacted]

RLN/rln
(2)

44-3527-35
SERIALIZED INDEXED FILED
NOV 8 1979
[redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
(REV. 7-76)
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
5010-112

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527) DATE: 11/8/79

FROM : SC [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/8/79, [redacted] Apartment [redacted] Winston Salem, N. C., business telephone [redacted] telephonically advised that [redacted] Winston Salem Museum, Government Center Building, Winston Salem, N. C., telephone [redacted], could possibly furnish information concerning the Klan and Nazi groups involved in captioned matter. [redacted] stated [redacted] is a writer and recently wrote an article about the Klan and Nazi groups which appeared in the Triad magazine. [redacted] stated [redacted] was present at China Grove and Louisburg, N. C., recently at the group rallies held there. [redacted] according to [redacted], identified some of people to the Greensboro Police, and may be able to furnish other information, identities of members, etc., to FBI, who may have involved in captioned matter.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/84 BY sp tap/sp

JHO
(2)

44-3527-36

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 8 - 1979
FBI [redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO :SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/8/79

FROM :SA [redacted]

SUBJECT:"GREENKIL"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/88 BY sp2 Tap/sp

[redacted] (protect identity at her specific request), [redacted] Lane, [redacted] N. C., home telephone furnished the following information with the specific request that this information be kept strictly confidential and with the assurance that this information would be kept confidential. [redacted] noted that she was making a request of this nature in that she felt that if it were released she had furnished this information, it might bring harm to herself or to her [redacted]

The Klansmen in the Lincolnton area are members of the Invisible Empire of the North Carolina Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The Grand Dragon of this organization is VIRGIL GRIFFIN, who lives in the Stanley, North Carolina, area. His assistant is [redacted] residence unknown. CARL NAPPIER is believed to be the Secretary-Treasurer and is from Fletcher, North Carolina. [redacted] is the [redacted] and he has responsibilities for membership and swearing in of new members in a multicounty area.

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The Lincolnton Klavern is known as the Lincoln County Rebel Club and meets on Sunday afternoons at the Lincoln County Fairground Building. They have also sponsored rallies which have been attended by Klansmen from all over the area at this same location.

The Lincoln County Klavern does not presently have an Exalted Cyclops.

[redacted] who is [redacted] of Hardee's in Lincolnton, is a member of the Klavern. He was asked to be Exalted Cyclops but said he could not handle this as he did not have the time. His wife, [redacted] had also been a member, however, she quit.

44-3527-39

Other members are [redacted] wife of [redacted] wife of [redacted]

JVG:swl
(3) Swl

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 9 - 1979
FBI

[redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll S

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/84 BY sp2 tap/jp

wife of [redacted] a neighbor of [redacted] who rents a trailer from him; [redacted] ROY TONEY, from Gastonia; [redacted] address unknown; [redacted] (LNU), who is employed at Hardee's in Lincolnton; [redacted] who lives with [redacted] and works for him in the [redacted] business. [redacted] is suppose to be from Gastonia and has no family.

[redacted] advised that she does not know HAROLD FLOWERS or [redacted] as being members, and they could be relatively new members. [redacted] are members of the Klan but believed not to be members of the Lincolnton Klavern.

Following the rally at the fairgrounds two weeks ago and the request for some of the men to go to Greensboro to show support for the Klan, VIRGIL GRIFFIN specifically asked the members to go. He asked for only men to go because he was afraid of a possible problem with the Communist group because of past dealings with the Communist group and the information they had been putting out about death to the Klan. As a result, GRIFFIN said he did not want the women or children to go. There were about 10 to 12 of the men who said that they would go.

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On Friday, November 2, 1979, [redacted] who was also a member of the Lincolnton Klavern, to meet at [redacted] s home that night. [redacted] go to the meeting. They wanted [redacted] to go to Greensboro with them, however, he told them that he would [redacted] and for the past [redacted] He will be [redacted] and will be available for interview [redacted].

[redacted] has talked the problem with the Klan over with [redacted] and they both have decided that they are going to quit. She is of the understanding that other individuals who were members are also going to quit in view of what has happened. None of them believe in getting involved in the type of situation which occurred in Greensboro. Also, quite a few of the members are angry with VIRGIL GRIFFIN because he requested the members to go, led them there and then left when there was trouble leaving the others in jail.

[redacted] identified individual depicted in the photograph of ROLAND W. WOOD as a member of the Nazi Party.

The Klan was first introduced to the Nazi Party when they were invited by the Nazis to a barbecue at either Laurinburg or Lewisburg, N. C., back in September, 1979. This was strictly a social for members and their families. There was a Klan group there, a Nazi

group and another group whose name she did not know. This third group wore white shirts with red on the shoulders. There were 200 to 300 people there. The Press was also there. Articles were written up in local newspapers as well as coverage given by Channel 12 at Winston-Salem. She believes it was approximately 200 miles to get to the location. About half of the local members of the Lincolnton Klavern went. They traveled in two cars, two trucks and a van from Lincolnton. [redacted] and herself drove one vehicle. [redacted] drove a vehicle as well as [redacted] Some of the group from Gastonia also went. They went in a truck owned by someone from the Smyrna, N. C., area.

There was talk of the three groups joining together. VIRGIL GRIFFIN was in favor of the Nazis joining the Klan, however, he wanted it to be known that he would be the leader and that the Nazis would have to give up their uniforms and swastika bands. There was quite a bit of dissension among members of the local group about Nazis joining the Klan. Many of them did not want to have anything to do with them. b6 b7C b7D

She advised that there was not much of any Klan activity in the Lincolnton area prior to this past summer. The recruiting began in the summer and went on through the Fall. Funds are raised through donations taken up at the rallies.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

[redacted] is not being open as ~~the~~ a confidential source or informant, in view of the fact that she has advised that she is going to quit the Klan. Furthermore, in accordance with current instructions pertaining to opening of sources, there is not a current case involving investigation of the Klan. The above information ~~will be of~~ is being furnished for lead value at such a time as deemed necessary.

LA0025 3130606Z

RR HQ CE

DE LA

R 9060GZ M NOV 79

FM LOS ANGELES (100-37335)(11)(C)

TO DIRECTOR (ROUTINE)

CHARLOTTE (157-NEW)(44-3527) (ROUTINE)

ET

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/4/94 BY sp2 tap/kp

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION,AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST. "GREENKIL"

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU AND CHARLOTTE, NO INFORMATION HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY THE LOS ANGELES DIVISION TO INDICATE THAT MEMBERS OF CAPTIONED GROUP PLAN TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO TO PARTICIPATE IN CAPTIONED DEMONSTRATION.

ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, UNSOLICITED INFORMATION WAS RECEIVED FROM [redacted] ERAY OIL COMPANY, EL MONTE, CALIFORNIA, INDICATING THAT CAPTIONED GROUP IS DISTRIBUTING LEAFLETS REGARDING PLANNED DEMONSTRATION AT 12 NOON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1979, AT FEDERAL BUILDING,

44-3527-43 b6 b7C

SERIALIZED NOV 9 1979

(2)cc 44-3527
2cc 157-10168

300 NORTH LOS ANGELES STREET, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

NO ADDITIONAL DETAILS AVAILABLE.

ET

CE 1

SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(P) 11/9/79

SA [redacted] NEWARK DIVISION

GREENKIL

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Following information was furnished telephonically to Charlotte office at 2:30 P.M., 11/9/79, by SA [redacted] Newark Division:

On Thursday, 11/8/79, a demonstration of 15 to 20 people was held at the U. S. Federal Building, Broad Street, in Newark, N. J. Demonstrators distributed a flyer that stated: AVENGE THE MURDER OF THE CWP 5! TURN THE COUNTRY UPSIDE DOWN TO BEAT BACK THE NEW WAVE OF KKK, NAZI AND FBI ATTACKS! MARCH IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, FUNERAL MARCH, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1:00 P.M., STARTING PLACE; MARKET STREET AND MURROW BOULEVARD. SPONSORED BY THE COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE MURDER OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (WORKERS VIEWPOINT) 5.

2 - 44-3527
2 - 157-10168

SEL:jnr
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/84 BY sp Tap/jw

44-3527-46

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

CO0018 3132316Z

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FM COLUMBIA (1ØØ-1796) (P)

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

RECETEL TO CO, NOV. 8, 1979.

[redacted] STREET, CAMDEN, S. C., WHO IS THE ELDERLY MOTHER OF [redacted] WAS CONTACTED AT HER RESIDENCE ON NOV. 8, 1979. [redacted] HAS NOT SEEN OR HAD ANY CONTACT WITH [redacted] SINCE VISITING WITH HIM AT HIS RESIDENCE IN NORTH CAROLINA ABOUT TWO WEEKS AGO. [redacted]'S WIFE, DROVE HER BACK TO SOUTH CAROLINA. [redacted] ADVISED THAT [redacted] MUST TAKE [redacted] SHE WILL REQUEST [redacted] TO CONTACT THE CHARLOTTE FBI IF CONTACTED BY HIM.

BT

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/94 BY [signature]

HH-3527-48

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 9 1979
CHARLOTTE
[redacted]

CO0005 3132038

CO CE

DE CO

O 092038Z NOV 79N

FM COLUMBIA (100-1796)

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

RECETEL, NOV. 8, 1979.

ON NOV. 9, 1979, EFFORTS TO INTERVIEW [redacted] AVE., SPARTANBURG, S. C. NEGATIVE. INTERVIEW OF [redacted] SON OF [redacted] WHO IS VISITING PARENTS, REVEALED [redacted] CONFINED TO [redacted], N. C. FOR [redacted] OF [redacted] HAS BEEN IN HOSPITAL 2 - 3 DAYS AND IS TO BE RELEASED NOV. 9 OR 10, 1979 TO RETURN HOME.

[redacted] WHO RESIDES AT RT. [redacted] BOX [redacted] N. C., TELEPHONE [redacted] ADMITS KNOWING [redacted] HOWEVER, DENIES HAVING SEEN HIM IN RECENT PAST AND COULD FURNISH NO INFORMATION RE HIS CURRENT WHEREABOUTS. DENIES KNOWING OR EVER HAVING MET [redacted] AND DOES NOT KNOW HIS WHEREABOUTS.

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11-9-79
SA [redacted]
Asheville RA advises
Released from
11-3-79 10:30AM
[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/6/24 BY sp/lap/ep

44-3527-49

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

CO 100-1796, PAGE TWO, UNCLAS

OLD PICKUP TRUCK, N. C. TAG [redacted] PARKED AT [redacted]'S SPARTANBURG RESIDENCE AND IS REGISTERED TO [redacted]

CHARLOTTE AT [redacted] N. C., CONTACT APPROPRIATE PERSONNEL, [redacted] DETERMINE IF [redacted] IS CONFINED THERE AND IF SO, INTERVIEW RE WHEREABOUTS OF [redacted] AND [redacted] WILL THEREAFTER ADVISE COLUMBIA DIVISION AND, IF NOT LOCATED, SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW OR ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION DESIRED.

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BT

2042 CE FOR 1 CLR

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date: 3/5/82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3/5/82	Guilford County Superior Court, Greensboro, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No	SA	SA

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See Attached exhibit list

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2tap/gw

44A-3527-1B14

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 16 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # CE 44A-3527

OO: CE

79 CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-28	Black buck Knife Case	8-6	✓		
S-29	Clear plastic bag Contents envelope 6 bullets .32 cal.	✓	✓		
S-30	.32 Cal. Revolver Decado serial 45453 - found in black holster -	✓	✓		
S-31	Clear plastic - Cont. M-Fire 9 live .22 Cal bullets -	✓	✓		
S-32	Plastic bag - Cont Manila envelope Contains 4 spent 357 bullets 2 live 357 bullets -	✓	✓		
S-33	Plastic bag - DPD envelope Contains - 3 live 30-30 Cal bullets -	✓	✓		
S-34	Plastic bag - DPD envelope Contains - 4 live 12 gauge #6 Bears Shot gun Shells.	✓	✓		
S-35	Plastic bag - DPD evidence envelope Contains 2-12 gauge live Shotgun Shells	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

80 132 178
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

MICROFILMED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

Date

17389,90,54458,59,60,61,
[illegible],62,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
[illegible]. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-36	357 Smith & Wesson Revolver Serial # N299492	8-6	✓		
S-37	Brown Paper bag - Empty Soft drink bottles & 3 empty cans	8-6	✓		
S-39	Plastic bag containing Paper bag - Contains 3 box .22 Cal Ammunition 1 Remington .22 Cal. revolver	✓	NO		
S-40	bag contain buck hunting knife	✓	✓		
S-40-A	bag Contain Sabre hunting knife Monarc Serial KM1131	✓	✓		
S-41	Plastic bag - Contains purple plastic bag - Belgrams	✓	✓		
S-41A	Plastic bag - DPD evidence envelope Contained assorted sizes of ammunition (See description)	✓	✓		
S-42	Box	8-7	NO		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

Date

: S 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
1,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
66,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-42-A	Plastic bag - manila GPD evidence envelope contains 2 - 12 gauge shotgun shells.	8-7	✓		
S-43	Lawn Chair	✓	✓		
S-43A	Lawn Chair	✓	✓		
S-43B	Lawn Chair	✓	✓		
S-44	GPD medical Control Card	NO			
S-44A	GPD evidence Control Card - 1	NO			
S-45	Box	NO			
S-45B	White plastic bag	NO			
S-45C	Clear plastic bag contain Shotgun shells 2 plastic bags.	✓	✓		
S-45D	Clear plastic bag Contain Cartridges Shells - 18 plastic bags - Box .22 Cal.	✓	✓		
S-46	Box	NO			
S-46A	Plastic bag - Green Shotgun Shell.	✓	✓		
S-47	Film in Round Metal Container (Channel 8 TV)	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

To 80 / 32 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

MICROFILMED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

79 crs 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44;45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-48	Photo	8-8	✓		
S-48A-I	Photos	~	~		
S-49	Photo	✓	✓		
S-49A-D	Photos	✓	✓		
S-51A-L	Registration Certificates for Mtr Veh.	8-11	✓		
S-50	Envelope Containing Sheet w/Licenses	~	~		
S-52	Photo	✓	~		
S-53	Photo	✓	~		
S-54	Photo	~	~		
S-55	Photo	✓	~		
S-56	Photo	~	~		
S-57	Photo	✓	✓		
S-58 (substituted)	Photo	Not introduced 8-12	-	✓	
S-2C	Aerial View	✓	✓		
S-58A	Photo	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

(Signature)

YEAR 82 FILM 132 ITEM 118

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
1,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
4422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

TE OF NORTH CAROLINA

iff

[redacted]

rney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Disposition:

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b7C

fense:

st Degree Murder (30 counts)
gaging in a riot (6 counts)

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-59	Photo	8-12	✓		
S-60	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60A	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60B	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60C	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60D	Photo	Clerk w/not having ✓	Gpotalk sued		
S-60E	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60F	Photo				
S-60G	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60H	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60I	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60J	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60K	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60L	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60M	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60N	Photo	✓	✓		
S-61	Photo	✓	✓		
S-61A-F	Photos	✓	✓		
D-2	[illegible]	✓		✓	
S-62I	Photo	8-13	✓		

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RELEASED BY CLERK

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Date	Rec'd By

To 82 13 11
YEAR FILM ITEM

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
85,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-62	Photo	8-13	✓		
S-62H	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62A	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62G	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62D	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62B	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62C	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62E	Photo	✓	✓		
S 62F	Photo	✓	✓		
S 62J	Photo	✓	✓		
S-63	Newspaper (11-4-79)	Not introduced			
S-64	Tape [redacted]	✓	✓		
S-65	Plastic bag - Contains 8 Shotgun shells	✓	✓		
S-1B	List of evidence Collected at scene (on Cardboard)	8-21	✓		
S-1C	Survey Map	8-21	✓		

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88 / 132 / 118
YEAR / FILM / ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remove such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Date

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Cases 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S66	Plastic bag - blue shotgun shells 12 gauge	8-20	✓		
S-66A	Brown paper wraping of 66AA	—		NO	
S66AA	2x2 wood stick	—	✓		
S67	Brown paper bag. Contain 9 wooden tree limbs.	—	✓		
S-68	Straw hat. red feather.	✓	✓		
S-69	Brown paper bag. Contains -		NO		
S69-1	Hat. Beige (Hat)	✓	✓		
S69-A	Manila Envelope w/gold rim glasses	✓	✓		
S70	Camera. Tripod	✓	✓		
S71	Box w/ stick with Blue Box - wooden helmet - ribbonet Purple toeboggan -	✓	✓		
S-72	Box -		NO		
S-72A	Stripe Brown Coat.	✓	✓		

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No. Date Released By

To 1A 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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6,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

[redacted]

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

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Offense:

irst Degree Murder (30 counts)
ngaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S-72B	Brown leather Coat.	8-20	✓		
S-72C	Manila Envelope - Cold medicine Papers. in Brown coat.	✓	✓		
S-72D	Manila Envelope. Lipstick alka Seltzer - Brown coat.	✓	✓		
S-73	Manila Envelope - w/ metal fragment -	✓	✓		
S-74	Envelope w/ wire rim glasses	✓	✓		
*S-74A	Brown paper wrap attached a plastic bag w/	✓	✓		
*74-A-3	Plastic bag ⇒ lead pellet	✓	✓		
S-74A-I	Wood stick	✓	✓		
S74B.	Plastic bag Contain Brown Wallet Tags w/ metal fragments. James Walker	$64.00 - drivers lic credit card - plastic	✓	✓	
S75	Manila envelope w/ Brown wallet drivers license of C. Cauce.	✓	✓		
S75A	Manila envelope W/ red bandana	✓	✓		

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80 / 32 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

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1						

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
7581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
5,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S76	Brown paper wrap	8-20	NO		
S76A	Wood tool handle	✓	✓		
S76B	Wood Stick 3 foot - leather strap	✓	✓		
S77	Manila envelop (Camera lens)	✓	✓		
S78	Box		NO		
S78A	Blue Coat	✓	✓		
S78B	Literature (3 pages)	✓	✓		
S79	Plastic bag w/ Manila envelope 12 gauge Shot gun shell	✓	✓		
S80	Manila envelopes 73118		NO		
S80A	Remington Serial 73118	✓	✓		
S81	Tag attached to		NO		
S81A	Shotgun Serial 101B10	✓	✓		
S100	AR-180 Rifle Gun Serial: S19663	✓	✓		
S101	Blue Suede Jacket	✓	✓		
S102	Plastic bag w/ bullets from Clip 26 rounds 00	✓	✓		

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80 / 32 / 118
TO YEAR FILM ITEM

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79 Crs 17509,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422;23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54447,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S103	Photo	8-20	✓		
S103A	Photo	-	✓		
S103B	Photo	-	✓		
S103C	Photo	-	✓		
S103D	Photo	-	✓		
S103E	Photo	-	✓		
S103F	Photo	-	✓		
S100A	Copy Firearm purchase form S19663 Gun AR180 rifle	-	✓		
S82	Plastic bag - W/envelope & spent brass casings	-	✓		
		-			
S82-A	9 spent brass casings	-	✓		
S83	Manila Envelope - Spent Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
S83A	Spent Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
S84	Man/Envelope w/ Live Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
S85	Plastic bag (9 Spent Shotgun Shells)	-	✓		

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No.	Date	Released By

TO FILM ITEM 32 118

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By	Date	Rec'd By

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
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...ttorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

... Offense:

...irst Degree Murder (30 counts)
...ngaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
X S85-A	(3) Shotgun Shells Spent	8-20	✓		
S85B	5 Shotgun Shells Spent	-	✓		
S85C	1 Shotgun Shell Spent	-	✓		
S86	Cardboard Box (2 Hammers)	-	✓		
S87	Box - White Sheet Rummy Comp Bulk Citrgfluid	-	✓		
S88	w/White Box Manila envelope Metal fragment	-	✓		
S89	Plastic bag. Live Shotgun Shell + fragments in small bag.	-	✓		
S90	Manila Envelope (2 white mittens)	✓	✓		
S91	Manila Envelope (Pair Brown Gloves)	✓			
S91A	Pair Brown Gloves	✓	✓		
S92	Manila Envelope - (Red Jam Hat)	-	NO		
S92A	Red Jam Hat	-	✓		

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(X) 32 / 18
YEAR FILM ITEM

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No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Date

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...GES 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
...5,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
593	Brown bag containing Stick & Metal fragment-	8-21	No		
593A1	Stick - 14 in 2X2	-	✓		
593A	White Pill Box	✓	✓		
593B	Plastic tag - w/fragment	✓	✓		
594	Manila envelope contain tag w/ wrangler on it.	—	✓		
595	Brown bag - clip board w/ Charts on it -		No		
595A	Clip board w/ Charts	-	✓		
596	Box Contain Bullcharn	—	✓		
597	Manila envelope - (Red substance)	-	No		
598	Manila envelope - Skin from Smith Shotgun Chamber	-	No		Dept Wood - ✓ 10-13
599	Manila envelope. 3 live Shotgun Shells		✓		
599A	Plastic bag - 12 gauge Shotgun Shell Live	-	✓		
599B	Plastic bag 12 gauge Live shotgun Shell	-	✓		
599C	Plastic bag 12 gauge Live Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
5104	Plastic bag w/Blue green + white purse w/ communication & 9 live bullet .380 1 live 30-6 1 live 38 Special Charm bracelet	-	No		Dept Wood ✓ 10-13

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RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By

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Date	Rec'd By

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YEAR 92 FILM 16 ITEM

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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...7539,90,54458,59,60,61,
...7581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

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Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
104A	Purse (Blue-green+white)	8-21	✓		
104B	plastic bag w/ Charm bracelet		✓		
104C	plastic bag ammunition (bullet 8 live 380 1 live 38 Special)		✓		
105	plastic bag. (Manila envelope) 1 live .38 Special bullet.	-	✓		
5106	plastic bag. Spent Shell	-	✓		
5107	Manila envelope (18 index cards.) 1 blue piece of paper.		NO		
5107A	blue paper		✓		
5107B	18 index Cards		✓		
5108	Box Contains	✓	✓		
5109	Envelope - Metal fragment.	-	✓		
5110	Envelope - (2) Cotton looking wadding	-	✓		
5108A	Envelope - metal fragment.	✓	✓		
111A	Brown paper bag. (top fence post Post#6) piece of wood	✓	✓		
111B	Brown paper bag. w/ (top fence post #5	✓	✓		
111C	Brown paper bag. w/ top fence post #3	✓	✓		

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By Date Rec'd By

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TO NEAR FILM 33 118 ITEM

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

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Superior (XXX) District ( ) .

E OF NORTH CAROLINA
LEE

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

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b7C

torney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
111C-1	Contents of 111C top fence post #3	8-21	✓		
111B-1	Contents 111B top fence post #5	✓	✓		
111A-1	Contents 111A top fence post #6	✓	✓		
S93A S93B	GPD Manila envelope Metal fragment from tree in Exhibit	✓	Dec P. 15		
S93C	Photo	✓	✓		
S93D	Photo	✓	✓		
S93E	Photo	✓	✓		
S112	White Box Containing Clothes (worn	✓	✓ ?		
S113	Box Contains Clothes (worn)		✓		
S114	Manila envelope. Contain cotton wadding.	✓	✓		
S114A	Cardboard box	✓	N/A		
S115	Manila envelope (Contain metal fragment	✓	✓		
S116	Man/envelope - Contain metal fragment (5 plastic bags)	✓	N.R		
S117	Man/envelope - Contain metal fragment	✓	✓		
S118	Man/envelope. (metal fragments (5 plastic bags)	✓	)		

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RELEASED BY CLERK

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YEAR FILM ITEM

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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79 CRS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S119	Brown paper poster w/red stains 6-2x2 sticks 7-Death to Klan	8-21	✓		
S120	Cardboard box. Contains Posters & handles - (9)	-	✓		
S121	Cardboard box Posters & handles. 14 poster handles. (12 have posters 2 not have posters)		✓		
S-122	Cardboard box 4 have posters Posters & handles - 1 Broken 2x2 5 Poster handles 1 Broken Slat - 3 feet 1 Broken Slat 3½ feet		no	✓ 10-13	
S-123	Manila Envelope - 2 live .38 Cal. wadcutters		no		
S-125	White Box - Posters (Empty) Containing		no		
S-125A	Death to Klan front back. letter - Death to Klan	✓	✓		
S125B - Cardboard poster Death to Klan		✓	✓		

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RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By

(To YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM)

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By	Date	Rec'd By

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Date

Date

Case Nos 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

[redacted] b6 b7C

Attorney for Defendant

[redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S126	photo	8-21	✓		
S126A	photo	✓	✓		
S126B	photo	✓	✓		
S126C	photo	✓	✓		
S126D	photo	✓	✓		
S126E	photo	✓	✓		
126F	photo	✓	✓		
S126G	photo -	✓	✓		
S127	Videotape (Channel 2) WFAA TV	✓	✓		
S128	photo	8-25	✓		
S128A-Z	photos	✓	✓		
S128-AA-AZ	photos	✓	✓		
S128-BA-BB	photos	✓	✓		
S129	DPD Man/Env. Lead fragments	✓	✓		
S129B	Envelope that came out of 129 W/9 little plastic envelopes - lead fragments	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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No.	Date	Released By	To	By
			80 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM	

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Date	Rec'd By

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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S13.H	Photo evidence bag w/metal frag (smith)	8-26	✓		
S130	Photo	✓	✓		
S130A	Photo		N.O.		
S130B	Photo		✓		
S130C	Photo		N.O.		
S130D	Photo		✓		
S130E	Photo		N.O.		
S130F	Diagram of Sandra Smith		✓		
S131	Box - Contain Clothes of S. Smith	✓	✓		
S132	Box - Contain Clothes of C. Caine	✓	✓		
S133	Box - Contain Possession + Clothes of James M. Walker	✓	✓		
S133A	Metal fragments removed from Jam. Walker; all in plastic bags	✓	Not tendered		
S133B	metal fragments	✓	✓		
S133C	metal fragments		✓		
S133D	metal fragments	✓	✓		
S133E	Walkie Talkie		✓		

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17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

b6
b7C

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S133F	Batteries	8-26	✓		
S133G	Batteries	✓	✓		
S134	Box Contain Sampson Clothes	✓	✓		
S134A-C	Plastic bag: pellets: removed from Sampson Body.	✓	✓		
S135	Box - pellet fragment from Michael Nathan body	✓	Not tendered		
S135A-H	Plastic bags w/ metal fragment	✓	✓		
S135I	Blood Sample from Nathan	✓	Not tendered		
S136	Photo - Nathan	✓	✓		
S136A	Photo	✓	✓		
S136B	Photo	✓	✓		
S136C	Photo	✓	✓		
S136D	Photo	✓	✓		
S136E	Photo	✓	✓		
S136F	Photo	✓	✓		
S136G	Diagram (Body of Nathan)	✓	✓		
S136H	Diagram	✓	✓		

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To 80 / 32 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

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17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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S136 I	Diagram	8-26	✓		
S137	Photo (Walker)	✓	✓		
S137A-G	Photos	✓	✓		
S137H	Diagram Body of Jon Walker Back + front	✓	✓		
S137 I	Body Diagram of Jon Walker Sides	✓	✓		
S138					
S138A	Body Diagram of Sampson Front + Back	8-26	✓		
S140	Photo (Camp)	8-27	✓		
S140A	Photo	✓	✓		
S140B	Photo	✓	✓		
S140C	Photo	✓	✓		
S140D	Photo	✓	✓		
S140E	Photo	✓	✓		
S140F	Photo	✓	✓		
S140G	Photo	✓	✓		
S140H	Diagram - face - Camp	✓	✓		
S140HH	Diagram - front + back - Camp	✓	✓		
S139	Photo - Sampson	✓	✓		
S139A-D	Photos	✓	✓		

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
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ATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

Disposition:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-141	Copy/ Firearms Federal Registration form	8-27	✓		
S-142	Copy Firearms Federal Registration form	✓	✓		
S-143	Tape	✓	✓		
S-145	Plastic envelope (metal fragment)	✓	✓		
S-144	Photo	✓	✓		
S-144A	Photo	✓	✓		
S-144B	Photo	✓	✓		
S-146	Parade Permit	✓	✓		
S-147	Bill of Sale	8-28	✓		
S-148	GPD Envelope w/file w/ Metal fragment	✓	✓		
S-148A	File	✓	✓		
S-149A	Plastic Cup w/ Metal fragments	✓	✓		
*Not part to Jury S-149B	GPD evidence envelope	✓	✓		
S-150	GPD evidence envelope contain metal projectile .38 Cal	✓	✓		
150A	Photo	✓	✓		

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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S150B	Photos	8-29	✓		
S150C	Registration Certification (Pinto)	✓	✓		
S151	Plastic bag W/ SPD envelope & bullets & boxes	✓	✓		b6 b7C
S-155	Photos	8-29	✓		
S-155A-D	Photos	—	—		
S152 VS-152A	Box of plastic bag w/ 2 yellow Sale Slips	✓	no ✓		
S152B	" " Receipt from Mr. Hague Thurston	✓	✓		
VS152C	" " Misc papers	✓	✓		
VS152D	" " Arm band (Red)	✓	✓		
X S152E	" " 6-.357 casings 1-.00 Buck 3-.38 Casings 1-12 gauge Pike	✓	✓		
S152G	bullets - Hub Cap - from 62 Ford	✓	no		
D1	Hand Wiping residue	8-29			✓
VS153	.22 CLPR Caliber Rifle Serial 18127138	✓	✓		?
VS153A	Double Barrel Shotgun Serial 54690	✓	✓		

153EA- 1-00 buck Shot

7/23/80

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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80 / 132 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S153B	Shotgun (single barrel) Serial 2836 Savage	8-29	✓		
S153C	.22 Remington Rifle Serial 1713799	✓	✓		
S154	White bag Contain Gas Mask	✓	✓		
S154A	Gas Mask	✓	✓		
S156	Box				
S156A	White bag w/ ammunition	✓			
S156B	Plastic Box w/ 12 Remington Rifle Cartridges	✓	✓		
S156C	Ammunition Box w/approx 1000 bullets	✓			
S156D	3 ammunition magazines - empty	✓			
S156E	U.S. Military Kit w/ 1000 .22 bullets	✓			
S156F	14 long rifle bullets & .00 Buck Shot	✓			
S156G	Remington Box - Assorted Round of ammunetion	✓	-		
S156H	Box Winchester pistol bullets & assorted ammunition	✓	M/O Ordered		
S156I	Brown bag (8 boxes Remington .223 Cartridges)	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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80 132 118
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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

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S156J	Photo	8-29	✓		
S-157	Copy Firearms Federal Registration Form -	9-2	✓		
49EE	Registration of Vehicle -	✓	✓		
S158A	Plastic bag w/ Metal fragments	✓	✓		
S158B	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158C	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158D	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158E	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158G	Diagram of Yard Fairmont Sta. -	✓	✓		
S158K	" " " "	✓	✓		
S158L	Photo	✓	✓		
S158H	Photo	✓	✓		
S158F	Photo	✓	✓		
158M	Photo	✓	✓		

5 plastic bags from Fairmont Sta.
3 plastic bags -
1 metal fragment.

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XX FILE 132 ITEM 118

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

...E OF NORTH CAROLINA
...tiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

...torney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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S160A	Plastic bag - (Metal fragments)	9-2	Not tendered		
S160B	Photo (Van)	"	✓		
S160C	Photo (Van)	"	✓		
160DD	Registration of Vehicle (76 Ford Van)	"	—		
S161	Pantaloons	"	✓		
S161A	Plastic (2 pellets)	"	✓		
S159A	Brown paper bag w/ broken glass	"	✓		
S162	Evidence envelope - Containing .38 pistol - Serial	"			
S162A	.38 pistol Serial 2057258	9-22	✓		
162B	6 Spent Shells	✓	✓		
S163	Tape Channel 11	✓	✓		
163A	Tape " "	✓	✓		
163B	Tape " "	✓	✓		
S-253	Plastic envelope - envelope inside 12 gauge Shot Shell -	✓	✓		

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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111C-2	Plastic bag - Lead pellets	C-5	✓		
111B-2	Plastic bag - Contain 7 lead pellets.	✓	✓		
	Pattern from 111B-1.		✓		
111A-2	Plastic bag Contain metal fragment	✓	✓		
5164	Brown Wrapping Paper - Contain fence post.	✓			
5164A	Brown Paper Contain fence post	✓			
5164A-1	Plastic bag. Metal fragment	✓	✓		
5164A-2	" " " "	✓	✓		
5164A-3	" " " "	✓	✓		
164A-4	" " " "	✓	✓		
164B	Wood post.				
164C	Wood post - Fence post.				
164D	Fence Post.				
164E	Fence Post				

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8/132/18
YEAR FILM ITEM

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(Signature)

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
164F	Brown Paper Contain Precipt	9-5			
1D	Chart Containg Deagrams Bag	9-8	✓		
1E-1	Chart - Weapons		✓		
1E-2	Chart - Weapons		✓		
1F	Chart - Stock. FBI # - Description		✓		
1G	Chart -		✓		
165	Slow Motion film (Channel 12)	9-9	✓		
166	Slow motion film (Channel 11)	✓	✓		
167	Slow motion film (Channel 8)	✓	✓		
168	Slow Motion film (Channel 2)	✓	✓		
1H	List of Q Numbers from FBI	✓	✓		
1I	Chart. (Weapon & Ammunition in Van)	✓	✓		
1J	Chart - List of items in Glove compartment)	✓	✓		
1K	Chart - (List explain Q202)	9-11	✓		
148A-1	Writing on Sheet of Paper (Re 148A)	9/15	✓		

5 Exhibits Tape not to be given to jury.

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80 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
46-A-1	Illustrative Diagram	9-15	✓		
1M-	Chart - (Specimen 215 & 216)	✓	✓		
1M-1	Chart - (Specimen Q217)	✓	✓		
149A-1	Writing on Sheet re: S149-A	✓	✓		
1N	Chart (Spec. 205-208)	✓	✓		
1O	Chart -	✓	✓		
1P	Chart -	✓	✓		
1Q	Writing on Sheet re S-130-D	✓	✓		
1Q-1	Writing on Sheet re:	✓	✓		
1Q-2	Writing on Sheet re: from Waller	✓	✓		
1Q-3	Writing " "	✓	✓		
1Q-3A	" " "	✓	✓		
1Q-3B	" " "	✓	✓		
1R-	Chart (Spec. 203-218)	✓	✓		
1S-	Chart - Writing Sheet	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By

82 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

CONTINUED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification o a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to rem such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after maili of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

17589,90,54438,59,60,61,
81,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
1L	Chart	9-16	✓		
1T	Chart - White Sheet - illustrate Forecast tail	✓	✓		
1U	White Sheet. Re: 291	✓	✓		b6 b7C
1V	Chart	✓	✓		
1W	Chart.	✓	✓		
1X	Chart - White Sheeting	✓	✓		
81-A-1	Firearms Transaction Record	9-18	✓		
152E-A	DO Buck Shot Taken from 152E-	9-23	✓		
169	Case that holds film	✓	✓		
169A	Film of Ch. #81 W/time code	✓	✓		
170	Case that holds film	✓	✓		
170A	Film of Ch. #82 W/time code	✓	✓		
S171	Interview of [redacted]	9-26			
S172	Statement of [redacted]	✓			
S172A	Statement of [redacted] dated 11-9-81	✓			

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remo such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailin of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
1,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
36,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S173	Pants of [redacted]	9-29			
S174	Shirt (Plaid	✓			
S175	Photo	9-30			
S176	Photo	✓			
S177	Statement of [redacted]	10-2			
S177A	Waiver of rights form signed by [redacted]	10-6			
S178	Statement of [redacted]	10-7	✓		
S179	Statement of [redacted]	10-8	✓		
S180	Red man Cap	10-8	✓		
S181	Red plaid Shirt	10-8	✓		
S182	Statement of [redacted]	✓	✓		
S183	Statement of [redacted]	10-10	✓		
S183A	Waiver of rights	✓	✓		
S183B	Handwritten note of [redacted]	10-13	✓		
S184	Type Statement of [redacted]	11-3A, 4-79 10-14	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

B2 118 FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification o a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to rem such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after maili of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

...rs 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
...581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
...o. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
...,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE # ...

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
...intiff

[redacted]

...ttorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

...irst Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
Morgan D-1	[redacted] Photo -	9-26		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By

To YEAR 82 FILM 112 ITEM 13 By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification o a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to rem such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after maili of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

...17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
...,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
...422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
...,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

...TE OF NORTH CAROLINA
...intiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
b7C

...orney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
D-1	Hand Writing sample	8-29		✓	
D-2	Photo	9-29		✓	
D-3	Photo			✓	
D-4	Photo			✓	
D-5	Photo			✓	
D-6	Photo			✓	
*S98	Nile w/Skin	10-13		✓	
*S104	Plastic bag	10-13		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remove such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

79 CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54429,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No: 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S182A	Tape of Statement of	10-21	SA		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

80 / 32 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final Judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remo such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailin of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S184A	Typed Statement of [redacted] 11-9-79	10-14	✓		
S185	Hand written Notes of Det [redacted]	10-14	✓		
S185A	Hand written Notes of Det [redacted] of [redacted]	10-14	✓		b6 b7C
S186	Tape of [redacted] Statement 11-3-79	10-14	330		
S187	Typed Statement of [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S188	Typed Statement of [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-189	Typed duplicate of [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-189A	Tape of interview [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-190	Typed interview [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-190A	Tape of interview	10-16	330		
S191	Typed interview	p.m	✓		
S192	Typed interview		✓		
S193	White Sheet of paper describing shells	10-20	✓	✓	
S194	Hand written Notes of [redacted]	10-21	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 / 132 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK				RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE		
No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remove such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE #

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
Substantive D-1	Photo	8-12		✓	
D-2	Photo	✓	Not Tendered		
D-3	Photo	✓		✓	
Voir Dire S-1	newspapers	10-2	Not Tendered		
D-4	Box w/ 5 Shotgun Shells	10-13	Not Tendered		
D-5	Box w/ Shotgun Shells (5)	10-20			
D-6	Box " " (5)	10-20			

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 / 132 / 118
YEAR / FILM / ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification o a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to rem such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after maili of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
85,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE # _____

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence			Received by
		On Date	By Atty. for Pltff:	Deft.	
D-1	Photo	8-12	not tendered		
D-2	Writing on Sheet Re: Q453	9-18		✓	
D-3	Grand Jury 1 Yr. Jt Stmt.	10-10		✓	
D-4	Drawing of Shotgun	10-20			

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

MICROFILMED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remo such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailin of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Date _____

79 Crs 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE # _____

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No. Fowler	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
D-1	Report of Rifle Stolen -	10-2		✓	gd
D-2	Certified Copy of Warrant -	✓		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK			RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE		
No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remove such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record, calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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79 Cr3 17589,90,54438,39,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE # _____

Superior XXXX District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
Matthew D-1	Plastic overlay	9-24		✓	
D-2	Chart - Time chart relating to gun shots Shots 1-10	✓		✓	
D-2A	Chart - " " " Shots 11-20	✓		✓	
D-2B	Chart " " " Shots 21-30	✓		✓	
D-2C	Chart " " " Shots 31-39	✓		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remo such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailin of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date 3-17-82

Title and Character of Case
GreenKil

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3-15-82	Evidence room, Greensboro, PD
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence
To Be Returned	**Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** / **Agent Assigned Case**
☒ Yes ☐ No	SA [redacted] / SA [redacted] b6 b7C

☒ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

see attached exhibit List

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/3/24 BY sp2 tap/jap

44A-3527-1B51
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 17 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

Side 1

over V-2

Card 20

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification _____ Crime Location EVERITT & CARVER STS.

Victim's Name CEASAR CAUSE - JAMIE MILLER & OTHERS Victim's Address _____

Victim's Telephone - Home _____ Work _____ Victim's Employer _____

Persons Arrested or Suspected _____ & OTHERS

Evidence Turned in by _____ Badge Number _____ and _____ Badge Number _____

Received by or Locker Number _____ Date _____ Time _____

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
6A	ONE 30	CONTAINS VICTIM INFORM.			
6B	ONE 31	CONTAINS VICTIM INFORM.			
6C	ONE 32	CONTAINS - FLYERS - HANDBOOTS			
6D	ONE 33	CONTAINS - FLYERS - HANDBOOTS			
6E	ONE 34	PHOTO OF FUNERAL MARCH-11-11-79			
6F	ONE 35	PHOTO OF FUNERAL MARCH-11-11-79			b6 b7C
6G	ONE 36	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES			
7A	ONE 37	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES			
7B	ONE 38	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES			
7C	ONE 39	CONTAINS GUN TRACES			
7-D-1	ONE #0	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
7-D-2	ONE #1	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
7-D-3	ONE #2	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
7-D-4	ONE #3	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
8-A	ONE -	MISCELLANEOUS - REPORTS & STATEMENTS			
		2 SUBPOENAS &			
		12 TAPES			

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature _____ Date 11-25-80 Time 3 pm

PS - POL - 133 - 704 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
6A-6G		FBI -		12-8-81			12-8-81
7A-7D4		FBI		12-8-81			12-8-81
8A		FBI		12-8-81			12-8-81
6A-6G		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
7A-7D4 + 8A		FBI		1-22-82			1-22-82

b6
b7C

Items 6, 7, & 8 were opened on 10/21/81 by [redacted]

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

- ☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item Nos. 6, 7, & 8 1-22-82 By [redacted]
  Person Receiving _____ Date _____
- ☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
- ☐ Other _____

Side 1

over
B-2

Card 81

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification HOMICIDES — Crime Location EVERITT & CARVER STS

Victim's Name CARSON CRUCE - JAMES WALKER & OTHERS — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected — & OTHERS

Evidence Turned in by — Badge Number — and — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number — Date — Time

b6
b7C

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1A	1	INTRODUCTION TO CASE
1B	2	PHOTO BY
1C	3	PHOTO BY
1D	4	PHOTO BY
1E	5	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES-I
1F	6	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES-II
1G	7	PHOTO OF VEHICLES
2A	8	MISCELLANEOUS PHOTO-I
2B	9	MISCELLANEOUS PHOTO-II
2C	10	MISCELLANEOUS PHOTO-III
2D	11	CONTAINS EVIDENCE LISTING
2E	12	CONTAINS VEHICLE INFOR
2F	13	PHOTO LIST OF EXAM.
2G	14	PHOTO OF CHINA GROVE-I
3A	15	PHOTO OF CHINA GROVE-II
3B	16	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3C	17(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3C-1	18(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3D	19(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3D-1	20(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
3E	19(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3E-1	19(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4A	20(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4B	21(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4B-1	21(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4C	22(1)	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
4C-1	22A	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
4D	23(1)	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
4D-1	23B	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
5-A	24(1)	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
5-A-1	24B	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
5-B	25(1)	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-B-1	25B	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-C	26	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-D	27	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-E	28	CONTAIN WITNESS STATEMENT
5-F	29	CONTAINS VICTIM INFOR

Received by:
Evidence Officer's Signature — Date 11-25-80 Time 3:00 PM

PS - POL - 133 - 704 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1A-1G		FBI-INV.		12-8-81			12-8-81
2A-2G		FBI-"		12-8-81			12-8-81
3A-3E1		FBI-"		12-8-81			12-8-81
4A-4D1		FBI-Lab		12-8-81			12-8-81
5A-5F		FBI-Lab		12-8-81			12-8-81
1A-1G		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
3A-3E-1		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
4A-4D1		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
5A-5F		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
2A-2G		FBI		1-22-82			1-22-82
16 Books of Photo		Copy work		1-26-82			1-27-82
Misc. Dup. Photo		Copy work		1-26-82			1-27-82

b6
b7C

#2 opened by [redacted] & [redacted] 10/21/81 No 1A-5F opened 1-24-82 By [redacted] MCF

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date 3-20-82

Title and Character of Case
Greek Kill

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3-20-82	SA [redacted]

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☒ Yes ☐ No	SA [redacted]	SA [redacted]

☒ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

1- Check # 333 dtd 3-10-75 made Payable to [redacted] in amt $ 30.00 signed [redacted]

b6
b7C

2- Check # 1417 dtd 6-5-76 made payable to [redacted] in amt $ 37.00 signed [redacted]

44A-3527-1B53

3- Check # 311 dtd 5-11-76 made Payable to [redacted] in amt $ 85.00 signed [redacted]

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAR 22 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/8/84 BY sp tap/ep

44-3527-1B53

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date 4-8-82

Title and Character of Case

GreenKil

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
4-8-82	G'boro PD

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USOC, W-5	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☑ Yes ☐ No	SC	SA

b6
b7C

☑ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See attached

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp/tap/ep

44A-3527-1B54

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
APR 8 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

Side 1

V-11 & V-16

Card 68

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification Criminal Homicide — Crime Location Carver & Everett St

Victim's Name — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by — Badge Number — and — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number — Date — Time

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	fence post - wooden 4x6	475		
2	1	" " "	476		
3	1	" " "	477		
4	1	" " "	478		
5	1	" " "	479		
6	1	.25 cal shell casing (spent)	482		
7	1	fence post - wooden 4x6	480		
8	1	164F " " " "	481		
9	1	lead fragment	483		

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature — Date 2-12-80 Time 4 pm

PS - POL - 1 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1-9		FBI LAB		2-19-80			5-13-80
1-9		State Exhibit		9-5-80			
6 & 9		Grand Jury - U.S.		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V9

Card 54

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Crime Classification Criminal Homicide — Crime Location Carver & Everitt

Victim's Name — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by — Badge Number — and Det. — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number 7 — Date 11/22/79 — Time 0010

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	2	States Exhibit No. Car Keys For Blue Ford NC#	Item 13 or Card 45	(checked out 11/21/79)	
14 2	2 123	Live .38 Cal. Wadd Cutter From Right Rear Fender Well In ~~Trunk~~ Trunk Of Blue Ford NC#			
3	1 124	Rebel Flag From ~~Trunk~~ Trunk Of Blue Ford NC#			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature — Date 11/26/79 — Time 0800

PS - POL - [illegible] Rev. 7-77)

(Peters Dr)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO /	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
2		FBI Lyons		2/11/80			5-13-80
2 FBI		Bond Jay-W.S.		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

E-23 * E/21 Card No 49

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
CONFISCATED PROPERTY FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Property Confiscated By _____ Badge _____ Officer And Winston Salem P.D. Badge _____

Location _____ Winston Salem Time 0300 Date 11-9-79

Confiscated From _____ Address _____ Date _____

Received by or Locker No. ✓ Date _____ Time _____

PROPERTY LISTING

FBI No.	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
95	1	1	.357, S&W model (pistol)			
			19-3 Ser No 2K72911			
		1	Holster			
96	2	1	.357 S&W pistol			
			Mod No 19-4			
			Ser No 7K1639 Nickel			
			4" Barrel			
		1	Shoulder Holster			
97	3	1	.25 Cal Auto Pistol + Clip			
			Ser No D 820161 F Blue			b6 b7C
			Titan, FIE Corp Miami			
			Fla, Made in Italy			
98	4	1	.22 Cal Pistol, Ser No			
			T489554, RG 23			
			RG IND, Miami Fla.			
			2" Barrel Blue			
*	5	5	22 Cal L.R Bullets			
	6	3	.357 Cal. Bullets			
	7	1	Shell CASINGS - atk	B/O IN -	1-31-80	

REASON CONFISCATED

Received By: _____

Evidence Custodian Signature _____ + _____ Date 11-13-79 Time 450p

PS - POL - 1

Side 2

Case Assigned To _____ Property Checked By _____ Date _____ Time _____

Owner of Property _____ Address _____ Phone _____

Owner Contacted by _____ Date _____ Method: ☐ Phone ☐ Letter ☐ In Person

RELEASE AND RETURN OF PROPERTY

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1-4		FBD exam		11-18-79			12/20/79
Except 1-4		To release		1/10/80			b6
Ammo		FBI exam		11-18-79			5-13-80 b7C
5,6+7		Grand Jury-U.S.		4-8-82			

DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

☐ Returned to Owner — Item No.'s _____ Date _____

Person Receiving _____ Released by _____

☐ Changed to Evidence — Item No.'s _____ Date _____

Case No. _____ Officer _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction — Item No.'s _____ Sale Date _____

Amount to School Fund _____ Date _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund — Item No.'s _____ Date _____

Amount _____

☐ Destroyed — Item No. _____ Method _____ Date _____

By Whom _____ Authorized by _____

Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other - Describe _____

Additional Information _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 21

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145366

Crime Classification AWDW ISBI W/ITK

Crime Location Everitt & Coeur

Victim's Name

Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work —

Victim's Employer —

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by

Badge Number

and

Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number

Date

Time

3BOH

58

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	Clear plastic container w/Buckshot			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature

Date 10-5-79

Time 9:15 A

PS - POL - 1 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1		FBI exam		11-18-79			5-13-80
1		Grand Jury		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

11/9/79 seal on plastic container broken by [redacted] at 1340 to examine contents. witness [redacted]

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

- ☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
  Person Receiving _____ Date _____
- ☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
- ☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 23

Count 8-58

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79 145368

Crime Classification Criminal Homicide

Crime Location Everett @ Gillespie

Victim's Name unk

Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home unk Work

Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by Badge Number and Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number Slot A

Date 11/3/79 Time 1815

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	4	22 cal bullets			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature

Date 11-5-79 Time 8AM

PS - POL - [illegible] (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1		FBO exam		11-18-79			5-23-80
1		Court		8-6-80			8-6-80
1		Grand Jury		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 20

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Crime Classification HOMICIDE — Crime Location EVERITT ST & CARVER DR

Victim's Name Jim Waller, CESAR CAUCE — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by [redacted] Badge Number [redacted] and — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number 13 — Date — Time

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	1 "BOKER" BRAND POCKET KNIFE			
101	1	1 BOKER BRAND POCKET KNIFE			
		BLICK			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature [redacted] Date 10-5-79 Time 8 AM

PS - POL - (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	R	DATE
1		FBI exam		11-18-79		5-13-80
1		Grand Jury-U.S.		4-8-80		

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 card 17

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification ASSAULT WITH GUN
Crime Location EVERITT & CARVER
Victim's Name
Victim's Address UNKNOWN
Victim's Telephone - Home UNK. Work UNK.
Victim's Employer UNK.
Persons Arrested or Suspected UNK
Evidence Turned in by Badge Number and Badge Number
Received by or Locker Number 21
Date 11-3-79 Time 1855

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	SHOTGUN PELLET			
2	1	SHOTGUN PELLET FRAGMENT			

SBI # 56 57

Q. 195 Q. 196

b6
b7C

Received by:
Evidence Officer's Signature
Date 11-5-79 Time 8A

PS - POL - (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1+2		930 exam		11-18-79			5-13-80
1+2		Collect Sum		4-8-80			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 18

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Crime Classification Homicide

Crime Location 1700 BLK of CARVER ST at Elexith,

Victim's Name UNKNOWN

Victim's Address UNKNOWN

Victim's Telephone - Home _____ Work _____

Victim's Employer _____

Persons Arrested or Suspected _____

Evidence Turned in by _____ Badge Number _____ and _____ Badge Number _____

Received by or Locker Number 1115 hrs 13 Date _____ Time _____

360#

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
99 1	2	KNIVES			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence O[illegible] Signature _____ Date 11-5-79 Time 8?

PS - POL - 1 [illegible] (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1		IBQ Exam		11-18-79			5-13-80
1		Exam Spring 115		4-5-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 4-30-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
4-29-82	

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
SA	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SA	SA

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

1. 1 38 Cal, Charter Arms revolver, SN 380232.
2. 1 .12 ga shotgun shell, WW, 2-3/4 (OO).

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp

44A-3527-1B62

SEARCHED S INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
APR 30 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 5-10-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
5-10-82	[redacted], X-Ray Dept, Wesley Long Hospital

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, NC	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SC [redacted]	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

X-Rays of [redacted]

above evidence returned to custody of Wesley Long Hosp. 6/14/88

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp tap/kp

Receipt 10-5-10 Package not returned by request

44A-3527-1863

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAY 19 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

FINAL DISPOSITION

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 5-10-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
5-10-82	Radiology Dept, Greensboro Hosp

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, NC	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SC	SA

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

X-Rays of

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp

44A-3527-1864

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAY 10 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 5-10-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
5-10-82	[redacted] Radiology Dept, Moses Cone Hospital

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, NC	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SC [redacted]	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

X-Rays ofHarold Flowers [redacted], Michael Nathan, [redacted]

above evidence returned to Contributor 9/14/88 ert/sp. Moses

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/5/94 BY [redacted]

Receipt 11/5/11 M Parker returned

44A-3527-1865

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAY 10 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

FINAL DISPOSITION

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 6/21/82

Title and Character of Case
GREED KILL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
6/15/82	Clerk, China Grove, NC Xeroxing of articles from [redacted], Town,

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Charlotte Bulky Room

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence

b6
b7C

To Be Returned	See Serial	A
☐ Yes ☒ No		[redacted]

☐ Yes ☒ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

Articles
Newspaper articles concerning KKK / WVO confrontation in China Grove, N.C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/97 BY sp tap/mp

Also Enclosed Transferred to HQA-3527-1866
IA 9/10/97

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

IA 5/12

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
JUN 22 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44A3527

FINAL DISPOSITION

OO: CE

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 6/24/82

Title and Character of Case

Greenkill
CA

Date Property Acquired		
6/23/82	[redacted] (Attorney) Gastonia, N.C.	

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
CE Bulky Room	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☒ Yes ☐ No		[redacted]	b6 b7C

☐ Yes ☒ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

1- Navy Arms Co. .44cal. revolver
SN 150 788

2- Black leather holster

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp tqw/mjs

Items 1 & 2 turned over to FCJ 6/25/82 by SA [redacted]

Package copy placed in 1A 346 fw

FINAL DISPOSITION

44A-3527-1867

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JUN 24 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44A-3527

00: CE

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 7/27/82

Title and Character of Case
GreenKill
CRA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
7/27/82	N.C. Center for Public TV, Raleigh, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Greensboro RA	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☑ Yes ☐ No		SC	SA

☑ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

(1) 3 Video tapes of interviews with

#'s TC1004, TC1010, & TC1019.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp2 tap/kp

Above sent to SA by 7/27/82 Rm #20675 mw.

44A-3527-1868

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 28 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 6

OO: 44A-3527

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 6-9-82)

Date 1/25/83

Title and Character of Case
GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE (CE 44A-3527)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
1/24/83	From Television show "88 Seconds in Greensboro"

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Charlotte Room	For future reference

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☐ No		SA	SA

b6
b7C

☐ Yes ☒ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

Copy of tape made by Charlotte office from video tape of television show "88 Seconds in Greensboro", 8:00 P.M., 1/24/83 on Public Broadcast Station.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/3/04 BY sp2 tap/kp

Also Transferred to 1A 9/10/97 Jbe

For Valuable and/or Narcotics Evidence Only
Evidence Bag Seal # _____
Signature of Two Special Agents Verifying and Sealing Bag Contents: [illegible] 513

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

44A-3527-1B69

FINAL DISPOSITION

BLOCK STAMP
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JAN 25 1983
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CHARLOTTE

ORIGINAL (FILE COPY)

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 4-27-79)

Date: 11-19-79

Title and Character of Case

[redacted], AKA
FUGITIVE
UFAP-MURDER FIRST DEGREE (A)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11-19-79	RECEIVED FROM CHICAGO DIVISION 11-19-79, NOG

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
W.S. ~~CHARLOTTE~~ GUN VAULT	EVIDENCE

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☐ No	(CHICAGO)	[redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

CC - 1. POCKET KNIFE

W.S - 2. (CLERKE 1ST) 32 CALIBER SNUB NOSE, SN 847217.
#2 Hand carried to Bureau by SA [redacted]
12/3/79 NOG (concerns 44-3527 case also)

#2 was picked up from Evidence PO and maintained with evidence in 44A-3527 per SA [redacted] (Feb. 1983 Inventory).

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/5/94 BY sp/tap/ew

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 0 - 1979
FBI—CHARLOTTE

Field File # ~~88-16159~~ 44-3527

~~88-16159-1B1~~

OO: CHARLOTTE

44-3527-1B70

FBI/DOJ

All IA's Left in Greenlow

See Separate IA Section

FD-702 (9-16-85)

File Charge Out - From Field Office to FBIHQ

I. IDENTITY OF FILE CHARGED OUT

File #: 44-3527 [redacted]

Volume(s): 1, 4-20

Sub File(s): (unable to locate vols. 2+3)

Title: Greenkel

Date Charged Out: 3/27/01

II. IDENTITY OF FILE FOR LITIGATION/REQUEST

Title: [redacted]

File #: 190-CE-81321

Forward to FBIHQ

b6
b7C

- ☐ Legal Counsel
- ☒ FOIPA Section
- ☐ Other

[redacted]

signature of employee making charge out

[redacted]

See Instructions On Reverse Side

INSTRUCTIONS

Part I should identify the file being forwarded to FBIHQ. The named subject(s) should be listed under the Title. It is not necessary to include the case character. If the file consists of more than one volume, identify the volumes being forwarded to FBIHQ.

Part II identifies the nature of the request. The field file number for the request is that corresponding to the FOIPA or Discovery case. Check off the appropriate block indicating where the file was directed at FBIHQ.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE

DATE: 11/3/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: INFORMATION CONCERNING
WORKERS VIEWPOINT PARTY
AND THE KU KLUX KLAN
AT GREENSBORO, N. C.
11/3/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL RIGHTS MATTER

TITLE
UNSUBS: WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORG
KU KLUX KLAN
SHOOTING INCIDENT
GREENSBORO NC
11-3-79
DS - CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

At approximately 1:45 P. M. this date, 11/3/79, SA [redacted] received a telephone call from [redacted] Bureau Media Relations, requesting information concerning members of the Ku Klux Klan shooting/killing members of the Workers Viewpoint Party (WVP) at Greensboro, N. C., 11/3/79. [redacted] advised he had been contacted by News Bureau of National Broadcasting Company (NBC) concerning the matter.

At approximately 2:00 P. M., Greensboro Duty Agent [redacted] was called and requested to determine what had happened in Greensboro concerning the WVP rally. At approximately 2:15 P. M., SA [redacted] advised SA [redacted] that the Workers Viewpoint Party, an offshoot of the Revolutionary Communist Party, had been holding a peaceful rally demonstrating anti-Klan sentiments on 11/3/79. At approximately 11:30 A. M., 11/3/79, approximately nine to ten people jumped from a van and fired into the WVP rally. Initial reports indicated five WVP members killed, others injured, some severely. The owner of the van is reported to be [redacted] who is a Klan member. Charlotte indices reflect a closed case on one [redacted] stating he was a Klan member in 1971 with the position of [redacted] of the Salisbury Klavern.

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SA [redacted] further advised a number of people had been arrested and were currently detained at the Greensboro City Police Department; FBI participation not requested at this time; no civil rights violation or racial overtones present at this time. SA [redacted] stated that the Greensboro, N. C., PD requested the assistance of SA [redacted] due to his extensive knowledge in Klan and extremist activities.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-5-84 BY sp tayl

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 3 1979
FBI

2 - Charlotte
JTT:rep
(2)

44-3527-1
0 & A
44 rec'd @

(A) rep ptnt 100-17207

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

At approximately 2:24 P. M., ASAC CECIL E. MOSES was notified of ongoing situation. ASAC MOSES advised he would come to the Charlotte Office.

At approximately 2:27 P. M., [redacted] was advised as to the information that SA [redacted] had received from the Greensboro, N. C., PD. [redacted] was further advised that, at this point, no FBI investigation was contemplated.

At approximately 2:30 P. M., [redacted], Division 6, Civil Rights Section, FBIHQ, was notified of ongoing situation at Greensboro, N. C. He advised that he would notify his superior and would further advise Charlotte Division if his superiors or Department of Justice would require FBI participation.

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At approximately 2:35 P. M., SSRA [redacted] requested Headquarters City notify all Greensboro Agents to report to the Greensboro, N. C., PD. [redacted] stated that each Agent would sit in on an interview with members of the Greensboro, N. C., PD and the suspects in the shooting.

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 6-9-82)

Date 2/2/83

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL
CR

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired	
2/2/83		CT., RICHMOND, VA. 23225

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
BULKY - FIREARMS	FOR GRAND JURY, MDNC, PER USA MDNC

b6
b7C

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☒ Yes ☐ No		SAT-	SA

☒ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

ONE (1) SMITH & WESSON .357 MAGNUM
REVOLVER serial # 14K5596

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-4-01 BY b6 2 NLS/CA/mkb

For Valuable and/or Narcotics Evidence Only

Evidence Bag Seal # _____

Signature of Two Special Agents Verifying and Sealing Bag Contents _____

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

_____

_____

_____

BLOCK STAMP

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____
FEB 2 1983
FBI — RICHMOND

Field File # RH 44A-1416-1B

OO: CHARLOTTE (CE file 44A-3527)

ORIGINAL (FILE COPY)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Accepted Custody	Date	Time		Date	Time
Signature [redacted]	2/2	12:10	[redacted]	2/3	8:30
Reason Per direction of USA MDNC	83	P.M.	Transmitted to FBI RA at Greensboro N.C.	83	A.M.
Signature [redacted]	2/3/83		FBI RA		
Reason Reg Mail # R087319051	4:30 P.M.		Greensboro N.C.	2/3/83	4:30 P.M.
Signature					
Reason					
Signature					
Reason					
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Signature					
Reason					

Item No. **Remarks**

b6
b7C

CLASS: 044 CASE: 001416 SUB-FILE: EX-NO: A015 EX-ITEM: 0001

SERIAL: ENT-DATE: 020383 ACQ-DATE: 020283 FO: RH

FROM: SUPV [redacted] b6 b7C

LOC: A ENV RETAIN: RETURN: N RECEIPT: N

DESCR: COPY OF RECEIPT FOR .357 GUN SURRENDERED TO RICHMOND FBI.

CHGD-OUT: INV1: INIT1: INV2: INIT2:

DISP-DATE: MEANS:

CLASS: 044 CASE: 001416 SUB-FILE: EX-NO: A014 EX-ITEM: 0001

SERIAL: ENT-DATE: 052180 ACQ-DATE: 042880 FO: RH

FROM: [redacted]

LOC: VOL 1 RETAIN: RETURN: N RECEIPT: N

DESCR: 2 NEWSPAPERS: "THE THUNDERBOLT," "THE NEW ORDER"

CHGD-OUT: INV1: INIT1: INV2: INIT2:

DISP-DATE: MEANS:

b6
b7C

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/5/79

Subject The American Nazi Party

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex
				☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling ☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only ☐ Restrict to Locality of

☐ All References ☐ Criminal References Only

☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only ☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)

☐ Subversive References Only ☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
157-34	(1967) AMERICAN NAZI PARTY AKA: NATIONAL SOCIALIST WHITE PEOPLE'S PARTY RACIAL MATTERS Headquartered at 2507 North Franklin Road, Arlington, Va. Organized in 1956. Based upon the concept of international "National Socialist" movement as espoused by the German Nazi Party headed by Adolf Hitler. The organization supports and follows the line of hatred against Negroes, Jews, and communism through various propoganda media and provocative demonstrations. Identical X-ref.		

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/94 BY Sp2 tap/sp

Requested by	Squad	Extension	File No.

b6
b7C

11/6/79
(date)

Consolidated by

(date)

Reviewed by

11/6/79
(date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not Identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/5/79

Subject American Nazi Party

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
157-2864	(1966) American Nazi Party / Literature of United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, and American Nazi Party, received through mail by [redacted] St., Red Springs, N.C. Not Identical in regard to new mail.		

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp/tap/ep

b6
b7C

Requested by | Squad | Extension | File No.

Searched by [redacted] 11/5/79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by 11/6/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not Identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/5/79

Subject Caudle Raeford Milano

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling ☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only ☐ Restrict to Locality of
☐ All References ☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only ☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Subversive References Only ☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
157-10091	62, 63, 72		
	(1976) Milano Raeford Caudle WM DOB: 9-9-42 State Night Hawk of Ku Klux Klan, Inc. Member of the Winston Salem Klavern KKKK UNIT 1 Identical X-ref.		
	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY Spatap/lep		
157-10151	(1976) Soc Sec: 238 66 7921 Wife: Ida Caudle ADDRESS: 52 Baity Street, Winston-Salem, N.C. EMPLOYMENT: Laborer, employed by Forsyth Co., N.C. He would furnish no information concerning his membership in the KKKK or any of his activities as Klan member.		
46-2885-3p.1	(1977) Raeford Milano Caudle Caudle indexed as a reference when he furnished a signed statement alleging Kenneth Hill, a retired U.S. Colonel, employed as Forsyth County Engineer, Winston-Salem, N.C., had utilized county employees who were being paid under a C.I.T.A. Program, financed by the Fed. Gov., to make a dog house for Hill. Case had no prosecutive merit. Identical; X-ref.		Case closed as it was determined he did not have the propensity for violence. Identical. X-ref.

Requested by | Searched | Extension | File No.

11/5/79 (date)

Consolidated by

(date)

Reviewed by

11/6/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527)(P) DATE: 11/5/79

FROM : SUPV. GEORGE C. KOONS

SUBJECT: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION;
KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY;
SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, N. C.,
NOV. 1, 1979
DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A).
CIVIL UNREST

Re Bureau telephone call from Bureau Supervisor [redacted] to Charlotte 11/5/79.

By referenced telephone call Bureau Supervisor [redacted] stated the Director had made a request to have copies of the television tapes furnished by the news media to the Charlotte Division to the Bureau as soon as possible.

Any expense involved in copying the tapes which are already in the Bureau's possession or securing additional copies is authorized by the Bureau.

b6
b7C

[redacted] also advised the Director indicated he will meet with the Attorney General during the early evening hours of Nov. 5 and the Bureau requests a summary teletype of today's activities to reach the Bureau before close of business 11/5/79.

GCK:jnr
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp tap/ep

1) ASAC at Gboro AYP
" AYP
2) [redacted]

44-3527-6

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 5 1979

3) [redacted]

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date 11/6/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL;
Domestic Security - Civil Rights (A)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/6/79	[redacted] Greensboro PD, Greensboro, N. C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence
To Be Returned	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit**
☐ Yes ☒ No	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned SA [redacted]

One (1) video cassette tape copy of original film footage shot by TV stations WGHP, Channel 8, Highpoint, N. C., and WXII, Channel 12, Winston-Salem, N. C. on 11/3/79 of the Anti-Klan Rally and shootings.

Hand carried to Bu by SA [redacted] 11/7/79 pf
Permanently retained by FBI HQ Laboratory
Bulky serial from Charlotte inventory. See
serial 305 Jan

FINAL DISPOSITION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp2 tap/sp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV C 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527-1B1

00: CE

44-3527-1B1

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/6/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL;
Domestic Security - Civil Rights (A)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/3/79	[redacted] Chanel 8, High Point, N. C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned SA [redacted]

One copy of a 3/4 inch video tape of the "Greensboro Shootout", 11/3/79.

Taken to Greensboro PD on 11/4/79 by SA [redacted] used in preparation and during trial, in state court and thereafter permanently retained by Greensboro authorities. Removed from Charlotte inventory See serial 305 dsm

FINAL DISPOSITION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/4/24 BY sp tap/sp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

FEB 1979
CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527-1B2

OO: _____

44-3527-1B2

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11-8-79

Title and Character of Case

1

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11-7-79	[redacted] of Remote Production, WFMY-TV, Channel 2, Phillips Ave, Greensboro, N.C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence and Investigation
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]
Description of Property or Exhibit	Case assigned SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Four 4
~~Three~~ (8) video cassette dubs (tapes) on 1 hour tapes of "Greensboro Shooting" shot by WTVD, Channel 11, Durham, N.C., prepared 11-7-79.

Dubs 2,3 and 4. Dub #1 sent to Bureau , Rm Special Del on 11-7-79. (Dub # 4 sent to Raleigh returned to CE 12-10-79) Dub #(3 being maintained returned to CE 12-10-79) Greensboro RA.

Dub 2+4 charged to [redacted] 6/5/81
Dub 2+4 returned to CE 6/16/81 16 6m

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp2 tap/kp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527-1B3

OO: Charlotte

44-3527-183

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/10/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/4/79	[redacted] Greensboro, N. C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
~~Greensboro RA~~ CE Bulky Room	Evidence and investigation

To Be Returned	Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit
☐ Yes ☒ No	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned SA [redacted]

17 black and white photographs, the first 14 of which were taken by [redacted] and depicting activity on 11/3/79.

Recd in CE 12/10/79 Dam

Charged to [redacted] 6/5/81

184 Changed to 1A53 7/7/81 Dam

FINAL DISPOSITION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/24 BY sp2 tcp/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # CE 44-3527-1B4

44-3527-1B4

OO: CHARLOTTE

FBI/DOJ

(D)

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/10/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKILL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/7/79	EDWARD W. DAWSON

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Greensboro RA	Evidence and investigation

To Be Returned	Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit
☐ Yes ☒ No	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit — Case assigned SA [redacted]

Taped interview with EDWARD W. DAWSON on 11/7/79.
Recd in CE 12/11/79 DM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp1tap/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED CC INDEXED KT
SERIALIZED KT FILED DM
NOV 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # CE 44-3527-1B5

00: CHARLOTTE

44-3527-1B5

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date 11-14-79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11-13-79	[redacted] Lab, Greensboro PD
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	Evidence and investigation
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SC [redacted]

Description of Property or Exhibit Case assigned to [redacted] b6 b7C

Video Cassette Tapes of Shooting Incident at Greensboro, N.C., on 11-3-79.

WFMY-TV Channel 2
WGHP-TV Channel 8
WXII-TV Channel 12

Tapes were dub'ed from tapes obtained by [redacted] under court order.

1 copy being fowarded toBureau and one maintained at Greensboro RA. - Rec'd in CE 12/10/79 Dm

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2 tap/kp

abml transferred to HQ 9/10/97

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

1A 5/17

Ret'd ng 1979

Field File # 44-3527-

OO: CE

FINAL DISPOSITION

44-3527-1B6

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/14/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security; Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/14/79	Greensboro PD & SA [redacted]
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Greensboro RA	EVIDENCE
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]

Description of Property or Exhibit

Case assigned to [redacted] b6 b7C

CRIME SCENE SKETCH

Above Charged To SA [redacted] 11/15/79
Above Returned To Charlotte 2/24/81 dm
" Charged To [redacted] 6/5/81
" Returned To Charlotte 6/16/81 10 am

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2 Tap/tap

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

RECD 1979

Field File # 44-3527-1B7

00: CE

44-3527-1B7

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 9-23-77)

Date: 11/14/79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL ; Domestic Security, Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11/13/79	Greensboro PD, Greensboro, N. C.
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Ce Bulky Room ~~Greensboro RA~~	EVIDENCE
To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No	**Identity of Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** SA [redacted]
Description of Property or Exhibit Case assigned to [redacted]	

b6
b7C

Self explanatory photos relating to captioned case.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/24 BY sp2 tap/cp

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # C# 44-3527-1B8

OO: CE

44-3527-1B8

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [X] UNCLAS

Date _____

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE - 0843

NEW YORK IMMEDIATE 0127

~~BTCLAS~~

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/94 BY sp2 tap/ep

UNSUBS: WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR AND OTHER OFFICES NOVEMBER 5, 1979.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (NCSBI) INTELLIGENCE REPORT TODAY INDICATES FNU [redacted] WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, NEW YORK CITY MET TODAY WITH [redacted] TO PLAN DEMONSTRATION SCHEDULED NOVEMBER 11, 1979 AT GREENSBORO, N.C.

b6
b7C

NEW YORK SUTEL ANY INFORMATION POSSIBLE VALUE RELATING TO WORKERS VEIWPOINT ORGANIZATION OR [redacted]

[redacted]

BT

ANP;rln

(1)

44-3527-9

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____

Approved: _____ Transmitted 008 (Number) (Time) Per _____

FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/5/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, N.C. 11/3/79 DOMESTIC SECURITY-CR (A)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☐ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	☒		1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity 3
Size 8x10
☒ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

Captioned matter involves the killing of four members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization by members of the KKK and wounding of several others, 2 of which are in critical condition. In view of the international coverage of incident, it is requested this film be expeditiously processed.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/14 BY sp2 Taylor

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
(2) - Charlotte
GAM:jat (4)

44-3527-10 FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 4-27-79)

Date 1/22/80

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL
Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
1/17/80	FBI LABORATORY

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
CHARLOTTE	Testimony

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☒ No		SAME

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

Scale MAP OF EVERETT AND CARVER INTERSECTION GREENSBORO, N.C. ENLARGED AND REPRODUCED BY LAB.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/14 BY sp tap/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JAN 23 1980
FBI—CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44-3527

00: CE 44-3527

44-3527-1B10

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 4-27-79)

Date: 12-11-79

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL; Domestic Security, Civil Rights

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
12-5-79	[redacted] ATF Office, Toledo, Ohio

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Charlotte Bulky Room	Evidence given to ASAC Cecil Moses

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☒ No	ASAC Cecil Moses	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

Statement of [redacted], ATF, dated 11-30-79 with accompany of photos taken by [redacted]
Entire ATF notebook provided ASAC Moses at Charlotte Office, FBI.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp2 tap/ep

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 1 1979
FBI—CHARLOTTE

44-3527-1B9

Field File # 44-3527-1B9

OO: CE

FBI/DOJ

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 3/5/82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3/5/82	Guilford County Superior Court, Greensboro, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SA	SA

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See attached exhibit list

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2 tap/ep

44A-3527-1B11

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 16 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
1.82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
4422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

b6
b7C

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S3-C	Photo				
S3-D	Photo	8/4	✓		
S4A	Photo	"	✓		
S4B	Photo				
S4C	Photo	"	✓		
S4D	Photo	"	✓		
S-1	Diagram of area	"	✓		
S-2	aerial photo	"			
S-3-3A-3B	photos	8+5	✓		
S-5-5A-E	photos	"	✓		
S-6-6A-E	photos	"	✓		
S7-7A-C	photos	"	✓		
S8-8A	photos	"	✓		

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date: 3/5/82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3/5/82	Guilford County Superior Court, Greensboro, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No	SA [redacted]	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See attached exhibit list

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/94 BY sp/tap/yp

44A-3527-1812

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAR 16 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # CE 44A-3527

OO: CE

...s 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
...1,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
...54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
...,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

...TE OF NORTH CAROLINA
...tiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

...rney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

...fense:

...st Degree Murder (30 counts)
...gaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S-14A-D	Photos	8-5	✓		
S-4-E-1	photos	✓	✓		
S-4	Photo	✓	✓		
(2 section) S-B	Photo - aerial Photo -	✓	✓		
S-15	photo	8-6	✓		
S-15A-E	Photos	✓	✓		
S16-16A-E	Photos	✓	✓		
S17-17A-D	Photos	✓	✓		
S17-E-K	Photos	✓	✓		
S-18	Diagram of interior of mental Institution	✓	✓		
S-18A-H	Colored Photos	✓	✓		
S-19	12 gauge 916 A Pump shotgun. Serial # 5B6964	✓	✓		
S-20	12 gauge Springfield Pump Shotgun Serial A617701	✓	✓		
S-21	12 gauge Mossberg Pump Shotgun Serial 603005	✓	✓		
S-22	12 gauge Brazilian MK Single barrel Serial 38-555	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 YEAR 32 FILM 118 ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

'79 CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
.17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
ase No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

b6
b7C

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S 23A	Green Gun Case	8-6	✓		
S 23-B	2 Brass Knuckles	"	✓	"	
S 23-C	Link Chain	"	✓	✓	
*S23.D	Manila envelope (2 leaflets inside)	not introduced)			
23 D-1	Notice of anti Communist	"	✓	"	
23 D-2	Notice of anti Communist	"	✓	"	
S-23E	Manila envelope - (envelope) Contents (4 Confederate flag Patches)	"	✓	"	
S-24	2X2 pine pole approx 6½ ft long	✓	✓		
S-24A	2X2 pine pole 3 ft	✓	✓		
S-24B	Aluminum Pipe w/ american flag & confederate flag	✓	✓		
S-24C	Homemade pole wood	✓	✓		
S-25	Box	✓			
S25A	Plastic bag w/26 little plastic bags	✓			
25 B-	Plastic bag w/12 gauge shot shell	✓	✓	✓	
S-26	Homemade Billy Club	✓	✓		
S-27A	.22 revolver 929 model AM 15914 Harrington + Richardson Serial	✓	✓		
S-27	Gun Holster	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet (80 YEAR (32 FILM 110 ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

MICROFILMED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527) DATE: 11/6/79

FROM : SC [redacted]

SUBJECT: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION;
KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY;
SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NC, 11/3/79
DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A);
CIVIL UNREST

[redacted] who stated he resides in [redacted] but is currently working at Lehigh Designers in Winston Salem, N. C., telephone 919/725-9222, telephonically advised [redacted] who lives at un unknown address in Charlotte, N.C. and who is also working at Lehigh Designers as a [redacted] in Winston Salem, may have been a participant in above captioned shooting incident. [redacted] stated [redacted] has made statements advocating terrorist acts. He stated [redacted] has not been regular at work recently.

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/24 BY sp2 tap/sp

JHO
(2)

44-3527-15

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 6 - 1979

[redacted]

SENT VIA
TELECOPIER
to GRA.
8:30 a 11/7/79
pfc

See Attached Search Slip

XX XX

XX

0779 11/6/79

FM CHARLOTTE (157-NEW) (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

ALL SACS CONTINENTAL OFFICES VIA THE BUREAU IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST.

"GREENKIL"

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

IN REFERENCED TELETYPE CHARLOTTE REQUESTED THAT ALL OFFICES FURNISH CHARLOTTE AND THE BUREAU INFORMATION OBTAINED CONCERNING TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO OF MEMBERS OF THOSE ORGANIZATIONS OF WHICH FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN INSTITUTED.

ALL OFFICES SHOULD ALSO FURNISH CHARLOTTE AND THE BUREAU ANY UNSOLICITED INFORMATION OBTAINED WHICH INDICATES THAT OTHER INDIVIDUALS OR GROUPS PLAN TO TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO TO ATTEND

3 - Charlotte
(1 - 157-NEW)
(2 - 44-3527)
GVL:swl
(3)

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ... SERIALIZED ... FILED ...

44-3529-17

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/20/92 BY [illegible]

b6
b7C

CAPTIONED DEMONSTRATION WHICH MAY CAUSE CIVIL UNREST IN GREENSBORO.

INASMUCH AS THE ATTORNEY GENERAL HAS NOT AUTHORIZED A FULL CIVIL UNREST INVESTIGATION, NO ACTIVE INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN CONCERNING INDIVIDUALS OR ORGANIZATIONS NOT THE SUBJECTS OF PRESENT FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION.

BT

XX AIRTEL

11/6/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: BUDGET AND ACCOUNTING SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: SUPPORT OVERTIME

This is to confirm telephone conversation between SA [redacted] FBIHQ, and Support Services Supervisor [redacted] on 11/7/79.

In connection with the case entitled "GREENKIL", CE file 44-3527, support overtime will be necessary in order to provide stenographic and clerical services to the Special Agents assigned to this expedite special investigation.

UACB, up to 400 hours of support overtime will be used only if absolutely necessary for this important investigation.

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3 - Bureau
2 - Charlotte (1 - 44-3527)
(1 - 66-424)

HGM:lct
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/6/84 BY sp/tap/ep

asac

44-3527-17

SAC

44-3527-

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

PAGE THREE DE WF 0004 UNCLAS E F T O

WORKER PARTY OR THE RCP IN WASHINGTON, D.C.

LEADS. WASHINGTON FIELD. AT WASHINGTON, D.C., WILL ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING [redacted] COMMENTS MADE TO DETECTIVE [redacted]

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BT

0004

311150Z CE

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [XX] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [XX] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [XX] UNCLAS

391028

Date 11/7/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO RICHMOND IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp2tcp/kp

ON THIS DATE CHIEF OF POLICE MARSHALL CLARK, EDEN, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT, ADVISED HE RECEIVED A CALL FROM A [redacted] (NOT IDENTIFIED) WHO ADVISED THAT ONE [redacted] AKA [redacted] WHITE FEMALE, EMPLOYED AS [redacted] RUDD TRAILER COMPANY, RIDGEWAY, VIRGINIA, WAS APPARENTLY A MEMBER OF WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) INVOLVED IN CAPTIONED SHOOTING. [redacted] HAS BEEN KNOWN TO DISTRIBUTE COMMUNIST LITERATURE AT THE RUDD TRAILER COMPANY. SHE APPARENTLY TRAVELED TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, ON THE DATE OF THE SHOOTING AND WAS POSSIBLY INVOLVED IN THE DEMONSTRATION AND A WITNESS TO THE SHOOTINGS. IT WAS ALSO BELIEVED THAT SHE WAS ACCOMPANIED BY ONE [redacted] BLACK MALE, WHO INTENDED TO TAKE A PISTOL TO

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44-3527-19

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

HPB:swl

(1) [redacted]

ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

Approved: _____ Transmitted 002 (Number) 1842 (Time) Per _____

RH -

See Attached Search Slip

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

391028

Date _____

PAGE TWO 44-3527 UNCLAS

GREENSBORO. NO FURTHER INFORMATION KNOWN TO THE SOURCE OF THE CASE.

RICHMOND REQUESTED TO IMMEDIATELY LOCATE AND INTERVIEW [redacted] AND [redacted] INTERVIEWS TO BE SUBMITTED ON FD-302S AND SHOULD INCLUDE BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON WVO, INCLUDING PLANS FOR DEMONSTRATION ON DATE OF SHOOTING. ALSO, ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE ANY SPECIFIC TRAVEL OF WVO MEMBERS TO GREENSBORO ON FORTHCOMING NOVEMBER 11, 1979, DEMONSTRATION.

SUTEL RESULTS.

BT

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b7C

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527)(P) DATE: 11/7/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/7/79, SA [redacted], ATF, Wilmington, N. C., telephonically contacted the Wilmington, N. C. RA and advised he had been contacted by [redacted] U. S. Army Recruiting Office, which is located in the same building with ATF. She related that between 12:00 and 12:15 PM, 11/7/79, she had been in telephonic contact with Master Sergeant [redacted] at their headquarters in Raleigh, N. C., having dialed them over toll free number 1-800-7473. [redacted] advised her to wait, that another conversation was coming in on the line and mentioned that he had heard two unnamed Federal Agents from an unnamed Federal agency having a discussion regarding the recent Klan killings in Greensboro, N. C. The topics discussed were the identities of people in custody, the evidence against these people, the identities of additional people to be arrested in this case, the times they were to be arrested and related matters. Based on this information SA [redacted] felt that the parties to this conversation were most likely with the FBI and wanted us to be aware of this situation.

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[redacted]'s knowledge of the above conversations were relayed to her by [redacted] She stated they have been having problems with their toll free number recently.

The above information is furnished for any action deemed appropriate by Charlotte headquarters.

JSW:jnr
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/94 BY sp/tap/kp

1) ASAC

Handled unavoidable and not classified

44-3527-20

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 7 1979

[redacted]

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FM CHARLOTTE (105-4471)(P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

BT

~~C O N F I D E N T I A L~~

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND ALLOCATION - FOREIGN COUNTERINTELLIGENCE (4)

AS THE BUREAU IS AWARE, CHARLOTE DIVISION HAS SIX AGENTS ASSIGNED FULL TIME FCI DUTIES; HOWEVER, IT HAS BEEN NECESSARY TO ASSIGN THREE OF THESE AGENTS TO THE GREENKIL SPECIAL NOW BEING HANDLED IN THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION. THE THREE FCI AGENTS HAVE BEEN SO ASSIGNED SINCE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND WILL RESUME FCI INVESTIGATIVE DUTIES AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

UACB, THESE THREE FCI AGENTS WILL REMAIN ASSIGNED TO THE GREENKIL SPECIAL UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF SAC AND ASAC AS NEEDED.

~~C AND E 1550. REASONS (2)(3). DRD NOVEMBER 7, 1999.~~

BT

CONFIDENTIAL
Classified by 6/1/82 spw taylor
Declassify on: OADR

DECLASSIFIED BY 60267 NLS/RS/mkb
ON 5-4-01

HQ-1220?

2cc 105-4471
1cc 44-3527

44-3527-27

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- 1979

1) ASAC

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FM RICHMOND (44-1416) P

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/6/94 BY sp2 lap/pw

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO RICHMOND, NOV. 7, 1979.

ON NOV. 7, 1979, VIRGINIA DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES (DMV) INQUIRY REVEALED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION RE [redacted] STREET, MARTINSVILLE, DOB [redacted] LBS., EYES [redacted] HAIR [redacted]

DMV INQUIRY NEGATIVE RE [redacted] AND [redacted]

ON SAME DATE, SA [redacted] (FBI) AND SA [redacted] VIRGINIA STATE POLICE (VSP), ATTEMPTED TO CONTACT AND INTERVIEW [redacted] AT RUDD TRAILER DIVISION, RT. 732, MARTINSVILLE, VA., BUT MET WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS. BOTH [redacted] LEFT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION AT 3:30 PM SHIFT CHANGE. [redacted] ARE [redacted] AND TEAMSTER LOCAL 22 AT RUDD TRAILER.

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Copy to Capt Tamosaitis PD 11/10 JVK

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44-3527-28

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 8 1979

[redacted]

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DIVISION. [redacted] IS EMPLOYED AS A [redacted] AND [redacted] IS EMPLOYED AS A [redacted] COMPANY SOURCE ADVISED [redacted] HAS BEEN EMPLOYED APPROXIMATELY [redacted] YEAR AND [redacted] APPROXIMATELY [redacted] YEARS. BOTH HAVE SATISFACTORY WORK RECORDS, BUT COMPANY SOURCE ADVISED THAT [redacted] HAVE BEEN HANDING OUT ANTI-TEAMSTER UNION AND ANTI-COMPANY PAMPHLFETS ENTITLED "TURF" (TEAMSTERS UNITED FOR THE RANK AND FILE). IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT THESE PAMPHLETS HAVE BEEN HANDED OUT FOR APPROXIMATELY TWO MONTHS ON A SEMI-WEEKLY BASIS, THEY HAVE CAUSED SOME DISSENSION AMONG THE PEOPLE EMPLOYED AT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION. ALSO, [redacted] ARE THOUGHT TO HAVE HANDED OUT PAMPHLETS AT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION ENTITLED "DEATH TO THE KLAN." b6 b7C

ON NOV. 7, 1979, SA [redacted], FBI, AND SA [redacted] VSP, ATTEMPTED TO CONTACT AND INTERVIEW [redacted] AT HER RESIDENCE IN MARTINSVILLE, VA. AN INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFYING HIMSELF AS [redacted]'S HUSBAND, [redacted] REFUSED THE INQUIRING AGENTS ADMISSION INTO THE RESIDENCE AND ADVISED THAT HIS WIFE DID NOT WANT TO TALK TO THE FBI. DURING CONTACT AT THE [redacted] RESIDENCE, SEVERAL VEHICLES WERE PRESENT, AND THE FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF THOSE VEHICLES AND DMV INFORMATION CONCERNING THEM:

1969 VOLKSWAGEN, TWO-DOOR SEDAN, VIRGINIA LICENSE [redacted]

1971 TOYOTA, TWO-DOOR SEDAN, VIRGINIA LICENSE [redacted],

THE TWO ABOVE VEHICLES REGISTERED TO [redacted] STREET, MARTINSVILLE, VA., OPERATOR'S LICENSE AND SSAN [redacted], LICENSE TO EXPIRE 1982, RESTRICTED TO WEARING GLASSES, DOB [redacted] WHITE MALE, [redacted] EYES, [redacted] HAIR, [redacted] LBS.

1975 HONDA STATION WAGON, VIRGINIA LICENSE [redacted], REGISTERED TO [redacted] AVENUE, MARTINSVILLE, VA., OPERATOR'S LICENSE AND SSAN [redacted] CHAUFFEUR'S LICENSE TO EXPIRE 1980, WHITE MALE, DOB [redacted] EYES, [redacted] HAIR, [redacted] LBS.

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THE FOLLOWING LICENSE WAS SEEN ON A LIGHT BLUE FORD VAN BUT DMV SHOWS IT SHOULD BE TITLED TO A 1967 FORD PICKUP TRUCK:

[redacted], REGISTERED TO [redacted] R. O. BOX [redacted] AVENUE, FIELDALE, VA., REGISTERD TO A 1967 FORD PICKUP TRUCK. DMV INQUIRY REVEALS WHITE MALE, SSAN AND OPERATOR'S LICENSE [redacted] RESIDING NO. [redacted] STREET, FIELDALE, VA., EXPIRES 1983, RESTRICTED TO WEARING GLASSES, DOB [redacted] EYES, [redacted] HAIR, [redacted] LBS.

ALSO PRESENT WAS VEHICLE DRIVEN BY A YOUNG [redacted] LOOKING MALE, VEHICLE BEARING NEW YORK LICENSE [redacted]

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LEADS: RICHMOND DIVISION AT MARTINSVILLE, VA.: WILL ATTEMPT TO INTERVIEW [redacted] AT THE RUDD TRAILER DIVISION, NOV. 8, 1979.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

3121754Z CE 1

THANKS

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/8/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/8/79, [redacted] Rd., Greensboro (telephone # [redacted] unlisted) telephoned Greensboro RA and advised he is considered a respected member of the [redacted] community and a retired [redacted] employee from Washington, D.C. He believes the Greensboro PD has been infiltrated by the Klan although he has no specific names. He has information about PD Officer [redacted] who is sympathetic to the Klan and may have assisted the Klan in captioned matter. [redacted] desired to be interviewed by Bureau Agent and indicated he will provide other names of [redacted] community people who will verify his comments.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/14 BY sp tap/kp

44-3527-29A

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 1979
[redacted]

2 - Charlotte
HPB:jat
(2)

Covered 11/8/79

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [X] UNCLAS

Date 11/7/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO COLUMBIA IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/6/92 BY sp2 tap/ep

GREENKIL

[ ] INVISIBLE EMPIRE OF NORTH CAROLINA KU KLUX KLAN, WAS ONE OF THE ORGANIZERS OF THE KLAN/NAZI CARAVAN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, WHICH RESULTED IN KILLING OF FIVE WVO DEMONSTRATORS. [ ] IS [ ] OF THE KLAN IN LINCOLNTON, N. C., AREA. INVESTIGATION INDICATES THAT HE PARTICIPATED IN THE CARAVAN AND, THEREFORE, MUST BE CONSIDERED AS A SUBJECT IN THIS INVESTIGATION.

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ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, [ ] N. C., WIFE OF [ ] INDICATED HER HUSBAND HAS NOT RETURNED TO RESIDENCE AFTER SHOOTING INCIDENT. SHE CLAIMS HIS WHEREABOUTS ARE UNKNOWN, BUT ADMITS HE MAY BE ON THE RUN. [ ] STATED [ ] [ ] STREET, CAMDEN, S. C., (TELEPHONE NUMBER

44-3527-32

2 - 44-3527

HPB:rep
(2)

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
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32

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
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- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

[redacted], IS MOTHER OF [redacted] ADDITIONALLY, HER HUSBAND MAY HAVE CONTACTED [redacted] ADDRESS UNKNOWN, SPARTANBURG, S. C., (TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted] DESCRIBED AS [redacted] OF KLAN IN SOUTH CAROLINA. [redacted] PROBABLY ACCOMPANIED BY ONE [redacted] DESCRIBED AS [redacted] BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN IN KLAN CARAVAN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

b6
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[redacted] DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, AGE [redacted] INCHES, [redacted] POUNDS, SLENDER.

[redacted] DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, AGE [redacted] INCHES, [redacted] POUNDS, LIGHT BROWN BUSHY HAIR.

COLUMBIA, IMMEDIATELY MAKE EFFORTS TO LOCATE ABOVE INDIVIDUALS. IF LOCATED, COLUMBIA DETERMINE AVAILABILITY OF EITHER OR BOTH FOR INTERVIEW BY CHARLOTTE DIVISION AGENTS, POSSIBLY ACCOMPANIED BY MEMBER OF GREENSBORO, N. C., PD. CHARLOTTE CONSIDERS IT ESSENTIAL THAT AGENTS THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH EVENTS AT CRIME SCENE HANDLE THE INTERVIEW..

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: NOVEMBER 8, 1979

REPLY TO ATTN OF: SPC [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

TO: SAC CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

AT 6:13 PM THIS DATE AN UNKNOWN WHITE MALE TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED THE CHARLOTTE OFFICE AND PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER. UNKNOWN CALLER STATED THAT ONE [redacted] WHO WAS INVOLVED IN THE SHOOTINGS IN GREENSBORO IS EMPLOYED BY AMERICAN HOECHST IN MOUNT HOLLY, N.C. CALLER ALSO STATED [redacted] WAS SHOT IN THE ARM DURING THE SHOOTING INCIDENT. CALLER THEN TERMINATED THE CALL.

SA [redacted] GRA, ADVISED THE FBI AND GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT ARE ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW [redacted] CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER BUT THAT TO DATE NO WARRANT HAS BEEN ISSUED FOR HIS ARREST.

SA [redacted] REQUESTED THAT [redacted] ALSO KNOWN AS [redacted] BE LOCATED AT HIS PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT AMERICAN HOECHST MOUNT HOLLY, N.C., AND INTERVIEWED CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/94 BY sp tap/yp

[redacted]

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(2)

44-3527-35
SERIALIZED INDEXED FILED
NOV 8 1979
[redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
(REV. 7-76)
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
5010-112

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC (44-3527) DATE: 11/8/79

FROM : SC [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/8/79, [redacted] Apartment [redacted] Winston Salem, N. C., business telephone [redacted] telephonically advised that [redacted] Winston Salem Museum, Government Center Building, Winston Salem, N. C., telephone [redacted], could possibly furnish information concerning the Klan and Nazi groups involved in captioned matter. [redacted] stated [redacted] is a writer and recently wrote an article about the Klan and Nazi groups which appeared in the Triad magazine. [redacted] stated [redacted] was present at China Grove and Louisburg, N. C., recently at the group rallies held there. [redacted] according to [redacted], identified some of people to the Greensboro Police, and may be able to furnish other information, identities of members, etc., to FBI, who may have involved in captioned matter.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/84 BY sp tap/sp

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(2)

44-3527-36

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 8 - 1979
FBI [redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO :SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/8/79

FROM :SA [redacted]

SUBJECT:"GREENKIL"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/88 BY sp2 Tap/sp

[redacted] (protect identity at her specific request), [redacted] Lane, [redacted] N. C., home telephone furnished the following information with the specific request that this information be kept strictly confidential and with the assurance that this information would be kept confidential. [redacted] noted that she was making a request of this nature in that she felt that if it were released she had furnished this information, it might bring harm to herself or to her [redacted]

The Klansmen in the Lincolnton area are members of the Invisible Empire of the North Carolina Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The Grand Dragon of this organization is VIRGIL GRIFFIN, who lives in the Stanley, North Carolina, area. His assistant is [redacted] residence unknown. CARL NAPPIER is believed to be the Secretary-Treasurer and is from Fletcher, North Carolina. [redacted] is the [redacted] and he has responsibilities for membership and swearing in of new members in a multicounty area.

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The Lincolnton Klavern is known as the Lincoln County Rebel Club and meets on Sunday afternoons at the Lincoln County Fairground Building. They have also sponsored rallies which have been attended by Klansmen from all over the area at this same location.

The Lincoln County Klavern does not presently have an Exalted Cyclops.

[redacted] who is [redacted] of Hardee's in Lincolnton, is a member of the Klavern. He was asked to be Exalted Cyclops but said he could not handle this as he did not have the time. His wife, [redacted] had also been a member, however, she quit.

44-3527-39

Other members are [redacted] wife of [redacted] wife of [redacted]

JVG:swl
(3) Swl

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FBI

[redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll S

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/84 BY sp2 tap/jp

wife of [redacted] a neighbor of [redacted] who rents a trailer from him; [redacted] ROY TONEY, from Gastonia; [redacted] address unknown; [redacted] (LNU), who is employed at Hardee's in Lincolnton; [redacted] who lives with [redacted] and works for him in the [redacted] business. [redacted] is suppose to be from Gastonia and has no family.

[redacted] advised that she does not know HAROLD FLOWERS or [redacted] as being members, and they could be relatively new members. [redacted] are members of the Klan but believed not to be members of the Lincolnton Klavern.

Following the rally at the fairgrounds two weeks ago and the request for some of the men to go to Greensboro to show support for the Klan, VIRGIL GRIFFIN specifically asked the members to go. He asked for only men to go because he was afraid of a possible problem with the Communist group because of past dealings with the Communist group and the information they had been putting out about death to the Klan. As a result, GRIFFIN said he did not want the women or children to go. There were about 10 to 12 of the men who said that they would go.

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b7D

On Friday, November 2, 1979, [redacted] who was also a member of the Lincolnton Klavern, to meet at [redacted] s home that night. [redacted] go to the meeting. They wanted [redacted] to go to Greensboro with them, however, he told them that he would [redacted] and for the past [redacted] He will be [redacted] and will be available for interview [redacted].

[redacted] has talked the problem with the Klan over with [redacted] and they both have decided that they are going to quit. She is of the understanding that other individuals who were members are also going to quit in view of what has happened. None of them believe in getting involved in the type of situation which occurred in Greensboro. Also, quite a few of the members are angry with VIRGIL GRIFFIN because he requested the members to go, led them there and then left when there was trouble leaving the others in jail.

[redacted] identified individual depicted in the photograph of ROLAND W. WOOD as a member of the Nazi Party.

The Klan was first introduced to the Nazi Party when they were invited by the Nazis to a barbecue at either Laurinburg or Lewisburg, N. C., back in September, 1979. This was strictly a social for members and their families. There was a Klan group there, a Nazi

group and another group whose name she did not know. This third group wore white shirts with red on the shoulders. There were 200 to 300 people there. The Press was also there. Articles were written up in local newspapers as well as coverage given by Channel 12 at Winston-Salem. She believes it was approximately 200 miles to get to the location. About half of the local members of the Lincolnton Klavern went. They traveled in two cars, two trucks and a van from Lincolnton. [redacted] and herself drove one vehicle. [redacted] drove a vehicle as well as [redacted] Some of the group from Gastonia also went. They went in a truck owned by someone from the Smyrna, N. C., area.

There was talk of the three groups joining together. VIRGIL GRIFFIN was in favor of the Nazis joining the Klan, however, he wanted it to be known that he would be the leader and that the Nazis would have to give up their uniforms and swastika bands. There was quite a bit of dissension among members of the local group about Nazis joining the Klan. Many of them did not want to have anything to do with them. b6 b7C b7D

She advised that there was not much of any Klan activity in the Lincolnton area prior to this past summer. The recruiting began in the summer and went on through the Fall. Funds are raised through donations taken up at the rallies.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

[redacted] is not being open as ~~the~~ a confidential source or informant, in view of the fact that she has advised that she is going to quit the Klan. Furthermore, in accordance with current instructions pertaining to opening of sources, there is not a current case involving investigation of the Klan. The above information ~~will be of~~ is being furnished for lead value at such a time as deemed necessary.

LA0025 3130606Z

RR HQ CE

DE LA

R 9060GZ M NOV 79

FM LOS ANGELES (100-37335)(11)(C)

TO DIRECTOR (ROUTINE)

CHARLOTTE (157-NEW)(44-3527) (ROUTINE)

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/4/94 BY sp2 tap/kp

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION,AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST. "GREENKIL"

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU AND CHARLOTTE, NO INFORMATION HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY THE LOS ANGELES DIVISION TO INDICATE THAT MEMBERS OF CAPTIONED GROUP PLAN TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO TO PARTICIPATE IN CAPTIONED DEMONSTRATION.

ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, UNSOLICITED INFORMATION WAS RECEIVED FROM [redacted] ERAY OIL COMPANY, EL MONTE, CALIFORNIA, INDICATING THAT CAPTIONED GROUP IS DISTRIBUTING LEAFLETS REGARDING PLANNED DEMONSTRATION AT 12 NOON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1979, AT FEDERAL BUILDING,

44-3527-43 b6 b7C

SERIALIZED NOV 9 1979

(2)cc 44-3527
2cc 157-10168

300 NORTH LOS ANGELES STREET, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

NO ADDITIONAL DETAILS AVAILABLE.

ET

CE 1

SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(P) 11/9/79

SA [redacted] NEWARK DIVISION

GREENKIL

b6
b7C

Following information was furnished telephonically to Charlotte office at 2:30 P.M., 11/9/79, by SA [redacted] Newark Division:

On Thursday, 11/8/79, a demonstration of 15 to 20 people was held at the U. S. Federal Building, Broad Street, in Newark, N. J. Demonstrators distributed a flyer that stated: AVENGE THE MURDER OF THE CWP 5! TURN THE COUNTRY UPSIDE DOWN TO BEAT BACK THE NEW WAVE OF KKK, NAZI AND FBI ATTACKS! MARCH IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, FUNERAL MARCH, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1:00 P.M., STARTING PLACE; MARKET STREET AND MURROW BOULEVARD. SPONSORED BY THE COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE MURDER OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (WORKERS VIEWPOINT) 5.

2 - 44-3527
2 - 157-10168

SEL:jnr
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/84 BY sp Tap/jw

44-3527-46

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

CO0018 3132316Z

CO CE

DE CO

O Ø92316Z NOV 79

FM COLUMBIA (1ØØ-1796) (P)

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

RECETEL TO CO, NOV. 8, 1979.

[redacted] STREET, CAMDEN, S. C., WHO IS THE ELDERLY MOTHER OF [redacted] WAS CONTACTED AT HER RESIDENCE ON NOV. 8, 1979. [redacted] HAS NOT SEEN OR HAD ANY CONTACT WITH [redacted] SINCE VISITING WITH HIM AT HIS RESIDENCE IN NORTH CAROLINA ABOUT TWO WEEKS AGO. [redacted]'S WIFE, DROVE HER BACK TO SOUTH CAROLINA. [redacted] ADVISED THAT [redacted] MUST TAKE [redacted] SHE WILL REQUEST [redacted] TO CONTACT THE CHARLOTTE FBI IF CONTACTED BY HIM.

BT

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/94 BY [signature]

HH-3527-48

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 9 1979
CHARLOTTE
[redacted]

CO0005 3132038

CO CE

DE CO

O 092038Z NOV 79N

FM COLUMBIA (100-1796)

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

RECETEL, NOV. 8, 1979.

ON NOV. 9, 1979, EFFORTS TO INTERVIEW [redacted] AVE., SPARTANBURG, S. C. NEGATIVE. INTERVIEW OF [redacted] SON OF [redacted] WHO IS VISITING PARENTS, REVEALED [redacted] CONFINED TO [redacted], N. C. FOR [redacted] OF [redacted] HAS BEEN IN HOSPITAL 2 - 3 DAYS AND IS TO BE RELEASED NOV. 9 OR 10, 1979 TO RETURN HOME.

[redacted] WHO RESIDES AT RT. [redacted] BOX [redacted] N. C., TELEPHONE [redacted] ADMITS KNOWING [redacted] HOWEVER, DENIES HAVING SEEN HIM IN RECENT PAST AND COULD FURNISH NO INFORMATION RE HIS CURRENT WHEREABOUTS. DENIES KNOWING OR EVER HAVING MET [redacted] AND DOES NOT KNOW HIS WHEREABOUTS.

b6
b7C

11-9-79
SA [redacted]
Asheville RA advises
Released from
11-3-79 10:30AM
[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/6/24 BY sp/lap/ep

44-3527-49

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

CO 100-1796, PAGE TWO, UNCLAS

OLD PICKUP TRUCK, N. C. TAG [redacted] PARKED AT [redacted]'S SPARTANBURG RESIDENCE AND IS REGISTERED TO [redacted]

CHARLOTTE AT [redacted] N. C., CONTACT APPROPRIATE PERSONNEL, [redacted] DETERMINE IF [redacted] IS CONFINED THERE AND IF SO, INTERVIEW RE WHEREABOUTS OF [redacted] AND [redacted] WILL THEREAFTER ADVISE COLUMBIA DIVISION AND, IF NOT LOCATED, SET OUT LEAD TO INTERVIEW OR ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION DESIRED.

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BT

2042 CE FOR 1 CLR

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date: 3/5/82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3/5/82	Guilford County Superior Court, Greensboro, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No	SA	SA

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b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See Attached exhibit list

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/84 BY sp2tap/gw

44A-3527-1B14

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 16 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # CE 44A-3527

OO: CE

79 CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-28	Black buck Knife Case	8-6	✓		
S-29	Clear plastic bag Contents envelope 6 bullets .32 cal.	✓	✓		
S-30	.32 Cal. Revolver Decado serial 45453 - found in black holster -	✓	✓		
S-31	Clear plastic - Cont. M-Fire 9 live .22 Cal bullets -	✓	✓		
S-32	Plastic bag - Cont Manila envelope Contains 4 spent 357 bullets 2 live 357 bullets -	✓	✓		
S-33	Plastic bag - DPD envelope Contains - 3 live 30-30 Cal bullets -	✓	✓		
S-34	Plastic bag - DPD envelope Contains - 4 live 12 gauge #6 Bears Shot gun Shells.	✓	✓		
S-35	Plastic bag - DPD evidence envelope Contains 2-12 gauge live Shotgun Shells	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

80 132 178
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

MICROFILMED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

Date

17389,90,54458,59,60,61,
[illegible],62,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
[illegible]. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-36	357 Smith & Wesson Revolver Serial # N299492	8-6	✓		
S-37	Brown Paper bag - Empty Soft drink bottles & 3 empty cans	8-6	✓		
S-39	Plastic bag containing Paper bag - Contains 3 box .22 Cal Ammunition 1 Remington .22 Cal. revolver	✓	NO		
S-40	bag contain buck hunting knife	✓	✓		
S-40-A	bag Contain Sabre hunting knife Monarc Serial KM1131	✓	✓		
S-41	Plastic bag - Contains purple plastic bag - Belgrams	✓	✓		
S-41A	Plastic bag - DPD evidence envelope Contained assorted sizes of ammunition (See description)	✓	✓		
S-42	Box	8-7	NO		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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No. Date Released By

YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

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By Date Rec'd By

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1,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
66,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-42-A	Plastic bag - manila GPD evidence envelope contains 2 - 12 gauge shotgun shells.	8-7	✓		
S-43	Lawn Chair	✓	✓		
S-43A	Lawn Chair	✓	✓		
S-43B	Lawn Chair	✓	✓		
S-44	GPD medical Control Card	NO			
S-44A	GPD evidence Control Card - 1	NO			
S-45	Box	NO			
S-45B	White plastic bag	NO			
S-45C	Clear plastic bag contain Shotgun shells 2 plastic bags.	✓	✓		
S-45D	Clear plastic bag Contain Cartridges Shells - 18 plastic bags - Box .22 Cal.	✓	✓		
S-46	Box	NO			
S-46A	Plastic bag - Green Shotgun Shell.	✓	✓		
S-47	Film in Round Metal Container (Channel 8 TV)	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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To 80 / 32 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

By Date Rec'd By

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79 crs 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44;45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-48	Photo	8-8	✓		
S-48A-I	Photos	~	~		
S-49	Photo	✓	✓		
S-49A-D	Photos	✓	✓		
S-51A-L	Registration Certificates for Mtr Veh.	8-11	✓		
S-50	Envelope Containing Sheet w/Licenses	~	~		
S-52	Photo	✓	~		
S-53	Photo	✓	~		
S-54	Photo	~	~		
S-55	Photo	✓	~		
S-56	Photo	~	~		
S-57	Photo	✓	✓		
S-58 (substituted)	Photo	Not introduced 8-12	-	✓	
S-2C	Aerial View	✓	✓		
S-58A	Photo	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

(Signature)

YEAR 82 FILM 132 ITEM 118

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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1,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
4422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

TE OF NORTH CAROLINA

iff

[redacted]

rney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Disposition:

b6
b7C

fense:

st Degree Murder (30 counts)
gaging in a riot (6 counts)

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-59	Photo	8-12	✓		
S-60	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60A	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60B	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60C	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60D	Photo	Clerk w/not having ✓	Gpotalk sued		
S-60E	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60F	Photo				
S-60G	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60H	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60I	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60J	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60K	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60L	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60M	Photo	✓	✓		
S-60N	Photo	✓	✓		
S-61	Photo	✓	✓		
S-61A-F	Photos	✓	✓		
D-2	[illegible]	✓		✓	
S-62I	Photo	8-13	✓		

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No.	Date	Released By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

Date	Rec'd By

To 82 13 11
YEAR FILM ITEM

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17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
85,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-62	Photo	8-13	✓		
S-62H	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62A	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62G	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62D	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62B	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62C	Photo	✓	✓		
S-62E	Photo	✓	✓		
S 62F	Photo	✓	✓		
S 62J	Photo	✓	✓		
S-63	Newspaper (11-4-79)	Not introduced			
S-64	Tape [redacted]	✓	✓		
S-65	Plastic bag - Contains 8 Shotgun shells	✓	✓		
S-1B	List of evidence Collected at scene (on Cardboard)	8-21	✓		
S-1C	Survey Map	8-21	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

88 / 132 / 118
YEAR / FILM / ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remove such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Date

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Cases 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S66	Plastic bag - blue shotgun shells 12 gauge	8-20	✓		
S-66A	Brown paper wraping of 66AA	—		NO	
S66AA	2x2 wood stick	—	✓		
S67	Brown paper bag. Contain 9 wooden tree limbs.	—	✓		
S-68	Straw hat. red feather.	✓	✓		
S-69	Brown paper bag. Contains -		NO		
S69-1	Hat. Beige (Hat)	✓	✓		
S69-A	Manila Envelope w/gold rim glasses	✓	✓		
S70	Camera. Tripod	✓	✓		
S71	Box w/ stick with Blue Box - wooden helmet - ribbonet Purple toeboggan -	✓	✓		
S-72	Box -		NO		
S-72A	Stripe Brown Coat.	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

To 1A 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

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6,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

[redacted]

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

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b7C

Offense:

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ngaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S-72B	Brown leather Coat.	8-20	✓		
S-72C	Manila Envelope - Cold medicine Papers. in Brown coat.	✓	✓		
S-72D	Manila Envelope. Lipstick alka Seltzer - Brown coat.	✓	✓		
S-73	Manila Envelope - w/ metal fragment -	✓	✓		
S-74	Envelope w/ wire rim glasses	✓	✓		
*S-74A	Brown paper wrap attached a plastic bag w/	✓	✓		
*74-A-3	Plastic bag ⇒ lead pellet	✓	✓		
S-74A-I	Wood stick	✓	✓		
S74B.	Plastic bag Contain Brown Wallet Tags w/ metal fragments. James Walker	$64.00 - drivers lic credit card - plastic	✓	✓	
S75	Manila envelope w/ Brown wallet drivers license of C. Cauce.	✓	✓		
S75A	Manila envelope W/ red bandana	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 / 32 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By
1						

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CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
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No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
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Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S76	Brown paper wrap	8-20	NO		
S76A	Wood tool handle	✓	✓		
S76B	Wood Stick 3 foot - leather strap	✓	✓		
S77	Manila envelop (Camera lens)	✓	✓		
S78	Box		NO		
S78A	Blue Coat	✓	✓		
S78B	Literature (3 pages)	✓	✓		
S79	Plastic bag w/ Manila envelope 12 gauge Shot gun shell	✓	✓		
S80	Manila envelopes 73118		NO		
S80A	Remington Serial 73118	✓	✓		
S81	Tag attached to		NO		
S81A	Shotgun Serial 101B10	✓	✓		
S100	AR-180 Rifle Gun Serial: S19663	✓	✓		
S101	Blue Suede Jacket	✓	✓		
S102	Plastic bag w/ bullets from Clip 26 rounds 00	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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80 / 32 / 118
TO YEAR FILM ITEM

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By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

Date

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79 Crs 17509,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422;23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54447,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S103	Photo	8-20	✓		
S103A	Photo	-	✓		
S103B	Photo	-	✓		
S103C	Photo	-	✓		
S103D	Photo	-	✓		
S103E	Photo	-	✓		
S103F	Photo	-	✓		
S100A	Copy Firearm purchase form S19663 Gun AR180 rifle	-	✓		
S82	Plastic bag - W/envelope & spent brass casings	-	✓		
		-			
S82-A	9 spent brass casings	-	✓		
S83	Manila Envelope - Spent Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
S83A	Spent Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
S84	Man/Envelope w/ Live Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
S85	Plastic bag (9 Spent Shotgun Shells)	-	✓		

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TO FILM ITEM 32 118

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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...581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
...o. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
...,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
...intiff

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...ttorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

... Offense:

...irst Degree Murder (30 counts)
...ngaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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X S85-A	(3) Shotgun Shells Spent	8-20	✓		
S85B	5 Shotgun Shells Spent	-	✓		
S85C	1 Shotgun Shell Spent	-	✓		
S86	Cardboard Box (2 Hammers)	-	✓		
S87	Box - White Sheet Rummy Comp Bulk Citrgfluid	-	✓		
S88	w/White Box Manila envelope Metal fragment	-	✓		
S89	Plastic bag. Live Shotgun Shell + fragments in small bag.	-	✓		
S90	Manila Envelope (2 white mittens)	✓	✓		
S91	Manila Envelope (Pair Brown Gloves)	✓			
S91A	Pair Brown Gloves	✓	✓		
S92	Manila Envelope - (Red Jam Hat)	-	NO		
S92A	Red Jam Hat	-	✓		

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(X) 32 / 18
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

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...5,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
593	Brown bag containing Stick & Metal fragment-	8-21	No		
593A1	Stick - 14 in 2X2	-	✓		
593A	White Pill Box	✓	✓		
593B	Plastic tag - w/fragment	✓	✓		
594	Manila envelope contain tag w/ wrangler on it.	—	✓		
595	Brown bag - clip board w/ Charts on it -		No		
595A	Clip board w/ Charts	-	✓		
596	Box Contain Bullcharn	—	✓		
597	Manila envelope - (Red substance)	-	No		
598	Manila envelope - Skin from Smith Shotgun Chamber	-	No		Dept Wood - ✓ 10-13
599	Manila envelope. 3 live Shotgun Shells		✓		
599A	Plastic bag - 12 gauge Shotgun Shell Live	-	✓		
599B	Plastic bag 12 gauge Live shotgun Shell	-	✓		
599C	Plastic bag 12 gauge Live Shotgun Shell	-	✓		
5104	Plastic bag w/Blue green + white purse w/ communication & 9 live bullet .380 1 live 30-6 1 live 38 Special Charm bracelet	-	No		Dept Wood ✓ 10-13

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Date	Rec'd By

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YEAR 92 FILM 16 ITEM

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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...7539,90,54458,59,60,61,
...7581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

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Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
104A	Purse (Blue-green+white)	8-21	✓		
104B	plastic bag w/ Charm bracelet		✓		
104C	plastic bag ammunition (bullet 8 live 380 1 live 38 Special)		✓		
105	plastic bag. (Manila envelope) 1 live .38 Special bullet.	-	✓		
5106	plastic bag. Spent Shell	-	✓		
5107	Manila envelope (18 index cards.) 1 blue piece of paper.		NO		
5107A	blue paper		✓		
5107B	18 index Cards		✓		
5108	Box Contains	✓	✓		
5109	Envelope - Metal fragment.	-	✓		
5110	Envelope - (2) Cotton looking wadding	-	✓		
5108A	Envelope - metal fragment.	✓	✓		
111A	Brown paper bag. (top fence post Post#6) piece of wood	✓	✓		
111B	Brown paper bag. w/ (top fence post #5	✓	✓		
111C	Brown paper bag. w/ top fence post #3	✓	✓		

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TO NEAR FILM 33 118 ITEM

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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,28,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
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448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( ) .

E OF NORTH CAROLINA
LEE

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

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torney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
111C-1	Contents of 111C top fence post #3	8-21	✓		
111B-1	Contents 111B top fence post #5	✓	✓		
111A-1	Contents 111A top fence post #6	✓	✓		
S93A S93B	GPD Manila envelope Metal fragment from tree in Exhibit	✓	Dec P. 15		
S93C	Photo	✓	✓		
S93D	Photo	✓	✓		
S93E	Photo	✓	✓		
S112	White Box Containing Clothes (worn	✓	✓ ?		
S113	Box Contains Clothes (worn)		✓		
S114	Manila envelope. Contain cotton wadding.	✓	✓		
S114A	Cardboard box	✓	N/A		
S115	Manila envelope (Contain metal fragment	✓	✓		
S116	Man/envelope - Contain metal fragment (5 plastic bags)	✓	N.R		
S117	Man/envelope - Contain metal fragment	✓	✓		
S118	Man/envelope. (metal fragments (5 plastic bags)	✓	)		

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87 132 11
YEAR FILM ITEM

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Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

[redacted]

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Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S119	Brown paper poster w/red stains 6-2x2 sticks 7-Death to Klan	8-21	✓		
S120	Cardboard box. Contains Posters & handles - (9)	-	✓		
S121	Cardboard box Posters & handles. 14 poster handles. (12 have posters 2 not have posters)		✓		
S-122	Cardboard box 4 have posters Posters & handles - 1 Broken 2x2 5 Poster handles 1 Broken Slat - 3 feet 1 Broken Slat 3½ feet		no	✓ 10-13	
S-123	Manila Envelope - 2 live .38 Cal. wadcutters		no		
S-125	White Box - Posters (Empty) Containing		no		
S-125A	Death to Klan front back. letter - Death to Klan	✓	✓		
S125B - Cardboard poster Death to Klan		✓	✓		

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(To YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM)

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By	Date	Rec'd By

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Case Nos 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

[redacted] b6 b7C

Attorney for Defendant

[redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S126	photo	8-21	✓		
S126A	photo	✓	✓		
S126B	photo	✓	✓		
S126C	photo	✓	✓		
S126D	photo	✓	✓		
S126E	photo	✓	✓		
126F	photo	✓	✓		
S126G	photo -	✓	✓		
S127	Videotape (Channel 2) WFAA TV	✓	✓		
S128	photo	8-25	✓		
S128A-Z	photos	✓	✓		
S128-AA-AZ	photos	✓	✓		
S128-BA-BB	photos	✓	✓		
S129	DPD Man/Env. Lead fragments	✓	✓		
S129B	Envelope that came out of 129 W/9 little plastic envelopes - lead fragments	✓	✓		

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			80 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM	

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

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Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S13.H	Photo evidence bag w/metal frag (smith)	8-26	✓		
S130	Photo	✓	✓		
S130A	Photo		N.O.		
S130B	Photo		✓		
S130C	Photo		N.O.		
S130D	Photo		✓		
S130E	Photo		N.O.		
S130F	Diagram of Sandra Smith		✓		
S131	Box - Contain Clothes of S. Smith	✓	✓		
S132	Box - Contain Clothes of C. Caine	✓	✓		
S133	Box - Contain Possession + Clothes of James M. Walker	✓	✓		
S133A	Metal fragments removed from Jam. Walker; all in plastic bags	✓	Not tendered		
S133B	metal fragments	✓	✓		
S133C	metal fragments		✓		
S133D	metal fragments	✓	✓		
S133E	Walkie Talkie		✓		

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17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S133F	Batteries	8-26	✓		
S133G	Batteries	✓	✓		
S134	Box Contain Sampson Clothes	✓	✓		
S134A-C	Plastic bag: pellets: removed from Sampson Body.	✓	✓		
S135	Box - pellet fragment from Michael Nathan body	✓	Not tendered		
S135A-H	Plastic bags w/ metal fragment	✓	✓		
S135I	Blood Sample from Nathan	✓	Not tendered		
S136	Photo - Nathan	✓	✓		
S136A	Photo	✓	✓		
S136B	Photo	✓	✓		
S136C	Photo	✓	✓		
S136D	Photo	✓	✓		
S136E	Photo	✓	✓		
S136F	Photo	✓	✓		
S136G	Diagram (Body of Nathan)	✓	✓		
S136H	Diagram	✓	✓		

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To 80 / 32 / 118
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17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

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Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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S136 I	Diagram	8-26	✓		
S137	Photo (Walker)	✓	✓		
S137A-G	Photos	✓	✓		
S137H	Diagram Body of Jon Walker Back + front	✓	✓		
S137 I	Body Diagram of Jon Walker Sides	✓	✓		
S138					
S138A	Body Diagram of Sampson Front + Back	8-26	✓		
S140	Photo (Camp)	8-27	✓		
S140A	Photo	✓	✓		
S140B	Photo	✓	✓		
S140C	Photo	✓	✓		
S140D	Photo	✓	✓		
S140E	Photo	✓	✓		
S140F	Photo	✓	✓		
S140G	Photo	✓	✓		
S140H	Diagram - face - Camp	✓	✓		
S140HH	Diagram - front + back - Camp	✓	✓		
S139	Photo - Sampson	✓	✓		
S139A-D	Photos	✓	✓		

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422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
,5448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

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ATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

Disposition:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S-141	Copy/ Firearms Federal Registration form	8-27	✓		
S-142	Copy Firearms Federal Registration form	✓	✓		
S-143	Tape	✓	✓		
S-145	Plastic envelope (metal fragment)	✓	✓		
S-144	Photo	✓	✓		
S-144A	Photo	✓	✓		
S-144B	Photo	✓	✓		
S-146	Parade Permit	✓	✓		
S-147	Bill of Sale	8-28	✓		
S-148	GPD Envelope w/file w/ Metal fragment	✓	✓		
S-148A	File	✓	✓		
S-149A	Plastic Cup w/ Metal fragments	✓	✓		
*Not part to Jury S-149B	GPD evidence envelope	✓	✓		
S-150	GPD evidence envelope contain metal projectile .38 Cal	✓	✓		
150A	Photo	✓	✓		

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CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
81,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S150B	Photos	8-29	✓		
S150C	Registration Certification (Pinto)	✓	✓		
S151	Plastic bag W/ SPD envelope & bullets & boxes	✓	✓		b6 b7C
S-155	Photos	8-29	✓		
S-155A-D	Photos	—	—		
S152 VS-152A	Box of plastic bag w/ 2 yellow Sale Slips	✓	no ✓		
S152B	" " Receipt from Mr. Hague Thurston	✓	✓		
VS152C	" " Misc papers	✓	✓		
VS152D	" " Arm band (Red)	✓	✓		
X S152E	" " 6-.357 casings 1-.00 Buck 3-.38 Casings 1-12 gauge Pike	✓	✓		
S152G	bullets - Hub Cap - from 62 Ford	✓	no		
D1	Hand Wiping residue	8-29			✓
VS153	.22 CLPR Caliber Rifle Serial 18127138	✓	✓		?
VS153A	Double Barrel Shotgun Serial 54690	✓	✓		

153EA- 1-00 buck Shot

7/23/80

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By
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80 / 132 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remo such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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9 Ors 17589,90,54438,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
85,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S153B	Shotgun (single barrel) Serial 2836 Savage	8-29	✓		
S153C	.22 Remington Rifle Serial 1713799	✓	✓		
S154	White bag Contain Gas Mask	✓	✓		
S154A	Gas Mask	✓	✓		
S156	Box				
S156A	White bag w/ ammunition	✓			
S156B	Plastic Box w/ 12 Remington Rifle Cartridges	✓	✓		
S156C	Ammunition Box w/approx 1000 bullets	✓			
S156D	3 ammunition magazines - empty	✓			
S156E	U.S. Military Kit w/ 1000 .22 bullets	✓			
S156F	14 long rifle bullets & .00 Buck Shot	✓			
S156G	Remington Box - Assorted Round of ammunetion	✓	-		
S156H	Box Winchester pistol bullets & assorted ammunition	✓	M/O Ordered		
S156I	Brown bag (8 boxes Remington .223 Cartridges)	✓	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

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Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S156J	Photo	8-29	✓		
S-157	Copy Firearms Federal Registration Form -	9-2	✓		
49EE	Registration of Vehicle -	✓	✓		
S158A	Plastic bag w/ Metal fragments	✓	✓		
S158B	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158C	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158D	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158E	" " W/	✓	✓		
S158G	Diagram of Yard Fairmont Sta. -	✓	✓		
S158K	" " " "	✓	✓		
S158L	Photo	✓	✓		
S158H	Photo	✓	✓		
S158F	Photo	✓	✓		
158M	Photo	✓	✓		

5 plastic bags from Fairmont Sta.
3 plastic bags -
1 metal fragment.

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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No. Date Released By

XX FILE 132 ITEM 118

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

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Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remov such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

...E OF NORTH CAROLINA
...tiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

...torney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
S160A	Plastic bag - (Metal fragments)	9-2	Not tendered		
S160B	Photo (Van)	"	✓		
S160C	Photo (Van)	"	✓		
160DD	Registration of Vehicle (76 Ford Van)	"	—		
S161	Pantaloons	"	✓		
S161A	Plastic (2 pellets)	"	✓		
S159A	Brown paper bag w/ broken glass	"	✓		
S162	Evidence envelope - Containing .38 pistol - Serial	"			
S162A	.38 pistol Serial 2057258	9-22	✓		
162B	6 Spent Shells	✓	✓		
S163	Tape Channel 11	✓	✓		
163A	Tape " "	✓	✓		
163B	Tape " "	✓	✓		
S-253	Plastic envelope - envelope inside 12 gauge Shot Shell -	✓	✓		

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17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
111C-2	Plastic bag - Lead pellets	C-5	✓		
111B-2	Plastic bag - Contain 7 lead pellets.	✓	✓		
	Pattern from 111B-1.		✓		
111A-2	Plastic bag Contain metal fragment	✓	✓		
5164	Brown Wrapping Paper - Contain fence post.	✓			
5164A	Brown Paper Contain fence post	✓			
5164A-1	Plastic bag. Metal fragment	✓	✓		
5164A-2	" " " "	✓	✓		
5164A-3	" " " "	✓	✓		
164A-4	" " " "	✓	✓		
164B	Wood post.				
164C	Wood post - Fence post.				
164D	Fence Post.				
164E	Fence Post				

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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8/132/18
YEAR FILM ITEM

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(Signature)

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
164F	Brown Paper Contain Precipt	9-5			
1D	Chart Containg Deagrams Bag	9-8	✓		
1E-1	Chart - Weapons		✓		
1E-2	Chart - Weapons		✓		
1F	Chart - Stock. FBI # - Description		✓		
1G	Chart -		✓		
165	Slow Motion film (Channel 12)	9-9	✓		
166	Slow motion film (Channel 11)	✓	✓		
167	Slow motion film (Channel 8)	✓	✓		
168	Slow Motion film (Channel 2)	✓	✓		
1H	List of Q Numbers from FBI	✓	✓		
1I	Chart. (Weapon & Ammunition in Van)	✓	✓		
1J	Chart - List of items in Glove compartment)	✓	✓		
1K	Chart - (List explain Q202)	9-11	✓		
148A-1	Writing on Sheet of Paper (Re 148A)	9/15	✓		

5 Exhibits Tape not to be given to jury.

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

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By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

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17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
46-A-1	Illustrative Diagram	9-15	✓		
1M-	Chart - (Specimen 215 & 216)	✓	✓		
1M-1	Chart - (Specimen Q217)	✓	✓		
149A-1	Writing on Sheet re: S149-A	✓	✓		
1N	Chart (Spec. 205-208)	✓	✓		
1O	Chart -	✓	✓		
1P	Chart -	✓	✓		
1Q	Writing on Sheet re S-130-D	✓	✓		
1Q-1	Writing on Sheet re:	✓	✓		
1Q-2	Writing on Sheet re: from Waller	✓	✓		
1Q-3	Writing " "	✓	✓		
1Q-3A	" " "	✓	✓		
1Q-3B	" " "	✓	✓		
1R-	Chart (Spec. 203-218)	✓	✓		
1S-	Chart - Writing Sheet	✓	✓		

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RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By

82 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

CONTINUED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification o a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to rem such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after maili of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

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54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
1L	Chart	9-16	✓		
1T	Chart - White Sheet - illustrate Forecast tail	✓	✓		
1U	White Sheet. Re: 291	✓	✓		b6 b7C
1V	Chart	✓	✓		
1W	Chart.	✓	✓		
1X	Chart - White Sheeting	✓	✓		
81-A-1	Firearms Transaction Record	9-18	✓		
152E-A	DO Buck Shot Taken from 152E-	9-23	✓		
169	Case that holds film	✓	✓		
169A	Film of Ch. #81 W/time code	✓	✓		
170	Case that holds film	✓	✓		
170A	Film of Ch. #82 W/time code	✓	✓		
S171	Interview of [redacted]	9-26			
S172	Statement of [redacted]	✓			
S172A	Statement of [redacted] dated 11-9-81	✓			

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

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54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
36,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S173	Pants of [redacted]	9-29			
S174	Shirt (Plaid	✓			
S175	Photo	9-30			
S176	Photo	✓			
S177	Statement of [redacted]	10-2			
S177A	Waiver of rights form signed by [redacted]	10-6			
S178	Statement of [redacted]	10-7	✓		
S179	Statement of [redacted]	10-8	✓		
S180	Red man Cap	10-8	✓		
S181	Red plaid Shirt	10-8	✓		
S182	Statement of [redacted]	✓	✓		
S183	Statement of [redacted]	10-10	✓		
S183A	Waiver of rights	✓	✓		
S183B	Handwritten note of [redacted]	10-13	✓		
S184	Type Statement of [redacted]	11-3A, 4-79 10-14	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

B2 118 FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

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(Signature)

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PAGE # ...

Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
...intiff

[redacted]

...ttorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

...irst Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

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Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
Morgan D-1	[redacted] Photo -	9-26		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By

To YEAR 82 FILM 112 ITEM 13 By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

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...,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

...TE OF NORTH CAROLINA
...intiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
b7C

...orney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
D-1	Hand Writing sample	8-29		✓	
D-2	Photo	9-29		✓	
D-3	Photo			✓	
D-4	Photo			✓	
D-5	Photo			✓	
D-6	Photo			✓	
*S98	Nile w/Skin	10-13		✓	
*S104	Plastic bag	10-13		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 YEAR 132 FILM 118 ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

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Case No: 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

b6
b7C

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S182A	Tape of Statement of	10-21	SA		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

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80 / 32 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

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(Signature)

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Superior (XXX) District ( )

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	Deft.	Received by
S184A	Typed Statement of [redacted] 11-9-79	10-14	✓		
S185	Hand written Notes of Det [redacted]	10-14	✓		
S185A	Hand written Notes of Det [redacted] of [redacted]	10-14	✓		b6 b7C
S186	Tape of [redacted] Statement 11-3-79	10-14	330		
S187	Typed Statement of [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S188	Typed Statement of [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-189	Typed duplicate of [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-189A	Tape of interview [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-190	Typed interview [redacted]	10-15	✓		
S-190A	Tape of interview	10-16	330		
S191	Typed interview	p.m	✓		
S192	Typed interview		✓		
S193	White Sheet of paper describing shells	10-20	✓	✓	
S194	Hand written Notes of [redacted]	10-21	✓		

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 / 132 / 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK				RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE		
No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remove such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

79 CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE #

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
Substantive D-1	Photo	8-12		✓	
D-2	Photo	✓	Not Tendered		
D-3	Photo	✓		✓	
Voir Dire S-1	newspapers	10-2	Not Tendered		
D-4	Box w/ 5 Shotgun Shells	10-13	Not Tendered		
D-5	Box w/ Shotgun Shells (5)	10-20			
D-6	Box " " (5)	10-20			

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 / 132 / 118
YEAR / FILM / ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To	By

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification o a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to rem such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after maili of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

Date

79 CrS 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
85,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE # _____

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD,

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence			Received by
		On Date	By Atty. for Pltff:	Deft.	
D-1	Photo	8-12	not tendered		
D-2	Writing on Sheet Re: Q453	9-18		✓	
D-3	Grand Jury 1 Yr. Jt Stmt.	10-10		✓	
D-4	Drawing of Shotgun	10-20			

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No.	Date	Released By	To

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

MICROFILMED

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remo such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailin of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date _____

Date _____

79 Crs 17589,90,54458,59,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE # _____

Superior (XXX) District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No. Fowler	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
D-1	Report of Rifle Stolen -	10-2		✓	gd
D-2	Certified Copy of Warrant -	✓		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RELEASED BY CLERK			RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE		
No.	Date	Released By	To	By	Date	Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remove such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record, calling attention to provisions of this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailing of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date _____

79 Cr3 17589,90,54438,39,60,61,
17581,82,54428,29,30,31,17579,80, EXHIBIT LIST
Case No. 54422,23,24,25,17583,84,54443,44,45,46
17585,86,54448,49,54450,51,17591,92,56329,30,31,32

PAGE # _____

Superior XXXX District ( )

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Plaintiff

[redacted]

Attorney for Plaintiff

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, [redacted]

b6
b7C

Attorney for Defendant [redacted]

Offense:

First Degree Murder (30 counts)
Engaging in a riot (6 counts)

Disposition:

Exhibit No.	Type of Exhibit	Offered or Admitted In Evidence: On Date	By Atty. for Pltff.	By Atty. for Deft.	Received by
Matthew D-1	Plastic overlay	9-24		✓	
D-2	Chart - Time chart relating to gun shots Shots 1-10	✓		✓	
D-2A	Chart - " " " Shots 11-20	✓		✓	
D-2B	Chart " " " Shots 21-30	✓		✓	
D-2C	Chart " " " Shots 31-39	✓		✓	

Stored in the Clerk's Exhibit Closet ( )

RELEASED BY CLERK

No. Date Released By

80 132 118
YEAR FILM ITEM

RETURNED TO CLERK'S OFFICE

By Date Rec'd By

(Signature)

Rules of Civil Procedure - Rule #14: Exhibits received by the Clerk shall be removed by the Party Offering them (except as otherwise directed by the Court) within 30 days after final judgment if no appeal is taken; if the case is appealed within 60 days after certification of a final decision from the appellate division. If the party offering an exhibit fails to remo such article, the clerk shall write the Attorney of record; calling attention to provisions o this Rule. It is understood that if the Articles are not removed within 30 days after mailin of such notice, they may be disposed of by the clerk.

COPY OF EXHIBIT LIST MAILED TO:

Date

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date 3-17-82

Title and Character of Case
GreenKil

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3-15-82	Evidence room, Greensboro, PD
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	**Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same**
Vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence
To Be Returned	**Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit** / **Agent Assigned Case**
☒ Yes ☐ No	SA [redacted] / SA [redacted] b6 b7C

☒ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

see attached exhibit List

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/3/24 BY sp2 tap/jap

44A-3527-1B51
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 17 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

Side 1

over V-2

Card 20

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification _____ Crime Location EVERITT & CARVER STS.

Victim's Name CEASAR CAUSE - JAMIE MILLER & OTHERS Victim's Address _____

Victim's Telephone - Home _____ Work _____ Victim's Employer _____

Persons Arrested or Suspected _____ & OTHERS

Evidence Turned in by _____ Badge Number _____ and _____ Badge Number _____

Received by or Locker Number _____ Date _____ Time _____

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
6A	ONE 30	CONTAINS VICTIM INFORM.			
6B	ONE 31	CONTAINS VICTIM INFORM.			
6C	ONE 32	CONTAINS - FLYERS - HANDBOOTS			
6D	ONE 33	CONTAINS - FLYERS - HANDBOOTS			
6E	ONE 34	PHOTO OF FUNERAL MARCH-11-11-79			
6F	ONE 35	PHOTO OF FUNERAL MARCH-11-11-79			b6 b7C
6G	ONE 36	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES			
7A	ONE 37	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES			
7B	ONE 38	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES			
7C	ONE 39	CONTAINS GUN TRACES			
7-D-1	ONE #0	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
7-D-2	ONE #1	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
7-D-3	ONE #2	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
7-D-4	ONE #3	BOOK OF MISCELLANEOUS INF.			
8-A	ONE -	MISCELLANEOUS - REPORTS & STATEMENTS			
		2 SUBPOENAS &			
		12 TAPES			

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature _____ Date 11-25-80 Time 3 pm

PS - POL - 133 - 704 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
6A-6G		FBI -		12-8-81			12-8-81
7A-7D4		FBI		12-8-81			12-8-81
8A		FBI		12-8-81			12-8-81
6A-6G		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
7A-7D4 + 8A		FBI		1-22-82			1-22-82

b6
b7C

Items 6, 7, & 8 were opened on 10/21/81 by [redacted]

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

- ☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item Nos. 6, 7, & 8 1-22-82 By [redacted]
  Person Receiving _____ Date _____
- ☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
- ☐ Other _____

Side 1

over
B-2

Card 81

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification HOMICIDES — Crime Location EVERITT & CARVER STS

Victim's Name CARSON CRUCE - JAMES WALKER & OTHERS — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected — & OTHERS

Evidence Turned in by — Badge Number — and — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number — Date — Time

b6
b7C

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1A	1	INTRODUCTION TO CASE
1B	2	PHOTO BY
1C	3	PHOTO BY
1D	4	PHOTO BY
1E	5	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES-I
1F	6	PHOTO FROM VIDEO TAPES-II
1G	7	PHOTO OF VEHICLES
2A	8	MISCELLANEOUS PHOTO-I
2B	9	MISCELLANEOUS PHOTO-II
2C	10	MISCELLANEOUS PHOTO-III
2D	11	CONTAINS EVIDENCE LISTING
2E	12	CONTAINS VEHICLE INFOR
2F	13	PHOTO LIST OF EXAM.
2G	14	PHOTO OF CHINA GROVE-I
3A	15	PHOTO OF CHINA GROVE-II
3B	16	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3C	17(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3C-1	18(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3D	19(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3D-1	20(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
3E	19(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
3E-1	19(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4A	20(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4B	21(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4B-1	21(1)	DEFENDANT INFORMATION
4C	22(1)	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
4C-1	22A	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
4D	23(1)	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
4D-1	23B	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
5-A	24(1)	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
5-A-1	24B	CONTAINS OFFICERS REPORT
5-B	25(1)	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-B-1	25B	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-C	26	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-D	27	CONTAINS WITNESS STATEMENT
5-E	28	CONTAIN WITNESS STATEMENT
5-F	29	CONTAINS VICTIM INFOR

Received by:
Evidence Officer's Signature — Date 11-25-80 Time 3:00 PM

PS - POL - 133 - 704 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1A-1G		FBI-INV.		12-8-81			12-8-81
2A-2G		FBI-"		12-8-81			12-8-81
3A-3E1		FBI-"		12-8-81			12-8-81
4A-4D1		FBI-Lab		12-8-81			12-8-81
5A-5F		FBI-Lab		12-8-81			12-8-81
1A-1G		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
3A-3E-1		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
4A-4D1		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
5A-5F		FBI		1/19/82			1-22-82
2A-2G		FBI		1-22-82			1-22-82
16 Books of Photo		Copy work		1-26-82			1-27-82
Misc. Dup. Photo		Copy work		1-26-82			1-27-82

b6
b7C

#2 opened by [redacted] & [redacted] 10/21/81 No 1A-5F opened 1-24-82 By [redacted] MCF

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date 3-20-82

Title and Character of Case
Greek Kill

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
3-20-82	SA [redacted]

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
vault, USDC Winston-Salem, N.C.	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☒ Yes ☐ No	SA [redacted]	SA [redacted]

☒ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

1- Check # 333 dtd 3-10-75 made Payable to [redacted] in amt $ 30.00 signed [redacted]

b6
b7C

2- Check # 1417 dtd 6-5-76 made payable to [redacted] in amt $ 37.00 signed [redacted]

44A-3527-1B53

3- Check # 311 dtd 5-11-76 made Payable to [redacted] in amt $ 85.00 signed [redacted]

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAR 22 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/8/84 BY sp tap/ep

44-3527-1B53

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-6-80)

Date 4-8-82

Title and Character of Case

GreenKil

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
4-8-82	G'boro PD

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USOC, W-5	Evidence

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☑ Yes ☐ No	SC	SA

b6
b7C

☑ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

See attached

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp/tap/ep

44A-3527-1B54

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
APR 8 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CE

Side 1

V-11 & V-16

Card 68

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification Criminal Homicide — Crime Location Carver & Everett St

Victim's Name — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by — Badge Number — and — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number — Date — Time

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	fence post - wooden 4x6	475		
2	1	" " "	476		
3	1	" " "	477		
4	1	" " "	478		
5	1	" " "	479		
6	1	.25 cal shell casing (spent)	482		
7	1	fence post - wooden 4x6	480		
8	1	164F " " " "	481		
9	1	lead fragment	483		

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature — Date 2-12-80 Time 4 pm

PS - POL - 1 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1-9		FBI LAB		2-19-80			5-13-80
1-9		State Exhibit		9-5-80			
6 & 9		Grand Jury - U.S.		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V9

Card 54

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Crime Classification Criminal Homicide — Crime Location Carver & Everitt

Victim's Name — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by — Badge Number — and Det. — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number 7 — Date 11/22/79 — Time 0010

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	2	States Exhibit No. Car Keys For Blue Ford NC#	Item 13 or Card 45	(checked out 11/21/79)	
14 2	2 123	Live .38 Cal. Wadd Cutter From Right Rear Fender Well In ~~Trunk~~ Trunk Of Blue Ford NC#			
3	1 124	Rebel Flag From ~~Trunk~~ Trunk Of Blue Ford NC#			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature — Date 11/26/79 — Time 0800

PS - POL - [illegible] Rev. 7-77)

(Peters Dr)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO /	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
2		FBI Lyons		2/11/80			5-13-80
2 FBI		Bond Jay-W.S.		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

E-23 * E/21 Card No 49

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
CONFISCATED PROPERTY FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Property Confiscated By _____ Badge _____ Officer And Winston Salem P.D. Badge _____

Location _____ Winston Salem Time 0300 Date 11-9-79

Confiscated From _____ Address _____ Date _____

Received by or Locker No. ✓ Date _____ Time _____

PROPERTY LISTING

FBI No.	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
95	1	1	.357, S&W model (pistol)			
			19-3 Ser No 2K72911			
		1	Holster			
96	2	1	.357 S&W pistol			
			Mod No 19-4			
			Ser No 7K1639 Nickel			
			4" Barrel			
		1	Shoulder Holster			
97	3	1	.25 Cal Auto Pistol + Clip			
			Ser No D 820161 F Blue			b6 b7C
			Titan, FIE Corp Miami			
			Fla, Made in Italy			
98	4	1	.22 Cal Pistol, Ser No			
			T489554, RG 23			
			RG IND, Miami Fla.			
			2" Barrel Blue			
*	5	5	22 Cal L.R Bullets			
	6	3	.357 Cal. Bullets			
	7	1	Shell CASINGS - atk	B/O IN -	1-31-80	

REASON CONFISCATED

Received By: _____

Evidence Custodian Signature _____ + _____ Date 11-13-79 Time 450p

PS - POL - 1

Side 2

Case Assigned To _____ Property Checked By _____ Date _____ Time _____

Owner of Property _____ Address _____ Phone _____

Owner Contacted by _____ Date _____ Method: ☐ Phone ☐ Letter ☐ In Person

RELEASE AND RETURN OF PROPERTY

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1-4		FBD exam		11-18-79			12/20/79
Except 1-4		To release		1/10/80			b6
Ammo		FBI exam		11-18-79			5-13-80 b7C
5,6+7		Grand Jury-U.S.		4-8-82			

DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

☐ Returned to Owner — Item No.'s _____ Date _____

Person Receiving _____ Released by _____

☐ Changed to Evidence — Item No.'s _____ Date _____

Case No. _____ Officer _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction — Item No.'s _____ Sale Date _____

Amount to School Fund _____ Date _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund — Item No.'s _____ Date _____

Amount _____

☐ Destroyed — Item No. _____ Method _____ Date _____

By Whom _____ Authorized by _____

Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other - Describe _____

Additional Information _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 21

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145366

Crime Classification AWDW ISBI W/ITK

Crime Location Everitt & Coeur

Victim's Name

Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work —

Victim's Employer —

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by

Badge Number

and

Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number

Date

Time

3BOH

58

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	Clear plastic container w/Buckshot			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature

Date 10-5-79

Time 9:15 A

PS - POL - 1 (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1		FBI exam		11-18-79			5-13-80
1		Grand Jury		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

11/9/79 seal on plastic container broken by [redacted] at 1340 to examine contents. witness [redacted]

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

- ☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
  Person Receiving _____ Date _____
- ☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

- ☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
  Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____
- ☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
  Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____
- ☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
  Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
  By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
  Witness _____ Witness _____
- ☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 23

Count 8-58

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79 145368

Crime Classification Criminal Homicide

Crime Location Everett @ Gillespie

Victim's Name unk

Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home unk Work

Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by Badge Number and Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number Slot A

Date 11/3/79 Time 1815

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	4	22 cal bullets			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature

Date 11-5-79 Time 8AM

PS - POL - [illegible] (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1		FBO exam		11-18-79			5-23-80
1		Court		8-6-80			8-6-80
1		Grand Jury		4-8-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 20

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Crime Classification HOMICIDE — Crime Location EVERITT ST & CARVER DR

Victim's Name Jim Waller, CESAR CAUCE — Victim's Address

Victim's Telephone - Home — Work — Victim's Employer

Persons Arrested or Suspected

Evidence Turned in by [redacted] Badge Number [redacted] and — Badge Number

Received by or Locker Number 13 — Date — Time

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	1 "BOKER" BRAND POCKET KNIFE			
101	1	1 BOKER BRAND POCKET KNIFE			
		BLICK			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence Officer's Signature [redacted] Date 10-5-79 Time 8 AM

PS - POL - (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	R	DATE
1		FBI exam		11-18-79		5-13-80
1		Grand Jury-U.S.		4-8-80		

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 card 17

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-145368

Crime Classification ASSAULT WITH GUN
Crime Location EVERITT & CARVER
Victim's Name
Victim's Address UNKNOWN
Victim's Telephone - Home UNK. Work UNK.
Victim's Employer UNK.
Persons Arrested or Suspected UNK
Evidence Turned in by Badge Number and Badge Number
Received by or Locker Number 21
Date 11-3-79 Time 1855

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	1	SHOTGUN PELLET			
2	1	SHOTGUN PELLET FRAGMENT			

SBI # 56 57

Q. 195 Q. 196

b6
b7C

Received by:
Evidence Officer's Signature
Date 11-5-79 Time 8A

PS - POL - (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1+2		930 exam		11-18-79			5-13-80
1+2		Collect Sum		4-8-80			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Side 1

V-16 Card 18

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
EVIDENCE CONTROL FORM

TO BE COMPLETED BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

Activity Number 79-0145368

Crime Classification Homicide

Crime Location 1700 BLK of CARVER ST at Elexith,

Victim's Name UNKNOWN

Victim's Address UNKNOWN

Victim's Telephone - Home _____ Work _____

Victim's Employer _____

Persons Arrested or Suspected _____

Evidence Turned in by _____ Badge Number _____ and _____ Badge Number _____

Received by or Locker Number 1115 hrs 13 Date _____ Time _____

360#

EVIDENCE LISTING

ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
99 1	2	KNIVES			

b6
b7C

Received by:

Evidence O[illegible] Signature _____ Date 11-5-79 Time 8?

PS - POL - 1 [illegible] (Rev. 7-77)

Side 2

EVIDENCE FOLLOW-UP

RELEASE AND RETURN OF EVIDENCE

TO BE COMPLETED BY EVIDENCE PERSONNEL

ITEM NO.	RELEASED TO	REASON	RELEASED BY	DATE	RETURNED BY	RETURNED TO	DATE
1		IBQ Exam		11-18-79			5-13-80
1		Exam Spring 115		4-5-82			

b6
b7C

DISPOSITION OF EVIDENCE

RELEASED WHILE CASE PENDING

☐ To Owner by Departmental Stipulation Form - Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Date _____

☐ To Owner by Court Order Item No.'s _____ Released by _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Other _____ Item No.'s _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

DISPOSED OF BY COURT ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Witnesses _____

DISPOSED OF BY DEPARTMENTAL ORDER

☐ Returned to Owner Item No's _____
Person Receiving _____ Released by _____ Date _____

☐ Sold at Public Auction Item No.'s _____
Date of Sale _____ Amount to School Fund _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Turned Over to School Fund Item No.'s _____ Amount _____ Date Submitted _____

☐ Destroyed Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____
Item No.'s _____ Method _____ Date _____
By Whom _____ Authorized by _____
Witness _____ Witness _____

☐ Other _____

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 4-30-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
4-29-82	

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
SA	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SA	SA

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

1. 1 38 Cal, Charter Arms revolver, SN 380232.
2. 1 .12 ga shotgun shell, WW, 2-3/4 (OO).

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp

44A-3527-1B62

SEARCHED S INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
APR 30 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 5-10-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
5-10-82	[redacted], X-Ray Dept, Wesley Long Hospital

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, NC	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SC [redacted]	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

X-Rays of [redacted]

above evidence returned to custody of Wesley Long Hosp. 6/14/88

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp tap/kp

Receipt 10-5-10 Package not returned by request

44A-3527-1863

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAY 19 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

FINAL DISPOSITION

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 5-10-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
5-10-82	Radiology Dept, Greensboro Hosp

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, NC	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SC	SA

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

X-Rays of

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp

44A-3527-1864

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAY 10 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date: 5-10-82

Title and Character of Case

GREENKIL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
5-10-82	[redacted] Radiology Dept, Moses Cone Hospital

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Vault, USDC, Winston-Salem, NC	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
[X] Yes [ ] No		SC [redacted]	SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

[X] Yes [ ] No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

X-Rays ofHarold Flowers [redacted], Michael Nathan, [redacted]

above evidence returned to Contributor 9/14/88 ert/sp. Moses

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/5/94 BY [redacted]

Receipt 11/5/11 M Parker returned

44A-3527-1865

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
MAY 10 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

FINAL DISPOSITION

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: Charlotte

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 6/21/82

Title and Character of Case
GREED KILL

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
6/15/82	Clerk, China Grove, NC Xeroxing of articles from [redacted], Town,

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Charlotte Bulky Room

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence

b6
b7C

To Be Returned	See Serial	A
☐ Yes ☒ No		[redacted]

☐ Yes ☒ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

Articles
Newspaper articles concerning KKK / WVO confrontation in China Grove, N.C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/97 BY sp tap/mp

Also Enclosed Transferred to HQA-3527-1866
IA 9/10/97

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

IA 5/12

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
JUN 22 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44A3527

FINAL DISPOSITION

OO: CE

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 6/24/82

Title and Character of Case

Greenkill
CA

Date Property Acquired		
6/23/82	[redacted] (Attorney) Gastonia, N.C.	

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
CE Bulky Room	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☒ Yes ☐ No		[redacted]	b6 b7C

☐ Yes ☒ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

1- Navy Arms Co. .44cal. revolver
SN 150 788

2- Black leather holster

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp tqw/mjs

Items 1 & 2 turned over to FCJ 6/25/82 by SA [redacted]

Package copy placed in 1A 346 fw

FINAL DISPOSITION

44A-3527-1867

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JUN 24 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44A-3527

00: CE

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 5-23-80)

Date 7/27/82

Title and Character of Case
GreenKil
CRA

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
7/27/82	N.C. Center for Public TV, Raleigh, N.C.

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Greensboro RA	Evidence

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☑ Yes ☐ No		SC	SA

☑ Yes ☐ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

(1) 3 Video tapes of interviews with

#'s TC1004, TC1010, & TC1019.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/84 BY sp2 tap/kp

Above sent to SA by 7/27/82 Rm #20675 mw.

44A-3527-1868

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 28 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 6

OO: 44A-3527

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 6-9-82)

Date 1/25/83

Title and Character of Case
GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE (CE 44A-3527)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
1/24/83	From Television show "88 Seconds in Greensboro"

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
Charlotte Room	For future reference

To Be Returned	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☐ No		SA	SA

b6
b7C

☐ Yes ☒ No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

Description of Property or Exhibit

Copy of tape made by Charlotte office from video tape of television show "88 Seconds in Greensboro", 8:00 P.M., 1/24/83 on Public Broadcast Station.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/3/04 BY sp2 tap/kp

Also Transferred to 1A 9/10/97 Jbe

For Valuable and/or Narcotics Evidence Only
Evidence Bag Seal # _____
Signature of Two Special Agents Verifying and Sealing Bag Contents: [illegible] 513

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

44A-3527-1B69

FINAL DISPOSITION

BLOCK STAMP
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JAN 25 1983
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Field File # 44A-3527

OO: CHARLOTTE

ORIGINAL (FILE COPY)

Bulky Exhibit - Inventory of Property Acquired as Evidence
FD-192 (Rev. 4-27-79)

Date: 11-19-79

Title and Character of Case

[redacted], AKA
FUGITIVE
UFAP-MURDER FIRST DEGREE (A)

Date Property Acquired	Source From Which Property Acquired
11-19-79	RECEIVED FROM CHICAGO DIVISION 11-19-79, NOG

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same
W.S. ~~CHARLOTTE~~ GUN VAULT	EVIDENCE

To Be Returned	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit	Agent Assigned Case
☐ Yes ☐ No	(CHICAGO)	[redacted]

b6
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

CC - 1. POCKET KNIFE

W.S - 2. (CLERKE 1ST) 32 CALIBER SNUB NOSE, SN 847217.
#2 Hand carried to Bureau by SA [redacted]
12/3/79 NOG (concerns 44-3527 case also)

#2 was picked up from Evidence PO and maintained with evidence in 44A-3527 per SA [redacted] (Feb. 1983 Inventory).

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/5/94 BY sp/tap/ew

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 0 - 1979
FBI—CHARLOTTE

Field File # ~~88-16159~~ 44-3527

~~88-16159-1B1~~

OO: CHARLOTTE

44-3527-1B70

FBI/DOJ

All IA's Left in Greenlow

See Separate IA Section

FD-702 (9-16-85)

File Charge Out - From Field Office to FBIHQ

I. IDENTITY OF FILE CHARGED OUT

File #: 44-3527 [redacted]

Volume(s): 1, 4-20

Sub File(s): (unable to locate vols. 2+3)

Title: Greenkel

Date Charged Out: 3/27/01

II. IDENTITY OF FILE FOR LITIGATION/REQUEST

Title: [redacted]

File #: 190-CE-81321

Forward to FBIHQ

b6
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- ☐ Legal Counsel
- ☒ FOIPA Section
- ☐ Other

[redacted]

signature of employee making charge out

[redacted]

See Instructions On Reverse Side

INSTRUCTIONS

Part I should identify the file being forwarded to FBIHQ. The named subject(s) should be listed under the Title. It is not necessary to include the case character. If the file consists of more than one volume, identify the volumes being forwarded to FBIHQ.

Part II identifies the nature of the request. The field file number for the request is that corresponding to the FOIPA or Discovery case. Check off the appropriate block indicating where the file was directed at FBIHQ.

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168) (P) 12/6/79

SA [redacted]

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, aka
COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA,
GREENSBORO, N. C.
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Film was taken by Bureau Agents during the assembly and funeral procession for the five slain members of the Communist Workers Party which took place in Greensboro on 11/11/79. This film has been made an exhibit into captioned file. Information concerning the availability of this film is being disseminated to the CWP file and the Greenkil file inasmuch as members of the CWP were photographed in this film. In the future some individuals may be identified as participating in this funeral procession, which may be of value for investigative purposes for handling the CWP for the Greenkil case.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/6/94 BY sp3 tap/sp

4 - Charlotte
(2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527) (GREENKIL)
(1 - 100-12202) (CWP)
HPB:swl
(4) swl

44-3527-146

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 6 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

44-D

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (~~44-3527~~)
(ATTENTION: ASAC CECIL E. MOSES)

DATE: November 26, 1979

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/84 BY sp Tap/kp

Sub P Ser #184

During approximately July, 1979, JOE GRADY, Winston-Salem KKK Leader, telephonically contacted SA [redacted] at the Greensboro Resident Agency and requested an interview. SA [redacted] agreed to meet GRADY on that date at the Waffle House Restaurant on Peters Creek Parkway, Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

On that same afternoon, SAs [redacted] and [redacted] met with GRADY at the Waffle House Restaurant and the sum and substance of the conversation is as follows:

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GRADY stated that he felt his rights were violated when the "Communists" and others prevented the KKK from continuing with a display that they had set up at the library in Winston-Salem. He also believed his rights were violated when the KKK was prevented from showing the movie "Birth of a Nation" at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, by those same groups. GRADY also stated that he felt his rights were violated at China [redacted]

147
44-D-3527

RECEIVED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 27 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE
FBI/DOJ

1 - Charlotte

GMA:kmc
(1)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings

Grove, North Carolina, when the KKK was once again harassed by the "Communists" and the blacks.

GRADY was asked if he was making an official complaint concerning what he believed was a violation of his civil rights and the fact that if he was, it would be necessary to go elsewhere where there was more privacy and interviewing Agents could take comprehensive notes. GRADY stated that he was not making an official complaint at this time and that he would contact his attorney and together they would determine if an official complaint concerning the violation of their civil rights should be made.

GRADY continued that he knew that the FBI was conducting investigations on the KKK and he was assured by both SAs [redacted] and [redacted] that this was not the fact. He was advised that the only time any organization like the KKK would be of interest to the FBI would be if they planned to violate either a State or Federal law. GRADY stated that he was concerned about possible violence in the future and that he, as an individual, was opposed to this kind of activity. GRADY was advised that if either he or anyone else conspired to or actually committed an act of violence, it would be of interest to law enforcement. At this time he stated that he had no

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positive information concerning any potential violence but promised that should he hear of any planned violence, he would immediately contact interviewing Agents. During the conversation, GRADY also discussed the possession of weapons. He was asked by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] whether to his knowledge any members of the KKK had in their possession automatic weapons and GRADY stated that he personally did not know any individual who had in his possession an automatic weapon.

The conversation concluded amiably and SAs [redacted] and [redacted] reminded GRADY that should he desire to make an official complaint after discussing this matter with his attorney, he should immediately contact the Greensboro Office of the FBI.

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ADMINISTRATIVE:

The above information is being submitted at this time in order to assist ASAC MOSES in his comments to the press concerning JOE GRADY's statement to the press that he had contacted two FBI Agents at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, during July, 1979. No record of this contact was made by SA [redacted] immediately after the interview inasmuch as it was nonspecific and did not fall within any current FBI investigative guidelines.

SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) 12/6/79

SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (157-2841)(RUC)

"GREENKIL"

Re Charlotte teletype to Bureau, 11/6/79.

Appropriate Bureau sources and local law enforcement agencies within the Oklahoma City Division were contacted relative to lead set forth in re teletype. No positive information has been developed by the Oklahoma City Division in this regard.

In the event that any such information is developed the Bureau and Charlotte will be immediately advised.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY SP2 Tap/pp

(2) Charlotte
1- Oklahoma City
LJO:mnt
(3)
mnt

44-3527-150

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ...
SERIALIZED ... FILED ...
DEC 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

RHØØ3 3452Ø49Z

PP CE

DE RH

P 112Ø25Z DEC 79

FM: RICHMOND (44-1416)(P)

TO: CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKILL, OO - CHARLOTTE.

RE DANVILLE RA TELCALL TO GREENSBORO RA ON DEC. 1Ø, 1979.

AS SET FORH IN REFERENCED TELCALL, A [redacted] SOURCE PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON DEC. 1Ø, 1979:

SOURCE STATED HE HAD BEEN ADVISED THERE WAS TO BE AN ANTI-KLAN RALLY AT GREENSBORO, N.C. ON DEC. 13, 1979. SOURCE ADVISED THAT [redacted] SOURCE COULD NOT STATE WHETHER THIS WAS TO BE A RALLY, A MARCH, OR WHAT TYPE OF MEETING IT WAS TO BE.

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THIS INFORMATION BEING PROVIDED FOR CHARLOTTE DIVISION FOR WHATEVER ACTION DEEMED NECESSARY.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp2tcw/sp

(2cc 44-3527

2cc 100-12202

44-3527-152

SERIALIZED INDEXED FILED

DEC 11 1979

b6
b7C

[redacted]

MASTER
1-4 (Rev. 7-19-77)

MASTER

MASTER

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-14-79 723 CRH

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 497 775 F , is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Greensboro NC	James George Buck 67415	1-12-66	AWDW (pistol)	
PD Thomasville NC	James George Buck 8613	2-25-67	poss of fireworks	
Dept of Corr Rec Sec Raleigh NC	James G Buck B9059.383-11241-OS	2-26-68	terrorizing Citizens of the Community & damage to real property	18 mos paroled 7-26-68

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/84 BY sp Tap/kp

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIES YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

X-Ref 157-2389 157-7200-516 Buck

44-3527-153

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED NOV 30 1979 FBI

b6 b7C

2

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-14-79 723 CRH

Use of the following information from FBI record, NUMBER 497 775 F , is REGULATED BY LAW.
It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED.

Description and Related Data:

Race: White

Sex: Male

Height: 6'

Weight: 165

Hair: Brown

Eyes: Blue

Date and Place of Birth: 12-22-41 Wausau WI

Scars and Marks: one tattoo on left arm (USCM)

Address: (in 1968) 1227 East Linsey St Greensboro NC

Occupation: (in 1968) Draftsman

Social Security Number: Unknown

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIED YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

I-4 (Rev. 1-20-67)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

11-14-79 185 SCP

The following FBI record, NUMBER 747 835 G, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY. Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. WHERE FINAL DISPOSITION IS NOT SHOWN OR FURTHER EXPLANATION OF CHARGE IS DESIRED, COMMUNICATE WITH AGENCY CONTRIBUTING THOSE FINGERPRINTS.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Greensboro NC	Brent Milland Fletcher #58612	3-31-63	larc & rec	
DOD NACC Ft Holabird Md	Brent Milland Fletcher #US53533583 Army	1-22-69		

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIED YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/89 BY sp taylor

X Del
157-4047
Fletcher

44-3537-154

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 30 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

1-4b (Rev. 7-19-77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-14-79 185 SCB

2

747 835 G

Use of the following information from FBI record, NUMBER , is REGULATED BY LAW.
It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED.

Description and Related Data:

Race: White

Sex: Male

Height: 69"

Weight: 200

Hair: Black

Eyes: Brown

Date and Place of Birth: 5-25-46 Surry County NC

Scars and Marks: unknown

Address: (in 1963) 802 Fifth Avenue
Greensboro NC

Occupation: (in 1963) Curb Hop

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIED YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

Social Security Number: unknown

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☒ Airtel	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/10/79

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM: SAC, BIRMINGHAM (44-3570) (RUC)

"GREENKIL"

Re Charlotte teletypes to Bureau, 11/5/79 and 11/6/79, and Bureau teletype to Charlotte, 11/6/79.

For information of Charlotte, no information received from sources nor any unsolicited information received indicating travel has or will be made to Charlotte in relation to captioned matter.

In view of above, no further investigation is being conducted within Birmingham Division.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/84 BY SP2 Tap/pw

(2) - Charlotte
1 - Birmingham
GAP:dgs
(3)

44-3527-155

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ✓ FILED ✓
DEC 14 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

Approved: JAB/EGB Transmitted ____ (Number) ____ (Time) Per ____

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- X AIRTEL
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/11/79

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM: SAC, CINCINNATI (100-22421)(RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
OO: Charlotte

Re CI teletype to Bureau, 11/15/79.

For the information of Charlotte, no further information has been received from the Middletown, Ohio area.

On 11/14/79, the information contained in Denver teletype to the Bureau, dated 11/10/79, was discussed with FBI Resident Agent who covers Mason, Ohio. Agent advised there has been no intelligence information to substantiate any such meeting or purchase of automatic weapons. Agent will remain alert for information and will advise appropriate offices if information is developed.

No further investigation remains in the Cincinnati Division. This matter is being RUC'd.

2 - Charlotte
1 - Cincinnati

RLD/csf
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp tap/cp

44-3527-156

SEARCHED SERIALIZED DEC 15

b6
b7C

[redacted]

RLD

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [XX] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [ ] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [XX] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [XX] UNCLAS

577019
118 989

Date 12/17/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2/29/84 BY sp4 klw/tmy

RE BUREAU TELCALL TO CHARLOTTE, DATED DECEMBER 17, 1979.

USA H. M. MICHAUX, MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA (MDNC), GREENSBORO, NC, ADVISED THAT HE DESIRES FBI LABORATORY SPECIAL PROJECTS SECTION TO CREATE A MODEL OF THE CRIME SCENE AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREETS TO ASSIST HIM IN HIS PRESENTATION OF EVIDENCE TO A FEDERAL GRAND JURY (FGJ) AND FOR ANY FUTURE POSSIBLE TRIALS TO BE HAD IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT (USDC).

ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE WITH THE FOUR T.V. CHANNELS WHO HAD FILMED THE INCIDENT AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREETS TO MAKE AVAILABLE THE ORIGINAL VIDEO TAPES TAKEN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND IN EACH INSTANCE, THE FIRST AVAILABLE DATE FOR TRAVEL TO WASHINGTON FOR THE RECORDING FROM THE ORIGINAL TAPES IS JANUARY 7,

TJB:lct

(1) lct

44-3527-157

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

Send VIA
ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

Approved: DCS Transmitted 001 (Number) 17272 (Time) Per pow

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

1980.

THE FOLLOWING EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED AS BEING USED BY THESE VARIOUS CHANNELS:

CHANNEL 11 - [redacted] ADVISED HIS CAMERAMAN [redacted] WAS USING A SONY TK76B AND SONY 100 RECORDER WITH A SELF-CONTAINED POWER PACK BELT.

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CHANNEL 2 - [redacted] ADVISED THAT HIS PERSONNEL, [redacted] WAS USING AN RCA TK76B WITH A FIELD RECORDER JVC-444, SELF-CONTAINED POWER PACK.

THE EQUIPMENT BEING USED BY CHANNEL 8 AND CHANNEL 12 ARE NOT KNOWN, HOWEVER, IT IS BELIEVED THAT CHANNEL 12 WAS ALSO USING A TK76B RECORDER, BUT THIS HAS NOT BEEN CONFIRMED AS OF YET..

ARRANGEMENTS ARE BEING MADE TO FLY THE CAMERAMEN WITH THEIR ORIGINAL VIDEO TAPES TO THE FBI LABORATORY ON THE MORNING OF JANUARY 7, 1979, SO THE ORIGINAL TAPES MAY BE USED FOR FIRST GENERATION COPIES AT FBI LABORATORY.

FBI LABORATORY ENGINEERING SECTION AND SPECIAL PROJECTS ARE REQUESTED TO ADVISE ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THEY NEED PRIOR TO ARRIVAL OF THESE INDIVIDUALS WITH THEIR RECORDINGS AND VIDEO

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE THREE CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

TAPES AND IF ANY ADDITIONAL TRAVEL IS DEEMED NECESSARY FOR COPYING THE VIDEO TAPES, ADVISE CHARLOTTE DIVISION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE SO TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS MAY BE MADE.

UACB, ON JANUARY 7, 1980, AGENT OF THE FBI, CHARLOTTE DIVISION, WILL ACCOMPANY T.V. PERSONNEL FROM CHANNEL 11, CHANNEL 2, CHANNEL 12 AND CHANNEL 8 TO WASHINGTON, D.C., FBI LABORATORY FOR RECORDING OF VISUAL VIDEO TAPES.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

Routing Slip
0-7 (Rev. 5-15-77)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC:

- ☐ Albany
- ☐ Albuquerque
- ☐ Alexandria
- ☐ Anchorage
- ☐ Atlanta
- ☐ Baltimore
- ☐ Birmingham
- ☐ Boston
- ☐ Buffalo
- ☐ Butte
- ☒ Charlotte
- ☐ Chicago
- ☐ Cincinnati
- ☐ Cleveland
- ☐ Columbia
- ☐ Dallas
- ☐ Denver
- ☐ Detroit
- ☐ El Paso
- ☐ Honolulu
- ☐ Houston
- ☐ Indianapolis
- ☐ Jackson
- ☐ Jacksonville
- ☐ Kansas City
- ☐ Knoxville
- ☐ Las Vegas
- ☐ Little Rock
- ☐ Los Angeles
- ☐ Louisville
- ☐ Memphis
- ☐ Miami
- ☐ Milwaukee
- ☐ Minneapolis
- ☐ Mobile
- ☐ Newark
- ☐ New Haven
- ☐ New Orleans
- ☐ New York City
- ☐ Norfolk
- ☐ Oklahoma City
- ☐ Omaha
- ☐ Philadelphia
- ☐ Phoenix
- ☐ Pittsburgh
- ☐ Portland
- ☐ Richmond
- ☐ Sacramento
- ☐ St. Louis
- ☐ Salt Lake City
- ☐ San Antonio
- ☐ San Diego
- ☐ San Francisco
- ☐ San Juan
- ☐ Savannah
- ☐ Seattle
- ☐ Springfield
- ☐ Tampa
- ☐ Washington Field
- ☐ Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- ☐ Bern
- ☐ Bonn
- ☐ Buenos Aires
- ☐ Caracas
- ☐ Hong Kong
- ☐ London
- ☐ Madrid
- ☐ Manila
- ☐ Mexico City
- ☐ Ottawa
- ☐ Paris
- ☐ Rome
- ☐ Tokyo

☐ SAC, New Rochelle (MRA) ☐ ASAC, Rapid City ("Mini") 12/17/79 (Date)

RE: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/94 BY sp2 Tp/ap

☐ For information ☐ Retention optional ☒ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by _____

☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.

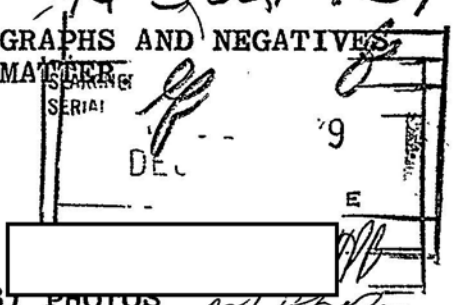
☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____.

Remarks:

RE CHARLOTTE AIRTEL TO BUREAU 12/6/79

44-3527-159

ENCLOSED ARE PHOTOGRAPHS AND NEGATIVES SUBMITTED IN THIS MATTER.



b6
b7C

Enc. TWENTY EIGHT (28) PHOTOS

Bufile 44-81521

Urfile 44-3527

FBI/DOJ

Routing Slip
0-7 (Rev. 5-13-77)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC:

- ☐ Albany
- ☐ Albuquerque
- ☐ Alexandria
- ☐ Anchorage
- ☐ Atlanta
- ☐ Baltimore
- ☐ Birmingham
- ☐ Boston
- ☐ Buffalo
- ☐ Butte
- ☒ Charlotte
- ☐ Chicago
- ☐ Cincinnati
- ☐ Cleveland
- ☐ Columbia
- ☐ Dallas
- ☐ Denver
- ☐ Detroit
- ☐ El Paso
- ☐ Honolulu
- ☐ Houston
- ☐ Indianapolis
- ☐ Jackson
- ☐ Jacksonville
- ☐ Kansas City
- ☐ Knoxville
- ☐ Las Vegas
- ☐ Little Rock
- ☐ Los Angeles
- ☐ Louisville
- ☐ Memphis
- ☐ Miami
- ☐ Milwaukee
- ☐ Minneapolis
- ☐ Mobile
- ☐ Newark
- ☐ New Haven
- ☐ New Orleans
- ☐ New York City
- ☐ Norfolk
- ☐ Oklahoma City
- ☐ Omaha
- ☐ Philadelphia
- ☐ Phoenix
- ☐ Pittsburgh
- ☐ Portland
- ☐ Richmond
- ☐ Sacramento
- ☐ St. Louis
- ☐ Salt Lake City
- ☐ San Antonio
- ☐ San Diego
- ☐ San Francisco
- ☐ San Juan
- ☐ Savannah
- ☐ Seattle
- ☐ Springfield
- ☐ Tampa
- ☐ Washington Field
- ☐ Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- ☐ Bern
- ☐ Bonn
- ☐ Buenos Aires
- ☐ Caracas
- ☐ Hong Kong
- ☐ London
- ☐ Madrid
- ☐ Manila
- ☐ Mexico City
- ☐ Ottawa
- ☐ Paris
- ☐ Rome
- ☐ Tokyo

☐ SAC, New Rochelle (MRA) ☐ ASAC, Rapid City ("Mini") 12/17/79 (Date)

RE:

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/91 BY sp tap/sp

Retention For appropriate

☐ For information ☐ optional ☒ action ☐ Surep, by _____

☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.

☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____.

Remarks:

RE CHARLOTTE AIRTEL TO BUREAU 12/4/79.

ENCLOSED ARE PHOTOGRAPHS AND NEGATIVES SUBMITTED IN THIS MATTER.

INDEXED

DEC 9 '79

44-3527-160

b6
b7C

[redacted]

Enc. 109 PHOTOS AND ONE SET OF NEGATIVES

Bufile

Urfile 44-3527

FBI/DOJ

AIRTEL

12/17/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12202) (P)

WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party (CWP)
DOMESTIC SECURITY
(OO: NEW YORK)

Full investigation of WVO in North Carolina authorized by Bureau, 11/5/79.

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted] 12/10/79, captioned, "GREENKIL."

b6
b7C

For the information and assistance of the Denver Office, the following is set forth:

The Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO), aka Communist Workers Party (CWP) advised a "Kill the Klan" rally and parade to be held in Greensboro, N.C., 11/3/79. This organization had in 7/79, disrupted a meeting of the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) in China Grove, N.C., and burned the KKK flag.

On 11/3/79, in Greensboro, N.C., prior to the beginning of the parade, several car loads of KKK and Nazi Party members appeared at the starting point and shooting erupted between the groups. Five members of the WVO were killed and several people injured.

2 - Bureau
2 - Denver
2 - New York
3 - Charlotte (2-100-12202)
(1-44-3527)

CSF:jat
(9)

44-3527-161

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/20/84 BY sp4 clw/tag

CE 100-12202

One of those killed during the shooting was WILLIAM E. SAMPSON, a white male, 33 years of age. He reportedly was an honor graduate in philosophy from Augustana College, Rock Island, Illinois, received a Master's Degree in theology from Harvard Divinity School and then attended the University of Virginia Medical School. He worked and tried to organize a radical union at textile mills. He was a shop steward in the Amalgamated Clothing and Textile Workers Union of America. He was a native of Richmond, Virginia, and was married to [redacted]

A confidential source has advised that when WILLIAM E. SAMPSON applied for employment in Greensboro, N.C., in 1977 he indicated previous employment from 1967 to 1977 at the Shadow Mountain Sound Shop, Evergreen, Colorado, telephone 303-674-5410 and his [redacted] was one [redacted] Telephonic contact with [redacted] was made and he confirmed employment there for SAMPSON during the period 1967 - 1977.

b6
b7C

LEAD:

DENVER

AT EVERGREEN, COLORADO

Will check indices re [redacted] Shadow Mountain Sound Shop, Evergreen, Colorado, and ascertain the subscriber to telephone number 303-674-5410 was in 5/77.

If no reason exists for not doing so, interview [redacted] regarding his knowledge of WILLIAM E. SAMPSON and why he lied regarding SAMPSON's employment at the Shadow Mountain Sound Shop from 1967 to 1977.

AIRTEL

12/17/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12202) (P)

WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party (CWP)
DOMESTIC SECURITY
(OO: NEW YORK)

Full investigation of WVO in N.C. authorized by Bureau, 11/5/79.

Re Charlotte airtel, 12/12/79.

The Greensboro Daily News, a daily newspaper at Greensboro, N.C., dated 12/14/79, contains an article reflecting the following:

A Guilford County Grand Jury Thursday returned charges of murder or felonious riot against 14 of the 15 persons arrested in connection with the 11/3/79 anti-Ku Klux Klan rally that left 5 Communists dead.

RAYFORD MILANO CAUDLE of Winston-Salem, one of two original defendants arrested on single charges of murder conspiracy, was not indicted and no longer faces criminal charges.

b6
b7C

[redacted] the other man arrested initially on only a conspiracy charge, now faces

44-3527-162

2 - Bureau
2 - New York
3 - Charlotte (2-100-12202)
(1-44-3527)

CSF:jat
(7)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/30/94 BY sp4 clw/tkg

five murder charges and a charge of engaging in a riot. Ten other defendants face the same murder and riot charges as [redacted]. b6 b7C

The other 10 defendants are HAROLD DEAN FLOWERS, 32; BILLY JOE FRANKLIN, 33; [redacted] and [redacted] all of Lincolnton; [redacted] ROLAND WAYNE COOD, 34, and [redacted] and ROY CLINTON TONEY, 32 of Gastonia. [redacted] and LISFORD CARL HAFFNER, 60, of Fletcher, were charged with engaging in a riot. They originally were charged with four murder counts and one conspiracy charge.

Guilford County District Attorney MIKE SCHLOSSER said the indictments were "tailored" since the initial warrants "due to investigative findings."

CAUDLE's lawyer, [redacted] said the prosecution chose not to indict CAUDLE primarily because the car in which he was a passenger had passed through the crime scene before the shooting started. [redacted] noted the driver of that car and another passenger were not arrested. CAUDLE later turned himself in to the police because he knew his own car, which contained several weapons in the trunk, had been seized. CAUDLE was not in his car during the shootout.

Later Thursday, spokesmen for the CWP repeated demands for the appointment of a private prosecutor to help press the case against those indicted. District Attorney SCHLOSSER has rejected those demands in the past, contending a private prosecutor would transform the trial into a political show and could lead to "vindictive prosecution."

CWP spokesmen did say, however, that lawyers for the party are negotiating with SCHLOSSER in an attempt to devise a way for CWP members and sympathizers who were witnesses to the killings to cooperate with the prosecution.

b6
b7C

[redacted] a California lawyer on the CWP legal team, said the problem is that CWP members have been charged with various crimes stemming from the shootings and do not want to help build cases against themselves.

Bureau will be advised of all developments.

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168) (P) 12/18/79

SA [redacted] b6 b7C

DEMONSTRATIONS SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party of North Carolina,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Negatives and prints of eight color photographs and 33 black and white photographs of proposed meeting area for procession to Communist Workers Party funeral at Greensboro, N. C., 11/11/79, were obtained inside Byrd's Food Market, E. Main Street, Carrboro, N. C., on 11/11/79. These photographs include unidentified black female who visited the parking area, and apparently was looking for individuals interested in the funeral procession. Additionally, a white bus bearing North Carolina license tag number HT3528 visited the staging area, however, no procession developed at this point due to lack of people.

The majority of automobiles photographed visited the store font to obtain Sunday papers.

This film has been made as an exhibit to captioned file. Information concerning the availability of this film is being disseminated to the CWP file and the GREENKIL file.

(4) - Charlotte
(2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527) (GREENKIL)
(1 - 100-12202) (CWP)

LCL:jmw
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/1/14 BY sp/cp/4

44-3527-163

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 18 1979

[redacted] b6 b7C

POINT, THE SPOKESMAN STATED " WE ARE MEMBERS OF THE CWP AND THE COMMITTEE FOR THE AVENGING OF THE KILLINGS OF OUR COMRADES PIN THE GREENSBORO KKK RALLY."

APPROXIMATELY FIVE PHOTOS WERE TAKEN. NO ACTS OR THREATS OF VIOLENCE WERE PERPETRATED.

THE UNSUBS DEPARTED WITHOUT FURTHER INCIDENT.

BT

CE 1

DIRECTOR, FBI 12/18/79

SAC, SAN ANTONIO (157-2204) (RUC)

GREENKIL

No information has been received by the San Antonio Division indicating that any individuals from this area traveled to Greensboro, North Carolina, during November, 1979, to participate in any demonstrations or acts of violence. This case is being placed in an RUC status by San Antonio.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/94 BY sp-tap/cp

44-3527-166

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 23 1979

b6
b7C

2-Bureau
(3)-Charlotte
(2-157-NEW)
(1-44-3527)
1-San Antonio
TEM:mms
(6)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☐ AIRTEL	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/19/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-80266)(RUC)(SQD. 14)

SUBJECT: GREEN KIL
OO: CHARLOTTE

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY
DS - RCP
OO: CHICAGO

Re WFO teletype to Bureau, dated 11/9/79, captioned "GREEN KIL".

Enclosed for the Bureau and receiving offices are two copies each of two inserts reflecting investigation at San Jose, California.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/94 BY sp stp/jw

44-3527-167

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 23 1979

2 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
2 - Charlotte (Enc. 4)
2 - WFO (Enc. 4)
2 - Chicago (Enc. 4)
2 - San Francisco
(1 - 100-65253)
DEU/dlr
(10)

b6
b7C

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

File—Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

c48—16—83475-1 GPO

File _____ Date _____
Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
	44-3527-169	
	transferred	
	to	
	44-3527-Sub A	
	1/9/80	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/91 BY [illegible]

Employee

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ _____ _____

Date _____ _____ _____

_____
Date Charged

_____
Employee

_____
Location

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 12/17/79

FROM : SAC, COLUMBIA (100-1796)(RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

ReCOtel to CE, 11/16/79.

b6
b7C

Enclosed for Charlotte are the original and five copies of an FD-302 reflecting results of interview with [redacted] on 11/15/79. Same self explanatory.

Inasmuch as no further investigation remains in Columbia Division, case considered RUC.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/00 BY sp Tap/yp

2-Charlotte (Encl. 6)
1-Columbia

JWM:jap
(3)

44-3527-170
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 29 1979
FBI

[redacted]

5010-110

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

State of North Carolina

Division of Motor Vehicles

1100 New Bern Avenue
Raleigh 27697

December 13, 1979

THOMAS W. BRADSHAW, JR.
SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION

ELBERT L. PETERS, JR.
COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES

J. M. PENNY
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER

JAMES H. STAMEY
LEWIS P. WILSON
ASST. COMMISSIONERS

Federal Bureau Investigation
Federal Building
Winston Salem, North Carolina 27101

Re: Raeford Milano Caudle
521 Baity Street
Winston Salem, North Carolina
1962 Ford 2F42L207917
License Plate JKD 494

Gentlemen:

This Division has been advised by person named in caption that the above described vehicle was impounded by your department with license plate JKD 494 attached. As of today, we have no record of license plate being surrendered to the Division for cancellation.

Since his liability insurance terminated effective November 20, 1979, it will be necessary to surrender license plate JKD 494 to the local license sales office, State Highway Patrol, or by mail to this office for cancellation.

Yours very truly,

ELBERT L. PETERS, JR., COMMISSIONER

[redacted]

Financial Security Unit

eb

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/24 BY sp2 tap/jcs

b6
b7C

44-3527-172
SEARCHED ____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED ____ FILED
DEC 27 1979
[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

1120 First Union National Bank Building
Charlotte, North Carolina 28282
December 28, 1979

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Financial Security Unit
Division of Motor Vehicles
1100 New Bern Avenue
Raleigh, North Carolina 27697

Dear [redacted]

This is in reference to your letter dated December 13, 1979, in which you request this agency to surrender North Carolina license plate JKD 494.

Please be advised that the 1962 Ford belonging to Raeford Milano Caudle for which this tag was issued was impounded by the Greensboro, North Carolina Police Department where it remains today. The vehicle and the license tag are being retained for evidentiary purposes in a felony investigation by that department. I have had conversation with Officer [redacted] per your request and he has advised me that he would surrender the license tag in question immediately upon disposition of all evidence in this matter.

Very truly yours,

Herbert L. Monahan, Jr.,
Special Agent in Charge

1-Addressee Mailed 6 DEC
(2) Charlotte (44-3527)
AJP/jmg
(3)

44-3527-173

RECORDED — INDEXED

DEC 29 1979

[redacted]

NFO

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY sp taylor

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168) (P) 12/31/79

SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party of North Carolina,
Greensboro, N.C.
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST
(OO: CE)

Film was taken by Bureau Agents during the assembly and funeral procession for the five slain members of the Communist Workers Party which took place in Greensboro on 11/11/79. This film has been made an exhibit into captioned file. The information concerning the availibility of this film is being disseminated to the CWP file and to the GREENKIL file inasmuch as members of the CWP were photographed in this film. In the future, some individuals may be identified as participating in this funeral procession, which may be of value for investigative purposes for the handling of the CWP for the GREENKIL case.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY [redacted]

(4) - Charlotte (2-157-10168)
(1-44-3527) (GREENKIL)
(1-100-12202)(CWP)

HMP:jat
(4)

44-3527-175

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 31 1979
[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AIRTEL

DATE: 12/27/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

Re Richmond teletype to Charlotte, 12/11/79.

The following is being submitted to the Charlotte Division for information:

On 12/19/79, Lt. [redacted] Henry County Sheriff's Office, Martinsville, Virginia, advised that unknown parties had put posters on the courthouse at Martinsville, Va. These posters were put up during the late evening hours, possibly during 11/23/79 or 11/24/79. One poster entitled "Celebrate the Founding of the Communist Workers Party" with notations for date, time and place inscribed on the poster; with the notation "Read the Workers Viewpoint Newspaper! Come Celebrate the Founding of the Communist Party, USA! GPO Box 2256, New York, New York 10001". The next poster was entitled "They Died Fighting for Justice Rather Than Live as Slaves! Take Up the Calls of the C.W.P. 5! Turn the Country Upside Down to Beat Back the Renewed Wave of Attacks from KKK, Nazis, the Capitalist Class, and their FBI". On this poster were five photographs of the victims in captioned matter, and at the bottom of this poster was the following: "Memorial Fund for Five C.W.P. Martyrs, Post Office Box (first two digits obliterated) 344, Greensboro, N.C. 27420, phone 919/275-6589. Join the Committee to Avenge the Murder of the Communist Workers Party (WVO) 5". Also placed in a block form were 11 telephone numbers in 11 cities throughout the U.S. These cities and telephone numbers set out in four separate divisions under the following headings:

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/84 BY sp/tp/yp

2 - Charlotte
2 - Richmond
HWW/aka
<4>

44-3527-176
SER. INDEXED
JAN 2 1980
FBI — CHARLOTTE

RH 44-1416

"East: Pittsburgh (412) 461-1782
Boston (617) 445-3658
New York (212) 233-0988
Philadelphia (215) 848-8565
Washington, D.C. (202) 562-0108

West: Los Angeles (213) 748-7741
Bay Area (415) 533-8795
Hawaii (808) 259-5730

North: Detroit (313) 834-9636
Chicago (312) 935-6350

South: Houston (713) 643-3547"

Lt. [redacted] further stated that on 12/16/79, at approximately 12:30 in the morning, [redacted] was observed on the Sewer Plant Road in Henry County, Virginia. [redacted] was with a white male and a late model Toyota vehicle bearing Virginia license KFK-924. [redacted] was observed by Deputy [redacted] who knows [redacted] on sight. DMV inquiry reveals that this vehicle and license registered to [redacted] wife is [redacted] and [redacted] is a [redacted] at the [redacted] at Martinsville, Virginia. Information is not available to Danville, Va., Case Agent as to why [redacted] would be meeting [redacted] at that time and at that location.

b6
b7C

Richmond is not setting forth any specific leads re the aforementioned telephone numbers. Further, Richmond not contemplating interview of [redacted] unless requested by the Charlotte Division or unless Richmond receives information that would deem interview of [redacted] to be appropriate re captioned matter. Richmond maintaining xeroxed copies of posters, but will be forwarded to Charlotte Division upon request.

b6
b7C

RH 44-1416

Lt. [redacted] also provided 10 black and white photographs of persons present at Teamsters Union meeting at Collinsville, Virginia, on 12/10/79. However, in view of the fact that there were two meetings held on 11/10/79, the photos do not discern at which meeting these persons were present. A [redacted] source was contacted, viewed these photos and was able to partially identify the Budd employees present at these two meetings. These photos being maintained by Danville RA to be shown to Greensboro RA upon request.

b6
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b7D

File—Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

c48—16—83475-1 GPO

File _____ Date _____
Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
	44-3527-	
	Serials 179 - 185	
	Transferred	
	to	
	44-3527 Sub A	
	1-8-80	
	rg	

_____
Employee

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/94 BY _____

_____ _____
Employee Date Charged

_____
Location

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AIRTEL

DATE: 12/27/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

Re Charlotte airtel to Richmond dated 12/7/79, and Charlotte report dated 12/10/79.

Enclosed for the Charlotte Division are the original and one copy each of the following investigative inserts: one insert pertaining to vehicle number 24 and one insert pertaining to unlisted number for [redacted]. Also enclosed for the Charlotte Division are the original and one copy each of FD-302s reflecting interviews with [redacted] employees [redacted] and [redacted] who were present at captioned incident at Greensboro, N.C., on 11/3/79. Also enclosed for Charlotte Division are the original and one copy of an FD-302 reflecting interview with [redacted] the original and one copy of an FD-302 reflecting interview with [redacted] and the original and one copy of FD-302 reflecting interview with [redacted]

b6
b7C

For the further information of the Charlotte Division, [redacted] Source advised that he would continue to aid and assist the FBI concerning captioned matter. Source advised that he would be [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

As of 12/17/79, source is employed at [redacted].

2 - Charlotte (Enc.-18)
2 - Richmond
HWW/aka
<4>

44-3527-186
SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 2 1980
[redacted]

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY sp tap/sp

RH 44-1416

b6
b7C

On 12/19/79, Lt. [redacted] Henry County Sheriff's Office, Martinsville, Va., advised SA [redacted] Danville, Va., RA, that the Henry County Sheriff's Office has in their possession photographs taken at Teamster's Union meeting at Collinsville, Va., on 11/10/79. These photos will be viewed for potential use re captioned matter and copies will be retained by Danville RA and thereafter shown to representatives of Greensboro, N.C., RA for use in captioned matter.

LEADS:

RICHMOND DIVISION

AT DANVILLE, VA.

Investigation continuing.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-13-79/mah

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 96 454 E , is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Raeford Milano Caudle 38549	9-29-59	DC	strt
PD Greensboro NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 63303	8-2-64	A with deadly weapon (serious injury)	
SO Miami FL	Rayford Milano Caudle 82452	9-5-64	DC vag	rel bond returnable to Justice of the Peace Dist #1 Dade Co FL
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Melande Raford Caudle 182 878	9-23-65	Assault with deadly weapon	4 mos
PD Phila PA	Caudle Raeford Milno 400594	10-31-66	CCDW	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400 594	12-9-67	contempt of crt	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	5-13-68	resist arrest DC	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	2-10-69	DC	
PD Winston-Salem NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 38549	1-12-72	Poss of Marij	No probable cause 2-22-72
PD GREENSBORO NC STATE BUREAU	RAYFORD MILANO CAUDLE 99563	11-4-79	CONS TO MURDER	44-3527-184

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp/tap/lp

SERIALIZED INDEXED FILED
DEC 30 1979

b6
b7C

NORTH CAROLINA
STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

P. O. BOX 29500
3320 OLD GARNER RD.
RALEIGH 27626

RUFUS L. EDMISTEN
ATTORNEY GENERAL

HAYWOOD R. STARLING
DIRECTOR

188

November 29, 1979

P67C
12-27-79

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Room 11262
Washington, DC 20537

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/98 BY sp/ap/ep

Attention: Identification Division

Re: Caudle, Raeford Milano
FBI# 96 454 E

12-28-79

Dear Sir:

Enclosed please find one copy of an FBI record sheet on the above named subject. Be advised that the last entry on the FBI record sheet does not reflect a NC SID number. The correct NC SID number is NC206795A.

In lieu of this situation, it is requested that this correction be made and a copy of the corrected FBI record sheet be sent to this Bureau and the Police Department, Greensboro, North Carolina.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Haywood R. Starling

Haywood R. Starling
Director

[redacted]

3527-188

[redacted]
Identification Section

b6
b7C

Enclosure

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 30 1979
FBI

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

137TDB 12-28-79

Revised record
Note FBI number

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 96 454 E is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Raeford Milano Caudle 38549	9-29-59	DC	strt
PD Greensboro NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 63303	8-2-64	A with deadly weapon (serious injury)	
SO Miami FL	Rayford Milano Caudle 82452	9-5-64	DC vag	rel bond returnable to Justice of the Peace Dist #1 Dade Co FL
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Melande Raford Caudle 182 878	9-23-65	Assault with deadly weapon	4 mos
PD Phila PA	Caudle Raeford Milno 400594	10-31-66	CCDW	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400 594	12-9-67	contempt of crt	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	5-13-68	resist arrest DC	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	2-10-69	DC	
PD Winston-Salem NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 38549	1-12-72	Poss of Marij	No probable cause 2-22-72
PD GREENSBORO NC	RAYFORD MILANO CAUDLE 99563 SID NC206795A	11-4-79	CONS TO MURDER	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/84 BY sp/tap/4

44-3527-189

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ...
SERIALIZED ... FILED ...
JAN 2 1980
CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

139FDB 12-28-72

2

Revised record
Wated FBI number

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 96 454 E, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
CC- FBI Greensboro, NC CC- State Bureau North Carolina	✓			

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [X] UNCLAS

577811
99532

Date 1/4/80

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/9/94 BY sp stamp/sig unable to locate original

RE CHARLOTTE TELCALL TO FBI HEADQUARTERS, CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION AND FBI LABORATORY, ON JANUARY 3, 1980.

ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE WITH TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL WHO COVERED THE SHOOTING INCIDENT AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREETS, GREENSBORO, NC, ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, TO TRAVEL TO THE FBI LABORATORY ON JANUARY 7 AND 9, 1980, TO PRODUCE THE ORIGINAL TAPES FILMED BY THEIR CREWS SO THEY CAN BE COPIED BY THE VIDEO AND SOUND SECTION OF THE FBI LABORATORY.

ON JANUARY 7, 1979, THE FOLLOWING TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL WILL BE AT FBI HQ, WASHINGTON, D.C. - FBI LABORATORY WITH ORIGINAL TAPES:

CHANNEL 8 - ABC AFFILIATE, HIGH POINT, NC, [redacted] b6 b7C

44-3527-190

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

TJB:lct

(1)

ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

[redacted]

Approved: _____ Transmitted 003 HQ 1849 Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

[redacted] NEWSCASTER; AND [redacted] TV CAMERAMAN. [redacted] [redacted] WILL HAVE CUSTODY OF THE VISUAL TAPES FILMED BY CHANNEL 8 ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

CHANNEL 2 - CBS AFFILIATE, GREENSBORO, NC, [redacted] CAMERAMAN. [redacted] WILL BRING ORIGINAL FILMS AND VIDEO TAPES FILMED BY HIM ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. CHANNEL 2 IS ALSO SENDING UP ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL FOR POSSIBLE INTERVIEW WITH BUREAU OFFICIALS AND LABORATORY OFFICIALS RE FBI INVESTIGATION IN THIS MATTER.

b6
b7C

CHANNEL 12 - NCB AFFILIATE, WINSTON-SALEM, NC, [redacted] [redacted] CAMERAMAN. [redacted] WILL HAVE WITH HIM ORIGINAL FILMS TAKEN BY HIM ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. [redacted] IS THE CAMERAMAN [redacted]

ON JANUARY 9, 1980, REPRESENTATIVES OF CHANNEL 11, ABC AFFILIATE, DURHAM, NC, WILL COME TO THE FBI LABORATORY: [redacted] NEWSCASTER, AND [redacted] CAMERAMAN. [redacted] WILL HAVE WITH HIM ORIGINAL VIDEO TAPE OF INCIDENT BEING RECORDED AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREET ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

ALL OF THE ABOVE TV NEWS REPRESENTATIVES HAVE REQUESTED

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE THREE CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

AN INTERVIEW WITH AN FBI OFFICIAL OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION OR OTHER FBI OFFICIAL WHO COULD BE INTERVIEWED RELATIVE TO THE PRIORITY OF THE INVESTIGATION ASSIGNED BY FBI HQ FOR GREENKIL. INTERVIEW WOULD BE LIMITED TO GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE FBI'S JURISDICTION, AND ALSO OF THE PRIORITIES OF THE INVESTIGATION; AND IT IS NOT EXPECTED ANY QUESTIONS OF SUBSTANCE REGARDING EVIDENTIARY NATURE WILL BE ASKED BY REPORTERS.

REPORTERS HAVE ALSO REQUESTED OPPORTUNITY TO INTERVIEW REPRESENTATIVE OF FBI LABORATORY FOR A GENERAL DISCUSSION OF THE NATURE OF EXAMINATIONS TO BE CONDUCTED AND AGAIN, NO SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW WILL GO INTO THAT AREA WHICH COULD BE CONSIDERED EVIDENTIARY NATURE. BASICALLY, THESE REPORTERS ARE INTERESTED IN A "SHOW AND TELL" TYPE INTERVIEW AS VERY LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT THE FBI'S CAPABILITY IN THE LABORATORY, PARTICULARLY IN AUDIO AND SOUND ANALYSIS.

FBI HQ REQUESTED TO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION REQUESTS OF THESE TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL FROM THE GREENSBORO, WINSTON-SALEM, HIGH POINT, AND DURHAM AREAS AND IF DEEMED APPROPRIATE, HAVE APPROPRIATE BUREAU OFFICIALS AVAILABLE FOR INTERVIEW ON JANUARY 7 AND 9, 1980.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE FOUR CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

ALSO, ACCOMPANYING THE TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL WILL BE SA [redacted] GREENSBORO RA, WHO IS COORDINATING FBI LABORATORY EFFORTS WITH THE STATE INVESTIGATORS, PROSECUTORS, AND NEWS PEOPLE COMING TO WASHINGTON, D.C. STATE PROSECUTOR JIM COMAN AND RICK GREESON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, GREENSBORO, NC, WILL ALSO BE ARRIVING AT WASHINGTON, D.C. AND FBI HEADQUARTERS ON JANUARY 7, 1979, TO DISCUSS WITH FBI LABORATORY PERSONNEL: SPECIAL PROJECTS, ENGINEERING, AND OTHER RELATED LABORATORY SECTIONS, THE CAPABILITIES OF OUR LABORATORY TO ASSIST THEM IN THEIR PROSECUTION AND TO DEVELOP A MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING OF WHAT THE FBI LABORATORY CAN AFFORD THE STATE PROSECUTORS AND WHAT THE STATE PROSECUTORS ARE LOOKING TO PRESENT IN THE FORM OF EXPERT TESTIMONIES AND PHYSICAL EVIDENCE.

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b7C

UACB, SA [redacted] WILL TRAVEL TO FBI HQ ON JANUARY 7, 1979, TO COORDINATE THE INTRODUCTION TO FBI LABORATORY FROM TV NEWS MEDIA AND TO COORDINATE THE MEETINGS OF STATE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND INVESTIGATOR PERSONNEL WITH FBI HQ AND FBI LABORATORY.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

1120 First Union National Bank Building
Charlotte, North Carolina
January 4, 1980

[redacted]

WFMY-TV, Channel 2
Greensboro, North Carolina

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/6/04 BY sp2 tap/sp

Dear [redacted]

This will confirm your conversations with Special Agent [redacted] on January 3 and 4, 1980, at Greensboro, North Carolina.

As you are aware, the FBI Laboratory at Washington, D.C., is examining the television video film recorded by various representatives of the news media of the shooting incident which occurred November 3, 1979, at Everitt and Carver Streets, Greensboro, North Carolina.

As a result of initial examinations of copies of TV video tape which you were kind enough to furnish, the technicians at the FBI Laboratory, in order to conduct the best possible examination, have advised us that the original TV tapes recorded on November 3, 1979, would be necessary for the limited purpose of making a first generation video and sound recording.

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In order to facilitate this, arrangements have been made by the FBI at Greensboro, North Carolina, for your travel to Washington, D.C., on January 7, 1980, accompanied by [redacted] the cameraman who filmed this incident. The original video tape will remain in your custody except for the limited period in which the actual first generation tapes are being produced and of course, [redacted] and yourself are welcome to be with our agents who will be conducting these examinations. The original tape will be immediately returned to you and will remain in your possession upon your return to Greensboro, North Carolina, on the evening of January 7, 1980.

1 - Addressee
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)
TJB:jat
(3)

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
FILED

44-3527-191

[redacted]

Public Affairs Officer 1/4/80

Special Agent [redacted] of our Greensboro Office of the FBI has made all travel arrangements necessary for you and [redacted] and will meet with you at the Greensboro Regional Airport on the morning of January 7, 1980, at approximately 6:30 AM. b6 b7C

We deeply appreciate your cooperation in this matter and at any time if you need additional information, please contact the Greensboro Office.

Very truly yours,

Herbert L. Monahan, Jr.
Special Agent in Charge

DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: VOUCHER AND PAYROLL SECTION

1/8/80

SAC, CHARLOTTE (66-215)

RENTAL OF PANASONIC VIDEO CASSETTE
RECORDER, GREENSBORO, N. C.,
NOVEMBER, 1979

DUPLICATION OF VIDEOCASSETTES
BY WFMY-TV, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Enclosed herewith are two bills submitted for payment.

The expenses were incurred in connection with GREENKIL case (Charlotte file 44-3527, Bureau File 44-81521). This investigation of the killings of five individuals on 11/3/79, in Greensboro, N. C., necessitated both the rental of equipment and the evidentiary duplication of several commercial television video tapes. These expenditures were essential for the proper and timely investigation of these killings.

3 - Bureau (Encls. 2)
(2) - Charlotte (1 - 66-215)
(1 - 44-3527)

HGM:jmz jmz
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/84 BY sp tap/ap

44-3527-193

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 1/8/80

FROM : SAC, MIAMI (100-18598) (RUC) RFN/GRK

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

b6
b7C

Re Charlotte teletype to the Bureau dated 11/6/79.

On 11/6/79, Sergeant [redacted] Dade County Public Safety Department, and Investigator [redacted] Miami Police Department, Miami, Florida, were advised of captioned matter and were requested to furnish all pertinent intelligence information to the Miami FBI Office.

Miami sources were also contacted periodically concerning this matter with negative results.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/11 BY sp2tap/kp

(2) - Charlotte
1 - Miami

GRK/jky
(3)

44-3527-197

[redacted]

JAN 11 1980

FBI

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

1-126 (Rev. 5-9-72)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

Date June 24, 1982

TO: SAC
Greensboro, North Carolina

An identification record was previously furnished to your Division on 12-27-79. If the record previously received was filed, the enclosed copy should be substituted in its place.

[X] Attached hereto is a copy of that record with one or more entries stamped "deleted" which indicates the fingerprints that support the arrest data have been expunged from the Identification Division files and returned to the submitting agency.

[ ] Attached hereto is a copy of that revised record with specific charge (s) deleted as requested by the submitting agency.

Enclosure

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 9 19[illegible]

[redacted] b6 b7C
[illegible]ING SECTION
[illegible]ation Division
[illegible]BI

FBI/DOJ

☆GPO: 1981-343-712

MASTER
I-34 (Rev. 7-19-77)

MASTER

JUL 19 1982

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 767 906 D, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Mecklenburg Co Pol Charlotte NC	Roland Wayne Wood #7268	3-7-61	auto T Winston Salem NC	
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Walter Wayne Wood #108680	3-10-61	(1) CCW (2) speeding (3) fail stop siren or red light (4) NOL	6 mos Escape 4-24-61 Recaptured
PD Winston-Salem NC	Roland Wayne Wood #38430	8-22-61	L of auto	
PD Winston-Salem NC	Roland Wayne Wood #38430	3-4-64	invest-forgery	5 yrs SPr suspended 5 yrs
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Ronald W. Wood #158-074	4-17-64	forg	3 yrs
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Roland Wayne Wood #158 074-B	4-24-64	L of auto	18 mos (concu) conc W/A
DIS Ft Holabird MD	Roland Wayne Wood 243 70 5293 Army	6-24-75		

44-3507-199

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___

JUL 8 1982

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/7/84 BY sp2 tap/yc

b6
b7C

MASTER
1-4 (Rev. 5-9-72)

MASTER

MASTER

JUL 19

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

2

The following FBI record, NUMBER 767 906 D, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.
Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. WHERE DISPOSITION IS NOT SHOWN OR FURTHER EXPLANATION OF CHARGE OR DISPOSITION IS DESIRED, COMMUNICATE WITH AGENCY CONTRIBUTING THOSE FINGERPRINTS.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Roland Wayne Wood 38430 SID NC27359A	6-29-76	Rec Stln Goods	
PD GREENSBORO NC	ROLAND WAYNE WOOD 99552 SID NC27359A	11-4-79	4 MURDER & CONS MURDER	
PD Greensboro NC	**Roland Wayne Wood 99552 SID NC 27359A**	**12-17-79**	**Murder**	
			"SUBJECT'S CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDED IN NCIC CCH FILE."	
			"FINGERPRINT AND RELATED DATA HAVE BEEN EXPUNGED FROM THIS RECORD EITHER AT THE REQUEST OF THE CONTRIBUTOR, IN RESPONSE TO A COURT ORDER, OR BECAUSE OF NONSERIOUS NATURE OF ARREST. ANY COPY OF THIS RECORD PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED SHOULD BE DESTROYED."	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

Revised record

1plJT 1-3 80

3 Note FBI number

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 767 906 D , is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
cc- North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation P.O. Box 29500 3320 Old Garner Rd. Raleigh, NC 27626 cc- FBI Greensboro, NC				

Greensboro Chamber of Commerce
Post Office Box 3246. 217 North Greene Street. Greensboro, North Carolina 27402. Telephone 919 275-8675

November 23, 1979

Mr. H. L. Monohan
Federal Bureau of Investigation
1120 Jefferson Standard Life
Insurance Building
Charlotte, North Carolina 28202

Dear Mr. Monohan:

Thank you for the contribution you made to maintain peace in Greensboro. It was through your efforts and the efforts of the other law enforcement agencies involved that brought us through this tense period without further violence.

The enclosed resolution, adopted by the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce Board of Directors at its November 15 meeting, is an expression of the business community's appreciation of your efforts in maintaining peace in our community following the tragic events of November 3.

Sincerely,

P. David Brown

P. David Brown
President

Enclosure

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/94 BY sp tap/sp

44- 3527-200
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NOV 26 19
received 11/24/80 HPB
b6
b7C

ACCREDITED CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Greensboro Chamber of Commerce
Post Office Box 3246. 217 North Greene Street. Greensboro, North Carolina 27402. Telephone 919 275-8675

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce represents 2,000 business and civic leaders concerned with the protection of human rights in the community; and

WHEREAS, the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce is concerned about the safety and the rights of all citizens; and

WHEREAS, events of the past week and a peaceful funeral march transpired without further violence or injury to anyone;

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the Board of Directors of the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce commends highly the efforts of the Greensboro City officials, Greensboro Police Department, Guilford County Sheriff's Department, North Carolina National Guard, North Carolina State Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, citizens and community leaders for their efforts in maintaining peace and ensuring the safety of all citizens during this tense period in our community.

Adopted this 15th day of November, 1979.

F. David Brown
President

John B. Barrow, Jr.
Executive Vice President

ACCREDITED CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

SAC, CHARLOTTE (88-16159) (C) 1/10/80

SA [redacted]

[redacted]

UFAP-MURDER (A)
(00: Charlotte)

b6
b7C

Review of subject file reveals all investigation completed and Federal process has been dismissed. It is recommended this matter be placed in a closed status.

CE 88-16159-1A1 is a McHargue Guns and Coins Company receipt for 2 - 40 round clips at $25.00 each in the name of [redacted] which was removed from the person of [redacted] at the time of his arrest by the Chicago Division. This 1A may be of value in the GREENKIL investigation (CE 44-3527) and therefore should be placed in that file.

CCO: Make CE 88-16159-1A1 a 1A exhibit in CE 44-3527.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/2/14 BY sp tap/cp

44-3527-201

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED ____ FILED
JAN 10
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(2) - Charlotte (1-88-16159)
(1-44-3527)

ZTL/jmg
(2) jmg

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: 1/17/80

REPLY TO ATTN OF: SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (44-1778) (RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

Re Albuquerque teletype to Director and Charlotte dated 11/8/79.

Albuquerque sources have furnished no information regarding possible travel to Greensboro, North Carolina, by representatives of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, Klu Klux Klan, or the American Nazi Party.

In the event such information should come to their attention, these sources have advised that they will immediately notify the FBI, Albuquerque Office.

No further action is being taken in this matter at Albuquerque; therefore, it is being placed in an RUC'd status.

(2) Charlotte
1-Albuquerque
SWJ/sdv
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY sp/tap/sp

44-3527-202

SERIALIZED INDEXED
JAN 21 1980

[redacted]

b6
b7C

FD-263 (Rev. 7-15-75)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7C

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
CHARLOTTE	CHARLOTTE	1/22/80	1/11/80 - 1/17/80

TITLE OF CASE

GREENKIL

REPORT MADE BY

SA [redacted]

TYPED BY

lct

CHARACTER OF CASE

CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

REFERENCES:

Charlotte report of SA [redacted] 12/10/79.
Bureau airtel to Charlotte, 1/8/80.

-P-

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/94 BY sp tap/ep

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is limited to the investigation conducted in response to the letter received from the Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice, transmitted by airtel from the Bureau, dated 1/8/80. A report providing additional facts relating to the 11/3/79, incident will be promptly submitted.

All individuals interviewed were advised that this investigation was being conducted at the request of the U.S. Department of Justice.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED ☐ NONE							CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	PRETRIAL DIVERSION	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES	ACQUIT-TALS	PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

6 - Bureau (44-81521)

1 - USA, Greensboro, N.C.

3 - Charlotte (44-3527)

44-3527-204

SEARCHED INDEXED

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

A*

COVER PAGE

c43—16—83489-1 GPO

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - USA, Greensboro, N. C.

Report of: SA [redacted] Office: CHARLOTTE
Date: 1/22/80

Field Office File #: CE 44-3527 Bureau File #: 44-81521 b6 b7C

Title: [redacted]
ET AL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/2/94 BY sp2 Tapley

Character: CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis: Captain [redacted] Greensboro Police Department, commander on scene 11/3/79, advised immediate area of shooting sealed but interstate traffic not affected. Area is residential project, not commercial. A cleaners and a laundromat were only businesses within sealed area. Businesses not closed by incident but access not permitted until 4 p.m. on 11/3/79. Businesses are privately owned independents and not directly involved with interstate commerce. U.S. mail to be picked up from mailbox at Everitt and Carver and mail to be delivered in Morningside Project were delayed on 11/3/79, from 11:30 a.m. until 4 p.m. WXII television, Winston-Salem, N.C., affiliated with National Broadcasting Company (NBC) and owned by Multi-Media Corporation of Cincinnati, Ohio, and Greenville, S.C. Station televises into Virginia. Station suffered $2,000 damages to its vehicle and loss of employee for four or five days because of gun shoots at incident. United Parcel Service had no deliveries affected. Duke Transit Company did not cease operation in area but re-routed buses.

-P-

DETAILS:

This report contains the results of a limited investigation requested by the Civil Rights Division (CRD), United States Department of Justice, through a letter to the FBI transmitted by FBI communication dated January 8, 1980. This CRD letter requested investigation to determine any effect the 11/3/79 incident in Greensboro, N.C., had on interstate commerce and Federal functions in the area.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

☆ U.S.GPO:1975-0-575-841

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 1/17/80

FROM : SAC, NORFOLK (100-7518) (RUC)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, aka
Communist Workers Party of North Carolina,
Greensboro, North Carolina
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST
"GREENKIL"

Re Norfolk teletype to Bureau, 11/9/79.

For information of Charlotte, Norfolk has developed no additional information regarding captioned matter and is considering this case RUC.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/24 BY sp2 tap/sp

44-3527-205
SEARCHED _____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED _____ FILED
JAN 23 1980

(2) Charlotte
1- Norfolk
SCO:csb
(3)

b6
b7C

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12217) (P) 1/17/80

SA [redacted]

INVISIBLE EMPIRE,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN,
NORTH CAROLINA REALM
DOMESTIC SECURITY

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/91 BY sp1ap/gj

DECLASSIFIED BY .....
ON .....

On 1/16/80, Sheriff [redacted] and Detective [redacted] Lincoln County, N. C., Sheriff's Office, Lincolnton, N. C., furnished the following information:

At approximately 8:40 P. M. on 1/15/80, [redacted], telephone number [redacted] who is employed [redacted] at the Department of Corrections, Lincoln County Unit, was arriving home on Ridge Road. He observed an individual running across the yard of the residence at [redacted] and entering the passenger side of a vehicle. He also observed a burning cross on the yard at [redacted]

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b7C

[redacted] recognized the individual who ran from the burning cross and entered the vehicle as [redacted] who had been an inmate at the Lincoln County Unit, North Carolina Department of Corrections.

[redacted] pursued the vehicle which [redacted] entered and radioed information as to what had happened and the direction of travel from a radio in his truck. Approximately five miles from the residence of the victim, the vehicle was stopped by Lincoln County Sheriff's Officers and Lincolnton Police Officers. The driver of the vehicle was determined to be VIRGIL LEE GRIFFIN. The passenger, as stated above, was [redacted]

2 - 100-12217
2 - 100-12212
2 - 44-3527

CBW:rep
(6)

44-3527-206

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 18 1980
[redacted]
FBI

[redacted] was wearing a .44 caliber, black powder, navy arms, single-action pistol in a shoulder holster. This pistol was fully loaded.

Also located in the car was a sawed-off 16-gauge shotgun and a .22 caliber rifle, together with literature of the Communist Party and Ku Klux Klan.

[redacted], who was observed to be a white male, age [redacted] address [redacted], was charged with possession of a firearm within five years of conviction of a felony, a violation of North Carolina General Statute 14-415.1 and with burning a cross on the land of [redacted] and wife, [redacted], a violation of North Carolina General Statute 14-12.12.

VIRGIL LEE GRIFFIN, a white male, age 35, was charged with aiding and abetting [redacted] in the cross-burning in that he drove the vehicle transporting [redacted] to and from the scene of the crime.

He was also charged with careless and reckless driving, a violation of North Carolina General Statute 20-140a.

The weapons recovered from the vehicle were described as follows:

Stevens 16-gauge single-barrel shotgun, barrel sawed off to a length of 18 3/4 inches. No serial number.

Glenfield .22 caliber semi-automatic rifle, serial number 23408753.

The .44 caliber black powder weapon carried by [redacted] is described as a Navy Arms, Ritchfield, New Jersey, single-action percussion-type revolver, fully loaded, serial number 154062.

The vehicle operated by GRIFFIN was a 1973 Mercury Comet two-door, light blue in color, VIN 3K31L532864.

[redacted] had papers showing that he had purchased this vehicle on 1/8/80.

CE 100-12217

VIRGIL LEE GRIFFIN was released on $5,000 bond after midnight in the early a.m. of 1/16/80.

[redacted] remains in the Lincoln County Jail in lieu of $6,500 bond.

GRIFFIN and [redacted] refused to make any statements concerning the cross-burning, but [redacted] did advise officers that the .44 caliber weapon carried by him was purchased by one [redacted] of Camp Lejeune, N. C., on or about 12/23/79, at Woolco, Inc., Gaston Mall, Gastonia, N. C.

Sheriff [redacted] stated that [redacted] and [redacted] are both white. He stated that [redacted] is employed as a [redacted] at [redacted] where one [redacted] is also employed. [redacted] was arrested at Greensboro, N. C., subsequent to the shooting deaths of members of the Communist Party during the demonstration held there.

Sheriff [redacted] stated that [redacted] state that they do not recall making anti-Klan statements and can think of no reason why a cross would be burned on their property.

On 1/16/80, Special Agent [redacted] North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation (SBI), Lincolnton, N. C., advised that, while VIRGIL GRIFFIN was at the Magistrate's Office in Lincolnton waiting to be released on bond, there were a number of people who came there to see him. He stated that the following license numbers were observed outside the Lincoln County Courthouse, and it is believed that most of these license numbers belong to vehicles transporting these individuals who came to see GRIFFIN. The license numbers are as follows:

(all North Carolina licenses)

DXV-379

BB-6419

HX-7751

BCP-383

GE 100-12217

RBM-567

KPN-238

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12217) (P) DATE: 1/17/80

FROM : SA [redacted] b6 b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: INVISIBLE EMPIRE,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN,
NORTH CAROLINA REALM (IEKKKK,NC)
DOMESTIC SECURITY

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

DECLASSIFIED BY sp5tcw/tp
ON 6/7/94

b7D

On 1/14/80 [redacted] advised SAs BRENDAN J. BATTLE and [redacted] that he is presently a member of captioned organization. He stated the leader of the organization, the Grand Dragon, is VIRGIL GRIFFIN, of Alexis, N. C. He stated GRIFFIN founded the organization in approximately 1973. He stated GRIFFIN was formerly a member of the United Klans of America during the time [redacted] He stated that, while [redacted] Klan activities slowed down; and, after [redacted] GRIFFIN approached him about reorganizing the Klan, and [redacted] wanted nothing to do with it and, therefore, GRIFFIN founded his own organization. He stated the organization is headquartered in Indianapolis, Indiana, and the [redacted] of Indianapolis. He advised he believes [redacted] is presently [redacted] He also advised that [redacted] is the [redacted] Source advised that, to his knowledge, there are also branches in Pennsylvania, Georgia, and Maryland; and he believes the leader of the [redacted] group is one [redacted] (phonetic). Source advised he believes that GRIFFIN joined with the other groups in approximately 1978 (C)

b6 b7C

b6 b7C b7D

He advised that captioned organization will generally have a rally every weekend during the spring and as the weather permits at other times (C)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

7 - 100-12217
1 - 100-12212
1 - 100-12221
1 - [redacted]
1 - 44-3527

b7D

Classified and ~~Extended~~ by 1550
Reason for ~~Extension~~ FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2(2,3)
Date of ~~Review~~ for Declassification 1-17-00

44-35-27-297

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 17 1980
[redacted]

RPH:rep
(11)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savin

He advised there is no official headquarters of the organization and GRIFFIN will sometimes have meetings at his residence or will designate the residence of another individual. GRIFFIN has a Post Office box in Mount Holly, N. C., where the "Fiery Cross" can be obtained. He advised the "Fiery Cross" is actually the application form for the organization and not really a publication of the organization. He stated a newsletter is prepared by GRIFFIN on an irregular schedule and distributed to members. He stated this newsletter does not have any name. He advised further that GRIFFIN prepares the newsletter, and it is typed by a [redacted] (LAST NAME UNKNOWN).(C)

b6
b7C

He advised the [redacted] in the state who is known as the [redacted] of [redacted] N. C.; but he advised that, after the incident in Greensboro, N. C., [redacted] has apparently lost interest and is not at present in a policy-making position with the Klan. He also advised that the organization has a "State Board" who make decisions on the activities of the Klan. He stated most programs and ideas are brought before the State Board and they vote how to proceed. He advised GRIFFIN does not have a vote.(C)

He advised, to his best recollection, the following are some of the members of the State Board:(C)

(1) BOBBY BRADSHAW,
of Glen Alpine, North Carolina(C)

(2) [redacted] (C)

(3) [redacted]

(4) [redacted]

(5) [redacted] (C)

(6) LISFORD CARL NAPIER,
of the Hickory, N. C., area(C)

(7) A man from Morganton, N. C., whose name he cannot recall(C)

(8) [redacted]

(9) [redacted] (C)

b6
b7C

Concerning other leaders and policy-makers in the organization, he stated he believes that [redacted] wife, name unknown, may be an Exalted Cyclops since [redacted] is a Board member and one cannot be a Board member and an Exalted Cyclops at the same time. He also advised that [redacted] is the Exalted Cyclops in the [redacted] area, that [redacted] was formerly the Exalted Cyclops in [redacted] N. C., area, but is no longer active. (C)

[redacted] (It is noted concerning the above that [redacted] and NAPIER have been arrested and charged in the Greensboro incident.) (C)

He advised the general structure of a local Klan organization consists of the Exalted Cyclops, his assistant, a Klaliff, a preacher believed to be known as the Kludd, a Kligrapp (phonetic), and a Kladd, and a Klarogo, whose functions he does not know. He also advised there is an office known as a Titan, who is the leader of a group of Klaverns. He advised the Titan of the Lincoln County, N. C., area is BILLY JOE FRANKLIN. (It is noted FRANKLIN was one of those arrested in the Greensboro incident.) (C)

Concerning the total membership, source advised he would estimate it at perhaps 200 statewide prior to the Greensboro incident and could not even guess what the membership is nationally (C)

Concerning the geographic location of the various Klaverns, as far as he knows, there are Klaverns in Bostic, Gastonia, Boger City, Lincolnton, Hickory, Morganton, Whiteville, and Louisburg. (C)

He advised the purpose of the organization as outlined to him before he joined was to fight communism, integration, and drugs (C)

Concerning the use of violence, he advised there is no requirement to purchase any firearms, no request that they purchase firearms, and there is no type of organized firearms practice. He stated that, as is common with most individuals in North Carolina, however, most of the members do possess some type of firearm. He stated he has never heard any actual violence planned, and he frequently hears threats made in speeches to the effect that, if any "nigger" rapes a white woman, the next day there should be 100 dead "niggers." (C)

He advised the members take an oath during the course of which they advise they are free of any foreign government and are free of the Pope. (C)

He advised each Klavern has a secretary, and members pay $2 a month dues. He stated of this amount $1 stays in the Klavern treasury and $1 is sent to GRIFFIN to pay for the newsletter and applications. He advised the secretary of the [redacted] Klavern is [redacted] (C)

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Concerning the location of known rallies conducted, he advised there have been rallies in Louisburg, N. C.; in Rocky Mount, N. C.; in Icard, N. C.; in Cliffside, N. C.; in Lincolnton, N. C.; and in Chester, South Carolina. He advised the main purpose of the rallies at present is to obtain money to assist those arrested in Greensboro, and he stated he would estimate the average rally obtains about $40 in donations. He advised, however, there is an actual defense fund for the Greensboro participants; and he has heard that there is $1,000 in this fund. He believes this fund is administered by GRIFFIN and is probably kept in the First Union National Bank in Dallas, N. C. He advised there is no large donor of funds to the Klan that he knows of and the organization is very short of money. He also advised he has no knowledge of any police officers being members of captioned organization. (C)

He stated members of captioned organization went to Louisburg, N. C., in approximately September, 1979, and met with some members of the Nazi Party there. He advised that, although the newspapers stated there was an alliance between the two organizations, he said, in effect, there was a very loose agreement between the two organizations. He advised captioned organization apparently was the most friendly of the Klan organizations in the state toward the Nazis. He also advised there were two other rallies, one in Rocky Mount and one in Winston-Salem, when captioned organization and the Nazis were together. He advised that he would

estimate there are approximately 25 members of the Nazi organization and noted that the Nazis seem to be more "gung ho" or dedicated than the Klan members. He advised they always came in full uniform and carried guns. He advised he knew two of their members to be ROLAND WAYNE WOOD and RAEFORD CAUDLE.(C)

He stated he would estimate that approximately 60 percent of the members of captioned organization are male and 40 percent are female. He stated most of the females are wives of the Klan members.(C)

He also advised that, prior to a rally that is being held, GRIFFIN will generally contact the press in the area and advise them concerning the rally. He also advised that GRIFFIN has a number of signs printed up concerning a rally and, when there is a rally in a Klavern area, the Klavern members will fill in the time and date and put up the signs.(C)

LEADS:

CHARLOTTE

AT MORGANTON, WHITEVILLE, AND LOUISBURG, N. C.

Through contact with local authorities and other logical sources, attempt to determine information concerning the presence of captioned organization in the above areas. (It is suggested that Agents assigned these leads be provided a Xerox copy of serial 7.)(U)

AT DALLAS, N. C.

Will attempt to determine financial information concerning captioned organization at the First Union National Bank.(U)

AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Will open a separate 100 case on [redacted] of [redacted] N. C., who is a currently active policy-maker in the organization who was not arrested in the Greensboro incident.(U)

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IT IS REQUESTED INVESTIGATION IN THIS MATTER BE EXPEDITED AS REPORT MUST BE AT THE BUREAU ON 2/5/80.(U)

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

b6
b7C

TO : SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)
(Attention: SA [redacted]

DATE: 1/22/80

FROM : Director, FBI (44-81521)

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

Reference is made to a meeting held at FBIHQ, on 1/9/80.

Enclosed under separate cover are eight 16"x20" enlargements of the crime scene area. It is requested that any choices made of these photographs be made by referring to the numbers and information on the reverse side of these prints.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/94 BY sp2tcw/cp

44-3527-208

SEARCHED — INDEXED
SERIALIZED — FILED
JAN 24 1980

1) [redacted]

2) [redacted]

(photos are 1A271)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

5010-110

SAC, CHARLOTTE (52-7444) (P) 1/24/80

SA [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] aka [redacted]

TGP (A)
(OO: ATLANTA)

Re Columbia airtel to Charlotte, 1/16/80.

On 11/29/79, captioned subject was interviewed at Gonzales, La. by SA [redacted] Captioned subject stated to SA [redacted] that he had given live grenades to people in Greensboro, N.C. who possibly were members of the Klu Klux Klan. Captioned subject would not identify the individuals that he supposedly provided the live grenades to.

During the course of the interview, [redacted] admitted that on previous occasions, he has sought psychiatric treatment at various mental hospitals to include the VA Hospital in Los Angeles, California.

LEADS

CHARLOTTE

AT GREENSBORO, N.C.: Will notify appropriate local authorities regarding captioned subject's statement that live grenades were given to possible members of the KKK.

Lead at Greensboro, N.C. should be directed to case agents for Ce files 157-10169 and 44-3527.

(4) Charlotte (2-52-7444)
(1-157-10169)
(1-44-3527)

DWC/jmg
(4)

44-3527-209

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED ____ FILED
JAN24
FBI CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/7/94 BY sp2 tap/sp

CO 100-1796

The above is furnished for the investigative assistance of Charlotte. No additional background investigation is being conducted UACB.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 1/23/80

FROM: SAC, COLUMBIA (100-1796)(RUC)

SUBJECT: "GREENKIL"
OO: CE

b6
b7C

ReColet to CE, 12/17/79.

For the information of the Charlotte Division, [redacted] has been the spokesman for the National United Workers Party (NUWP) and the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) within the Greenville, S. C. area. [redacted], a white male, resided at [redacted] and was employed at the [redacted], S. C. Zeigler has in the past received newspaper publicity and local TV coverage due to his activities.

Additionally residing at the same address was one [redacted] who received mail at [redacted], S. C.

[redacted] in the past, was in association with the following individuals:

1. [redacted]
2.
3.
4.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/26/84 BY sp2 tap/kp

On 1/16/80, [redacted] (PROTECT), [redacted] Federal Station Post Office, advised that a check of his current change of address records indicate that [redacted] and [redacted] have moved to Greensboro, N. C., and presently reside at [redacted] as of 11/13/79.

2-Charlotte
1-Columbia

JWS:jap
(3)

44-3527-211

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 26 1980
FBI [redacted]

1cc cleared in 100-12177 (RCP) mg

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll

The above is furnished for the investigative assistance of Charlotte. No additional background investigation is being conducted UACB.

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168) (P) 12/6/79

SA [redacted]

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, aka
COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA,
GREENSBORO, N. C.
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Film was taken by Bureau Agents during the assembly and funeral procession for the five slain members of the Communist Workers Party which took place in Greensboro on 11/11/79. This film has been made an exhibit into captioned file. Information concerning the availability of this film is being disseminated to the CWP file and the Greenkil file inasmuch as members of the CWP were photographed in this film. In the future some individuals may be identified as participating in this funeral procession, which may be of value for investigative purposes for handling the CWP for the Greenkil case.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/6/94 BY sp3 tap/sp

4 - Charlotte
(2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527) (GREENKIL)
(1 - 100-12202) (CWP)
HPB:swl
(4) swl

44-3527-146

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 6 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

44-D

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (~~44-3527~~)
(ATTENTION: ASAC CECIL E. MOSES)

DATE: November 26, 1979

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/84 BY sp Tap/kp

Sub P Ser #184

During approximately July, 1979, JOE GRADY, Winston-Salem KKK Leader, telephonically contacted SA [redacted] at the Greensboro Resident Agency and requested an interview. SA [redacted] agreed to meet GRADY on that date at the Waffle House Restaurant on Peters Creek Parkway, Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

On that same afternoon, SAs [redacted] and [redacted] met with GRADY at the Waffle House Restaurant and the sum and substance of the conversation is as follows:

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GRADY stated that he felt his rights were violated when the "Communists" and others prevented the KKK from continuing with a display that they had set up at the library in Winston-Salem. He also believed his rights were violated when the KKK was prevented from showing the movie "Birth of a Nation" at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, by those same groups. GRADY also stated that he felt his rights were violated at China [redacted]

147
44-D-3527

RECEIVED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 27 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE
FBI/DOJ

1 - Charlotte

GMA:kmc
(1)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings

Grove, North Carolina, when the KKK was once again harassed by the "Communists" and the blacks.

GRADY was asked if he was making an official complaint concerning what he believed was a violation of his civil rights and the fact that if he was, it would be necessary to go elsewhere where there was more privacy and interviewing Agents could take comprehensive notes. GRADY stated that he was not making an official complaint at this time and that he would contact his attorney and together they would determine if an official complaint concerning the violation of their civil rights should be made.

GRADY continued that he knew that the FBI was conducting investigations on the KKK and he was assured by both SAs [redacted] and [redacted] that this was not the fact. He was advised that the only time any organization like the KKK would be of interest to the FBI would be if they planned to violate either a State or Federal law. GRADY stated that he was concerned about possible violence in the future and that he, as an individual, was opposed to this kind of activity. GRADY was advised that if either he or anyone else conspired to or actually committed an act of violence, it would be of interest to law enforcement. At this time he stated that he had no

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positive information concerning any potential violence but promised that should he hear of any planned violence, he would immediately contact interviewing Agents. During the conversation, GRADY also discussed the possession of weapons. He was asked by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] whether to his knowledge any members of the KKK had in their possession automatic weapons and GRADY stated that he personally did not know any individual who had in his possession an automatic weapon.

The conversation concluded amiably and SAs [redacted] and [redacted] reminded GRADY that should he desire to make an official complaint after discussing this matter with his attorney, he should immediately contact the Greensboro Office of the FBI.

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ADMINISTRATIVE:

The above information is being submitted at this time in order to assist ASAC MOSES in his comments to the press concerning JOE GRADY's statement to the press that he had contacted two FBI Agents at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, during July, 1979. No record of this contact was made by SA [redacted] immediately after the interview inasmuch as it was nonspecific and did not fall within any current FBI investigative guidelines.

SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) 12/6/79

SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (157-2841)(RUC)

"GREENKIL"

Re Charlotte teletype to Bureau, 11/6/79.

Appropriate Bureau sources and local law enforcement agencies within the Oklahoma City Division were contacted relative to lead set forth in re teletype. No positive information has been developed by the Oklahoma City Division in this regard.

In the event that any such information is developed the Bureau and Charlotte will be immediately advised.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY SP2 Tap/pp

(2) Charlotte
1- Oklahoma City
LJO:mnt
(3)
mnt

44-3527-150

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ...
SERIALIZED ... FILED ...
DEC 10 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

RHØØ3 3452Ø49Z

PP CE

DE RH

P 112Ø25Z DEC 79

FM: RICHMOND (44-1416)(P)

TO: CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKILL, OO - CHARLOTTE.

RE DANVILLE RA TELCALL TO GREENSBORO RA ON DEC. 1Ø, 1979.

AS SET FORH IN REFERENCED TELCALL, A [redacted] SOURCE PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON DEC. 1Ø, 1979:

SOURCE STATED HE HAD BEEN ADVISED THERE WAS TO BE AN ANTI-KLAN RALLY AT GREENSBORO, N.C. ON DEC. 13, 1979. SOURCE ADVISED THAT [redacted] SOURCE COULD NOT STATE WHETHER THIS WAS TO BE A RALLY, A MARCH, OR WHAT TYPE OF MEETING IT WAS TO BE.

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b7C
b7D

THIS INFORMATION BEING PROVIDED FOR CHARLOTTE DIVISION FOR WHATEVER ACTION DEEMED NECESSARY.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp2tcw/sp

(2cc 44-3527

2cc 100-12202

44-3527-152

SERIALIZED INDEXED FILED

DEC 11 1979

b6
b7C

[redacted]

MASTER
1-4 (Rev. 7-19-77)

MASTER

MASTER

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-14-79 723 CRH

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 497 775 F , is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Greensboro NC	James George Buck 67415	1-12-66	AWDW (pistol)	
PD Thomasville NC	James George Buck 8613	2-25-67	poss of fireworks	
Dept of Corr Rec Sec Raleigh NC	James G Buck B9059.383-11241-OS	2-26-68	terrorizing Citizens of the Community & damage to real property	18 mos paroled 7-26-68

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/84 BY sp Tap/kp

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIES YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

X-Ref 157-2389 157-7200-516 Buck

44-3527-153

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED NOV 30 1979 FBI

b6 b7C

2

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-14-79 723 CRH

Use of the following information from FBI record, NUMBER 497 775 F , is REGULATED BY LAW.
It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED.

Description and Related Data:

Race: White

Sex: Male

Height: 6'

Weight: 165

Hair: Brown

Eyes: Blue

Date and Place of Birth: 12-22-41 Wausau WI

Scars and Marks: one tattoo on left arm (USCM)

Address: (in 1968) 1227 East Linsey St Greensboro NC

Occupation: (in 1968) Draftsman

Social Security Number: Unknown

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIED YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

I-4 (Rev. 1-20-67)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

11-14-79 185 SCP

The following FBI record, NUMBER 747 835 G, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY. Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. WHERE FINAL DISPOSITION IS NOT SHOWN OR FURTHER EXPLANATION OF CHARGE IS DESIRED, COMMUNICATE WITH AGENCY CONTRIBUTING THOSE FINGERPRINTS.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Greensboro NC	Brent Milland Fletcher #58612	3-31-63	larc & rec	
DOD NACC Ft Holabird Md	Brent Milland Fletcher #US53533583 Army	1-22-69		

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIED YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/89 BY sp taylor

X Del
157-4047
Fletcher

44-3537-154

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 30 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

1-4b (Rev. 7-19-77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-14-79 185 SCB

2

747 835 G

Use of the following information from FBI record, NUMBER , is REGULATED BY LAW.
It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED.

Description and Related Data:

Race: White

Sex: Male

Height: 69"

Weight: 200

Hair: Black

Eyes: Brown

Date and Place of Birth: 5-25-46 Surry County NC

Scars and Marks: unknown

Address: (in 1963) 802 Fifth Avenue
Greensboro NC

Occupation: (in 1963) Curb Hop

SINCE NEITHER FINGERPRINTS NOR AN IDENTIFYING NUMBER WHICH IS INDEXED IN OUR FILES ACCOMPANIED YOUR REQUEST, FBI CANNOT GUARANTEE IN ANY MANNER THAT THIS MATERIAL CONCERNS THE INDIVIDUAL IN WHOM YOU ARE INTERESTED.

Social Security Number: unknown

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☒ Airtel	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/10/79

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM: SAC, BIRMINGHAM (44-3570) (RUC)

"GREENKIL"

Re Charlotte teletypes to Bureau, 11/5/79 and 11/6/79, and Bureau teletype to Charlotte, 11/6/79.

For information of Charlotte, no information received from sources nor any unsolicited information received indicating travel has or will be made to Charlotte in relation to captioned matter.

In view of above, no further investigation is being conducted within Birmingham Division.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/84 BY SP2 Tap/pw

(2) - Charlotte
1 - Birmingham
GAP:dgs
(3)

44-3527-155

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ✓ FILED ✓
DEC 14 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

Approved: JAB/EGB Transmitted ____ (Number) ____ (Time) Per ____

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- X AIRTEL
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/11/79

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM: SAC, CINCINNATI (100-22421)(RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
OO: Charlotte

Re CI teletype to Bureau, 11/15/79.

For the information of Charlotte, no further information has been received from the Middletown, Ohio area.

On 11/14/79, the information contained in Denver teletype to the Bureau, dated 11/10/79, was discussed with FBI Resident Agent who covers Mason, Ohio. Agent advised there has been no intelligence information to substantiate any such meeting or purchase of automatic weapons. Agent will remain alert for information and will advise appropriate offices if information is developed.

No further investigation remains in the Cincinnati Division. This matter is being RUC'd.

2 - Charlotte
1 - Cincinnati

RLD/csf
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp tap/cp

44-3527-156

SEARCHED SERIALIZED DEC 15

b6
b7C

[redacted]

RLD

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [XX] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [ ] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [XX] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [XX] UNCLAS

577019
118 989

Date 12/17/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2/29/84 BY sp4 klw/tmy

RE BUREAU TELCALL TO CHARLOTTE, DATED DECEMBER 17, 1979.

USA H. M. MICHAUX, MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA (MDNC), GREENSBORO, NC, ADVISED THAT HE DESIRES FBI LABORATORY SPECIAL PROJECTS SECTION TO CREATE A MODEL OF THE CRIME SCENE AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREETS TO ASSIST HIM IN HIS PRESENTATION OF EVIDENCE TO A FEDERAL GRAND JURY (FGJ) AND FOR ANY FUTURE POSSIBLE TRIALS TO BE HAD IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT (USDC).

ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE WITH THE FOUR T.V. CHANNELS WHO HAD FILMED THE INCIDENT AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREETS TO MAKE AVAILABLE THE ORIGINAL VIDEO TAPES TAKEN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND IN EACH INSTANCE, THE FIRST AVAILABLE DATE FOR TRAVEL TO WASHINGTON FOR THE RECORDING FROM THE ORIGINAL TAPES IS JANUARY 7,

TJB:lct

(1) lct

44-3527-157

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

Send VIA
ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

Approved: DCS Transmitted 001 (Number) 17272 (Time) Per pow

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

1980.

THE FOLLOWING EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED AS BEING USED BY THESE VARIOUS CHANNELS:

CHANNEL 11 - [redacted] ADVISED HIS CAMERAMAN [redacted] WAS USING A SONY TK76B AND SONY 100 RECORDER WITH A SELF-CONTAINED POWER PACK BELT.

b6
b7C

CHANNEL 2 - [redacted] ADVISED THAT HIS PERSONNEL, [redacted] WAS USING AN RCA TK76B WITH A FIELD RECORDER JVC-444, SELF-CONTAINED POWER PACK.

THE EQUIPMENT BEING USED BY CHANNEL 8 AND CHANNEL 12 ARE NOT KNOWN, HOWEVER, IT IS BELIEVED THAT CHANNEL 12 WAS ALSO USING A TK76B RECORDER, BUT THIS HAS NOT BEEN CONFIRMED AS OF YET..

ARRANGEMENTS ARE BEING MADE TO FLY THE CAMERAMEN WITH THEIR ORIGINAL VIDEO TAPES TO THE FBI LABORATORY ON THE MORNING OF JANUARY 7, 1979, SO THE ORIGINAL TAPES MAY BE USED FOR FIRST GENERATION COPIES AT FBI LABORATORY.

FBI LABORATORY ENGINEERING SECTION AND SPECIAL PROJECTS ARE REQUESTED TO ADVISE ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THEY NEED PRIOR TO ARRIVAL OF THESE INDIVIDUALS WITH THEIR RECORDINGS AND VIDEO

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE THREE CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

TAPES AND IF ANY ADDITIONAL TRAVEL IS DEEMED NECESSARY FOR COPYING THE VIDEO TAPES, ADVISE CHARLOTTE DIVISION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE SO TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS MAY BE MADE.

UACB, ON JANUARY 7, 1980, AGENT OF THE FBI, CHARLOTTE DIVISION, WILL ACCOMPANY T.V. PERSONNEL FROM CHANNEL 11, CHANNEL 2, CHANNEL 12 AND CHANNEL 8 TO WASHINGTON, D.C., FBI LABORATORY FOR RECORDING OF VISUAL VIDEO TAPES.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

Routing Slip
0-7 (Rev. 5-15-77)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC:

- ☐ Albany
- ☐ Albuquerque
- ☐ Alexandria
- ☐ Anchorage
- ☐ Atlanta
- ☐ Baltimore
- ☐ Birmingham
- ☐ Boston
- ☐ Buffalo
- ☐ Butte
- ☒ Charlotte
- ☐ Chicago
- ☐ Cincinnati
- ☐ Cleveland
- ☐ Columbia
- ☐ Dallas
- ☐ Denver
- ☐ Detroit
- ☐ El Paso
- ☐ Honolulu
- ☐ Houston
- ☐ Indianapolis
- ☐ Jackson
- ☐ Jacksonville
- ☐ Kansas City
- ☐ Knoxville
- ☐ Las Vegas
- ☐ Little Rock
- ☐ Los Angeles
- ☐ Louisville
- ☐ Memphis
- ☐ Miami
- ☐ Milwaukee
- ☐ Minneapolis
- ☐ Mobile
- ☐ Newark
- ☐ New Haven
- ☐ New Orleans
- ☐ New York City
- ☐ Norfolk
- ☐ Oklahoma City
- ☐ Omaha
- ☐ Philadelphia
- ☐ Phoenix
- ☐ Pittsburgh
- ☐ Portland
- ☐ Richmond
- ☐ Sacramento
- ☐ St. Louis
- ☐ Salt Lake City
- ☐ San Antonio
- ☐ San Diego
- ☐ San Francisco
- ☐ San Juan
- ☐ Savannah
- ☐ Seattle
- ☐ Springfield
- ☐ Tampa
- ☐ Washington Field
- ☐ Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- ☐ Bern
- ☐ Bonn
- ☐ Buenos Aires
- ☐ Caracas
- ☐ Hong Kong
- ☐ London
- ☐ Madrid
- ☐ Manila
- ☐ Mexico City
- ☐ Ottawa
- ☐ Paris
- ☐ Rome
- ☐ Tokyo

☐ SAC, New Rochelle (MRA) ☐ ASAC, Rapid City ("Mini") 12/17/79 (Date)

RE: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/94 BY sp2 Tp/ap

☐ For information ☐ Retention optional ☒ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by _____

☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.

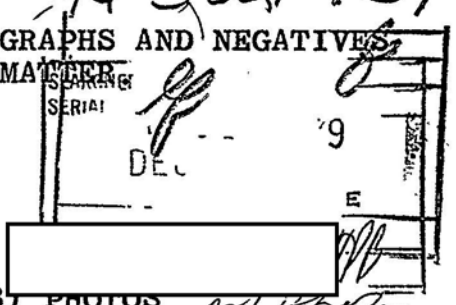
☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____.

Remarks:

RE CHARLOTTE AIRTEL TO BUREAU 12/6/79

44-3527-159

ENCLOSED ARE PHOTOGRAPHS AND NEGATIVES SUBMITTED IN THIS MATTER.



b6
b7C

Enc. TWENTY EIGHT (28) PHOTOS

Bufile 44-81521

Urfile 44-3527

FBI/DOJ

Routing Slip
0-7 (Rev. 5-13-77)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC:

- ☐ Albany
- ☐ Albuquerque
- ☐ Alexandria
- ☐ Anchorage
- ☐ Atlanta
- ☐ Baltimore
- ☐ Birmingham
- ☐ Boston
- ☐ Buffalo
- ☐ Butte
- ☒ Charlotte
- ☐ Chicago
- ☐ Cincinnati
- ☐ Cleveland
- ☐ Columbia
- ☐ Dallas
- ☐ Denver
- ☐ Detroit
- ☐ El Paso
- ☐ Honolulu
- ☐ Houston
- ☐ Indianapolis
- ☐ Jackson
- ☐ Jacksonville
- ☐ Kansas City
- ☐ Knoxville
- ☐ Las Vegas
- ☐ Little Rock
- ☐ Los Angeles
- ☐ Louisville
- ☐ Memphis
- ☐ Miami
- ☐ Milwaukee
- ☐ Minneapolis
- ☐ Mobile
- ☐ Newark
- ☐ New Haven
- ☐ New Orleans
- ☐ New York City
- ☐ Norfolk
- ☐ Oklahoma City
- ☐ Omaha
- ☐ Philadelphia
- ☐ Phoenix
- ☐ Pittsburgh
- ☐ Portland
- ☐ Richmond
- ☐ Sacramento
- ☐ St. Louis
- ☐ Salt Lake City
- ☐ San Antonio
- ☐ San Diego
- ☐ San Francisco
- ☐ San Juan
- ☐ Savannah
- ☐ Seattle
- ☐ Springfield
- ☐ Tampa
- ☐ Washington Field
- ☐ Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- ☐ Bern
- ☐ Bonn
- ☐ Buenos Aires
- ☐ Caracas
- ☐ Hong Kong
- ☐ London
- ☐ Madrid
- ☐ Manila
- ☐ Mexico City
- ☐ Ottawa
- ☐ Paris
- ☐ Rome
- ☐ Tokyo

☐ SAC, New Rochelle (MRA) ☐ ASAC, Rapid City ("Mini") 12/17/79 (Date)

RE:

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/91 BY sp tap/sp

Retention For appropriate

☐ For information ☐ optional ☒ action ☐ Surep, by _____

☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.

☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____.

Remarks:

RE CHARLOTTE AIRTEL TO BUREAU 12/4/79.

ENCLOSED ARE PHOTOGRAPHS AND NEGATIVES SUBMITTED IN THIS MATTER.

INDEXED

DEC 9 '79

44-3527-160

b6
b7C

[redacted]

Enc. 109 PHOTOS AND ONE SET OF NEGATIVES

Bufile

Urfile 44-3527

FBI/DOJ

AIRTEL

12/17/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12202) (P)

WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party (CWP)
DOMESTIC SECURITY
(OO: NEW YORK)

Full investigation of WVO in North Carolina authorized by Bureau, 11/5/79.

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted] 12/10/79, captioned, "GREENKIL."

b6
b7C

For the information and assistance of the Denver Office, the following is set forth:

The Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO), aka Communist Workers Party (CWP) advised a "Kill the Klan" rally and parade to be held in Greensboro, N.C., 11/3/79. This organization had in 7/79, disrupted a meeting of the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) in China Grove, N.C., and burned the KKK flag.

On 11/3/79, in Greensboro, N.C., prior to the beginning of the parade, several car loads of KKK and Nazi Party members appeared at the starting point and shooting erupted between the groups. Five members of the WVO were killed and several people injured.

2 - Bureau
2 - Denver
2 - New York
3 - Charlotte (2-100-12202)
(1-44-3527)

CSF:jat
(9)

44-3527-161

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/20/84 BY sp4 clw/tag

CE 100-12202

One of those killed during the shooting was WILLIAM E. SAMPSON, a white male, 33 years of age. He reportedly was an honor graduate in philosophy from Augustana College, Rock Island, Illinois, received a Master's Degree in theology from Harvard Divinity School and then attended the University of Virginia Medical School. He worked and tried to organize a radical union at textile mills. He was a shop steward in the Amalgamated Clothing and Textile Workers Union of America. He was a native of Richmond, Virginia, and was married to [redacted]

A confidential source has advised that when WILLIAM E. SAMPSON applied for employment in Greensboro, N.C., in 1977 he indicated previous employment from 1967 to 1977 at the Shadow Mountain Sound Shop, Evergreen, Colorado, telephone 303-674-5410 and his [redacted] was one [redacted] Telephonic contact with [redacted] was made and he confirmed employment there for SAMPSON during the period 1967 - 1977.

b6
b7C

LEAD:

DENVER

AT EVERGREEN, COLORADO

Will check indices re [redacted] Shadow Mountain Sound Shop, Evergreen, Colorado, and ascertain the subscriber to telephone number 303-674-5410 was in 5/77.

If no reason exists for not doing so, interview [redacted] regarding his knowledge of WILLIAM E. SAMPSON and why he lied regarding SAMPSON's employment at the Shadow Mountain Sound Shop from 1967 to 1977.

AIRTEL

12/17/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12202) (P)

WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party (CWP)
DOMESTIC SECURITY
(OO: NEW YORK)

Full investigation of WVO in N.C. authorized by Bureau, 11/5/79.

Re Charlotte airtel, 12/12/79.

The Greensboro Daily News, a daily newspaper at Greensboro, N.C., dated 12/14/79, contains an article reflecting the following:

A Guilford County Grand Jury Thursday returned charges of murder or felonious riot against 14 of the 15 persons arrested in connection with the 11/3/79 anti-Ku Klux Klan rally that left 5 Communists dead.

RAYFORD MILANO CAUDLE of Winston-Salem, one of two original defendants arrested on single charges of murder conspiracy, was not indicted and no longer faces criminal charges.

b6
b7C

[redacted] the other man arrested initially on only a conspiracy charge, now faces

44-3527-162

2 - Bureau
2 - New York
3 - Charlotte (2-100-12202)
(1-44-3527)

CSF:jat
(7)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9/30/94 BY sp4 clw/tkg

five murder charges and a charge of engaging in a riot. Ten other defendants face the same murder and riot charges as [redacted]. b6 b7C

The other 10 defendants are HAROLD DEAN FLOWERS, 32; BILLY JOE FRANKLIN, 33; [redacted] and [redacted] all of Lincolnton; [redacted] ROLAND WAYNE COOD, 34, and [redacted] and ROY CLINTON TONEY, 32 of Gastonia. [redacted] and LISFORD CARL HAFFNER, 60, of Fletcher, were charged with engaging in a riot. They originally were charged with four murder counts and one conspiracy charge.

Guilford County District Attorney MIKE SCHLOSSER said the indictments were "tailored" since the initial warrants "due to investigative findings."

CAUDLE's lawyer, [redacted] said the prosecution chose not to indict CAUDLE primarily because the car in which he was a passenger had passed through the crime scene before the shooting started. [redacted] noted the driver of that car and another passenger were not arrested. CAUDLE later turned himself in to the police because he knew his own car, which contained several weapons in the trunk, had been seized. CAUDLE was not in his car during the shootout.

Later Thursday, spokesmen for the CWP repeated demands for the appointment of a private prosecutor to help press the case against those indicted. District Attorney SCHLOSSER has rejected those demands in the past, contending a private prosecutor would transform the trial into a political show and could lead to "vindictive prosecution."

CWP spokesmen did say, however, that lawyers for the party are negotiating with SCHLOSSER in an attempt to devise a way for CWP members and sympathizers who were witnesses to the killings to cooperate with the prosecution.

b6
b7C

[redacted] a California lawyer on the CWP legal team, said the problem is that CWP members have been charged with various crimes stemming from the shootings and do not want to help build cases against themselves.

Bureau will be advised of all developments.

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168) (P) 12/18/79

SA [redacted] b6 b7C

DEMONSTRATIONS SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party of North Carolina,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Negatives and prints of eight color photographs and 33 black and white photographs of proposed meeting area for procession to Communist Workers Party funeral at Greensboro, N. C., 11/11/79, were obtained inside Byrd's Food Market, E. Main Street, Carrboro, N. C., on 11/11/79. These photographs include unidentified black female who visited the parking area, and apparently was looking for individuals interested in the funeral procession. Additionally, a white bus bearing North Carolina license tag number HT3528 visited the staging area, however, no procession developed at this point due to lack of people.

The majority of automobiles photographed visited the store font to obtain Sunday papers.

This film has been made as an exhibit to captioned file. Information concerning the availability of this film is being disseminated to the CWP file and the GREENKIL file.

(4) - Charlotte
(2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527) (GREENKIL)
(1 - 100-12202) (CWP)

LCL:jmw
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/1/14 BY sp/cp/4

44-3527-163

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 18 1979

[redacted] b6 b7C

POINT, THE SPOKESMAN STATED " WE ARE MEMBERS OF THE CWP AND THE COMMITTEE FOR THE AVENGING OF THE KILLINGS OF OUR COMRADES PIN THE GREENSBORO KKK RALLY."

APPROXIMATELY FIVE PHOTOS WERE TAKEN. NO ACTS OR THREATS OF VIOLENCE WERE PERPETRATED.

THE UNSUBS DEPARTED WITHOUT FURTHER INCIDENT.

BT

CE 1

DIRECTOR, FBI 12/18/79

SAC, SAN ANTONIO (157-2204) (RUC)

GREENKIL

No information has been received by the San Antonio Division indicating that any individuals from this area traveled to Greensboro, North Carolina, during November, 1979, to participate in any demonstrations or acts of violence. This case is being placed in an RUC status by San Antonio.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/94 BY sp-tap/cp

44-3527-166

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 23 1979

b6
b7C

2-Bureau
(3)-Charlotte
(2-157-NEW)
(1-44-3527)
1-San Antonio
TEM:mms
(6)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☐ AIRTEL	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/19/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-80266)(RUC)(SQD. 14)

SUBJECT: GREEN KIL
OO: CHARLOTTE

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY
DS - RCP
OO: CHICAGO

Re WFO teletype to Bureau, dated 11/9/79, captioned "GREEN KIL".

Enclosed for the Bureau and receiving offices are two copies each of two inserts reflecting investigation at San Jose, California.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/94 BY sp stp/jw

44-3527-167

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 23 1979

2 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
2 - Charlotte (Enc. 4)
2 - WFO (Enc. 4)
2 - Chicago (Enc. 4)
2 - San Francisco
(1 - 100-65253)
DEU/dlr
(10)

b6
b7C

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

File—Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

c48—16—83475-1 GPO

File _____ Date _____
Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
	44-3527-169	
	transferred	
	to	
	44-3527-Sub A	
	1/9/80	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/91 BY [illegible]

Employee

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ _____ _____

Date _____ _____ _____

_____
Date Charged

_____
Employee

_____
Location

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 12/17/79

FROM : SAC, COLUMBIA (100-1796)(RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

ReCOtel to CE, 11/16/79.

b6
b7C

Enclosed for Charlotte are the original and five copies of an FD-302 reflecting results of interview with [redacted] on 11/15/79. Same self explanatory.

Inasmuch as no further investigation remains in Columbia Division, case considered RUC.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/00 BY sp Tap/yp

2-Charlotte (Encl. 6)
1-Columbia

JWM:jap
(3)

44-3527-170
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 29 1979
FBI

[redacted]

5010-110

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

State of North Carolina

Division of Motor Vehicles

1100 New Bern Avenue
Raleigh 27697

December 13, 1979

THOMAS W. BRADSHAW, JR.
SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION

ELBERT L. PETERS, JR.
COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES

J. M. PENNY
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER

JAMES H. STAMEY
LEWIS P. WILSON
ASST. COMMISSIONERS

Federal Bureau Investigation
Federal Building
Winston Salem, North Carolina 27101

Re: Raeford Milano Caudle
521 Baity Street
Winston Salem, North Carolina
1962 Ford 2F42L207917
License Plate JKD 494

Gentlemen:

This Division has been advised by person named in caption that the above described vehicle was impounded by your department with license plate JKD 494 attached. As of today, we have no record of license plate being surrendered to the Division for cancellation.

Since his liability insurance terminated effective November 20, 1979, it will be necessary to surrender license plate JKD 494 to the local license sales office, State Highway Patrol, or by mail to this office for cancellation.

Yours very truly,

ELBERT L. PETERS, JR., COMMISSIONER

[redacted]

Financial Security Unit

eb

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/24 BY sp2 tap/jcs

b6
b7C

44-3527-172
SEARCHED ____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED ____ FILED
DEC 27 1979
[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

1120 First Union National Bank Building
Charlotte, North Carolina 28282
December 28, 1979

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Financial Security Unit
Division of Motor Vehicles
1100 New Bern Avenue
Raleigh, North Carolina 27697

Dear [redacted]

This is in reference to your letter dated December 13, 1979, in which you request this agency to surrender North Carolina license plate JKD 494.

Please be advised that the 1962 Ford belonging to Raeford Milano Caudle for which this tag was issued was impounded by the Greensboro, North Carolina Police Department where it remains today. The vehicle and the license tag are being retained for evidentiary purposes in a felony investigation by that department. I have had conversation with Officer [redacted] per your request and he has advised me that he would surrender the license tag in question immediately upon disposition of all evidence in this matter.

Very truly yours,

Herbert L. Monahan, Jr.,
Special Agent in Charge

1-Addressee Mailed 6 DEC
(2) Charlotte (44-3527)
AJP/jmg
(3)

44-3527-173

RECORDED — INDEXED

DEC 29 1979

[redacted]

NFO

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY sp taylor

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168) (P) 12/31/79

SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka
Communist Workers Party of North Carolina,
Greensboro, N.C.
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST
(OO: CE)

Film was taken by Bureau Agents during the assembly and funeral procession for the five slain members of the Communist Workers Party which took place in Greensboro on 11/11/79. This film has been made an exhibit into captioned file. The information concerning the availibility of this film is being disseminated to the CWP file and to the GREENKIL file inasmuch as members of the CWP were photographed in this film. In the future, some individuals may be identified as participating in this funeral procession, which may be of value for investigative purposes for the handling of the CWP for the GREENKIL case.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY [redacted]

(4) - Charlotte (2-157-10168)
(1-44-3527) (GREENKIL)
(1-100-12202)(CWP)

HMP:jat
(4)

44-3527-175

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 31 1979
[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AIRTEL

DATE: 12/27/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

Re Richmond teletype to Charlotte, 12/11/79.

The following is being submitted to the Charlotte Division for information:

On 12/19/79, Lt. [redacted] Henry County Sheriff's Office, Martinsville, Virginia, advised that unknown parties had put posters on the courthouse at Martinsville, Va. These posters were put up during the late evening hours, possibly during 11/23/79 or 11/24/79. One poster entitled "Celebrate the Founding of the Communist Workers Party" with notations for date, time and place inscribed on the poster; with the notation "Read the Workers Viewpoint Newspaper! Come Celebrate the Founding of the Communist Party, USA! GPO Box 2256, New York, New York 10001". The next poster was entitled "They Died Fighting for Justice Rather Than Live as Slaves! Take Up the Calls of the C.W.P. 5! Turn the Country Upside Down to Beat Back the Renewed Wave of Attacks from KKK, Nazis, the Capitalist Class, and their FBI". On this poster were five photographs of the victims in captioned matter, and at the bottom of this poster was the following: "Memorial Fund for Five C.W.P. Martyrs, Post Office Box (first two digits obliterated) 344, Greensboro, N.C. 27420, phone 919/275-6589. Join the Committee to Avenge the Murder of the Communist Workers Party (WVO) 5". Also placed in a block form were 11 telephone numbers in 11 cities throughout the U.S. These cities and telephone numbers set out in four separate divisions under the following headings:

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/84 BY sp/tp/yp

2 - Charlotte
2 - Richmond
HWW/aka
<4>

44-3527-176
SER. INDEXED
JAN 2 1980
FBI — CHARLOTTE

RH 44-1416

"East: Pittsburgh (412) 461-1782
Boston (617) 445-3658
New York (212) 233-0988
Philadelphia (215) 848-8565
Washington, D.C. (202) 562-0108

West: Los Angeles (213) 748-7741
Bay Area (415) 533-8795
Hawaii (808) 259-5730

North: Detroit (313) 834-9636
Chicago (312) 935-6350

South: Houston (713) 643-3547"

Lt. [redacted] further stated that on 12/16/79, at approximately 12:30 in the morning, [redacted] was observed on the Sewer Plant Road in Henry County, Virginia. [redacted] was with a white male and a late model Toyota vehicle bearing Virginia license KFK-924. [redacted] was observed by Deputy [redacted] who knows [redacted] on sight. DMV inquiry reveals that this vehicle and license registered to [redacted] wife is [redacted] and [redacted] is a [redacted] at the [redacted] at Martinsville, Virginia. Information is not available to Danville, Va., Case Agent as to why [redacted] would be meeting [redacted] at that time and at that location.

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Richmond is not setting forth any specific leads re the aforementioned telephone numbers. Further, Richmond not contemplating interview of [redacted] unless requested by the Charlotte Division or unless Richmond receives information that would deem interview of [redacted] to be appropriate re captioned matter. Richmond maintaining xeroxed copies of posters, but will be forwarded to Charlotte Division upon request.

b6
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RH 44-1416

Lt. [redacted] also provided 10 black and white photographs of persons present at Teamsters Union meeting at Collinsville, Virginia, on 12/10/79. However, in view of the fact that there were two meetings held on 11/10/79, the photos do not discern at which meeting these persons were present. A [redacted] source was contacted, viewed these photos and was able to partially identify the Budd employees present at these two meetings. These photos being maintained by Danville RA to be shown to Greensboro RA upon request.

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b7D

File—Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

c48—16—83475-1 GPO

File _____ Date _____
Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
	44-3527-	
	Serials 179 - 185	
	Transferred	
	to	
	44-3527 Sub A	
	1-8-80	
	rg	

_____
Employee

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/94 BY _____

_____ _____
Employee Date Charged

_____
Location

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AIRTEL

DATE: 12/27/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

Re Charlotte airtel to Richmond dated 12/7/79, and Charlotte report dated 12/10/79.

Enclosed for the Charlotte Division are the original and one copy each of the following investigative inserts: one insert pertaining to vehicle number 24 and one insert pertaining to unlisted number for [redacted]. Also enclosed for the Charlotte Division are the original and one copy each of FD-302s reflecting interviews with [redacted] employees [redacted] and [redacted] who were present at captioned incident at Greensboro, N.C., on 11/3/79. Also enclosed for Charlotte Division are the original and one copy of an FD-302 reflecting interview with [redacted] the original and one copy of an FD-302 reflecting interview with [redacted] and the original and one copy of FD-302 reflecting interview with [redacted]

b6
b7C

For the further information of the Charlotte Division, [redacted] Source advised that he would continue to aid and assist the FBI concerning captioned matter. Source advised that he would be [redacted]

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b7D

As of 12/17/79, source is employed at [redacted].

2 - Charlotte (Enc.-18)
2 - Richmond
HWW/aka
<4>

44-3527-186
SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 2 1980
[redacted]

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY sp tap/sp

RH 44-1416

b6
b7C

On 12/19/79, Lt. [redacted] Henry County Sheriff's Office, Martinsville, Va., advised SA [redacted] Danville, Va., RA, that the Henry County Sheriff's Office has in their possession photographs taken at Teamster's Union meeting at Collinsville, Va., on 11/10/79. These photos will be viewed for potential use re captioned matter and copies will be retained by Danville RA and thereafter shown to representatives of Greensboro, N.C., RA for use in captioned matter.

LEADS:

RICHMOND DIVISION

AT DANVILLE, VA.

Investigation continuing.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-13-79/mah

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 96 454 E , is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Raeford Milano Caudle 38549	9-29-59	DC	strt
PD Greensboro NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 63303	8-2-64	A with deadly weapon (serious injury)	
SO Miami FL	Rayford Milano Caudle 82452	9-5-64	DC vag	rel bond returnable to Justice of the Peace Dist #1 Dade Co FL
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Melande Raford Caudle 182 878	9-23-65	Assault with deadly weapon	4 mos
PD Phila PA	Caudle Raeford Milno 400594	10-31-66	CCDW	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400 594	12-9-67	contempt of crt	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	5-13-68	resist arrest DC	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	2-10-69	DC	
PD Winston-Salem NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 38549	1-12-72	Poss of Marij	No probable cause 2-22-72
PD GREENSBORO NC STATE BUREAU	RAYFORD MILANO CAUDLE 99563	11-4-79	CONS TO MURDER	44-3527-184

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/94 BY sp/tap/lp

SERIALIZED INDEXED FILED
DEC 30 1979

b6
b7C

NORTH CAROLINA
STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

P. O. BOX 29500
3320 OLD GARNER RD.
RALEIGH 27626

RUFUS L. EDMISTEN
ATTORNEY GENERAL

HAYWOOD R. STARLING
DIRECTOR

188

November 29, 1979

P67C
12-27-79

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Room 11262
Washington, DC 20537

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/98 BY sp/ap/ep

Attention: Identification Division

Re: Caudle, Raeford Milano
FBI# 96 454 E

12-28-79

Dear Sir:

Enclosed please find one copy of an FBI record sheet on the above named subject. Be advised that the last entry on the FBI record sheet does not reflect a NC SID number. The correct NC SID number is NC206795A.

In lieu of this situation, it is requested that this correction be made and a copy of the corrected FBI record sheet be sent to this Bureau and the Police Department, Greensboro, North Carolina.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Haywood R. Starling

Haywood R. Starling
Director

[redacted]

3527-188

[redacted]
Identification Section

b6
b7C

Enclosure

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 30 1979
FBI

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

137TDB 12-28-79

Revised record
Note FBI number

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 96 454 E is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Raeford Milano Caudle 38549	9-29-59	DC	strt
PD Greensboro NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 63303	8-2-64	A with deadly weapon (serious injury)	
SO Miami FL	Rayford Milano Caudle 82452	9-5-64	DC vag	rel bond returnable to Justice of the Peace Dist #1 Dade Co FL
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Melande Raford Caudle 182 878	9-23-65	Assault with deadly weapon	4 mos
PD Phila PA	Caudle Raeford Milno 400594	10-31-66	CCDW	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400 594	12-9-67	contempt of crt	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	5-13-68	resist arrest DC	
PD Phila PA	Raeford Milano Caudle 400594	2-10-69	DC	
PD Winston-Salem NC	Rayford Milano Caudle 38549	1-12-72	Poss of Marij	No probable cause 2-22-72
PD GREENSBORO NC	RAYFORD MILANO CAUDLE 99563 SID NC206795A	11-4-79	CONS TO MURDER	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/84 BY sp/tap/4

44-3527-189

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ...
SERIALIZED ... FILED ...
JAN 2 1980
CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

139FDB 12-28-72

2

Revised record
Wated FBI number

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 96 454 E, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
CC- FBI Greensboro, NC CC- State Bureau North Carolina	✓			

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [X] UNCLAS

577811
99532

Date 1/4/80

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/9/94 BY sp stamp/sig unable to locate original

RE CHARLOTTE TELCALL TO FBI HEADQUARTERS, CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION AND FBI LABORATORY, ON JANUARY 3, 1980.

ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE WITH TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL WHO COVERED THE SHOOTING INCIDENT AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREETS, GREENSBORO, NC, ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, TO TRAVEL TO THE FBI LABORATORY ON JANUARY 7 AND 9, 1980, TO PRODUCE THE ORIGINAL TAPES FILMED BY THEIR CREWS SO THEY CAN BE COPIED BY THE VIDEO AND SOUND SECTION OF THE FBI LABORATORY.

ON JANUARY 7, 1979, THE FOLLOWING TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL WILL BE AT FBI HQ, WASHINGTON, D.C. - FBI LABORATORY WITH ORIGINAL TAPES:

CHANNEL 8 - ABC AFFILIATE, HIGH POINT, NC, [redacted] b6 b7C

44-3527-190

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

TJB:lct

(1)

ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

[redacted]

Approved: _____ Transmitted 003 HQ 1849 Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

[redacted] NEWSCASTER; AND [redacted] TV CAMERAMAN. [redacted] [redacted] WILL HAVE CUSTODY OF THE VISUAL TAPES FILMED BY CHANNEL 8 ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

CHANNEL 2 - CBS AFFILIATE, GREENSBORO, NC, [redacted] CAMERAMAN. [redacted] WILL BRING ORIGINAL FILMS AND VIDEO TAPES FILMED BY HIM ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. CHANNEL 2 IS ALSO SENDING UP ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL FOR POSSIBLE INTERVIEW WITH BUREAU OFFICIALS AND LABORATORY OFFICIALS RE FBI INVESTIGATION IN THIS MATTER.

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CHANNEL 12 - NCB AFFILIATE, WINSTON-SALEM, NC, [redacted] [redacted] CAMERAMAN. [redacted] WILL HAVE WITH HIM ORIGINAL FILMS TAKEN BY HIM ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. [redacted] IS THE CAMERAMAN [redacted]

ON JANUARY 9, 1980, REPRESENTATIVES OF CHANNEL 11, ABC AFFILIATE, DURHAM, NC, WILL COME TO THE FBI LABORATORY: [redacted] NEWSCASTER, AND [redacted] CAMERAMAN. [redacted] WILL HAVE WITH HIM ORIGINAL VIDEO TAPE OF INCIDENT BEING RECORDED AT EVERETT AND CARVER STREET ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

ALL OF THE ABOVE TV NEWS REPRESENTATIVES HAVE REQUESTED

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE THREE CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

AN INTERVIEW WITH AN FBI OFFICIAL OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION OR OTHER FBI OFFICIAL WHO COULD BE INTERVIEWED RELATIVE TO THE PRIORITY OF THE INVESTIGATION ASSIGNED BY FBI HQ FOR GREENKIL. INTERVIEW WOULD BE LIMITED TO GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE FBI'S JURISDICTION, AND ALSO OF THE PRIORITIES OF THE INVESTIGATION; AND IT IS NOT EXPECTED ANY QUESTIONS OF SUBSTANCE REGARDING EVIDENTIARY NATURE WILL BE ASKED BY REPORTERS.

REPORTERS HAVE ALSO REQUESTED OPPORTUNITY TO INTERVIEW REPRESENTATIVE OF FBI LABORATORY FOR A GENERAL DISCUSSION OF THE NATURE OF EXAMINATIONS TO BE CONDUCTED AND AGAIN, NO SUBSTANCE OF THE INTERVIEW WILL GO INTO THAT AREA WHICH COULD BE CONSIDERED EVIDENTIARY NATURE. BASICALLY, THESE REPORTERS ARE INTERESTED IN A "SHOW AND TELL" TYPE INTERVIEW AS VERY LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT THE FBI'S CAPABILITY IN THE LABORATORY, PARTICULARLY IN AUDIO AND SOUND ANALYSIS.

FBI HQ REQUESTED TO TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION REQUESTS OF THESE TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL FROM THE GREENSBORO, WINSTON-SALEM, HIGH POINT, AND DURHAM AREAS AND IF DEEMED APPROPRIATE, HAVE APPROPRIATE BUREAU OFFICIALS AVAILABLE FOR INTERVIEW ON JANUARY 7 AND 9, 1980.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE FOUR CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

ALSO, ACCOMPANYING THE TV NEWS MEDIA PERSONNEL WILL BE SA [redacted] GREENSBORO RA, WHO IS COORDINATING FBI LABORATORY EFFORTS WITH THE STATE INVESTIGATORS, PROSECUTORS, AND NEWS PEOPLE COMING TO WASHINGTON, D.C. STATE PROSECUTOR JIM COMAN AND RICK GREESON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, GREENSBORO, NC, WILL ALSO BE ARRIVING AT WASHINGTON, D.C. AND FBI HEADQUARTERS ON JANUARY 7, 1979, TO DISCUSS WITH FBI LABORATORY PERSONNEL: SPECIAL PROJECTS, ENGINEERING, AND OTHER RELATED LABORATORY SECTIONS, THE CAPABILITIES OF OUR LABORATORY TO ASSIST THEM IN THEIR PROSECUTION AND TO DEVELOP A MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING OF WHAT THE FBI LABORATORY CAN AFFORD THE STATE PROSECUTORS AND WHAT THE STATE PROSECUTORS ARE LOOKING TO PRESENT IN THE FORM OF EXPERT TESTIMONIES AND PHYSICAL EVIDENCE.

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UACB, SA [redacted] WILL TRAVEL TO FBI HQ ON JANUARY 7, 1979, TO COORDINATE THE INTRODUCTION TO FBI LABORATORY FROM TV NEWS MEDIA AND TO COORDINATE THE MEETINGS OF STATE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND INVESTIGATOR PERSONNEL WITH FBI HQ AND FBI LABORATORY.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

1120 First Union National Bank Building
Charlotte, North Carolina
January 4, 1980

[redacted]

WFMY-TV, Channel 2
Greensboro, North Carolina

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/6/04 BY sp2 tap/sp

Dear [redacted]

This will confirm your conversations with Special Agent [redacted] on January 3 and 4, 1980, at Greensboro, North Carolina.

As you are aware, the FBI Laboratory at Washington, D.C., is examining the television video film recorded by various representatives of the news media of the shooting incident which occurred November 3, 1979, at Everitt and Carver Streets, Greensboro, North Carolina.

As a result of initial examinations of copies of TV video tape which you were kind enough to furnish, the technicians at the FBI Laboratory, in order to conduct the best possible examination, have advised us that the original TV tapes recorded on November 3, 1979, would be necessary for the limited purpose of making a first generation video and sound recording.

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In order to facilitate this, arrangements have been made by the FBI at Greensboro, North Carolina, for your travel to Washington, D.C., on January 7, 1980, accompanied by [redacted] the cameraman who filmed this incident. The original video tape will remain in your custody except for the limited period in which the actual first generation tapes are being produced and of course, [redacted] and yourself are welcome to be with our agents who will be conducting these examinations. The original tape will be immediately returned to you and will remain in your possession upon your return to Greensboro, North Carolina, on the evening of January 7, 1980.

1 - Addressee
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)
TJB:jat
(3)

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
FILED

44-3527-191

[redacted]

Public Affairs Officer 1/4/80

Special Agent [redacted] of our Greensboro Office of the FBI has made all travel arrangements necessary for you and [redacted] and will meet with you at the Greensboro Regional Airport on the morning of January 7, 1980, at approximately 6:30 AM. b6 b7C

We deeply appreciate your cooperation in this matter and at any time if you need additional information, please contact the Greensboro Office.

Very truly yours,

Herbert L. Monahan, Jr.
Special Agent in Charge

DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: VOUCHER AND PAYROLL SECTION

1/8/80

SAC, CHARLOTTE (66-215)

RENTAL OF PANASONIC VIDEO CASSETTE
RECORDER, GREENSBORO, N. C.,
NOVEMBER, 1979

DUPLICATION OF VIDEOCASSETTES
BY WFMY-TV, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Enclosed herewith are two bills submitted for payment.

The expenses were incurred in connection with GREENKIL case (Charlotte file 44-3527, Bureau File 44-81521). This investigation of the killings of five individuals on 11/3/79, in Greensboro, N. C., necessitated both the rental of equipment and the evidentiary duplication of several commercial television video tapes. These expenditures were essential for the proper and timely investigation of these killings.

3 - Bureau (Encls. 2)
(2) - Charlotte (1 - 66-215)
(1 - 44-3527)

HGM:jmz jmz
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/84 BY sp tap/ap

44-3527-193

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 1/8/80

FROM : SAC, MIAMI (100-18598) (RUC) RFN/GRK

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

b6
b7C

Re Charlotte teletype to the Bureau dated 11/6/79.

On 11/6/79, Sergeant [redacted] Dade County Public Safety Department, and Investigator [redacted] Miami Police Department, Miami, Florida, were advised of captioned matter and were requested to furnish all pertinent intelligence information to the Miami FBI Office.

Miami sources were also contacted periodically concerning this matter with negative results.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/11 BY sp2tap/kp

(2) - Charlotte
1 - Miami

GRK/jky
(3)

44-3527-197

[redacted]

JAN 11 1980

FBI

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

1-126 (Rev. 5-9-72)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

Date June 24, 1982

TO: SAC
Greensboro, North Carolina

An identification record was previously furnished to your Division on 12-27-79. If the record previously received was filed, the enclosed copy should be substituted in its place.

[X] Attached hereto is a copy of that record with one or more entries stamped "deleted" which indicates the fingerprints that support the arrest data have been expunged from the Identification Division files and returned to the submitting agency.

[ ] Attached hereto is a copy of that revised record with specific charge (s) deleted as requested by the submitting agency.

Enclosure

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 9 19[illegible]

[redacted] b6 b7C
[illegible]ING SECTION
[illegible]ation Division
[illegible]BI

FBI/DOJ

☆GPO: 1981-343-712

MASTER
I-34 (Rev. 7-19-77)

MASTER

JUL 19 1982

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 767 906 D, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Mecklenburg Co Pol Charlotte NC	Roland Wayne Wood #7268	3-7-61	auto T Winston Salem NC	
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Walter Wayne Wood #108680	3-10-61	(1) CCW (2) speeding (3) fail stop siren or red light (4) NOL	6 mos Escape 4-24-61 Recaptured
PD Winston-Salem NC	Roland Wayne Wood #38430	8-22-61	L of auto	
PD Winston-Salem NC	Roland Wayne Wood #38430	3-4-64	invest-forgery	5 yrs SPr suspended 5 yrs
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Ronald W. Wood #158-074	4-17-64	forg	3 yrs
Consol Rec Sec Pr Dept Raleigh NC	Roland Wayne Wood #158 074-B	4-24-64	L of auto	18 mos (concu) conc W/A
DIS Ft Holabird MD	Roland Wayne Wood 243 70 5293 Army	6-24-75		

44-3507-199

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___

JUL 8 1982

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/7/84 BY sp2 tap/yc

b6
b7C

MASTER
1-4 (Rev. 5-9-72)

MASTER

MASTER

JUL 19

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

2

The following FBI record, NUMBER 767 906 D, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.
Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. WHERE DISPOSITION IS NOT SHOWN OR FURTHER EXPLANATION OF CHARGE OR DISPOSITION IS DESIRED, COMMUNICATE WITH AGENCY CONTRIBUTING THOSE FINGERPRINTS.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Roland Wayne Wood 38430 SID NC27359A	6-29-76	Rec Stln Goods	
PD GREENSBORO NC	ROLAND WAYNE WOOD 99552 SID NC27359A	11-4-79	4 MURDER & CONS MURDER	
PD Greensboro NC	**Roland Wayne Wood 99552 SID NC 27359A**	**12-17-79**	**Murder**	
			"SUBJECT'S CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDED IN NCIC CCH FILE."	
			"FINGERPRINT AND RELATED DATA HAVE BEEN EXPUNGED FROM THIS RECORD EITHER AT THE REQUEST OF THE CONTRIBUTOR, IN RESPONSE TO A COURT ORDER, OR BECAUSE OF NONSERIOUS NATURE OF ARREST. ANY COPY OF THIS RECORD PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED SHOULD BE DESTROYED."	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

Revised record

1plJT 1-3 80

3 Note FBI number

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 767 906 D , is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
cc- North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation P.O. Box 29500 3320 Old Garner Rd. Raleigh, NC 27626 cc- FBI Greensboro, NC				

Greensboro Chamber of Commerce
Post Office Box 3246. 217 North Greene Street. Greensboro, North Carolina 27402. Telephone 919 275-8675

November 23, 1979

Mr. H. L. Monohan
Federal Bureau of Investigation
1120 Jefferson Standard Life
Insurance Building
Charlotte, North Carolina 28202

Dear Mr. Monohan:

Thank you for the contribution you made to maintain peace in Greensboro. It was through your efforts and the efforts of the other law enforcement agencies involved that brought us through this tense period without further violence.

The enclosed resolution, adopted by the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce Board of Directors at its November 15 meeting, is an expression of the business community's appreciation of your efforts in maintaining peace in our community following the tragic events of November 3.

Sincerely,

P. David Brown

P. David Brown
President

Enclosure

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/94 BY sp tap/sp

44- 3527-200
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 26 19
received 11/24/80 HPB
b6
b7C

ACCREDITED CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Greensboro Chamber of Commerce
Post Office Box 3246. 217 North Greene Street. Greensboro, North Carolina 27402. Telephone 919 275-8675

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce represents 2,000 business and civic leaders concerned with the protection of human rights in the community; and

WHEREAS, the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce is concerned about the safety and the rights of all citizens; and

WHEREAS, events of the past week and a peaceful funeral march transpired without further violence or injury to anyone;

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the Board of Directors of the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce commends highly the efforts of the Greensboro City officials, Greensboro Police Department, Guilford County Sheriff's Department, North Carolina National Guard, North Carolina State Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, citizens and community leaders for their efforts in maintaining peace and ensuring the safety of all citizens during this tense period in our community.

Adopted this 15th day of November, 1979.

F. David Brown
President

John B. Barrow, Jr.
Executive Vice President

ACCREDITED CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

SAC, CHARLOTTE (88-16159) (C) 1/10/80

SA [redacted]

[redacted]

UFAP-MURDER (A)
(00: Charlotte)

b6
b7C

Review of subject file reveals all investigation completed and Federal process has been dismissed. It is recommended this matter be placed in a closed status.

CE 88-16159-1A1 is a McHargue Guns and Coins Company receipt for 2 - 40 round clips at $25.00 each in the name of [redacted] which was removed from the person of [redacted] at the time of his arrest by the Chicago Division. This 1A may be of value in the GREENKIL investigation (CE 44-3527) and therefore should be placed in that file.

CCO: Make CE 88-16159-1A1 a 1A exhibit in CE 44-3527.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/2/14 BY sp tap/cp

44-3527-201

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED ____ FILED
JAN 10
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(2) - Charlotte (1-88-16159)
(1-44-3527)

ZTL/jmg
(2) jmg

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: 1/17/80

REPLY TO ATTN OF: SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (44-1778) (RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

Re Albuquerque teletype to Director and Charlotte dated 11/8/79.

Albuquerque sources have furnished no information regarding possible travel to Greensboro, North Carolina, by representatives of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, Klu Klux Klan, or the American Nazi Party.

In the event such information should come to their attention, these sources have advised that they will immediately notify the FBI, Albuquerque Office.

No further action is being taken in this matter at Albuquerque; therefore, it is being placed in an RUC'd status.

(2) Charlotte
1-Albuquerque
SWJ/sdv
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/2/94 BY sp/tap/sp

44-3527-202

SERIALIZED INDEXED
JAN 21 1980

[redacted]

b6
b7C

FD-263 (Rev. 7-15-75)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7C

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
CHARLOTTE	CHARLOTTE	1/22/80	1/11/80 - 1/17/80

TITLE OF CASE

GREENKIL

REPORT MADE BY

SA [redacted]

TYPED BY

lct

CHARACTER OF CASE

CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

REFERENCES:

Charlotte report of SA [redacted] 12/10/79.
Bureau airtel to Charlotte, 1/8/80.

-P-

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/1/94 BY sp tap/ep

ADMINISTRATIVE:

This report is limited to the investigation conducted in response to the letter received from the Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice, transmitted by airtel from the Bureau, dated 1/8/80. A report providing additional facts relating to the 11/3/79, incident will be promptly submitted.

All individuals interviewed were advised that this investigation was being conducted at the request of the U.S. Department of Justice.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED ☐ NONE							CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	PRETRIAL DIVERSION	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES	ACQUIT-TALS	PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

6 - Bureau (44-81521)

1 - USA, Greensboro, N.C.

3 - Charlotte (44-3527)

44-3527-204

SEARCHED INDEXED

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

A*

COVER PAGE

c43—16—83489-1 GPO

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - USA, Greensboro, N. C.

Report of: SA [redacted] Office: CHARLOTTE
Date: 1/22/80

Field Office File #: CE 44-3527 Bureau File #: 44-81521 b6 b7C

Title: [redacted]
ET AL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/2/94 BY sp2 Tapley

Character: CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis: Captain [redacted] Greensboro Police Department, commander on scene 11/3/79, advised immediate area of shooting sealed but interstate traffic not affected. Area is residential project, not commercial. A cleaners and a laundromat were only businesses within sealed area. Businesses not closed by incident but access not permitted until 4 p.m. on 11/3/79. Businesses are privately owned independents and not directly involved with interstate commerce. U.S. mail to be picked up from mailbox at Everitt and Carver and mail to be delivered in Morningside Project were delayed on 11/3/79, from 11:30 a.m. until 4 p.m. WXII television, Winston-Salem, N.C., affiliated with National Broadcasting Company (NBC) and owned by Multi-Media Corporation of Cincinnati, Ohio, and Greenville, S.C. Station televises into Virginia. Station suffered $2,000 damages to its vehicle and loss of employee for four or five days because of gun shoots at incident. United Parcel Service had no deliveries affected. Duke Transit Company did not cease operation in area but re-routed buses.

-P-

DETAILS:

This report contains the results of a limited investigation requested by the Civil Rights Division (CRD), United States Department of Justice, through a letter to the FBI transmitted by FBI communication dated January 8, 1980. This CRD letter requested investigation to determine any effect the 11/3/79 incident in Greensboro, N.C., had on interstate commerce and Federal functions in the area.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

☆ U.S.GPO:1975-0-575-841

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 1/17/80

FROM : SAC, NORFOLK (100-7518) (RUC)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, aka
Communist Workers Party of North Carolina,
Greensboro, North Carolina
11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST
"GREENKIL"

Re Norfolk teletype to Bureau, 11/9/79.

For information of Charlotte, Norfolk has developed no additional information regarding captioned matter and is considering this case RUC.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/24 BY sp2 tap/sp

44-3527-205
SEARCHED _____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED _____ FILED
JAN 23 1980

(2) Charlotte
1- Norfolk
SCO:csb
(3)

b6
b7C

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12217) (P) 1/17/80

SA [redacted]

INVISIBLE EMPIRE,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN,
NORTH CAROLINA REALM
DOMESTIC SECURITY

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/91 BY sp1ap/gj

DECLASSIFIED BY .....
ON .....

On 1/16/80, Sheriff [redacted] and Detective [redacted] Lincoln County, N. C., Sheriff's Office, Lincolnton, N. C., furnished the following information:

At approximately 8:40 P. M. on 1/15/80, [redacted], telephone number [redacted] who is employed [redacted] at the Department of Corrections, Lincoln County Unit, was arriving home on Ridge Road. He observed an individual running across the yard of the residence at [redacted] and entering the passenger side of a vehicle. He also observed a burning cross on the yard at [redacted]

b6
b7C

[redacted] recognized the individual who ran from the burning cross and entered the vehicle as [redacted] who had been an inmate at the Lincoln County Unit, North Carolina Department of Corrections.

[redacted] pursued the vehicle which [redacted] entered and radioed information as to what had happened and the direction of travel from a radio in his truck. Approximately five miles from the residence of the victim, the vehicle was stopped by Lincoln County Sheriff's Officers and Lincolnton Police Officers. The driver of the vehicle was determined to be VIRGIL LEE GRIFFIN. The passenger, as stated above, was [redacted]

2 - 100-12217
2 - 100-12212
2 - 44-3527

CBW:rep
(6)

44-3527-206

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 18 1980
[redacted]
FBI

[redacted] was wearing a .44 caliber, black powder, navy arms, single-action pistol in a shoulder holster. This pistol was fully loaded.

Also located in the car was a sawed-off 16-gauge shotgun and a .22 caliber rifle, together with literature of the Communist Party and Ku Klux Klan.

[redacted], who was observed to be a white male, age [redacted] address [redacted], was charged with possession of a firearm within five years of conviction of a felony, a violation of North Carolina General Statute 14-415.1 and with burning a cross on the land of [redacted] and wife, [redacted], a violation of North Carolina General Statute 14-12.12.

VIRGIL LEE GRIFFIN, a white male, age 35, was charged with aiding and abetting [redacted] in the cross-burning in that he drove the vehicle transporting [redacted] to and from the scene of the crime.

He was also charged with careless and reckless driving, a violation of North Carolina General Statute 20-140a.

The weapons recovered from the vehicle were described as follows:

Stevens 16-gauge single-barrel shotgun, barrel sawed off to a length of 18 3/4 inches. No serial number.

Glenfield .22 caliber semi-automatic rifle, serial number 23408753.

The .44 caliber black powder weapon carried by [redacted] is described as a Navy Arms, Ritchfield, New Jersey, single-action percussion-type revolver, fully loaded, serial number 154062.

The vehicle operated by GRIFFIN was a 1973 Mercury Comet two-door, light blue in color, VIN 3K31L532864.

[redacted] had papers showing that he had purchased this vehicle on 1/8/80.

CE 100-12217

VIRGIL LEE GRIFFIN was released on $5,000 bond after midnight in the early a.m. of 1/16/80.

[redacted] remains in the Lincoln County Jail in lieu of $6,500 bond.

GRIFFIN and [redacted] refused to make any statements concerning the cross-burning, but [redacted] did advise officers that the .44 caliber weapon carried by him was purchased by one [redacted] of Camp Lejeune, N. C., on or about 12/23/79, at Woolco, Inc., Gaston Mall, Gastonia, N. C.

Sheriff [redacted] stated that [redacted] and [redacted] are both white. He stated that [redacted] is employed as a [redacted] at [redacted] where one [redacted] is also employed. [redacted] was arrested at Greensboro, N. C., subsequent to the shooting deaths of members of the Communist Party during the demonstration held there.

Sheriff [redacted] stated that [redacted] state that they do not recall making anti-Klan statements and can think of no reason why a cross would be burned on their property.

On 1/16/80, Special Agent [redacted] North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation (SBI), Lincolnton, N. C., advised that, while VIRGIL GRIFFIN was at the Magistrate's Office in Lincolnton waiting to be released on bond, there were a number of people who came there to see him. He stated that the following license numbers were observed outside the Lincoln County Courthouse, and it is believed that most of these license numbers belong to vehicles transporting these individuals who came to see GRIFFIN. The license numbers are as follows:

(all North Carolina licenses)

DXV-379

BB-6419

HX-7751

BCP-383

GE 100-12217

RBM-567

KPN-238

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-12217) (P) DATE: 1/17/80

FROM : SA [redacted] b6 b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: INVISIBLE EMPIRE,
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN,
NORTH CAROLINA REALM (IEKKKK,NC)
DOMESTIC SECURITY

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

DECLASSIFIED BY sp5tcw/tp
ON 6/7/94

b7D

On 1/14/80 [redacted] advised SAs BRENDAN J. BATTLE and [redacted] that he is presently a member of captioned organization. He stated the leader of the organization, the Grand Dragon, is VIRGIL GRIFFIN, of Alexis, N. C. He stated GRIFFIN founded the organization in approximately 1973. He stated GRIFFIN was formerly a member of the United Klans of America during the time [redacted] He stated that, while [redacted] Klan activities slowed down; and, after [redacted] GRIFFIN approached him about reorganizing the Klan, and [redacted] wanted nothing to do with it and, therefore, GRIFFIN founded his own organization. He stated the organization is headquartered in Indianapolis, Indiana, and the [redacted] of Indianapolis. He advised he believes [redacted] is presently [redacted] He also advised that [redacted] is the [redacted] Source advised that, to his knowledge, there are also branches in Pennsylvania, Georgia, and Maryland; and he believes the leader of the [redacted] group is one [redacted] (phonetic). Source advised he believes that GRIFFIN joined with the other groups in approximately 1978 (C)

b6 b7C

b6 b7C b7D

He advised that captioned organization will generally have a rally every weekend during the spring and as the weather permits at other times (C)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

7 - 100-12217
1 - 100-12212
1 - 100-12221
1 - [redacted]
1 - 44-3527

b7D

Classified and ~~Extended~~ by 1550
Reason for ~~Extension~~ FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2(2,3)
Date of ~~Review~~ for Declassification 1-17-00

44-35-27-297

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 17 1980
[redacted]

RPH:rep
(11)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savin

He advised there is no official headquarters of the organization and GRIFFIN will sometimes have meetings at his residence or will designate the residence of another individual. GRIFFIN has a Post Office box in Mount Holly, N. C., where the "Fiery Cross" can be obtained. He advised the "Fiery Cross" is actually the application form for the organization and not really a publication of the organization. He stated a newsletter is prepared by GRIFFIN on an irregular schedule and distributed to members. He stated this newsletter does not have any name. He advised further that GRIFFIN prepares the newsletter, and it is typed by a [redacted] (LAST NAME UNKNOWN).(C)

b6
b7C

He advised the [redacted] in the state who is known as the [redacted] of [redacted] N. C.; but he advised that, after the incident in Greensboro, N. C., [redacted] has apparently lost interest and is not at present in a policy-making position with the Klan. He also advised that the organization has a "State Board" who make decisions on the activities of the Klan. He stated most programs and ideas are brought before the State Board and they vote how to proceed. He advised GRIFFIN does not have a vote.(C)

He advised, to his best recollection, the following are some of the members of the State Board:(C)

(1) BOBBY BRADSHAW,
of Glen Alpine, North Carolina(C)

(2) [redacted] (C)

(3) [redacted]

(4) [redacted]

(5) [redacted] (C)

(6) LISFORD CARL NAPIER,
of the Hickory, N. C., area(C)

(7) A man from Morganton, N. C., whose name he cannot recall(C)

(8) [redacted]

(9) [redacted] (C)

b6
b7C

Concerning other leaders and policy-makers in the organization, he stated he believes that [redacted] wife, name unknown, may be an Exalted Cyclops since [redacted] is a Board member and one cannot be a Board member and an Exalted Cyclops at the same time. He also advised that [redacted] is the Exalted Cyclops in the [redacted] area, that [redacted] was formerly the Exalted Cyclops in [redacted] N. C., area, but is no longer active. (C)

[redacted] (It is noted concerning the above that [redacted] and NAPIER have been arrested and charged in the Greensboro incident.) (C)

He advised the general structure of a local Klan organization consists of the Exalted Cyclops, his assistant, a Klaliff, a preacher believed to be known as the Kludd, a Kligrapp (phonetic), and a Kladd, and a Klarogo, whose functions he does not know. He also advised there is an office known as a Titan, who is the leader of a group of Klaverns. He advised the Titan of the Lincoln County, N. C., area is BILLY JOE FRANKLIN. (It is noted FRANKLIN was one of those arrested in the Greensboro incident.) (C)

Concerning the total membership, source advised he would estimate it at perhaps 200 statewide prior to the Greensboro incident and could not even guess what the membership is nationally (C)

Concerning the geographic location of the various Klaverns, as far as he knows, there are Klaverns in Bostic, Gastonia, Boger City, Lincolnton, Hickory, Morganton, Whiteville, and Louisburg. (C)

He advised the purpose of the organization as outlined to him before he joined was to fight communism, integration, and drugs (C)

Concerning the use of violence, he advised there is no requirement to purchase any firearms, no request that they purchase firearms, and there is no type of organized firearms practice. He stated that, as is common with most individuals in North Carolina, however, most of the members do possess some type of firearm. He stated he has never heard any actual violence planned, and he frequently hears threats made in speeches to the effect that, if any "nigger" rapes a white woman, the next day there should be 100 dead "niggers." (C)

He advised the members take an oath during the course of which they advise they are free of any foreign government and are free of the Pope. (C)

He advised each Klavern has a secretary, and members pay $2 a month dues. He stated of this amount $1 stays in the Klavern treasury and $1 is sent to GRIFFIN to pay for the newsletter and applications. He advised the secretary of the [redacted] Klavern is [redacted] (C)

b6
b7C

Concerning the location of known rallies conducted, he advised there have been rallies in Louisburg, N. C.; in Rocky Mount, N. C.; in Icard, N. C.; in Cliffside, N. C.; in Lincolnton, N. C.; and in Chester, South Carolina. He advised the main purpose of the rallies at present is to obtain money to assist those arrested in Greensboro, and he stated he would estimate the average rally obtains about $40 in donations. He advised, however, there is an actual defense fund for the Greensboro participants; and he has heard that there is $1,000 in this fund. He believes this fund is administered by GRIFFIN and is probably kept in the First Union National Bank in Dallas, N. C. He advised there is no large donor of funds to the Klan that he knows of and the organization is very short of money. He also advised he has no knowledge of any police officers being members of captioned organization. (C)

He stated members of captioned organization went to Louisburg, N. C., in approximately September, 1979, and met with some members of the Nazi Party there. He advised that, although the newspapers stated there was an alliance between the two organizations, he said, in effect, there was a very loose agreement between the two organizations. He advised captioned organization apparently was the most friendly of the Klan organizations in the state toward the Nazis. He also advised there were two other rallies, one in Rocky Mount and one in Winston-Salem, when captioned organization and the Nazis were together. He advised that he would

estimate there are approximately 25 members of the Nazi organization and noted that the Nazis seem to be more "gung ho" or dedicated than the Klan members. He advised they always came in full uniform and carried guns. He advised he knew two of their members to be ROLAND WAYNE WOOD and RAEFORD CAUDLE.(C)

He stated he would estimate that approximately 60 percent of the members of captioned organization are male and 40 percent are female. He stated most of the females are wives of the Klan members.(C)

He also advised that, prior to a rally that is being held, GRIFFIN will generally contact the press in the area and advise them concerning the rally. He also advised that GRIFFIN has a number of signs printed up concerning a rally and, when there is a rally in a Klavern area, the Klavern members will fill in the time and date and put up the signs.(C)

LEADS:

CHARLOTTE

AT MORGANTON, WHITEVILLE, AND LOUISBURG, N. C.

Through contact with local authorities and other logical sources, attempt to determine information concerning the presence of captioned organization in the above areas. (It is suggested that Agents assigned these leads be provided a Xerox copy of serial 7.)(U)

AT DALLAS, N. C.

Will attempt to determine financial information concerning captioned organization at the First Union National Bank.(U)

AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Will open a separate 100 case on [redacted] of [redacted] N. C., who is a currently active policy-maker in the organization who was not arrested in the Greensboro incident.(U)

b6
b7C

IT IS REQUESTED INVESTIGATION IN THIS MATTER BE EXPEDITED AS REPORT MUST BE AT THE BUREAU ON 2/5/80.(U)

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

b6
b7C

TO : SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)
(Attention: SA [redacted]

DATE: 1/22/80

FROM : Director, FBI (44-81521)

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

Reference is made to a meeting held at FBIHQ, on 1/9/80.

Enclosed under separate cover are eight 16"x20" enlargements of the crime scene area. It is requested that any choices made of these photographs be made by referring to the numbers and information on the reverse side of these prints.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/94 BY sp2tcw/cp

44-3527-208

SEARCHED — INDEXED
SERIALIZED — FILED
JAN 24 1980

1) [redacted]

2) [redacted]

(photos are 1A271)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

5010-110

SAC, CHARLOTTE (52-7444) (P) 1/24/80

SA [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] aka [redacted]

TGP (A)
(OO: ATLANTA)

Re Columbia airtel to Charlotte, 1/16/80.

On 11/29/79, captioned subject was interviewed at Gonzales, La. by SA [redacted] Captioned subject stated to SA [redacted] that he had given live grenades to people in Greensboro, N.C. who possibly were members of the Klu Klux Klan. Captioned subject would not identify the individuals that he supposedly provided the live grenades to.

During the course of the interview, [redacted] admitted that on previous occasions, he has sought psychiatric treatment at various mental hospitals to include the VA Hospital in Los Angeles, California.

LEADS

CHARLOTTE

AT GREENSBORO, N.C.: Will notify appropriate local authorities regarding captioned subject's statement that live grenades were given to possible members of the KKK.

Lead at Greensboro, N.C. should be directed to case agents for Ce files 157-10169 and 44-3527.

(4) Charlotte (2-52-7444)
(1-157-10169)
(1-44-3527)

DWC/jmg
(4)

44-3527-209

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED ____ FILED
JAN24
FBI CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/7/94 BY sp2 tap/sp

CO 100-1796

The above is furnished for the investigative assistance of Charlotte. No additional background investigation is being conducted UACB.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 1/23/80

FROM: SAC, COLUMBIA (100-1796)(RUC)

SUBJECT: "GREENKIL"
OO: CE

b6
b7C

ReColet to CE, 12/17/79.

For the information of the Charlotte Division, [redacted] has been the spokesman for the National United Workers Party (NUWP) and the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) within the Greenville, S. C. area. [redacted], a white male, resided at [redacted] and was employed at the [redacted], S. C. Zeigler has in the past received newspaper publicity and local TV coverage due to his activities.

Additionally residing at the same address was one [redacted] who received mail at [redacted], S. C.

[redacted] in the past, was in association with the following individuals:

1. [redacted]
2.
3.
4.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/26/84 BY sp2 tap/kp

On 1/16/80, [redacted] (PROTECT), [redacted] Federal Station Post Office, advised that a check of his current change of address records indicate that [redacted] and [redacted] have moved to Greensboro, N. C., and presently reside at [redacted] as of 11/13/79.

2-Charlotte
1-Columbia

JWS:jap
(3)

44-3527-211

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
JAN 26 1980
FBI [redacted]

1cc cleared in 100-12177 (RCP) mg

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll

The above is furnished for the investigative assistance of Charlotte. No additional background investigation is being conducted UACB.

CE 44-3527

DETAILS:

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

b6
b7C

Date 11/15/79

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject [redacted]

Social Security Account #

Alias

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
[redacted]			

[redacted] unable to determine if identical.

[redacted] No connection with above reference.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 DAL/cs

Requested by	Squad	Extension	File No.

Searched by 11/15/79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by 11/16/79 (date)

[redacted] bols

I - Identical
NI - Not identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11-15-79

Subject

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address

Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex
			☐ Male ☐ Female

b6
b7C

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
	[redacted]		

NOT IDENTICAL.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 RPL/a

Requested by | Squad | Extension | File No.

Searched by 11-15-79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by Nog 11/16/79 (Date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/15/79

Sub [redacted]

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex
				☐ Male ☐ Female

b6
b7C

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks
[redacted]	[redacted]
	Probably not identical. UNABLE TO DETERMINE.

NI 2

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TRP/ca

Requested by | Squad | Extension | File No.

Searched by 11-15-79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by Nog 11/16/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

CE 44-3527

DETAILS:

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

b6
b7C

Date 11/15/79

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject [redacted]

Social Security Account #

Alias

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
[redacted]			

[redacted] unable to determine if identical.

[redacted] No connection with above reference.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 DAL/cs

Requested by	Squad	Extension	File No.

Searched by 11/15/79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by 11/16/79 (date)

[redacted] bols

I - Identical
NI - Not identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11-15-79

Subject

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address

Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex
			☐ Male ☐ Female

b6
b7C

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
	[redacted]		

NOT IDENTICAL.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 RPL/a

Requested by | Squad | Extension | File No.

Searched by 11-15-79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by Nog 11/16/79 (Date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/15/79

Sub [redacted]

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex
				☐ Male ☐ Female

b6
b7C

☐ Exact Spelling
☐ All References
☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only
☐ Subversive References Only
☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only
☐ Criminal References Only
☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks
[redacted]	[redacted]
	Probably not identical. UNABLE TO DETERMINE.

NI 2

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TRP/ca

Requested by | Squad | Extension | File No.

Searched by 11-15-79 (date)

Consolidated by (date)

Reviewed by Nog 11/16/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

X AIRTEL

11/14/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

Enclosed herewith are six copies of Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79.

Investigation continuing Charlotte.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY [redacted]

b6
b7C

2 - Bureau
1 - Charlotte

HPB:rep
(3)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

44-3527-90

[redacted]

PRESS RELEASE

HERBERT L. MONAHAN, JR., Special Agent in Charge of FBI operations in the state of North Carolina, announced today the arrest of JACK WILSON FOWLER, JR.

FOWLER, a 28 year old resident of Winston-Salem, N. C., was arrested by FBI Agents in Hinsdale, Illinois, on November 15, 1979, as a result of a Federal warrant issued at Greensboro, N. C., on November 8, 1979, charging him with unlawful flight to avoid prosecution. He was sought in connection with the deaths of five Communist Worker Party members during an anti-Ku Klux Klan demonstration in Greensboro on November 3, 1979. FOWLER, a member of the National Socialist Party of America, is scheduled for an appearance before a U.S. Magistrate in Chicago, Illinois, today.

b6
b7C

1 - 80-1374
1 - 88-16159
1 - 44-3527
1 - 100-12202
1 - SAC
1 - ASAC
5 - Extra copies

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-87 BY SP2 MPC/mm

AJP:jat/jnr

November 15, 1979

44-3527-91

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
NOV 15 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

X AIRTEL

11-13-79

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
(ATTN: CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION, CIVIL RIGHTS SEC., SPIN, TERRORISM SECTION)
FROM : SAC, BOSTON (44-2637)(P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ReBStel, 11-7-79.

Enclosed for FBIHQ are four (4) xerox copies of a flyer entitled, "MURDER IN GREENSBORO." Two (2) copies are enclosed for Charlotte.

Enclosed flyers were distributed on 11-13-79 in front of the John McCormack State Office Building, Cambridge Street, Boston, Mass.

Contacts with Massachusetts State Police and Boston, Mass. PD, Intelligence Bureau, developed no information relative to proposed travel to Greensboro, N. C., on 11/11 or 18/79, under the auspices of the Joint Religious and Union Committee Against the Klan.

For information.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

1 copy of incl. to 100-12202

44-3527-92

4-Bureau (Encs. 2)
2-Charlotte (44-3527) (Encs. 2)
2-Boston

JJO'C:po'b
(8)

2 copies 100-12202

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV
FBI - CHAR

with encls.

b6
b7C

FD-36 (Rev. 7-27-76)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ E F T O
- ☐ CLEAR

Date 11/13/79

TO SAC, CHARLOTTE

FROM: SAC, NEWARK (100-57385) (P)(C-3)

SUBJECT: "GREENKIL"
(OO:CHARLOTTE)

Re: Charlotte teletypes to Bureau, 11/5-6/79.
Newark teletype to Bureau, 11/9/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte are original and one copy of flyer distributed at Federal Building, Newark, NJ, on 11/8/79.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-85 BY SP2 [illegible]

4-Charlotte (Enc. 2)
(2-44-3527)
(2-157-10168)
2-Newark
SEL/sdh
(6)

2 copies 100-12202

44-3527-93

NOV 15 1979

FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

Quick service

GPO : 1977 O - 225-539

CI0008 319 2355Z

OOHQ CE

DE CI

0152355Z NOV 79

FM CINCINNATI (100-22421)P

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

CHARLOTTE (44-3527)IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

b6
b7C

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO CINCINNATI NOVEMBER 10, 1979.

THIS DATE, [redacted], MIDDLETOWN POLICE DEPARTMENT, INTELLIGENCE UNIT, ADVISED THEIR SOURCE STATED THAT ON NOVEMBER 15, 1979, [redacted] OF OHIO BRANCH OF INVISIBLE KNIGHTS OF THE KLU KLUX KLAN, AND [redacted] WERE DISCUSSING PLANS FOR GOING TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA. INFORMATION REFLECTS KKK FROM THE MIDDLETOWN, OHIO AREA WILL SEND 15 TO 20 CARS THIS WEEKEND, NOVEMBER 17-18, 1979, TO GREENSBORO TO PROTEST THE CHARGES AGAINST THEIR FELLOW KKK MEMBERS. NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME.

CINCINNATI WILL REMAIN IN CONTACT WITH MIDDLETOWN POLICE DEPARMENT REGARDING THIS MATTER.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SBM/Mcw

44-3527-94

SERIALIZED INDEXED

NOV 15 1979

FBI - CHARLOTTE

3192357Z CE 1

SENT VIA
TELECOPIER
To Yho 11/16/79
925 AM

SF0018 3200505Z

RR HQ CE

DE SF 018

R 150345Z NOV 79

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (100-802661)(P)(SQ. 14)

TO DIRECTOR (ROUTINE)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(ROUTINE)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-30-82 BY SP4 LWT CG

AT 12:00 NOON, NOVEMBER 15, 1979, APPROXIMATELY 45 PERSONS DEMONSTRATED AT THE FEDERAL BUILDING, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. A PAMPHLET DISTRIBUTED BY THE DEMONSTRATORS IDENTIFIED THEM AS MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE MURDER OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (WVO) 5. THE PAMPHLET URGED PERSONS TO JOIN THE COMMITTEE WHOSE DEMANDS ARE (1) DROP ALL CHARGES AGAINST THE ANTI CLAN DEMONSTRATORS. (2) HAVE CARTER AND/OR KENNEDY INVESTIGATE AND INDICT THE FBI. THE PAMPHLET DESCRIBES THE IMMEDIATES TASKS FOR THE COMMITTEE AS BEING (1) TELL THE "REAL" SITUATION IN GREENSBORO. (2) ESTABLISH A LEGAL FUND TO DEFEND THE ANTI CLAN DEMONSTRATORS WHO WERE ARRESTED. (3) RAISE FUNDS

2 cys 100-12202

44-3527-95

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 16 1979
FBI—CHARL

SENT VIA
TELECOPIER

9:30 Am 11/16/79

b6
b7C

TO AIDE FAMILIES OF THE CLAN DEMONSTRATORS. ADDRESS LISTED ON THE PAMPHLET IS COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE CWP 5, CARE OF POST OFFICE BOX 4201, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA, 94704, TELEPHONE NUMBER 982-9662.

DURING THE DEMONSTRATION, A FIGURE, VARIOUSLY DESCRIBED AS A KLU KLUX KLAN MEMBER OR A FBI AGENT WAS BURNED IN EFFIGY. AT APPROXIMATELY 1:00 P.M., ABOUT 20 INDIVIDUALS, SOME WITH BATONS, ENTERED THE LOBBY OF THE FEDERAL BUILDING AND ATTEMPTED TO SET UP BANNERS THERE. A CONTRACT GUARD ATTEMPTED TO INTERVENE AND WAS STRUCK BY A DEMONSTRATOR. FEDERAL PROTECTIVE SERVICE PERSONNEL ENGAGED THE DEMONSTRATORS AND PUSHED THEM OUT OF THE LOBBY. SHORTLY THEREAFTER, THE SAN FRANCISCO POLICE DEPARTMENT, TACTICAL SQUAD, ARRIVED AT THE SCENE AND QUELLED THE DISTURBANCE. THE DEMONSTRATION ENDED AT APPROXIMATELY 1:30 P.M. NO ARRESTS WERE MADE. CONTRACT GUARD APPARENTLY NO SERIOUSLY HURT. THERE WERE NO INDICATIONS OF ANY TRAVEL PLANS BY THIS GROUP TO GREENSBORO, NORH CAROLINA.

BT

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/16/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135		X	1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☒ Process only
☐ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☒ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

44-3527-96

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

b6
b7C

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
(2) - Charlotte
PSS:jmw
(4)

FBI/DOJ

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 11/13/79

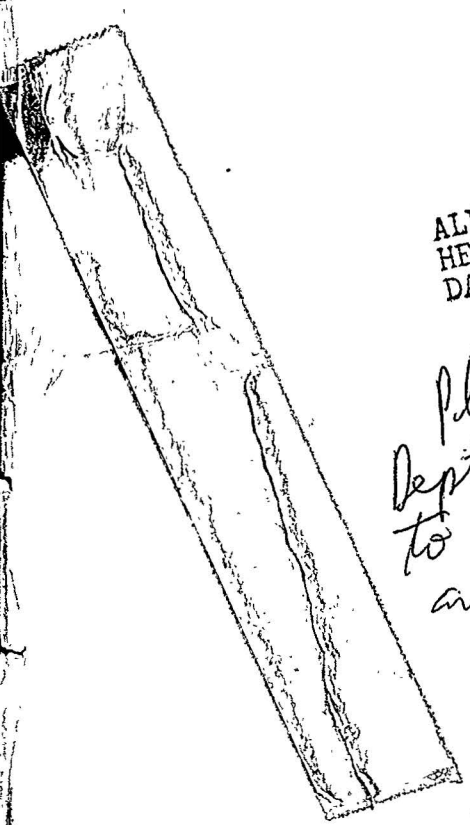
To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI

UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT
ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN;
SHOOTING INCIDENT,
GREENSBORO, N.C.
11/3/79
DOMESTIC SECURITY
CR

ReCEFD-523 to the Bureau dated 11/5/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte is one roll of color film and three copies each of photographs developed from film. Charlotte identify photographs on back and submit one copy of photographs for dissemination to Department of Justice. Charlotte furnish USA one copy and retain negatives and one copy of photographs in Charlotte files.



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY SP2 [illegible]

Photos need not be sent to Dept of Justice. FBI Lab will travel to Greensboro and re photograph and re diagram scene for Greensboro PD and Bureau.
HPB

Letter Enclosing Photos sent to USA - 6500
11-30-79 [illegible]

44-3527-97

SEARCHED [illegible] INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED [illegible] FILED [illegible]
NOV 16 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

with encls

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/13/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
OO: CHARLOTTE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-86 BY [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Re Richmond teletypes to Bureau and Charlotte, 11/8 and 11/9/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte Division are the original and one copy each of three FD-302s reflecting investigation regarding captioned matter.

As set forth in FD-302 of [redacted] at Martinsville, Va., on 11/7/79, [redacted] refused SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] (Virginia State Police) to interview or contact [redacted], at their residence in Martinsville, Va.

As set forth in FD-302, [redacted] source requested his name be kept confidential until such time this information needed to be disseminated outside the FBI or until such time he would be required to testify in a court of law.

[redacted] source identified four [redacted] employees as being present at Greensboro, N.C., during captioned matter.

Also, the enclosed FD-302 of SA [redacted] identifies [redacted] as being present during captioned matter at Greensboro, N.C.

2 - Charlotte (Enc.-6)
3 - Richmond
(2 - 44-1416)
(1 - 157-4033)
HWW:sjp
<5>

originals returned to Pt. Lauderdale 11-16-79

44-3527-98
SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted]
NOV 16 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

with enclosures

RH 44-1416

LEADS:

RICHMOND DIVISION

AT MARTINSVILLE, VA.

Will attempt to interview [redacted] employees, [redacted] and reinterview [redacted] regarding captioned matter. b6 b7C b7D

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

C00005 3202150

RR CE

DE CO

R 162150Z NOV 79

FM COLUMBIA (100-1796)

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 AHC

b6
b7C

"GREENKILL".

RECOTEL TO CE, NOV. 13, 1979, AND TELEPHONIC CONVERSATION BETWEEN SA [redacted], COLUMBIA DIVISION, AND SA [redacted], CHARLOTTE DIVISION, NOV. 13, 1979.

AFTER NUMEROUS EFFORTS, ON NOV. 15, 1979, ROBERT SCOGGIN, 818 SAXON AVENUE, SPARTANBURG, S. C., TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED AT HIS HOME. SCOGGIN ADVISED HE DID NOT CARE TO DISCUSS GREENSBORO SHOTTING OF NOV. 3, 1979 WITH FBI AS HE KNEW NOTHING CONCERNING MATTER OTHER THAN WHAT HE HAD READ. HE STATED HE IS NOT ACQUAINTED WITH A [redacted], AKA [redacted], BUT DOES NOT BELIEVE HE IS ASSOCIATED WITH ANY NORTH CAROLINA KLAN AS HE, SCOGGIN, KNOWS MOST NORTH CAROLINA KLANSMEN. HE STATED HE KNOWS NO ONE NAMED [redacted] OR IF SUCH INDIVIDUAL IN THE

Xref 157-9019, 105-991, 157-1200-524 Sub A-956, 957, 958 157-230-Sub A Robert Eckels Scoggin et al

44-3527-99

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 1[illegible]
FBI — CHARL[illegible]

See Attached Search Slip

b6
b7C

GREENSBORO CARAVAN, BUT WOULD NOT TELL THE FBI IF HE DID KHOW. HE STATED HE IS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH [redacted], AND WAS IN TELEPHONIC CONTACT WITH HIM NIGHT OF NOV. 14, 1979. [redacted] ALLEGEDLY CALLED SCOGGIN AND INQUIRED AS TO HOW TO SET UP A DEFENSE FUND. ALLEGEDLY DETAILS OF SHOOTING INCIDENT NOT DISCUSSED BY SCOGGIN AND [redacted]. SCOGGIN ADVISED HE WOULD VIEW PHOTOGRAPHS OF GREENSBORO SHOOTING IF AVAILABLE, BUT WOULD NOT IDENTIFY ANYONE IN PHOTOS . WOULD VERIFY NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS IN PHOTOS IF KHOWN BY FBI. SCOGGIN ADVISED HE KNOWS NO ONE FITTING DESCRIPTION OF WHITE MALE, 22-23 YEARS OLD, MEDIUM LARGE BUILD, MUSCULAR, RED WAVY HAIR, REPORTEDLY SEEN IN WHITE PICKUP IN CARAVAN AND LATTER SEEN TO FIRE TWO SHOTS INTO THE AIR. SCOGGIN AGAIN REPEATED HE WOULD NOT TELL FBI EVEN IF HE DID KNOW. AT THIS, SCOGGIN TERMINATED COVERSATION STATING FBI WAS WASTING HIS TIME. HE WAS ADVISED HE COULD BE SUBPOENAED TO TESTIFY REGARDING THE MATTER AND HE REPEATED HE HAS NOTHING TO TELL. CONVERSATION WAS THEN TERMINATED.

BT

3202155Z CE 1 ITY

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/20/79

Subject Robert L Scoggins

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling ☐ All References ☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only ☐ Subversive References Only

☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only ☐ Criminal References Only ☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References) ☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
Robert E. Scoggins		(1970) ROBERT ECHOLS SCOGGINS	
157-230 - 956, 957, 958	Dub A -	WM, DOB: 5/12/22, POLK COUNTY, N.C. FBI #152 612 D	
		ADDRESS: 818 SAXTON AVE, SPARTANBURG, S.C.	
		GRAND DRAGON, UKA, KKKK, S.C.	
		~~SPARTANBURG, S.C.~~	
		IDENTICAL-X-REF	
105-991			
157-9019			
etc.			

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BY SP2 Pow DATE 6-5-80

Requested by	Squad	Extension	File No.

S [ ] 11/20/79 (date)

Consolidated by _____ (date)

Reviewed by Nog 11/20/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

b6
b7C

IP0004 3192155Z

PP HQ CE CG WFO

DE IP

P 152155Z NOV 79

FM INDIANAPOLIS (100-28301) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (105-184369) PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE PRIORITY

CHICAGO PRIORITY

WFO (100-49578) PRIORITY

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY sp2alm

b6
b7C
b7D

UNCLAS E F T O

GREENKIL; DS - CR (WFO FILE NUMBER 44-1194), OO: CHARLOTTE.
REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARY (RCP), DS (WFO FILE
NUMBER 100-49578) (BUFILE 105-184369), OO: CHICAGO.

RE WFO TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOV. 9, 1979.

ON NOV. 13, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY
BY REQUEST), WAYNE COUNTY HEALTH DEPT., RICHMOND, IND.
ADVISED BIRTH RECORDS REFLECT [redacted] BORN
AT RICHMOND, IND., [redacted]. BIRTH RECORDS REFLECT
PARENTS TO BE [redacted] AND [redacted]
[redacted], RICHMOND. LOGICAL INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED

44-3527-100

INDEXED

SERIALIZED

NOV 15 1979

FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C
b7D

AT RICHMOND REFLECTS [redacted] AND PARENTS NO LONGER RESIDE IN RICHMOND, IND., AREA AND PRESENT ADDRESS UNKNOWN.

CONTACT WITH FOLLOWING AGENCIES REGARDING [redacted] [redacted] NEGATIVE ON DATES INDICATED:

NOV. 13, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQUEST), RICHMOND, IND., POLICE DEPT.

NOV. 14, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQUEST), WAYNE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, IND.

NOV. 14, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQUEST), INDIANA STATE POLICE, CONNERSVILLE, IND.

NOV. 14, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQEUST), RICHMOND, IND., CREDIT BUREAU.

INDIANAPOLIS INDICES NEGATIVE REGARDING [redacted] [redacted], WHITE MALE, DOB [redacted], POB RICHMOND, IND.

INDIANA DATA AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM (IDACS) NEGATIVE REGARDING [redacted].

BT

3192200Z CE 1

AL0001 2302052Z

FP HQ CE

DE AL

P161900Z NOV 79

FM ALBANY (44-1347) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR (PRIORITY)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO BUREAU AND ALL SACS DATED NOVEMBER 5 AND NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

APPROPRIATE INQUIRIES AND CONTACTS HAVE BEEN MADE IN AN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION WHICH MAY BE PERTINENT TO INSTANT MATTER. NO POSITIVE INFORMATION CONCERNING INSTANT MATTER HAS BEEN OBTAINED THROUGH SOURCE CONTACTS.

THERE ARE NO CURRENT OUTSTANDING LEADS WITHIN THE ALBANY DIVISION. ALBANY WILL REMAIN ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION OF VALUE, AND WILL REPORT POSITIVE INFORMATION. ALBANY IS BEING PLACED IN AN RUC STATUS PENDING ANY FURTHER LEADS.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP0TAlg

44-3527-100

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 1(illegible)
FBI — CHARLOT

b6
b7C

SJZFHWLZK

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/15/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135		X	2
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☒ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

44-3527-104

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

b6
b7C

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure:
2 - Charlotte
HMP:jmw
(4)

FBI/DOJ

1-221 (Rev. 3-28-79)

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Date 11-13-79

Attention: Mr. [redacted]
FBI, Greensboro RA

Your inquiry

b6
b7C

RE: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

- ☐ Attached furnished in reply to your inquiry.
- ☐ Attached furnished in compliance with request from
- ☐ Only record(s) available attached.
- ☐ This matter is receiving attention and you will be advised at an early date.
- ☐ Supplementing FBI Laboratory report dated
- ☐ Records FBI # are furnished since there is a possibility that one may pertain to the subject in whom you are interested.
- ☐ Fingerprint files fail to disclose

- ☐ Confirming FBI wire of
- ☐ A wanted notice has not been placed as subject appears to be in custody. Clear or cancel (CW or XW) your NCIC record.
- ☐ When you no longer desire your notice maintained, please advise.
- ☐ If you determine subject to be in custody, please advise so that your notice may be canceled.
- ☐ Subject of your inquiry searched in name indices only. Enclosed record(s) possibly identical. If identical, resubmit request and wanted (or flash) notice will be placed.
- ☐ If it is determined that the subject of this record is not the individual in whom you are interested, please advise.
- ☐ Your communication is returned.
- ☐ The subject of this Identification Record has a Computerized Criminal History Record entered in the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) which is not enclosed and is not covered by this certification.
- ☐ For your information, most court authorities take judicial notice of the FBI Identification Record and accept it as the valid arrest record of an individual, as maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, without requiring a certification. However, if deemed necessary or if an agency/department is acting under instructions of a court to obtain a certified copy of an identification record, the FBI will honor such a request.
- ☐ The attached is furnished in compliance with your telephonic request of
- ☐

☒ Enc. (16)

☐ Copy to:

[redacted] to GPD
11/27/79

44-3527-102

NOV 17 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Identification Division
FBI

FBI/DOJ

I-4 (Rev. 7-15-77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-13-79/mah

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 659 308 L8, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Lisford Carl Nappier 26180	5-4-47	VPL	$50 & costs 3 mos SS 2 yrs
PD GREENSBORO NC	LISFORD CARL NAPPIER SR 99557	11-4-79	4 MURDER CONS TO MURDER	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-13-79/mah

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 569 307 L11, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Dept of Corr Rec Sec Raleigh NC	Billy Joe Franklin #F7192-093- 10846-55-1-3	10-26-70	1. aslt on female 2. NS 3. DUI	1. 6 mos 2. 6 mos conc w/1 3. 4 mos conc w/1
PD GREENSBORO NC	BILLY JOE FRANKLIN 99553	11-4-79	MURDER	

XX

XX

XX

11/15/79

b6
b7C

FM RICHMOND (P)

TO INDIANAPOLIS PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 AHP/cla

GREENKIL. OO: CHARLOTTE. RH FILE: 44-1416. CE FILE: 44-3527. DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP) OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, N.C., NOV. 11, 1979. POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST. RH FILE: 157-4033. CE FILE: 157-10168.

RE RICHMOND AIRTEL TO CHARLOTTE (NO COPIES INDIANAPOLIS), NOV. 13, 1979.

FOR INFORMATION OF INDIANAPOLIS, CHARLOTTE AND RICHMOND DIVISIONS INVESTIGATING CAPTIONED MATTERS ON PRIORITY BASIS. DURING CAPTIONED 44 MATTER, FIVE PERSONS KILLED AT GREENSBORO, N.C., SUBSEQUENTLY CAUSING CIVIL UNREST IN GREENSBORO, N.C. AREA. IT IS BELIEVED THAT [redacted] AND [redacted], WERE PRIME PLANNERS OF ANTI-KLAN RALLY AT GREENSBORO, N.C., WHICH LEAD TO SHOOTOUT BETWEEN KU KLUX KLAN AND [redacted]'S FACTION, THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), A LOCAL COMMUNIST GROUP. [redacted] AND [redacted] RESIDE IN MARTINSVILLE, VA., AND [redacted] EMPLOYED AT [redacted], MARTINSVILLE, VA. [redacted] AND

NOV 17 1979

[redacted]

1 - Charlotte (Info) (AM)
2 - Richmond (1 - 44-1416)
HWW:sjp (3) (1 - 157-4033)

44-3527-103

b6
b7C
b7D

PAGE TWO RH 44-1416 RH 157-4033 UNCLAS

[redacted] ARE AVOWED COMMUNIST AND UNTIL RECENTLY SHE WAS A [redacted] IN [redacted], AT COLLINSVILLE, VA. ALTHOUGH STILL A UNION MEMBER, SEVERAL LOCAL RANK AND FILE UNION MEMBERS WANT HER EXPELLED FROM UNION REGARDING CAPTIONED 157 MATTER.

ON NOV. 15, 1979, [redacted] SOURCE ADVISED AS OF NOV. 15, 1979, THAT [redacted] PLACED ON INDEFINITE SUSPENSION FOR VIOLATION OF [redacted] WORK RULE 21, "PUBLICLY DISPARAGING THE COMPANY". ALSO SOURCE ADVISED HAS RECEIVED INFORMATION FROM THREE RELIABLE [redacted] EMPLOYEES REGARDING [redacted] WORKING AND RESIDING IN STATE OF INDIANA. [redacted] STATED ON APPLICATION SHE WORKED AT [redacted], BROOKVILLE, IND., DURING LATTER PART OF 1960'S. FURTHER EMPLOYEE INFORMATION TO SOURCE IS THAT [redacted] IS SUPPOSED TO HAVE WORKED AT FACTORY OR PLANT SOMEWHERE IN STATE OF INDIANA DURING 1969, DURING WHICH TIME AN EXPLOSION OCCURRED AT THIS PLANT, IN WHICH SEVERAL PERSONS DIED.

THE FOLLOWING IS A DESCRIPTION OF [redacted]:

NAME: [redacted]; MAIDEN NAME: [redacted]; WHITE FEMALE; BORN [redacted]; [redacted], [redacted] LBS.; [redacted] EYES; [redacted] HAIR; SSN [redacted]; LOCAL ADDRESS: [redacted], MARTINSVILLE,

b6
b7C

PAGE THREE RH 44-1416 RH 157-4033 UNCLAS

VA.; CHILDREN: POSSIBLY ONE CHILD, [redacted], NAME [redacted];

HUSBAND: [redacted], WHITE MALE, BORN [redacted], [redacted],

[redacted] LBS., SSN [redacted].

INDIANAPOLIS AT INDIANAPOLIS, IND., IF DEEMED APPROPRIATE, CONTACT LOCAL ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS (ATF) OFFICIALS AND ANY SOURCE THAT MAY LEND ASSISTANCE AND ATTEMPT TO ASCERTAIN IF EXPLOSION OCCURRED WAS IN STATE OF INDIANA DURING LATTER PART OF 1960'S, WHEREIN SEVERAL PERSONS DIED. WITH INFORMATION PROVIDED REGARDING [redacted], ATTEMPT TO ASCERTAIN IF SHE AND/OR [redacted] WORKED AT THIS FACILITY.

CHARLOTTE BEING ADVISED VIA AIRMAIL.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

b6
b7C

Date 11/15/79

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (44-1739)(RUC)

RE: GREENKILL;
DS - CR

OO: Charlotte

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 MPG

Re WFO teletype to Director, et al, 11/9/79, and Cleveland teletype to Director, Charlotte and WFO, 11/10/79.

On 11/13/79, [redacted], Cleveland PD, Terrorist Squad (protect identity), advised [redacted] is active in Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) He advised she was arrested at Brook Park Police Station for creating a disturbance. She was protesting the arrest of RCP members who were arrested for demonstrating at the Ford Motor Company Plant, Brook Park, Ohio. [redacted] advised Cleveland RCP members should be considered armed and dangerous. He based this on an incident in June 1979 where RCP members attempted to protest and confront Cleveland Nazis who were holding demonstration in Parma, Ohio. RCP members had flags and signs attached to baseball bats, 2 x 4s, and fence posts. When RCP members arrived at Parma for confrontation, Nazis had already been disbursed by Parma police. Cleveland Police have no information on individuals or groups of individuals who may be travelling to Washington, D.C. to demonstrate.

Cleveland will not interview [redacted] unless advised to the contrary.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS; RCP MEMBERS HAVE BEEN KNOWN TO BE IN POSSESSION OF CLUBS AND STICKS.

44-3527-104

(2) - Charlotte
1 - WFO (100-49578) (Info)
1 - Cleveland
RGP:pla
(4)

Com. R.C.P. file
D8

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
NOV 16 --
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Approved: CHF/SR Transmitted ____ (Number) ____ (Time) Per ____

FBI364 NOV 09 1979 12:51:40

[redacted] N.C.

LIC.NO. [redacted] BIRTH DATE [redacted] RACE W SEX [redacted]

OPERATOR ISSUED [redacted] EXPIRES [redacted] REST=1

OPER DUP ISSUED [redacted] EXPIRES [redacted]

END OF RECORD

b6
b7C

On Klan caravan 11/3/79
riding in Black Ford pick-up

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY [redacted]

44-3527-105

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

FBI363 NOV 09 1979 12:51:20

[redacted] LICENSE NO [redacted]

[redacted]

13.00

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] N.C. NASH

[redacted] PLATE NO. IS [redacted]

b6
b7C

In Klan caravan 11/3/79
riding Black Ford pick-up

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 TAU/Klan

44-3527-106

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

1003

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 11/20/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

On 11/20/79, while reviewing the interview of EDWARD W. DAWSON conducted by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] on 11/7/79, DAWSON made reference on page 243 of the report that he contacted the writer at the FBI office. The following is an explanation of that contact:

DAWSON asked the writer if he knew anything about the Revolutionary Communist Party in that he was thinking of attending their meeting at the Holiday Inn, Four Seasons Motel on Sunday, 9/23/79. The writer advised him he did not work in the security field and he would let him talk to CHARLIE FULKS who did. At that time the writer ~~asked~~ told SA FULKS who was on the phone and if he would speak to him and SA FULKS answered in the affirmative. The writer had no further conversation with DAWSON.

LDB:jms
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY [illegible]

44-3527-108
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 20 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

AIRTEL

11/15/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (157-9579)(SQ12)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY SP2 MAW

b6
b7C

Re Denver teletype to Bureau, 11/10/79.

Efforts by Philadelphia Office and Reading, Pa. Police Department, to determine whether [redacted] planned to travel or in fact did travel to Greensboro, N.C. on 11/10/79 have proven unsuccessful. [redacted] was determined to have been in Reading, Pa. on 11/7/79, however, his whereabouts subsequent to that date remain unknown. Telephone number (215) 374-6818 is listed to the "Freedom Fighters for you Rights" which is a recorded message believed to be from ROY FRANKHOUSER.

It is noted that although [redacted] is believed capable of such actions as described in referenced teletype, that he does not possess the resources or means to effect such an action.

Any information coming to the attention of Philadelphia will be provided to the Bureau and Charlotte.

2-Bureau
(2)-Charlotte (44-3527)
1-Philadelphia (157-9579)(SQ12)

JRM:DAD
(5)

1*

44-3527-109

SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 21 1979
CHARLOTTE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE

DATE: 11/15/79

FROM: SAC, EL PASO (44-1190) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
DOMESTIC SECURITY -
CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

Re CE tel to Director, 11/6/79.

El Paso has contacted and maintained liaison with the El Paso Police Department (EPPD), Intelligence Unit, as well as with USINS and Border Patrol regarding captioned matter and possible travel of any known activists to the Charlotte area.

No pertinent information has been reported to date. The El Paso Office will maintain contacts of any positive information re groups named in referenced Charlotte teletype.

2- Charlotte
2- El Paso

CLC/ps
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-3527-110

SERIALIZED INDEXED
NOV 21 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OMO 003 324 1905Z

RR HQ CH

DE OM

020 1905Z NOV 79

FM OMAHA (44-799) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST.

"GREENKIL" (A)

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

CONTACTS CONDUCTED WITH LINCOLN POLICE DEPARTMENT (PD), LINCOLN PD SOURCE, AND UNIVERSITY OF LINCOLN-NEBRASKA PD HAS RESULTED IN NO INDICATION OF PLANNED TRAVEL OR DEMONSTRATIONS ON THE PART OF INDIVIDUALS OR GROUPS SUCH AS THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, KU KLUX KLAN, OR OTHER SYMPATHETIC ORGANIZATIONS REGARDING CAPTIONED MATTER.

OMAHA WILL CONTINUE TO BE ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION RELATIVE TO CAPTIONED MATTER.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-30-12 BY SP4 W Ty

44-3527-111
SEARCHED ... INDEXED
SERIALIZED ...
NOV 20 1979
FBI — CHARL... E

b6
b7C

3241909Z CE 1

AIRTEL

11/26/79

b6
b7C

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

Enclosed for the Identification Division are post-mortem fingerprint cards for CWP victims in captioned case.

Mr. [redacted], Greensboro Police Department Laboratory, has requested that the enclosed post-mortem fingerprints of Communist Workers Party (CWP) victims, CEASAR VINCENT CAUCE, MICHAEL RONALD NATHAN, WILLIAM EVAN SAMPSON, SANDY NEELY SMITH and JAMES MITCHELL WALLER, be searched through criminal fingerprint files and results of search be furnished his department as expeditiously as possible.

Mr. [redacted] requested that original post-mortem prints be returned with results of search.

REQUEST OF IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

Expeditiously conduct appropriate search through fingerprint files and submit results along with original post-mortem fingerprint cards to Mr. [redacted], Laboratory, Greensboro Police Department, 300 West Washington St., Greensboro, N.C. 27401.

3 - Bureau (Encs. 5)
(2) - Charlotte
GAM:jat
(5)

Hand carried to Bureau by SA [redacted] 11-26-79

44-3527-112

SEARCHED [illegible] INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED [illegible] FILED [illegible]

[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/23/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
DOMESTIC SECURITY -
CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TAW/mm

b6
b7C

ADMINISTRATIVE:

On 11/21/79, a confidential source provided the following information on WILLIAM E. SAMSON and [redacted] No attempt should be made to confirm information at [redacted], Greensboro, N. C., as source will be compromised.

Source advised that WILLIAM E. SAMSON applied for employment at [redacted] in Greensboro, N. C., on or about 5/26/77. At time that employment application was made, SAMSON showed a previous employment of Shadow Mountain Sound Shop, Evergreen, Colorado, from 1967 through 1977, with [redacted] as [redacted], telephone number (area code 303) 674-6410. Source stated that the Personnel Section of [redacted] checked with [redacted] to confirm previous employment of SAMSON and was advised by [redacted] that SAMSON had worked at the Shadow Mountain Sound Shop during the indicated period.

Source further provided the following background information on [redacted]:

Graduated from [redacted], Buffalo, New York, [redacted].

Employed by [redacted], Buffalo, New York, from 1970 through 1972.

Employed by [redacted], Buffalo, New York, 8/73 through 2/75.

44-3527-113

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 26 1979
FBI CHARLOTTE

2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

JTT:rep
(2)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Employed by [redacted], Greensboro, N. C., 1975 to present.

Date of Birth - [redacted] b6 b7C

Social Security Number [redacted]

Unconfirmed arrest record in Georgia.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Charlotte, North Carolina
November 26, 1979

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO),
also known as the Communist Workers Party (CWP)
of North Carolina,
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA,
NOVEMBER 11, 1979
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

In July, 1979, the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) advertised a rally to be held at China Grove, North Carolina, on July 8, 1979, where the film "Birth of a Nation" was to be shown.

On July 8, 1979, the KKK meeting was disrupted by a group identifying themselves as members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO). During the disruption, members of the WVO obtained the Klan flag and burned it in their presence. Photographs of the incident reflect both members of the WVO and Klan had firearms but the presence of law enforcement officers at the scene prevented bloodshed.

Subsequently, members of the WVO advertised a "Death to the Klan" rally and parade to be held in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979. Numerous posters advertising the event were posted in the area and it received considerable media coverage as well.

On November 3, 1979, at the starting point of the planned parade of the WVO, numerous members of the Klan and Nazi Party appeared in a caravan of vehicles. Shooting erupted and five members of the WVO were killed and several others wounded.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

6 - Bureau
1 - Baltimore
1 - Chicago
1 - Newark
1 - Philadelphia
1 - WFO
5 - Charlotte (2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527)
(1 - 100-12202)
(1 - 100-12177)

CSF:jat
(16)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-30-82 BY SP4 ENW/tp

44-3527-114

b6
b7C

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ... SERIALIZED ... FILED ...

A spokesman subsequently advised his group was no longer affiliated with the WVO but three weeks earlier the name of the group had been changed to the "Communist Workers Party" (CWP). It was also announced the CWP would hold a funeral procession in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 11, 1979, for the five members of the CWP who had been killed November 3, 1979. The city of Greensboro thereafter declared a state of emergency on November 10, 1979.

In accordance with the declared state of emergency, the city of Greensboro obtained assistance of the Guilford County Sheriff's Department, the North Carolina Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, as well as the National Guard. The National Guard effectively sealed all intersections along the parade route. Members of the Greensboro Police Department encircled those marching in the procession and acted as a mobil shield from the starting point until the cemetery was reached.

It had been previously ascertained that a caravan of demonstrators would be transported from Durham, North Carolina, to take part in the funeral procession in Greensboro on November 11, 1979. On the morning of November 11, 1979, agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed the demonstrators in Durham, North Carolina, gathering at the "Break the Chains" Bookstore. Demonstrators were observed in possession of weapons which were placed in a number of vehicles. The demonstrators then formed into a 16 vehicle caravan led by CHARLES FRANKLIN FINCH, owner of the "Break the Chains" Bookstore.

Information regarding weapons in possession of the demonstrators was relayed by the FBI to local authorities. It was determined that sufficient probable cause existed for issuance of a state warrant for transporting dangerous weapons to the scene of an emergency. FBI surveillance of the caravan continued as the caravan proceeded toward Greensboro and state and local authorities were provided with continuous coverage through previously arranged channels of communication. FBI surveillance of the caravan continued to the city limits of Greensboro where members of the Greensboro Police Department, North Carolina Highway Patrol and the State Bureau of Investigation stopped the caravan. All vehicles and persons in the caravan were checked and numerous weapons were confiscated. Twelve persons were charged with transportation of dangerous weapons. Remaining individuals were permitted to proceed to downtown Greensboro to participate in the funeral procession.

RE: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO)

In accordance with prior agreement, with city officials, an honor guard with the funeral procession was permitted to carry rifles, shotguns and semi-automatic weapons but they were instructed not to have loaded weapons or available ammunition. Prior to the beginning of the procession the National Guard confiscated all ammunition from the honor guard.

Prior to the beginning of the funeral procession, a considerable amount of time was spent at the point of embarkation. Those to march in the procession were furnished with placards and signs. A sound truck was utilized to issue instructions to the marchers and a musical group sang revolutionary songs. Five caskets draped in red were placed on rolling metal stands pushed by pallbearers. One casket was placed at the front of the procession and the remaining four caskets were placed at a point mid-way in the procession. The approximately 300 marchers then proceeded slowly along the parade route to the cemetary. Mobil sound equipment and the sound trucks were utilized in chanting slogans such as "Avenge the CWP-5." Numerous media personnel were present and at some points the procession was slowed by efforts of the media to interview some of the merchers.

The graveside ceremonies consisted of the singing of revolutionary songs. Several speakers eulogized the deceased and their efforts on behalf of the CWP. The procession then reversed and marched along the parade route to the assembly area where they dispersed.

Included in the funeral procession was a group, self-identified as members of the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP). Also approximately ten young adults who appeared to be Iranian students marched in the procession chanting "Death to the Shah."

A contingent of CWP members, mostly from Pennsylvania, were observed by police to arrive after the funeral procession had started. They were observed removing weapons from their vehicles and police arrested eight of them.

In the course of the day, the following individuals were arrested by local authorities, mostly on weapons related charges:

1. [redacted], also known as [redacted], born [redacted], residing at [redacted], Maryland. Employment indicated as a [redacted] for [redacted] and Social Security Number reflected as [redacted]. He was arrested at 3:30 PM at Route 6 and Interstate 85 and charged with transporting weapons. His birthplace was indicated as New York. b6 b7C

RE: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO)

b6
b7C

2. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Home address was reflected as [redacted], New Jersey. Arrested at Lee Street and Interstate 85 and charged with transporting firearms consisting of three handguns.

3. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted], residing at [redacted], Washington, D.C. Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted] and employment as [redacted], Washington, D.C. Occupation was reflected as a [redacted]. Arrest was at Lee Street and Interstate 85 and he was charged with carrying a conclealed .32 caliber pistol.

4. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Residence was reflected as [redacted], Washington, D.C. Driver's license was reflected as [redacted] and Social Security Number as [redacted]. She was arrested at 4:00 PM at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with carrying a concealed weapon as there was a .38 caliber Colt Special, serial number [redacted] concealed under the driver's seat of the vehicle she was in.

5. [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Washington, D.C. His Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted] and his occupation as a [redacted] with [redacted], Washington, D.C. He was arrested on North Carolina Route 6 at the city limits of Greensboro and charged with transporting weapons.

6. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania. His Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted]. His occupation was listed as a [redacted] for the [redacted]. He was arrested at 1115 at Asheboro and Arlington and charged with "going dangerously armed," in that he was concealing a .380 Baretta pistol, serial number [redacted].

7. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His residence was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and his driver's license as [redacted]. His business address was listed as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and Social Security Number as [redacted]. Occupation was reflected as a [redacted]. He was arrested at 1115 at Asheboro and Arlington and charged with "going dangerously armed." A 9mm Model 39 Smith and Wesson handgun, serial number [redacted] and a .30 caliber M-1 Universal, serial number [redacted] were confiscated.

b6
b7C

8. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His residence was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. His occupation was indicated as [redacted] for [redacted]. He was arrested at 1200 at Gillespie and Perkins Streets and charged with carrying a concealed .25 caliber automatic pistol. His Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted].

9. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His North Carolina driver's license was reflected as [redacted] and Social Security Number as [redacted]. His residence was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, and his employment as a [redacted] for [redacted]. He was arrested at 1200 at Gillespie and Perkins Streets and charged with carrying a concealed .32 caliber automatic pistol.

10. [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina, and his driver's license as [redacted]. He was arrested at Lee and Florida Streets at 1350 and charged with transporting dangerous weapons. He was operating in convoy, a [redacted], license [redacted] containing a Ruger SP. Six, serial number [redacted].

11. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, and his driver's license as [redacted]. His occupation was reflected as a [redacted] for [redacted], North Carolina, and his Social Security Number as [redacted]. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee and Florida Streets and charged with transporting dangerous weapons. At the time of arrest he was in a [redacted] bearing North Carolina license number [redacted]. In the car was a 12 gauge pump shotgun, serial number [redacted] or [redacted] with 17 rounds of Magnum 00 Buckshot.

12. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Residence was indicated as [redacted], North Carolina, driver's license [redacted]. His Social Security Number was [redacted]. No occupation or employment was listed. He was arrested at 1350 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

13. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, and North Carolina driver's license [redacted]. He listed his occupation as a [redacted] but no employment was reflected. His Social Security Number was indicated as [redacted]. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee and Florida Streets and charged with transportation of dangerous weapons.

b6
b7C

14. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He had North Carolina driver's license number [redacted]. His Social Security Number was [redacted] was listed but no occupation or employment. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee and Florida Streets and charged with transportation of dangerous weapons. At the time of arrest, he was in a car containing a .357 magnum handgun, model 13-2, serial number [redacted] and he claimed ownership of the weapon. [redacted] has been identified as the [redacted] who was [redacted] at the Communist Workers Party rally immediately prior to the shooting incident on November 3, 1979.

15. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Residence was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He had North Carolina driver's license number [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. He indicated he was a [redacted] at [redacted]. He was arrested at 1350 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

16. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and he had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted]. His Social Security Number was [redacted] and he indicated he was a [redacted] for the [redacted], Pennsylvania. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with possession of a dangerous weapon, a 9mm Walther, serial number [redacted]. It was also reflected he was a [redacted] at [redacted].

17. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted] and his address was [redacted], Pennsylvania. He was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with transporting firearms consisting of three handguns, not further described.

18. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was [redacted], Pennsylvania. He was arrested at Lee Street and I-85 at 1600 and was charged with transporting three handguns not further described.

19. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania, Social Security Number [redacted]. He indicated he was a [redacted]. He was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with transporting firearms consisting of three handguns, not further described.

b6
b7C

20. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted]. He was arrested at Lee Street and I-85 at 1600 and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

21. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. She had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted] and listed her address as [redacted], Pennsylvania. She was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and was charged with transporting firearms.

22. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania. Employment was indicated as [redacted], Pennsylvania. His occupation was listed as [redacted]. He was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with transporting firearms, three handguns not further identified.

23. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and indicated he was a [redacted]. He was arrested at 1520 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

24. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His Social Security Number was indicated as [redacted] and his address as [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested at 1530 at Market and Dudley Streets and charged with carrying a concealed weapon.

25. [redacted], born [redacted], residing [redacted], North Carolina. Social Security Number reflected as [redacted] and he indicated he was self-employed. He was arrested at 1530 at Market and Dudley Streets and charged with displaying an offensive sign.

26. [redacted], born [redacted], residing at [redacted], North Carolina, Social Security Number [redacted]. He was arrested at 1345 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

b6
b7C

27. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His residence was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina, with Social Security Number [redacted]. Employment was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested at 1345 at Obermeyer and Laurel and charged with possession of a dangerous weapon, a .22 caliber Mossberg bolt action rifle.

28. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, amd employment as [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested at 1530 on Obermeyer Street and charged with carrying a concealed weapon, a .357 Magnum, serial number [redacted].

29. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He indicated his occupation as a [redacted] for [redacted] of [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested on Obermeyer Street at 1530 and charged with carrying a concealed weapon, a .38 caliber Smith and Wesson hand gun.

30. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. He indicated he was unemployed. He was arrested at 1530 on Obermeyer Street charged with possession of a dangerous weapon, a Smith and Wesson .357, serial number [redacted].

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- XX AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 11/26/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168)(P)

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka Communist Workers Party (CWP) of North Carolina, Greensboro, N. C., 11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-30-82 BY SP4 EIW tcy

Re Charlotte teletype 11/11/79.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above, regarding instant matter. Copies are being disseminated to offices covering residences of various individuals who were arrested in Greensboro, N. C. on 11/11/79.

For the information of the Bureau, there were various additional arrests made in Greensboro, N. C., on 11/11/79, but have not been included in enclosed LHM as they did not appear to have any connection with the funeral procession.

For the information of receiving offices, the Bureau has authorized a full domestic security investigation on the Workers Viewpoint Organization, aka Communist Workers Party of North Carolina, and Charlotte will open individual files by separate communications to the Bureau on members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 6)
1 - Baltimore (Enc. 1)
1 - Chicago (Enc. 1)(100-53269)
1 - Newark (Enc. 1)
1 - Philadelphia (Enc. 1)
1 - WFO (Enc. 1)
(5) - Charlotte (2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527)
(1 - 100-12202)
(1 - 100-12177)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

44-3527-115

[redacted] b6 b7C

CSF:jat
(12)

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 157-10168

Receiving offices who have members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, aka Communist Workers Party, may wish to consider opening individual cases on members of the organization on which the Bureau as authorized a full domestic security investigation.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/19/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

b6
b7C
b7D

SUBJECT:" GREENKIL "
(OO: CE)

Re Richmond letter to Charlotte, 11/13/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte Division is a Xerox copy of a doctor's excuse re [redacted].

On 11/14/79, a [redacted] source provided a Xerox copy of a doctor's excuse which had been given to him by [redacted]. The doctor's excuse is dated 8/16/79, and signed by JAMES WALLER, M. D., OF 702 Cypress, Greensboro, N. C. [redacted] source advised that in view of problems at the company and with employee [redacted], he desired to reaffirm some of her medical excuses and attempted to telephonically contact JAMES WALLER, M. D., at telephone 919/275-6589.

Source advised that in attempting to telephonically contact Dr. WALLER, and after dialing the aforementioned telephone number that this number was answered by someone stating, "Communist Party of America". At that time, source advised he did not attempt a conversation with the individual who answered the telephone and terminated the call.

This Xerox copy of the doctor's slip is being provided to the Charlotte Division for whatever action is deemed necessary.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-84 BY SP4 [illegible]

44-3527-116

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 25 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(2) - Charlotte (Encl. 1)
3 - Richmond
(2 - 44-1416)
(1 - 157-4033)
HWW/ddm
<5>

ICC made for
100-12702

RH 44-1416

LEADS:

RICHMOND

AT MARTINSVILLE AND COLLINSVILLE, VA.

Investigation continuing.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/23/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

b6
b7C
b7D

SUBJECT: GREENKILL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Enclosed for Charlotte are two copies of an investigative insert reflecting information from the [redacted] personnel records regarding [redacted] source has advised that tension has remained high at his plant concerning [redacted] even though she has been placed on indefinite suspension from work.

LEADS

RICHMOND

AT MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Investigation continuing.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-95 BY [redacted]

44-3527-117

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 25 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(2) - Charlotte (Enc - 2)
3 - Richmond
(2 - 44-1416)
(1 - 157-4033)
HWW:jhc
<5>

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: 11/27/79

REPLY TO ATTN OF: SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

b6
b7C
b7D

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

On 11/23/79, Mr. [redacted], Allenton Realty, Durham, North Carolina (PROTECT IDENTITY - BY REQUEST), advised as follows:

[redacted] moved out of [redacted], Durham, North Carolina, on 11/21/79. He left a forwarding address of [redacted], Durham, North Carolina.

WLB:egp
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 T/ PGLM

44-3527-118

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 27 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(1)
(2)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
(REV. 7-76)
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
5010-112

AIRTEL

11/30/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: FBI LABORATORY
SPECIAL PROJECTS

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

GREENSBORO

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted]
11/14/79.

FBI Laboratory, Special Projects, is requested to arrange with the Charlotte Division the aerial photographing of the crime scene area at Everitt and Carver Streets, Greensboro, N.C., to assist in the preparation of scale diagrams and models to be used in the investigation and prosecution of this incident.

SAC, Charlotte requests that this be conducted by the FBI Special Projects rather than Charlotte agent personnel in order to insure the expertise and the quality of these photographs.

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY [redacted]

3 - Bureau
(2) - Charlotte
TJB:jat
(5)

44-3527-120

[redacted]

1120 First Union National Bank Building
Charlotte, North Carolina
November 30, 1979

Honorable H.M. Michaux, Jr.
United States Attorney
Middle District Of North Carolina
Greensboro, North Carolina

RE: GREENKIL

Dear Mr. Michaux:

Enclosed for your information are 15 8x10 color photographs taken in the area of shootout between Communist Workers Party members and Ku Klux Klan members on November 3, 1979.

Location of photographs are briefly described on reverse side of photograph.

Very truly yours,

Herbert L. Monahan, Jr.
Special Agent in Charge

Enclosures 15

1 - USA
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)
GAM:jat
(3)

44-3527-121

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TAB/bm

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

DATE: DECEMBER 3, 1979

FROM : ASAC [redacted]

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

This will record that on November 27, I spoke with SA [redacted], Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF), Toledo, Ohio, by telephone, and Mr. [redacted] advised that he was preparing a summary statement covering his undercover activities in the National Socialist Party in Winston Salem, North Carolina, from the period of May, 1979, through early November, 1979. Mr. [redacted] further noted that there would be no restrictions on the statement that he would furnish and that he has no objection to the statement being used in an official FBI investigative report.

[redacted] further advised that following the shooting incident in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979, two officials from ATF Headquarters came to Winston Salem, North Carolina, and obtained a signed, sworn affidavit from him relative to his undercover activities in the National Socialist Party. He said he presumes that statement would be available upon request by the FBI through his headquarters.

On November 27, 1979, ASAC [redacted] received [redacted]'s statement in the mail, which is attached. It is to be noted that the statement is not signed and bears no date; however, it is presumed the statement was prepared by [redacted] sometime between November 20, and the date of receipt.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-87 BY SP4 Pom

(2) - Charlotte

CEM:sbh
(2)

This information has been superseded by a more detailed document received by ASAC [redacted] personally from [redacted] at the Charlotte Office on 12/5/79. The attached not included in report.
HPB

44-3527-123

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 3 1979
FBI

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 12/4/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☐ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other
X

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135			
126	X		1
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☐ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
5 X
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

This case is a Special within the Charlotte Division, and five persons were killed in this matter, therefore, expedite processing is requested of the enclosure.

44-3527-125

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____

b6
b7C

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1

2 - Charlotte

JSW:jmw (4)

FBI/DOJ

DIRECTOR, FBI

11/29/79

SAC, BUFFALO (44-1061) (RUC)

GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Re Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/5/79, captioned "UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, 11/3/79, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST;" Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/6/79, captioned "GREENKIL," and Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/6/79, captioned "DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, aka Communist Workers Party of North Carolina, Greensboro, North Carolina, 11/11/79, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST," "GREENKIL."

Buffalo upon receipt of re tels alerted logical established sources about particulars contained therein. No positive information was developed as a result of those contacts that would be of aid to the Charlotte Office.

This office will naturally provide interested offices any forthcoming data that would be of assistance in the future. Identification of those individuals previously contacted in this matter are maintained in Buffalo Office case file.

2 - Bureau
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)
1 - Buffalo
JWS:mcz
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY sp DAFBI

44-3527-126

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
DEC 4 1979
FBI

b6
b7C

November 29, 1979

Honorable James G. Martin
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Congressman Martin:

This is to acknowledge your letter dated November 14, 1979, concerning investigation by the FBI of the events which occurred in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979.

For your information, the FBI is presently conducting an intensive investigation of the incident to determine if the civil rights of citizens were violated by members of the Ku Klux Klan/American Nazi Party or by members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, also known as the Communist Workers Party of North Carolina. This investigation was initiated at the request of the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, U. S. Department of Justice.

If you have further questions, you may desire to communicate directly with the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. 20530.

Sincerely yours,

Francis M. Mullen, Jr.
Assistant Director
Criminal Investigative Division

1 - Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division (Enc. 1)

1 - SAC, Charlotte (44-3527) (Enc. 1) (For information)

44-3527-127

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
DEC 1 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

Copy in
100-12217
100-12209
100-12202

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

b6
b7C

JAMES G. MARTIN
9TH DISTRICT, NORTH CAROLINA

COUNTIES:
IREDELL
LINCOLN
MECKLENBURG

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

COMMITTEE:
WAYS AND MEANS

WASHINGTON OFFICE:
341 CANNON HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515
TELEPHONE: (202) 225-1976

November 14, 1979

Mr. Danny O. Coulson
Special Agent-in-Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Office of Congressional Affairs
10th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Coulson:

A constituent of mine in Charlotte, North Carolina would like to know if the FBI has been instructed by President Carter to investigate both the Klu Klux Klan and the Communist Workers Party groups in Greensboro who were involved in recent killings in Greensboro. My constituent has understood that the FBI will only investigate the KKK and not the CWP. If this is true, I would appreciate knowing why both groups are not being investigated in regards to the recent Greensboro tragedy.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

With best regards.

Sincerely,

Jim Martin

James G. Martin
Member of Congress

Recent reports indicate the first shots were fired by, not at, CWP demonstrators.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-5-81 BY SP2 TMP/mm

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/27/79

FROM : SA CHARLES S. FULKS

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

About 9/79, SA [redacted] advised he had an individual on the telephone named DAWSON inquiring about the Revolutionary Communist Party and asked if I would talk with DAWSON. I took the telephone and DAWSON advised he was a bit confused and would like to know if the Revolutionary Communist Party and the Workers Viewpoint Organization were one and the same. I told DAWSON that although their aims and purposes were similar, to my knowledge, they were two separate organizations. The writer never met DAWSON and had no further conversation with him.

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

44-3527-128

SEARCHED [ ] INDEXED [ ]
SERIALIZED [ ] FILED [ ]
NOV 27 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

2 - Charlotte
CSF:jat
(2)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

Charlotte, North Carolina
December 5, 1979

b6
b7C

[redacted];
RAEFORD MILANO CAUDLE;
[redacted];
HAROLD DEAN FLOWERS;
BILLY JOE FRANKLIN;
[redacted];
[redacted];
[redacted];
[redacted];
[redacted];
LISFORD CARL NAPPIER, SR.;
[redacted];
[redacted];
ROY CLINTON TONEY;
ROLAND WAYNE WOOD;
CAESAR VINCENT CAUCE - VICTIM (DECEASED);
MICHAEL NATHAN - VICTIM (DECEASED);
WILLIAM EVAN SAMSON - VICTIM (DECEASED);
SANDY SMITH - VICTIM (DECEASED);
JAMES MICHAEL WALLER - VICTIM (DECEASED);
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO),
ALSO KNOWN AS COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP),
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA,
NOVEMBER 3, 1979
CIVIL RIGHTS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-3527-129

4 - Bureau
1 - USA, Greensboro, N. C.
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)

LDB:rep
(7) rep

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

[redacted]

HPB

X AIRTEL

12/5/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and three copies of an LHM in captioned matter.

One copy of LHM being furnished USA, MDNC, Greensboro, N. C.

b6
b7C

The initial telephone call referred to in attached LHM was received at the Greensboro, N. C., Resident Agency by SA [redacted]; and the caller was referred to SA CHARLES S. FULKS, who provided the brief response.

The second telephone call referred to in attached LHM, was received by SA [redacted] at his residence.

It should be noted that EDDIE DAWSON mentioned in attached LHM has true name of EDWARD WOODROW DAWSON and was [redacted]. DAWSON is aware the FBI was no longer investigating the Klan.

b6
b7C
b7D

3 - Bureau (Encls. 4)
2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

LDB:rep
(5)

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]

[redacted]

b6
b7C

44-3527-130

CE 44-3527

The attached LHM is being provided in order to clarify the remarks made by DAWSON contained in his FD-302, pages 230 to 288 in referenced report.

12/3/79

SAC, SACRAMENTO (100-8026) (RUC)

GREENKIL
OO: Bureau

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-3527)

Re CE teletype dated 11/6/79, captioned as above.

As instructed per referenced communication, Sacramento did contact appropriate police agencies regarding possible participation by members and/or sympathizers of the WVO, American Nazi Party, Klan, Communist Workers Party in traveling to Greensboro, North Carolina, for the 11/11/79 march by the WVO.

No positive information was developed.

Sacramento will remain alert for any information impinging on the unlawful activity of any member or associate of above named organizations.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

2 - Bureau (RM)
(2) - Charlotte (RM)
1 - Sacramento
CRO/ab
(5)

44-3527-731
SEARCHED [illegible] INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED [illegible] FILED [illegible]
DEC 6 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

FD-523 (Rev. 5-4-79)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 12/6/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	X		1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☒ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SBM/sm

Expedite handling required because of nature of investigation.

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____

44-3527-132

P

FBIHQ Enclosure (1) (1) - Charlotte BJB:swl
SWL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

570817

PRECEDENCE:
- [XX] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [XX] UNCLAS

Date 12/6/79

b6
b7C

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

UNCLAS

ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

GREENKIL

REFERENCE TE TELEPHONE CALL TO BUREAU 12-6-79

ON DECEMBER 6, 1979, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY [redacted], 18TH PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT, GREENSBORO, NC, STATE PROSECUTOR IN CAPTIONED MATTER, REQUESTED SA [redacted] BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR TESTIMONY IN STATE COURT ON DECEMBER 7, 1979, OR DECEMBER 10, 1979. SA [redacted] WILL TESTIFY IN SUPPORT OF THE STATE'S MOTION FOR A CONTINUANCE OF A PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING. HE WILL ADVISE THE COURT OF THE EXTENSIVE MATERIAL FROM THIS CASE WHICH HAS BEEN FORWARDED TO THE FBI LABORATORY FOR EXAMINATION. HE WILL BRIEFLY SUMMARIZE THE DETAILED AND TIME CONSUMING EXAMINATIONS WHICH ARE CONTEMPLATED BY VARIOUS PARTS OF THE LABORATORY. THE STATE WILL MAINTAIN THAT THESE EXAMINATIONS

HPB:lct

44-3527-133

(1) lct

SENT VIA ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

SEARCHED [ ] INDEXED [ ]
SERIALIZED [ ] FILED [ ]

[redacted]

Approved: [illegible] Transmitted 009 (Number) 2119Z (Time) Per [illegible]

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

b6
b7C

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

ARE ESSENTIAL TO ESTABLISH PROBABLE CAUSE AND, THEREFORE, DELAY IN THE PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING IS NECESSARY. SA [redacted] IS THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH ALL ASPECTS OF THIS CASE AND HAS BEEN TO THE FBI LABORATORY ON TWO OCCASIONS TRANSPORTING EVIDENCE AND PROVIDING ASSISTANCE TO THE LABORATORY IN REVIEWING THE EVIDENCE.

ON DECEMBER 6, 1979, USA MICHAUX, MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA (MDNC), ADVISED HE SUPPORTS THE USE OF SA [redacted] 'S TESTIMONY TO ASSIST THE STATE PROSECUTOR AND WILL APPEAR AT THE TIME THIS MOTION IS ARGUED TO ENSURE THE PROTECTION OF FEDERAL INTERESTS.

UACB, SA [redacted] WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR STATE TESTIMONY IN THIS MATTER.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

AIRTEL

11/26/79

b6
b7C

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)
GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-81 BY [illegible]

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted], dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of the following documents:

1. An Administrative Report of the Anti-Klan Rally, Greensboro, N.C., November 3, 1979, received from WILLIAM E. SWING, Chief of Police, Greensboro Police Department.

2. Letter dated 11/19/79, from Chief of Police to City Manager, City of Greensboro, captioned, "Investigation of the Anti-Klan Rally, November 3, 1979."

3. Resolution adopted by City Council of the City of Greensboro on 11/19/79, requesting U.S. Dept. of Justice investigation into 11/3/79 incident.

In view of the extensive media coverage of the release of the Greensboro Police Department Administrative Report, a copy of this report plus appropriate other documents

2 - Bureau (Encs. 3)
(2) - Charlotte
HPB:jat
(4)

Hand carried [redacted] by SA 11-26-79

44-3527-134

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____

[redacted]

HPB

is being furnished FBIHQ for dissemination to the Civil Rights Division, USDJ. It is noted that reference to the Greensboro PD internal investigation was referred to in the Administration Section of referenced report.

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/13/79.

Enclosed are 36 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 37 rec'd

Photos not pertinent to 44 case.
Photos placed in 157-10168.
Above instructions need not be followed
as 44 photos being handling directly by lab.
HPB

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP4 Pottenger

44-3527-135

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 6 1979
CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed are 123 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 125 read

Photos have been placed in 157-10168. Not necessary to follow above suggestions as matters concerning 44-3527 are being handled through use of other photos.

HPB

44-3527-136

INDEXED
FILED

DEC 6 1979

FBI — CHARLOTTE

w/encs.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TAW/GW

b6
b7C

FBI/DOJ

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed are 28 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 29

Above instructions can be discounted as appropriate photos already provided. Those photos merely a matter of possible future use. Not pertinent at this time to investigation.

HPB 12/7/79

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 MAP/cm

44-3527-137

INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 6 1979
FBI

b6
b7C

FBI/DOJ

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/15/79.

Enclosed are 110 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 112

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-3527-138

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
DEC 6 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

with encls.

FBI/DOJ

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 11/28/79

FROM : SAC, KANSAS CITY (44-2146) RUC

SUBJECT: "GREENKIL"

Re Kansas City teletype to Bureau and Charlotte, 11/9/79.

In the absence of further leads, this matter is being considered RUC.

2 - Charlotte
1 - Kansas City
JKT/ban
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP-1 MP6 UC

1*

44-3527-140

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
DEC 7 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

5010-110

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [ ] UNCLAS

b6
b7C

99537

Date 12/7/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE, DECEMBER 6, 1979, WHICH ADVISED OF FORTHCOMING TESTIMONY IN STATE PROCEEDINGS BY SA OF CHARLOTTE DIVISION.

ON DECEMBER 7, 1979, STATE PROSECUTOR [redacted] ADVISED THE STATE'S ARGUMENTS ON THE MOTION TO GRANT A CONTINUANCE FOR THE SCHEDULED PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING IS SET FOR DECEMBER 10, 1979, IN GREENSBORO. [redacted] CONSIDERS DELAY IN THE PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING TO BE ESSENTIAL AS THE STATE CANNOT PROMPTLY ESTABLISH WHICH MEMBER OF THE KLAN/NAZI GROUP SHOT WHICH MEMBER OF THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) GROUP. THIS LACK OF SPECIFICITY COULD CAUSE A DISMISSAL OF THE MURDER CHARGES AGAINST THE KLAN/NAZI GROUP. THE STATE COULD ACCEPT DISMISSAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

HPB:swl

(1) SENT VIA ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

44-3527-141

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED 4 FILED [illegible]

Approved: [illegible] Transmitted 025 (Number) 0154 (Time) Per [illegible]

116

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

b6
b7C

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

AND THEN CALL A SPECIAL GRAND JURY WITH THE INTENTION OF SEEKING MURDER INDICTMENTS, BUT THE LACK OF SPECIFICITY WOULD ALSO HINDER SUCH EFFORTS TO INDICT. ADDITIONALLY, DISMISSAL OF CHARGES AGAINST THE KLAN/NAZI GROUP MIGHT BE DEVASTATING TO EFFORTS BY THE STATE TO INSURE THE MURDERS WILL BE FORCEFULLY PROSECUTED. PUBLIC AND MEDIA REACTION TO DISMISSAL WOULD DAMAGE ANY FORTHCOMING PROCEEDINGS. PROSECUTOR [redacted] REALIZES THE FBI LABORATORY NEEDS SUFFICIENT TIME TO ADEQUATELY EXAMINE THE EXTENSIVE EVIDENCE IN THIS CASE, BUT, WITH THE FAILURE OF THE COMMUNIST WORKER PARTY PARTICIPANTS TO COOPERATE WITH THE INVESTIGATION, STATE IS CURRENTLY DEPENDENT ON THE FACILITIES OF THE FBI LABORATORY TO INSURE THOSE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MURDERS ARE PROSECUTED. PROSECUTOR [redacted] NOTED THESE CASES PRESENT A UNIQUE SET OF FACTS AND A UNIQUE CRIME SCENE WHICH HE HOPES TO USE IN HIS EFFORTS TO CONVINCE THE STATE JUDGE A DELAY IS NECESSARY. HOWEVER, HE HAS HEARD THAT THE STATE JUDGE IS VERY CONCERNED ABOUT THE RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANTS WHO ARE CHARGED WITH MURDER, ESPECIALLY THOSE WHO CONTINUE TO BE INCARCERATED, AND HE WILL NOT SUPPORT CONTINUED DELAY WITHOUT GOOD CAUSE. [redacted] BELIEVES THAT TESTIMONY OF AN FBI OFFICIAL FROM WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

b6
b7C

1207

Date _____

PAGE THREE CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

IN SUPPORT OF HIS MOTION MIGHT SWAY THE JUDGE TO GRANT THE CONTINUANCE. THE TESTIMONY WOULD BE LIMITED TO THE GENERAL IMPORTANCE GIVEN THIS MATTER AT FBIHQ AND GENERAL ASSURANCES THAT THE FBI IS AFFORDING THIS MATTER HIGH PRIORITY. PROSECUTOR [redacted] RECOGNIZES THAT LOCAL OFFICIALS OF THE FBI COULD HANDLE THIS TYPE TESTIMONY, BUT HE FEELS THAT THE APPEARANCE OF A "WASHINGTON OFFICIAL" IS ESSENTIAL. HE CONSIDERS THIS TO BE THE ONLY APPROACH WHICH MAY SUCCEED IN GAINING THE NECESSARY DELAY.

CONTACT WITH USA, MDNC, HENRY M. MICHAUX, JR., INDICATES HE FULLY SUPPORTS THE POSITION OF PROSECUTOR [redacted] AND REQUESTS AN OFFICIAL DESIGNATED BY FBIHQ BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR STATE TESTIMONY ON DECEMBER 10, 1979. USA MICHAUX WILL ATTEND THIS MOTION ARGUMENT.

CHARLOTTE OFFICE IS CONCERNED THAT ANY DISMISSAL OF CHARGES FOR A PERIOD OF TIME WILL KINDLE LATE SUPPORT FOR THE KKK IN THIS AREA AND INCREASE SUPPORT FOR THE COMMUNIST POSITION THAT THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM CANNOT BE TRUSTED TO PROSECUTE THE KKK. ADDITIONALLY, IF THE STATE DISMISSES MURDER CHARGES, LOCAL OFFICIALS AND LOCAL MEDIA MAY ATTEMPT TO PLACE SOME OF THE RESPONSIBILITY ON THE FBI.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

X AIRTEL

12/7/79

TO: SAC, RICHMOND

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

b6
b7C
b7D

Re telephone call from SA [redacted] to SA [redacted], Danville RA, 11/6/79.

The below-described vehicle is one of several yet to be identified vehicles which were at the scene of the killings on 11/3/79. This vehicle, referred to as #24, was parked, unattended, on Everitt Street in Greensboro, N. C.:

[redacted] Van, 1973-77 model, [redacted]
[redacted].

A confidential source has advised the Greensboro, N. C., PD that this van has been seen in [redacted], Martinsville, Virginia, and that the possible license tag is Virginia License [redacted]. Neither Virginia nor North Carolina has a record of that tag.

LEAD:

RICHMOND DIVISION

AT MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Will attempt to identify the above van and interview the registered owner.

44-3527-142
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

[redacted]

2 - Richmond
2 - Charlotte
EVL:rep
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY [redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7C

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 12/6/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/20/79, Section Chief of the Civil Rights Section, JOHN C. LAWN, telephonically advised ASAC [redacted] of his approval in the FBI at Greensboro, N. C., providing copies of the FBI's report to the Greensboro Police Department for assistance in their murder investigations and also to the State Prosecutor's Office in their prosecution of the murder cases involved in the 11/3/79 shooting incident at Greensboro, N. C.

On 11/21/79, SA [redacted] provided copies of pertinent interviews to Colonel [redacted], of the Greensboro Police Department, for their assistance. Colonel [redacted] advised that the pertinent FD-302s would also be provided to the District Attorney's Office.

The following items were made available to the Greensboro Police Department:

In Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79, under section D, captioned "Participants in Klan/Nazi Caravan Not Arrested" - all interviews;

in section E, captioned "Media Witnesses to Incident" - all interviews;

in section F, captioned "Neighborhood Residents" - all interviews;

in section G, captioned "Victims" - all interviews;

in section I, captioned "National Socialist Party of America (NSPA)" - all interviews;

in section J, captioned "Ku Klux Klan, Winston-Salem, North Carolina" - all interviews;

44-3527-143

2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

ZTL:rep
(2)

INDEXED
FILED
DEC 6 1979
CHARLOTTE

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll

FBI/DOJ

in section K, captioned "KKK, Lincolnton, North Carolina, Area" - all interviews;

in section L, captioned "KKK, Hickory, North Carolina, Area" - all interviews.

X AIRTEL

11/14/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

Enclosed herewith are six copies of Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79.

Investigation continuing Charlotte.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY [redacted]

b6
b7C

2 - Bureau
1 - Charlotte

HPB:rep
(3)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

44-3527-90

[redacted]

PRESS RELEASE

HERBERT L. MONAHAN, JR., Special Agent in Charge of FBI operations in the state of North Carolina, announced today the arrest of JACK WILSON FOWLER, JR.

FOWLER, a 28 year old resident of Winston-Salem, N. C., was arrested by FBI Agents in Hinsdale, Illinois, on November 15, 1979, as a result of a Federal warrant issued at Greensboro, N. C., on November 8, 1979, charging him with unlawful flight to avoid prosecution. He was sought in connection with the deaths of five Communist Worker Party members during an anti-Ku Klux Klan demonstration in Greensboro on November 3, 1979. FOWLER, a member of the National Socialist Party of America, is scheduled for an appearance before a U.S. Magistrate in Chicago, Illinois, today.

b6
b7C

1 - 80-1374
1 - 88-16159
1 - 44-3527
1 - 100-12202
1 - SAC
1 - ASAC
5 - Extra copies

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-87 BY SP2 MPC/mm

AJP:jat/jnr

November 15, 1979

44-3527-91

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
NOV 15 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

X AIRTEL

11-13-79

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
(ATTN: CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION, CIVIL RIGHTS SEC., SPIN, TERRORISM SECTION)
FROM : SAC, BOSTON (44-2637)(P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ReBStel, 11-7-79.

Enclosed for FBIHQ are four (4) xerox copies of a flyer entitled, "MURDER IN GREENSBORO." Two (2) copies are enclosed for Charlotte.

Enclosed flyers were distributed on 11-13-79 in front of the John McCormack State Office Building, Cambridge Street, Boston, Mass.

Contacts with Massachusetts State Police and Boston, Mass. PD, Intelligence Bureau, developed no information relative to proposed travel to Greensboro, N. C., on 11/11 or 18/79, under the auspices of the Joint Religious and Union Committee Against the Klan.

For information.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

1 copy of incl. to 100-12202

44-3527-92

4-Bureau (Encs. 2)
2-Charlotte (44-3527) (Encs. 2)
2-Boston

JJO'C:po'b
(8)

2 copies 100-12202

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV
FBI - CHAR

with encls.

b6
b7C

FD-36 (Rev. 7-27-76)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ E F T O
- ☐ CLEAR

Date 11/13/79

TO SAC, CHARLOTTE

FROM: SAC, NEWARK (100-57385) (P)(C-3)

SUBJECT: "GREENKIL"
(OO:CHARLOTTE)

Re: Charlotte teletypes to Bureau, 11/5-6/79.
Newark teletype to Bureau, 11/9/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte are original and one copy of flyer distributed at Federal Building, Newark, NJ, on 11/8/79.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-85 BY SP2 [illegible]

4-Charlotte (Enc. 2)
(2-44-3527)
(2-157-10168)
2-Newark
SEL/sdh
(6)

2 copies 100-12202

44-3527-93

NOV 15 1979

FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

Quick service

GPO : 1977 O - 225-539

CI0008 319 2355Z

OOHQ CE

DE CI

0152355Z NOV 79

FM CINCINNATI (100-22421)P

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

CHARLOTTE (44-3527)IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

b6
b7C

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO CINCINNATI NOVEMBER 10, 1979.

THIS DATE, [redacted], MIDDLETOWN POLICE DEPARTMENT, INTELLIGENCE UNIT, ADVISED THEIR SOURCE STATED THAT ON NOVEMBER 15, 1979, [redacted] OF OHIO BRANCH OF INVISIBLE KNIGHTS OF THE KLU KLUX KLAN, AND [redacted] WERE DISCUSSING PLANS FOR GOING TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA. INFORMATION REFLECTS KKK FROM THE MIDDLETOWN, OHIO AREA WILL SEND 15 TO 20 CARS THIS WEEKEND, NOVEMBER 17-18, 1979, TO GREENSBORO TO PROTEST THE CHARGES AGAINST THEIR FELLOW KKK MEMBERS. NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME.

CINCINNATI WILL REMAIN IN CONTACT WITH MIDDLETOWN POLICE DEPARMENT REGARDING THIS MATTER.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SBM/Mcw

44-3527-94

SERIALIZED INDEXED

NOV 15 1979

FBI - CHARLOTTE

3192357Z CE 1

SENT VIA
TELECOPIER
To Yho 11/16/79
925 AM

SF0018 3200505Z

RR HQ CE

DE SF 018

R 150345Z NOV 79

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (100-802661)(P)(SQ. 14)

TO DIRECTOR (ROUTINE)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(ROUTINE)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-30-82 BY SP4 LWT CG

AT 12:00 NOON, NOVEMBER 15, 1979, APPROXIMATELY 45 PERSONS DEMONSTRATED AT THE FEDERAL BUILDING, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. A PAMPHLET DISTRIBUTED BY THE DEMONSTRATORS IDENTIFIED THEM AS MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE MURDER OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (WVO) 5. THE PAMPHLET URGED PERSONS TO JOIN THE COMMITTEE WHOSE DEMANDS ARE (1) DROP ALL CHARGES AGAINST THE ANTI CLAN DEMONSTRATORS. (2) HAVE CARTER AND/OR KENNEDY INVESTIGATE AND INDICT THE FBI. THE PAMPHLET DESCRIBES THE IMMEDIATES TASKS FOR THE COMMITTEE AS BEING (1) TELL THE "REAL" SITUATION IN GREENSBORO. (2) ESTABLISH A LEGAL FUND TO DEFEND THE ANTI CLAN DEMONSTRATORS WHO WERE ARRESTED. (3) RAISE FUNDS

2 cys 100-12202

44-3527-95

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 16 1979
FBI—CHARL

SENT VIA
TELECOPIER

9:30 Am 11/16/79

b6
b7C

TO AIDE FAMILIES OF THE CLAN DEMONSTRATORS. ADDRESS LISTED ON THE PAMPHLET IS COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE CWP 5, CARE OF POST OFFICE BOX 4201, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA, 94704, TELEPHONE NUMBER 982-9662.

DURING THE DEMONSTRATION, A FIGURE, VARIOUSLY DESCRIBED AS A KLU KLUX KLAN MEMBER OR A FBI AGENT WAS BURNED IN EFFIGY. AT APPROXIMATELY 1:00 P.M., ABOUT 20 INDIVIDUALS, SOME WITH BATONS, ENTERED THE LOBBY OF THE FEDERAL BUILDING AND ATTEMPTED TO SET UP BANNERS THERE. A CONTRACT GUARD ATTEMPTED TO INTERVENE AND WAS STRUCK BY A DEMONSTRATOR. FEDERAL PROTECTIVE SERVICE PERSONNEL ENGAGED THE DEMONSTRATORS AND PUSHED THEM OUT OF THE LOBBY. SHORTLY THEREAFTER, THE SAN FRANCISCO POLICE DEPARTMENT, TACTICAL SQUAD, ARRIVED AT THE SCENE AND QUELLED THE DISTURBANCE. THE DEMONSTRATION ENDED AT APPROXIMATELY 1:30 P.M. NO ARRESTS WERE MADE. CONTRACT GUARD APPARENTLY NO SERIOUSLY HURT. THERE WERE NO INDICATIONS OF ANY TRAVEL PLANS BY THIS GROUP TO GREENSBORO, NORH CAROLINA.

BT

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/16/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135		X	1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☒ Process only
☐ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☒ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

44-3527-96

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

b6
b7C

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
(2) - Charlotte
PSS:jmw
(4)

FBI/DOJ

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 11/13/79

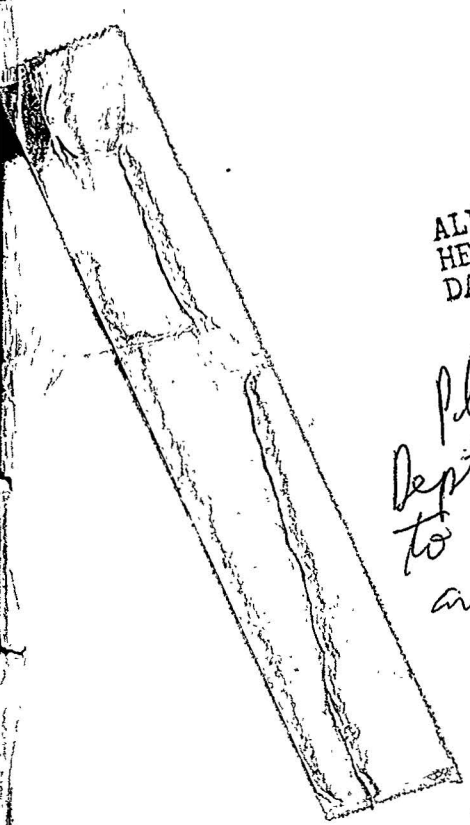
To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI

UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT
ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN;
SHOOTING INCIDENT,
GREENSBORO, N.C.
11/3/79
DOMESTIC SECURITY
CR

ReCEFD-523 to the Bureau dated 11/5/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte is one roll of color film and three copies each of photographs developed from film. Charlotte identify photographs on back and submit one copy of photographs for dissemination to Department of Justice. Charlotte furnish USA one copy and retain negatives and one copy of photographs in Charlotte files.



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY SP2 [illegible]

Photos need not be sent to Dept of Justice. FBI Lab will travel to Greensboro and re photograph and re diagram scene for Greensboro PD and Bureau.
HPB

Letter Enclosing Photos sent to USA - 6500
11-30-79 [illegible]

44-3527-97

SEARCHED [illegible] INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED [illegible] FILED [illegible]
NOV 16 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

with encls

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/13/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
OO: CHARLOTTE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-86 BY [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Re Richmond teletypes to Bureau and Charlotte, 11/8 and 11/9/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte Division are the original and one copy each of three FD-302s reflecting investigation regarding captioned matter.

As set forth in FD-302 of [redacted] at Martinsville, Va., on 11/7/79, [redacted] refused SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] (Virginia State Police) to interview or contact [redacted], at their residence in Martinsville, Va.

As set forth in FD-302, [redacted] source requested his name be kept confidential until such time this information needed to be disseminated outside the FBI or until such time he would be required to testify in a court of law.

[redacted] source identified four [redacted] employees as being present at Greensboro, N.C., during captioned matter.

Also, the enclosed FD-302 of SA [redacted] identifies [redacted] as being present during captioned matter at Greensboro, N.C.

2 - Charlotte (Enc.-6)
3 - Richmond
(2 - 44-1416)
(1 - 157-4033)
HWW:sjp
<5>

originals returned to Pt. Lauderdale 11-16-79

44-3527-98
SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted]
NOV 16 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

with enclosures

RH 44-1416

LEADS:

RICHMOND DIVISION

AT MARTINSVILLE, VA.

Will attempt to interview [redacted] employees, [redacted] and reinterview [redacted] regarding captioned matter. b6 b7C b7D

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

C00005 3202150

RR CE

DE CO

R 162150Z NOV 79

FM COLUMBIA (100-1796)

TO CHARLOTTE (44-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 AHC

b6
b7C

"GREENKILL".

RECOTEL TO CE, NOV. 13, 1979, AND TELEPHONIC CONVERSATION BETWEEN SA [redacted], COLUMBIA DIVISION, AND SA [redacted], CHARLOTTE DIVISION, NOV. 13, 1979.

AFTER NUMEROUS EFFORTS, ON NOV. 15, 1979, ROBERT SCOGGIN, 818 SAXON AVENUE, SPARTANBURG, S. C., TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED AT HIS HOME. SCOGGIN ADVISED HE DID NOT CARE TO DISCUSS GREENSBORO SHOTTING OF NOV. 3, 1979 WITH FBI AS HE KNEW NOTHING CONCERNING MATTER OTHER THAN WHAT HE HAD READ. HE STATED HE IS NOT ACQUAINTED WITH A [redacted], AKA [redacted], BUT DOES NOT BELIEVE HE IS ASSOCIATED WITH ANY NORTH CAROLINA KLAN AS HE, SCOGGIN, KNOWS MOST NORTH CAROLINA KLANSMEN. HE STATED HE KNOWS NO ONE NAMED [redacted] OR IF SUCH INDIVIDUAL IN THE

Xref 157-9019, 105-991, 157-1200-524 Sub A-956, 957, 958 157-230-Sub A Robert Eckels Scoggin et al

44-3527-99

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 1[illegible]
FBI — CHARL[illegible]

See Attached Search Slip

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b7C

GREENSBORO CARAVAN, BUT WOULD NOT TELL THE FBI IF HE DID KHOW. HE STATED HE IS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH [redacted], AND WAS IN TELEPHONIC CONTACT WITH HIM NIGHT OF NOV. 14, 1979. [redacted] ALLEGEDLY CALLED SCOGGIN AND INQUIRED AS TO HOW TO SET UP A DEFENSE FUND. ALLEGEDLY DETAILS OF SHOOTING INCIDENT NOT DISCUSSED BY SCOGGIN AND [redacted]. SCOGGIN ADVISED HE WOULD VIEW PHOTOGRAPHS OF GREENSBORO SHOOTING IF AVAILABLE, BUT WOULD NOT IDENTIFY ANYONE IN PHOTOS . WOULD VERIFY NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS IN PHOTOS IF KHOWN BY FBI. SCOGGIN ADVISED HE KNOWS NO ONE FITTING DESCRIPTION OF WHITE MALE, 22-23 YEARS OLD, MEDIUM LARGE BUILD, MUSCULAR, RED WAVY HAIR, REPORTEDLY SEEN IN WHITE PICKUP IN CARAVAN AND LATTER SEEN TO FIRE TWO SHOTS INTO THE AIR. SCOGGIN AGAIN REPEATED HE WOULD NOT TELL FBI EVEN IF HE DID KNOW. AT THIS, SCOGGIN TERMINATED COVERSATION STATING FBI WAS WASTING HIS TIME. HE WAS ADVISED HE COULD BE SUBPOENAED TO TESTIFY REGARDING THE MATTER AND HE REPEATED HE HAS NOTHING TO TELL. CONVERSATION WAS THEN TERMINATED.

BT

3202155Z CE 1 ITY

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 11/20/79

Subject Robert L Scoggins

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address	Birth Date	Birthplace	Race	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ Exact Spelling ☐ All References ☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only ☐ Subversive References Only

☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only ☐ Criminal References Only ☐ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References) ☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
Robert E. Scoggins		(1970) ROBERT ECHOLS SCOGGINS	
157-230 - 956, 957, 958	Dub A -	WM, DOB: 5/12/22, POLK COUNTY, N.C. FBI #152 612 D	
		ADDRESS: 818 SAXTON AVE, SPARTANBURG, S.C.	
		GRAND DRAGON, UKA, KKKK, S.C.	
		~~SPARTANBURG, S.C.~~	
		IDENTICAL-X-REF	
105-991			
157-9019			
etc.			

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BY SP2 Pow DATE 6-5-80

Requested by	Squad	Extension	File No.

S [ ] 11/20/79 (date)

Consolidated by _____ (date)

Reviewed by Nog 11/20/79 (date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical
NI - Not Identical
? - Not identifiable
U - Unavailable reference

b6
b7C

IP0004 3192155Z

PP HQ CE CG WFO

DE IP

P 152155Z NOV 79

FM INDIANAPOLIS (100-28301) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (105-184369) PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE PRIORITY

CHICAGO PRIORITY

WFO (100-49578) PRIORITY

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY sp2alm

b6
b7C
b7D

UNCLAS E F T O

GREENKIL; DS - CR (WFO FILE NUMBER 44-1194), OO: CHARLOTTE.
REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARY (RCP), DS (WFO FILE
NUMBER 100-49578) (BUFILE 105-184369), OO: CHICAGO.

RE WFO TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOV. 9, 1979.

ON NOV. 13, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY
BY REQUEST), WAYNE COUNTY HEALTH DEPT., RICHMOND, IND.
ADVISED BIRTH RECORDS REFLECT [redacted] BORN
AT RICHMOND, IND., [redacted]. BIRTH RECORDS REFLECT
PARENTS TO BE [redacted] AND [redacted]
[redacted], RICHMOND. LOGICAL INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED

44-3527-100

INDEXED

SERIALIZED

NOV 15 1979

FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
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b7D

AT RICHMOND REFLECTS [redacted] AND PARENTS NO LONGER RESIDE IN RICHMOND, IND., AREA AND PRESENT ADDRESS UNKNOWN.

CONTACT WITH FOLLOWING AGENCIES REGARDING [redacted] [redacted] NEGATIVE ON DATES INDICATED:

NOV. 13, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQUEST), RICHMOND, IND., POLICE DEPT.

NOV. 14, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQUEST), WAYNE COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, IND.

NOV. 14, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQUEST), INDIANA STATE POLICE, CONNERSVILLE, IND.

NOV. 14, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY BY REQEUST), RICHMOND, IND., CREDIT BUREAU.

INDIANAPOLIS INDICES NEGATIVE REGARDING [redacted] [redacted], WHITE MALE, DOB [redacted], POB RICHMOND, IND.

INDIANA DATA AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM (IDACS) NEGATIVE REGARDING [redacted].

BT

3192200Z CE 1

AL0001 2302052Z

FP HQ CE

DE AL

P161900Z NOV 79

FM ALBANY (44-1347) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR (PRIORITY)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO BUREAU AND ALL SACS DATED NOVEMBER 5 AND NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

APPROPRIATE INQUIRIES AND CONTACTS HAVE BEEN MADE IN AN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION WHICH MAY BE PERTINENT TO INSTANT MATTER. NO POSITIVE INFORMATION CONCERNING INSTANT MATTER HAS BEEN OBTAINED THROUGH SOURCE CONTACTS.

THERE ARE NO CURRENT OUTSTANDING LEADS WITHIN THE ALBANY DIVISION. ALBANY WILL REMAIN ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION OF VALUE, AND WILL REPORT POSITIVE INFORMATION. ALBANY IS BEING PLACED IN AN RUC STATUS PENDING ANY FURTHER LEADS.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP0TAlg

44-3527-100

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 1(illegible)
FBI — CHARLOT

b6
b7C

SJZFHWLZK

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/15/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135		X	2
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☒ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

44-3527-104

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

b6
b7C

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure:
2 - Charlotte
HMP:jmw
(4)

FBI/DOJ

1-221 (Rev. 3-28-79)

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Date 11-13-79

Attention: Mr. [redacted]
FBI, Greensboro RA

Your inquiry

b6
b7C

RE: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

- ☐ Attached furnished in reply to your inquiry.
- ☐ Attached furnished in compliance with request from
- ☐ Only record(s) available attached.
- ☐ This matter is receiving attention and you will be advised at an early date.
- ☐ Supplementing FBI Laboratory report dated
- ☐ Records FBI # are furnished since there is a possibility that one may pertain to the subject in whom you are interested.
- ☐ Fingerprint files fail to disclose

- ☐ Confirming FBI wire of
- ☐ A wanted notice has not been placed as subject appears to be in custody. Clear or cancel (CW or XW) your NCIC record.
- ☐ When you no longer desire your notice maintained, please advise.
- ☐ If you determine subject to be in custody, please advise so that your notice may be canceled.
- ☐ Subject of your inquiry searched in name indices only. Enclosed record(s) possibly identical. If identical, resubmit request and wanted (or flash) notice will be placed.
- ☐ If it is determined that the subject of this record is not the individual in whom you are interested, please advise.
- ☐ Your communication is returned.
- ☐ The subject of this Identification Record has a Computerized Criminal History Record entered in the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) which is not enclosed and is not covered by this certification.
- ☐ For your information, most court authorities take judicial notice of the FBI Identification Record and accept it as the valid arrest record of an individual, as maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, without requiring a certification. However, if deemed necessary or if an agency/department is acting under instructions of a court to obtain a certified copy of an identification record, the FBI will honor such a request.
- ☐ The attached is furnished in compliance with your telephonic request of
- ☐

☒ Enc. (16)

☐ Copy to:

[redacted] to GPD
11/27/79

44-3527-102

NOV 17 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Identification Division
FBI

FBI/DOJ

I-4 (Rev. 7-15-77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-13-79/mah

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 659 308 L8, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
PD Winston-Salem NC	Lisford Carl Nappier 26180	5-4-47	VPL	$50 & costs 3 mos SS 2 yrs
PD GREENSBORO NC	LISFORD CARL NAPPIER SR 99557	11-4-79	4 MURDER CONS TO MURDER	

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20537

11-13-79/mah

Use of the following FBI record, NUMBER 569 307 L11, is REGULATED BY LAW. It is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY and should ONLY BE USED FOR PURPOSE REQUESTED. When further explanation of arrest charge or disposition is needed, communicate directly with the agency that contributed the fingerprints.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
Dept of Corr Rec Sec Raleigh NC	Billy Joe Franklin #F7192-093- 10846-55-1-3	10-26-70	1. aslt on female 2. NS 3. DUI	1. 6 mos 2. 6 mos conc w/1 3. 4 mos conc w/1
PD GREENSBORO NC	BILLY JOE FRANKLIN 99553	11-4-79	MURDER	

XX

XX

XX

11/15/79

b6
b7C

FM RICHMOND (P)

TO INDIANAPOLIS PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 AHP/cla

GREENKIL. OO: CHARLOTTE. RH FILE: 44-1416. CE FILE: 44-3527. DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP) OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, N.C., NOV. 11, 1979. POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST. RH FILE: 157-4033. CE FILE: 157-10168.

RE RICHMOND AIRTEL TO CHARLOTTE (NO COPIES INDIANAPOLIS), NOV. 13, 1979.

FOR INFORMATION OF INDIANAPOLIS, CHARLOTTE AND RICHMOND DIVISIONS INVESTIGATING CAPTIONED MATTERS ON PRIORITY BASIS. DURING CAPTIONED 44 MATTER, FIVE PERSONS KILLED AT GREENSBORO, N.C., SUBSEQUENTLY CAUSING CIVIL UNREST IN GREENSBORO, N.C. AREA. IT IS BELIEVED THAT [redacted] AND [redacted], WERE PRIME PLANNERS OF ANTI-KLAN RALLY AT GREENSBORO, N.C., WHICH LEAD TO SHOOTOUT BETWEEN KU KLUX KLAN AND [redacted]'S FACTION, THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), A LOCAL COMMUNIST GROUP. [redacted] AND [redacted] RESIDE IN MARTINSVILLE, VA., AND [redacted] EMPLOYED AT [redacted], MARTINSVILLE, VA. [redacted] AND

NOV 17 1979

[redacted]

1 - Charlotte (Info) (AM)
2 - Richmond (1 - 44-1416)
HWW:sjp (3) (1 - 157-4033)

44-3527-103

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PAGE TWO RH 44-1416 RH 157-4033 UNCLAS

[redacted] ARE AVOWED COMMUNIST AND UNTIL RECENTLY SHE WAS A [redacted] IN [redacted], AT COLLINSVILLE, VA. ALTHOUGH STILL A UNION MEMBER, SEVERAL LOCAL RANK AND FILE UNION MEMBERS WANT HER EXPELLED FROM UNION REGARDING CAPTIONED 157 MATTER.

ON NOV. 15, 1979, [redacted] SOURCE ADVISED AS OF NOV. 15, 1979, THAT [redacted] PLACED ON INDEFINITE SUSPENSION FOR VIOLATION OF [redacted] WORK RULE 21, "PUBLICLY DISPARAGING THE COMPANY". ALSO SOURCE ADVISED HAS RECEIVED INFORMATION FROM THREE RELIABLE [redacted] EMPLOYEES REGARDING [redacted] WORKING AND RESIDING IN STATE OF INDIANA. [redacted] STATED ON APPLICATION SHE WORKED AT [redacted], BROOKVILLE, IND., DURING LATTER PART OF 1960'S. FURTHER EMPLOYEE INFORMATION TO SOURCE IS THAT [redacted] IS SUPPOSED TO HAVE WORKED AT FACTORY OR PLANT SOMEWHERE IN STATE OF INDIANA DURING 1969, DURING WHICH TIME AN EXPLOSION OCCURRED AT THIS PLANT, IN WHICH SEVERAL PERSONS DIED.

THE FOLLOWING IS A DESCRIPTION OF [redacted]:

NAME: [redacted]; MAIDEN NAME: [redacted]; WHITE FEMALE; BORN [redacted]; [redacted], [redacted] LBS.; [redacted] EYES; [redacted] HAIR; SSN [redacted]; LOCAL ADDRESS: [redacted], MARTINSVILLE,

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PAGE THREE RH 44-1416 RH 157-4033 UNCLAS

VA.; CHILDREN: POSSIBLY ONE CHILD, [redacted], NAME [redacted];

HUSBAND: [redacted], WHITE MALE, BORN [redacted], [redacted],

[redacted] LBS., SSN [redacted].

INDIANAPOLIS AT INDIANAPOLIS, IND., IF DEEMED APPROPRIATE, CONTACT LOCAL ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS (ATF) OFFICIALS AND ANY SOURCE THAT MAY LEND ASSISTANCE AND ATTEMPT TO ASCERTAIN IF EXPLOSION OCCURRED WAS IN STATE OF INDIANA DURING LATTER PART OF 1960'S, WHEREIN SEVERAL PERSONS DIED. WITH INFORMATION PROVIDED REGARDING [redacted], ATTEMPT TO ASCERTAIN IF SHE AND/OR [redacted] WORKED AT THIS FACILITY.

CHARLOTTE BEING ADVISED VIA AIRMAIL.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

b6
b7C

Date 11/15/79

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (44-1739)(RUC)

RE: GREENKILL;
DS - CR

OO: Charlotte

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 MPG

Re WFO teletype to Director, et al, 11/9/79, and Cleveland teletype to Director, Charlotte and WFO, 11/10/79.

On 11/13/79, [redacted], Cleveland PD, Terrorist Squad (protect identity), advised [redacted] is active in Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) He advised she was arrested at Brook Park Police Station for creating a disturbance. She was protesting the arrest of RCP members who were arrested for demonstrating at the Ford Motor Company Plant, Brook Park, Ohio. [redacted] advised Cleveland RCP members should be considered armed and dangerous. He based this on an incident in June 1979 where RCP members attempted to protest and confront Cleveland Nazis who were holding demonstration in Parma, Ohio. RCP members had flags and signs attached to baseball bats, 2 x 4s, and fence posts. When RCP members arrived at Parma for confrontation, Nazis had already been disbursed by Parma police. Cleveland Police have no information on individuals or groups of individuals who may be travelling to Washington, D.C. to demonstrate.

Cleveland will not interview [redacted] unless advised to the contrary.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS; RCP MEMBERS HAVE BEEN KNOWN TO BE IN POSSESSION OF CLUBS AND STICKS.

44-3527-104

(2) - Charlotte
1 - WFO (100-49578) (Info)
1 - Cleveland
RGP:pla
(4)

Com. R.C.P. file
D8

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
NOV 16 --
FBI — CHARLOTTE

Approved: CHF/SR Transmitted ____ (Number) ____ (Time) Per ____

FBI364 NOV 09 1979 12:51:40

[redacted] N.C.

LIC.NO. [redacted] BIRTH DATE [redacted] RACE W SEX [redacted]

OPERATOR ISSUED [redacted] EXPIRES [redacted] REST=1

OPER DUP ISSUED [redacted] EXPIRES [redacted]

END OF RECORD

b6
b7C

On Klan caravan 11/3/79
riding in Black Ford pick-up

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY [redacted]

44-3527-105

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

FBI363 NOV 09 1979 12:51:20

[redacted] LICENSE NO [redacted]

[redacted]

13.00

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] N.C. NASH

[redacted] PLATE NO. IS [redacted]

b6
b7C

In Klan caravan 11/3/79
riding Black Ford pick-up

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 TAU/Klan

44-3527-106

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 9 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

1003

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 11/20/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

On 11/20/79, while reviewing the interview of EDWARD W. DAWSON conducted by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] on 11/7/79, DAWSON made reference on page 243 of the report that he contacted the writer at the FBI office. The following is an explanation of that contact:

DAWSON asked the writer if he knew anything about the Revolutionary Communist Party in that he was thinking of attending their meeting at the Holiday Inn, Four Seasons Motel on Sunday, 9/23/79. The writer advised him he did not work in the security field and he would let him talk to CHARLIE FULKS who did. At that time the writer ~~asked~~ told SA FULKS who was on the phone and if he would speak to him and SA FULKS answered in the affirmative. The writer had no further conversation with DAWSON.

LDB:jms
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY [illegible]

44-3527-108
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 20 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

[redacted]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

AIRTEL

11/15/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (157-9579)(SQ12)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY SP2 MAW

b6
b7C

Re Denver teletype to Bureau, 11/10/79.

Efforts by Philadelphia Office and Reading, Pa. Police Department, to determine whether [redacted] planned to travel or in fact did travel to Greensboro, N.C. on 11/10/79 have proven unsuccessful. [redacted] was determined to have been in Reading, Pa. on 11/7/79, however, his whereabouts subsequent to that date remain unknown. Telephone number (215) 374-6818 is listed to the "Freedom Fighters for you Rights" which is a recorded message believed to be from ROY FRANKHOUSER.

It is noted that although [redacted] is believed capable of such actions as described in referenced teletype, that he does not possess the resources or means to effect such an action.

Any information coming to the attention of Philadelphia will be provided to the Bureau and Charlotte.

2-Bureau
(2)-Charlotte (44-3527)
1-Philadelphia (157-9579)(SQ12)

JRM:DAD
(5)

1*

44-3527-109

SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 21 1979
CHARLOTTE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE

DATE: 11/15/79

FROM: SAC, EL PASO (44-1190) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
DOMESTIC SECURITY -
CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

Re CE tel to Director, 11/6/79.

El Paso has contacted and maintained liaison with the El Paso Police Department (EPPD), Intelligence Unit, as well as with USINS and Border Patrol regarding captioned matter and possible travel of any known activists to the Charlotte area.

No pertinent information has been reported to date. The El Paso Office will maintain contacts of any positive information re groups named in referenced Charlotte teletype.

2- Charlotte
2- El Paso

CLC/ps
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-3527-110

SERIALIZED INDEXED
NOV 21 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

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b7C

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OMO 003 324 1905Z

RR HQ CH

DE OM

020 1905Z NOV 79

FM OMAHA (44-799) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST.

"GREENKIL" (A)

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

CONTACTS CONDUCTED WITH LINCOLN POLICE DEPARTMENT (PD), LINCOLN PD SOURCE, AND UNIVERSITY OF LINCOLN-NEBRASKA PD HAS RESULTED IN NO INDICATION OF PLANNED TRAVEL OR DEMONSTRATIONS ON THE PART OF INDIVIDUALS OR GROUPS SUCH AS THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, KU KLUX KLAN, OR OTHER SYMPATHETIC ORGANIZATIONS REGARDING CAPTIONED MATTER.

OMAHA WILL CONTINUE TO BE ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION RELATIVE TO CAPTIONED MATTER.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-30-12 BY SP4 W Ty

44-3527-111
SEARCHED ... INDEXED
SERIALIZED ...
NOV 20 1979
FBI — CHARL... E

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b7C

3241909Z CE 1

AIRTEL

11/26/79

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b7C

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

Enclosed for the Identification Division are post-mortem fingerprint cards for CWP victims in captioned case.

Mr. [redacted], Greensboro Police Department Laboratory, has requested that the enclosed post-mortem fingerprints of Communist Workers Party (CWP) victims, CEASAR VINCENT CAUCE, MICHAEL RONALD NATHAN, WILLIAM EVAN SAMPSON, SANDY NEELY SMITH and JAMES MITCHELL WALLER, be searched through criminal fingerprint files and results of search be furnished his department as expeditiously as possible.

Mr. [redacted] requested that original post-mortem prints be returned with results of search.

REQUEST OF IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

Expeditiously conduct appropriate search through fingerprint files and submit results along with original post-mortem fingerprint cards to Mr. [redacted], Laboratory, Greensboro Police Department, 300 West Washington St., Greensboro, N.C. 27401.

3 - Bureau (Encs. 5)
(2) - Charlotte
GAM:jat
(5)

Hand carried to Bureau by SA [redacted] 11-26-79

44-3527-112

SEARCHED [illegible] INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED [illegible] FILED [illegible]

[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/23/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
DOMESTIC SECURITY -
CIVIL RIGHTS (A)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TAW/mm

b6
b7C

ADMINISTRATIVE:

On 11/21/79, a confidential source provided the following information on WILLIAM E. SAMSON and [redacted] No attempt should be made to confirm information at [redacted], Greensboro, N. C., as source will be compromised.

Source advised that WILLIAM E. SAMSON applied for employment at [redacted] in Greensboro, N. C., on or about 5/26/77. At time that employment application was made, SAMSON showed a previous employment of Shadow Mountain Sound Shop, Evergreen, Colorado, from 1967 through 1977, with [redacted] as [redacted], telephone number (area code 303) 674-6410. Source stated that the Personnel Section of [redacted] checked with [redacted] to confirm previous employment of SAMSON and was advised by [redacted] that SAMSON had worked at the Shadow Mountain Sound Shop during the indicated period.

Source further provided the following background information on [redacted]:

Graduated from [redacted], Buffalo, New York, [redacted].

Employed by [redacted], Buffalo, New York, from 1970 through 1972.

Employed by [redacted], Buffalo, New York, 8/73 through 2/75.

44-3527-113

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 26 1979
FBI CHARLOTTE

2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

JTT:rep
(2)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Employed by [redacted], Greensboro, N. C., 1975 to present.

Date of Birth - [redacted] b6 b7C

Social Security Number [redacted]

Unconfirmed arrest record in Georgia.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Charlotte, North Carolina
November 26, 1979

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO),
also known as the Communist Workers Party (CWP)
of North Carolina,
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA,
NOVEMBER 11, 1979
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

In July, 1979, the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) advertised a rally to be held at China Grove, North Carolina, on July 8, 1979, where the film "Birth of a Nation" was to be shown.

On July 8, 1979, the KKK meeting was disrupted by a group identifying themselves as members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO). During the disruption, members of the WVO obtained the Klan flag and burned it in their presence. Photographs of the incident reflect both members of the WVO and Klan had firearms but the presence of law enforcement officers at the scene prevented bloodshed.

Subsequently, members of the WVO advertised a "Death to the Klan" rally and parade to be held in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979. Numerous posters advertising the event were posted in the area and it received considerable media coverage as well.

On November 3, 1979, at the starting point of the planned parade of the WVO, numerous members of the Klan and Nazi Party appeared in a caravan of vehicles. Shooting erupted and five members of the WVO were killed and several others wounded.

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6 - Bureau
1 - Baltimore
1 - Chicago
1 - Newark
1 - Philadelphia
1 - WFO
5 - Charlotte (2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527)
(1 - 100-12202)
(1 - 100-12177)

CSF:jat
(16)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-30-82 BY SP4 ENW/tp

44-3527-114

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A spokesman subsequently advised his group was no longer affiliated with the WVO but three weeks earlier the name of the group had been changed to the "Communist Workers Party" (CWP). It was also announced the CWP would hold a funeral procession in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 11, 1979, for the five members of the CWP who had been killed November 3, 1979. The city of Greensboro thereafter declared a state of emergency on November 10, 1979.

In accordance with the declared state of emergency, the city of Greensboro obtained assistance of the Guilford County Sheriff's Department, the North Carolina Highway Patrol, the State Bureau of Investigation, as well as the National Guard. The National Guard effectively sealed all intersections along the parade route. Members of the Greensboro Police Department encircled those marching in the procession and acted as a mobil shield from the starting point until the cemetery was reached.

It had been previously ascertained that a caravan of demonstrators would be transported from Durham, North Carolina, to take part in the funeral procession in Greensboro on November 11, 1979. On the morning of November 11, 1979, agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed the demonstrators in Durham, North Carolina, gathering at the "Break the Chains" Bookstore. Demonstrators were observed in possession of weapons which were placed in a number of vehicles. The demonstrators then formed into a 16 vehicle caravan led by CHARLES FRANKLIN FINCH, owner of the "Break the Chains" Bookstore.

Information regarding weapons in possession of the demonstrators was relayed by the FBI to local authorities. It was determined that sufficient probable cause existed for issuance of a state warrant for transporting dangerous weapons to the scene of an emergency. FBI surveillance of the caravan continued as the caravan proceeded toward Greensboro and state and local authorities were provided with continuous coverage through previously arranged channels of communication. FBI surveillance of the caravan continued to the city limits of Greensboro where members of the Greensboro Police Department, North Carolina Highway Patrol and the State Bureau of Investigation stopped the caravan. All vehicles and persons in the caravan were checked and numerous weapons were confiscated. Twelve persons were charged with transportation of dangerous weapons. Remaining individuals were permitted to proceed to downtown Greensboro to participate in the funeral procession.

RE: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO)

In accordance with prior agreement, with city officials, an honor guard with the funeral procession was permitted to carry rifles, shotguns and semi-automatic weapons but they were instructed not to have loaded weapons or available ammunition. Prior to the beginning of the procession the National Guard confiscated all ammunition from the honor guard.

Prior to the beginning of the funeral procession, a considerable amount of time was spent at the point of embarkation. Those to march in the procession were furnished with placards and signs. A sound truck was utilized to issue instructions to the marchers and a musical group sang revolutionary songs. Five caskets draped in red were placed on rolling metal stands pushed by pallbearers. One casket was placed at the front of the procession and the remaining four caskets were placed at a point mid-way in the procession. The approximately 300 marchers then proceeded slowly along the parade route to the cemetary. Mobil sound equipment and the sound trucks were utilized in chanting slogans such as "Avenge the CWP-5." Numerous media personnel were present and at some points the procession was slowed by efforts of the media to interview some of the merchers.

The graveside ceremonies consisted of the singing of revolutionary songs. Several speakers eulogized the deceased and their efforts on behalf of the CWP. The procession then reversed and marched along the parade route to the assembly area where they dispersed.

Included in the funeral procession was a group, self-identified as members of the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP). Also approximately ten young adults who appeared to be Iranian students marched in the procession chanting "Death to the Shah."

A contingent of CWP members, mostly from Pennsylvania, were observed by police to arrive after the funeral procession had started. They were observed removing weapons from their vehicles and police arrested eight of them.

In the course of the day, the following individuals were arrested by local authorities, mostly on weapons related charges:

1. [redacted], also known as [redacted], born [redacted], residing at [redacted], Maryland. Employment indicated as a [redacted] for [redacted] and Social Security Number reflected as [redacted]. He was arrested at 3:30 PM at Route 6 and Interstate 85 and charged with transporting weapons. His birthplace was indicated as New York. b6 b7C

RE: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO)

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2. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Home address was reflected as [redacted], New Jersey. Arrested at Lee Street and Interstate 85 and charged with transporting firearms consisting of three handguns.

3. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted], residing at [redacted], Washington, D.C. Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted] and employment as [redacted], Washington, D.C. Occupation was reflected as a [redacted]. Arrest was at Lee Street and Interstate 85 and he was charged with carrying a conclealed .32 caliber pistol.

4. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Residence was reflected as [redacted], Washington, D.C. Driver's license was reflected as [redacted] and Social Security Number as [redacted]. She was arrested at 4:00 PM at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with carrying a concealed weapon as there was a .38 caliber Colt Special, serial number [redacted] concealed under the driver's seat of the vehicle she was in.

5. [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Washington, D.C. His Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted] and his occupation as a [redacted] with [redacted], Washington, D.C. He was arrested on North Carolina Route 6 at the city limits of Greensboro and charged with transporting weapons.

6. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania. His Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted]. His occupation was listed as a [redacted] for the [redacted]. He was arrested at 1115 at Asheboro and Arlington and charged with "going dangerously armed," in that he was concealing a .380 Baretta pistol, serial number [redacted].

7. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His residence was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and his driver's license as [redacted]. His business address was listed as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and Social Security Number as [redacted]. Occupation was reflected as a [redacted]. He was arrested at 1115 at Asheboro and Arlington and charged with "going dangerously armed." A 9mm Model 39 Smith and Wesson handgun, serial number [redacted] and a .30 caliber M-1 Universal, serial number [redacted] were confiscated.

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8. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His residence was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. His occupation was indicated as [redacted] for [redacted]. He was arrested at 1200 at Gillespie and Perkins Streets and charged with carrying a concealed .25 caliber automatic pistol. His Social Security Number was reflected as [redacted].

9. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His North Carolina driver's license was reflected as [redacted] and Social Security Number as [redacted]. His residence was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, and his employment as a [redacted] for [redacted]. He was arrested at 1200 at Gillespie and Perkins Streets and charged with carrying a concealed .32 caliber automatic pistol.

10. [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina, and his driver's license as [redacted]. He was arrested at Lee and Florida Streets at 1350 and charged with transporting dangerous weapons. He was operating in convoy, a [redacted], license [redacted] containing a Ruger SP. Six, serial number [redacted].

11. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, and his driver's license as [redacted]. His occupation was reflected as a [redacted] for [redacted], North Carolina, and his Social Security Number as [redacted]. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee and Florida Streets and charged with transporting dangerous weapons. At the time of arrest he was in a [redacted] bearing North Carolina license number [redacted]. In the car was a 12 gauge pump shotgun, serial number [redacted] or [redacted] with 17 rounds of Magnum 00 Buckshot.

12. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Residence was indicated as [redacted], North Carolina, driver's license [redacted]. His Social Security Number was [redacted]. No occupation or employment was listed. He was arrested at 1350 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

13. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, and North Carolina driver's license [redacted]. He listed his occupation as a [redacted] but no employment was reflected. His Social Security Number was indicated as [redacted]. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee and Florida Streets and charged with transportation of dangerous weapons.

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14. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He had North Carolina driver's license number [redacted]. His Social Security Number was [redacted] was listed but no occupation or employment. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee and Florida Streets and charged with transportation of dangerous weapons. At the time of arrest, he was in a car containing a .357 magnum handgun, model 13-2, serial number [redacted] and he claimed ownership of the weapon. [redacted] has been identified as the [redacted] who was [redacted] at the Communist Workers Party rally immediately prior to the shooting incident on November 3, 1979.

15. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. Residence was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He had North Carolina driver's license number [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. He indicated he was a [redacted] at [redacted]. He was arrested at 1350 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

16. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and he had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted]. His Social Security Number was [redacted] and he indicated he was a [redacted] for the [redacted], Pennsylvania. He was arrested at 1350 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with possession of a dangerous weapon, a 9mm Walther, serial number [redacted]. It was also reflected he was a [redacted] at [redacted].

17. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted] and his address was [redacted], Pennsylvania. He was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with transporting firearms consisting of three handguns, not further described.

18. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was [redacted], Pennsylvania. He was arrested at Lee Street and I-85 at 1600 and was charged with transporting three handguns not further described.

19. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania, Social Security Number [redacted]. He indicated he was a [redacted]. He was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with transporting firearms consisting of three handguns, not further described.

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20. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania, and Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted]. He was arrested at Lee Street and I-85 at 1600 and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

21. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. She had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted] and listed her address as [redacted], Pennsylvania. She was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and was charged with transporting firearms.

22. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had Pennsylvania driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], Pennsylvania. Employment was indicated as [redacted], Pennsylvania. His occupation was listed as [redacted]. He was arrested at 1600 at Lee Street and I-85 and charged with transporting firearms, three handguns not further identified.

23. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and indicated he was a [redacted]. He was arrested at 1520 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

24. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His Social Security Number was indicated as [redacted] and his address as [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested at 1530 at Market and Dudley Streets and charged with carrying a concealed weapon.

25. [redacted], born [redacted], residing [redacted], North Carolina. Social Security Number reflected as [redacted] and he indicated he was self-employed. He was arrested at 1530 at Market and Dudley Streets and charged with displaying an offensive sign.

26. [redacted], born [redacted], residing at [redacted], North Carolina, Social Security Number [redacted]. He was arrested at 1345 on Lee Street and charged with transporting dangerous weapons.

b6
b7C

27. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. His residence was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina, with Social Security Number [redacted]. Employment was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested at 1345 at Obermeyer and Laurel and charged with possession of a dangerous weapon, a .22 caliber Mossberg bolt action rifle.

28. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. His address was listed as [redacted], North Carolina, amd employment as [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested at 1530 on Obermeyer Street and charged with carrying a concealed weapon, a .357 Magnum, serial number [redacted].

29. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. His address was reflected as [redacted], North Carolina. He indicated his occupation as a [redacted] for [redacted] of [redacted], North Carolina. He was arrested on Obermeyer Street at 1530 and charged with carrying a concealed weapon, a .38 caliber Smith and Wesson hand gun.

30. [redacted], age [redacted], born [redacted]. He had North Carolina driver's license [redacted] and Social Security Number [redacted]. He indicated he was unemployed. He was arrested at 1530 on Obermeyer Street charged with possession of a dangerous weapon, a Smith and Wesson .357, serial number [redacted].

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- XX AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 11/26/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-10168)(P)

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka Communist Workers Party (CWP) of North Carolina, Greensboro, N. C., 11/11/79
POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-30-82 BY SP4 EIW tcy

Re Charlotte teletype 11/11/79.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above, regarding instant matter. Copies are being disseminated to offices covering residences of various individuals who were arrested in Greensboro, N. C. on 11/11/79.

For the information of the Bureau, there were various additional arrests made in Greensboro, N. C., on 11/11/79, but have not been included in enclosed LHM as they did not appear to have any connection with the funeral procession.

For the information of receiving offices, the Bureau has authorized a full domestic security investigation on the Workers Viewpoint Organization, aka Communist Workers Party of North Carolina, and Charlotte will open individual files by separate communications to the Bureau on members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 6)
1 - Baltimore (Enc. 1)
1 - Chicago (Enc. 1)(100-53269)
1 - Newark (Enc. 1)
1 - Philadelphia (Enc. 1)
1 - WFO (Enc. 1)
(5) - Charlotte (2 - 157-10168)
(1 - 44-3527)
(1 - 100-12202)
(1 - 100-12177)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

44-3527-115

[redacted] b6 b7C

CSF:jat
(12)

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 157-10168

Receiving offices who have members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, aka Communist Workers Party, may wish to consider opening individual cases on members of the organization on which the Bureau as authorized a full domestic security investigation.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/19/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

b6
b7C
b7D

SUBJECT:" GREENKIL "
(OO: CE)

Re Richmond letter to Charlotte, 11/13/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte Division is a Xerox copy of a doctor's excuse re [redacted].

On 11/14/79, a [redacted] source provided a Xerox copy of a doctor's excuse which had been given to him by [redacted]. The doctor's excuse is dated 8/16/79, and signed by JAMES WALLER, M. D., OF 702 Cypress, Greensboro, N. C. [redacted] source advised that in view of problems at the company and with employee [redacted], he desired to reaffirm some of her medical excuses and attempted to telephonically contact JAMES WALLER, M. D., at telephone 919/275-6589.

Source advised that in attempting to telephonically contact Dr. WALLER, and after dialing the aforementioned telephone number that this number was answered by someone stating, "Communist Party of America". At that time, source advised he did not attempt a conversation with the individual who answered the telephone and terminated the call.

This Xerox copy of the doctor's slip is being provided to the Charlotte Division for whatever action is deemed necessary.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-84 BY SP4 [illegible]

44-3527-116

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED
NOV 25 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(2) - Charlotte (Encl. 1)
3 - Richmond
(2 - 44-1416)
(1 - 157-4033)
HWW/ddm
<5>

ICC made for
100-12702

RH 44-1416

LEADS:

RICHMOND

AT MARTINSVILLE AND COLLINSVILLE, VA.

Investigation continuing.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 11/23/79

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND (44-1416) (P)

b6
b7C
b7D

SUBJECT: GREENKILL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Enclosed for Charlotte are two copies of an investigative insert reflecting information from the [redacted] personnel records regarding [redacted] source has advised that tension has remained high at his plant concerning [redacted] even though she has been placed on indefinite suspension from work.

LEADS

RICHMOND

AT MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Investigation continuing.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-95 BY [redacted]

44-3527-117

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 25 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(2) - Charlotte (Enc - 2)
3 - Richmond
(2 - 44-1416)
(1 - 157-4033)
HWW:jhc
<5>

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: 11/27/79

REPLY TO ATTN OF: SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKILL

b6
b7C
b7D

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

On 11/23/79, Mr. [redacted], Allenton Realty, Durham, North Carolina (PROTECT IDENTITY - BY REQUEST), advised as follows:

[redacted] moved out of [redacted], Durham, North Carolina, on 11/21/79. He left a forwarding address of [redacted], Durham, North Carolina.

WLB:egp
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 T/ PGLM

44-3527-118

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 27 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

(1)
(2)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
(REV. 7-76)
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
5010-112

AIRTEL

11/30/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: FBI LABORATORY
SPECIAL PROJECTS

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

GREENSBORO

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted]
11/14/79.

FBI Laboratory, Special Projects, is requested to arrange with the Charlotte Division the aerial photographing of the crime scene area at Everitt and Carver Streets, Greensboro, N.C., to assist in the preparation of scale diagrams and models to be used in the investigation and prosecution of this incident.

SAC, Charlotte requests that this be conducted by the FBI Special Projects rather than Charlotte agent personnel in order to insure the expertise and the quality of these photographs.

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY [redacted]

3 - Bureau
(2) - Charlotte
TJB:jat
(5)

44-3527-120

[redacted]

1120 First Union National Bank Building
Charlotte, North Carolina
November 30, 1979

Honorable H.M. Michaux, Jr.
United States Attorney
Middle District Of North Carolina
Greensboro, North Carolina

RE: GREENKIL

Dear Mr. Michaux:

Enclosed for your information are 15 8x10 color photographs taken in the area of shootout between Communist Workers Party members and Ku Klux Klan members on November 3, 1979.

Location of photographs are briefly described on reverse side of photograph.

Very truly yours,

Herbert L. Monahan, Jr.
Special Agent in Charge

Enclosures 15

1 - USA
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)
GAM:jat
(3)

44-3527-121

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TAB/bm

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

DATE: DECEMBER 3, 1979

FROM : ASAC [redacted]

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

This will record that on November 27, I spoke with SA [redacted], Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF), Toledo, Ohio, by telephone, and Mr. [redacted] advised that he was preparing a summary statement covering his undercover activities in the National Socialist Party in Winston Salem, North Carolina, from the period of May, 1979, through early November, 1979. Mr. [redacted] further noted that there would be no restrictions on the statement that he would furnish and that he has no objection to the statement being used in an official FBI investigative report.

[redacted] further advised that following the shooting incident in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979, two officials from ATF Headquarters came to Winston Salem, North Carolina, and obtained a signed, sworn affidavit from him relative to his undercover activities in the National Socialist Party. He said he presumes that statement would be available upon request by the FBI through his headquarters.

On November 27, 1979, ASAC [redacted] received [redacted]'s statement in the mail, which is attached. It is to be noted that the statement is not signed and bears no date; however, it is presumed the statement was prepared by [redacted] sometime between November 20, and the date of receipt.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-87 BY SP4 Pom

(2) - Charlotte

CEM:sbh
(2)

This information has been superseded by a more detailed document received by ASAC [redacted] personally from [redacted] at the Charlotte Office on 12/5/79. The attached not included in report.
HPB

44-3527-123

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 3 1979
FBI

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 12/4/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☐ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other
X

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135			
126	X		1
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☐ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
5 X
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

This case is a Special within the Charlotte Division, and five persons were killed in this matter, therefore, expedite processing is requested of the enclosure.

44-3527-125

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____

b6
b7C

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1

2 - Charlotte

JSW:jmw (4)

FBI/DOJ

DIRECTOR, FBI

11/29/79

SAC, BUFFALO (44-1061) (RUC)

GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Re Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/5/79, captioned "UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, 11/3/79, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST;" Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/6/79, captioned "GREENKIL," and Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/6/79, captioned "DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, aka Communist Workers Party of North Carolina, Greensboro, North Carolina, 11/11/79, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST," "GREENKIL."

Buffalo upon receipt of re tels alerted logical established sources about particulars contained therein. No positive information was developed as a result of those contacts that would be of aid to the Charlotte Office.

This office will naturally provide interested offices any forthcoming data that would be of assistance in the future. Identification of those individuals previously contacted in this matter are maintained in Buffalo Office case file.

2 - Bureau
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)
1 - Buffalo
JWS:mcz
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY sp DAFBI

44-3527-126

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
DEC 4 1979
FBI

b6
b7C

November 29, 1979

Honorable James G. Martin
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Congressman Martin:

This is to acknowledge your letter dated November 14, 1979, concerning investigation by the FBI of the events which occurred in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979.

For your information, the FBI is presently conducting an intensive investigation of the incident to determine if the civil rights of citizens were violated by members of the Ku Klux Klan/American Nazi Party or by members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, also known as the Communist Workers Party of North Carolina. This investigation was initiated at the request of the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, U. S. Department of Justice.

If you have further questions, you may desire to communicate directly with the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. 20530.

Sincerely yours,

Francis M. Mullen, Jr.
Assistant Director
Criminal Investigative Division

1 - Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division (Enc. 1)

1 - SAC, Charlotte (44-3527) (Enc. 1) (For information)

44-3527-127

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
DEC 1 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

Copy in
100-12217
100-12209
100-12202

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

b6
b7C

JAMES G. MARTIN
9TH DISTRICT, NORTH CAROLINA

COUNTIES:
IREDELL
LINCOLN
MECKLENBURG

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

COMMITTEE:
WAYS AND MEANS

WASHINGTON OFFICE:
341 CANNON HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515
TELEPHONE: (202) 225-1976

November 14, 1979

Mr. Danny O. Coulson
Special Agent-in-Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Office of Congressional Affairs
10th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Coulson:

A constituent of mine in Charlotte, North Carolina would like to know if the FBI has been instructed by President Carter to investigate both the Klu Klux Klan and the Communist Workers Party groups in Greensboro who were involved in recent killings in Greensboro. My constituent has understood that the FBI will only investigate the KKK and not the CWP. If this is true, I would appreciate knowing why both groups are not being investigated in regards to the recent Greensboro tragedy.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

With best regards.

Sincerely,

Jim Martin

James G. Martin
Member of Congress

Recent reports indicate the first shots were fired by, not at, CWP demonstrators.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-5-81 BY SP2 TMP/mm

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 11/27/79

FROM : SA CHARLES S. FULKS

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

About 9/79, SA [redacted] advised he had an individual on the telephone named DAWSON inquiring about the Revolutionary Communist Party and asked if I would talk with DAWSON. I took the telephone and DAWSON advised he was a bit confused and would like to know if the Revolutionary Communist Party and the Workers Viewpoint Organization were one and the same. I told DAWSON that although their aims and purposes were similar, to my knowledge, they were two separate organizations. The writer never met DAWSON and had no further conversation with him.

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP3 [illegible]

44-3527-128

SEARCHED [ ] INDEXED [ ]
SERIALIZED [ ] FILED [ ]
NOV 27 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

2 - Charlotte
CSF:jat
(2)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

Charlotte, North Carolina
December 5, 1979

b6
b7C

[redacted];
RAEFORD MILANO CAUDLE;
[redacted];
HAROLD DEAN FLOWERS;
BILLY JOE FRANKLIN;
[redacted];
[redacted];
[redacted];
[redacted];
[redacted];
LISFORD CARL NAPPIER, SR.;
[redacted];
[redacted];
ROY CLINTON TONEY;
ROLAND WAYNE WOOD;
CAESAR VINCENT CAUCE - VICTIM (DECEASED);
MICHAEL NATHAN - VICTIM (DECEASED);
WILLIAM EVAN SAMSON - VICTIM (DECEASED);
SANDY SMITH - VICTIM (DECEASED);
JAMES MICHAEL WALLER - VICTIM (DECEASED);
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO),
ALSO KNOWN AS COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP),
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA,
NOVEMBER 3, 1979
CIVIL RIGHTS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-3527-129

4 - Bureau
1 - USA, Greensboro, N. C.
(2) - Charlotte (44-3527)

LDB:rep
(7) rep

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

[redacted]

HPB

X AIRTEL

12/5/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and three copies of an LHM in captioned matter.

One copy of LHM being furnished USA, MDNC, Greensboro, N. C.

b6
b7C

The initial telephone call referred to in attached LHM was received at the Greensboro, N. C., Resident Agency by SA [redacted]; and the caller was referred to SA CHARLES S. FULKS, who provided the brief response.

The second telephone call referred to in attached LHM, was received by SA [redacted] at his residence.

It should be noted that EDDIE DAWSON mentioned in attached LHM has true name of EDWARD WOODROW DAWSON and was [redacted]. DAWSON is aware the FBI was no longer investigating the Klan.

b6
b7C
b7D

3 - Bureau (Encls. 4)
2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

LDB:rep
(5)

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]

[redacted]

b6
b7C

44-3527-130

CE 44-3527

The attached LHM is being provided in order to clarify the remarks made by DAWSON contained in his FD-302, pages 230 to 288 in referenced report.

12/3/79

SAC, SACRAMENTO (100-8026) (RUC)

GREENKIL
OO: Bureau

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-3527)

Re CE teletype dated 11/6/79, captioned as above.

As instructed per referenced communication, Sacramento did contact appropriate police agencies regarding possible participation by members and/or sympathizers of the WVO, American Nazi Party, Klan, Communist Workers Party in traveling to Greensboro, North Carolina, for the 11/11/79 march by the WVO.

No positive information was developed.

Sacramento will remain alert for any information impinging on the unlawful activity of any member or associate of above named organizations.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

2 - Bureau (RM)
(2) - Charlotte (RM)
1 - Sacramento
CRO/ab
(5)

44-3527-731
SEARCHED [illegible] INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED [illegible] FILED [illegible]
DEC 6 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

FD-523 (Rev. 5-4-79)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 12/6/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	X		1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☒ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SBM/sm

Expedite handling required because of nature of investigation.

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____

44-3527-132

P

FBIHQ Enclosure (1) (1) - Charlotte BJB:swl
SWL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

570817

PRECEDENCE:
- [XX] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [XX] UNCLAS

Date 12/6/79

b6
b7C

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

UNCLAS

ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

GREENKIL

REFERENCE TE TELEPHONE CALL TO BUREAU 12-6-79

ON DECEMBER 6, 1979, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY [redacted], 18TH PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT, GREENSBORO, NC, STATE PROSECUTOR IN CAPTIONED MATTER, REQUESTED SA [redacted] BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR TESTIMONY IN STATE COURT ON DECEMBER 7, 1979, OR DECEMBER 10, 1979. SA [redacted] WILL TESTIFY IN SUPPORT OF THE STATE'S MOTION FOR A CONTINUANCE OF A PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING. HE WILL ADVISE THE COURT OF THE EXTENSIVE MATERIAL FROM THIS CASE WHICH HAS BEEN FORWARDED TO THE FBI LABORATORY FOR EXAMINATION. HE WILL BRIEFLY SUMMARIZE THE DETAILED AND TIME CONSUMING EXAMINATIONS WHICH ARE CONTEMPLATED BY VARIOUS PARTS OF THE LABORATORY. THE STATE WILL MAINTAIN THAT THESE EXAMINATIONS

HPB:lct

44-3527-133

(1) lct

SENT VIA ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

SEARCHED [ ] INDEXED [ ]
SERIALIZED [ ] FILED [ ]

[redacted]

Approved: [illegible] Transmitted 009 (Number) 2119Z (Time) Per [illegible]

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

b6
b7C

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

ARE ESSENTIAL TO ESTABLISH PROBABLE CAUSE AND, THEREFORE, DELAY IN THE PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING IS NECESSARY. SA [redacted] IS THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH ALL ASPECTS OF THIS CASE AND HAS BEEN TO THE FBI LABORATORY ON TWO OCCASIONS TRANSPORTING EVIDENCE AND PROVIDING ASSISTANCE TO THE LABORATORY IN REVIEWING THE EVIDENCE.

ON DECEMBER 6, 1979, USA MICHAUX, MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA (MDNC), ADVISED HE SUPPORTS THE USE OF SA [redacted] 'S TESTIMONY TO ASSIST THE STATE PROSECUTOR AND WILL APPEAR AT THE TIME THIS MOTION IS ARGUED TO ENSURE THE PROTECTION OF FEDERAL INTERESTS.

UACB, SA [redacted] WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR STATE TESTIMONY IN THIS MATTER.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

AIRTEL

11/26/79

b6
b7C

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)
GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-26-81 BY [illegible]

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted], dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of the following documents:

1. An Administrative Report of the Anti-Klan Rally, Greensboro, N.C., November 3, 1979, received from WILLIAM E. SWING, Chief of Police, Greensboro Police Department.

2. Letter dated 11/19/79, from Chief of Police to City Manager, City of Greensboro, captioned, "Investigation of the Anti-Klan Rally, November 3, 1979."

3. Resolution adopted by City Council of the City of Greensboro on 11/19/79, requesting U.S. Dept. of Justice investigation into 11/3/79 incident.

In view of the extensive media coverage of the release of the Greensboro Police Department Administrative Report, a copy of this report plus appropriate other documents

2 - Bureau (Encs. 3)
(2) - Charlotte
HPB:jat
(4)

Hand carried [redacted] by SA 11-26-79

44-3527-134

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____

[redacted]

HPB

is being furnished FBIHQ for dissemination to the Civil Rights Division, USDJ. It is noted that reference to the Greensboro PD internal investigation was referred to in the Administration Section of referenced report.

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/13/79.

Enclosed are 36 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 37 rec'd

Photos not pertinent to 44 case.
Photos placed in 157-10168.
Above instructions need not be followed
as 44 photos being handling directly by lab.
HPB

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP4 Pottenger

44-3527-135

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 6 1979
CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed are 123 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 125 read

Photos have been placed in 157-10168. Not necessary to follow above suggestions as matters concerning 44-3527 are being handled through use of other photos.

HPB

44-3527-136

INDEXED
FILED

DEC 6 1979

FBI — CHARLOTTE

w/encs.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 TAW/GW

b6
b7C

FBI/DOJ

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed are 28 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 29

Above instructions can be discounted as appropriate photos already provided. Those photos merely a matter of possible future use. Not pertinent at this time to investigation.

HPB 12/7/79

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 MAP/cm

44-3527-137

INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 6 1979
FBI

b6
b7C

FBI/DOJ

0-9 (Rev. 6-29-79)

Airtel

DATE: 12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/15/79.

Enclosed are 110 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 112

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-3527-138

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
DEC 6 1979
FBI - CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

with encls.

FBI/DOJ

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) DATE: 11/28/79

FROM : SAC, KANSAS CITY (44-2146) RUC

SUBJECT: "GREENKIL"

Re Kansas City teletype to Bureau and Charlotte, 11/9/79.

In the absence of further leads, this matter is being considered RUC.

2 - Charlotte
1 - Kansas City
JKT/ban
(3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP-1 MP6 UC

1*

44-3527-140

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
DEC 7 1979
FBI — CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

5010-110

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

PRECEDENCE:
- [X] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [ ] UNCLAS

b6
b7C

99537

Date 12/7/79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE, DECEMBER 6, 1979, WHICH ADVISED OF FORTHCOMING TESTIMONY IN STATE PROCEEDINGS BY SA OF CHARLOTTE DIVISION.

ON DECEMBER 7, 1979, STATE PROSECUTOR [redacted] ADVISED THE STATE'S ARGUMENTS ON THE MOTION TO GRANT A CONTINUANCE FOR THE SCHEDULED PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING IS SET FOR DECEMBER 10, 1979, IN GREENSBORO. [redacted] CONSIDERS DELAY IN THE PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING TO BE ESSENTIAL AS THE STATE CANNOT PROMPTLY ESTABLISH WHICH MEMBER OF THE KLAN/NAZI GROUP SHOT WHICH MEMBER OF THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) GROUP. THIS LACK OF SPECIFICITY COULD CAUSE A DISMISSAL OF THE MURDER CHARGES AGAINST THE KLAN/NAZI GROUP. THE STATE COULD ACCEPT DISMISSAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

HPB:swl

(1) SENT VIA ENCIPHERED TELETYPE

44-3527-141

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED [illegible]
SERIALIZED 4 FILED [illegible]

Approved: [illegible] Transmitted 025 (Number) 0154 (Time) Per [illegible]

116

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

b6
b7C

PAGE TWO CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

AND THEN CALL A SPECIAL GRAND JURY WITH THE INTENTION OF SEEKING MURDER INDICTMENTS, BUT THE LACK OF SPECIFICITY WOULD ALSO HINDER SUCH EFFORTS TO INDICT. ADDITIONALLY, DISMISSAL OF CHARGES AGAINST THE KLAN/NAZI GROUP MIGHT BE DEVASTATING TO EFFORTS BY THE STATE TO INSURE THE MURDERS WILL BE FORCEFULLY PROSECUTED. PUBLIC AND MEDIA REACTION TO DISMISSAL WOULD DAMAGE ANY FORTHCOMING PROCEEDINGS. PROSECUTOR [redacted] REALIZES THE FBI LABORATORY NEEDS SUFFICIENT TIME TO ADEQUATELY EXAMINE THE EXTENSIVE EVIDENCE IN THIS CASE, BUT, WITH THE FAILURE OF THE COMMUNIST WORKER PARTY PARTICIPANTS TO COOPERATE WITH THE INVESTIGATION, STATE IS CURRENTLY DEPENDENT ON THE FACILITIES OF THE FBI LABORATORY TO INSURE THOSE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MURDERS ARE PROSECUTED. PROSECUTOR [redacted] NOTED THESE CASES PRESENT A UNIQUE SET OF FACTS AND A UNIQUE CRIME SCENE WHICH HE HOPES TO USE IN HIS EFFORTS TO CONVINCE THE STATE JUDGE A DELAY IS NECESSARY. HOWEVER, HE HAS HEARD THAT THE STATE JUDGE IS VERY CONCERNED ABOUT THE RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANTS WHO ARE CHARGED WITH MURDER, ESPECIALLY THOSE WHO CONTINUE TO BE INCARCERATED, AND HE WILL NOT SUPPORT CONTINUED DELAY WITHOUT GOOD CAUSE. [redacted] BELIEVES THAT TESTIMONY OF AN FBI OFFICIAL FROM WASHINGTON, D. C.,

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

b6
b7C

1207

Date _____

PAGE THREE CE 44-3527 UNCLAS

IN SUPPORT OF HIS MOTION MIGHT SWAY THE JUDGE TO GRANT THE CONTINUANCE. THE TESTIMONY WOULD BE LIMITED TO THE GENERAL IMPORTANCE GIVEN THIS MATTER AT FBIHQ AND GENERAL ASSURANCES THAT THE FBI IS AFFORDING THIS MATTER HIGH PRIORITY. PROSECUTOR [redacted] RECOGNIZES THAT LOCAL OFFICIALS OF THE FBI COULD HANDLE THIS TYPE TESTIMONY, BUT HE FEELS THAT THE APPEARANCE OF A "WASHINGTON OFFICIAL" IS ESSENTIAL. HE CONSIDERS THIS TO BE THE ONLY APPROACH WHICH MAY SUCCEED IN GAINING THE NECESSARY DELAY.

CONTACT WITH USA, MDNC, HENRY M. MICHAUX, JR., INDICATES HE FULLY SUPPORTS THE POSITION OF PROSECUTOR [redacted] AND REQUESTS AN OFFICIAL DESIGNATED BY FBIHQ BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR STATE TESTIMONY ON DECEMBER 10, 1979. USA MICHAUX WILL ATTEND THIS MOTION ARGUMENT.

CHARLOTTE OFFICE IS CONCERNED THAT ANY DISMISSAL OF CHARGES FOR A PERIOD OF TIME WILL KINDLE LATE SUPPORT FOR THE KKK IN THIS AREA AND INCREASE SUPPORT FOR THE COMMUNIST POSITION THAT THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM CANNOT BE TRUSTED TO PROSECUTE THE KKK. ADDITIONALLY, IF THE STATE DISMISSES MURDER CHARGES, LOCAL OFFICIALS AND LOCAL MEDIA MAY ATTEMPT TO PLACE SOME OF THE RESPONSIBILITY ON THE FBI.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

X AIRTEL

12/7/79

TO: SAC, RICHMOND

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

b6
b7C
b7D

Re telephone call from SA [redacted] to SA [redacted], Danville RA, 11/6/79.

The below-described vehicle is one of several yet to be identified vehicles which were at the scene of the killings on 11/3/79. This vehicle, referred to as #24, was parked, unattended, on Everitt Street in Greensboro, N. C.:

[redacted] Van, 1973-77 model, [redacted]
[redacted].

A confidential source has advised the Greensboro, N. C., PD that this van has been seen in [redacted], Martinsville, Virginia, and that the possible license tag is Virginia License [redacted]. Neither Virginia nor North Carolina has a record of that tag.

LEAD:

RICHMOND DIVISION

AT MARTINSVILLE, VIRGINIA

Will attempt to identify the above van and interview the registered owner.

44-3527-142
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

[redacted]

2 - Richmond
2 - Charlotte
EVL:rep
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY [redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7C

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P) DATE: 12/6/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

On 11/20/79, Section Chief of the Civil Rights Section, JOHN C. LAWN, telephonically advised ASAC [redacted] of his approval in the FBI at Greensboro, N. C., providing copies of the FBI's report to the Greensboro Police Department for assistance in their murder investigations and also to the State Prosecutor's Office in their prosecution of the murder cases involved in the 11/3/79 shooting incident at Greensboro, N. C.

On 11/21/79, SA [redacted] provided copies of pertinent interviews to Colonel [redacted], of the Greensboro Police Department, for their assistance. Colonel [redacted] advised that the pertinent FD-302s would also be provided to the District Attorney's Office.

The following items were made available to the Greensboro Police Department:

In Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79, under section D, captioned "Participants in Klan/Nazi Caravan Not Arrested" - all interviews;

in section E, captioned "Media Witnesses to Incident" - all interviews;

in section F, captioned "Neighborhood Residents" - all interviews;

in section G, captioned "Victims" - all interviews;

in section I, captioned "National Socialist Party of America (NSPA)" - all interviews;

in section J, captioned "Ku Klux Klan, Winston-Salem, North Carolina" - all interviews;

44-3527-143

2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

ZTL:rep
(2)

INDEXED
FILED
DEC 6 1979
CHARLOTTE

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll

FBI/DOJ

in section K, captioned "KKK, Lincolnton, North Carolina, Area" - all interviews;

in section L, captioned "KKK, Hickory, North Carolina, Area" - all interviews.

The last paragraph on page 7 states that [redacted] guns were in his home at the time of the rally.

This is all I knew about it until recently when others apparently testified differently at the FGJ.

b6
b7C

I made no notes on my last conversation with [redacted] but I believe he told me someone else carried his gun to Greensboro. After almost 3 years I had forgotten what is in the last paragraph of this 302 so I did not challenge him.

[redacted]

[redacted] -polygraph

= 9/7 Tuesday

9 30 AM or PM

[redacted]

b6
b7C

The last paragraph on page 7 states that [redacted] guns were in his home at the time of the rally.

This is all I knew about it until recently when others apparently testified differently at the FGJ.

b6
b7C

I made no notes on my last conversation with [redacted] but I believe he told me someone else carried his gun to Greensboro. After almost 3 years I had forgotten what is in the last paragraph of this 302 so I did not challenge him.

[redacted]

[redacted] -polygraph

= 9/7 Tuesday

9 30 AM or PM

[redacted]

b6
b7C

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Class. _____ Case No. _____ Last Serial _____ Date _____

☑ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No. _____ Description of _____ Date Charged _____

453 BC 302-4 11/2
453 Orig. 323

b6
b7C

RECHARGE

To _____ From _____ Date _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

Location _____

FBI/DOJ

b6
b7C

[redacted] advised that she is not sure of [redacted] current address, but that she heard that [redacted] from [redacted], North Carolina, [redacted] was [redacted] stated that she does not have regular contact with [redacted].

[redacted] stated that she currently resides with [redacted], and that she does not want [redacted] to reflect negatively on the lives of [redacted]

b6
b7C

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Date _____

Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
[redacted]	Consent - August 9/18/82	10/27
[redacted]	[redacted]	
[redacted]	[redacted]	
[redacted]	[redacted]	
[redacted]	[redacted]	
[redacted]	[redacted]	
[redacted]	[redacted]	

b6
b7C

[redacted]

Employee

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

Date charged _____

Employee

Location

FBI/DOJ

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Date _____

Class. _____ Case No. _____ Last Serial _____

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
44	Insert	10/16/26

[redacted]

b6
b7C

[redacted]

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

Location _____

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Date _____

Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☒ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
437	BSC INSERT Re	10/21
438	BSC 302 Re	
439	Re	
440		
441		
442		
443		

[redacted]

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk { _____ Date { _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

Location _____

b6
b7C

File – Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Class. _____ Case No. _____ Last Serial _____ Date _____

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]

b6
b7C

RECHARGE

To _____ From _____ Date _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

Location _____

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Class. _____ Case No. _____ Last Serial _____ Date _____

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
1st Orig. 302		10/19
1B	"	"
2B	"	"

[redacted] b6 b7C

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

Location _____

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Class. _____ Case No. _____ Last Serial _____ Date _____

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
430		1/15
431		1/
432		

[redacted]

b6
b7C

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk _____ Date _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

Location _____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6
b7C

1 Date of transcription 11/1/82

[redacted], advised that for the fiscal year July 1, 1979, through June 30, 1982, the City of China Grove received $29,031 in Federal Revenue Sharing Funds. No other Federal money or grants were received by the City of China Grove during that fiscal year.

$2,350 of these funds were used to supplement the City of China Grove Library Program. The City of China Grove Library is located in the China Grove Community Center Building, 400 South Myrtle Street. This is the same building at which the Ku Klux Klan and Communist Workers Party confrontation took place in China Grove during July of 1979.

An additional $284 from the Federal Revenue Sharing Funds were used for improvement costs to this building. These funds were used for lights in the library. [redacted] noted that the library takes up less than one-fourth of the floor space of this building.

b6
b7C

$3,422 of the Federal Revenue Sharing Funds were used for the general operating costs of the City of China Grove. This included the maintenance buildings, streets, police departments and other departments in the city. [redacted] estimated that less than $100 of this amount was used for maintenance of the China Grove Community Center Building.

b6
b7C

Investigation on 10/29/82 at China Grove, N. C. File # CE 44A-3527 453

by SA [redacted]:swl Date dictated 11/1/82

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
NOV 1 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

w/other Cpys

Serial 454, dated 7/14/82 consisting of 229 page(s), is being deleted in its entirety. It is a(n) TRANSCRIPT from GRAND JURY to _____ captioned [redacted], and is being deleted for the following reason(s) J - 6(e).

b3

(2 copies)

Serial 455, dated 9/20/82 consisting of 8 page(s), is being deleted in its entirety. It is a(n) Letter from ATTORNEY JOHNSON to SA Kenny captioned Polygraph of [redacted] and is being deleted for the following reason(s) J - 6(e).

b6
b7C

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date of transcription 11/19/82

[redacted] b6 b7C
Lincolnton, North Carolina, (telephone [redacted]) was interviewed at her residence.

[redacted] stated that she and [redacted], joined the Ku Klux Klan several years ago. She was unable to recall any specific dates but thinks it was at least three years ago. She stated that [redacted] joined the Klan because they had heard VIRGIL GRIFFIN say that the Klan was a Christian organization and was dedicated towards returning prayer to the public schools.

She stated that [redacted] attended what she believes to be two Klan meetings. She stated that she could not recall who was present at the meetings other than VIRGIL GRIFFIN and [redacted]. b6 b7C

[redacted] was unable to recall specifically what took place at the meetings but stated that she is certain that no one ever suggested that violence should be used against any person or group.

Additionally, [redacted] stated that she could not recall ever hearing anyone named DAWSON speak at either of the Klan meetings which [redacted] attended. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that nothing was ever mentioned about taking trips to Greensboro or anywhere else at meetings she attended and that [redacted] had heard nothing about a trip to Greensboro by Klan members until they read about the shootings which took place there in the news and saw reports concerning the shootings on television.

b6
b7C

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 22 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE
[redacted]

Investigation on 11/17/82 at Lincolnton, N. C. File # w/copy CE 44A-3527-Sub A-456

by SA [redacted] JR.:swl Date dictated 11/18/82

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/19/82

[redacted], usually known as [redacted], [redacted], North Carolina, telephone number [redacted], was interviewed and furnished the following information: b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that he is employed at [redacted], North Carolina.

He stated that he and [redacted], joined the Ku Klux Klan in Lincoln County, North Carolina, about three years ago. He stated that they were recruited into the Klan by VIRGIL GRIFFIN, who lived in Lincoln County at that time. [redacted] advised that GRIFFIN recruited them into the Klan on the basis that the Klan was a "good Christian organization," which supported the return of prayer to the public schools.

[redacted] stated that, after being in the Klan a period of time which he estimated to be two or three months, [redacted] found out that there was another couple in the Klan who were not married. He stated that this couple were living together and [redacted] did not approve of this and felt that the Klan must not be a Christian organization if such behavior would be tolerated. b6 b7C

As a result of this, [redacted] dropped out of the Klan and never attended anymore meetings.

He was unable to recall the identities of the couple referred to above, and stated that he really knew very few people in the Klan other than [redacted], [redacted], usually known as [redacted], and VIRGIL GRIFFIN. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that [redacted] only attended about two meetings of the Klan in Lincoln County. He stated that they never attended any meetings at any other location.

[redacted] advised that he never did hear VIRGIL GRIFFIN or anyone else in the Klan mention violence or advocate participation in violence.

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Investigation on 11/17/82 at Lincolnton, N. C. File # CE 44A-3527-Sub A-457

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
11/18/82
NOV 22 1982
FBI — CHARLOTTE

by SA [redacted]:swl Date dictated

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(1) [redacted] w/ copies

(2) [redacted]

He stated that he is not familiar with anyone named DAWSON and definitely never heard anyone by that name speak at a Klan meeting. b6 b7C

Additionally, [redacted] stated that no trips, specifically trips to Greensboro, North Carolina, were discussed at any Klan meeting at which he was present and he had no knowledge of the incident at Greensboro, North Carolina, in which people were killed until he heard about it on the news.

[redacted] stated that the main things that he heard discussed at Klan meetings pertained to "putting prayer back into the schools" and similar type things. He again stated that he definitely never heard anyone mention participating in violence against any person or group.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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1

Date of transcription 11/22/82

[redacted], known as [redacted], North Carolina (telephone [redacted]) was telephonically interviewed. He stated that he preferred to furnish information over the telephone since he would be at work and preferred not to disclose his work location.

[redacted] stated that he was living and working in Stanley, North Carolina, in 1979. He was employed at [redacted] and had become acquainted with VIRGIL GRIFFIN, who also worked there. He stated that GRIFFIN frequently talked about the Ku Klux Klan and that he, [redacted], had "ridden around some" with GRIFFIN and had attended a few meetings. He did not know exactly how many meetings but stated that there were not many meetings that he had actually attended.

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[redacted] stated that he became disillusioned with GRIFFIN because GRIFFIN was a "double talker." He explained that GRIFFIN did not always do what he said he was going to do.

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[redacted] stated that even though he had attended several meetings of the Klan, he never heard GRIFFIN or anyone else mention anything about taking a trip to Greensboro, North Carolina. He also stated that he never heard GRIFFIN or anyone else mention any violence or advocate violence toward anyone.

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[redacted] stated that he knew nothing about any trip to Greensboro until he heard about the shootings that had occurred there on the news and from other local individuals in the Stanley area who had seen it on the news.

Additionally, [redacted] stated that he did not ever recall hearing of anyone named EDDIE DAWSON.

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Investigation on 11/19/82 at Stanley, NC (telephonic) File # CE 44A-3527 - Sub A - 458

by SA [redacted]:swl Date dictated 11/19/82

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted]
NOV 23 1982

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(1)
(2)

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription 11/26/82

On November 22, 1982, [redacted], North Carolina, [redacted], home telephone [redacted], work telephone [redacted], furnished the following information after having been advised of the identities of the interviewing Agents and the purpose of the inquiry. [redacted] was advised that this investigation is being conducted at the request of the United States Department of Justice. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that she is [redacted], and that their [redacted], 1982. She advised that she believed [redacted] was at one time a member of the Ku Klux Klan, but that she has no idea if he is still a member.

[redacted] advised that she is not and has never been a member of the Invisible Empire of the North Carolina Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (KKK), but that she did attend one meeting, and perhaps a half dozen "rallies" with [redacted]. She recalled that there was some discussion and encouragement for her to join the KKK, but that she was not interested because of the members' negative attitude toward blacks. b6 b7C

b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that she did not recall exactly how [redacted] first became interested in the activities of the KKK, but that in 1978, he somehow obtained a "card" to apply for membership. She advised that she did not recall exactly who contacted [redacted] in reference to the application, but that she believed that first contact was made by telephone in late 1978 or early 1979.

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Investigation on 11/22/82 at Charlotte, N.C. File # CE 44A-3527 - SUBA - 459

by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] :MB/pss Date dictated 11/23/82

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[redacted] advised that the only KKK "paraphernalia" she knew that [redacted] owned was a Klan robe. She stated that she saw him wearing it only once, and that she is not sure if it is still in his possession. [redacted] stated that she had no knowledge of a KKK membership card. She advised that literature was passed out at the rallies she attended with [redacted] but that she is no longer in possession of that literature. She stated that she had no knowledge of the American Nazi Party.

[redacted] was asked about her contact with VIRGIL GRIFFIN. b6 b7C She advised that she met GRIFFIN several times at his home during social gatherings. She stated that these meetings were also attended by [redacted], and that they took place before the shooting incident in Greensboro in November, 1979. She advised that she did not know if [redacted] had a position of power or authority within the KKK, but that GRIFFIN and other Klan members called frequently requesting favors. [redacted] stated that many times these favors would include driving or running errands for GRIFFIN. She stated that Klan members would call frequently, and that sometimes she had no idea what transpired during the conversations.

[redacted] stated that she recalled the day that [redacted] b6 b7C was going to Greensboro, and she advised she was not interested in going with him. She advised that her memory of how [redacted] got to Greensboro was hazy. She stated that she could have taken him to VIRGIL GRIFFIN's house, but that she is not sure. She advised that she could not recall a mention or display of weapons in reference to the Greensboro trip. [redacted] stated that she did not see [redacted] carry a weapon with him, but advised that he could have concealed one or taken one out of their car without her knowledge.

[redacted] advised that she was out shopping the day of the shooting, and did not hear about the incident until late in the day. She advised that [redacted] did not call or contact her b6 b7C until a week later.

[redacted] was asked about her knowledge of some people who have been identified as having been present at meetings of the Lincolnton Unit of the KKK. She advised that she did not know [redacted], that she did know [redacted] and [redacted], and [redacted] and that the name [redacted] b6 b7C sounded familiar.

[redacted] stated that she was not "active" in the KKK meetings or rallies, but some other women were. She advised that she went along with [redacted] just to be with him, and that there was no pressure for her to "get involved". She advised that there was a b6 b7C "cross burning" at one KKK rally she attended at the Lincoln County Fairgrounds. [redacted] stated that VIRGIL GRIFFIN and others spoke at the rally which was attended by about 100 people. She advised that members "passed out literature and mainly talked about blacks" at that gathering.

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Date _____
Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No.	Description of Serial	Date Charged
445	BSC of 302 re [redacted]	10/18/26
446	" " " [redacted]	10/18/26
447	" " " [redacted]	" "
448	BSC Lastly	10/27
449	BSC 302	
450	" "	
451	" "	
452	" "	
456	BSC 302 [redacted]	11/22

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[redacted]

Employee

RECHARGE Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk { _____ Date { _____

Date charged _____

Employee _____

Location _____

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 6/14/82

On April 28, 1982, [redacted] was interviewed at Winston-Salem, North Carolina. A transcript of the interview is as follows:

Investigation on 4/28/82 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 44-3527 - SUB A

by SA [redacted] / mst Date dictated 4/28/82

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Okay, this is [redacted] I'm a Special Agent with the Federal Bureau of Investigation assigned to Greensboro, N. Carolina. This is Winston-Salem, N. Carolina, on April 28, 1982, the time now is approximately 11:10 A.M. in the morning. This is the interview of [redacted] Please identify yourself for the recording.

[redacted]

My name is [redacted] for the Grand Jury Justice Fund, and I'd like to note I'm objecting to the way (unintelligible).

My name is [redacted] Attorney for (unintelligible).

[redacted] Attorney, for the Western Division, U.S. Department of Justice.

Okay, [redacted] would you please state your full name?

[redacted]

And where do you live, [redacted]

[redacted]

And for how long have you lived there?

Approximately [redacted] years.

Okay, so in November 1979, were you residing at that address?

Yes.

Okay. Fine. In that same period of time were you employed?

Yes, I was.

And what were you doing?

I was a [redacted]

A what now?

[redacted] Hospital.

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[redacted]

A li..a li technician type thing?

Right.

[redacted] thing? (Laugh)

Right. A[redacted]

(Laugh) Okay. Ah, for how long a period did you work with the [redacted]

I've been there five years...almost five years.

Okay. And in your employment were you involved in any kind of union activity?

Uhhh yeah, I was involved in helping organizing the the union in 1959.

Uh, was there a specific type union for [redacted] or was it..

No, it was

...for all technicians?

Hospital workers.

Okay. And uh, did you have any kind of official position in that union activity or were you just one of the organizers?

No official position.

Okay. So, tell us more about your activities in attempting to uh, get a union for the employees of [redacted]

Well, ah..I wasn't really that much involved in the actual organizing. I would help leaflet that it was through, uh, uh, hearing about the union that you know union organizing that I met (unintelligible) Calsay and uh, uh, basically all I did was, was leaflet and talk to people and uh, was involved in doing (unintelligible).

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In 1979, were you married?

The end of 79...

The end of..

September 79.

Okay, and your husband's name?

[redacted]

Okay, was your husband employed in that period of time?

Yes.

Was he also employed at [redacted]

No.

And where was he employed?

[redacted] (unintelligible)

Okay, was your husband at that time prior to your marriage involved in union activity also?

Specific union activity, you mean....trying to organize the union organize (unintelligible) but I know that he has been, he has been involved in it for a long time to try to organize it (unintelligible)

Well, were your..were you and your future husband at that time associated together in your union activitiy at [redacted] Did you know each other there?

I didn't know him through the union activity there. No, but as for leafletting, he'd help us leaflet. We'd leaflet and that was about...that was his involvement. You talking specifically about [redacted]

Uh huh, yes. Okay. Okay, in your union activities and during this period you said you came to meet Mr. Cesar Corsay? Who else did you meet...ah in that activitiy?

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Well..ah

Relative to the proceedings, yeah.

Well they were other people that were organizing at [redacted] There was a big organizing committee. My memory of it of exactly who it was...Duke.

[redacted]?

His direct involvement in organizing union, I don't know of.. Now I've heard of a group called Friends of 77 that I believe [redacted] was.. [redacted] had organized. and or helped organize it working with but I was not that involved at the time.

How about Dr. Nathan?

Uh, I knew that he was helping also.

Would you please explain 77?

Uh, Friends 77 is was an organization uh, to deport organized (unintelligible) Local 77 that was already union active and it was made up of other organizations and unions outside of [redacted] (unintelligible).

Okay. Did there come a time in 1979 or prior to that that you became active in any kind of political or social active groups in Durham?

Well I uh, actual specific groups?

Did you ever (unintelligible) from the workers view-point Organization?

I became familiar with people working with ah, with them.

Okay, was that in 1979?

Why, I couldn't tell you the month exactly.

Okay, but particularly with Cesar Corsay?

Uh huh.

Okay, did you ever become an active member yourself in that organization? Did you attend meetings for example?

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Uh, some forums I, I go to that were (unintelligible)

Okay, fine. Did it come a time then in 1979 where through your associations in the union activity and/or through your associations in attending forums with the Workers Viewpoint Organization that you became aware of a rise in Klan activity in the State of N. Carolina?

Yes, through various ways, through the media and talking to people.

Okay, fine. Please explain in your words how you became aware of it and what knowledge you had about the growth of Klan activity in that period.

Uh, well particularly at Duke, uh, one of the things that uh Duke, that really made me conscious of the Klan and...and the racist type things that they use and Cesar really talked to me a lot about it with uh, with uh, Duke really made an effort and conscious effort it seemed to supervisors right down from management to to really divide people up along racist lines and uh, uh, you know it was Cesar that really talked to me about that how that, that's what management and the Klan does to uh, to divide people up and keep unions out, and that's when - I became more conscious of, of, you know that kind of racism in the Klan and uh, and just particularly I remember and I don't remember the date, I remember reading and talking to some people about this United Fund, uh, of Klans and Nazi of the United Racist Front of being organized, you know all races come together to fight union activists and whatever. So that, you know that you know one particular thing I remember its hard for me to, for me to put exactly you know what incident happened to make me aware of Klan activity.

Okay. Were you

It, it was in the papers all the time.

Okay. Other than the news media and talks you had with Mr. Corsay, did you have any kind of personal experience in which the Klan would have been involved?

No.

Okay. Uh, did you become aware of an incident which occurred at the Forsyth Library in February 1979,

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involving Klan having a conference or a rally there showing their sheets and stuff like that?

No.

(Unintelligible)(Laugh) Okay, did there come a time then around July 1979, when you became aware of a rally that the Klan was going to have in China Grove regarding a recruiting drive?

Right.

Okay. Tell us how you became aware of that?

Um, through the media for one and I talked, Cesar talked to me about it and uh, all I knew was that they were going to be showing a racist film to try to recruit Klan in that area and uh, what I knew was that the people of the community were very outraged about it and were organizing a demonstration against the Klan showing the film and I agreed that that was a good thing that people in N. Carolina do need to take a stand against the Klan and uh, helped to organize people in Durham to go down to participate.

Okay, tell us what you did.

Leafletted communities, uh, put up leaflets on bulletin boards at my work place. Now, talk to people about it.

Okay, did there come a time then when you, you saw (unintelligible) China Grove?

Yes.

Okay, when was that?

July 8, I think was the date the demonstration..

Is that the first day you were there was July 8, 1979?

Yes.

Okay, tell us what occurred that day.

Uh, a long time ago its hard for me exactly the specifics. Uh, I went down there uh, and we came we went to the black communities center and at that, at that, thats where people organized to march over to the uh, the community center where the film was being showed. Uh, we marched, uh, down

the street. One thing particularly I do very well remember is the Klan caravan passing by us giving us dirty looks and uh, dirty hand gestures, uh whether they actually uh, heckled us, that I don't remember. Uh, they passed us, they passed us uh, by and shortly after that we got to the community center they were showing the film. When we got there and, and, all, everybody marched up to the front uh, the Klan came out, uh, cops were out there, whether, I don't remember whether the cops were already out there or not. Uh, people started agitating the Klan. The Klan uh, how many of them I don't remember. Seemed like five or six Klansmen there might have been more. All had shotguns, uh, people were agitating them uh, then uh, somebody burned, took their Confederate flag and burned it and uh, thats when one of the Klansmen, uh, I don't know who uh, kind of darted out with his gun like he was going to attack people. People uh, moved back and somebody, somebody either a policeman or, or a Klan, you know the Klansmen grabbed him and pulled him away. Uh, then we left. We, we, agitated a little bit more stomped on the flag and marched around the community center and back to the black community.

Okay, tell me what you mean by agitating a little bit more.

Chanted. I'm not sure exactly what, exactly the chants were.

Okay.

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Uh, death to the Klan, uh, other than that I don't remember, you know any particular chant.

During these chants did you get any type of exchange coming from those who were identified as Klan on the porch. Did..would..would they say anything back to you?

I don't remember.

Okay, do you now know any individual who was on that date among the Klan that you can identify by name?

No.

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Have you ever seen photographs of what occurred at China Grove?

I have seen photographs of the Klan standing up there and of the demonstration, but ..

Are any of those individuals now familiar to you from later news coverage identifying them?

No.

Okay. In the group that you were with uh, what were the people carrying?

A few sticks.

Okay. And you saw (unintelligible)carrying placards and stuff like that?

Any kind of what?

Placards.

I don't remember that either. Probably uh, I don't remember. You mean posters, I don't, no I don't remember.

Okay. Other than the sticks did you see any kind of firearms being carried by any of the demonstrators?

No.

Did you see any firearms at any time while you were present at the community center other than what the Klan had?

No. (Unintelligible)

Okay, and what happened after that after the agitation and burning of the flag.

We went back to the, we marched around the community center and back to the black community.

Okay. And what happened after you got back?

It was like a rally people getting (unintelligible) we sang.

Okay. At any time did you see weapons in the community?

Not that I remember. I've seen, I've seen pictures of China Grove, uh, where there were weapons, some kind of weapons, but my memory of it is real vague. I don't remember any weapons.

And how long did you stay in China Grove after the rally?

We left after the rally.

What time was that?

I don't know.

Okay. Was there any problem before you left, any kind of confrontation with Klan or anything like that? Any kind of disturbance?

No, just the caravan..

That was..

That was (unintelligible).

That was..

And they were obviously being, uh, you know, being real antagonistic towards us...I do remember that..uh.

This is by their gestures?

Yeah, their gestures. They rolled down the windows I don't know whether they were heckling us, I don't remember its a long time ago.

Okay, after China Grove, did there come a time when when plans were made to have a rally and conference in Greensboro?

I'm not sure of the exact date the plans were made to have a rally.

Okay. Just tell us to the best of your knowledge what took place that led up to the rally here in Greensboro November 3rd.

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Well, I just, what I remember is uh, uh, to Cesar talking to me about a rally in (unintelligible) Now, I know I, I helped leaflet for that and uh, helping to organize (unintelligible).

Okay, where did you do your leafletting for that rally?

Duke.

Duke.

We (unintelligible) Duke. That's all, I, I might have done some more but I don't remember. Yeah, we went into the community, that's right, we sure did.

Into which community?

Uh, uh, over by in east (unintelligible) near downtown.

Is that a predominately black area?

Integrated area.

No one race is predominate in it?

Certain sections might be uh, more, uh, black population, but uh, I do remember that, that it was an intergrated neighborhood (unintelligible).

You classify it more as a working neighborhood?

Yeah. Definitely.

Okay. Okay. Tell us did you ever attend any meetings or conferences at, at Durham relative to the November 3rd rally?

Yeah, I was at a conference.

Okay, what took place at, what took place in that conference?

Mainly it was talk, mainly the purpose of it was to talk about significant uh, people taking a stand against the Klan. Uh, you know, people drew out the united racist front and that it was important uh, uh, for us to go and make a statement in N. Carolina that there is resistance and that the people in N. Carolina do not want the Klan and uh, thats basically (unintelligible) and thats basically what the meeting was about.

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Okay. During this meeting, was there any conversation regarding the fact that the Klan might come to this demonstration in Greensboro?

Yeah, uh, somebody, I remember somebody from the audience asked, well what if the Klan comes and basically uh, the attitude was that they were not going to come, that this was the day for, you know, for the, for the people of N. Carolina and the, the children to come and, and say no to the Klan, you know.

Okay, who gave that response if you recall?

I don't know, it could have been [redacted] I'm not sure.

Okay, (unintelligible) was there then that was uh, generally back in having this conversation with the uh, other group. [redacted] (unintelligible)

(Unintelligible) Well people were ... it was an open discussion, it was just a open discussion, I think [redacted] was, [redacted] was probably speaking (unintelligible)

How about Mr. Corsay?

Yeah. Cesar was there too.

How about Dr. Nathan, was he there?

I don't remember.

How about Sandra Smith?

I don't think so.

Okay. Did you know Sandra Smith at that time?

I knew of her, from her union, from her work in the union but I didn't know her.

Okay. How about [redacted]

I knew of him, I, I don't believe I knew him at that time.

Okay. So do you now speak to Sandra Smith or [redacted] was there at this conference?

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To my knowledge it, it could have been there, I really don't remember.

Okay. They did not play a more active role by discussing peoples anxieties or fears about the Klan coming and people saying that they were not going to come, you know, that type of thing. They were not involved in an exchange to your knowledge?

No, not you mean [redacted] and Sandy?

Yeah.

Not to my knowledge.

Okay. Tell us about what plans were made on the night of November 2 for coming to Greensboro. Did you attend any meeting on November 2 about getting ready to come over to Greensboro for the conference?

That, uh, that might have been the meeting that I'm talking about.

Okay.

Thats the night before.

Night before. Okay, fine. Tell us then what happened on the morning of November 3. Narrative form, exactly what you did that day.

Okay. I got up, I went to the bookstore, the Break the Chain bookstore and uh, uh, people were getting ready to go down in a caravan down to Greensboro. Uh, I, I know that I had, I'm pretty sure I brought the, my truck, my husband's truck over there and people were putting signs in there and everybody..we all went down, bunch of people went down uh, I drove to Windsor community.

Okay, now, did you drive [redacted] truck at that time?

No.

Okay. Who drove [redacted] truck?

I'm not, I'm not 100 per cent sure, but I think it was Calsay.

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Okay. Did you travel with him in that truck?

No.

Okay. But you did see the truck there that morning?

Absolutely.

Okay. And you saw people loading the truck? Okay. Do you recall whether or not there was a shotgun in the vehicle at that time?

There, uh, that I'm not sure of either. Uh, now [redacted] shotgun often in the gun rack in the front of the car, in the front of the truck. Whether it was there particularly that day I really don't remember, uh, it seems to me that I would be conscious of it, uh, I was not familiar with guns at all and I was afraid of guns and it, I had driven the truck and if there was a loaded gun in the truck I would probably have been more conscious of it and I just really don't remember.

Okay, but you didn't drive the truck though?

I drove the truck to the bookstore, I'm pretty sure of that.

Okay. Would it be a matter of custom that [redacted] would normally keep the gun you said in the rack there?

He kept it there sometimes.

Sometimes?

Uh huh.

But you have no recollection of seeing it there the morning of November 3rd?

No.

Okay. Uh, I assume you gave the keys to Mr. Corsay, then, if he drove it..

Yeah, I asked him to drive it.

Okay.

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Because it was such a big tru..it was a big truck and I was not very good at driving it, so I asked somebody you know, I remember specifically asking if somebody else would drive it.

Okay, fine, and you then came up with another group?

Uh, yeah, I went down in a car.

Okay. Who, who'd you come with?

I don't remember that.

You came with [redacted]

No.

Okay. Okay, and what time did you arrive in Greensboro, to the best of your knowledge?

15 minutes before the demonstration was supposed to start, I don't remember the exact time.

Okay, did you stop any place before you came to the Windsor community?

No.

The group you were with went directly to the Windsor community?

Right.

Approximately how many were in that group?

From Durham?

That you came with friends.

Fifteen, I don't remember exactly.

Okay. Approximately how many vehicles would be involved then?

Four, I think. I think there were four.

And that group was all from Durham and came directly through Windsor community.

Right.

Okay, and what did you do when you got to the Windsor community?

Uh, got out of the cars and uh, people were already at the Windsor community un, giving speeches and uh, uh, chanting and uh, well you want me to uh, tell you the whole story?

Please, yes.

Okay. Cesar said that he would uh, uh, he was, he was going to go over to Morningside to bring the posters that were in the truck..in the truck so he said was going to drive over there and bring the posters. So we uh, I stayed there, we chanted and we were all getting ready to march, I remember there was uh, an unmarked cop car in the parking lot that was taking pictures of us. There was uh, another cop car on the other side maybe one or two. Uh, they were taking pictures of us and uh, uh, we, you know, we, uh, we didn't especially appreciate that, I remember that. Uh. People were giving speeches and Cesar left and the next thing I remember is sirens, sirens, sirens. Just sirens going crazy. And I remember saying uh, a friend of mine said what in the world is that? And I remember very, very specifically saying oh, its the cops harassing people, like they had been, you know, they had been taking pictures of us and I, you know, the last thing on my mind was that something like what happened could have happened that the Klan would have shown up. And thats what happened.

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Okay.

The entire frame I really don't know..

When did you become aware of the fact that the shootings had occurred?

It was shortly after that someone came over to tell us to go, to get out, uh, for all of..we didn't know whether the Klan was headed over our way or what, uh, and, and, whoever that was said someone had been murdered. But who we didn't know.

Okay. On November 3rd, did you own a weapon? You personally?

No.

Okay. Did you bring any kind of weapon with you, from Durham to Greensboro?

No.

Okay. At the Windsor community, did you see anybody in possession of weapons?

I don't remember.

Well [redacted] any questions about the (unintelligible)?

Going back to China Grove, when you were in uh, you know where they were going to show the films, where were you positioned (unintelligible) were you up close or...

Right up front. To the left.

Okay, and when you say the marchers agitated the Klan you mean...

Chanted, right. Many people were mad about seeing the Klan there, so, uh, you know, agitational chants.

Okay, now you said you leafletted at Duke and the community in Durham prior to November 3rd. Did you do any other (unintelligible) any other kind of organization or activity in Durham before the march in Greensboro?

Talking to people.

Did any of you talk to in the community raise the possibility that there might be violence and that the Klan might come?

I don't remember that.

Um, did you ever go to Greensboro (unintelligible)

No.

Now you discussed the meeting that you attended in Durham. Was that on November 2?

I don't remember. I think so.

Did you attend more than one meeting?

My recollection of it is very vague. I remember, I remember, uh, leafletting way before, uh, the actual demonstration. As for a meeting, uh, you know, around it, I think it was November 2, but I, I can't really tell you for sure.

You know people were making posters (unintelligible).

Yeah, I think so.

Was there any discussion during that meeting about bringing firearms, or stipulation pretty (unintelligible). Can you tell us what the nature of that discussion was?

Just that uh, we, you know, we didn't, you know there was (unintelligible) that we couldn't bring arms.

Uh, were you aware of any pre-arrangement that, that your husband [redacted] might have made with Cesar Corsay to provide his truck to use to transport the sound system?

Not that I remember, cause what, the thing that's fishy about it is that uh, I remember very specifically saying I don't want to drive the truck, cause I, I just assumed I was going to drive the truck down cause it was mine, my husband's truck. And specifically, you know, it wasn't like anything conscious, just ah, spontanious..like I don't want to drive the thing, Cesar will you drive it? So as for pre-arrangement uh, I really don't think it could have been, but

But there might have been that you just weren't aware of.

Could have been.

Uh, okay, now you say when you were at Windsor Center, you saw an unmarked car, uh, (unintelligible) uh, then you said one or two more police cars. Were they marked uh, vehicles?

(Sigh) I think, I think they were uh, marked vehicles.

And at any time were you, while you were at Windsor Center did you meet with any police officers?

Personally or...

(Unintelligible)

No.

Did any police officers (unintelligible).

Not personally, I don't think so.

Did you see police speaking with anybody within the group?

(Unintelligible)

Did you see them (unintelligible) anyone?

I don't remember. You know, it could have I just don't remember.

Do, do you remember or do you have any recollection of who it was who came from (unintelligible).

To somebodies house.

So you never at any time remember where you went (unintelligible)?

No.

Do you have any questions you want to ask her about?

We have just some general questions uh, [redacted] First do you have any personal knowledge that you could testify to, of any involvement of any Greensboro police officer in the events which occurred prior to or November 3rd?

Specific facts, no I don't have any.

Okay

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I have a lot of questions about it based on...

This is, is your time you can raise the questions and give us the uh, your source of information that raises those questions.

Well, uh, the, the fact, you know, the facts of uh, that [redacted] was part of the caravan that was part of the planning uh, and had been known to be an FBI informant or questions of why were policemen not even at the place uh, they were where we were...uh, at Windsor. Questions about uh, [redacted] who was known to be involved in uh, you know, to be uh, infiltrating the Klan, Nazis at the time, uh, that kind of question to me uh, is something that should be answered. I know its not, I don't have any facts about uh, uh, their actual role in (unintelligible) and there should be a lot of questions regarding that.

Okay, fine.

Okay, [redacted] do you have any personal knowledge as to the involvement of any federal agents, thats an agent of the Department of Justice, the FBI, ATF, or any other government agency, as to their involvement in the events of November 3rd, prior to that date or afterwards?

Well, just uh, [redacted] role.

Okay. Again personal knowledge first and then any questions that you want answered as to their involvement we'd put that on the record too.

Questions that I want answered?

Yeah, as first, your personal knowledge, anything you could testify to.

I don't have that much knowledge about it. What I do know that it would, that uh, uh, [redacted] has infiltrated the Klan and Nazis' and uh, yeah, I'd like to know uh, a lot of things about uh, [redacted] role. I'd like to know uh, uh, you know there's been rumors all around that uh, that he planned that, that he, you know told who was going to be murdered. The CWP five were all, you know, leaders of the CWP and uh, union activists and uh, the Klan just doesn't know that kind of person. You know, so to me it, I'd like to know

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those kind of things, that kind of things.

Okay. Is there anything else that you want to bring to our attention that you want to uh, have this grand jury make an inquiry into again relative to the events of November 3rd, prior to it and afterwards?

The only thing I have to say is uh, uh, as to the kind of harrassment that we got after November 3rd uh, we were the victims and my [redacted] uh, you know, Cesar, my friend got shot. [redacted] I (unintelligible) my baby. You know, we were the victim and every where we went we were followed, we were, pictures were taken of us. If, if the cop car didn't stay with us uh, they moved on and another one picked us up every where we went. It was just total harrassment. KKK was written on my door uh, the kind of harrassment that we got uh, you know.

Okay. I assume your referring to the police in Durham, now?

Yeah.

As compared to the police in Greensboro, because you live in Durham?

Right.

Okay.

How long did that type of activity go on (unintelligible)?

A couple of weeks definitely. But especially uh, right, the week following November 3rd. I couldn't go anywhere and my husband couldn't go anywhere without being stopped having my picture taken, uh, you know, uh, our house was, there was a car in front of our house all the time. That kind of harrassment really, really makes me angry. You know, I didn't, you know I wasn't even (unintelligible) was shot, and we get harrassed.

Okay. Is there anything else? Okay, this concludes the interview of [redacted] It's now approximately 11:45 A.M. April 28, 1982. Thank you very much.

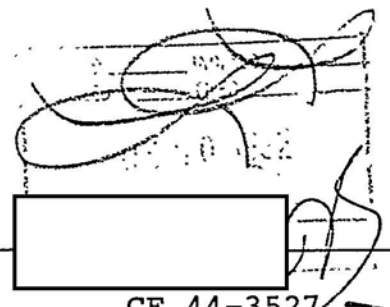
FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 6/15/82

On April 15, 1982, [redacted] was interviewed at Durham, North Carolina. A transcript of the interview of [redacted] is as follows:



[redacted]

Investigation on 4/15/82 at Durham, N. C. File # CE 44-3527 - SUB A

402

by SA [redacted] mst Date dictated 4/15/82

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[redacted]

[redacted] This is an interview with Marty Nathan on April 15, 1982, at Durham, North Carolina. I am [redacted] Attorney with the Civil Rights Division, United States Department of Justice. I'll ask each individual in the room to identify themselves now.

My name is [redacted] ..a lawyer with the Greensboro Justice Fund.

[redacted] lawyer with the Greensboro Justice Fund.

[redacted] United States Attorney for the Middle District of North Carolina.

[redacted] Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C.

[redacted] Attorney, Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice.

[redacted] will you identify yourself please for the tape?

[redacted] ah...

Where do you currently reside please?

Durham, North Carolina.

And...are you currently employed?

No I am not.

What is your current address in Durham?

[redacted]

How long have you lived there?

For...almost four years.

November of '79 then you were residing at the same address that you now reside, is that correct?

That's right.

And at that time you were residing there with your husband, Doctor [redacted] is that correct?

Yeah, and my [redacted]

In 1979 were you employed?

Ah...yes I was. For the first part of 1979.

Where were you employed?

[redacted]

there...employed there up to about two months after my child was born.

When was that?

That was...I was ah...let's see, that would have been July of 1979. My child was born in April of '79.

Okay. Ah...I take it you took some time off?

Uh huh.

For the birth of your child.

Right, a month. And then after that.

Okay. What was the nature of your employment?

As a doctor.

Okay. So you're a licensed Medical Practitioner is that correct?

Yes.

Ah...in 1979, how was your husband employed and where?

He was a doctor at Lincoln Community Health Center.

And that's here in Durham?

In Durham, yeah.

In the course of your employment were you involved in any sort of union activities?

Ah...no, I wasn't. Ah...no I wasn't. I was...did some support work that really wasn't...didn't...wasn't involved in any union activity myself.

What kind of support work did you do?

Well, I...helped my husband, who was involved and himself supporting some of the unionization and worker efforts of Durham County General Hospital. He was involved in, I think it was called Durham County Workers Association. I can't remember for sure.

And what were they attempting to achieve at that point?

Well, some of the people who worked in laundry had been contaminated. Ah...by..had..had conversion..P P D conversions which means that they had been...they'd gotten T.B. And ah...it was assumed that that was..had happened because they were working with varied...with soiled linen that had not been...you know, ah...that had not been cleaned before the ah...they were handling it. And ah...Michael, because he worked for Durham County General and also because he was interested in worker safety and health ah...helped in the formation of that Workers Association to protest that contamination. b6 b7C

So...was the Workers Association attempting ah...to form a union for the workers?

It was talked about ah...and I don't know where it would have gone, you know, if had not November 3, happened but, you know, a lot of people were talking about it. It was a very popular idea.

The Workers Association that your husband was involved in was ah...ongoing in it's efforts on November 3, 1979, then?

As I remember, yeah.

Did either you or your husband have any other involvement with union activity in North Carolina, in 1979?

Ah...Michael...in 1979....no. Not in 1979, I don't believe. We had..had a longer, long term, Michael more than I, interest and support in ah...activities of ah...hospital workers, organizing here at Duke but that wasn't so active in 1979

In the Workers Association that your husband was involved in...

Uh huh.

In 1979...ah was there any issue of race involved?

Oh yeah! Most of the workers who were contaminated who work in laundry, I think maybe all of them were Black. That's the way I remember but I'm not so sure. And like I said, I was supporting him, who was doing the work.

Uh huh.

Ah...and so, there was the question of Black workers being given the most menial of jobs and being ah...being exposed to the dangers of contamination..ah...within the hospital and Durham County was completely refusing to do anything about that. And that was pointed out during the..the ah...Workers Association.

To what extent was the media coverage of this Workers Association and their efforts?

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I can't remember very well...they had a picket out at the Durham County Hospital Corporation Picnic, which was.... my memory is really terrible. I can't remember when it was but it was in 1979. Ah...and I'm pretty sure there was a media coverage of that. I'm not sure whether my husband was filmed during that, I'm really not sure.

And do you know to what extent your husband's name was associated with the efforts of the Workers Association in the public media?

I really don't know. I don't remember. I just don't know.

Were either you or your husband involved in or associated with any politically active group in 1979?

Yeah. Both of us were working in 1979, with a couple of groups. I was working with African Liberation's Support Committee ah...which in the work that I was doing ah...was supporting the right of Black people to quality education. And ah...I also was involved in the Committee for Medical Aid which was sort of...was really tightly linked to African Liberations Support Committee. Ah...sending medical supplies, Mike and I worked together sending medical supplies to ah...to refugees and freedom fighters in Mosembique...ah..during the time of..of ah...the struggle for liber...liberation in Rhodesia.

With regard to your activities concerning the education issue with the African Liberation Support Committee, ah...to what extent...was that first of all here in Durham County?

Yes. Yes it was.

To what extent was that covered by the..the public media?

It was covered a lot! But, I don't think that my participation was covered. It was...it was a big issue. The whole question was the competency test. It was a big issue.

And that, I take it from what you said that centered on a racial issue. Is that correct?

Ah...I made that....it had a big racial component but it was a question of quality education for..you know, all people, all students in public schools. But there was a big racial component to it...because ah...Black students more often ah...fail the competency test.

Any other groups that you were associated with or involved with?

I don't think so.

Did you have any association with, involvement in or were you a member of the Workers Viewpoint in 1979?

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No. I mean, I..I was not a member of. I knew people who were in it and...

Okay. What about your husband...and groups that he was involved with or associated with?

Same with him.

African, African Liberation Support Committee. Was he involved in that?

Yeah.

And he was involved in the medical aid to.....

Uh huh.

Ah...Mosembique?

In Africa.

Okay. And to what extent was his involvement in either of those groups covered by the public media?

As far as I know it wasn't. I really...I don't think it was.

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Was your husband a member of Workers Viewpoint in 1979?

No. No.

Ah...now you mentioned that you had some friends who were members of Workers Viewpoint in 1979. Who are those people please?

Give us a second to chat.

Sure. Okay. Go ahead.

Ah...I knew [redacted] and [redacted] (phonetic) and ah...I had met [redacted] and ah...I knew [redacted]

Did your husband also know these persons?

Yeah. Yeah.

Ah...did you participate in any activities that the Workers Viewpoint Organization also participated in in 1979.

Ah...Yeah.

Which activities?

Several. Ah...the Workers Viewpoint were involved in the Competency Test Work. It was ah...it was involved it organized the..the Klan...the Anti- Klan Conference and march on November 3 and I was...I was there at Winsor.

Was your husband also involved in any activities that the Workers Viewpoint Organization was involved in?

Uh huh.

Which activities?

Yeah, he was involved...we were in the same ones essentially.

Okay. To what extent was ah...the Workers Viewpoint Organizations involvement of the Competency Test issue? Ah...Public knowledge or ah...portrayed in in the public media.

Gosh, that's so long ago. Ah...I really don't remember. Ah...I think it was known that the Workers Viewpoint was involved in it but I'm really not sure. I'm not sure that it was an issue. You know. It was certainly not hidden but I don't know. You know. I can't remember how much was discussed.

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Okay. Now were you aware of the Workers Viewpoint Organization's efforts in various union activities throughout the State of North Carolina?

Yes.

Did you participate in any of those?

Ah...if you're speaking of textiles no I did not. Ah...like I said, I had supported in the past with ah...hospital organizations at Duke. Ah...but I really, I just knew about what was going on in textiles and really wasn't involved in that at all.

Okay. Anything else about activities that you were associated in, associated with or ah...union activities that ah...you think are relevant that you think you should tell us about?

Well, I knew what was...I knew Jim Waller (phonetic) as well. Ah....and I had had not seen...I had known him for a long time. Ah...and I had seen what he had done out in Haw River at Granta Plant (phonetic) and I admired that incredibly because my father had been ah union president. And ah...I knew the kind of pressures then, you know, restraints on people trying to organize good solid unions. And I saw the building of the..the union at Haw River is, really, almost awe inspiring. He really did a good job. And ah...I know the repression that came down on him after on..on the union afterwards and I saw their attempts to form ah..ah..ah..I watched their attempts to form ah..ah..independent union and you know, I thought, I just was...I really admired what they were doing but I really didn't have much to do with it.

You say the ah...pressures that existed afterward are you referring to pressures after November 3, 1979?

No. Well, I was talking about ah...after the strike, about Jim getting fired by the company and ah...yeah, and then ultimately November 3.

Did there come a time that ah...you became involved in activities concerning the Klan and Anti-Klan demonstrations? Approximately when was that and how?

I guess that it must have been...I was trying to remember...it must have been in October of '79. Ah...prior to November 3.

Did you have an involvement in any of the activities that ah..led up to China Grove?

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Yeah I did. I went down to...I'm trying to remember if this was one trip or two. I think it was just one. Ah...went down to Kannapolis and did some leafleting in Cannon Mills, where actually I had been earlier, you know, years before doing Brown Lung screening. Ah...and I also was present at the press conference in Kannapolis prior to November 3., and I didn't really participate I just went and watched.

Okay. Ah...let me see if I can clarify something now...ah..my question was ah...prior to the incident in China Grove on July....

I'm sorry. Excuse me. This is all prior to November 3, yeah, like I...no I didn't have anything to do with China Grove.

So these activities that you described including the leafleting at..at Kannapolis was prior to November 3, in October?

In October. Right.

I see.

Before we continue that...can I ask a question?

Certainly

Did Michael or Jim have involvement in the Brown Lung Association?

Yeah. They sure did.

So that would be another active political organization that they took part in?

Right. Well, Jim was the founding member of the Brown Lung Association and Jim and [redacted] together pulled me into ah...the Brown Lung Screening a few years ago. That...I'm sorry, (inaudible) Ah...and we had done screening of textile workers back in '76, '77 ah...and I had worked with Jim and [redacted] both, then. Michael had worked with me to.

And you said that was in Kannapolis?

Yes. It was much earlier. It was in 70...I believe '77.

Was there ah...any association of the W.V.O. with those activities?

I don't think the W.V.O. existed then. I'm not sure.

To what extent was...were those activities ah...ah...mentioned in the public media?

Ah...I'm not sure. I really just don't remember.

Okay... And similarly....

The Brown Lung Association as a whole was mentioned...was talked about when they were struggling for...to get ah...compensation for workers with brown lung. Ah...a medical committee for human rights, which I was working with ah...did work with them a lot and I just don't know how much it was mentioned in the media. I didn't really pay much attention.

Similarly, do you know the extent to which yourself, your husband or Jim Waller were associated with those activities through the media?

I imagine Jim Waller was. I'm pretty sure he was...but I don't think that...I think I made it on to a network, I think it was CBS Network once my mother saw me. They covered...that was the Cannon..that was the Cannon (inaudible) I hadn't thought about that in years. Yeah, and I just happen to be there telling somebody to blow into his barometer. But, you know...ah...that's about all.

In your activities on the Brown Lung testing, ah...did any racial issues arise?

There was a lot of discussion of racial issues. Ah...much of what we were doing was union support in Kannapolis we were helping, we were fighting for a union down there and it had been one of, I don't know how many union drives that had gone on at Cannon in the last, you know, twenty years. And one of the things that were discussed was the company's attempt to seperate Black and White workers. And you know you use racism to prevent the union from, you know, winning, you know, contracts. But it wasn't...you know racism was not the primary issue. Primary issue was occupational safety and health for all workers and worker organization. You know, and occupational safety and health as an issue in that.

You indicated that you did not become involved in Anti Klan activities until October '79?

Right.

What about your husband?

He was at China Grove and....

How did he become involved in that?

He was invited by [redacted] (phonetic)

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To your knowledge did your husband participate in any of the plans or efforts to have the demonstration in China Grove in July of '79?

I don't think so. I'm trying to remember. I don't think so. As far as I know.

Do you know if he went to China Grove prior to the demonstration to talk to any of the people in the community?

No.

No he did not or no you don't....

No he did not go.

What, if anything did your husband tell you about the events that occurred at China Grove?

He told me about the incred...he, he was really...sort of blown away by it. Ah...he talked about the power and the anger of the community which was out in great numbers that day. Ah...just furies going up with sticks and clubs against these Klansmen with their automatic and rifles and shotguns and you know...they were protected by Police, you know. Ah...he was...he told me he was scared. Ah...I was told by the people whether or not he was scared...he made particular point to talk to and to give reports to White people standing around. You know, talking to them about the Klan. Ah...

Standing around where?

At the...around...I guess...I....I....I guess around the community center just looking. You know, not participating in whatever the Klan was doing but just looking. You know, they talked to them about racism and...and you know...for a lot of folks there that was a fairly...in that kind of situation...that was a fairly courageous thing to do. Ah...let's see, what else I was gonna say. I can't think of it.

Did your husband indicate to you whether he had had a particular conflicts with any of the Klan Nazi members that he encountered one day?

No. No.

Okay. Was your husband also involved in...helping prepare for the November 3, demonstration in Greensboro?

I don't think that he...I can't remember him doing anything in that way. I can't remember.

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Focusing back on your activities with regard to the November 3, demonstration, you indicated that you leafleted in Kannapolis and also attended a press conference there, is that correct?

Right.

Who else was at that press conference?

I remember [redacted] and [redacted] were there. And they, I think that they gave statements as I remember.

Do you recall approximately when that was?

Was it mid October? I...I really am...you know, I think it was mid, you know, somewhere around October 20, something like that. I can't remember. I'm sure you know better than I do when it was.

At any rate what you do recall was that it was in October?

Yeah.

Do you recall what was said in those press statements?

We were talking about the need to fight the Klan. To expose the Klan. To ah...that they were...ah...used by the milliners and by the government to divide people up and kill people off. You know. Ah..and that they would come out in times of economic crisis and that was what was happening. And ah...that was essentially it. I know that that was...that was the main thrust of the leaflet that we were passing out to.

Well, tell us about the leaflets specifically. What do you recall the leaflet saying. What did it look like?

It was inviting people to a conference and...I can't remember whether it said a march or not, I know it said a conference...on November 3, in Greensboro. And...it was ah...it talked about China Grove and...it talked about the need...you know, pretty much like the press conference, the need to expose ah...and fight the Klan.

Did it have any kind of photograph on it?

I don't know. I assuming it had one from China Grove but I really don't remember.

You familiar with the leaf...or the not only the leaflets but the posters that were being displayed on November 3?

Uh huh.

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Was it similar to that poster in any way?

It didn't look the same, no, the poster, you know, had three or four different pictures on it. And..this was mainly words and was talking about what the Klan was...you know, and...expressed a lot of, you know, (inaudible) about the need to fight back against these racists who were being, you know, promoting...promoted all over the State at that time.

Okay. And, I believe you said before that it did make some reference to China Grove, is that correct?

I believe but I really don't remember it that well.

Do you remember who was responsible for writing the material that was in that leaflet?

No, I really have no idea.

Did you participate in any way in writing that material?

No.

Do you recall if anybody else was ah...with you passing out these leaflets besides [redacted] and [redacted]

I really don't remember.

Okay. What else did you do to help prepare for the demonstration in Greensboro on November 3?

I was ah...I was at the meeting the night before (inaudible)

Where was that meeting?

Ah...at the bookstore.

That's here in Durham?

Here in Durham, yeah.

Who else do you recall being present at that meeting?

Michael was there..and I remember [redacted] (phonetic) was there.....a lot of people that could have been there but I'm just really not sure.

Do you recall who conducted the meeting?

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[redacted] if I remember, did, did the talking that I remember.

Do you remember if Caesar Cossie (phonetic) was there?

I think he was...that's what I'm saying, you know. Ah...you know, I think he was there.

What about [redacted]

I just really don't know. I really don't.

What do you recall being said at that meeting?

Ah...I remember [redacted] saying that..I remember saying specifically that it was going to be a holiday for the working class. And the major thing that ah...in terms of any sort of danger for the day..ah...the major thing that any of us should be concerned about was police harassment.

Was there any discussion at that meeting about the Klan attending or coming to the rally?

No, no there wasn't that I remember. The major thing that was talked about to begin with...the purpose that we were there, you know, which was to expose the Klan and there was a lot of sentiment. It was talked about, you know, who the Klan was, what was their purpose. Ah...what have they been doing and what could we do to combat that. And all the racism and repression that they represented.

Was the...

That took up the majority of the meeting.

Do you recall any conversation about defending the march from harassment or Klan activities?

As I remember it was stated that would be left up to the marshals. That's what I remember, the march organizers. That....

There was no discussion ah...among all of you about what the marshals would do or who they would be?

I don't remember. I really don't.

Okay. Were you asked to be a marshal?

No I wasn't. I was doing...I was, Mike and I were doing first aid.

That was gonna be your role in the.....

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Yeah. Yeah, we had been, we had done that for a number of demonstrations and you know, we were prepared to do that.

Okay. With regard to your husband's activities prior to November 3, other than attend this meeting, do you know ah...what else he participated in to prepare for the rally?

I don't know....he may have passed out some leaflets where he worked. But I really don't know. I can't think of any specific activities that he did prior to November 3. Ah...I just don't remember. He probably passed out the leaflets at work.

Okay. Did ah...now you were not working at that time, is that right?

No.

Did you pass out leaflets any place besides Kannapolis (inaudible) the November 3 demonstration?

Yes I did. I passed them out at North Carolina Central University.

Who else participated in that?

Ah...I can't remember for sure. I think there were a couple students. Ah...

Were those leaflets the same or similar to the ones that you passed out in Kannapolis?

Ah...yeah, I think so. I think they were the same ones (inaudible)

In addition to that did you talk with any people here in Durham or in Greensboro regarding the rally and their participation in it?

Ah...I'm sure I did.

Did you specifically ah...go to Greensboro to talk to any of the people in the communities ah...

No.

In your conversations with people here in Durham did you encourage people to go to Greensboro to attend the rally?

Yeah.

To your knowledge, did any of those people go to Greensboro to participate in the rally?

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Yeah. Several people, well I know several couple people did, yeah.

Who were they?

Ah...they went to to (inaudible) at Morningside

Do you ah...any people that you talked to, were they present at Morningside on November 3?

Ah...no (inaudible).

In your conversations with people regarding attending the November 3 rally, did you discuss the issue of possible violence at the rally?

I don't think so. Ah...I...we talked about ah...you know, the necessity to fight the Klan, to expose the Klan, to ah...make political statements against the Klan and ah...that was...I don't remember ever discussing the possibility of violence with anybody because I didn't...I didn't consider the possibility.

Did you believe that the Klan would come to heckle the demonstration or participate in other activities?

You know, I didn't...it seemed a possibility but, you know, that would have been the biggest possibility that I know of, you know. What happened at Morningside I had never even conceived of.

In your conversations with people about attending the November 3 demonstration, did they ever raise questions about whether the Klan would come and potential for violence.

Ah...I'm trying to remember...ah...I believe some of the students that I was talking to and was passing out leaflets, talked about that, asked about that.

And what was your response to that?

My response was that ah...it was very important (inaudible) about the Klan and that seemed very unlikely that they would attack (inaudible) any, you know, violence.

Did you discuss with them or did they ask whether they should bring any sort of weapon to the demonstration?

Ah...no.

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Q 502
16.

Going back, to the discussion at the Bookstore on November 2, 1979, was there anything raised there that you recall, regarding whether you should bring guns or other means of defending yourself to the demonstration on November 3.

Yeah, I remember there was but we were told not to bring anything.

Do you recall who told you that?

I think it was [redacted] but I'm not sure. I just remember very specifically being told that.

On November 3, itself, did you take any kind of weapon or firearm with you?

Uh uh.

To your knowledge, did your husband?

No

Take any? At that time, did you...

He took his stethoscope.

A stethoscope?

Uh huh.

Okay. Ah...at that time did either you or your husband own any kind of firearms?

Yes.

What kind of firearms did you own?

A 22 caliber pistol.

Was that the only one?

Yes.

Was that in your name or his name?

I remember, I think it was, I think it was in my name but I'm not sure.

And on November 3, 1979, where was that weapon?

It was at home.

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Q 502
17

Now, you indicated that you believed your husband may have passed out leaflets where he worked. In addition to that, do you know if he talked with any other people about their attendance at the November 3 rally?

I really don't know because he was..he was spending most of his time at work and I just really don't know about that.

Did you and he have any conversations about the rally and the Klan coming and whether there was any potential for violence?

We had discussions about...we talked about why it was necessary to do it. We talked about it a lot that time. Ah..he was...his parents...his..his family on his father's side had been many of them, as I understand it, had been murdered by Nazis in Europe. And...he had a really....had a lot of hatred for fascism. And he saw it...in what he was doing as coming out of that. You know, against that kind of racist, fascist, hatred. You know, and the need for...the only way...you know, what happened in Europe, was the government supported the Nazi in their rise to power and the only affected struggle against that was people getting together. We talked about that a lot. We did a lot of reading about it and everything. And that was the main thrust of what, of what we talked about between the two of us. Ah...you know, both of us...I remember saying that we hoped that nothing would happen. Ah...that I had understood later that...that the Greensboro Police...the Greensboro Police had provided absolute protection...had authori...had said that they would provide absolute protection for the march. There was a parade permit ah...and certainly our understanding and the understanding of the march organizers was that no violence was expected. But we knew that it was....we talked mainly about how important it was for us to go.

You mentioned that your understanding and the understanding of the march organizers was that there would be no violence. How did you come to that understanding and what organizers are you talking about?

I'm talking about [redacted] ah...you know, no one that I knew of expected anything. Ah...Like I said, I...I think I knew it then, I'm not sure...ah...Captain [redacted] had told [redacted] that there was...that there would be absolute police protection that day. And...some of the major hassles as I understood come from the police prior to November 3.

Did you ever speak with Doctor Waller (phonetic) concerning potential violence on November 3 ?

No (inaudible)

Okay, on November 3, itself, ah...what time did you leave Durham to go to Greensboro?

Oh dear....we got there around 10:30 is what I'd guess. So we must have left about 9:30. Ah...

Who'd you go with?

Ah...I took...I drove my car, our car and took some students from Winsor community.

Those were the people that were with you at Winsor Community Center? Among the people that were with you?

Yeah, yeah. Yes they all stayed (inaudible)

What about your husband?

Ah...he came in his...in another car and we met there at Greensboro. His car...his blue car.

Who did he come with? Or, who came with him?

I don't know. I don't remember for sure.

What kind of a car was he driving?

A blue Colt. (Inaudible)

So you proceeded directly to the Winsor Community Center, is that correct?

Ah...yeah.

Why did you go to the Winsor Community Center?

I didn't...I did not know where I was suppose to go. I had no idea. I didn't know Greensboro. I had spent very little time there. Ah...and I just...see the (inaudible) it was sort of ah...it was a very informal caravan and I just followed the car ahead of me which I believe was being driven by Caesar but I can't remember for sure. Or, someone said, Caesar knows where to go. I don't know. Ah...but anyway we just went straight to Winsor.

Okay, and ah...does that mean that Caesar went to Winsor also, initially?

Yes, I remember he was there.

What kind of car did he drive that day?

I'm not sure. Ah...I know...I know that sounds crazy to say that I followed Caesar and I'm not sure which car...but I really don't remember because...I'm a little confused because I know that he and Jim drove over from Winsor to Morningside in Tom's truck. But I don't know if that's...for some reason that..it doesn't stick in my mind that that's the car that he drove. He probably drove his own car but I'm just not sure.

Okay. Was, do you recall, that ah...when you say Tom's truck, are you talking about [redacted]

Uh huh.

Ah...do you recall [redacted] truck being at Winsor when you arrived?

What I remember, I don't know if it was there when I arrived. What I remember is that Jim came up to me, after I had been there for about 15 minutes or so and asked me ah...if whoever was responsible for first aid, in charge of first aid...either Mike or me or whoever, would they please come on over with him to Morningside. He didn't tell me Morningside, he just said come with me.

Uh huh.

And since ah....Mike and I flipped a coin the night before and said that he was in charge, I told him to go on over and they drove over....Jim and Caesar, as I understand, drove over in [redacted] truck and they drove my car, my red car, which had the first aid stuff in it. He drove it on over to Morningside.

And you stayed at Winsor?

Yeah.

Do you recall what time it was that Jim and Caesar and Mike drove over to (inaudible)?

You couldn't date it by me. My sense of time and everything that happened that morning, it's really, completely useless. I would say it was somewhere between a quarter of eleven, eleven, but I don't remember.

How many people do you recall being at Winsor, while you were there?

Ah...about thirty...thirty-five, something like that.

Did that include children?

Yes it did.

How many of those thirty to thirty-five were children?

Ah...I think it was about...eight or ten. Something like that.

What did you do at Winsor that morning?

You mostly stood around and...and chanted and sang and listened to people speaking over the...the mike and noticed the police surveillance. Which there...as I remember...I do not remember any police marked cars except there was one when I first drove in. And he left. But I do remember police surveillance cars taking pictures.

First, with regard to the marked car that was there when you arrived, you indicated it left.

Yes.

Approximately how long was it there ah...before it left?

It was just a couple minutes. I remember it being there as I pulled in and I'm pretty sure it left almost immediately.

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Did you ever see the officers out of their vehicle?

No. I wasn't close enough to the..to the police car itself.

Did you see anybody talking with them?

No. I wasn't looking..it could have happened but I wouldn't..I wouldn't know.

You mentioned that there was some police surveillance units there. How many units do you recall seeing?

I know that there were...I was trying to remember this. It's really, it's really once again...my memory that morning is very poor. I remember talking to people about ah...them taking pictures and ah...I remember, I believe it was a blue car. It's kind of confusing cause since then I've talked to people about a red car and I'm not sure whether that's been implanted in my mind or whether that actually happened too but I remember a blue car and I remember, very vividly remember that camera lense...and talking with other people about it. You know, why the harassment.

What you recall seeing is a blue car and someone in that blue car taking photographs?

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Yes.

What made you think that that was a police vehicle.

Well, that's generally what police do in Greensboro.

Do you recall how many people were in that vehicle?

No I don't.

The person who's taking the photographs, apparently taking the photographs was he on the passenger's side or the driver's side of the car?

Humph! I don't remember for sure.

Did you see how he was dressed?

No, I remember very vividly the camera lense. I don't remember much else.

Did you see any kind of radio antennas or anything else in the car?

I didn't notice.

Approximately how long did you notice them in that area?

He was there at least for, you know, ten, fifteen minutes. But I don't remember exactly when he left or whether he did or whatever, you know.

Did you at anytime see a marked police unit return to the Winsor Community Center?

No.

Did you see any uniformed officers ah...among the crowd or attempting to talk to people in the crowd at Winsor?

No. Except at the very beginning when that police was there when we first drove in.

Right. Other than that one you didn't see anybody. You didn't see those officers out of the car?

I don't remember seeing them.

Ah...did you see [redacted] that morning at the Winsor Community Center?

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I don't believe that he was there, when I was there. I remember [redacted] was there but I don't believe I saw him.

[redacted] remain there the entire time that you were there?

As I remember, yeah.

Do you remember any news media persons being at the Winsor Community Center?

Yes. In fact I talked to...I remember there was some students from a college near Salisbury ah...and I...believe I remember another station wagon that was some T.V. channel but I don't remember which one it was. Ah...

Did you see them conduct any interviews or anything of that nature?

Yeah...I talked very briefly with the students then I referred them to [redacted] who was with (inaudible) and she talked them as I understand, if I remember.

Do you know if anybody, at the Winsor Community Center have the responsibility to direct the news media to Everett and Carter Street?

I don't know.

Did you hear any conversations of that nature between people of the news media and persons who were assembled there at Winsor Community Center?

I doubt it because I myself did not know Everett...anything was going on at Everett and Carter Street so...

Did you know that the rally was going to commence at a location other than the one you were at?

I knew that there were two starting points. I did not know where the other starting point was.

Why were there two starting points?

I'm really not sure because I was not one of the organizers. I know what has been said that one...that Winsor was the place for people like me, who were coming in from out of town, which was easily accessible and then, you know, the march was where they just start at Morningside. And that's exactly how it worked, you know, in fact because I would never have been able to get to Morningside.

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Uh huh. Did you understand that the march was going to procede by Winsor Community and that would be....

That's what I heard that day. I heard that day.

Now, any, anything else that occurred at Winsor Community Center that you think is relevant?

There were no police. I think that's really important.

Uh huh. Okay...ah...anything else?

Ah...not that I know of.

When was the first time that you became aware that something had occurred (inaudible).

I didn't know what had happened when the march organizers told us to get...well first of all, I saw police cars go by with sirens screaming. And there were four or five, something like that. They just kept going by. And, it didn't really occur to me at the time, what was going...I had no idea what was going on. And then the march organizers said get...you know, get in your cars and leave (inaudible) And we did. And then we rallied at another place you know, away from Winsor and ah... [redacted] sought me out and asked me ah...because I was a doctor and ah...said that some people had been hurt. (Inaudible)

Did she indicate to you then who those people were?

Ah...she ah...had said that she had heard that it was, I'm trying to remember, Bill, and Sandy and Jim, that I remember and I said, hurt? And she said, no, dead. And I just....I said okay, let's go. So we got into the car and we went over to Morningside. And ah...

Would you like to take a couple of minutes?

We got...we got over to Morningside and ah...the place was cordoned off and there were a couple hundred community people standing around. People were ah...a lot of people were yelling and ah...it was obvious people were very, very angry. Ah...I remember seeing [redacted] [redacted] and [redacted] hugging each other, crying and ah...trying to figure out what had happened...and what we could do. The ambulances were...I went up to the cordon and ah...the ambulances were putting two bodies in the ambulance, the EMT's were putting two bodies in the truck of ah...in the back of the ambulance and I...it's an amazing thing to realize that, you know their heads were covered and they were dead. And all I could see were some boots and ah. [redacted] (inaudible) was standing right nearby saying would you please let me kiss him and the EMT man said no lady, stay away. And I said, I said

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(continued) [redacted] what's wrong. She said Caesar's dead and they won't let me kiss him goodbye. So I went up to the EMT man and I said I'm a doctor, I order you to let her kiss her husband goodbye. So he let her do it. And...then I, you know, I couldn't figure out, the wounded I guess were taken away by that time, we couldn't...you know, there wasn't anything for us to do. And so I was just sort of wandering around and I ran into a friend and asked where's Mike? And..she said that ah...Mike's been hit. And she didn't want to look at me and I said, you know, is he dead? She said I don't know. So, you know, I started, I just went and I started calling hospitals. Ah...trying to find out where people were, you know, even bodies or...or wounded, had been taken. I remember them coming, I don't know exactly where this fitted into...it was all...I was in kind of a daze but I do remember coming out at one point and ah...I guess it was in between telephoning or something, no, actually this was before I learned about Michael. And...Yeah, this is out of sequence...ah...it was after [redacted] had kissed her husband goodbye there were cops standing right in front of him with their bayoneted rifles or shotguns or whatever, standing in front of the cordon keeping people out...out of the street and [redacted] started to say something and he told her to shut up. The cop told her to shut up and then I started yelling at him....you know, her husband's been killed and you killed him and I swore at him and ah...he told me he was.. I'd better watch out or he was gonna throw me in jail for obscenity. (Inaudible) throw me in jail for abscenity. So anyway, that's pretty much all I remember after that. I found out where Mike was. And went to the hospital. I do remember at one point, I think, people breaking through the cordon but I don't remember. I don't know what that was all about.

Did you ever talk with anybody that could give you any information about how Mike got killed?

No, not really. Ah...nobody knew for sure. As I remember...for a long time, and I don't remember what was said on the scene or what was said later. (inaudible) Immediately within the first few days, I remember nobody knew for sure how he got shot. Nobody that I talked to but that doesn't mean, you know, I was pretty isolated in that hospital so...

Well what about later conversations, has anybody give you give you information concerning how he got shot?

Ah...as I understand, and I'm sure you know better than I do ah...he was near where Jim was. And ah...

When you say Jim, are you referring to Jim...

Wyler.

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Jim Wyler.

Inaudible...I don't know the scene very well, I really don't cause I wasn't...

I understand.

Ah...and I understand that he may have been involved in the fist fight near Jim. But, I don't know. Ah...but I know that he was shot in the head. That's about all.

Well, what have you heard regarding the fist fight that Jim was involved in that your husband may have been involved in?

I know what I read in the papers and I really don't know much more than that. You know, I've read about the stuff with the gun, the shotgun and I don't know. I really don't know much about what (inaudible)

Okay. Now you've mentioned the absence of the police at Winsor Community Center...do you have ah...any knowledge either yourself or from some source that you can identify for us, regarding the involvement of any Greensboro Police Officer in the events of that day?

I know, I know that Edward Dawson was working for the Metro Police, I know that he was called by [redacted] on...sometime in mid October and told ah..to find out so [redacted] would know what to do...what the Klan was planning on doing about the November 3 march. I know that he went down to Lincolnton and recruited people for the Klan Nazi Motor Caravan...I don't know where else he went to to recruit...Ah...I know that he reported to [redacted] that morning at least twice...I'm not sure it was [redacted] but it was at least to the Greensboro Police and told them that everybody had a gun and they were planning on confronting the marchers. Ah...I know that [redacted] took pictures on the (inaudible) or [redacted] whichever one. He was in the car, took pictures on the ramp by 85 and followed em all the way into Morningside. Saying things at one point, I think, in the police report he says the (inaudible). And I know that there were no police there. I know that [redacted] parked only a half block away and [redacted] took pictures of my husband getting murdered. And ah...

Is that information based on information that you've learned through public media and the police report?

Uh huh. That's right. And ah..I know that Edward Dawson is a former informant for the FBI. I know there was an investigation going on by the FBI...the Workers Viewpoint Organization prior to November 3, which was denied by the Washington office of the FBI after November 3,

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(Continued) but admitted by (inaudible). I know that ah...

Again, the source of that information is the public media?

Right. The Durham Morning Herald. Ah...I know that ah...the FBI threatened [redacted] in the hospital, on November 3, as he was bleeding from slash wounds inflicted on him that morning. I know...

Tell us about that.

That's all I know. Ah...

Is that..is that something that you..is that something somebody else told you about?

That's right.

Who told about that?

I believe [redacted] told me. Ah...I know that ah...what else do I know.... I know that [redacted] (phonetic) infiltrated the Winston-Salem Nazi in July, '79 and was in on their planning meetings, it was the United Racist Meeting, he was in on their planning meetings after July of '79, he at least offered them...he told them to bring guns and go to the march. Go meet with the Klan to attack the marchers. Ah...that he was not there that morning, that he either offered or threatened to burn down Ron Wayne Wood's (phonetic) house on November 4 in the Gilford County Court House, I believe, maybe police building, I'm not sure which and then he disappeared. And I know that none of the ATF, the FBI, Justice Department, I know that an investigation by you in April of 1980, lead to letters sent to [redacted] which said that the Greensboro Police were exonerated, were not culpable of any civil rights violations of (inaudible) 1980. And eight months later you were commending, not you, the Justice Department, was commending that there was no jurisdiction to investigate the case.

With regard to the information about [redacted] (phonetic) is that again from the public media that you....

Yes.

Ah...with regard to ah...the letter that was sent to the Greensboro Police Department, have you read that letter?

No I have not.

And your information concerning that letter again is through the public media.

That's right.

And with regard to the statements concerning the lack of jurisdiction is that through the public media?

That's through direct ah...that through talking with [redacted] (phonetic).

So those statements were [redacted] statements?

Yeah, about the Justice Department stands.

Was that while he was U.S. Attorney or was that subsequent?

That was while he was U.S. Attorney.

Okay. Anything else that you think is relevent?

Ah...No. I guess not. Except that I want..I want to see full investigation and exposure of the government's role in my husband's murder. And it's not just me that wants it. There are thousands and thousands and thousands of people that are watching this. And we better have it.

Well, I assure you [redacted] that ah...we intend to do a full and thorough investigation and have them do that and ah...where ever that falls, that falls. And if that's on the shoulders of the government, it's on their shoulders.

I see.

Is there anything else anybody would like to ask?

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 6/15/82

On April 15, 1982, [redacted] was interviewed at Durham, North Carolina. A transcript of the interview is as follows:

Investigation on 4/15/82 at Durham, N.C. File # CE 44-3527

SUBA 403

by SA [redacted] / mst Date dictated 4/15/82

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 6/15/82

On May 3, 1982, [redacted] was interviewed at Richmond, Virginia. A transcript of the interview is as follows:

Investigation on 5/3/82 at Richmond, Virginia File # CE 44-3527 SUBA

by SA [redacted] / mst Date dictated 5/3/82

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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Okay, this is [redacted] I'm a Special Agent with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, assigned to Greensboro, North Carolina. This is May 3, 1982 and we're at Richmond, Virginia for an interview of [redacted] The other parties in the room are her attorneys and [redacted] from the Department of Justice; [redacted] from the FBI. At this time I'd appreciate it please if you'd all identify your voices for the recording.

[redacted]

My name is [redacted] with the Greensboro Justice Fund and we would note our continuing objection to [redacted] conducting the interview.

[redacted] Greensboro Justice Department.

[redacted], Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

[redacted] Attorney, U. S. Department of Justice.

Okay, [redacted] would you please identify yourself by your full name?

My name is [redacted]

And where do you reside now, [redacted]

In Richmond, Virginia.

Your address please.

[redacted]

And how long have you lived in Richmond, Virginia?

For one year.

And in the period of 1979, where did you live?

Uh, I lived in two places in 1979. I lived in Greensboro, North Carolina and approximately September 1 of 79 moved to [redacted] North Carolina.

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Okay, and back in 1979, were you married?

Yes.

Your husband's name please.

[redacted]

Okay, and in 1979, were you employed?

Yes.

And for whom were you employed?

I was employed, I had two employers, uh, for the first part while I resided in resided in Greensboro I worked for Cone Mills Corporation and when I moved t[redacted] uh, I got a job with Cannon Mills.

Okay, and that was in about September, 1979.

Right, uh, there was only a period of about three weeks I was unemployed.

Okay, uh, in 1979, while you were employed with Cone Mills were you active in any union activity?

Yes. I was an elected, uh, shop steward of, uh, Amalgamated Clothing and Textile Workers Union.

And that was for Cone Mills employees?

Cone Mills. Uh, it was for. . .

And how long . . .

. . . specifically White Oak, uh, 'cause not all Cone plants had ACTWU.

Okay, and for approximately how long had you been shop steward?

Uh, I, I'm not really sure. I think a year. I'm not really sure.

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And after, was your transfer from Cone Mills voluntary to go to Kannapolis?

Yeah, I just, uh, quit, I, actually, I, uh, I quit my job at Cone and about a week later I got a job at Cannon which I commenced about a week later.

Okay, were you involved in any, uh, union activity while you were at Kannapolis?

(Sighs) No, although, uh, that was minimal. It was, uh, I wouldn't say no. That was the purpose for going there, uh, one purpose for moving to Kannapolis, uh, and as a matter of fact, uh, I was aware that I thought that, uh, Amalgamated Clothing and Textile Workers had sent a organizer there to that area at the same time so, uh, it was, it was my intention to, uh, assist in, you know, starting a union 'cause it is an unorganized, you know, or was. After November 3, uh, for the first period of time that I worked there I was naturally on a probationary period where I wouldn't come in right away talkin' about union. Uh, and after November 3, uh;

Okay, your husband now was he also employed in 1979?

Yes.

And was he also involved in union activity?

Yeah.

And for whom was he employed?

He worked for Cone Mills in Greensboro in 1979 and he worked for Cannon Mills too in 1979.

So approximately at the same time you both went down to Kannapolis for employment?

Right.

Okay, uh, were you also affiliated or associated with in any, uh, way any political or social active groups in Greensboro or in the state of North Carolina?

I was active with the White Oak Organizing Committee, uh, which was a rank and file caucus, uh, uh, we were tryin', our purpose was to improve the union of workers at White Oak, whatever, uh, the workers themselves chose to do or, uh, I would say 90% of the time we were tryin', uh, strengthen ACTWU's presence in Cone Mills, uh, although we did, uh, talk to various other, uh, labor organizations like Teamsters and talked to the organizer there tryin' to put the workers at White Oak in a better position to negotiate with the company.

Okay, did there come a time you, you became familiar with the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

Uh huh.

Okay, tell us about that.

Mainly through Bill Sampson, uh, who was workin' at the same mill and was, uh, very active in the White Oak Organizing Committee with us. b6 b7C

Okay, from your association in the unions and also from your association with Bill Sampson, did there come a time when you became aware of a rise in Klan activity in the state of North Carolina or other parts of the southeast United States?

It wasn't through Bill or, uh, wasn't primarily through Bill, it was from the newspapers. It was just, you know, I read the newspapers regularly and still do and it, uh, became evident if, if what the media was reporting was true that, uh, there did seem to be a rise in Klan activity, at least they were getting a lot of coverage. And nearby in Winston Salem, you couldn't help you know, escape noticing that, uh, there had been a lot of activity in Winston Salem to a rally planned to try and have a public library display, etcetera, but I, and I know that there were demonstrations against that but I had no part in it. I just read about it in the newspaper.

Okay, other than the knowledge you obtained from the news media about the, uh, demonstration at Forsythe County Library in February of 1979, did you know anybody who participated in that, uh, demonstration?

No. I didn't know anybody.

Okay, other than the, you're not . . .

I have known someone, but I didn't know of anybody participating in it.

I'm sorry. You said you knew of . . .

I don't, I may have kn . . . I may know somebody but I, I . . .

Oh, yeah, okay.

I don't know of anybody who did. No.

Okay, uh, other than through the news media, uh, had there ever been a period during your union activities that the Ku Klux Klan had any direct confrontation with you or any other members of your union activities in Greensboro?

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I'm not sure I understand that question.

Well, did the Klan ever, come a time when the Klan and your union activities ever had a confrontation? When they counter demonstrated against your union activities or any pickets or strikes that you may have participated in?

Well, uh, (Pause) it, no, they didn't picket. Uh, but there were, uh, older workers at the mill I worked in, uh, that had, uh, informed, you know, younger people there who worked there and people working with the White Oak Organizing Committee that the Klan had a history of coming to whenever, uh, White Oak, uh, White Oak workers had been out on strike a couple of years before I think in the late 60's was the last time there had been, uh, Klan activity that was clearly anti what they were doing and anti labor is the way I interpreted it. And, uh, there was a general feeling among the pro-union workers there that that this was a quite a possibility and they informed us that, you know, that they, we could expect that, uh, the Klan might pop up as we get more active.

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Okay, did there come a time in July of 1979 when you became aware of a Klan rally to be scheduled at China Grove, North Carolina?

Uh huh.

Okay, tell us how you became aware of it.

I read it in the newspaper.

Okay, did there come a time when you in anyway participated in a counter demonstration against that Klan rally?

Yes. I saw a leaflet, uh, put out, I'm not really sure who put it out but I saw a leaflet and I went and demonstrated at China Grove against the Klan.

Okay, when was your first trip to China Grove?

That, that, whenever that demonstration was, approximately around July 4.

Okay, so . . .

That was my first time.

. . . the date of the demonstration is July 8, 1979. That was your first occasion to go to China Grove?

Right.

Okay, tell us your actions on the morning of, uh, and the day of July 8, 1979.

Uh, well, I went to the demonstration at China Grove with my husband and, uh, uh, there was a little rally before the demonstration in the, in front of a community center in the black community and, uh, we well all marched as a unit of people in the community and there were people from Charlotte I believe, uh, it seemed like several a couple of hundred people, maybe not that many, but something like a couple of hundred people who marched to the, uh, community center in China Grove proper I guess. Uh, and

as we approached we saw, uh, we knew they were holding, uh, showing a recruiting film for the Klan and, uh, as we were marching there actually there were some men in uniforms that drove past us in cars. I didn't know what kind of uniform it was and, uh, even wondered at the time whether they were Nazis. But not right away. I really thought it was some kind of American military.

Can you describe the uniforms?

It was a white, it was like a white summer uniform. It, I really did not understand who this was, you know, and I thought we were going to a demonstration against the Klan. I didn't know that there could be Nazis involved at this point. And it, uh, only only was in retrospect that I thought you know maybe those were Nazis. Uh, which to me is . . .

Can you recall if these para-military or white shirts coming by, if they had any emblems or symbols on them?

They, they might have, but I didn't recognize it. It really was, uh, you know, I saw them and I was really confused about who they were. I mean I knew they weren't policemen and they didn't, there was no, it wasn't any uniform I was familiar with, you know. I didn't know what they were. It was just kinda, it was scarey, but we came up to the center and they had what I thought were, uh, automatic or semi-automatic weapons and it was, we were not, I don't think I, I didn't think in my mind and I didn't talk to anybody in the march before and we didn't think it was gonna be that kind of confrontation. Uh, that they they were gonna have weapons openly displayed and pointing them at us.

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Okay, tell me in the group that you marched with where were you in that group?

Uh, in the middle somewhere. I wasn't in the front or the, or the rear.

Okay, what did you observe the demonstrators you were with carrying?

Uh, holsters and, uh, some of the, uh, there was some, you know, rather younger children you know even 12 years old, you know, and some of 'em had, uh, rocks in their pockets, you know. I don't, I guess there was just a general feelin' of, you know, they needed some kind of protection.

Okay, were the other demonstrators carryin . . .

I didn't see any of 'em throwing them.

Okay, did any of the demonstrators you were with carry any kind of clubs or bats with them that you observed?

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I don't remember.

Can you just, . . .

It was not a, I didn't, I don't think we were really armed like you know with bats and stuff but it wasn't, that's not my recollection.

Okay, do you recall if, uh, you observed any weapons among the demonstrators you were with?

No, not at the march. In fact it was, it was expressly we weren't going to, and in fact, it was announced. I'm not sure by who but one of the organizers of the march said we're not going to come and be provocative and come in here with a lot of, with weapons. If you have them keep them at, you know, at home. This was to the people in the community. And and when we come back we'll, you know, we we believed in, uh, armed self defense for the, you know, community and that, of course, people can defend their homes and

that's perfectly legal. So that was the, that was my understanding of what the purpose was.

Okay, you indicated earlier that when you arrived at the, uh, community center in China Grove there was a group of men standing on the porch and they were armed, is that correct?

Right.

Okay, were these people in any type uniform?

Uh, I don't think they were. You know, uh, I I don't really remember seein' the people in uniforms, uh

Do you recall seein' anybody in any kind of robes?

Oh yeah, there was a policeman there, I mean a regular policeman, you know.

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Do you recall seein' any kind of robes or any kind of a symbol of the Klan like that?

I, uh, I did someone with a robe I believe.

And you said some of them were carrying what you believed to be automatic type weapons.

Well, I don't know if they were automatic. They were scarey lookin', they weren't ordinary shotguns. That's about all I knew.

So . . .

They looked like somethin' that could do some damage, you know.

Okay, did, uh, did you also see shotguns?

I saw handguns. I'm not sure, uh, the only I for sure remember is something along the line of, uh, semi-automatic or, uh, somethin', you know, it wasn't a shotgun and handguns. I don't know about shotguns.

Uh huh, uh, a shoulder type weapon.

I don't really know that much about . . .

I understand. And you saw some handguns.

Yeah.

Where were they carryin' the handguns?

In their hands, I thought. But I'm not sure.

Well, they actually had 'em in their hands rather than holstered on their hip or somethin' like that.

They could have had 'em on their hip and I just know they were there. I don't remember.

Okay, and the people that you observed with weapons, what did they do with their weapons?

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Okay, they did, some of them did point them at the, at the crowd of demonstrators. No question about it, you know, in a very threatening way.

Was there any kind of exchange of, uh, language back and forth between the two groups?

Well, the demonstrators were chanting.

Okay, what what were they chanting?

Uh, (Pause) You know, uh, no more Klan, uh, it was focused against the Klan, it was anti Klan chants, I don't know.

Okay, do you recall the, uh, any statements or any, uh, calls made by the demonstrators on the porch from the Klan?

Uh, anything they said?

Uh huh.

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b7C

No, I, uh, no, it was, uh, I was really frightened and, uh, I know it sounds like I don't remember a whole lot but, uh, I, I just on the periphery, I stood away on the edge of the grass. That, uh, I had gone on the lawn on the community center and I couldn't, couldn't see all that well it seemed like. Perhaps it was just my confused state of mind. I felt like I couldn't get a good grasp on what was happening and I was tryin' to see if there was any, you know, danger of anything seriously gonna jump off. I was tryin' to see, see what it was like and I was relieved when, uh, the, you know, it was determined, uh, the demonstrators would back off and we would march around the community center and continue to chant.

Okay, you stated you did observe a police officer there at that location.

Uh huh. I did.

And what was he doin'?

Uh, he was just standing there, I think.

On the, on the porch (Unintelligible)

Yeah, uh, he was, he was already there with the so called Klansmen. He was already stationed there when we came up.

Okay, what happened after the, uh, demonstrators arrived at the center there and there was yells back and forth between the two groups. What occurred then?

Uh, then, uh, there was some discussion actually, uh, some of the, somebody in the, from the community I thought, somebody suggested we go around the building and several people and this was my own sentiment, you know, said no, we're not gonna do that, you know. And then I think somebody like [redacted] was, uh, appeared to be organizing, helping organize, said no, we wouldn't do that we would continue on up the street, go way around and get some distance from them.

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b7C

Okay, did you observe anyone burn a flag while you were there?

Yeah, I think I saw . . .

Okay, tell us about that.

. . . a flag burning. Uh, there's not much, I mean, I, I saw, I started seein' it after the flag was already burning. It was a, it was a confederate flag, uh, it wasn't an American flag. I think there was an American flag there but I don't think anybody did anything to the American flag. I'm not sure.

Does anybody, do you recall, uh, who the person was that was observed burning that flag?

Huh uh.

Okay. Okay, after the incident, that incident occurred, uh, and you started to leave the area tell us what happened.

When we started to leave the area, we circled the community center of, uh, street, uh, it did put us at some distance at a point but we came back by the community center and marched on back to the, uh, community center and the black community right outside of China Grove I guess.

Okay, the demonstrators that you were with, uh, describe them racially. What was the predominant race that was present at China Grove.

Black

Can you tell me a proportion? How many blacks as to white people and the approximate - a hundred and fifty two people . . .

I thought there was a majority of black people at the demonstration that was what I thought.

Okay.

And the majority I didn't even know. And I assumed they were from the surrounding area.

Okay, do you. . . on the, do you recall on the way back from your demonstration at China Grove back, moving back to the west side community center, did anything occur on the way back? To your knowledge.

No incidents that I, no.

Okay, can you tell us what occurred after you returned back to the China Grove comm, uh, west side community center?

There were, uh, this was something like a ral, uh, a, you know, a rally that continued there and there was discussion about, uh, just what, you know, how the, well, several people really talked about the, uh, roll of uh the Klan in dividing people, you know, uh, textile workers in particular. Uh, and how that it had been difficult in that area where they had to tried to, these were black workers who worked for, I thought, I think Cannon Mills. I think they identified Cannon Mills, said that this had been an ongoing problem and that they jus, you know, we didn't wanta see the general sentiment and that people who were agreeing with the speaker did not want to see a rise of the Klan because what this meant it would be more difficult for textile workers to organize themselves into union. And, uh, you know, knew for a fact that at the time there was, or somewhere around that time there was, uh, a textile plant that was undergoing uh an organizing drive so this was a very immediate issue.

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Okay, did there come a time when you observed any weapons at this community center or in the community around it?

Yes. Uh, uh, there were, there were weapons brought out as people went back to that community center and it was, seemed to be all

in the context of defending the community, you know, if there would be any retaliation for that, for the, uh, demonstration.

Was there some fear among the people there that there might be?

Yes. Definitely. And, uh, there were, uh, a lot, uh, parents came out, you know, and got the small children into their homes, so there was definitely a feeling that, uh, particularly as evening fell there might be some kind of, you know, attack on the black community was what the feeling was.

Okay, and how long did you stay in China Grove that day?

We left before dark. We left late afternoon.

Did you return to Greensboro?

Went right home.

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Did you and your husband travel together?

Uh huh. To and from.

Okay, back in July, 1979, did you own a weapon, you, either you or your husband?

Uh huh.

Did you bring it with you to China Grove?

Uh, I did.

What kind of weapon did you bring with you?

I brought the same gun that I brought today.

Well, describe it just for the tape please.

Oh. It's, uh, revolver, uh, it's a small .38 or .357. It takes either kind of bullet. I brought it for my own self defense and it was very fortunate I didn't have to use it.

Where did you, uh, bring it with you? Did you have it in your car or your purse or what?

I had it, uh, I had it, I had it in the car in the truck. We were in the truck. Uh, and then when we got back to the black community I put, I put it on my purse 'cause there was a real atmosphere uh, people believed. I was taking my cues from people who lived in that community. They were saying they really felt that after our demonstration there was danger and I certainly felt traveling home I was glad to have that with me.

Okay, so while you were actually marching with the demonstrators that weapon was in the, your truck . . .

Uh huh.

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And where was that parked at?

Somewhere near the community center in the black community.

Which end?

Out, right outside of, uh, I think that the town limits of China Grove or right, ends right there before you go into the black community. I'm not sure if the truck was in town or not.

Okay, after you returned from China Grove, then tell me what occurred after that.

When I went home that night?

The next, yeah, the next few weeks in general.

Uh, basically, uh, it was a resumption. . . That that particular demonstration was kind of a break in what I had, was a continuation of same time, most of the things I was doing active in was the union work, you know, we were, we were really persistently trying to develop the

White Oak Organizing Committee. Uh, we at that point had approached Teamsters Union organizer, we were following up on, uh, trying to get a union who would better represent the workers. This is what the workers that I worked around asked, they requested it, so we were following up on that. I would say that, most of my, except for going to work and taking care of my child and basic necessities of life, that's the only thing I was doing.

Okay, do you, from your work within the union, uh, and in Cone Mills, did you come to know Sandra Smith?

Uh huh.

And how long did you know her?

Well, I didn't know her very well, uh, until I knew her as the, you know, the head of the Organizing drive at Revolution Mills which is another Cone Mill and, uh, has no, was unorganized in the sense of having no official labor organization and no official union at Revolution. I knew her as the, uh, by reputation, you know as being the, uh, organizer of that and had attended meetings that, uh, she presided over for organizing, uh, Cone workers, uh, I knew, she also moved to Kannapolis about the same time I did and, uh, was going to assist us in tryin' to unionize Cannon workers.

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Okay, did you know [redacted] during this period also?

As, yes, uh, he, uh, he had worked at Cone before I did, Cone Mills, he worked at another Cone plant and I met with him once or twice about, uh, uh, the issue of, you know, the resurgance of the Klan and how that would affect the union work. I didn't meet with him, just me and him, but I was in a meeting where he was explaining, you know, helping to

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draw out what, uh, how this would hurt our efforts at unionizing, uh, so . . .

Okay.

. . . that's the main way

Uh huh during this period did you know [redacted]

I knew him, uh, by, I I think I'd seen him in a meeting where he, he spoke on, uh, organizing for this demonstration.

Okay, how about [redacted]?

Yes.

Alright, tell us how you knew [redacted].

Well, uh, he was the [redacted] of the union at Hall River, uh, and I attended a a couple of meetings, union meetings at, uh, the Cone Ri. . Cone Mills Hall River plant to, uh, uh, one thing were were doing was assisting uh, union drive at the Eno (phonetic) plant which is near Hall River, another Cone plant and, uh, we were, we had, uh, various, a fund raiser, uh, a rally to support the, uh, Hall River strike and I was present there. I was basically assisting their, when they, when Hall workers went on strike I, uh, was involved in support work for that strike.

Okay.

And that's where I met [redacted].

And did you get to know Caesar Corsay?

I really didn't know Caesar, no.

Okay, uh, you left Cone Mill in the, or on the first of September, 1979, and went down to Kannapolis and you worked there at the Cannon Mills in Kannapolis . . .

Uh huh.

[redacted]

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Okay, did there come a time, uh, after you had moved from Greensboro, uh, to Kannapolis that you became aware of a rally to be planned in Greensboro?

Uh huh.

Okay, can you tell us about that, how you became aware of it.

Uh, I, uh, became aware of it through, uh, both Sandy Smith telling me about it and, uh, also it was in our local paper in Kannapolis. There was a press conference held with, uh, [redacted] and [redacted] right in front of Cannon Mills, so that's the way I heard of it.

Okay, and did you in anyway participate in supporting that rally?

Uh, I passed out some leaflets in Charlotte for it, but I didn't, uh, really that was, that was, as far as I remember that was my main effort.

Okay, how about in Kannapolis at Cannon Mills, did you pass out leaflets there?

No, I was working there, I was a new worker there, I didn't think it would be too cool to be right out there . . .

Okay, other than, uh, in the communities in Charlotte, did you ever come to Greensboro and do any passing out of leaflets or speaking to people?

I passed out a lot of leaflets in Greensboro, uh, because we had a, but, uh, not for , I don't believe I passed out any leaflets for the November 3 demonstration in Greensboro. I think the only place I passed them out was Charlotte as my memory, I passed out a lot of leaflets in Greensboro in the past because we had a weekly or almost weekly White Oak Organizing Committee, uh, newsletter that we passed out weekly at the plant.

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Okay, so after you moved to Kannapolis, then you don't recall comin' back up here to work on particularly anything to do with the, uh, uh, their demonstration?

No, I don't remember anything.

Okay, uh, before we continue then onto just prior to November 3, do you have any questions about . . .

(Unintelligible)

. . . China Grove or

Yeah. I, I'll have a general, uh, in, in 1979 were you a member of the Workers Viewpoint Organization? (Pause) You have to answer orally.

Oh. I'm sorry. I was not then and am not now.

Uh, in, on China, on China Grove . . .

(Beeping noise from tape recorder)

(Unintelligible mumbling) (Someone says, "Okay")

Uh hmm.

As to uh, as to China Grove, did I understand correctly that you were only there for the rally on the 8th of July, you did not go there beforehand.

That's right, that's right.

That's all I have

Gene?

No.

Okay. we're going to uh, continue on now until the period of November 3, 1979. When did you come to Greensboro to attend that rally?

Uh, Friday night. November 2nd.

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Okay and when you came to Greensboro, where did you go?

I'm not sure where. Uh, I believe I went to uh, [redacted] (Phonetic) home because I was friends with them and [redacted] worked at the same mill with me, and I, they had a small child, so did I, so (unintelligible) small child anyway. Yeah. That's where I was comfortable with a small child, (unintelligible)

Did you spend the night there with them?

I spent the night there, yeah.

Okay. Did there come a time on that evening when you went to Jim Walla's house at all?

Yeah. Uh hmmm.

Okay.

I was at a, they were holding a planning meeting uh, for, before the demonstration. And I really didn't have any vote. I was um, I came in to see if there was anything I could help with, you know, because I knew the meeting, uh, I was asked to come to uh, help plan for the session the next day. The only thing I can recall being involved in was the discussion of what songs and chants we would sing, you know. So that was, that was all. I wasn't there that long.

Was there any discussion about this uh, meeting that you attended that evening, that the klan might come and kinda demonstrate against the,

Well, that was one of my questions. I asked uh, I don't know exactly who I asked, but uh, June or uh, you know, several people are gonna come from out of town, I didn't know what had been discussed, you know, as far as that was concerned. But the reas, you know, I got a very definite response that we did not expect the klan to come. I was relieved to hear that and so if anything, if would be the kind of, the only thing, you know, we don't even expect this, but because they said they weren't gonna, you know, attend. I don't know why we believed 'em, but uh, you know, they, they had said through the, the media, I read the newspaper, that they wouldn't touch that with a ten foot pole or somethin' like that and uh, it was really, I believe that the people

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who were organizing them, I sincerely believe there was not going to be any klan interference. He said possibly some kind of um, maybe some uh, arrests uh, you know, possibly, you know, something involved like uh, something disorderly conduct or something, you know, it was considered the worst that was gonna happen and I, I mean not that anybody was, I didn't hear any plans for any disorderly conduct, but I just thought that maybe, because there'd been a lot of hassle around the (unintelligible) he said, and I didn't feel that included me, so I wasn't real concerned about me, but I was very worried about uh, even though people, you know, said they did not expect it, I was very concerned whether there would be any kind of uh, attack I guess, on us.

Okay. Tell us about the events of November 3rd, now on that morning, what occurred that morning.

Well, with me you mean. Uh, I uh, have the facts I had small child, she was uh, 16 months old at the time and I took her, her and I believe I took uh, [redacted] daughter and another child, I don't remember who, to the babysitter by myself, and uh, I arrived at the demonstration about eleven o'clock which was I think, the time that they were plannin' to start.

Okay. So there might have been, the period of time that you took the, your children and other people's children to the babysitter, you did not help do anything else that morning?

No, only thing I did was,

Okay, and when you arrived at the uh, Everett and uh, Carver Street location, what was taking place?

Uh, the, there, people were standing on the sidewalk singing songs like "We Shall Overcome" (unintelligible) I guess or "We Shall Overcome" I think, I'm not sure. And uh, there was a police car there when I drove up, uh, at least one uh, you know uh, there were a lot of people from it looked, appeared like they were from a one-side community, standing around uh, interestedly watching.

(Someone, unintelligible)

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There was, you know, quite a bit of activity in the street, between people in the community and, and demonstrators uh, coming together there, uh, but it was quite uh, you know, some people were busily getting I think a sound truck ready and, most people were standing there singing, that's what I remember.

Okay. And did you see Sandra S-S-S Sandra Smith there?

Uh hmm. Yeah.

Okay. Did you speak with her?

Yeah.

Okay. And uh, who else did you see there that you recognized?

Well, my husband was there and uh, he had not stayed in Greensboro the night before. I stayed there because I didn't want to be traveling with my little girl uh, I wanted here safely at the babysitter well before I was supposed to begin , just, just, . . . caution I wanted to take and uh, so he had driven out that morning and I saw him. I saw Bill Sampson,

Okay. Did there come a time that morning when you became aware of the fact that a caravan of vehicles was uh, coming into the area?

Uh hmm.

Okay. Tell us what happened then.

I heard uh, some young, I think some young black people from the community saying, "It's the klan," or "The klan's coming" or somp'in like that and um, I looked up and I saw a caravan of cars coming up the street slowly.

Describe for us where you were at that time, now if you make reference to the ch, chalkboard across the table here, uh, you'll see that Everett Street is moving in a westly, uh, east and west direction and Carver Drive is north and south

Okay.

and the Community Center and you'll see the uh, sidewalk area and the entrance to the Community Center.

Okay. I was right, either on or right, probly on the sidewalk in front of the Community Center, uh, no too far, . . .

That would . . .

from the corner of Carver and Everett.

Okay. So you'd be on actually Everett Street then. (Unintelligible)

Yes I was on Everett Street.

Okay, fine. And tell us what you observed.

Well, the uh, caravan of cars came through um, I noticed each car was full of people, more than just one person per car, all full, and uh, they were throwing, they were kind of throwing insults, and they were saying stuff like, ni, I thought they were saying things like "niggers" and stuff like that, you know, and they were kinda heckling, you know, and uh, then also the people in the crowd were heckling back. Uh, and uh, the main thing I remember is that somewhere the lead car or the first or second one in that caravan appeared to stop further on up Carver, really uh, a half a block from where I was standing. b6 b7C

Okay, when you say up Carver, you referred to uh,

Oh, further going. . .

Everett Street. . .

West.

West of Everett Street.

Further west. It stopped and I, it looked like a younger man leaned out of the either the first or second vehicle and he said "You goddamn niggers and jews." And I thought very clearly and that's what I remember anyway. And he fired a gun and, and either fired once or twice. He at least fired once.

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Where were you at that particular time?

Still standin' right there on that, near the corner.

Near the corner.

(unintelligible)

You're talkin' about this corner here.

Right

Where the singers were and,

Yeah. I was on the periphery of the singers.

Okay, now go ahead.

Um, I, I, I was just looking, I was tryin', I was looking down there and I started looking to the right and I think there had been some children right there. And I saw um, you know, I've uh, I's tryin' to fi, if that's were they gonna just shoot in the air, you know, what. And I was tryin' to see, you know, I, that was my main thing, I was tryin' to see what, what was he doin', you know. I could see him shoot in the air at first, but I wanted to see what was gonna happen next. And I was lookin' around to see where these children were going and I was happy to see that several adults and Sandy Smith (unintelligible) and um, one, uh, looked like one of the mothers at least, with the children, uh, was getting, quickly hearding the children down into Ca, away from the corner, down into Carver Street. And they looked like, and I, they looked like they were takin' care of that pretty well. So I decided not to go with them and to see what was going on a little more.

Okay, tell us what happened next.

I just kept looking down and tryin' to see more, I just felt a general sense of frustration. I couldn't see what was going on and I was scared, and apparently behind me, though I never saw it was uh, some kind of fight goin' on behind me. I found out later that was goin' on. I didn't see a bit of that and I guess it was a very good diversion as far as me, you know, but I did not see the fight go on and apparently, it was right behind me. I wasn't struck in any way.

Um, it seemed like and I, I don't know if the shots continued, I don't know if there was a interval between uh, shots up there for this guy said that. I really thought if there was any danger it was up at the end of the street. And I still ho, my view, I was at a distance, still pretty good distance from, and suddenly uh, well, then I was aware of a lot of activity behind me. And I turned, just turned around this way face uh, . . .

(Talking over Butler) You (unintelligible) Carver Street.

Back up Everett Street this way, and I saw several men gettin' out of cars, some were already out and holding weapons in their hands. And I was really shocked, you know. At first I thought I had my little girl with me, so I stood there real confu, uh, where is she, you know, and I was thinkin' a lot about that and realized she wasn't there and I was sayin' (unintelligible) but it just seemed like it took me a long time to remember to realize, get oriented that uh, of what was happening. They's uh, I thought I saw, you know, semi-automatic weapons. I don't know. I, I, I don't know what I saw, but I saw some weapons and I, I don't even know if they had commenced firing at that point. But I was, I was stayin' there pretty much, tryin' to figure out what was goin' on. Sandy Smith came up and grabbed my hand and she said "Come on," you know, pulled me behind this Community Center and she seemed to know exactly where she wa, you know, where was a good place to get behind and she pulled us behind this wall, that is uh, where that indents right there.

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Okay.

As I was goin' around the corner, there was a shot, uh, it was a spray all around me in the gravel and um, it, I was hit by it, and I didn't know that until the next day, and uh, 'cause I didn't take off my clothes 'til the next day and see that I had blood and shot in me up here on my legs. So right as I was turning that corner, I was hit, anyway it sort peened around the gravel around me. And uh, wh, uh, we were behind the wall and uh, I looked out to see, I don't know if Sandy looked out or not, but I loo, at first, I looked

out to see, I could hear shots, and I looked out to see if there was anyone being hurt, you know, if there was, if there were any, you know, people just out there. I was pretty sure that the kids had all been taken care of at that point, and uh, I saw those guys, sta, you know, (unintelligible) I, I really could only see o, at, from that vantage point, could only see one or at least was only aware of seeing one of the uh, men with the guns, and he was just shootin' away. And he seemed to be down uh, I can't tell you exactly where he was, but he seemed to be in the vicinity of those two parked cars on Carver Street.

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You referring to Everett Street now, the east part of Everett Street?

No, Carver.

These two cars here.

I think there was one of these men down, had come down into Carver Street. Yeah. On the other side of those cars and uh, really on the other side of the car for me. And uh, I, you know, like I'm, I'm real unsure of the time sequence, but I think that Bill wa, Sampson was behind that second car, very close to us. And uh, he was being shot at and he was returning the shots. And I uh, I had, I did have my gun on me 'cause I didn't know what would come up that day. Mostly I thought I was gonna be too involved of any trouble. So I debated whether I should uh, get into the gun fire, I was afraid of drawing fire. But as this guy, as I was looking but this guy wheeled and just faced right where I was and I thought he saw me, you know, and I thought and he, I thought he shot. So I pulled back and uh, I sh, I leaned out and quickly shot and pulled back, but I wasn't, I think it was just once. Now we was just (unintelligible) two, but I, I don't know I thought it was only one. And the reason why I wasn't any more was uh, San, I, I pulled out and I said, "Sandy, don't look out." I said, "This is a guy right on us." He, you know, I, he appeared to be coming just right down into this Carver Street. And uh, I had, you couldn't run even further, because I would have been more exposed and I really felt we were cornered into that corner right there. And uh, she leaned out

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b7C

even though I said, "Don't lean out," you know, and I was just, you know, waiting in case he came around the corner I would guess I would try and shoot him, but, 'cause I was sure he was comin' after us, and uh, she leaned out and she got hit right between the eyes, on her head. So that was that. I, I, uh, eh, the feeling at the moment was, you know, I didn't realize anybody else had been really hit, well, a moment later or right about the same time, Bi, I heard Bill say, "I've been hit." I heard him say, "I've been shot"or somp'in like that, and he was on the ground. And I just thought everything was coming apart and I didn't know if this guy was gonna kill me next, and I didn't feel like I'd do anything about it, so I kinda just stood there and held, and was calling for a doctor. Because I was aware that we had some doctors near, and I didn't know why no doctors were coming when I was yelling. I had really realized the widespread (fades out).

Okay, [redacted] did you know [redacted]

No, not at all.

Uh, do you recall when you were looking out from the side of that wall there, uh, seeing a man in a blue jacket with a dark beard, sort of a white hat, standing near that channel 12 vehicle?

No, I don't.

Okay. Do you recall afterwards when you came out from that wall, seeing a man laying in the street there?

No, I don't remember that.

Okay. Tell us what happened after Sandy was struck in the head with a pellet.

Uh, for quite some period of time, I, again, my sense of time was very warped, I have to admit. I really thought the shootings took about 20 minutes. You know, that was my perception. I thought I was in the middle of a battle, ha, just like I thought, this is vietna, like vietnam, you know, I'm in a battle. And uh, I thought the whole thing took 20 minutes. Apparently, it only took a couple of minutes.

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b7C

[redacted]

And then I stayed with her, I didn't know, I, I was just cursing myself 'cause I didn't know anything about um, CPR, you know, basic resuscitation techniques and I was trying to get her comfortable and stretched out. I really thought she was still alive. I thought there was hope, you know, and I was feeling for a pulse and trying to figure out what I could do to help her and I was calling, was repeatedly calling for a doctor assistance, call the ambulance, things like that I was sayin'. No one was com, I, I didn't really understand 'cause no one was coming to my assistance. I just expected some of the people to be rushing over 'cause the firing had stopped and there was no one coming, you know, and um, then uh, the rescue squad eventually came. So I was uh, and I was, oh at the same time I was sort of holding Sandy's head and I could see Bill and I could see, uh, uh, [redacted] you know, holding his head and somebody giving him uh, assistance and I knew Bill was in very serious condition and uh, I didn't. I really had no idea, I knew that uh, uh, [redacted] was a doctor. That's about the only thing I knew about him and I was looking for him really, for assistance. I didn't know where he was. I didn't know he'd been shot. But, I was just with her for a long time, you know, I couldn't see much from where I was because uh, I was kinda back in a corner there. Wh, what I could see, I saw Jim Walla on the ground, you know, obviously really hurt. That's all I knew. And I could see Bill Sampson seriously hurt next to (unintelligible), and I couldn't see much beyond. I was frustrated, but I didn't wanta leave her. So I, I didn't see a lot.

[redacted]

Okay. You recall seeing [redacted]?

No, I didn't see him.

Do you recall seeing Ceasar Corsay at all?

No. I think it's just the vantage point I have, those cars in between and just uh, being on the steps of that Community Center, I. ..

Okay. Did you recall seeing any other individual other than that one person that you believe was standing in the center of Carver Street, with a, is it a automatic type weapon, is that the word you used. . . .

b6
b7C

I don't know, no, I wouldn't say that, because I don't know what he had, I mean, but it was really scary and it was just, I was looking down the barrel of a gun at one point and I don't know what kind of a gun it was, but it was not a revolver. It wasn't a little hand held gun, or at least. . .

Some type shoulder weapon. (unintelligible)

(Talking over [redacted] It's not bigger than a pistol, that's all I know.

Somethin' like a, in the area of a shotgun or a, a rifle.

Could be, you know, it, it also didn't seem to be all that long, I don't know. I mean I know that sounds contradictory, but I don't, it coulda be a.. .

Have you seen (unintelligible) the T.V.

Uh hmm.

since the November 3rd incident.

Yes.

Does any of that refresh your memory at all when you see it?

Of this person?

Uh huh.

Unfor, no, it doesn't. Unfortunately not. See, I don't really see the person and I on, hey, I was not looking at the person as much as I was looking at his actions, you know, he was pointing at, my perception was he was pointing a gun, he had turned and pointed a gun, right in his fire I was, I thought he, I felt that he saw me, you know and I was gonna be his next target. So I woulda, you know, I didn't look at his face. He looked like a stocky person and he looked like a hunter to me. That's what he looked like, a hunter.

Do you recall anything about his clothing?

b6
b7C

He was just like a hunter, I mean, I don't think he was, it coulda been a plaid jacket or something like that that made me think he looked like a hunter. But, you know, I can't be as specific as I like, you know, I just can't.

Well, do you recall,. . .

He didn't have long hair I don't think.

He did or didn't.

He did not have real long hair, but, like I said, some things he didn't have, you know, like that.

Okay. Tell us some of those.

Well uh, in looking at the video tapes, I was just tryin', it was kind of uh, tryin' to eliminate certain people. It wasn't the guy with the denim jacket and the long hair, 'cause this guy did not have a denim jacket and long hair. He was, like I said, I, I, he seemed to me stocky and like a big person.

Well, how 'bout a white sweater and a beard?

I don't think he had a white sweater. I don't know.

How 'bout a beard?

He cou, yeah, he could've. I uh, I thought he was like older than me too. I didn't think he looked really young. I mean at the time, I thought his gun looked like it was from outer space. It's just, it was really scary looking and I don't know what kind of gun he had.

You really don't.

You say that he was up in this area on Carver Street, could he have been back on the ground, so. . .

Yeah, he could've. Yeah. What I meant was he had come oh, he had come down in between the uh, uh, into the. . .

Is what your sayin' in that he had come

away from. . .

(unintelligible) the intersection.

Right.

Okay.

That's right.

Do you remember if he was in the street or on the grounds or where he was?

N- no, I, I really couldn't say which of the two he was.

So what you recall is that he was north of Everett Street.

That's right.

Remember this pickup truck that was parked in that intersection?

b6
b7C

No I don't. I didn't know that inter, that, I didn't know the intersection was blocked.

From where you were, could you see the uh, the uh, Fairlane and the van?

No.

You did not see those.

No.

So, you couldn't see any of the people but,..

I mean maybe I could, but I didn't see it. All I focused on was, and, and, you know, I looked out once or twice, you know, I was tryin, I was, my primary interest was gettin' shelter, and I looked out and see, saw this guy. I thought he was down in, you know, a pit, he was moving. He was standing there very aggressively just, it looked like he, he was coming next behind there.

You say you thought he fired at you.

Yes, I did think that.

And that was before you fired at him.

I think so, yeah. I think he may have, he may have been the one, someone fired at me as I was goin' around the corner.

That's a different shot than the one you described be-. . .

Yes. 'Cause I didn't see. I didn't have any idea where that came from.

See, you were shot at and felt this spray on your legs as you were goin' around the corner.

Uh hmm.

And after being back there for some time, looked out and saw this man.

Right. And he turned.

And he turned. b6 b7C

And faced me.

Faced you.

Pointing the gun at me.

Okay. And at that point, you thought he shot the weapon.

I thought so.

What made you think that he fired the weapon?

Just the menacing I guess, just, just the whole feeling, I mean, I don't know, I, I don't know that for sure.

Well, did you recall hearing uh, any pellets hit the building or glass. . .

No, no.

behind you.

No, I don't recall that.

In other words, you were up, you were up here,. . .

There was a lot of gun fire, I mean, it was in the it was in the middle of gun fire and I couldn't really tell if it was his gun or not. There was a gun fire and he was pointing in our direction.

Yeah. You know those windows that were right up in the back part of this. . .

Uh hmm.

You remember, do you remember hearing those break at any time?

No. Well, were they broken. No, I don't know. There was just a lot of gun fire.

It might help now if you'd talk a little bit about the shot that hit you and the size.

Okay. Um, well, it went, I had jeans on and it went through my jeans. I had several pieces of shot embedded in my skin, with this blood, you know, but none of 'em were deep as far as I know and I didn't seek any medical assistance 'til about two days later. I was just really didn't wanta draw attention to myself. b6 b7C

Then whenever you sought medical attention, did they remove any of those pellets (unintelligible)?

Yeah. They removed them all.

Do you know who has them now?

I guess they threw 'em in the trash, I don't know. I didn't, I didn't s-, you know, I, I just was afraid of losing my job and things like that. I, I never did get fired from anywhere and I did not wanna lose my job and I didn't wanta draw attention to myself, you know, people have been killed and I, I couldn't see making a big deal over my little shot and my, my husband and uh, the doctor who removed it said it was buckshot. And it was about the size of a pencil. It was about the cross-section of a pencil or a pen, it was that size.

Talkin' about the core of the pen here?

b6
b7C

No, talkin' about the cross-section.

What are you talkin'. . .

I'm talking about about three quarters, and you know, half an inch, . . .

About the size of the end of my finger?

Yeah. la-, yeah and a little larger.

(Unintelligible, at same time as [redacted]

No.

Larger than that.

Larger than that.

The size of a. . .

Take a number two pencil, cut it in half right in the middle and that,

Includin' the pencil part, not, not at the (unintelligible) part.

Yeah. Between a quarter of an inch and a half an inch.

Alright, how many of these pellets did you have in you?

I think six, I counted one time, but I'm not sure. I can't say six for sure, but I think I'm safe to say six.

Trying to say approximately the size of a pencil eraser

Yes, pencil eraser top.

(unintelligible) wooden pencil.

Unused pencil eraser top.

And you has six of those whereabouts on your body.

Uh, from my upper thighs down to my ankles.

b6
b7C

And how did they remove these, su, surgically, they did?

The doctor removed them. They were all on the surface of my skin and he moved them, I don't remember. It was in the emergency room.

In what hospital?

In Charlotte, and um, I don't remember the name of the hospital.

Just a hospital in Charlotte (cuts off, end of tape)

This is a continuation of the interview of [redacted] uh, when you were treated at the hospital in Charlotte, North Carolina, um, did it re-, reflect on the medical report that you were treated for gunshot wounds?

Yes. I told the doctor it was gunshot wounds.

Okay. And to your knowledge, did he uh, did the doctor keep those pellets that were taken from you body?

I have no idea. I uh, . . .

And this was approximately what date?

This was November 5th or 6th, probly 6th.

And I believe you'd indicated that your daughter was treated.

Yeah. My daughter was treated the same time. She uh, you know, I'm not even sure, I think it was the first, within Mo-, between Monday and Wednesday after the Saturday of November 3rd, but it even could have been a little longer, I'm not sure. But they were still in when, when he took them. I was primarily taking her to, my daughter to get uh, she had stepped on a radiator and bur-, slightly burned the bottom of her feet so I had taken her and I asked the doctor to look at it and, and see if anything needed to be treated and he said, Well, there was the danger of blood poisoning and I oughta get a antibiotic on it and he would remove them.

Okay you know, did they take x-rays of it?

No.

b6
b7C

Okay.

And I think that was, you gave them a different name.

Yeah. I was really afraid I was gonna lose my job and I knew that uh, I had heard that people were losing their job, demonstrators were losing their jobs, simply from going to the emergency room. So that's why I didn't go to the emergency room, I just didn't, some people urged me to go to the emergency room and I said, "No, it's not worth it to me if my name gets printed up in the paper and I lose my job." So, I, what I did was I gave them a, I think I gave 'em my real first name and I gave 'em, I think my maiden name or I'm not sure what I did exactly. And then I paid 'em on the spot.

Okay. Give us the. . .

I gave Richmond as my address though.

Okay, gave, give us the maiden name that you gave, [redacted].

I might have said [redacted] I might have even said [redacted] my daughter's name. I'm not sure.

Your daughter's name is what?

[redacted]

[redacted] Uh, could you spell it for us.

[redacted] lik[redacted]

You may have given that as your last name.

No, I may have, well, she and I were both treated at the same time by the same doctor.

In the same emergency room.

Same emergency room.

So, what emergency room were you treated at.

(At same time) So, if you wanted to look at the records, that's, I'm just not sure of the last name I gave them. I didn't give them [redacted]

b6
b7C

When, when you took your daughter in, did, did, what name for her did you give them.

That's what I'm not sure of either.

You probly, did you probly use her first name.

I'm sure I used the same last name for her. For both of us.

It makes some sense.

There was. . .

But you probly used her real first name.

Yes.

Is that what you're sayin?

I think I did.

Okay. Um.

And I gave Richmond, Virginia, as my address.

Okay.

Do you recall the address of the hospital that you went to. Whereabouts in Charlotte. . . . Or the general location.

Yeah, it's in north, the northern part of Charlotte. It's um. .

Is it off by 85?

Not right off the interstate, I don't think.

29? Highway 29?

It's on a road that, you know, it's on a regular city street. It's in the, I could pro-, probly my husband can recall.

Okay.

I can find that out. I even have a city map of Charlotte.

You even have what?

A city map of Charlotte and I could find that out.

I think also you'd mentioned to me that one of the pellets was near the surface and you scraped it off yourself.

Uh hmm.

When was that?

When I first uh, saw it. I kinda picked at it to see if, how deeply embedded it was. One came right off.

And was that November the 4th when you first discovered.

Yeah, yeah.

And did you see that then, actually see the pellet?

Yes. It was flat and it was uh, you know, it stuck to my skin and it was flat, it was almost like uh, blood around it.

b6
b7C

Was it about the same size as you described previously?

Yeah. I think they were all, I, only one I, you know, I only remember that one size vividly, but I don't re-, that's the largest, what I'd said, but there may have been some smaller ones.

Okay. And you were struck whereabouts on your body again.

Upper legs and lower legs.

On which side.

Back.

Like. .

Exterior.

entire back.

Yeah.

So, both sides of both legs were covered.

Posterior portion of my (unintelligible) and uh, it should be (unintelligible).

b6
b7C

Okay. Alrighty.

(Unintelligible)

Do you have any, do you have any (unintelligible).

That's the bone, that's the bone there (unintelligible) (laughs).

(Someone unintelligible)

That was the wrong, that's the bone. (Laughs)

That's right.

I was gonna say, you were un-, unusually [redacted] . .

That's on my bone.

And usually [redacted] help, but (unintelligible)

(Laughing)

I'd be in bad trouble (unintelligible) you know, wherever the, the skin on the surface of this bone.

The hamstring muscles and the calf muscles.

Calf and, calf and upper, what's that, upper thighs.

Hamstring. Hamstring is the back of

Yeah.

of the upper leg. Back of the upper leg. Right outside the femur.

Right.

Hey, we're gonna take a break for a minute and then we're gonna look at some films for a few minutes, and

Can I ask a couple questions?

You wanna? Yeah, sure.

Thank-you.

About medicine or about (unintelligible)

(Someone laughing)

I don't know anything about medicine.

Well, one more about medicine. Did you get any kinda receipt from the hospital?

I'm sure I did, but I didn't save it. I (unintelligible)

Uuumm. How 'bout prescriptions?

Yes. Well, he gave it to me. He just gave me, he gave me a prescription drug.

Okay. So you didn't, nothin' you had to fill.

That's right.

Nothin' with your name or the name of your doctor.

Right, it was a (unintelligible)

Uh, I'm lookin' for somethin' that might reflect, that what we're interested in, obviously is subpoenaed records.

b6
b7C

Right.

And the only way to do that, it would be helpful to know the precise name and the precise hospital.

I can get the, I'll figure out where the hospital was, uh, it was just a young doctor. I uh, don't know who the doctor was.

The doctor probably wouldn't help us uh.

It would have to be emergency room records

Right.

or somethin'.

Yeah. So we'd, if we found the hospital's name and knew what name you used at that time, then we can get the records and the records are likely to reflect the (unintelligible) in preference and size. If he made them. Sometimes they do and sometimes they don't.

One other question on the nature of the injury, did you uh, advise them that you were at that demonstration on November 3rd?

No, I didn't.

What did you explain to the doctor as far as the cause of your injury?

He said, "How did you get this?" and I said, "Well, just got in the way when somebody was shootin' a shotgun. It was an accident." I said.

Got in the way of what now?

Somebody's shooting a, a shotgun. And he said uh, he said this is buckshot and I said, yeah I know. Uh, I got in the way of somebody shootin' and he said were they shootin' at you? And I said oh no, no. It was just an accident. Uh, you know, I was standin' too close as a little kid, I said. I just really didn't want to draw attention to myself. I really felt that the atmosphere at the time, if I came in there and said that pretty soon I'd have a reporter callin' me up. Just didn't want any attention, that's all. I wanted to keep my job above all else. Not above all else, but I had a pretty high (unintelligible). b6 b7C

Um, okay. You said that, that uh, when you were standin' on that corner, you heard this man in the pickup truck say something and then shaw, saw him shoot a weapon into the air and that you basically stayed with your tension focused on him.

Right, uh hmm.

How many times do you recall him shooting?

More than once, but I don't know how many times?

Were they all up in the air?

I couldn't see that he was, I, I, I didn't have any evidence he was shooting anywhere but up in the air, but I was, that's what I was trying to see. I was tryin' to see how serious was this and I couldn't tell.

But you were aware of uh, him firing more than one shot.

Yeah, yeah.

Okay. And uh, how were you dressed that day?

b6
b7C

I had uh, blue jeans and a red nylon jacket on. And tennis shoes.

Now, when, when uh, you first became aware of Sandy Smith tellin' you to move,

Uh hmm.

Uh, did she go with you to that porch?

Yes, she was literally kinda pulling me behind. I wasn't quite sure that was the best place to go, but she was doin' a much better job than I was doin' gettin' sel-, shelter for me. So I went with her behind her.

So you ran,

Right there.

You ran north on Carver Street.

Right

On the grass.

Yeah.

Right?

I was right behind her. She was holding my hand uh, pulling, you know, guiding me. I didn't know where she was going. She was pulling me to some safety is what she was,

Did you see if she was injured in any way at that time?

No. I, I, we had, I was, was surprised to find out that she was, you know, I heard she was seriously injured, that's what uh, I was told and she uh, you know, she was more looser than I was about it. I was still standing in a daze in the street, tryin' to figure out what was goin' on.

You learned that she was, or that she was seriously injured by other than the gunshot.

Yeah, I heard she was, smashed in the back of the head. And in fact, I held her head when I, what I thought was uh, that the bullet had gone, when the, I thought it was a bullet and uh, I thought it went into her head, forehead, and I put my hand over it to try and prevent blood loss, you know,

b6
b7C

and uh, I felt, I was holding my other hand on the back of her head and I felt, you know, blood and everything back there and I thought it went through her head. That's what I thought. 'Cause I didn't realize before that she had been injured any other way. So I, you know, my perception was that a bullet had just gone through her forehead to the back, out the back of her head, and I was, you know, holding her head. But she was talking to me, you know, she was saying you stay down while, when I look, when she looked out and I said, no don't do it, you know, there's somebody right there on us. And she said,and she said no, you stay back, you know, like that. And she looked out and that's when she got hit.

Did she have a weapon?

No, she didn't have one.

When you were, before you started runnin' up here,

Uh hmm.

How many shots did you recall hearing?

I don't know. They had, they had the gun, I'm quite sure, because I had, I was running under gunfire. That was my, that was the experience I was having. I was running under gunfire and away from, tryin' to get away from it.

Could you tell what direction they were coming from as you were. . .

Yeah. It was to the right of me. It was uh, I had seen him, you know, I had already seen these guys getting, getting their guns out of the car in the process of setting up basically, you know, getting out their, pulling out their weapons. I was seeing that as she came up and grabbed me. So I knew where it was coming from.

Well, did you hear any of those shots hitting anywhere as you were running.

Yeah, it's uh,I, I think it was sort of pinging all around me. That's what I thought. That was my sense at the time. And I saw a newspaper reporter or, I mean a, not, not, you know, photographer, somebody with the media. A woman jump in her car, I saw, you know, everybody was scrambling for just a place to get behind something.

b6
b7C

Where did you see her jump in her car?

One of these first two cars, right.

A car parked here.

Yeah. Right, as I was goin' up there, Sandy grabbed me, so okay, if you need a time from her. She was doing that as I was running up behind the Community Center.

She meaning (unintelligible, [redacted] interrupts)

That gir-, the media person. She wa-, jumped under one of the two cars. I think the first one.

Okay. As you ran up the street and you saw her jump under the car, did you see other people crouching behind that car?

I think so, but I'm not sure who, you know. I know that Bill Sampson was there, but I only am sure it was, only, I'm only sure I knew that at the point I was already behind the building.

So you don't recall seeing Bill Sampson there when you ran by?

No, right. But there were several people and I think there was some other media people like uh, like uh, T.V. station camera men or somebody. There was several people in that area trying to seek cover at that point.

Okay. Uh, and when you got up on the porch and you looked out and you saw this man, had, had you been aware of Bill Sampson firing the weapon before that?

I don't know if it was already. I tend to think not, but I'm not sure. I don't, I don't think I was running up there when he, I think I would have remembered that if he was shooting as I was running up there. I think he, began shooting afterwards, but I'm not sure.

Did he shoot before you did?

Oh, . . it was very, it was, my response was to this one guy, you know. I know that Bill was shot very close to the same time Sandy was. That's the only thing I was sure of.

Okay.

I was, I felt this guy had zeroed in on us, and I felt, and I was naturally having to respond to that.

Well, before you said that you were concerned about shooting if you were concerned about drawing fire . . .

Right.

and I thought you had said that Bill was already firing. Is that accurate or not?

He could have been, but I don't know for sure. I'll have to admit that.

Do you have any idea how many times he fired?

No I don't. More than once.

Umm.

From memory I don't know.

You say that Bill and Sandy were shot around the same time.

Yes.

Why do you think that?

Because um, when Sandy was hit, either right before Sandy was hit or very soon after, I heard uh, Bill say I've been shot. And I knew because he said it, you know. He said, I've been shot. like that, and I saw him fall to the ground. And I was, as soon as Sandy was hit, I, you know, um, I was, put my arms around her tryin' to pull her back, you know, and um, I could see, because I had to move out a little bit, I could see Bill then on the ground. It seemed like it was in rapid succession, and I don't know exactly which, which, which first. Seemed like it was happening at the same time.

Okay, now with reference to your weapon,

Uh hmm.

You said that you recall firing at least once and may have fired twice.

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b7C

I could have I really only thought that I fired once. But [redacted] (?) with me that he had another account unaccounted for shot and I, I had told him earlier that I shot once. But there really wasn't much time for me to shoot because, that's what I can't quite figure out was that, I, it could have been me, but I'm not sure.

Well, let me ask this. Your weapon is a revolver, right?

Right.

Okay, how many shots is it?

Six.

Did you, had you loaded it fully that morning?

Yeah, it was all full, but I onl-, I thought I only shot once.

Did you recall uh, taking the (?) shell out?

Uh hmm. Yeah.

Do you recall there being more than one?

I really thought I only shot once, you know, but, I, I'm I can't, you know, if, if there's, I mean, it's possible for me to have shot twice, right then.

But you don't recall

I really. .

based on the recollection of what happened that day or the recollection of reloading the weapon later, you don't recall whether it was only once or maybe more.

Well, that's what, I have uh, thought my memory was pretty consistent up until he raised the really, wh-, the really, you know, that the FBI determined there were eight shots from the community center and of course, you know, I know that, that a revolver can only hold six, so I know no other guns or anybody else was shooting besides Bill with Bill's weapon, which would be six, and if there were two more, I I can't have no, I can't imagine where that other, another one would have come from I mean, so then I said, well maybe I shot twice, but I always thought I only shot once.

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When did you unload your weapon after the firing incident?

Couple hours later.

And do you recall where you were?

I was in a car, my car.

Your car?

Uh hmm.

Was your husband driving?

No. I had taken my, we have, we had two hicles, vehicles. He had a truck and I had a car.

Were you driving the vehicle?

Yeah.

And you unloaded the weapon while you were driving?

No, no. I got in, I,I drove a little ways and then I took 'em out.

Okay. And what did you do with the cartridges, the casings?

I don't know. I didn't keep them. I didn't keep them.

Could they still be in the vehicle?

No, I wouldn't have done that. I cleaned the car, I uh, cleaned the car and sold the car. Yeah.

They wouldn't be in the seat by chance.

No I wou-, no, no, no. No, I, I um, I didn't save 'em, but I wouldn't have been careless with, you know, I wouldn't have just put 'em somewhere you know. I wouldn't just throw 'em somewhere, I would have kept 'em and then, then. Then I thought then I no longer were sure if that came from the (unintelligible).

Do you have any recollection of saving the bullets that were not fired? And you know, you replaced them or what?

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Uh, yes I did, uh, I keep the same bullets in the weapon for awhile. I was really scared for my life. And I, I c- continued to be armed to protect myself.

Okay, well just think back then as to what, what bullets you saved and how many you put in the gun to reload it again. Do you recall how many you took out of the box to reload it?

Oh, uh, tha-, I know what you're gettin' at, but I don't know if I did, if I had shot once or twice, I really don't know, and I don't know if I'm, I mean if I remembered that I only took four bullets out, then I would have known that I shot twice. I really thought I only shot once and I still tend to think that, but the evidence seems to be that I cou-, you know, could have shot twice.

Well, right now we just have to go with your recollection.

Yeah.

We're just trying to pursue a number of ways to determine.

Okay.

Uh, ha-, have you had any occasion to fire that weapon since then?

I practiced shot it. Yeah uh, from, for about a year afterwards. I eh, uh, probly about once a month. Uh, just target, you know,

So I assume that you don't have any of the same ammunition.

It's been, it's been shot.

I assume you don't have any of the same ammunition that you had in November, '79.

I might, 'cause I ha-, I didn't shoot all that much, you know, I o-, I, I probly didn't if I shot. I don't know how much is in a box, but, it's expensive to practice (unintelligible) you know, I probly uh, probly had shot it no more than 10 times each time I did it. I probly don't have. But anyway, I haven't shot it for about a year now. I don't think I have any of the same. I also don't know whether it was uh, .38 or .357 that I shot that day.

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And your gun is a .357.

Yeah, but you can shoot either one.

Yeah.

Yeah.

And I think you mentioned, maybe this will help you think, when you leaned around and shot, the petition or manner in which you shot, whether or not you cocked it and then pulled the trigger or,

Yeah. This is why I find it hard to believe I could shoot twice, uh because uh, I had been, my husband had showed me how the shoot the gun and he, you know, told me to cock it back, in order to, 'cause uh, you know, you would have more control over it, you wouldn't have to pull as hard on the trigger, and I didn't and I remember just goin' wow, you know, I knew that, you know, was, yeah, I, I just didn't even remember that, you know, when I sh, when I pulled it, I knew I was shooting just off into anywhere, but uh, so I didn't cock it back, I just pulled the trigger. That's why I find it hard to believe I did two in a row. 'Cause I wou-, it wou-, there would have been too much time ela- elapsed. This was very quick, you know, leaning out, seeing the guy, leaning right back out and getting a shot off and ru- and hiding back in and that's, that was my memory.

Okay. Where you shootin' at the fellow that was standing in the middle of Carver Street with the weapon?

Yeah, he was coming. Uh, my uh, perception, he was coming right at us.

Do you recall what was behind him. Was it a building or open space?

I think uh, some open space. Uh hmm.

Okay.

O- One, one question. Could the man you looked out and saw stalking towards you, could he have been to the left of the channel 12 car and that other car in that grassy area, could it, could it have been somebody in there?

I don't, no, I don't think so, because um, Bill was down there. The whole time I was behind that Bill was there and nobody was right on top of Bill, I don't think.

And when you saw Bill, what position was he in? Was he standing upright, or was he crouched behind the vehicle?

No. He was crouched behind the vehicle and mostly I saw him on the ground 'cause um, I (unintelligible)

Okay. And do you recall seeing him stand up at any time?

No, huh hmm.

You, and even though you were back in a corner here, could you still see him fairly clearly from the corner you were in?

Well, I only took uh, one or two brief looks oustide uh, from behind that wall. After seein' he was shot, I had a good view, because uh, I was not I don't know this, that this firing ceased, I think soon after that, and uh, I wasn't prote-, I wasn't hiding behind the wall after she shot, I was halfway behind it. And I could see they were on the ground really, you know, seriously injured, so that's the main time I saw Bill, but I did see him crouch behind the car.

When you heard his voice, do you know where it was that was coming from 'cause you said earlier, you had seen him fall.

Yeah. Well, when he s- said I've been hit,

Where was he then?

I heard him say, I've been hit, you know, he was right behind that car, and he fell onto the ground.

Was he standing at that time?

No, he was uh, down, he was down the whole time, crouched and I thought, I thought. I never saw him standing up.

What was your reaction to Sandy gettin' shot?

Well, I really only thought it was her and Bill. It was denial. I thought she was still alive and I thought she could be saved. And I was really upset that no doctor or rescue people, and I had seen the police there, as I said, I saw the police when I drove up. I was wondering where are they? They're trained, they're supposed to be trained to handle this kind of thing. I was re-, just repeatedly yelling over and over, you know uh, I need a doctor, I need help, you know, I was sayin' that over and over 'cause (clears throat) I knew there were doctors and police and I wanted to know where they were, you know. And I was very distraught I guess. Um, I was holding her head, I was tryin' to keep the blood in her head. I was tryin' to feel for a pulse and I just uh, there was uh, you know, I was just really, I guess I was distraught, I didn't leave, I didn't leave her, you know, I didn't know what to do for her. I wanted to do something for her and I couldn't do anything for her. And it was, it was a feeling of helplessness and (clears throat) just wishing I could do something, n-and wondering where the help was, where was the assistance. I was so angry and frustrated and upset. There was uh, a, a, there was a, a couple black couple standing behind us, I don't know what they saw, but their, they certainly saw her body or her after she was shot, shortly after, and they, the woman was crying and the man was holding, had his arms around her. They were young.

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Were they there when the shooting was going on?

I don't know. I really don't. I mean, I wondered about that, but I don't know. I didn't see them then, but this was very shortly afterwards. I don't know what they saw, but they uh, the woman was very upset, kept looking at Sandy and burying her face in the man's chest crying. He was trying to console her and I was holding Sandy. So that, that seemed that was my main memory of that time. And it became clear to me that, that the shooting had stopped, you know, I didn't know where they were, but they were gone or something. And I saw Jim on the ground, I saw Jim Walla on the ground, on his, on his stomach. And I knew he was seriously injured, but that's all, and Bill laying, so I knew three people were, but I couldn't see anybody else.

Using the diagram, can you indicate what your line of sight and fire was when you looked around. Was it more straight across east?

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No, diagonal, it was like um,

Southeast.

Yeah. draw a uh,

Do you remember,

45 degree angle from tha-, that poi-, corner and that's where I, that would the center of my vision.

Something like this?

Yeah. That would be the center of my vision and I should see. . .

(beeping noise, end of tape 2, side 1)

You gonna put the continuation on here?

This is the same tape. Just turned it over.

Oh, alright. In order words uh, if you, if I recall correctly what you said before, this diagram does not, does not pretend to be the scale,

Uh hmm.

Uh, if I recall what you said before is that when you fired at this person, you thought that the background behind him was open space as opposed to (unintelligible)

(Talking over [redacted] Oh yeah.

Is that correct.

Yeah.

Okay. So, he would have uh,

He wasn't in front of a house.

From your prospective, he would have been uh, in between the edge of this building here and,

And that car.

And, and this car.

No, this car up here.

Channel 12 vehicle.

Channel 12 car. He was somewhere in that, yeah.

Somewhere in there I thought. Or, I would make a circle if I was gonna describe it, you know, circle from here.

Right, somewhere in this area.

Well, he could have, no, he could have been in the street. I don't know.

She puts him anywhere from the grassy area to the street, right.

Yeah. Anywhere in that area.

Yeah.

And unlike the diagram, did you have to cut a close angle above the channel 12 car? Did you, were you fearful you would hit that car, or was that not even in your vision when you looked around? As I said, that car,

I didn't see,

that (unintelligible with [redacted] talking over him)

I don't remember the car bein' right in front of me. I, I don't remember that much obstruction.

It may not have been. This is just a rough approximation uh,

But I'm sure that the houses, the apartments weren't directly behind this guy.

(Someone unintelligible, one word)

I think I would have thought about that.

(Someone unintelligible)

(Someone coughs)

Okay.

Okay, that's all we have for right now. We'll take a short break and we'll show you some films on (unintelligible) okay.

And I was, you know, you know.

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Okay, [redacted] we've been reviewing on the video screen, a channel 11 t.v. video film from November 3, 1979, and as you viewed in the t.v. screen, several vehicles have passed by and the film reflects an individual striking a vehicle with a stick. Did you observe that on November 3, 1979?

I might have uh, I mean, what I remember is several people hitting the side of the car. I don't remember people hitting the car with the sticks, I remember hitting with hands.

Okay.

Fists, you know.

These people were in front of you as you look up west on Everett Street, is that correct?

Uh, next to me, I was in,

Next to you.

I was several people around, I was, had people on both sides on me.

Okay, and again, what did you observe these people to do with their hands?

(Unintelligible) cars, but you know, generally get outta here.

Is that about the same time that you indicated earlier you heard people uh, exchanging some kind of curses comin' out of the vehicles and people shouting death to the klan?

Uh hmm, yes.

About that same period

Yes.

when people was saying Jews or, or niggers and things like that.

Right.

This is when the people started striking vehicles with your hands that you observed?

Yeah.

Okay.

This is what I saw is on Carver. The other heckle and the demonstrators, demonstrators were givin'it back.

Okay. We're gonna continue to watch the film and we'll stop it again in a few seconds. I want you to observe the uh, actions that are further west on Everett Street, where you indicated earlier you saw a man come out of the vehicle with a, a weapon and fire it once or possibly more.

Right.

Okay. And if you, the film actually shows this, I'd like you to describe it to us on the tape, what you observed that day.

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Okay.

Okay. We've just reviewed a film on t.v. uh, channel 11, and it re-, shows a blue and white pickup truck passing by and an individual coming out of it holding a weapon in the air. Okay. Tell us what happened as you observed on November 3, 1979, when that occurred.

I observed the cars, se-, stopping, you know, up at the en-, you know, towards the end of the street, stop suddenly and uh, what I thought was the first or second vehicle, a man got out and he was just really, you know, uh, he was saying cursing, and calling people, you know, uh, uh, generally racial, you know. (Sigh) Uh, uh, what I remembered him saying was uh, "You goddamn niggers and Jews." That's what I remember and he shot in the air. That's what I saw, and I kept looking in that direction.

Okay. Did the film actually uh, show what occurred on that date other than the fact that you can't hear what the man is shouting.

The film seems so better what I saw. I mean, I it seemed like the cameramen, uh, probably it's my memory, you know, but, or fear, you know, it had it just changed, altered my ability to remember that, that (unintelligible). But the film uh, seems, uh, seemed like I couldn't see the man as well on the film, it shows. I don't recollect being able to see him that clearly. Maybe the cameraman was closer at that point.

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Okay, fine.

than I was.

We're gonna continue watching the film at this moment.

You just (unintelligible) tape right now, before we get started.

Sure, I don't wanna see (unintelligible)

Okay. [redacted] uh, these are just minimal questions and the first is to your personal knowledge that you could testify to. Do you have any knowledge, uh, whatsoever of any partic-, of any pricita, jees, any participation by any Greensboro police officer uh, in the events prior to or the events on November 3, 1979?

Any, any n-, names or badge numbers you mean?

No, any personal knowledge of any involvement whatsoever of any Greensboro police officer?

Okay. Yes, uh, there was, there I'm su-, certain there was at least one Greensboro City Police squad car uh, near uh, Car-, Carver Street, very close to Carver Street. Uh, I don't know the name of the other little street but actually it was parked on the corner of Carver and another little street coming up this way.

Okay, and you found these streets going easterly?

Yeah, east. While he, you know, the next one east of Ca-, uh, I mean, Everett, the corner of Everett and the next one up, east.

Okay. Next one east of Carver,

Right.

on Everett Street. Is that right?

Yeah.

How long before this did you observe this, when you arrived at approximately eleven?

Yes. I arrived right at el-, right about eleven or a couple of minutes before.

That's when you saw the car.

That's when I saw the car. It was there when I came

Alright.

And I parked near there somewhere , around Carver, on Everett, not Carver.

Did you see that police car leave the area, b6 b7C

No.

at any one time?

I didn't see it leave but uh, I'm pretty sure it was there at eleven, you know, that's all I know.

You didn't see it there after the shooting.

Well, after the shooting then that, there was uh, okay, my next knowledge of any police I remember is uh, uh, there wa- a policeman came in the area where Sandy, where I, you know, where I was sitting next to Sandy's body and uh, he um, I was really angry at seeing a police because there, it seemed so long before any kind of assistance, and it seemed very clear to me that there was no police preventing this from taking place. The next, you know, from the time I saw the squad car, the next time I saw any policemen, it was, he was in the area of me and Sandy, but he didn't come and, you know, offer any assistance and uh, there was some uh, residents, I assumed they were residents of people, looked like they lived in a project, maybe six or seven people, a little further on uh, further north on Carver, and they uh, he, he said hault or somethin' like that to a man, a black man got out of a car, it might have been a taxi, but I'm not sure, and uh, hault like that and he, and I thought and he reached for his gun and he may have drawn it, I know he reached for it, and I said, "Wait a minute." I said, "He couldn't be any klan. I mean, why don't you go after the people that did this. He couldn't be any klan, you know." So it was this kind of interchange between me and the policeman. And the policeman um, put his, you know, he, he stopped and, and he, I don't know why he just gave up and uh, he, he didn't

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pursue the man at all. I didn't know if it was the result of what I said or not. And uh, people were standin' there goin', "Yeah, what has he done." Wasn't it clear this man had had any part in it at all. And it was part of my general feeling that the, just uh, well wh-, you know, why run after this man, you know, right now, 'cause clearly, all the people out there were klan types. People who were really shooting. So, that, that was my next re-, memory of any police. And there were a lot of policemen there after, the re-, you know, about that time, the rest of the squad came and uh, and what do you wanta know specifically?

Okay, that's fine. Um, do you have any knowledge from any source of the involvement of any police officer uh, in the events prior to and of November 3, 1979, as far as their participation in these events. As a (unintelligible) factor.

I didn't have anything to do with the uh, organizing of the club activity, permits or anything like that. I didn't have any kind of personal contact, you know, I know this is probly what you're bringing up, but I would like at some point, to ask, in the course of an investigation, whether there was uh, uh, a uh, search, in my view an illegal search of my, my house. My husband, or my husband and I livedon [redacted] in Greensboro in June, I think it was June 7, 1979, I've always wondered if it was related in any way. Because, the, the reason they gave for searching, like they said they were looking for an escaped felon. Th-, it just didn't make sen-, never made sense to me and they said they didn't need a search warrant and I asked for a search warrant. He said, "No I don't have one and I don't need one." And he was pointing a weapon at me, and I've always wondered if this had anything to do with, . .

Okay. Who was, who was the police officer or who was the police agency uh, Greensboro Police Department.

Greensboro Police, uh, I assume, and uh, and

How many police officers were there.

there were plain clothes and uh, uniform.

Okay. And who were they lookin' for, do you know?

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They said they were lookin' for an escaped felon named [redacted] Now, what was interesting, we went to the newspaper about it and we went to city council about it. Because, no, they they came up with a description of the man and it didn't fit. Anybody that was there, plus no one had seen uh, anyone, our neighbors and, and we had not seen anybody in the area.

Okay now, [redacted] was he know to you?

No, I never heard of him in my life.

Okay, and what address were you at, that they searched for him?

Uh, I lived on [redacted] and I was si-, uh, I'm not sure of the address now.

You started to say before, there was a nine or something.

No, I'm not sure there was a nine (unintelligible)

Okay,

(unintelligible)Okay, I have a letter. What was interesting after I went to the police, I mean, after I went to the uh, yeah his, I was [redacted] Okay. I went, he asked for an investigation by the city police and we went to the city council and we went to the newspaper. And uh, asked for uh, an investigation as to why, you know, why did they think, I mean, 'cause it looked really bad, I mean this poli-, all these policemen came in and did this, ran into our house and naturally, it was a mental reaction, you know, people were wondering what did you do, you know.

What did they do in your house?

They searched it.

The entire house or,

They went through the whole house and they didn't appear to move anything or go through closets or anything, they just went through the whole house.

Did you have any (clears throat) uh, materials that were used for the union work , . .

Uh hmm.

or any sort of, you know, political,

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Yeah. Had uh, we uh, actually had the mimeograph machine there, which we ran off the (unintelligible)

Okay. Did the police remove anything from your house?

Not that I was aware of, I. .

They didn't give you a receipt for any property removed.

No. And they, but what, they said very clearly, I said, oh, okay. Where is the search warrant? He was inside the house when I, I was holding my baby it was, at that, she was about 13 months old, I was holding her and I s- uh, and I came towards the front door. I was inside and he was already in, you know, and I said uh, I said uh, where, you know, "Do you have a search warrant?" and he said uh, he said, "I'm gonna, we're gonna search the house. We're looking for an escaped felon." and I said, "Escaped felon, well uh, do you have a search warrant?" and he said, "No, and I don't need one." like that, very definitely and he had a gun, he had a, a lo-, a shotgun or somethin' like that in his hand and I decided I was gonna get outside real fast, you know, to make sure that nothin' happened inside.

Do you have with you a copy of the letter received from the police department.

Yeah. This is,

Could we read the response to your inquiry?

Yeah.

You can shut the tape off while we read it.

Okay. [redacted] in regards to the search of your residence in June 7th, 1979, uh, you made the statement to the fact that your husband was involved in some union activities at that time and had signed a affidavit to the National Labor Relations Board.

Yeah.

Please continue.

Yeah, he had, he, we um, you know, the only activity we have been recently involved in, very recently

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involved in, very recently involved in, you know, that, (clears throat) he had then become visible as a spokesperson for the white organ-, white oak(?) organizing committee and uh, he was on the uh, joint council of AFLCIO in, in Greensboro, and uh, he had just signed this affidavit uh, of, of, labor, uh, uh, failure to represent I think, but anyway, unfair labor practices against the union, so we've went, you know, we felt there was harassment uh, for labor ac-, activity.

Okay.

Because they couldn't come up with sound reason, there didn't seem any evidence of uh, an escaped felon in our house.

Okay. Okay, now in regards to uh, the events of November 3rd, do you have any knowledge of any involvement of any agent of the United States, that is the Department of Justice, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and/or the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.

No I have no knowledge.

Okay. Do you have any, uh, . . .

No, I was never approached and asked, any, anything about it. I really expected to be approached and asked what did I see and I was never approached that way.

Okay. In regards to any federal, state or city uh, employee or agent of those government agencies, do you know of any involvement of any individuals in the events which occurred before November 3rd, November 3rd and after November 3rd?

No, as far as I understand the question.

Okay. Do you have any areas that you would request the Federal Grand Jury and this investigation to review in addition to the ones which you have already mentioned to us?

Well, if you, I hope you're including the uh, I'm asking that, that there be, (sigh) just check to investigated whether this was, this search of our house, which I think was illegal, whether that had anything to do with some kind of investigation of labor activists in Greensboro.

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Okay. Did you, (unintelligible) after the police left, did you check the property that you had in the house as far as any documents or,

Yes.

paperswere concerned.

I couldn't determine if anything was taken, no.

Okay. And you did not see the officers leave with anything.

No. But he did see that we had a mimeograph machine.

Okay. And did you inquire with the police department and make reference to the fact that anything could have been taken from your residence with, without your knowledge?

Uh, I think that we probably asked that. I'd be surprised if we didn't, but I don't remember it. That wasn't really an issue. We didn't, didn't seem that they had taken anything.

Okay.

With regards to the search of your house uh, were there other people at your house besides yourself (unintelligible).

Yes.

Who else was there?

Uh, [redacted] (Phonetic) was there, . . and my husband.

Anyone else?

And my baby.

Anyone else?

No.

And you said that uh, some neighbors uh, either observed this or came as this was ending or something?

Uh hmm.

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Who were your neighbors?

I don't remember (unintelligible), but it was the neighbor right next door on the corner. Don't remember her name.

(Saying someone's name, unintelligible)

What?

(Unintelligible, repeating)

Did I tell you that? 'Cause I don't remember her name now.

(Unintelligible)

The neighbor on the corner.

(Someone coughing

Next door on the corner. They lived across the street, an elderly couple, uh, across the street on the corner, I mean on the corner, on the, yes, they were on the corner of [redacted] and uh, - let's see, what street (unintelligible) (loud noise in background drowning out talking)

(Someone else talking, unintelligible)

Say [redacted] and,

Tryin' to think of the name of the road, that goes along there. [redacted] (Phonetic) On both, the people in both houses on uh, either side of the, of the street saw this (unintelligible)

Okay. Now, with reference to uh, with reference to the weapon you had uh, on November 3rd, can you tell us why you brought that weapon with you?

Well uh, mainly because I was uh, traveling alone to Greensboro, well with me and my child, and I had to dri-, from Kannapolis, I had to drive through China Grove, which of course, that was where we had the demonstration five months earlier, and uh, my car was not very reliable and when traveling by myself, or just me and my baby, I sometimes took a gun just for self-protection. So that would be I, I would you know, I took it for that reason, and I got very nervous about the whole um, the, the demonstration, you know, I was really, I was afraid that there would be some kind of attack from, you know, klan types. I thought more

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likely really, when I was going to or from the demonstration, and in Greensboro I was, you know, I wasn't completely anonymous. I had been uh, I was, you know, known to be involved with uh, labor work and (unintelligible) so, I didn't know who, there might be some quote the klan types that knew, either had uh, you know, people that weren't, even the, the un-, the credit the, one of the people at the mill, all the workers said once, something about uh, gettin' the, the klan like on (unintelligible) needs, so I just didn't really know who would, who would know me, but I felt a little bit visible that way,

Did any, anybody,. .

so I wanted to have protection.

Did anybody associated with the planning preparation of the demonstration request that you bring a weapon that day?

No, af-, no. In fact, I think if, I really felt that, you know, I knew that weapons were, were not the thing,. you know, but I wanted it for my own protection, you know, we were not going to bring weapons, was my understanding and they weren't gonna be visible. So I certainly saw nobody with visible weapons from the demonstrators' side. I just br-, it was purely my decision, you know, to bring it. Didn't even tell anybody I brought it.

Now, while you were working at Kannapolis, that's with Sandy Smith, okay, right?

Yes.

Do you have any information regarding uh, people with photographs of members of the demonstration on November 3rd uh, prior to November 3rd, showing those photographs uh, around the Kannapolis plant?

No.

You have no information concerning that?

No, I didn't think that occurred, I didn't know that.

Okay. This concludes the interview of uh, [redacted] on May 3, 1982, at Richmond, Virginia. It is not 4:46 p.m.

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 6/15/82

On May 3, 1982, [redacted] was interviewed at Richmond, Virginia. A transcript of the interview is as follows:

Investigation on 5/3/82 at Richmond, Virginia File # CE 44-3527

SCBA
405

by SA [redacted] / mst Date dictated 5/3/82

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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Okay, this is [redacted] I'm a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, assigned to Greensboro, North Carolina. This is May 3, 1982, at Richmond, Virginia. The time is now 5:10 p. m. in the evening. This is the interview of [redacted] at the Richmond office of the FBI. Also present are his attorneys and representatives from the Department of Justice and FBI headquarters. Would you please identify yourself for the record please.

[redacted]

My name is [redacted] with Greensboro Justice Fund and note our objection to Agent [redacted] conducting the interview.

[redacted] Greensboro Justice Fund.

[redacted] Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

[redacted] Attorney, Department of Justice.

Okay, [redacted], would you please identify yourself.

Yes. My name is [redacted] I live at [redacted]

Is [redacted]

Okay. Okay, how long have you lived here in Richmond, Virginia?

Uh, a little better than a year.

Okay, back in 1979, sir, would, at that time where did you live?

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In the beginning of 1979 I lived in Greensboro, worked at Cone Mills White Oak Plant.

And what address did you live at Greensboro?

(sighs) Well, I moved a couple of times in 1979, I, uh, the beginning of 79 I lived on, at, uh, my, uh, what was the name of it, it was on Grr, . . ., uh, [redacted], uh, [redacted] I think, [redacted], uh, [redacted] I believe that was it. And, uh, lived there 'til March and then moved to, uh, a house at some, uh, uh, friends of ours had moved out of on [redacted] yeah, [redacted] And lived there until, uh, August and in August, uh, we moved to Kannapolis.

Okay, and during this period of time from January, 1979, to August, 1979, how were you employed?

I worked at Cone Mills as a beamer . . . at White Oak Plant.

Okay, tell us what a beamer is.

Uh, it was a machine operator, I worked in the production of blue denim.

Okay, and in your capacity as an employee of, uh, Cannon Mills in Greensboro, did you also participate in any union activities?

Well, it was Cone Mills in Greensboro and yes, I, I was, uh, I was a shop steward, I was, uh, representative of our local union to the Greensboro Central Labor Union. I was on the executive board of the Greensboro Central Labor Union.

Okay, and what union was that?

Amalgamated Clothing and Textile Workers Union, Local 1391.

And for how long have you been a shop steward for that union?

Off and on for about four years.

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Uh, is that in the Greensboro area?

Yes.

Okay.

All at the same plant.

Okay, were you associated with or did you know people in an organization known as the Workers Viewpoint Organization in 1979?

Yes, I knew, uh, some people who were in it who, well, Bill Sampson, he worked in the same plant I did, and [redacted] uh . . .

Okay, was Bill Sampson involved in union activity?

Sure. He, he was the president of the White Oak Organizing Committee which was a, uh, I guess rank and file caucus I guess is the term, and at least we refer to ourselves as being, uh, within, within the local union, it wasn't a separate labor organization as such. It was a, a caucus within the, uh, local union, it was, had really been in, uh, operation since in different forms, since the summer of 75. Uh, sometimes more and sometimes less activity. Uh, and Bill when he, uh, joined, uh, the union at our plant, he got involved in the White Oak Organizing Committee and played a real strong role in, uh, organizing the departments that he worked in from the dye house to the card room workers.

Okay, did you know [redacted] also at that time?

Yes, I had met him when he was, uh, worked, well, I met him when he worked at Printworks, which was another Cone Mill right across the street from the plant I worked in. He was, uh, the [redacted] of the Printworks newpaper, the union, it's also a local union, and, uh, I was, uh, the [redacted] of the White Oak, uh, uh, uh, union newsletter, and we met each other, uh, during that period of time, and I knew him, you know, right along.

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Yeah, did you know Dr. Jim Walla?

Sure. I'd known him in Durham, uh, I had worked with him in, uh, setting up, uh, brown lung screening clinics in, well, mainly in Greensboro. That was about the time I moved to Greensboro from Durham.

Okay, and was Dr. Walla involved in union activities?

Sure. Well, he was elected president of his local union, uh, in 78, 79, and had lead a strike there in 78.

Okay, and did there come a time when you knew, uh, [redacted]

Sure. I knew him, uh, from when I was a student at Duke and, uh, he, uh, again I worked with him setting up, uh, brown lung screening clinics.

Now you say when you were a student at Duke, uh, what school, uh, did you attend at Duke University?

I was in, uh, the graduate school at Duke in, uh, [redacted]

And that's where you met [redacted]

Yes.

Okay, and did you know Dr. Michael Nathan?

Uh, no, I never really knew, uh, I knew who he was, uh, I saw his face but I never really knew Mike Nathan.

Okay, and did you come to know Sandra Smith?

Uh, yes, I knew her quite well.

Okay, tell us how you knew Mrs. Smith.

Uh, she was working at, uh, Revolution, another Cone plant right in the same cluster of plants, uh, yeah, if you know Greensboro, you know what

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I'm talkin' about. And we, we met, uh, right, shortly after I moved to Greensboro, she, uh, worked, she was a member of the Brown Lung Association, she joined at the same time I did, uh, and she was, uh, from the [redacted] we, you know, knew each other from 1975 on.

Okay, in reference to your employment, in August of 1979, you left the, uh, Cannon Mills . . .

Cone Mills

Cone Mills in Greensboro and you sought employment where sir?

Uh, Cannon Mills in Kannapolis, uh,

And for how long a period were you employed there?

From August until, uh, April, I believe, April of 80.

And during that period of time were you also involved in union activities, uh, in that plant?

Uh, at a very elementary level, I was. There was no formal union drive on, but that was the reason I moved to Kannapolis was to help start and organize a committee with the Cannon workers there, uh, it didn't, didn't ever really get off the ground, uh, uh, partly, partly, partly that was, uh, due to some of the events of November 3, sort of, uh, detracted at least my efforts and, you know, away from that type of thing.

Okay. Did there come a time in 1979 when through your union activities or through your association with people who were, uh, involved in union activites become aware of a rise of Klan activity in the state of North Carolina and other areas of the southeast United States?

Sure.

Okay, would you tell us about it please.

Well, it was, uh, let me remember, uh, how I came aware, it, it was hard to miss it, it was, uh, uh, Klan activities were being reported, uh, a lot

more in the, in the, in the press anyway. And, uh, that was, uh, one of the things that, uh, you know, sparked, uh, my interest and other people who worked at Cone, uh, I knew people, uh, who I just worked around, general folks in the mill who at one time or other had belonged to the Klan some years before and it didn't seem to me that this was, it was hard to believe that the Klan really was having a resurgance because nobody seemed to know anything about anything locally and they, uh, but, that, it was reports of, uh, it in northern Alabama, all these Klansmen running around and burning crosses and giving people a hard time and that was reported very well, I think on Twenty Twenty, uh, the news magazine show they did have around that time in northern Mississippi, uh, they had had a, a, well I heard, was it Rivera, Hernando Rivera, did a special on it and so those were the closest things that, uh, uh, made us realize things were, the Klan was tryin' to make a comeback and that they were being actively fanned by the media. The, in Winston Salem they, they, uh, I saw on the news anyway they had come there and shown their film in the library and that there had been some, uh, demonstration of sorts outside of that.

Okay, other than your knowledge which was obtained through the news media of Klan activity, during your union activities, uh, have you ever had a confrontation with members of the Klan?

That's a good question . . . uh, no. Not to my knowledge. Uh, never had run into 'em before that's why, why I said it, it was somewhat unreal to see all the stuff being whipped up about the Klan on the rise when they, there hadn't ever really been much activity as far as I could tell. The people would talk about things that had happened ten years before but not anything that I ever went to, ran into personally until, uh, the summer of 79.

Okay, did there come a time then in the summer of 79 when you became aware of any Klan activity planned in the state of North Carolina?

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[redacted]

Uh, well, the, let's see, there was, uh, the China Grove thing where the Klan was gonna show their Birth of a Nation film and were building it up and, uh, it hit the newspapers and, uh, uh, of course, well, now this is somewhat out of the context of what all we were doin' within the White Oak, uh, group of workers, we, at the time we were also involved in a lot of other activities but, uh, in fact let me, let me paint the picture of that in the context of which the, the Klan activity sort of fits. And it might help, uh, at least help you understand how we, uh, we got involved in this stuff, uh. The, uh, in the summer of 78 there was a lot of, uh, there was a real rise in union activity around the state of North Carolina and especially at Cone Mills, a lot . . . at different plants. Lots of organized committees were, were beginning to be active and in labor organizing one of the key things at least in my experience is that you get a, you know, a good group of representative folks at the plant and meet together consistently and can withstand the, the, the, the sort of the tides of whatever little spontaneous protests somebody might wanta launch over a particular issue, but if somethin' can crystalize out and, uh, in the state it's like a, as a body of people who continue to meet, that you're well on the way to, uh, to buildin' something. And, and that occurred in the summer of 78, so that over the course of time, uh, by, uh, through the fall of, uh, 78, we were, uh, in a position to challenge the, uh, existing leadership of the local union for, uh, actually win through the election, uh, the, you know, presidency and various offices and positions in our local union. I was a candidate and [redacted] was a candidate, uh, Bill Sampson was running for president of the local. I, I was running for, I can't remember now, uh, I can't remember, one of those, I think recording secretary, or something like that, but, uh, and about that time the, uh, union, uh, decided that they, uh, didn't like the kind of folks who was fixin' to win the election and they moved in and they, uh, put everybody under, uh, administratorship. Appointed an administrator, called off all our union meetings and, uh, at that point, uh, we began to think of how can we get around this thing, 'cause we were not

gonna let 'em block, block us like this. Uh, the granite workers, that's the, uh, local at Granite, uh, Cone's parent plant, I think, local 113T, that, uh, Jim was in, went over, had a, uh, union meeting which they called it on, over and above the restrictions placed upon 'em by the administratorship and, and elected Jim president anyway. Wasn't long after that they, uh, fired Jim. They said he, well, ah hah you're a doctor, you can't work in the mill anymore and so, uh, at that point we, uh, began to look into, uh, well, we went to the Teamsters, uh, they were in the process of organizing, uh, a lot in Winston Salem area, they were organizing the Winston Salem policemen, they were making, uh, some efforts down at, uh, uh, fiber, uh, Fiber Industries I think they call it near Salsbury. And, uh, they were, they talked to us several times about, about this. Well, this went on and they, they kinda weren't too interested 'cause they decided that they sort of had a agreement with AFL-CIO they were not gonna be too, I don't know, step on each others toes, so, uh, towards the summer of uh, the, uh, summer of 79, we were thinkin' real seriously about formin' an independent union, uh, that would . . . And one of the reasons well, uh, at least in, in, in, uh, our thinking about it was one of the reasons that the textile workers, uh, the only major industry in the country that had never, unions had never made any, uh, impact at all, for all of the problems that unions have, but had never even gotten, uh, the door open as far as at least collectively getting together and, and and resolving their problems, they, unions had never been able to get, uh, get over, uh, in in textiles. And why? why, you know, are the workers here different than the workers other places in, in, uh, and uh, we felt that one of the reasons that in the south it had, well, well first of all, textiles is concentrated in the south and, uh, but one of the reasons they had been, uh, they had kept the unions weak had been the ability of the, uh, mills to divide up the white and the black workers, so it was of paramount importance that, uh, I felt as a white union activist, paramount importance to demonstrate and practice that,

you know, we stood against racism, we stood against, uh, this kind of division that had, uh, separated people for so long. And that's why, for quite some time before 79, even in 78, we, uh, from the mills, you know, organized people to go to, uh, the April 4, 78, uh, march in Raleigh to, uh, around the Wilmington ten. And this wasn't always real popular in the, in the mills among white workers when you're all involved in this other stuff. You know, but, uh, like I said we felt that it was important to 'em. You know, in the long run to take a stand on this kind of issues. Uh, so as in context of, uh, laying the ground work for it, uh, a union, an independent union that would not be held back by the hesitation at the, uh, and, and for that matter corruption that we saw in the Amalgamated Clothing and Textile Workers Union, uh, nor the hesitancy and corruption that was holding back the Teamsters. Uh, and could cut, cut through, uh, the racial barriers and unify all the, you know, the, uh, workers in these cotton mills that we felt we could really do this. Well, the Kl . . . , meanwhile the Klan's, I, at the time I saw it as - ah hah, you know, they, they realize we are in a position to, to be able to make an impact and, and they are, and I say they, I, I, you know, at the time and still I feel some kind of weight that the, uh, North Carolina power structure includes these, uh, textile interests and that they decided they were gonna promote the Klan in order to use their old, uh, standby, uh, not that it's some master conspiracy, there is certainly in the culture there are elements there that can be found, uh, independently from anybody's conspiracy to say okay, we're gonna create the Klan again but I think there was a conscious element there. And I, it was important to take a stand against that. That's why the White Oak Organizing Committee took, you know, went on record and, uh, took the stand that we would, uh, uh, when it came up, when the Klan came down to, uh, we're gonna go to China Grove I understood through, uh, through Bill, uh, and he, who had talked I think to [redacted] or, I don't know exactly how

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the information came but the people in China Grove were, were, uh, up for, uh, a counter demonstration against the Klan. And so come July, you say July 8, I don't remember exactly. I, I, that sounds about right, we went down. And, uh, to have a counter demonstration, and, uh, I went down, [redacted] went down, and, uh, of course, that was, uh, pretty heavy situation that that that developed that day.

[redacted]

Can you tell us what developed that day? I have a lot of questions, uh,

Sure.

On whether I'll get paid today.

(Group laughs)

[redacted]

Right, uh, well, let's see, I, I got down there, we left it was, what was it a Saturday or, uh, you remember what it, uh, in, I think it was on a weekend. Well, we went down there and got there sometime in the middle or late morning, uh, and, uh, there was a lot of people, I'd say there was a hundred people or so or a hundred and fifty.

Watch his watch.

Oh, okay.

(Group laughs)

Unknown Male: The time is five thirty.

[redacted]

Uh, gathered around the, uh, west, I think they call it the west end or the west, uh, west side of the community center and, uh, were, you know, gettin' spirited and chantin' and gettin' all fired up and we, uh, we lined up and, uh, uh, we marched down to the, uh, China Grove where the Klan was gonna be and, uh, of course, I, we didn't really know what was gonna be there, it was, uh, the Klan was there so we were gonna go there and counter demonstrate. Uh, when we got there the Klan was out there with, uh, all kind of weapons and, and everything, and, uh, everybody I think was pretty well taken, uh, by surprise at that.

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and so, uh, the march moved right on in on, uh, you know, right on top of 'em where they were, there was a very dangerous confrontation there for a few minutes. Uh, then, uh, the, uh, during which time I don't, uh, I remember seein', uh, the one of the rebel flags burnin' and then we moved along, circled around the street behind the community center and went back to the, uh, west side, uh, black area of town and, uh, had a, had another rally.

Okay, tell me about the demonstrators you were with. What did you observe them carryin'?

Uh, people were carryin', uh, uh, sticks and bats and, uh, various things like that, you know, little sticks and bats and pieces of pipe and stuff like that, uh, from, uh, I was carryin' I think a stick or a bat. From uh, I guess it was the anticipation that, uh, when you counter demonstrate against the Klan, especially when they're tryin' to look all bad and everything that you, you know, you'd be foolish to go in and just sing songs, uh, you know, to deal with that. So it, uh, people did carry, uh, some people carried sticks and stuff as a defensive measure.

Did you notice any cards being carried by any of the demonstrators you were with?

No. No, not at all. A matter of fact, that was, uh, I, well, I don't know what brought that to be. I, I knew it was, uh, I had never been to a demonstration where people walked around with firearms visible. It was just not done, uh,

Can you tell me what . . .

The Klan was the only people up until that day, up until July 8, that was the first time I ever saw a demonstration with people walkin' around with a bunch of, uh, guns.

Can you tell us what you observed of the Klan on July 8?

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Well just the, uh, as, uh, we, as the demo . . . our counter demonstration came around the corner, uh, they were on the, uh, porch of the community center lined up and I remember one of the guys he was a older fella had a shotgun and he took aim at [redacted] was sort ahead of everybody else. He sort of took , drew a bead on [redacted] and was, uh, looked like he was fixin' to shoot [redacted] and, uh, one of the, uh, I think there were two policemen there, uniformed police officers, and one of the policemen, uh, intervened, you know, and gr . . ., you know, pushed the gun down and so, uh, to keep this guy from shootin' [redacted] and you know that was one of things that occurred and

What other type of weapons did you see being carried by members of the Klan?

Oh, pistols, uh, out, pistols in pockets, uh, there were some, uh, several looked like, uh, M-1 carbines, uh, I saw a couple of, uh, weapons that looked like, uh, AR-15 type of weapons.

Did any members of the Klan besides that one individual point weapons at the demonstrators?

Uh, it appeared, I mean, it, uh, the way I saw it at the time I thought they were, but, uh, that stood out real strong in my recollection, this guy drawing a bead on [redacted]

Okay, were there any exchange of remarks between the two groups then?

There was a (Unintelligible) of chanting and hollering and stuff from both sides. There was quite a bit of that.

What do you recall was said by both sides, first the demonstrators you were with?

Uh, death to the Klan, and, uh, and, that's all I remember mainly of things being said and, uh, uh, oh, another one was somethin' about the beast, uh, decease, decease the ugly beast or somethin', uh, somethin' just sort of came up on the spot and the, the Klan were makin' all

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[redacted]

Okay, this is just a test of the equipment to ensure that it is working properly. This is SA [redacted] on May 3, 1982, at Richmond, Virginia.

Unknown Male: Talking about Sandy Smith living . . .

[redacted]

No, that's, we've been through that. Okay. Okay, [redacted] uh, did there come a time after July 8 while you were living in Kannapolis in, in the, uh, Cannon Mills down there that you became aware of a demonstration to be planned at Greensboro, North Carolina?

Uh, yes.

Okay, tell us the circumstances and your knowledge involving this demonstration.

Uh, well, Sandy informed, told us there was gonna be a, well, it, it started out as a, uh, gonna be a conference, uh, anti-Klan conference in Greensboro November 3, uh, to bring together uh, different people around the state who were interested in, you know, takin' a stand against the Klan. Uh, and, uh, well, I saw, uh, some leaflets that came out, uh, advertising, you know, and, uh, pretty much characterized my knowledge of it.

Had you ever come to Greensboro to help plan or participate in this conference and rally?

Did I come . . .

to Greensboro to help plan for or participate in this rally?

No. Not, uh, no I never came up for any planning meetings at all.

Okay, did you pass out any kind of leaflets or brochures to people in Kannapolis or other cities, uh . . .

Uh, I don't think so. Uh, I don't recall anyway having, uh, done that. There may have been people that I knew, you know, you know, one on one I might have, I'm sure I did, uh, share leaflets and so forth.

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[redacted]

Remember, you don't remember his name?

(Sighs) uh, his nickname was [redacted]
And I don't, you know, I don't remember.
He was a black guy and I don't remember, uh,
his name.

He has dog breath I guess, huh?

(Group laughs)

[redacted]

But, uh, off hand I don't remember . . .

How old a gentleman was he?

He was, uh, a young guy about in his early
well, in his middle twenties I guess.

Okay, do you think you could point him out in
a photograph?

Uh, I'm not sure I'd recognize anything.

Uh, in, did you notice that this caravan,
when, when you first noticed this caravan
was it coming to a stop?

Uh, no, when I first noticed the caravan it
was coming' up the street towards me.

When did you first become aware that it was
uh Klan people?

Uh, there was, I started wondering when I
saw the rebel flag on the license tag, but
that doesn't mean that necessarily, but that's
piqued my curiosity and then when the guy called
me a kike I was pretty sure.

Now describe the car that the guy called you,
they guy who called you kike was in.

I, I, I'd love to be able to, but I, I don't
remember it that well at this point. I might,
if I could look at the pictures more I might
could tell you but I don't remember what kind
of car it was. I wasn't . . .

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Color?

I sense it was green, but like I said, it, it my memory's real fuzzy on it. I remember what he said, I remember my emotions more than I remember exactly what kind of vehicle it was.

What did you do then?

But I do, I think it was, let me say this, I think it was a, uh, wait a minute, let me see, there was a couple, I think it, it was a truck because he was about the same level, you know, how a pickup sets up at little bit. I think it was a truck 'cause he was about that same level, uh, but it wasn't just a truck it was a back seat to it. This may be funny. I don't remember it that good, but, uh, like a Travellall type of thing what . . . I mean, you know. . .

Okay. Well, what did you do then?

Uh, then, when?

After this fella called you a kike? You were sittin' in your . . .

I was still sittin' in my, in my, uh, in my car and I got out of the car at that point and, uh, well, I turned off the motor, I mean, you know, I wasn't goin' anywhere that way so I got out of the car and, uh . . .

The, uh, fellow from China Grove that was with you, did he get out too?

Uh, he, I don't think he, okay, what, uh, he later told me what he did was that he got out right after I did and he lit out towards the Paradise Club, which is across, you know, back and, uh, he didn't show up again until everything was all over.

Okay. And you got out with him.

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Uh, when I got I, uh, the, I started walking down towards, uh, where most of the people were and, uh, the guy with the yellow car gunned his motor in my direction and I jumped out of the way and kicked his car and, uh, then I, uh, continued towards the intersection of Carver and Everett, the the the car stopped the guy shot his gun, people started piling out of the car . . .

Stop right there. When, when the guy in the yellow car came at you and, uh, you jumped out of the way and kicked his car, before that, had you seen anybody strike any of the vehicles?

Yeah. Yeah, I did. I saw, uh, yeah, when I first got out of my truck I saw people were, uh, uh, gettin' real close on the cars and it looked like some people were banging on it, but wasn't no whole lot of that but there was some of that goin' on.

Now, was there someone, a demonstrator, uh, who was in your general vicinity also around that yellow car that, uh, kicked at it at about the same time you did? Same side of the street you were on?

As this guy comes gunnin' up the street I think there was another guy, he was at first was headin' towards, uh, and that guy got out of the way and he, then he swerved towards me.

Do you remember who that other guy was?

No idea. I wasn't really lookin' at it that close. It was, uh, uh, a black guy but I don't remember, I don't know him.

It wasn't your friend from the China Grove?

No. No, he, he has, he was behind me, I think, uh, he got out of the truck after I did. I was sort of movin' down quicker than he did. You . . .

He talked about somethin' that was further up the street than you did, the guy who, uh, the car came at first.

Yeah, on that, on the map there right over the C was about where, uh, direction was about you know (Unintelligible) direction, yeah. It was about where that happened.

Okay. So this yellow car came by somebody here who jumped out of his way.

Right. And then . . .

You were further down here, is that right?

Yeah. He, uh, as I say, he was headed at me from that point.

Did you, did you, were you aware of somebody who was still further down the street . . .

Than me?

Than you.

No.

That, uh, jumped out of the way of that car?

No. I don't remember that.

Now, you then went from down here. That's when you talked about the stick fight happenin', right?

Yeah.

Alright. Now you said somethin' about several different people and I wanta see if I can clarify this in my own mind. You said that someone got out of the car with a gun. Uh, can you give me what kind of car that was and what kind of gun it was, the best you recall.

The gun I remember real well. The car I don't.

Okay, what do you remember . . .

Uh, I remember he just sort of either leaned out the window or opened the door and the guy kind of got up in the thing and he had a, uh, western style, uh, revolver with a fairly long barrel.

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I'd say six or eight inch barrel.

Did you see anyone fire it?

Yes, I sure did. Uh,

How many times?

I remember, I just remember the first one. I don't know how many times he fired it, but that was, uh,

Uh, do you remember the first shot?

Yeah.

Uh, now you said somethin' else about somebody else gettin' out of a car with a gun.

Right.

Okay, where was that?

That was, uh, in between where I was standin', which was close to this telephone pole and and the guy out there, uh, with the, with the, uh, revolver. This other fellow leaned into the car and and pulled out a shotgun.

Uh huh. Well, do you remember where that car was or what kind of car?

Uh, it was a car, that's all I remember.

As opposed to . . .

As opposed to a truck.

Yeah. You don't remember color or anything?

No, sure don't.

Can you, can you tell us anything about the, the person you saw lean in this car and pull out a shotgun?

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Uh, it was a man, uh, older than I, and and a little, uh, I think he had kind of a gut and . . .

This is a continuation of the interview of [redacted] at Richmond, Virginia on May 3, 1982. [redacted] you were describing the individual who reached in and pulled out a shotgun from his vehicle west on Everett Street. Please continued your description.

Like I said, he was an, uh, uh, a man, and his, my estimation was in his, uh, late 30's or, or so. He was, uh, uh, shorter than I am. He probably was 5'8" or so, uh, somewhat hea. . . you know, he had sort of a, uh, like I said, a beer gut of sorts. Uh, and black, uh, dark hair.

What about the length of his hair?

Well, not real long, uh, not real long. It wasn't shoulder length, but it, uh, medium length I guess. I I I think it was probably over his ears and all but I, I can't remember that real close.

Do you remember seeing that person fire the weapon?

He got out and and, uh, I, and and he started walking over towards the community center with it, uh, he had it up in the air. Uh, I don't think I, I don't think I saw him fire it.

Do you recall hearing it being fired?

I heard a lot of fire. But I was not clear . . . At that, like I said, at that point I was still at the telephone pole and I saw him with the gun going this way, uh, I saw the guy in front shoot it. I wasn't aware of any other, and I was also aware of, uh, I don't know, I'm time is real funny, I may or may not have been aware of any fire comin' from there. I don't think I heard anything yet from down east, uh, on on Everett Street. Well, I ran back to my truck and looked out from behind it was when I saw the guys down here in the intersection, uh, well,

the one guy with, uh, uh, two pistols or it looked like (Unintelligible) pistols but he was doin' like a western shoot 'em up thing with his six gun and, uh, and the other guys with the shotguns were aimin'. That's when I saw that, but I didn't see this man who initially I saw initially with the shotgun shoot it.

So, you, you were already, first of all, on this diagram here, I've drawn in a little telephone pole. It's, uh, basically, uh, straight across from the northwest corner of Everett Park. Is that where you remember the telephone being, telephone pole being?

In other words, is that is that . . .

South side of Everett Street, right by the parkin' lot there.

Yes. It was about where it is on that map.

It's basically right across from the northwest corner of Carver and Everett, is that how you remember it to be?

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In that vicinity. I wasn't, I wasn't fixin' on the corner per se. I couldn't tell you how well it lined up from the corner but yeah it was about right there.

So what you're saying is that you were at this telephone pole when you saw this man with a shotgun down west of you, is that right?

Yes.

And then also at that same time there was a fight goin' on in the street up here.

That's right.

Now, at any time did you see, you didn't see Sandy Smith and, uh, Bill Sampson and some other people over here?

I didn't, I was not aware of them. I, not that I didn't see 'em, but I wasn't, I wasn't aware of 'em.

Okay, now you said you went back from this location down to your truck.

Right.

Now, what was happening when you left here and went back down to your truck?

The, the fight was was still, they were still swingin' and stuff, uh, beatin' up on somebody right by the, the pickup truck in the intersection. Uh, at that point I lit out to my truck and that's all I was lookin' at was, was gettin' to, behind the truck. So I basically didn't see anything but the fender of my truck between the time I lit out from the telephone pole to the truck. And that's when I, once I had secured myself, that's when I looked again.

When did you, then did you look back east?

Uh, yes, I looked towards the firing, uh, all the, all that was goin' on right around the back of this pickup truck.

Well, now, when you took off from this telephone pole was there firin' goin' on?

I don't, I was aware that a shot had been fired. Uh, now . . .

From where?

From up front, from the guy in the front of the caravan.

Right.

Uh, and that was the only real shot I was aware of at that time. When I ran back towards my, uh, truck, and that's when, uh, I heard a whole lot of fire goin' on.

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Well let me ask you this. You heard some, you heard a shot go off up here, right?

Right.

While you're movin' away from it.

Right.

Okay now you get to this telephone pole, you see a fight goin' on here and you move back towards the same direction the shot had come from.

Right. Uh, I was behind a telephone pole partially to be, uh, uh, see I didn't have any friends near me and there was a whole crowd of these guys beatin' the hell out of somebody and I didn't want them to see me and beat the hell out of me so I was, one reason I was standin' in the view of them, I mean the telephone pole was blocking my view of these guys, uh, and, uh, meanwhile the guy with the shotgun had had had come down towards this intersection. So now the the real the real, you know, the real artillery and all like that was, and I saw the threat as havin' gotten closer to where I was by the telephone pole. That's when I ran out to my truck.

So you ran back but you exposed yourself in runnin' down the street.

Right. But I was pretty exposed standin' by that telephone pole too.

Let me ask you, do you recall any shots being fired from over in this area? Over in this intersection before you left this telephone pole to go back down towards your truck?

(Pause) Right off I have to say no, I don't remember it real clear. Uh, well, on the other hand, like you're sayin', I (Pause) I don't remember it. I can't honestly say I remember any firing actually havin' happened from that direction at the time I left the pole.

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Okay, and you didn't, did you see anybody over there? Did you see any weapons over there around that, around that intersection, or this pickup truck or anywhere in this whole area before you left that telephone pole and went back towards your truck?

I saw sticks and stuff. I didn't any, I saw the; the guy with the shotgun I was aware of was walked over towards the corner here.

Comin' from this direction.

Comin' from that direction down towards the corner.

How close to this corner did he get?

He got, got right about even with the telephone pole as I recall, pretty close to that corner. Uh, and that's, uh, I lit back out towards my truck. The, but I wasn't aware of any other gunshots. Uh, in hindsight I know there was bound to have been other gunshots but I don't know what order they were in or and I, like I say, I was I was I didn't want those guys to start, uh, beatin' up on me who beat up on that guy by the truck.

Do you remember, do you remember standin' at this pole and, uh, this stick fight breaks up and Caeser Coffsey's standin' right here in this intersection.

Uh, no, I don't, I remember seein' that, I seen it on the video tape but I don't, I won't think I was there at the time. I don't remember seein' that.

Well

I, it, well,

You don't remember seein' that that day?

Right. See I was, uh, my vision of that intersection was was was obstructed by, uh, the side of the pole I was standin' on.

[redacted]

Depends on which, uh, which way you're lookin' at the pole, right?

That's true. And I was still kinda lookin' back towards, uh, where the first shootin' had started.

Well, do you remember, I'll show you this in a few minutes.

Okay.

Okay. But at one point you're standin' on this side of the pole.

Uh huh.

Okay. And then somethin' happens. . .

Uh huh.

. . . and you move over to this side of the pole.

Oh, huh.

Okay. And if you look at the video tape when that happens, Caeser Coffsey's standin' right there.

Uh huh.

He turns and looks over the top of this pickup truck. Do you remember that?

(Pause)

[redacted]

Yeah. Uh, I don't remember Caeser but I'll tell ya what I remember. I remember I wanted to go back after that day 'cause I wanted to see if there was a bullet in that telephone pole. 'Cause I thought somebody was shootin' at me. I, at, and I ducked behind the telephone pole and I thought, I remember to this day I wonder was there a bullet uh went into that telephone pole, you know how it is, but anyway, but I remember, I remember that.

What did you see when you looked over there?

(Background noises) (unknown individuals mumbling)

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[redacted] we were discussing your movement around this telephone pole and your attention over this pickup shot, pickup truck.

Uh huh.

And my question to you was, you, you were aware of some shot being fired from the other side of that pickup truck, is that correct?

That's correct.

And I asked you if you had any impression whether it was a bullet or a shotgun and your answer . . .

Was no. I don't, I I can't say whether it was a shotgun or what.

And and nothing about your impression that you wanted to go look at the, at the telephone pole to see if there was a bullet in it aids you in recalling whether that day you thought it was a, a handgun or a shotgun, is that correct?

That's correct. Probably the reason I would have thought it might have been a bullet was that a shotgun's spread might would have wounded me 'cause I was pokin' out on the sides of the shotgun, of, uh, the pole, uh, so I that was why I thought that but it's not based on anything real rational.

And I, also do you recall any of the people that you, that you may have seen on the other side of that pickup truck?

No sir. I can't say. Uh, I don't know, I wasn't real aware of anything on the other side of the pickup truck except the source of the shot I heard.

Well, okay. And then I asked you if you recall seeing Caeser Coffsey move from the driver's side of that pickup truck around that pickup truck.

I don't remember that.

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Is there anything else you recall when that shot was fired?

No not right now, no.

One other thing that I asked you before that we need to get recorded was do you recall hearing the sequence of shots of two very quick shots and then a short delay, then another shot?

No. I don't recall that.

Do you recall seein' [redacted] over here?

No. I don't remember that either.

Do you know who [redacted]. . .

I know [redacted]

. . . . do you know who [redacted] is?

I didn't, I wasn't aware of his presence over there.

Do you recall seein', uh, Jim Walla over there?

No, I, uh, early on, uh, when I, when I first saw the Klan, uh, and all that and about the time I was thinkin' about gettin' out of my truck I did see Jim in the area of, uh, of the scuffle.

In the area of the scuffle as occurring next to the pickup truck?

Around the pickup truck.

In, in the intersection?

But by the time I had gotten closer to it I, I don't recall, I haven't been able to Jim anymore.

(Pause)

Okay. And you then moved back west and you also said that while you were at this telephone pole that you were aware . . .

Right.

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. . . that people down east on, on, uh, Everett Street were getting guns out from somewhere.

Right. There were, there were these guys were startin' to walk up with, with, uh, with guns.

And you saw them (Unintelligible)

I saw, I saw 'em with guns, shotguns and, uh, uh, pistols and . . .

Is that when you left this telephone pole to go back towards your truck?

Damn right.

Okay. When you got back to your pickup truck, first of all, the number of the caravan of cars that had been parked down here west, they were parked right next to your pickup truck when they stopped.

Right.

Okay. When you got back down to your pickup truck were those cars still there?

Uh, (Pause) Huh, I don't, I don't remember whether they were still there or not. (Sighs) There wasn't anybody crowded around down there. I remember that. I wouldn't have run in that direction if there had have been but, uh, I don't recall whether I was exactly blocked in or not. I . . .

Well, I'm not talkin' about your truck bein' blocked in but that yellow, the yellow LT . . .

LTD

LTD was, uh, actually east of your pickup truck, wasn't it?

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Uh, when, the last time I saw it it was. Yes.

So for you to get back to your pickup truck if that LTD was still there you'd had to pass it wouldn't ya?

Probably would have, yeah.

Unless it moved.

Uh huh.

Alright. Do you remember passin' it when you went back to your pickup truck?

I don't remember.

When you got back to your pickup truck, did you have any sense that there was danger to the west of you?

Uh, no. Some, somewhat, I had a sense of danger period. I was pretty paniced out at that point about all those guns comin' up and I wasn't sure exactly what to do, uh, so I ran in my truck and looked around and saw these guys shootin' and ran, uh, back up. . .

You saw the guy shootin' back up east, right?

Right.

They were shootin' from the east.

Uh huh.

Were you, and then you ran into this parking lot and hid behind one of the cars, right?

Uh huh.

You hid, did you hide behind the second, the same car that [redacted] was behind?

Right.

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And there was a cameraman very close to you.

Right.

Okay. Uh, when you ran by the cameraman do you remember bumpin' him?

Uh, no. The cameraman I thought was, uh, on the other side of the car, uh, from the direction I was comin' in, [redacted] was, uh, was on, was towards me and the cameraman was, uh, was filming from the other side of the car over here. [redacted] was like where [redacted] is and the cameraman was I think was over here and I came runnin' up over here where [redacted] is.

So you didn't bump into the cameraman?

I don't think so.

Uh, now who did you see shootin' when you were down here by your pickup? Or anytime between that and the time that you got back up and hid behind one of these cars?

I saw, uh, this long haired, uh, black guy with a checkered shirt on with a handgun. Uh, he sort of ran up towards the corner and an, you know, and took aim and shot and scooted back right quick. Uh, saw some of these other guys, he was the main one I watched, but I mean, uh, I watched that transaction but as far as the other guys I saw them, uh, well, I saw a shotgun guy over in the grass with a shotgun and, uh,

What did he look like or what was he wearin'?

He was a short, uh, middle aged, uh, white guy with a sh . . ., uh, (Unintelligible), uh,

What kind of a shirt did he have on?

It was plain, uh, I don't know what color it was. It wasn't one of these C. . . heavier CPO type shirts like this other guy had on.

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Was it, what do you mean by CPO shirt?

CPO, uh, uh, heavy, you know these heavy uh, shirts people wear in cool weather, uh,

Uh, like a like a shirt jacket, a light jacket

Yeah. Yeah, a shirt jacket. Yeah. That was, uh, he didn't have one of those on, he had on a regular shirt.

What was it a plaid shirt, plain shirt . . .

I think it was a plain shirt.

And you saw him somewhere in the grass?

Over in that direction, right. And, uh,

Did you see him shoot?

Saw him aiming, uh, and I heard a lot of gunfire but it was, I wasn't really concentrating on exactly which sound matched up with the aiming. It was just . . .

Okay. Who else?

(Pause) I can't recall . . . anything else particular right at this moment about those, you know, details of that.

Did you ever see a man run out from, uh, behind this pickup truck with a shotgun?

I was aware of, like, people were, there was some runnin' back and forth it looked like from the guy with the six gun and there was, uh, you know, and there was gunfire and they were shootin' and aiming and they were doin' that but I don't remember the detail you just raised, as such.

Do you remember a, uh, a guy standin' in the middle of the street, uh, with a blue jean jacket on and red hair with a rifle?

Oh, a guy with red hair and long, long red hair. . .

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Uh huh.

Yeah.

What'd you see him doin'?

He had a . . . , huh. I can't recall at this time. I remember he was there, uh, at one point I know I seen him holdin' it, not aiming it. Uh, I I can't recall whether I saw him aim it or not.

Do you remember at anytime while you were standing at this pole or running across to your, somebody out in that street pointing to you, pointing towards you?

When I was at the telephone pole?

Either at the telephone pole or while you were runnin' up to your . . .

No.

Do you remember seein' anybody else while you were, uh, at your truck, do you remember seein' anybody run across the street? Comin' through the cars in this parking lot?

At one point I saw [redacted] cross the street, uh, when I was standin' by the telephone pole. I saw him comin' across the street and that's you know, and I saw him headin' over here. And that's when I ran to my truck and hid there and then decided but thought better of it and went back to where [redacted] was.

Do you remember seein' [redacted] run across that street?

(No audible response)

Before [redacted] came across the street do you ever remember seein' anything that happened with regard to him on the other side of the street becomin' involved in any kind of knife fight?

[redacted]

No, I didn't, I wasn't aware of that until I saw his cut on his arm, but I didn't see that happen.

(Background noises)

(Pause)

[redacted]

Okay, anytime that day did you have a weapon with you?

No sir. I didn't have a weapon at all.

Did you, did you own a weapon that day?

Yes. Yes. Uh, I owned, uh, three weapons at that time.

Okay, what were they?

They were, uh, that one you have there the Smith and Wesson

357.

357, uh, also, uh, had a Colt 357 and I had a, uh, 16 gauge shotgun, which both of the latter I had left, uh, back home.

Okay, this first one, the Smith and Wesson 357, did you know who had that that day?

Uh, no. I didn't know that, uh, that [redacted] had it. Uh, I sure didn't.

Okay, you later learned that your wife [redacted] had that weapon on that day, is that right?

Yes. (Coughs)

Did you later learn that she had fired that weapon that day?

Uh, yes.

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[redacted]

Did she tell you how many times she fired that weapon that day?

Yeah. She told me she'd fired it once.

Did you reload, did you take a look at it and reload it?

No.

(Pause)

[redacted]

Okay.

[redacted] do you have any questions?

No, go on.

Okay, we're gonna discontinue the tape for a minute, uh, and we're gonna look at some photographs on TV film, okay?

Sure.

(Background noises)

[redacted]

Okay, [redacted] we have, uh, finished reviewing the channel 11 TV film of the incident on November 3, 1979. At this time we have some general questions we'd like to ask you relative to the events of November 3, 1979. Alright, do you have any personal knowledge of any involvement of any Greensboro Police officer in the events prior to and of the events of November 3, 1979?

An event I feel is, was, uh, probably related to the, uh, what I perceive to be the collusion of the Greensboro Police Department in settin' up this, uh, massacre was the, uh, uh, violation of my rights when I lived on, uh, [redacted] uh, in Greensboro, uh, that previous, uh, June, uh, I have a newspaper slip of the, my response to that at the time, uh, but that, uh, I was in my house and, uh, a friend of mine, [redacted] you all know him, uh, was over and, uh, we were, uh, actually we were in, havin' been involved in leaflets and so forth we were movin' some, uh, the mimeograph machine, I had

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a mimeograph machine in my house and that's where we ran off a lot of leaflets and I, we were movin' some paper and, uh, about that time [redacted] uh, came in, he was about to leave and he came back to the door and says, uh, [redacted] there's a squad car out in front of your house you might want to go check and see what it is. Well, I went to the door to see what, what was goin' on uh, and a uniformed officer, uh, was comin' up my sidewalk wearin' a bullet proof vest and a shotgun trained on me and, uh, I put my hands up and, uh, he, uh, and about that time, uh, well, he said, you [redacted] I think I said what, uh, you know, I didn't know what to think but anyway here comes, uh, this other car screechin' up, guys jumped out about ten or twelve, uh, well, there were only I think two uniformed guys and the rest of 'em were plain clothes, jumped out with their uh, pistols drawn and, uh, you know, another shotgun there, uh, you know, came swarmin' up towards my house and, uh, this guy, uh, he still had his gun on me and [redacted] came to the door with, uh, holdin' [redacted] who was on a year old at the time and he trained that shotgun right at [redacted] and the baby and, uh, said, uh, can we search the house. And, uh, I said, uh, you, do you have a warrant, and he says we don't need a warrant. And at that point another guy, tall, uh, plain clothes guy, uh, uh, went on in the house, you know, uh, made [redacted] uh, show his identification and they, they they searched the house lookin' in the mimeograph room and, uh, went all through it and there was a, uh, in the next door neighbor was, uh, concerned when she saw all this, uh, hard, uh, you know, all this artillery out in the yard with the police around asked them what's goin' on, uh, and, uh, uh, they said somethin' about an escaped felon and, uh, she said well, you might, I have an unlocked basement would you like to check there and he said, uh, he said no don't worry about it. Uh, so they uh, then they went on, you know, then they left. And, uh, I felt at the time that this was, uh, harassment and it was a unwarranted violation of all kind of stuff. I thought that the

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constitution protected ya against people like, you know, bustin' in like that, uh, threatening children and so forth and, uh, so I went to the uh, city council and made a stink about it and I have clippin's of, uh, of the incident that where I went there and put it to the mayor and everybody else that I didn't feel that, uh, the people of Greensboro was gonna stand for this kind of, uh, I consulted an attorney at the time and didn't have, uh, a whole lot of money to pursue an actual law suit and, uh, the attorney I did talk said that, uh, you know, it would have been a long one to win, anything substantial out of, but I did file internal charges, uh, with the city of Greensboro and I have a letter here that, uh, Chief [redacted] uh, sent me, uh, sayin' that, uh, they looked into it and didn't find any problems with what the police did that day, but, uh, in the course of the investigation a couple of officers came to my house and talked to my neighbors and so forth. Uh, we're just real, real curious about why I would think they would be interested in investigatin' me of all people for anything and I, and it it was, uh, since that time, uh, I've heard that, uh, this guy, I think his name was, uh, [redacted] was, has been promoted in the department and one of his, uh, beats is, uh, keepin' tabs on, uh, subversive elements or whatever which I assume is what he saw me as bein'. Speakin' of subversive elements that phrase, uh, uh, bear in mind all of this activity that I was involved in . . .

(Recording interrupted by beeping noise and nothing recorded)

[redacted]

Okay.

Alright, uh,

You were talking about subversive elements.

Well I . . .

. . . when you when you pointed at me like . . .

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[redacted]

Right, uh, I, uh, it's another tangent, but uh, in the, uh, summer of 78, uh, my supervisor by the name of [redacted] at Cone Mills pulled me aside, uh, in a sort of big brotherly way and told me that the company had been giving the supervisors briefings on the political developments in the state of North Carolina and that the scoop was that there was a subversive element of outsiders comin' in and tryin' to stir up the blacks and get 'em involved in the labor movement and, uh, basically take over North Carolina. And that I should steer clear of these dangerous people. And, uh, I told him, I don't know what, I told him not to worry about it but the . . .

Unknown Male: Uh, tell 'em what you told him.

[redacted]

All these, uh, I don't recall but I would like to make a point that all of our activities were completely legal, completely in the finest traditions of the American labor movement and that, uh, you know, all of this, you know, when they started installin' cameras at the gates and all this kind of stuff, you know, all of this stuff Cone was doin' plus their position that, uh, they took in the, uh, NRB trial of uh, [redacted] they were havin', fightin' to get their jobs back Cone's lawyers' main case was, uh, this thing of communists comin' in and that they're dangerous and that they shouldn't have any rights and, uh, you know, that my sentiment, my sense at the time and still is is that Cone, uh, was was getting, uh, all bent out of shape by these communists workin' in their plants and that they, you know, and they were briefing their supervisors about it, uh, and my belief also is that, uh, then [redacted] of the local union was in collaboration with the company, uh, in, you know, tryin' to help the company get some people fired who were, uh, who were activists. We won, uh, labor board rulings to that effect that the union had failed to, uh, represent people who it didn't like. [redacted] won, uh, some money on account of that. She had been a shop steward and fired and all this

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kind of stuff. So, uh, and, uh, [redacted] told me that his brother was in the Klan and that, you know, and he made statements to a number of people to the effect that the Klan oughta come in and, uh, take care of these communists who were takin' over the union. That wasn't . . .

Unknown Male: Who was [redacted]?

[redacted]

He was the [redacted] White Oak local union. The one that, uh, when Bill Sampson was runnin' for president, he was the, uh, in part the target of the rank and file movement that let's get this, uh, scab out of the leadership of our union. So, uh, those were things that uh in my mind, uh, fueled the belief that, uh, that Cone and the local, uh, authorities had were likely to have been involved in settin' the stage for, uh, violence on November 3.

Who did [redacted] make these, uh, statements to? About the Klan oughta come in and take care of the communists?

Uh, he made them to a number of workers in the beamin' room, uh, bathroom. I was present at the time.

Do you remember who else was . . .

Uh, no I don't, uh, remember . . .

(Tape ends)

[redacted]

This is a continuation of the interview of [redacted]

My question to [redacted] was if you recalled any other persons present and your answer was

Was I can remember people who were likely to have been present at that moment, who frequently hung out and smoked in the bathroom but, uh, it would not be fair for me to start listing the people who worked there at the time, uh, so I guess the answer is no I don't remember right now who was there. Uh, so . . .

[redacted]

And, uh, oh, well . . . that's all

Okay, in regards to the events of November 3, prior to and on November 3 and afterwards do you have any knowledge of the involvement of any agents of the United States, Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, or ATF, or any other agency that had any, participated in the events of November 3?

Uh, let's see now, let me break down the question. You asked me prior to November 3 did I know . . .

Yeah, do you have any personal knowledge of the participation of any agent of the United States, any employee of the United States . . .

Just . . .

. . . in the events of November 3 or prior to November 3 or afterwards?

Only the, the, the news reports I've read of the ATF's and and Dawson's participation. I have no personal knowledge of that.

Okay. Okay, do you have anything you want to bring to our attention, uh, which is any way related to the incidents of November 3 or anything at all that you feel should be pursued by the Grand Jury in this investigation?

Uh, no, I can't think of anything else.

Unknown Male: I have a couple of specific questions. First with regard to, you know, you work in, uh, you were working in Kannapolis at Cannon Mills . . .

[redacted]

Uh huh.

Unknown Male: On November 3, right?

[redacted]

Right.

Unknown Male: Do you have any information either personally or through conversations with employees there or any other source regarding photographs of persons who participated in the China Grove demonstration being shown around the Kannapolis community or at Cannon Mills prior to November 3?

[redacted] Uh, no.

Unknown Male: Do you have any, uh, heard of it, have you ever heard of that happening?

[redacted] Uh, of any photographs being circulated down there? No I never heard of anything like that.

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Unknown Male: I guess that's the only questions I have.

[redacted] Okay, this concludes the interview with [redacted] at Richmond, Virginia on May 3, 1982. It is now 7:15 p. m.

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 6/25/82

The following is a typed transcript of an interview of [redacted] at Durham, North Carolina.

Investigation on 4/15/82 at Durham, N.C. File # CE 44-3527 406

by SA [redacted] /mst Date dictated 4/15/82

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CE 44-3527

Section

VI-5

ACTIVITY NUMBER	GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT		
79-0145368	SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
2 OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder	Pitter, G. C.	1615 1/4/80
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
N/A	N/A		

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THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 1/3/80, I, along with Detective [redacted] talked with [redacted] at the K-Mart lot in Martinsville, VA. Mr. [redacted], an employee of Budd Manufacturing Company in Martinsville, was in Greensboro on 11/3/79.

Mr. [redacted] stated on 11/3/79, he came to Greensboro in a van owned by [redacted] During the trip to Greensboro, he, along with [redacted], and [redacted] were in the van. They arrived on Everitt Street and parked facing west. He got out of the van and walked to the area of the laundromat. He observed a truck and several members on it. From time to time he spoke to the people standing around, but did not remember any of their names or any of the conversations he had with them. When the Klan caravan came through, he was standing on the other side of the street from the laundromat on the sidewalk. He heard someone say, "Here go the Klan." He heard a shot but did not know where it came from. He ran into the projects and then into an apartment. He stayed in the apartment and the owner of the van went and got it and came around and picked him up. The same people who came in the van left in the van. They also took [redacted] with them. They went back to Martinsville without going back to the scene.

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While talking to Mr. [redacted] he stated [redacted] asked him to come to Greensboro on 11/3/79. When she asked him to come to Greensboro, she advised him to bring a gun with him. He told her he did not have a gun and was not going to bring one. He further stated he hadn't seen Ms. [redacted] in several weeks. Mr. [redacted] also identified the following pictures:

(1) [redacted] as being [redacted] address unknown, working at Field Crest in Martinsville, VA

(2) [redacted]

(3) [redacted] Martinsville, VA

At this time, this was all the information Mr. [redacted] was able to furnish this officer. Before Mr. [redacted] left, he allowed this officer to photograph him and the film was turned over to Officer [redacted], Greensboro Police Department.

Nothing further to report at this time.

GCR/slt/16

1/4/80
2:57-4:18p

☐ Cleared By Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive PS-POL-97-603

79-C145368

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICE	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder	Ritter, J. C.	1855 1/21/80
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
	N/A		

Subp

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 1/16/80, Detective [redacted] and I went to Martinsville, Virginia, where we interviewed [redacted] was contacted by telephone and arrangements were made to meet her at a service station at Martinsville. Investigator [redacted], of the Henry County Sheriff's Department, went with us for the interview.

[redacted] stated she went to Greensboro on 11/3/79, in a van which belonged to [redacted] In the van for the trip to Greensboro, were [redacted] She stated she had found out about the rally Greensboro through [redacted] who also works for the Bud Manufacturing in Martinsville. [redacted] had asked her to come to Greensboro but didn't give her any indication that there would be trouble.

Upon arriving in Greensboro, they went to a house at an unknown location where there were several people present. She stated [redacted] and [redacted] were at the house along with [redacted], and [redacted] were identified from photographs. b6 b7C

Upon leaving the house, they went to the rally site where everyone got out of the van. There were people singing and fixing up a truck with speakers on it. After awhile, [redacted] and her cousin, [redacted] started walking through the housing project to find a place to use the bathroom. As they were walking away, she heard the first shot. She did not remember which direction the shot came from; and at that time, started running into the project. After running into the project, someone let them into a house where they stayed during the entire shooting. They waited in the house until [redacted] was able to get his van and come around to pick them up. The same people who came to Greensboro in the van went back to Martinsville along with [redacted]. She stated they didn't talk about the shooting on the way back to Martinsville.

GCR/gw/15

1/21/80
6:06-7:24p.m.

☐ Cleared by Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive PS-FD-97

	SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
OFFENSE Criminal Homicide.	3 CLASSIFICATION Murder	4 OFFICER Bell[illegible]e, J.R.	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT 1700 2/15/80
6 VICTIM [illegible]nal	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS N/A		

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL — FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 2/5/80, at 1030 hours, this writer was present in the conference room, Criminal Investigation Division, Greensboro Police Department. Also present were the following persons: Detective [redacted], Detective [redacted], Captain [redacted], Assistant District Attorney Jim Coman and Assistant District Attorney Rick Greeson.

The purpose of this meeting was to allow [redacted] and [redacted] to view certain photographs of people AND video tapes, reference the homicides that occurred at Everitt and Carver on 11/3/79.

At 1030 hours, [redacted] and his attorney, Mr. [redacted] entered the conference room. Mr. [redacted] brought in a shirt and pair of trousers which he turned over to Detective [redacted] while in the conference room.

In reference a shotgun Mr. [redacted] had inquired about, he produced a slip of paper with the following information written on it: "Eastfield Model 916-A, pump action shotgun, Smith and [illegible], 12-gauge, 20" barrel, Serial 101B10."

In reference this shotgun, Mr. [redacted] stated he believed the gun had been loaded with seven 2-gauge, double aught buck rounds, consisting of two different types of ammo. Mr. [redacted] requested information on this shotgun, which he stated was his. He also stated it had been on the rack in his truck on 11/3/79. He stated he had locked the truck and left the gun in the truck. He also requested some wedding photographs that he stated were in his [illegible].

Mr. [redacted] was then allowed to view the photographs of individuals in Volume 2 of the Lotz-Orr [illegible] by this writer concerning this case. Mr. [redacted] made the following comments as he viewed the numbered photographs:

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(1) B-3, "Seen that guy before."
(2) B-10, [redacted] stated he had seen this individual in the courthouse.
(3) B-11, [redacted] stated he had seen this man before.
(4) B-7, [redacted] stated he knew this subject from the television.
(5) B-22, "She was in the caravan, back furtherest toward the window, right side of car, woman sitting next to her, towards the end of the caravan."
(6) 1-25, [redacted] stated he knew that guy, that's him.
(7) 1-12, [redacted]"
(8) 1-16, "Me and [redacted]"
(9) 1-15, [redacted]
(10) 1-13, [redacted]
(11) 1-21, [redacted]"

At this time, Mr. [redacted] went back to the front of the notebook and started through it again. Mr. [redacted] made a statement like, "Go back, there's one guy in particular that I had in mind." At this point, [redacted] asked his attorney, Mr. [redacted] a private question.

Mr. [redacted] then started looking back through the notebook.

(1) B-5, [redacted] stated this guy he recognized, but he thinks it's from seeing him on TV. [redacted] said he thinks he's the guy that had the gun propped up.
(2) B-28, [redacted] stated, "That's the guy you were telling me about. I never got [illegible] thought he was [illegible] Think I [illegible] before."

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k stated he didn't know the subject in Photograph L-28. [redacted] said he knew there was a to have someone ride a bicycle in the march, and this is why he brought his bicycle.

(1) L-22, [redacted] said he had seen her before. At this point, Mr. [redacted] asked [redacted] if he didn't know her or he just wouldn't say. [redacted] stated he had seen her around.
(2) L-12, [redacted] clarified this. Earlier, this writer thought he had said [redacted], but [redacted] stated it was [redacted]

r. [redacted]s attorney left the room at 1045 hours. Mr. [redacted] then stated he had had on a lastic jacket during the incident on 11/3/79. Mr. [redacted] stated the jacket had Duke written n it. He states he had it on underneath his shirt, that it wasn't his jacket, but belonged o someone else and it was a windbreaker type jacket.

t 1047 hours, Mr. [redacted] left the room and Mr. Ono came back in with [redacted] All thers previously named were still present in the room.

[redacted] was then allowed to examine the photos of individuals in Volume 9. She made the ollowing comments reference these photographs:

(1) R-5, "Recognize this guy from the newspaper."
(2) R-6, "Recognize this guy from the newspaper."
(3) R-9, "I think I recognize this guy from China Grove, not sure."
(4) R-15, "He looks familiar, but I'm not sure where."

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049 hours, Captain [redacted] and Detective [redacted] left the room.

(5) L-25, "I know [redacted]"
(6) L-11, "I know [redacted]"
(7) L-12, "I know [redacted]"
(8) L-13, [redacted]."
(9) L-15, [redacted]"
(10) L-16, "[redacted]"
(11) L-18, "[redacted]."
(12) L-22, "I don't know this guy's name, but he was standing near me on November the 3rd, and cops pulled him away. I didn't know him before that day."
(13) R-22, "There was a youngish woman similiar to her, hair was different. This is possibly her, but I'm not sure."
(14) R-9, "China Grove."
(15) R-5 and R-6, "Remember these two from newspapers."

t 1054 hours, Mr. [redacted] came back in with [redacted], the supervisor of the Greensboro Police ab.

aptain [redacted] then asked Mr. [redacted] several questions concerning his truck and shotgun. Mr. [redacted] had said the door was open on the truck, and the truck had been moved after the shooting. [redacted] had said the gun was in the truck at that time. He stated he had locked the truck after he got out of it. Mr. [redacted] stated the truck had been moved to the front of 1815 eritt Street and the gun was in the truck at that time. Mr. [redacted] further stated his shot- was in the truck when he parked it, and he had locked the truck.

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1008 hours, Mr. [redacted] played the Channel 11 video tape in the presence of [redacted] and others present named above.

At 1126 hours, [redacted] requested a playback to view his truck, looking for his shotgun. This is footage taken after the shooting incident. After viewing this section of film again, Mr. [redacted] stated, "I don't see the gun." His vehicle is seen turning west on Everitt Street from Carver at this point in time on the film.

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At 1150 hours, the tape was completed and turned off.

After viewing the film, [redacted] stated that reference the girl in the book, he thought she was in the white Buick.

[redacted] stated she still had the impression that [redacted] had given her the finger on 11/3/79.

At this time, the conference ended and all persons left the room.

RB/ub/24-26

2/15/80
5:03-5:25p

COMPLAINT NUMBER: 79-0145368
OFFENSE Criminal Homicide/Murder
OFFICER: [redacted]
VICTIM: N/A
ADDRESS: N/A
TIME AND DATE OF REPORT: 1/18/80

On 1/18/80, Friday, at approximately 3:30 p.m., while in the Conference Room of the Detective Office, this writer, Detective [redacted], interviewed [redacted], W/F/41, D.O.B. [redacted]. This interview took place in the conference room of the Detective Office. Also present during the time of the interview was Mrs. [redacted]'s attorney, Mr. [redacted]. At the time of this interview, Mrs. [redacted] stated she was residing at [redacted], City, Telephone 275-6589. She also stated she was unemployed at this time.

"On 11/3/79, Saturday, about 10:35-10:45 p.m., I was at Everitt and Carver singing with a crowd of people. We were having an anti-klan rally. Sometime after that, around 11:00-11:15, was when I saw this caravan of cars travelling on Everitt Street toward Gillespie. The cars stopped. I also saw a man in one of cars that I recognized from a newspaper article which had been run several years ago in the Greensboro Daily News. This man was well dressed and I recognized him to be [redacted]. I never met the man personally, and remembered him from a photograph which appeared in a newspaper. There were about seven cars in the caravan and approximately 4 - 5 persons in each car. Several women were in the cars.

"When the cars stopped, someone in one of the cars gave us the finger. We started insulting them. We traded insults. Then some of the people in the crowd had sticks and they started beating on the caravan cars. Some kids were also involved. I then heard a shot from up in front of the caravan, at least in that direction. Somebody said take the kids to safety, so I took the kids and run down Carver Drive and ended up at somebody's house.

"I never saw nobody with a weapon and I never saw when they got out of the car. I heard a bunch of shots, I was not injured nor was I assaulted."

When asked if she saw Mr. [redacted] or Mr. [redacted] get shot, she stated she did not.

I asked Ms. [redacted] for a description of the vehicles and the only description she could give of any of the vehicles in the caravan was that one of the cars was white.

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b7C

I asked Ms. [redacted] if she could remember the remarks which were traded back and forth between the singing group and the caravan, and she stated she did not remember what was said, just remembers someone in the caravan gave the singing crowd the finger. She would not be able to identify other pepole in the caravan other than [redacted] and possibly would be able to identify the women with him too. When asked to give a description of the ladies, she stated a couple of them were on the young side, and this was the only description which could be given. She said she can maybe identify them if she saw them again. I asked her if she had anything else to add reference the shooting which took place at Everitt and Carver Drive on 11/3/79. She stated she did not.

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It should be noted that during the time of this interview Ms. [redacted]'s attorney, [redacted], was present and would confer with his client by whispering from time to time.

This interview was concluded on 1/18/80, Friday, at 3:55 p.m.

[redacted] Detective
Criminal Investigation Division

KWB/mlt/106.107

ACTIVITY NUMBER
79-0145363

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

2 OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder		1700 1/18/80

6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS
N/A	N/A

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On 1/13/80, at 1420 hours, the following people came to the P.D. requesting additional investigations of this case:

(1) [redacted] attorney
(2) [redacted] attorney (275-2539)
(3) [redacted]
(4) [redacted]
(5) [redacted]
(6) [redacted]
(7) [redacted]

This writer, Detective [redacted] and Captain [redacted] met with the above mentioned people in the Conference Room of the Detective Division, and it was presented to us the following allegations:

Mr. [redacted] stated his clients wished to indict the 14 Klansmen and 20 others that were in the caravan, one of which they identified as [redacted] and a subject [redacted] plus [redacted] on charges of:

(1) Conspiracy to commit murder
(2) Attempted murder
(3) Assault with intent to murder
(4) Aiding and abat murder

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b7C

Also Mr. Tockman indicated his clients wished to pursue charges against three police officers

(1) Lieutenant [redacted]
(2) Lieutenant [redacted]
(3) Detective [redacted]

Mr. Tockman stated they wished to pursue charges of:

(1) Conspiracy to commit murder
(2) Assault with intent to murder
(3) Aiding and abetting murder
(4) Criminal negligence

Mr. [redacted]'s statement was that the officers were to be charged the same as all the other defendants with exception of attempted murder.

Captain [redacted] explained to the group that we would be happy to investigate their charges and complaints. He also left them the option if they were not satisfied with the investigation of going to the S.B.I. to seek them to investigate the matter, or another option of going directly to the Attorney General's Office to seek an investigation, or on the investigation of the P.D., if they were not satisfied with the way it would be conducted, pursuing the options of the S.B.I. and Attorney General's Office.

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COMPLAINT NUMBER

79-03[illegible]368

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
CONTINUATION SHEET

DATE/PAGE

1/[illegible]/80 (2)

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Mr. [redacted] stated he would like to proceed at this level, the City Level, with our investigation and Captain [redacted] introduced this writer and Detective [redacted].

This writer then conducted an interview with [redacted] and also [redacted] b6 b7C

Officer [redacted] conducted an interview with Mr. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted]

Those reports will be covered in an additional report of victim's statements.

The investigation is continuing.

No further to report at this time.

JDB/lfh/82.83

1/19/80 4:50p
1/20/80 9:06a

PCI - 270 - 1651

CE 44A-3527
TJB:mdy

Tape 1 [redacted]

[redacted] This is ah [redacted]. I'm a Special Agent with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, assigned to Greensboro, North Carolina. This is April 8th, 1982. I'm with the ah American Inn in Greensboro, North Carolina, to conducting interview of Mrs. [redacted]. At this time I'd like the ah individuals in the room who are present please to identify themselves, starting with Mr. [redacted] please.

[redacted] I'm [redacted] with the Greensboro Justice Fund. I'd like to note our objection to Mr. [redacted]s conducting the interview.

[redacted]: I'm [redacted]. I'm an attorney with the Civil Rights Division of the U. S. Department of Justice

[redacted] [redacted] with the Civil Rights Division

[redacted]: [redacted], Special Agent, FBI, Washington, D. C.

[redacted]: I'd also like to note that we started this interview at 12:25 (inaudible)

[redacted] Okay. Mrs. [redacted] would you please be good enough to state your full name and also your maiden name

[redacted]: My name is [redacted]. My maiden name is [redacted]. My middle name is [redacted].

[redacted]: Okay, and where do you live now Mrs. [redacted]?

[redacted]: Ah [redacted] in Greenboro.

[redacted]: And how long have you resided at that address?

[redacted]: Since this ah, last September

[redacted]: And in 1979, in November of 1979 where did you live?

[redacted] At that time, I lived at [redacted] in Greensboro

[redacted]: And how long have you lived at that address?

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[redacted]

Yes he was

[redacted]

Was he a medical doctor?

[redacted]

Yes, ah he came to North Carolina as a matter of fact ah as a staff pediatrician at Duke Hospital.

[redacted]

And how long was he employed at Duke Hospital?

[redacted]

Am I suppose it was approximately a year.

[redacted]

And during the period of say January, '79 up through November, '79 when he was working at the mill in Haw River, did he also practice medicine?

[redacted]

Well he did informally ah he would help any of our friends ah or neighbors who needed help.

[redacted]

So his major source of employment then would be ah his practice, his am employment at the mill? b6 b7C

[redacted]

Yes, he did not take money for ah doctoring after he left it.

[redacted]

Okay. Ah you indicated that you helped your husband with his ah union activities at the ah home of ah mill there, would you please explain just what your husband was involved in and the role he played in union activities, and what assistance you gave him.

[redacted]

He was trying to build a strong union ah turn a weak union local into a strong local which meant adding more numbers to it and ah really building it into a democratic union that would be run by the participation of the worker. Am, and he ah fought many grievances inside the plant when there were unjust working conditions helping ah people who got hurt get Workmen's Compensation, and ah having some of the am old outmoded equipment that was injuring people, having that replaced, passing around petitions ah that workers would sign having regular union meetings, am so he was doing that, I was helping him you know talk through things ah, and then he was elected shop steward when he started becoming active in the union, ah after that point, at some point he was elected ah vice president of the local, and then when Cone fired him in 1978 the workers elected him president of the local and helped him to try to get his job back. Ah at that point they all decided to publish a newsletter called The Granite Update ah which came out monthly. It went through about eight or nine different issues in '78 and '79, and ah I gave him some secretarial help with that.

[redacted]: Ah approximately five years, well four and a half maybe

[redacted]: Okay, ah in 1979, in November were you employed?

[redacted]: Yes I was

[redacted]: And what was your employment?

[redacted]: I worked at Collins and Aikman Yarn Plant in Graham.

[redacted]: That's Graham, North Carolina?

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: And what position did you hold there?

[redacted]: Well I was training to be a spinner

[redacted]: Okay. In that period of ah say January, 1979 through November of 1979, did you participate in any union activities?

[redacted]: What was the period again please?

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[redacted]: From January, 1979 up through November of 1979

[redacted]: Ahh, I helped my [redacted] do his trade union work. Am he was ah the president of his union local 1113T in Haw River and am he was ah getting out weekly updates with the other workers and ah things need to be typed and the rally the things that I helped too.

[redacted]: Okay please identify your [redacted] by name please.

[redacted]: My [redacted] was Jim Waller.

[redacted]: Okay, and was ah Mr. Waller employed at ah which plant in Haw River?

[redacted]: Am Granite Finishing Plant, Cone Mill in Haw River.

[redacted]: And what position did he hold then?

[redacted]: Am well he did different things ah I can't recall, I think he was, he was spare help, he was ah worked different machines, I can't recall exactly

[redacted]: Was your [redacted] also a physician?

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: In November of 1979 then was your [redacted] James Waller employed at the mill and all?

[redacted]: No, not in November of '79. He was employed by the City of Greensboro at the ah treatment plant.

[redacted]: And how long had he been employed there?

[redacted]: Ah roughly six months.

[redacted]: Okay, was he active in any kind of union activity at the City ah treatment plant?

[redacted]: There was no union activity.

[redacted]: Okay. So he still maintained his union activity in Haw River, although he was was no longer employed at that ah firm?

[redacted]: He was going through all the procedures to try to get his job back, ah he was am going through the National Labor Relations Board, ah going through the whole hearing process, and everything with the workers supporting him, so I recall one hearing that was in Greensboro ah several of the workers in the plant there, and ah they all felt, they knew exactly why he had been fired for leading a strike in the summer of '78, am so they stood by him and ah you know showed their confidence in him by electing him as head of the local and trying to get his job back.

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[redacted]: And approximately how many people were in that local union at that time, to your knowledge?

[redacted]: Ammm, well during the period of July of 1978, when the workers went out on strike, the strength of the local increased enormously from about a dozen or fifteen members to ah almost about two hundred members, a good proportion of the workers at the plant.

[redacted]: Okay, in addition to the union activities that your husband participated in, were you or your husband active in any political groups in early 1979?

[redacted]: Yes. Ahhh my [redacted] was active in the Workers Viewpoint Organization, and am I was ah very supportive in participating in a lot of the activities of the Workers Viewpoint Organization and I was active in the African Liberation Support Committee also

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: Okay explain for us what is that

[redacted]: He was the, also the treasurer in the Educational League

[redacted]: Okay explain to us what the Workers Viewpoint Organization was (clears throat) in 1979.

[redacted]: In 1979, it was a communist organization that was ah engaging in organizing activities among the working class for building up strong unions in the communities against racism, am that's some of the things it dealt with, basically what it was doing.

[redacted]: Okay (clears throat) were you a member of the organization yourself?

[redacted]: No I was not

[redacted]: Okay did your [redacted] hold any position or title or officer's position in the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Ah not to my knowledge, he was an active member though. b6 b7C

[redacted]: Okay. Do you know who was the leadership of the Wokers Viewpoint Organization in 1979?

[redacted]: Well I know [redacted] was active in it, ah any [redacted], am I don't know who the leadership of it was.

[redacted]: Okay. Who else ah were members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization during this period of time?

[redacted]: Ah I don't know what you, what do you mean by leadership?

[redacted]: People who are the kind of responsibility for organization activities, anything of that nature

[redacted]: Uh huh. Well my [redacted] had a considerable amount of leadership. I don't know what you would call him, but he was leadership ah in the area for Workers Viewpoint

[redacted]: Well did he have any particular function then that her performed for the organization?

[redacted]: Well, what functions does the leader perform? I mean it's it's the the brightest person, one who ah explains to people how things should be done, understands things better.

[redacted]: Okay well it would be ah administrative function in the organization, would it be an operation function that he performed as far as you said teaching instructing and things of this nature ah organization function, getting new membership and things of this nature, did he do all of these things within the organization? Did he have one particular function as a I'd say a treasurer a company might have or a vice president a company might have?

[redacted]: Does knowing this gonna help you find out who killed them?

[redacted]: No mam...

[redacted]: (Talks over) You just asked me to describe his functions

[redacted]: ...it gives us some background though (unintelligible) No I'm, we're only asking these questions to develop background as to the incident...

[redacted]: On what, on who killed them or on ah...

[redacted]: Yeah [redacted] we have some concern about inquiring into the organizational structure Workers Viewpoint.

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: She's demonstrated that he was active in that group, and the type work that he did, and I will have objection to continued questioning about who was in leadership, and what was the organizational structure...

[redacted]: Okay (unintelligible)

[redacted]: ...obviously they have reason to be concerned about the security and safety of the people in the organization when five of them have been murdered

[redacted]: Well we're not asking anything about who is a leader in the organization now. Ah, allegations have been made that there was a concerted effort to identify the leadership and to murder them on November 3rd. In order to assess that allegation it's, of course, necessary for us to determine ah who the leaders were on November 3rd at least in the public's eye. Ah, and we're to, as I say to assess whether that allegation is true or not true, so that is the purpose of the question ah, and I don't see how we can...

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[redacted]: Yeah I (unintelligible)(talks over)

[redacted]: ...deal with that allegation without talking about who was at least in the public's eye the leaders of WVO on ah November 30th...

[redacted]: Well I've already told you that my [redacted] was ah recognized as the leader of his trade union local and he played a leading role in the strike in the summer of 1978, and I think, and he was very open about his politics, and it was known that he was the representative of the Workers Viewpoint Organization so I suppose his leadership was perceived in just those ways.

[redacted]: Fine

[redacted]: Now we're thinking, no problem about inquiry about those in fact that did get murdered or attacked and whether or not they may have had that status or just a general sort of dragnet question of who was in leadership which as I perceive one of the questions to sort of deal

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[redacted]: Well, that, that, I don't, I don't perceive it to be that way because ah just like I said the allegation is that the leaders were identified ah and arrangements were made to have them murdered, and now if that, if that is true, then if there are five people who are dead, and two were leaders, and there are eight other leaders that I may suggest something about that allegation as opposed to the fact that there are five leaders and all five of them are dead. See what I'm saying? So I, it seems to be that that asking those type of questions are pertinent to the allegations that have been made, and if we can't ask those type of questions we can't assess that allegation

[redacted]: Well I think the activities that someone is involved in is certainly pertinent, and I would think that [redacted] will discuss that, has about that Nelson was active, that his wife was active, and other folks, but as far as defining it in terms of organizational structure, I would probably advise her not to answer thos kind of questions. I think you can get at what you're wanting to do by the method I'm suggesting

[redacted]: We would (clears throat) have to leave that to you which question I'll make about the advice you give your clients, ah, but I, I stated, I stated my view, and I stated it the best I can the reasons that that sort of thing is gone into...

[redacted]: Well then I'm just suggesting that the question be counts in terms of whose, who were some people who did, who participated in activities involving union work, involving racial equality. It would be see, perceived in the community, and not phrased in terms of who was the leader in the Workers Viewpoint Organization.

[redacted]: Well, the allegation ah that you have brought to our attention is not that members of WVO were identified and murdered, it is that the leaders of WVO were identified and murdered.

[redacted]: That's not what our complaint in the civil suit alleges if that's what you're referring to. We refer to people who were labor organizers, militant labor organizers, and subsequently...

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[redacted]: I'm not talking about the complainant in the civil suit...

[redacted]: (Talks simultaneously) ...communist and the people who...

[redacted]: ...I'm talking, I'm talking about allegations that have been reported in the media and that you and I have discussed from time to time, and that the rest of your clients during their, during their interview have mentioned, and as I told you all along we're gonna look at everything, that includes this. Now if you don't want us to look at this, we won't ask those questions.

[redacted]: Michael, you know that's obviously not what I'm getting at.

[redacted]: Right. I know that

[redacted]: If you can ask the question about the five people that got murdered and the seven or so that got injured were they active in providing leadership and perceive that way and were there any others. There's, there's many ways that you can ask a question and skin a cat a lot of different ways

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[redacted]: Well that's right, and what I hear from you is only an objection to the way in which the question was phrased, and what I'm trying to get beyond here is the point of those questions, what we're attempting to seek by asking questions of that nature, and ah it seems to me that if we quibble about the particular phrasing of each question that we could be here for a very very long time

[redacted]: That's why I would hope that you was in charge of this investigation would take some leadershop here, and we withdraw with some questions that don't hang up on the, hang this on the hangup that I'm talking about and I mean [redacted] would answer the questions ah for you

[redacted]: Well fine. Let's go on.

[redacted]: Let's get on. Okay. Mrs. [redacted] did you become acquainted with ah [redacted] in 1979?

[redacted]: I knew [redacted] for some time prior to that

[redacted]: Approximately how long did you know him?

[redacted]: Almost as long as I have been in Greensboro. Ah since not that long after 1971. He and I had worked together on ah ah anti-capital punishment ah community ah organization. I guess it was back in '72 or 3 or something like that maybe 4.

[redacted]: Okay. Did you know Mr. [redacted] to be associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization in 1979?

[redacted]: Yes I did.

[redacted]: Okay. And what activities was he involved in in the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Ahhh in African Liberation Support work, and that, that was the main thing ah saving the black schools, and education struggle

[redacted]: Okay did you become acquainted with ah Dr. Nathan?

[redacted]: I have hardly knew Dr. Nathan. I knew of him because he and his wife ah [redacted] had been ah students of my [redacted]'s they were medical students, and my [redacted] taught at Duke, and ah I remember ah [redacted] saying that ah Mike was a really fine organizer, had a terrific sense of humor and really knew how to tell a story good, and I remember him talking about him, but more than, knowing him more indirectly, I don't.

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[redacted]: Was Dr. Nathan any way associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Well ah Dr. Nathan was helping to raise funds and medical supplies to ah send to African Liberation Movement ah cause her was involved with ah liberation for in fact in nineteen seventy-eight, seventy-nine I (Inaudible) I don't really know, ah so yeah, so I guess they ah were friends to one another too.

[redacted]: Okay, Bill Sampson, were you acquainted with Bill Sampson?

[redacted]: Yes I was.

[redacted]: Okay tell us how you knew Mr. Sampson.

[redacted]: Well he was also a ah trade union activist and ah was a close working, he knew my [redacted], closely working with my [redacted], ah also an employee of Cone Mills and ah somebody who was close to ah Workers Viewpoint activities.

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[redacted]: When you say close, was he a member of the workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Well I think that's exactly the point...

[redacted]: I don't know

[redacted]: ...that we were talking about. You were using the term associated with. I was hearing not as a term of art but meaning participating in activities in the same ah general political context, and I think that's sufficient for us to continue in that, in that, with that definition.

[redacted]: Well I go back to what I said before ah it ah I'm not concerned about the allegations you've made in this civil suit in terms of in terms of what ah paragraphs you put in your civil suit, in terms of how that affects your civil suit, as I told you all along. I have, we have nothing to do with that. What we're here to do is to investigative from the criminal standpoint whether criminal charges should be brought against anybody, and one of the allegations that have been mentioned in the media and has been mentioned by members, people that you represent, is that the, the leadership in WVFO, WVO excuse me, was singled out prior to November 3rd, and a concerted plan to execute them was conducted on November 3rd. In order to assess that allegation and find all evidence relevant to that alle-allegation it's necessary to ask about the persons who were

killed and who were leaders as well as others in terms of their membership in and leadership activity in WVO.

[redacted]: Well lemme, lemme just say about Bill, that Bill was outstanding for the activities he was doing. Like my [redacted], Bill would fight for workers, would go in the boss's office and ah have the workers standing right alongside of him and would lead that and he was perceived that way by others as selflessly fighting for the interest of the workers and ah he was up for nomination to to head up his union local over at White Oak in Greensboro

[redacted]: Was he perceived by...

[redacted]: Well he was certainly perceived as a ah representative of the Workers Viewpoint. He was perceived as a a fighting trade unionist, and I don't see what more you need to know to help you in your investigation of who killed them because in fact he was perceived as a, as those I say inside people around him

[redacted]: Fine, that's what we want to know

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: Okay, maybe I can help clarify that...

[redacted]: Yeah

[redacted]: ...you know. I don't think there's too much question that ah [redacted], Dr. Waller, was active and active in the role as what a leadership ought a be, Workers Viewpoint Organization. I'm still not sure if Dr. Nathan was active or in any leadership role of Workers Viewpoint Organization, although it's obvious, you know obviously he was very supportive of the ah, of the work that was being done by the organization. The only reason I'm asking the question is to clarify as to distinguish between that Dr. Nathan is just supportive of the activities of an giving medical aid and assistance to certain activities of Workers Viewpoint, or is in fact is he is a member of it and part of the leadership of it. (Pause) The different being very simply that you know the, as

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ah Mister [redacted] said, the allegation has been made that when the Klan came to Greensboro on November 3rd, 1979, they were aware of, or had knowledge from some source, who the leadership of the Workers Viewpoint Organization was. Okay if that's true, and these people were not the leadership of, or a member of Workers Viewpoint Organization, it makes a substantial difference to our investigation. If they were obviously, and the Klan was aware of it, or at least perceiving as being a member of the leadership, that makes a different phase investigation. So I'm not prying into anything of what was the structure of the organization, ah just merely simply was the person identified within his own group, within his own associates as being active in, a member of, and in a leadership role in the Workers Viewpoint Organization or was he a person who was not a member of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, but through another agency or associate or affiliate, through trade unions, supportive of the Workers Viewpoint Organization.

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[redacted]: Well we can come back and just proceed with the questions...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...as you phrase 'em, but let me just say that ah regardless as of of what the media is asserting, I don't think we have ever asserted or trying to assert that it was simply membership in an organization that led to the attack or their death. It's the type political activity of labor work, of fighting against racial discrimination and racism and fighting for equality. If those activities were defining people, if those (pause) (noise) (pause) It's those kind of activities that would be, that would create the hostility from groups like the Klan and the Nazis and if if we've asserted we think from government official, and that's the area that if you wanna know what we're urging you to investigate, that's what we're asking you to investigate. So those type activities, [redacted] is more than happy to go into.

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[redacted]

All right. We're not, we're concerned with the allegations that you're making and we're going to investigate those allegations, but we're not solely concerned with the allegations that you're making, we're concerned with the allegations everyone is making, and we plan to investigate all of the allegations and as I have told you consistently in our conversations, and as you have urged me in our conversations to do, okay. So it's not just confined to allegations you wish us to investigate it's all allegations concerning this incident.

[redacted]

Okay let's go on with taking the questions and (unintelligible)

[redacted]

Okay. All right were you ah in 1979 acquainted with Sandra Smith?

[redacted]

Yes I was

[redacted]

Okay and what was your association ah with Sandra Smith?

[redacted]

Well I knew her because she had been a student at Bennett College and I had taught at Bennett College. All-although she was gone when when I got there the year before she had left, but she was ah, she had graduated, she was a leader am student leader student president and am then I got to know her because she was also organizing at Cone Mill am and ah, yeah ah, she was trying to build a union at Revolution Plant; didn't have a union; they were trying to get one ah she was a friend of mine; beautiful, strong, dedicated woman

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[redacted]

Okay. Did there come a time in ah early 1979 that you personally and through some of your associates become aware of a rise of Klan activity in the State of North Carolina?

[redacted]

Yes

[redacted]

All right, will you please tell me in narrative form how you became aware of this and what information ah you had developed concerning the rising Klan activity.

[redacted]

Well in the ah trade union organizing ah my [redacted] ah had been aware that ah the Klan was am something that ah the bosses could use to to bust the union, keep white and black workers apart, ah you know talking with workers you could see the ah the

prejudices, and ah that ah that the klan was ah you know promote, was making it difficult to organize trade unions...

[redacted]: Okay you don't...

[redacted]: ...and ah in fact once ah, once when am, when Jim was passing out a leaflet ah as part of the Wilmington 10 at Granite, am some some white workers there who had worked with him in the trade union ah in in the union local ah made some nasty remarks to him you know about supporting black folks and ah he struggled with them and you know in the process of ah struggling over the views and ah at some point after that the the strike of July, 1978 occurred and am I don't remember exactly what point it was, but about a year later those same white workers who had been so nasty to him a year before ah understood what he was saying, and invited us to their home socially, and ah that was the kind of thing those conditions were changing because ah Jim and Bill and Sandy really struggled for ah the workers to to build unity you know across racial lines and saw that the Klan was a was a threat to that, was a definite fact how it was being used and why it was being promoted.

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[redacted]: Okay are you familiar with any incident that occurred in ah in 1978 or 1979 in which any members of the Klan ah participated in any kind of incident ah against your [redacted]'s union activities or any union activities in Haw River, Greensboro, Burlington area?

[redacted]: Any particular incident?

[redacted]: Yeah

[redacted]: Ahhh

[redacted]: The Klan as an entity, you know, did something, demonstration or...

[redacted]: Oh well...

[redacted]: ...burn cross whatever they do?

[redacted]: ...well we heard of a few things ah the the thing that we heard of that we responded to was China Grove, ah we heard about the rise of the Klan, other ways that that there was something in Winston-Salem that we found out about after it happened

[redacted]

Okay. Okay, tell me what you ah heard about after the fact what occurred in Winston-Salem regarding the Klan or any other group ah the Klan-Nazis anything like that

[redacted]:

Ahh, well we read that they had ah had an exhibit in the library and people had gone down there and to protest it. I don't remember any more about it

[redacted]:

Okay. So to your knowledge, you did not participate nor anybody that you knew participated in anything to do with any demonstration at the Forsyth County Library in Winston-Salem?

[redacted]

I'm not even aware of who particpated in that to this day

[redacted]:

Okay and information you received was from the public and news media that there had been some confrontation...

Unknown Male:

(Clears throat)

[redacted]

...at the library?

[redacted]:

I believe so, yeah.

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[redacted]:

Okay. And when is the next time that you became aware of any kind of klan activity in North Carolina?

(Pause)

[redacted]:

Am I don't remember before or after, ah, the, I know ah in North Carolina well ah we heard that the klan was going to ah show a film that they use for their propoganda, ancient film that really glorifies the klan and showed black people as being animals called 'Birth of a Nation' and ah that was gonna be shown in China Grove, am so we along with community people from China Grove ah participated in the protest demonstration

[redacted]

Okay tell us how you recall first becoming aware of the fact that the Klan would be showing a recruiting film in China Grove and then tell us when you say we please identify who we are that participated with the ah community in China Grove to ah ah being against that activity.

[redacted]

Okay, I'm sorry what was the first thing that you said?

[redacted]: First is how you became aware of the fact that the Klan would be having a ah recruiting drive?

[redacted]: Okay, there was an article in the newspaper...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...about a week before.

[redacted]: So would be early July then, 1979?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay and after you you read that article, tell us what happened ah, and who you dealt with and your husband dealt with regarding what was to take place in China Grove

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[redacted]: Well we learned that ahhh that there was considerable interest in that area ah sparked by that. There was a lot of opposition to it, that a lot of people were, not just black people, but a lot of people didn't like the Klan just coming into that area and am so we meaning people who were active around Workers Viewpoint, my [redacted], myself, ah [redacted] ah (pause) okay a few other people, I'm trying to think now ah went down to China Grove. There was already some organizing going on for ah people in the primarily the black community, to ah respond to it. So we joined with them together with them, and ah marched to the ah, we went to Town Hall ah community center. That was, that in itself was an issue because am a lot of people felt that ah the community center that people paid for with their tax money shouldn't be turned over to the Klan to ah do organizing and recruiting so ah we went there and there was a lot of angry chanting, ah there was some striking of the (Tape went blank)

(REMAINING PORTION OF SIDE 1 OF TAPE - BLANK)

SIDE 2 (APPROXIMATELY MIDDLE OF TAPE)

[redacted]: This is a continua, a continuation of the interview of Mrs. [redacted]. Ah Mrs. [redacted] you were telling us about the am occurrence at China Grove on July 8, 1979, would you please continue.

[redacted]: Ah there was a very tense moment of confrontation ah when the Klansmen who were armed ah and some guys dressed in funny uniform, I guess they were Nazis were standing on the porch in this Community Center, and am they, all the demonstrators were surrounding them militantly, angrily chanting. Ah, that when that moment dissolved, and the people just, ah well what happened was the Klan and the Nazis just ran inside the building and ah they had their guns pointed from the windows but they were inside. There were a couple of policemen on the porch standing alongside of them ah who might have advised them you'd better get inside, and the demonstrators marched around the building once or twice maybe, and then went back to ah the black community that had been in the area where people had organized you know from and went went back there for a couple of hours

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[redacted]: Okay, prior to July 8th, 19 ah 79, had you gone down to China Grove?

[redacted]: Ah I went down one time prior to July 8th. Ah in order to get a sense of what was going on down there ah...

[redacted]: Uh

[redacted]: ...and that's when I learend that there was ah a it, it was a lively topic of debate in in that area except that it was known that you know the Klan was gonna show a film and a lot of people were were opposed to it, maybe some frightened of it, you know, but people writing letters to the editor protesting it, and the black community was already planning to demonstrate.

[redacted]: Okay and who did you go with one trip down prior to July 8th?

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I went down there with [redacted] We just went down to find out you know how people down there felt

Okay, and do you recall who you spoke with down there in ah China Grove?

I sure don't. Just a man in the street type thing

Okay. And the next day that you went down was July 8th, 1979?

That's right

Ah who went with you on July 8th?

My [redacted] and I mean who went with me; I don't remember who exactly was riding in the car and I'll tell you the truth, I don't even remember if I was riding in the car with my husband on that day

Okay. After you arrived down there, who was ah down there that you recognized from your association in the trade unions of the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

Well I remember [redacted] was there, and I remember [redacted] was there, [redacted] ahh Mike Nathan was there, who I did not know very well, but I knew who he was. Am my [redacted] ahh Ceasar Cauce (Pause) off-hand I can't think of anybody else

Okay. Did you know Ceasar Cauce?

Just very slightly. Ah I think I had met him at some African Liberation Support Committee meetings. I had been active in Af-African Liberation Support Committee

Was Mr. Cauce active in any trade union activity to your knowledge?

I had heard that he was, but I didn't know about it directly

Okay. Did Mr. Cauce ever attend any kind of meetings that was ah part of the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

Well I didn't attend any meetings that were Workers Viewpoint Organization myself, so I knew Mr. Cauce or I did, I knew who he was...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...because he had been to one or two African Liberations Support Committee meetings that I was at, and one he made a comment that I thought was very intelligent, so I remember it, and I remember him

[redacted]: Okay, so prior to July 8th, 1979 you see Mr. Cauce maybe once am at at that meeting you're referring to?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay. Okay ah tell us about the day of July 8th when you arrived there. Did you ah got to the black community to ah Community Center within the black community?

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: Okay, and approximately how many people am were at that Community Center just the bla-black Community Center?

[redacted]: Am, (Pause) I don't remember exactly. I think it was about fifty.

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[redacted]: Okay ah...

[redacted]: ...give ot take a few

[redacted]: What race were they predominately?

[redacted]: Black

[redacted]: Okay and they were mostly residents of the China Grove community?

[redacted]: I, I guess so, I mean as far as I knew they were

[redacted]: Okay, did you know anybody from the China Grove community?

[redacted]: Uh uh

[redacted]: Do you know anybody from the China Grove co-community who is an organizer of the activities there that date?

[redacted]: I did not know

Okay. All right. When the group left the black community and went to the Civic Center where the Klan was having their ah recruiting drive approximately how many people to your knowledge walked and/or marched over to the Civic Center?

Ah I'd say roughly there was about a hundred people. I think about roughly half the participants in that were residents of China Grove and the other half were people that had come down having been organized by the Workers Viewpoint Organization, now that does not imply that they were all members nor that I knew all of them.

Uh huh. Okay when you say organized by them are are you referring to the people in the community going out and asking people for support against the Klan activity in China Grove?...

Yes, exactly...

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(Talks simultaneously) ...and then these people would then gather gather and go down with you or would meet you down there?

Well I forget the arrangements, but ah, yeah when you go around when you went around and when you go around telling people you want a demonstrate against the Klan a lot of people are interested in doing that; a lot of people were interested in doing that then, and a lot of people are still interested in doing that. So yeah because the, everybody ah perceived the Klan as not in their interest.

Okay. The group of people that you were walking with ah did you observe them carrying anything with them, any kind of ah sticks or bats or clubs or placards, anything of that nature?

Yes ah people were carrying signs, am trying to remember what the signs said, but I don't. Am people, some people were carrying sticks, some people were carrying bottles, ah people would grab what they had, ah defensely because ah they wanted to be prepared, they, they weren't going to start a fight, but ah they were going to be in confrontation with the Klan so they, the people were carrying things

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[redacted]: Okay did you see any people, any demonstrators that you were with carrying any kind of firearms?

[redacted]: I don't recall any firearms among the demonstrators at at the ah demonstration and that is at the City Hall or whatever. I don't know if it was the Town Hall or the City Hall or Community Center whatever. I'm calling it all three in different ah am...

[redacted]: (Inaudible)...

[redacted]: ...I remember it whatever...

[redacted]: ...when you use that term you're talking about where the Klan and Nazis whatever (inaudible)...

[redacted]: Right, right, in the white section of China Grove. Am where I I have a clear recollection that they were arms back in the black community am when we went back that ah after that you know people felt that they had to be prepared in case their community were to be invaded so ah you know people were sporting ah arms defensely at that point.

[redacted]: Okay. When you arrived at the location where the Klan was having their rally, did you observe any members of the Klan ah present? at at the Center there? b6 b7C

[redacted]: Did I observe any members of the Klan?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Yeah there were a few of them.

[redacted]: Okay how were they dressed?

[redacted]: Very funny

[redacted]: Describe what you mean by funny

[redacted]: Well they sort of looked like ah what are those, The Village Boys, that group?

(?): (Inaudible)

[redacted]: The singing group

[redacted]: Pop group?

[redacted]: Village People

[redacted]: The Village People, yeah

[redacted]: I'm not familiar with The Village People ah, what do they look like? You're talking about wearing Klan robes ah...

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: ...that type get-up

[redacted]: One was wearing a robe; one was wearing kind of a Nazi thing with the helmet, looks like the, some of thos Belusi movies that have it, and one was wearing looked like the mayor of a town, almost needed a carnation in his lapel and a pin-stripped suit you know and dapper hat, I think, I mean they were all dressed differently. There was this group of four that ah (unintelligible) a poster picture of in fact, therefore, I remember, I sort of remember photographs better than people, but I remember the Nazis standing around with the helmet, I remember a couple of Klan. Some people were dressed more Western style, sort of like I'm dressed you know. They were dressed differently, but there's this one group that really looked freaky

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[redacted]: Did you see any group wearing a uniform, khaki type uniform with swastika things on their arms and so forth?

[redacted]: I don't remember that on that day. I remember the helmet though

[redacted]: Okay. Did you observe the members of the Klan or Nazi group that were gathered there were they carrying any kind of weapons?

[redacted]: Yeah, some of them were...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...but I can't tell you what kind.

[redacted]: Ah what were they shoulder weapons, like it's, like shotguns or rifles?

[redacted]: Some of them were

[redacted]: Okay did you see any weapons that looked like an automatic weapon, ah that would be a a rifle that would have like a long clip to it or banana clip they call 'em, something like that?

I can't tell you for sure

Okay, how about sidearms, such as handguns? Did you see anybody carrying handguns?

I don't remember

Okay. Did you see anybody wearing holsters and, with guns and holsters things of that nature?

I think I did- Ah, but I don't have a real, I, I, my recollection does not extend beyond that there were guns, that they did have guns and...

Uh huh

...that ah they ran inside the Town Hall there

Okay

At which point the Confederate flags were burned too. I left that out.

Okay, tell us how that came about.

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Ammm it came about when, after the ah Klan ran inside the building and ah people had all this angry energy built up you know, wanted to do symboilc action to show what they thought of the Klan, and so the Confederate flag which has come in many ways to represent the Klan, although it's probably not fair to just stick everybody with that, 'cause I know in the south it's sort a you know means sifferent things to different people, but for that crowd there that that was ah the Klan so somebody ah seized the flag and burned it, you know as a final symbolic act then marched around (inaudible)

Okay before that accident, before that incident occurred was there any ah shouting going back and forth between the Klan who were centered there and the demonstrators who had marched in?

Ah yes there was

What kind, what was being...

Well I mean there were chants, I don't, you know

[redacted]: Okay. The people who had marched there were chanting. Do you recall what they were chanting?

[redacted]: Ahh 'Death To The Klan', I think, but I'm not sure. Maybe that was only on November 3rd. Jesus, Jesus, Je, Jes, I, I don't remember the chants that day

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: (Chuckles)

[redacted]: Was there any comments made by members of the Klan toward the demonstrators?

[redacted]: There probably were, but ah I think they were too scared to say very much

[redacted]: Okay did you hear any kind of racial slurs being made by any members of the Klan or Nazi group there?

[redacted]: Ahh I don't think I was close enough to hear that

[redacted]: Okay where were you in this am group of about a hundred and fifty people or so?

[redacted]: Well I had a camera and I was taking pictures and I was moving around so I could try to get pictures from different angles. Ah so I, most of the time I was not real close to the porch of this building.

[redacted]: Okay so if there was any slurs...

Unknown Male: (Clears throat)

[redacted]: ...traded back and forth you didn't hear 'em yourself?

[redacted]: Maybe I heard 'em at the time. I don't remember it now

[redacted]: Okay. Were you successful in getting many photographs of what occurred at China Grove?

[redacted]: Ah I shot two rolls of film

[redacted]: And what did you shoot mostly the Klan people and the Nazis in their uniform or the demonstrators or half and half?

[redacted]: Amm (Pause) (sighing) I do not have many shots of the ah Klan and Na-Nazis.

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[redacted]: Okay. Okay after the the Klan went inside am you said there was two police officers up on the porch there?

[redacted]: (Coughs) A couple. Yeah

[redacted]: Yeah. Did...

[redacted]: (Coughing)

[redacted]: ...did you hear any conversation between those police officers, any members of the Klan on the porch before they went inside?

[redacted]: Uh uh. No, if I did...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...I don't remember

[redacted]: Did you hear any conversations... b6 b7C

[redacted]: I think they were conferring. I sort of have an image of them talking to one another before the Klan went in the building

[redacted]: Did you have any ah, did you overhear any conversations between the police officers and the demonstrators who were outside the building?

(Pause)

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay. And then you said the incident occurred where a person grabbed the flag, the Confederate flag and burnt it?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Do you know who that was?

[redacted]: I don't know who actually grabbed the flag, ah, but I took a, but at one point [redacted] was ah holding it when somebody was burning it, or he was burning it himself. I don't know if he's the one who grabbed it or not

[redacted]: Okay. And after that happened what took place then?

[redacted] (Inaudible) (talks simultaneously) Am to the best of my recollection at that point people just marched around and then went back to the black community

[redacted]: Okay, and you said when you get back to the ah black community in China Grove...

[redacted] (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...with them did you see any weapons being taken out by any of the demonstrators that you were with?

[redacted] Yeah the the first time I remember seeing any weapons on on that side of it

[redacted]: Okay and tell me how that occurred. How did that come about?

[redacted] (Pause) I don't remember

[redacted]: Is there any conversation about the necessity of bringing weapons out for the security of the people that lived there? b6 b7C

[redacted] There probably was, but I don't remember

[redacted] Okay. But nothing that you participated in or overheard as far as you can recall now?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay and what kind of weapons did you see ah the people in the community have ah with with them on that date?

[redacted]: Well some small and some large ah nothing that I could identify. I'm not a weapons expert?

[redacted]: Okay. Shotgun type weapons or rifle type weapons?

[redacted]: I remember seeing a couple of rifle type there. Uh huh.

[redacted]: Okay

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[redacted]: (Clears throat)

[redacted]: How long did you stay at China Grove ah that night?

[redacted]: I personally?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: (Coughs) Several hours.

[redacted]: Okay how about your [redacted]? Did he spend much time there?

[redacted]: He stayed as long as I did. We left together.

[redacted]: Okay. During the earlier part, during the ah when there was a confrontation between the Klan and the demonstrators, was your [redacted] ah more forward in the crowd than you were? Would he be more visible to members of the ah Klan that were there? To your knowledge?

[redacted]: Yes. He was wearing am, I guess it's a welder's helmet as a protection so it's probably outstanding to that (coughs)

[redacted]: Was he in the front line of the group do you know, was he further back where you were? Well I mean certainly...

[redacted]: (Talks over) I was, I don't remember from that day, but knowing my [redacted] he was in the front line

[redacted]: Okay. Okay and you both left and came back to Greensboro sometime that evening? Is that correct? That night?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay after that ah what actions were taken ah either by your [redacted] or by yourself and other...

[redacted]: (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...groups that you associated with regarding further ah anti-Klan demonstrations or education sessions in the ah community?

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[redacted]: (Pause) (Coughs) Well am we wanted to continue educating people about what the Klan represents. We wanted to ah you know not just have angry confrontation. We wanted to really ah expose that it's not just the Klan. The Klan is being funded, it's being promoted by who, you know, and for what reason. So we ah were developing a lot of ah literature along those lines, ah showing relationship between the Klan being promoted and the coming economic crisis, and ah, that was the capitalist class behind the Klan that the government was not stopping, it was in fact promotion it. Am we wanted to have another event that ah where we could basically get into some indepth discussion with people, ah combine educational and organizing ah...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...efforts. That was November 3rd

[redacted]: Okay tell us when you say we, who you are referring to

[redacted]: Am the people who were interested in fighting the Klan, who were close to Workers Viewpoint Organization or in Workers Viewpoint

[redacted]: Yeah. Could you give me the names... b6 b7C

[redacted]: And I was one of them. I was interested (coughs)

[redacted]: Okay. Ah

[redacted]: (Coughs)

[redacted]: You were and your [redacted] James Waller was. Who else by name that you can tell us was involved in this type structure or organization to promote a a a rally in Greensboro November the 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: Well the people who were doing the trade union organizing who as I said before their interest was not to see the Klan destroy those efforts all right

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: People who were fighting racism, who had always fought racism, and fought for the rights of Afro-American people

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[redacted]: Okay would these people include Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Would include Mr. Cauce?

[redacted]: Ahh, yeah

[redacted]: Okay it include Sandra Smith?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: And it include Mr. Sampson?

[redacted]: Yeah, it includes...

[redacted]: Ah

[redacted]: ...all the people who were killed.

[redacted]: Okay ah Mr. [redacted], also?

[redacted]: Yes, he, he was a worker, had struggled all his life, ah to make a buck, and he understood ah the truth of what Bill and other people were saying to him

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[redacted]: Okay. Ah Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: I don't know Mr. [redacted] that well, but I assume...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...that he was an honest guy who was also interested in it.

[redacted]: Yeah well I'm just trying to identify the people that indicated where ah in the process of developing this rally and...

[redacted]: (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...and marching, education session for November 3rd as compared to those that were just merely attending here on November 3rd 1979. A lot of people came in attendance.

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: But they did not have the you know responsibility of...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...organizing and structuring and putting it together. So people, the five who were killed you indicated all participated in ah the development of the November 3rd rally

[redacted]: That's right.

[redacted]: Okay, and that include Dr. Nathan then I assume

[redacted]: (Pause) Ahh I don't know. I don't know ah how much he participated in the development of the November 3rd rally. He was there.

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: He definitely was united with the ah dissentment of what we were doing.

[redacted]: Okay. Okay tell us what actions that ah you or your husband ah anybody else to your knowledge took in order to promote this rally for November the third. Ahh...

(Pause).

[redacted]: Amm well we developed some some fliers like that one and ah we went around to different communities in Greensboro distributing the fliers and talking to people. Am at different meetings that were going on ah it would be raised that there was gonna be this event and people should participate in it. Ah the people that that he had been doing trade union work with you know workers knew about it

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[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: A lot of people wanted to go to it and then couldn't. The last minute and some reason or other which happens all the time 'cause folks got such such a hard time just dealing with every day problems that ah you know wanna come out to stuff and can't get to it

[redacted]: Okay in the preparation of these ah posters and ah, thank you. We're showing you a am copy of one of the am leaflets which is entitled 'Death To the Klan' on the other side I believe

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: (Mumbles - unintelligible)

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[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: Are you familiar with that...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...ah poster?

[redacted]: Yes I am

[redacted]: Okay and this this the type poster that was prepared by the ah group within the Workers Viewpoint Organization to promote the ah march and ah conference?

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: Okay do you know who basically would be the author of that ah or the designer of that particular poster?

[redacted]: Well I think ah probably several people played a role in it now, I, I played a role in ah designing it ah

[redacted]: Okay and the back side there's a...

[redacted]: And ah the back side of that, okay my [redacted] wrote the back side of that.

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(Paper noise)

[redacted]: Thank you. Okay was there a ah other posters that did not have any letter or you know other writing on the back of it also prepared that were placed around the community in Greensboro?

[redacted]: Yeah, there were posters just like that

[redacted]: Okay. Were there any other posters that had a letter on the back look similar to that that was distributed within the community?

[redacted]: Ah at different points there were different ah back sides to that flier

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: I believe, 'cause there were several different leaflets and I think some of them might have been you know after you get the spaces (paper noise) started some of them might have been penciled on the back side

[redacted]: Okay was there ever a ah a letter prepared or a letter type ah leaflet prepared that was distributed in the community and which has been interpreted in the media as being inv- invitation to the Klan to come to the November 3rd rally?

[redacted]: Yes. There was a letter that was ah intended to explain to people what the Klan was about and to help people mobilize against it that has been interpreted in that way and ah that was not ah an invitation to come to the November 3rd rally. What that was was exposing what is the Klan and why people need to organize against it.

[redacted]: Okay. Do you know or do you have any knowledge of, any, of a letter of that nature ever being forwarded to any members of the ah Klan or Nazi groups?

[redacted]: No to my knowledge that was never done. Never even thought about

[redacted]: Okay. Okay in addition to the ah leaflets and posters that were ah distributed in the community, you indicated that there was also ah members of your group and yourself would go talk to various people in the community. Is that correct? b6 b7C

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay. Tell us which communities in Greensboro that you yourself visited and talked with the residents.

(Pause)

[redacted]: I'm just trying to, excuse me for pausing, but I'm really trying to figure out why this question will help you find out who was in the caravan that day that killed those five people. Ah perhaps we could swap and you could tell me which law enforcement officers took the pictures in China Grove and prior to November 3rd showed them to people in Spencer, North Carolina, asking them to identify people?.

[redacted]: Okay do you know of an incident where a law enforcement officer in Spencer, North Carolina...

[redacted]: Yes

...showed photographs?

I know somebody who does.

Okay can you give us his name?

Her first name...

Oh

...is [redacted]

And she's from Spencer, North Carolina?

Yes. I can find out her last name. I don't, I don't have it in my mind right now

Well if you can find out, we'll see to it that she is made available to the Grand Jury and also interviewed to identify any officer showing photographs of what occurred in China Grove

(Pause)

(Unintelligible), have you ah spoken yourself with this woman [redacted]?

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Ah I have not spoken with her myself, but I have heard this from somebody who does know her

Can you elaborate ah for us please what you have here regarding an officer showing photographs at China Grove?

Okay further information on this ah may be ahh (Pause) it it may be that [redacted] has the further information on it

Ah for our or purposes now so that you know where we can follow up on this information (Inaudible)

I will try to get the...

What are, I'll agree to find out...

...full name for you

...what we can...

Okay

...and then get back to you on that

[redacted]: Okay the purpose of my, I'm sorry...

(?) (Clears throat).

[redacted]: ...the purpose of my question is to who you spo- spoke in the communities is that ah this rally and conference was to help predominately in the black communities of Greensboro and one of the elements of ah any violation of Federal law is that it was done for racist, racist reasons that the Klan came and, therefore, it assist us in knowing if you talked with ah various residents in the black community and if you ah ah encouraged them to come to this demonstration

[redacted]: Yes we did and not only residents in black communities, but ah we talked to white residents and ah to white workers and black workers

[redacted]: Okay. Again could you rell me if you recall what commu-what community districts that you yourself actually wouldn't talk to the residents?

(Pause)

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[redacted]: Well we talked to residents ah in Morningside. Am, and again I'm having trouble making the connection between what communities we talked to prior to the rally, and the investigation of ah who came in the caravan on the day of the rally. It would seem that who we are talking to is not what's at issue here

[redacted]: No mam let me see if I can explain it. Ah part of the element of any criminal offense has to do with the motive of the people (inaudible) the events and there are a number of different Federal statutes

[redacted]: I've already told you we spoke to residents of black communities

[redacted]: I understand that and you also indicated that you spoke with residents in white communities. It was also reported to to establishing the motive under the various Federal statutes that might apply to this, what kind of information is known to the public, and what kind of information was perceived by the members of the Klan-Nazi caravan as well as other people who may have committed violations of

Federal law so that ah that eveidence can be considered in showing their motive with their respective groups of motives coming to the demonstration of November 3rd (inaudible). So, it's necessary to know what kind of information was disseminated to the public and part of that public is the communities to whom you and other members of the group spoke, as well as information that was disseminated through public media.

[redacted]: Yeah it was disseminated through public media...

(?) (Clears throat)

[redacted]: ...ah I guess, I don't know if there was any coverage before, maybe there was just a tiny little article, am and the fliers were circulated in front of the plant gates ah and in communities

(Pause)

[redacted]: Okay. The speaker, the people that you spoke to in these communities ah did you advise them of the nature of the conference and rally?

[redacted]: Yes we did

[redacted]: Okay

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[redacted]: ...ah because we were looking forward to having some ah very good speakers, ah some people who had had experience with the Klan, one the black worker who had ah, when he was younger, and the the people in his town drove the Klan out a town ah then Bill Sampson was gonna talk. Dorie who was organizing for the Teamsters was gonna talk. Am so we had a an educational program scheduled for the afternoon of November 3rd, and ah that was the main thing that we were am that was the main ah calling card so to speak for people that we were saying we're gonna march through town and then we were gonna go to this church, and we're gonna have this forum and we have excellent speakers and ah refreshments and so on and so forth. That was how the day was planned.

[redacted]: Okay, and the people that you talked to, was there any apprehension or fear on the part of the am black community that you talked to about any possible violence or confrontation with the Klan coming to Greensboro on November 3rd?

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[redacted]: Well people was, would say things like well be careful ah (pause) there wasn't anything particular.

[redacted]: Did people express any kind of apprehension as to whether or not they should come because of the possible violence?

[redacted]: (Pause) I guess people did among other things ah some people expressed an apprehension, some people expressed desire to come interested in it, glad we're doing it ah some people wanted to join us and couldn't, some people said they'd definitely be there. There were different views.

[redacted]: Okay for how long a period of time did you and other ah the people associated with you visit these communities and talk with people just you know prior to November 3rd?

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[redacted]: Ah for several weeks

[redacted]: I'm talking about sometime of late October up through ah the early part of November?

[redacted]: Yeah I guess so

[redacted]: Okay. Did you ah become aware of the fact...

End Side 2

Tape 2, Side 1

[redacted]

[redacted] This is a continuation of the interview of Mrs. [redacted] on April 8th, 1982. Okay. (Clears throat) Were you aware of the fact that am Mr. [redacted] was having difficulty obtaining a parade permit from the am City of Greensboro for this rally and conference?

[redacted]: I wasn't, no

[redacted]: Okay, ahhh

[redacted]: Not at the time

[redacted]: Okay, did by November 1st, 1979, ah were you aware of the fact that parade permit had been issued?

[redacted]: Ah I probably was. I don't remember being unaware or aware of that. I wasn't worrying about it.

[redacted]: Okay was there any discussions with Mr. [redacted] or any other members who were help organizing this rally and conference about any restrictions on the parade permit, that was re, set by the Greensboro Police Department and the City of Greensboro?

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[redacted]: I wasn't aware of that, like I had told you ah I didn't really know any of the details of the parade then

[redacted]: Okay. Ah did you attend any news conferences or did you or your [redacted] attend any news conferences from November 1st, up ah November 3rd, the morning of November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted] No

[redacted]: Okay. Please tell me your with no other form again of your activities say on the on the evening of ah November 2nd nineteen ah 79.

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[redacted]: Ahhh (clears throat) I was home that evening and people were dropping in and out of my house and preparing for the demonstration the next day. Some people, some women were there sewing some of the uniforms in the Junior Revolutionary Youth League. Ahh my [redacted] was meeting with some people. I don't remember exactly who was in and out. Am at some point, Mr. [redacted] was there and he was concerned about the sound equipment. I don't remember if it was at night or very early the next morning. Ah, so there was a lot of activity at my house the evening prior to November 3rd. My [redacted] and I didn't get to bed 'til very late

[redacted]: Okay, you said a lot of people came in and out, would they include am Mr. [redacted], ah...

[redacted]: They might, but I don't remember

[redacted]: You don't recall?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: The name of the people who came in and out? Okay, then please tell us of your activities on the morning of ah November 3rd, 1979

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[redacted]: (Pause) Am well we were up and getting ready and going out ah again there were people in and out who stopped by our place so they'd know where to go, and am I had a bunch of fliers in the trunk of my car. Ahh, I was going to distribute those on route during the march and at the forum that afternoon. Am I wasn't aware of too much specifics because ah other people was doing other things

[redacted]: Okay and what did you do then that morning, did you go to ah Morningside or to the...

[redacted]: Yeah

[redacted]: Okay, and about approximately what time did you go there then?

[redacted]: It was a little, shortly after ten. I don't remember exactly

[redacted]: And how did you go there?

[redacted]: By ah driving my car

[redacted]: Okay. What kind of car did you have that day?

[redacted]: Am I had a Dodge, and I had a Toyota. I, at that time I had a Toyota and a Dodge. Now I have only a Toyota, and I think I drove my Dodge, but I, yes I must have since I had the literature. I drove the Dodge.

(?) (Clears throat)

(Pause)

[redacted]: Okay. Did your [redacted] ah James go with you on that morning in the same vehicle?

[redacted]: No he did not.

[redacted]: Okay, what time did he arrive at ah Morningside?

[redacted]: I guess he did about the same time I did, but I was not conscious of his whereabouts ah that morning very much

[redacted]: Okay do you know am how he came then? b6 b7C

[redacted]: I suppose he drove the Toyota

[redacted]: Okay, ah do you know where that vehicle was parked, the Toyota?

[redacted]: I don't remember

[redacted]: Okay and tell us about your activity ah say from about ten o'clock on until ah you first became aware that the Klan vehicles had arrived in the area.

(Pause)

[redacted]: Well am I was in a group of people that was ah it it include a lot of children that was standing there and singing and ah [redacted] had a guitar. Ah and somebody made an effigy of ah Klansmen, and the kids were in their uniform. They were standing around singing. There were some people who came out of their houses from the community and they joined in and am, I remember doing a lot of that quite a while 'cause it was early. Am I wasn't as perceptive as Sandy Smith and didn't notice that there were no police there, and that was very strange. Ahh that

is mostly what I was doing. At one point some of the press was ah well I had some Workers Viewpoint newspapers, and I was trying to sell some to ah a woman with a a TV station who am wanted me to give it to her and I insisted on being paid for it because I knew she could afford to pay for it (laughing) and if she didn't I would have to pay for it, so we had a little struggle over that and ah I was uppity and didn't give her the paper in the end. She wouldn't buy it. Am that's mostly why I remember that morning until ah a caravan of cars drove in and I still wasn't as perceptive as some other people because I did not realize what was happening before my eyes.

[redacted]: Okay tell me what you recall ah when you first recall a ah a caravan of cars drove in. What brought that to your attention?

[redacted]: Well the people were chanting, well no at the time they drove in, we were just breaking up our groups ah that had been standing around singing and talking because somebody or maybe several people at the same time felt like well we better form our ranks now and start marching out of here. It's about time to get out a here. So we were doing that and ah then people were looking that way and ah started chanting 'Death To The Klan' and already the caravan was proceeding into that community at that point, and I turned to [redacted] who was either near me or or walked close to me at one point and said 'Is that the klan?' and he ah I don't think he answered me because he was probably busy trying to figure out where to go or what to do. The next thing I remember was a shot ah coming from approximately where this this caravan, the beginning of this caravan, and I don't have a very clear ah recollection of how it got there just that it was going down the street and then there was a shot. Am (Pause) I can tell you the rest of the store if you'd like to hear it...

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[redacted]: Okay just you go...

[redacted]: ...but I was not present when the killings were going on

[redacted]: Okay before we go to that ah, did you hear any comments being made from anybody in the car or the car caravans as they were going by towards the demonstrators in the street?

[redacted]: I don't remember ah I might have at the time, but I do not remember now

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[redacted]: Okay, to your recollection any racial slurs being ah yelled from the vehicles anything of that nature? You don't have no recollection of that?

[redacted]: I don't have a personal recollection of it, but then I, there's a lot of details that I probably recorded at the moment that I don't recall right now.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: You have any gestures made from ah, made by (inaudible)?

[redacted]: What I remembered right afterward was that I thought I had rec, I thought I recognized somebody in that caravan, ah [redacted], who was a known FBI - I'm sure you guys know him

[redacted]: Excuse me, ha, [redacted]?

[redacted]: Yes, [redacted] I thought that I recognized him in the Klan caravan, and some weeks after November 3rd I went down and ah cooperated, not in quotes, but for real, by telling the police that ah they should investigate him cause I think he was there and he should be indicted ah...

[redacted]: Okay, what vehicle do you think you saw Mr... b6 b7C

[redacted]: ...that was never pursued (talks simultaneously)

[redacted]: ...this is Mr. [redacted].

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: What vehicle did you believe you saw Mr. [redacted] in here? Any recollection of it, was it one of the first vehicles or was it a pickup truck or anything at all?

[redacted]: At the time I recalled enough to tell that to the Greensboro Police Department. At the same time I told my lawyers at the Greensboro Justice Fund who probably have it written down some place. At the moment I don't recall it, but I think that you should ah to investigate this as fully as you say ah as for that and other things from the Greensboro Justice Fund lawyers because I did make my testimony to them when it was fresh in my mind back then as well as the Greensboro Police Department.

[redacted] Okay, well Mr. [redacted] and [redacted] can discuss that as far as any discovery that Mr. [redacted] wants to make about it. Okay you said that Mr. [redacted] was a known FBI informant. How do you know he was an FBI informant?

[redacted] I read it in the newspaper

[redacted] Do you recall when? Just prior to this incident or...

[redacted] No, some years before and a Klansman

[redacted] Okay. And how did you know what Mr. [redacted] looked like? Is that from the photographs in the newspaper?

[redacted] Ahh, yeah, principally I think

[redacted] Okay. Principally and and he have you ever seen Mr. [redacted] personally?

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] Okay, and where did you see Mr. [redacted] personally?

[redacted] Am near his house

[redacted] In Greensboro?

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] Okay. And what was the occasion for your to see Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted] Ammm the occasion was that he ah was threatening to kill me

[redacted] When was that?

[redacted] Back in 1974. Did I give you that material sir?

[redacted] (Inaudible)

[redacted] Okay. Am at the time I was working with a group that was trying to get out information about the Cuban revolution and I no longer work with them, called the Venzeremos Brigade, although I'm still supportive of the Cuban revolution and am I was engaging in the discussion with Mr. [redacted]'s son or somebody who said he was Mr. [redacted]'s son. Ah when I left the house Mr. [redacted] followed me and a friend I was with outside and ah threatened

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b7C

us at the time. I don't have the exact, I don't remember the exact words. It was something like I'll string you up from the nearest tree or put a hole in your head ah that kind of thing, and at that time he boasted that he worked for the FBI, but that was a few years or at least one or two or maybe even more years between that time and the time it came out in the newspaper that indeed he was an FBI informant at the same time he was a Klansman

[redacted]: Okay. And that's the one occasion that you saw Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: Okay. And you again saw him in the news media, a picture of him in the news media a year or two later?

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: Okay and you believe one of the people you saw...

[redacted]: Maybe it was three years later, it was a couple of years later

[redacted]: Okay. And you believe one of the people you thought you had recognized... b6 b7C

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...in the caravan was Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: I thought so. I wasn't a hundred percent sure, but it really registered in my mind also because the person I recognized was dressed in a very ah battle way. I remember a very dandyish appearance which I associated with that person the one time I had seen him and I reported all of that to the police

[redacted]: Okay. Okay you said the next recollection you have was that there was a gunshot and that was some somewhere down in the vicinity where the caravan had ah proceeded from the first vehicles. Is that correct?

[redacted]: That's right

[redacted]: Okay, tell us what happened after that

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[redacted]: After that (sighs) ahhh there was a gunshot or maybe there was even two shots real close, and there was a pause after that after that shot or that two shots, during which am I must have been instinctively drawn to run there to see what was going on and protect friends, but I heard Sandy Smith, who was not that far from me, yell 'Take the Children to Safety,' and she was yelling it at me or at a couple of people standing, a couple other adults cause I was right with the crowd of children. So she said 'take the children to safety' or something like that and am I think I still hesitated a moment not knowing which way to run when she repeated it even louder again 'Take the Children to Safety!' and I knew that ah she was you know had a better lever than I was and more involved and I trusted her judgment and perception and ahh at the time just knew I had a do that so it wasn't much time to think. The children started running. I ran after them. My own child was in that crowd, he was bringing up the rear, he was the slowest runner of 'em all. I was running right behind him, and as we were running people opening up their doors to us and just slipping us in so I ended up in somebody's home. I don't know whose home with a bunch of children and a couple other people.

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[redacted] Okay do you recall if you were running up Carver Street? Is that the street you were running up with the children?

[redacted]: Ahh I don't recall because I, every time I go back there I kind a get blocked out about where I was running, I mean I was right there where everybody else was running but I don't really recall. It seemed like a big open field to me.

[redacted]: Okay, okay what happened after when you got to the houses, had you heard any additional gunfire be-beside those two shots?

[redacted]: Yes, yes

[redacted] Okay. Tell me about the gunfire you heard then.

[redacted]: As we were running we just heard a lot of shots and ah that's it, we heard a lot of shots, ah after ah I don't know how she got there, but it ended up that [redacted] was in the same ah house I was in and

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after several minutes ah she said to me [redacted] I can't stand the suspense, let's go out and see what's going on,' so am I did. She and I walked out and went back to where we had been. Ah not even beginning to suspect that anybody had been killed I mean hurt even. Am I've never been in a situation even remotely resembling this, and ah I guess I, if I insofar as I had any image at all it was some shots being fired in the air, so when I returned ah this reality was ah just overwhelming. All I could do, it looked like a battlefield with bodies all around, and the first one I saw was Ceasar and I recognized him because I knew what he looked like and ah ah I saw his wife standing over him. Am he was the first one I ran to, and ah I didn't even, I just saw other people lying there, I didn't, I didn't see my [redacted] until a couple of seconds after that and then I saw Jim, I saw [redacted] with [redacted], [redacted] was kneeling over Jim and ah apparently just ah just seconds before I got there (Pause) okay you know the rest, You don't have to ask me that question.

[redacted]: Okay. Do you wanna take a break and you can talk with your client see if she wants to look at the films or not?

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[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: Okay

(?) (Coughs)

****

[redacted]: This is a continuation of the interview of ah Mrs. [redacted] on April 8th, 1982.

[redacted]: Mrs. [redacted] you indicated previously your statement that ah you were interviewed by the Greensboro Police Department ah sometime not too long after this incident occurred in an attempt to among other things ah point out Mr. [redacted] am did you recall at that time telling them that you were under the impression that Mr. [redacted] had given you the finger when he drove by on ah eleven three seventy-nine?

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[redacted] Do I recall telling them that?

[redacted] Yes mam

[redacted] I don't recall telling them that

[redacted] Do you recall now whether Mr. [redacted] is the person you think may have been Mr. [redacted] didn't give you the finger when he drove by?

[redacted] I don't recall that, no

[redacted] Okay

[redacted] Okay? All right the film will be starting just ah about thirty seconds or so before the ah vehicles arrive. (Pause) Anytime you see anything on the film you wanna show us ah (pause)

(?) (Inaudible) (Mumbling)

(pause)

(Music from film)

Unknown Male: That's too far back

b6
b7C

(Pause)

(?) (Clears throat)

(Pause)

(Film noise)

(Pause)

(Film noise)

[redacted] Be about a minute or so, when the vehicles will arrive a minute and a half (pause) (Film)

[redacted] How long has your tape run? Is your tape long?

(Noise from film) (Film being played) (Noisy)

[redacted] Okay. Well said he was not in the pickup truck?

[redacted] No, was definitely not the pickup truck.

CE 44A-3527

Okay. (Film) Now (unintelligible) this, this is ah at ten twenty-eight, twenty-one into Channel 11 film. You see the fellow with hair sticking out the window? With the finger pointed? Is that scene familiar to you from that day?

Ahhh I don't know if it's from that day I can't say on the day it took (inaudible)

Okay do you recall on that day anyone making any kind of ah statements when the vehicle passing by about China Grove?

Again I don't rec-recollect it from that day

Okay

I remember seeing women in some of the cars

Okay

And I remember seeing somebody I thought was [redacted] and...

b6
b7C

Okay

...in what I remember as a white car

All right any vehicle you think that looks similar to that car or any person in any vehicle passing by just let me know what...

Who is that guy pointing his finger?

This individual here?

Yes

I, I don't know if I'm in a position to answer that or not because this is an interview of you ah

Yeah, yeah let's put it this way. If you recognize that person (inaudible) Mrs. [redacted] tell us. Okay why don't you play it forward (inaudible) Tom I think we...

(Talks over) Well do you know who he is?

Yes mam I know who he is

CE 44A-3527

[redacted] Why hasn't he been indicted? Why wasn't he indicted?

[redacted]: Ahh

[redacted]: Was he one of the ones who was indicted?

(Pause)

[redacted]: No mam

[redacted] No

[redacted]: By the State he was not indicted by them

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: No. (Pause) Okay I'm gonna let it go forward again and ah if you again listen to the tape and you can also watch the ah the picture as it clears up

(Film - noisy)

[redacted]: Can you back it up just a little bit so you can have any space comes through it there

[redacted]: Yeah. Okay

b6
b7C

(Pause)

(Film voices - noisy - 'China Grove, we'll see ya'', we'll see ya')

[redacted]: Do you recognize that individual now?

[redacted]: Not real sharp, no, and ah not in a definitive way

[redacted]: Okay. Did you hear the comment that was made as the vehicle was passing by?

[redacted]: I, I think I can remember comments they made, but I'm not I don't remember now I heard...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...that particular comment being made

[redacted]: Before you proceed, since that car appears to be a white car and it was your impression that you stated earlier that the person you thought was Mr. [redacted] ah was in a white car. Can you tell us now whether it's your impression that that may have been the white car do you know?

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: I don't think it was

(Pause)

(Film - Noisy - Chanting 'Death To The Klan')

(Film noise)

[redacted]: It's not all that clear

(Film - chanting 'Death To the Klan')

[redacted]: That guy appears to be loading a gun

(Film noise)

[redacted]: Okay now is that something you recognize in the film or something that you observed that day?

[redacted]: I don't think I observed it that day. Has he been indicted?

[redacted]: Mam, nobody been, nobody has been indicted by the Grand Jury

b6
b7C

[redacted]: (Talks over) Oh I know not by the Grand Jury

[redacted]: Ah the Grand Jury is the only thing we (inaudible)

[redacted]: I just think it's it's truly amazing with all this documentation that none of those people were brought to trial in the State trial

[redacted] Okay

[redacted]: Truly amazing. Go ahead.

[redacted]: This individual, do you recognize him at all?

[redacted]: No

[redacted] (Inaudible) Okay

(Film - chanting)

(Pause)

(Film - chanting 'Death to the Klan')

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: That car

[redacted]: Okay

(Film)

[redacted]: The black car.

[redacted]: Go back. Okay

(Film - changing 'Death to the Klan')

Lemme go back a little bit. You wanna see that car again?

[redacted]: Yeah, those two

(Pause)

(Film - chanting 'Death to the Klan')

(Noisy)

[redacted]: Okay now is anybody in this photograph at 11:05 26. Is anybody there look familiar to you or you believe might be Mr. [redacted]? b6 b7C

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay. I'm gonna run this forward very slowly by hand (Film) This gentlemen in the far right of the screen?

[redacted]: Ahh in the far front of the driver?

[redacted]: Yes in the far right which would in this case would be the driver. It say 11:06 into the film

[redacted]: I don't believe any of those three is.

[redacted]: Okay

(Film - chanting - 'Death to the Klan')

[redacted]: Okay at 11:08 27 into the film, is this the vehicle that ah the white vehicle which you felt Mr. [redacted] might be in?

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: I've, yeah this or another white vehicle

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: (Inaudible)

[redacted]: Now let me you ask your this mam before we proceed. You mentioned that ah you recalled seeing some (unintelligible) in one or more of the vehicles in the caravan that day is that right?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Do you recall if ah the person you thought was Mr. [redacted] was in the same vehicle as you knew or another vehicle?

[redacted]: I don't recall for sure. But one of the women, when I saw the picture of her later in the newspaper, I recognized who it was. It was [redacted] an attractive woman

[redacted]: You recognized having seeing her in one of the pictures?

[redacted]: (Talks over) He recognized having seen her that day in this part of a caravan. After I saw her picture, I recognized the picture in the papers that that was she

[redacted]: But you don't have any recollection whether Mr. [redacted] was in the same car as any of the women might?

[redacted]: No

(Film - chanting 'Death to the Klan')

[redacted]: Okay. Now can you you locate whose in that photograph....

[redacted]: Yes I can

[redacted]: ...of eleven seventeen twenty-seven? in the far right carrying the ah leaflets or papers in your hand?

[redacted]: That's right

b6
b7C

CE 44A-3527

[redacted] Okay. And that's Dr. [redacted] immediately over your left?

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] And this is Mr. [redacted] with the guitar?

[redacted] Ah I guess so, hard...

[redacted] Okay

[redacted] ...to tell him there

[redacted] And do you...

(Tape goes off Side 1)

b6
b7C

CE 44A-3527

Tape 2, Side 2

(Middle of Tape)

[redacted] Okay do you recognize this gentleman with the ah wood in his arm? Ah black (unintelligible)

[redacted]: I don't recognize the rear view

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: I don't know who that is

(Film - chanting 'Death To the Klan')

(Noisy)

[redacted] Okay now you at this time really that's you over here at at 11:22 15 and you're facing down the street, facing towards Mr. [redacted]. Do you recall the incident and hearing that noise where a a vehicle was struck by a piece of wood?

[redacted]: No. I recall the chants. I recall the shots coming generally that way, from that way

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Okay

(Film)

[redacted]: Okay did you hear a noise in the film, were some those that are shot that you heard on November 3rd '79?

[redacted]: Just now, you mean?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: I wasn't paying that much attention. You'll have to back it up

[redacted]: Okay I'll play it back then

(Film)

[redacted]: Turn it up

(Film - chants - 'Death To The Klan').

(Noisy)

[redacted] Yes

(Film - Noisy)

[redacted] You said yes. Is that...

[redacted] Well after...

[redacted] ...similar to the noise that you thought you heard?

[redacted] I guess I heard it and then...

[redacted] Okay just just listen again

(Film)

[redacted] I can hear it

(Film)

(Pause)

[redacted] I, I don't make a connection between this, and I heard a shot coming from there

b6
b7C

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] What I told you. Now I don't know where on the tape that I did

[redacted] Okay did you see any smoke in the air when you heard the shot?

[redacted] Ahh I wasn't looking that far down. I was looking right around me

[redacted] Okay

[redacted] At the children

(Film - noisy)

[redacted] Okay. Now this is Carver Street which goes in a northly direction. This is Everitt Street on your screen to the left 'll be west and the right would be the east. Ah you were standing on Everitt Street ah when you were last observed in the films. Do you recall now which way you ran and in which direction you ran?

CE 44A-3527

[redacted] I ran into the community

[redacted] Which 'd be, up this direction here toward...

[redacted] Right. From...

[redacted]: ...these housing back in here?

[redacted]: ...yeah that direction

[redacted] Okay. As you were running up the street, and you would have turned left I assume. Do you recall turning left?

[redacted] I don't recall turning left or right. Just recall running back into the community

[redacted] Okay. Do you recall observing any kind of street confrontation or fight with all these men with two by two's and sticks?

[redacted] No...

[redacted]: ...some

[redacted] ...I didn't observe that

[redacted] Okay do you recall hearing any kind of...

[redacted] I was looking at the children in front of me

[redacted] Okay did you hear any kind of noises that ah you could associate with that banging sticks at metal or...

[redacted] What I, no what I mainly recall hearing was more gunshots after the first shot or two

[redacted] Okay. All right we're gonna go play back just a second here

(Film - noisy)

[redacted] Now listen

(Film - noisy - bam! bam!)

[redacted]: Now is that the sound that you heard that you thought were two rapid shots?

[redacted] Very possible

[redacted] Okay and do you recall where you were when you heard those shots now?

b6
b7C

CE 44A-3527

Unknown Male: (Clears throat)

[redacted] Ahh, I was either ah running back or about to run back or just before running back cause I don't...

[redacted]: Okay. Lemme get, lemme...

[redacted]: (Inaudible)

[redacted]: ...draw you a diagram. This will be Carver Street running back into the community go, okay. This is Everitt Street. Okay. This entrance here is the entrance to the administration building. Okay. Now you're somewhere down here at this location and you heard one shot which came down from the vicinity of the front of the caravan and at that time you ran back into the community. Can you just put a little x as to where you think you were in location ah we're talking about relatively a feet, of course, fifty, sixty feet, ah when you heard the two rapid shots go bam! bam! that you just heard on the screen?

(Pause)

[redacted] If you know.

[redacted]: If you know. If you can recall

[redacted] I can't recall exactly where I was

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: Ahh...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...I just keep wondering about this guy who is sticking his head out of the car window and making the very first shots of the day and that he was never indicted and I wonder if you ever intend to bring him up before the Grand Jury

[redacted] Okay. Okay I understand that and you know we're well aware what's on the film and we've, we've...

[redacted] Seems to me...

[redacted]: ...heard the shots

[redacted] ...that you'll get a lot more information out of him even than me because he could tell you about firing those shots and I can't recall...

b6
b7C

CE 44A-3527

[redacted] Okay

[redacted] ...exactly where I was when those shots were fired

[redacted] Okay, all right

[redacted] Okay, now mam

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted] We're asking you, we're...

[redacted]: Okay I'm telling you I don't remember the exact spot I was in...

[redacted] I don't...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...remember hearing the shots and running with the children after being told by Sandy I should take the children to safety

[redacted]: Okay. Where do you recall that you last observed Sandy and heard Sandy talking to you about going with the children to safety? b6 b7C

[redacted]: It was, it was probably right after those shots were fired, because right after there was some noise and commotion, and I was aware of her presence around me. I don't know exactly which side of me she was standing on, but I was aware of her voice and her presence around me telling me...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...to do that

[redacted] Are you aware of [redacted] being near you at all during the occasion?

[redacted]: Ahh, I don't remember. I just remember that she was with me in the house and then we walked back together

[redacted]: Okay, so you have no recollection of her running near you or in front of you ah during this time that you were running with the children?

[redacted]: I don't, I don't remember ah she was probably near me but I don't think she was near me every second because ah I don't think she was exactly with me when I was running with the children.

[redacted]: Okay, do you...

[redacted]: She may have been right behind me. I don't know.

[redacted]: Do you have any recollection of ah Sandy Smith being struck by anybody or struck ah...

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: ...with a two by four at this time...

[redacted]: Uh uh

[redacted]: ...that she was talking to you, ah okay

(Pause)

(Film)

[redacted]: Okay. Do you desire to go any further in the film?

[redacted]: Uh uh, I don't. Do you mam?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: I'd like you to ah if you would please look at some photographs and if you recognize any of these persons I ask you to indicate to us who they are. First direct your attention to the photograph labeled L slash 28 to the black gentleman with ah bike helmet on. Do you recognize that person?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay. I'd like to direct your attention to the photographs on this page which are labeled A through D and specifically with regards to photos B, C and D. I ask if you recognize any of those persons?

(Pause)

[redacted]: No I do not

[redacted]: Okay, and then again on the page ah, the next two pages actually am photographs E through H and photograph J, I ask you if you recognize any of those persons?

[redacted]: (Pause) No I don't. I mean one or two of them I've seen in the video tape that day. I don't know 'em.

b6
b7C

[redacted]: You don't know the names of any of those persons?

[redacted]: Uh uh

[redacted]: Okay. Thank you

[redacted] Okay in your viewing of the film, is any of the vehicles that we looked at similar to the vehicle that you observed in which you thought Mr. [redacted] was in?

[redacted]: It's possible one of those two white cars was

[redacted]: The two white cars being the black top with the white one

[redacted]: No something like the fourth and fifth car, not those black ones, not the second one but the ah but the fourth one (inaudible)

[redacted]: Okay. Would am, okay, fine. Okay, do you have any questions about the film or anything else Mike that ah?

[redacted] Am

[redacted]: Listen to your film?

[redacted]: Not, relative to the film, but I have a couple of other questions am (Pause). On November 3rd Mrs. [redacted] other than the persons in the caravan, ah do you recall seeing any people in that community ah ah with weapons? b6 b7C

[redacted] No I don't recall seeing any other people in that community with weapons

[redacted]: Did you ever see any black male with a shotgun?

[redacted] No

[redacted]: Did you yourself bring a weapon, a firearm to the demonstration?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: To your knowledge, did any of the am persons that were participating in the rally bring a weapon with them to the demonstration?

[redacted]: Ah my [redacted] brought my handgun to the demonstration

[redacted]: Okay, would you describe (inaudible)...

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: ...and, well it was a .38 Charter Arm, am and I believe that that was the gun that he and (tape difficulty) helping the Klans accuse me for that, had given it to [redacted], ah she returned it to me. That was the only one I was aware of

[redacted]: To your knowledge, was that weapon loaded when your husband took it on November 3rd?

[redacted]: I have no knowledge of that either way, but I assume it was

[redacted]: When you ah received that weapon back from Miss [redacted], ah was it still loaded?

[redacted]: I don't recall, that was a long time ago?

[redacted]: How many, you said that's a .38, is that a a .38 revolver?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: How many shots will that represent without reloading it?

[redacted]: I believe six

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Did ah you have any conversation with Miss [redacted] as to whether she used the gun on that date?

[redacted]: Well I learned that through the media ah eventually. She said she returned it to me and she did

[redacted]: Did, did you have a conversation with her relative to her using that weapon that day?

[redacted]: I prob, I don't remember to tell you the truth. I think that she said right there at at the demonstration that the Klan fired on us and we fired back to protect ourselves

[redacted]: When did you buy that gun?

[redacted]: Ahhh, you want me to tell you exactly?

[redacted]: Yes, please

(Pause)

[redacted]: Am August 9th, 1977.

[redacted]: And where did you buy that from?

CE 44A-3527

[redacted] I don't remember

[redacted] Re-reflecting the piece of paper that we first looked at? Is that is that a receipt from the purchase?

[redacted] No, this is a permit for the gun from the ah Guilford County Sheriff's Department

[redacted] May I see that? Do you mind?

[redacted] Uh huh

(?) (Clears throat)

(Pause)

(?) (Coughs)

[redacted] (Inaudible) dated. (Pause) With your position mam, permission mam, could we make a copy of this? And return it to you?

[redacted] (Inaudible) see why not. Uh huh.

[redacted] All right, can we return it to Mr. [redacted]? Ahh we do not have Xeroxing ah facilities right here, but we can make arrangements now for Xeroxing it and returning it to you

b6
b7C

[redacted] There's a, I think there's a machine there. A (inaudible) machine

[redacted] There's a machine downstairs where we can spend a quarter and get it Xeroxed right away for you

[redacted] Okay (unintelligible)

[redacted] Before you leave, we'll do it

[redacted] I'll bet it's goin' come through but the...

[redacted] It's pretty fair

[redacted] ...form itself you would a have a copy of. If we could may we get that copied so she can take it back with her today would be real handy

[redacted] Why don't we ah, why don't you write down the form number on this (inaudible) Do you still have that weapon mam?

[redacted] Yes I do

[redacted] Ah would you provide that weapon to us?

[redacted]: I don't have it with me

[redacted] But I, then you can make it available

[redacted] I would like to talk with her about that

[redacted]: Okay, fine. I expect it that you would. Ah we would request the weapon ah as you have indicated Miss [redacted] does make a statement on the video tape that...

(?) (Clears throat)

[redacted]: ...when the Klan fired at him that she, that that we fired back. There's reason to believe that that weapon ah that was in her possession was fired on that day and ah we would like to have it see what we could do with the ballistics analysis on that

[redacted]: Do you have an estimate as to how long you would want possession of it? for that test, for the test?

b6
b7C

[redacted] Well it would be necessary for us to continue until the conclusion of our investigation

[redacted]: Which is an unspecified period?

[redacted] Right

[redacted]: What, if she were to agree to turn over the weapon, what if you did the testing and then returned it back to her?

[redacted]: Well it would be necessary to maintain the custody of that weapon along with all the other weapons that we still have in our custody ah until the conclusion of our investigation

[redacted]: What are all the other weapons that you have in your custody?

[redacted] We have all the weapons (unintelligible) up to the present that day mam except this one

[redacted]: Uh huh

(Pause)

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: I'm just not sure why, I don't understand why you would need a chain of custody on this weapon if you've got ballistics on it

[redacted]: We need to maintain a chain of custody on all physical weapons

[redacted]: Would be you just wanna hold it so that you can be secure that you'll have possession of it?

[redacted]: Yes

(Pause)

[redacted]: Officer the serial number is a chain of custody is less important (inaudible)?

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: Is it enough if I give you the serial number?

[redacted]: Well we need actual possession of the weapon at least for a short period of time in order to conduct these ballistics

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Will you supply me with another one to protect myself in the meantime?

[redacted]: I, I don't...

[redacted]: Equivalent

[redacted]: ...I don't think we could do that

[redacted]: Why not? I need something to protect myself. My [redacted] shot down in the street. It could happen to anybody right? Me or anybody else, if they oppose what the Government tells them

[redacted]: Lemme suggest this ah Mr. [redacted] has indicated that he wishes to discuss this issue with you perhaps ah you'd like to to step some place and discuss that with Mr. [redacted] and we can discuss it among ourselves what the various options are for us

[redacted]: Well I would prefer not to make a decision on that today, but talk with other members of our team, but we would probably like to have the the request that you're having a a a sort of middle request is can we borrow the weapon and do some ballistics on it, and return it. She's expressed the need to have the weapon

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: Right, I, I understand that (inaudible) Well...

[redacted]: Why don't you do that...

[redacted]: ...why don't you, why don't you...

[redacted]: ...that would be more...

[redacted]: ...discuss it with whomever you want to discuss it ah, and ah give us to a response to that, and ah in the meantime we will ah discuss what the various options are...

(?) (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...then keeping with the integrity of our investigation and our obligations to preserve this weapon and ah see what you can do about it. All right.

[redacted]: Okay. Well see our position be we would want you to make an offer if you will to us ah what you wanna do with the gun

[redacted]: Well I'd prefer the minimum we'd like to have the gun in order to run ballistic test on it

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Okay I, that's again the main thing is in what happens after that, cause that's what I'm saying...

[redacted]: (Talks simultaneously) (unintelligible)

[redacted]: (Unintelligible)

[redacted]: ...if you would let, we would have the gun tomorrow

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: So...

[redacted]: That's finp

[redacted]: ...as long as you wanna take time to discuss it with other people...

[redacted]: That's fine

[redacted]: ...rather than conduct that conversation here now and then further delay Miss [redacted]

[redacted]: That's fine

(Pause)

[redacted]: Other than ah this weapon mam that your [redacted] brought to the scene mam, are you aware of any other peopl that brought weapons or any other person associated with the rally that day that brought weapons to the scene?

[redacted]: I was not aware of it

[redacted]: You're not aware of it on November 3rd?

[redacted]: I was not aware of it on November 3rd, no

[redacted]: Are you now aware of any persons who brought weapons to that scene?

[redacted] Yes. Ah because in the meantime I've heard that Bill Samson ah who also needed a weapon to defend himself and was a trade union organizer, not against the workers, but against Klan types, ah that he had a gun on him and ah that the fired back in self-defense, so I have heard ah (unintelligible) but I was not even aware of ah ah my [redacted] you know use the, he was at at liberty to ah take my gun so I didn't. b6 b7C

[redacted]: Is that the only weapon you and your [redacted] have at that time mam?

[redacted]: Ahhh that was the only handgun we owned

[redacted]: I take it from that statement that you also owned either some rifles or some shotguns?

(Pause)

[redacted]: Amum

[redacted]: You wanna talk?

[redacted]: Yeah, I wanna talk a minute here

[redacted]: Excuse us

[redacted]: Yeah we're gonna go off the record just a second

(Noise in tape)

[redacted]: This is a continuation of the interview of ah Mrs. [redacted]

[redacted]: Ah yeah at the time we owned ah a carbine ah rifle I guess you call it that ah a friend had given to my [redacted]. It was like a World War II relics ah we didn't ah, we never had used it and it was like you know something to hang on the wall

[redacted]: To your knowledge did you husband bring that weapon to the scene?

[redacted]: Ah no he did not

[redacted]: Okay, (Noise) you indi, (puase) (noise in tape)

(Pause)

[redacted]: Now you indicated that based on subsequent events or subsequent knowledge to November 3rd that Mr. Samson had a weapon that day. Do you ah have any knowledge, subsequent knowledge of any other person among the rally just those who had a weapon that day were in the community (inaudible)?

[redacted]: No I don't

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Okay (pause) anything else?

[redacted]: Just a summary type questions, am, do you have any knowledge directly (noise) or from any source of information ah relative to any involvement of the ah officers of the Greensboro Police Department in the events that took place on November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: (Pause) Yeah, first of all, I know they weren't there, although we have subsequently found out that they knew everything that was going on leading up to it

[redacted]: Okay when you say they, do you have a specific officer that knew everything that was going on that led up to this incident?

[redacted]: Yeah, Detective [redacted]. Ah again my my knowledge of all these details is not nearly as ah developed as the lawyers of the Greensboro Justice Fund who ahh have researched this much more thoroughly. So I really want to recommend to get at the bottom of that, that they be, that they appear ah before the Grand Jury, and share that detailed knowledge about the ah police department ah actions on that day

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: Okay, in addition to that, do you have any knowledge of any involvement of any agents in the United States Department of Justice, the FBI, Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms that had any participation in relative to the incident on November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: Ahh there are several indications that that kind of thing was going on, and one I mentioned to you is that pictures were being circulated, ah people who were subsequently murdered in between the time of China Grove and November 3rd by law enforcement officials, I took note of the fact that there was a United Racist Front being formed in September of 1979. Ah later on it emerged that an agent of the Bureau of Alcohol, Firearms, in fact with the firearms department, am was present at that meeting. That was very strange at the time to see Klan and Nazis getting together am I think that my [redacted] was surveilled in his workplace at the treatment plant

[redacted]: What do you...

[redacted]: I think we were spied upon. Ahh one thing that leads me to that, to think that is ah that at the trial, an individual he worked with, who his estimation of the person that it was a very off-the-wall person who like politics, but was coming from some strange places, ah then got up on the stand and told a bunch of lies about what Jim had said that he never said, so I suspect that person. Ah I know from my friends... b6 b7C

[redacted]: Do you know that person?

[redacted]: Yes, ah [redacted] I believe. I'm not a hundred percent sure, but I think that's who it is

[redacted]: Do you know the names of any persons...

[redacted]: I know the neighobrs of mine that the house was broken into my the police some months before November 3rd. Ah supposedly am in pursuit of some some felon ah and and they were also ah ah workers of Cone Mills, they were (inaudible) of the union organizer

[redacted]: (Clears throat) With reference to ah Mr. [redacted] I believe you said his name was (Clears throat) Are there any person who may have been present during conversations between your [redacted] and Miss, Mr. [redacted] about Mr. [redacted] testifying at the State trial?

[redacted]: It's unlikely because the place he worked at was extremely isolated ah and there weren't many people working there. There were only am two or three people at most that were even on duty at a particular time, that particular shift.

[redacted]: Do, do you have any additional information you wish to furnish in regards to any matter prior to the November 3rd incident ah that day November 3rd or the events after November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: Am (clears throat) well I think it's obvious that the people in that film ah who are known to the police should have been indicted at the State trial and should be at ah subpoenaed before the Grand Jury and ah there must have been thirty or forty people in those cars. In addition ah we know that that kind of operation was a planned one, and ah we feel that [redacted] who led the caravan in and who was in contact with the Greensboro Police should be subpoenaed by the Grand Jury, should have been indicted, ah he went around recruiting people to go on that caravan. He admitted that. Ah he admitted it to ah [redacted] who ah wrote the Institute to Southern Studies report. I think those people should ah come before the Grand Jury and tell everything they know, and I think that [redacted] and his superiors should be brought before the Grand Jury and ah they should be made to clarify what their role was, why they joined, why [redacted] joined the Nazi Party in July, why he left Greensboro on November 4th, why the office had burned down, another Nazi's house, Roland Wood and blamed it on the CWP, and why he encouraged them to take firearms November 3rd. what went on at those planning meetings prior to November 3rd. Ah I think there's a lot of rich investigation there for the Grand Jury, ah if they would look into that, and ah everything I'm saying since it is documented in news articles in the Winston-Salem paper, the Greensboro paper, the New York Times and so on, am I think the people will not have any trouble talking to the people who obtained that information whether they be recorders or lawyers am so in the interest of the fullest investigation, I really urge calling before the Grand Jury the Justice Fund lawyers, Government agents, [redacted] ah the connections between this and the Asheville affair and [redacted], another agent, or [redacted] or whatever his name is, that those other people who should be intereviewed and should be ah some ah and those people

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CE 44A-3527

people ah will turn out and the facts should be indicted, ah that I would like to see, I would honestly like to see the people who are responsible for my [redacted] s death brought to justice because it is very difficult to live without a man you love, it's very difficult to live without your [redacted] who you've looked forward to living your whole life with, and who you love very much, and ah nobody can compensate you for that loss, so I do want justice and that is why I'm talking to you and ah if you indict [redacted] and [redacted] and the others responsible then I will think that there is some justice.

[redacted]: Any further questions? Okay that concludes the interview with Mrs. [redacted] and it's 3:05 p.m., April 8th, 1982. Thank you very much.

End

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AIG.1(c-w)

COMPLAINT NUMBER: 79-0145368
OFFENSE: Homicide
WITNESS: [redacted]
Martinsville, Virginia
Telephone: [redacted]
EMPLOYER: Budd Trailer Company
STATEMENT TAKEN BY: Detective [redacted]
TIME AND DATE: 1/3/80, 1:40 p.m. in Martinsville, VA

This writer contacted this subject by telephone on this date and time in an attempt to make an appointment with this witness after finding he was at the scene of the murders in Greensboro on 11/3/79. This writer advised [redacted] who he was and that he wanted to meet with him to talk to him. [redacted] stated he would not talk to me and he did not know anything about these murders and could not help me in any way. He also stated he might talk to me at a later time, but he still did not know anything about what happened. He admitted he was in Greensboro that day and had driven his van to Greensboro.

He stated on that day, subjects from Martinsville by the names of [redacted] and others came with him to Greensboro. He stated he came to Greensboro because [redacted] asked him to. He stated he did not know anything about any type of rally except it was to be an anti-Klan rally at Morningside Homes. He stated he drove to that location, and did not follow anyone to that site. He stated when he and the others arrived, he parked his van on Everitt Street or in that area and walked through the area of Everitt and Carver Street where they were singing and going on, and posting signs on a truck. He stated shortly after that, someone yelled the Klan was coming through and he ran. Mr. [redacted] stated he did not see any fire or any shooting. He later got into his van and came back to Martinsville, VA with the same people who came down with him. He stated he did not have a weapon in Greensboro that day and did not see any weapons in his van.

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This writer again advised this subject he would like to meet with him in person and would like to photograph his van. He stated he would not meet me in person and would not agree to let me photograph his van. He stated he did not know anything and was not going to talk with me in person at that time, although he might talk to me later if he saw fit.

A short time after this conversation, this writer along with a Martinsville detective and Officer [redacted] drove by the subject's house at [redacted] His white van was sitting in the driveway. Photographs were made of this white van from the street without the subject's permission.

[redacted], Detective
Criminal Investigation Division

AT/mlt/17.18

COMPLAINT NUMBER	GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
79-0145368			
OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICE	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Assault	Gun		11/3/79 1119
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
[redacted]	Unknown		

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

This is a statement taken from Kate Wrenn, address unknown, phone unknown, wife of the victim, [redacted] b6 b7C

Real Name is: [redacted]

Mrs. [redacted] states at approx. 1030, 11/3/79 to 1130, 11/3/79, she was unsure of the time, she was standing on the sidewalk in the 1900 block of Everitt St. She stated approx. five cars came by her location. One station wagon, one white car, and one bronze colored car. She stat the vehicles were moving west on Everitt St. toward Gillespie St. at a slow rate of speed. Sh stated all the vehicle contained white males, possibly in their thirties to forties. She stated the next thing she heard was what she thought to be firecrackers, but they turned out to be gunshots. She stated the subjects started shooting and she saw a woman get shot beside her. Mrs. [redacted] stated she dragged the woman from the street to a parked car and stayed behir the parked car until the shooting stopped. When asked if she could identify any of the suspec in the assault, she stated she could not. She stated all the white males did appear to be in their thirties or forties, except for one W/M she saw appeared to be in his late teens or early twenties, wearing a baseball type hat.

KAL/dlr/99

11/3/79

☐ Cleared By Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

COMPLAINT NUMBER: 79-0145268
OFFENSE: Assault with a Deadly Weapon Inflicting Serious Bodily Injury

VICTIM: [redacted]
ADDRESS: Unknown
TELEPHONE: Unknown
STATEMENT TAKEN BY: Detective [redacted]
DATE AND TIME: 12/21/79

On this date, this victim, [redacted], along with two C.W.P. workers' attorneys came to the District Attorney's Office. This writer along with District Attorney Mike Schlosser, [redacted] and [redacted] interviewed the subject. This writer advised this victim of his rights and he did on his attorney's advice sign this waiver form. This writer dated this with the District Attorney's Office and the date was 12/21/79 at 2:45 p.m. He stated he understood his rights and did want to tell us what happened, and made the following statement. He stated he was at the rally at Everitt and Carver Streets on 11/3/79, and he had come because it was going to be an anti-Klan rally and he had been told not to bring a weapon, although he would not state who told him this. He stated he had been shot with buckshot through the right shoulder and in the top of the head going straight down. He stated he had been shot when he bent over to help Nathan who had been shot. He stated when he bent down, that's when he was shot in the top of the head and in the shoulder with buckshot. He did not see who shot him. He also said that he saw a male fire a long pistol out of the window of a pickup truck on the right side of the pickup truck. He stated this was the first shot that he saw or heard on that date. He also stated he thought this was the first vehicle in the Klan caravan. He stated just before this shot occurred, a group of people had come by in cars and started calling his group "nigger lovers" and things of this nature. He then stated after the shot, he saw some of his friends in a fight near the intersection of Carver and Everitt Street in the northeast corner in the grass and he ran over to help them, and someone pushed him on top of a man that he did not know who had a shotgun. He stated the man was holding the shotgun with both hands and was on the ground holding it to his chest. He stated it was a riot type shotgun with a long stock like thing under the barrel. He said he could identify this gun if he saw it again. He also said the only two guns he saw that day was the pistol that he had seen fired out of the window of the truck by one of the Klansman and the shotgun that he saw the man with that he was lying on top of. He stated everything else happened so fast that he did not see any other shooting and he did not know who shot him except that he felt like that the man he had been on top of was the one who shot him.

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A number of photographs of the Klan people that were arrested were shown to this man and also the guns that were taken from the van. He stated he could not identify any of the Klansmen although he did recognize Roland Wood and Milano Caudle. He stated the only reason he recognized these two people were from photographs that he had seen in a Salisbury, North Carolina paper identifying them and he could not identify them as being at the scene of the shooting. He

also stated the riot type shotgun he saw the guy with and that he identified from these photographs of guns, looked to be the one that he saw Milano Caudle holding.

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[redacted], Detective
Criminal Investigation Division

AT/dm/54

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT OF RIGHTS:

Before asking you any questions, we want to advise you of your rights and determine that you understand fully what your rights are.

1. You have a right to remain silent.
2. Whatever you say can and will be used as evidence against you in a court of law.
3. You have a right to consult a lawyer and to have a lawyer present with you while you are being questioned.
4. If you want a lawyer but are unable to afford one, a lawyer will be appointed to represent you before any questioning if you wish.
5. You may decide now or at any subsequent time to exercise these rights and not answer any questions or make any statement.

Signed [redacted]

WAIVER OF RIGHTS:

I have read the above statement of my rights and have also had my rights explained to me by a police officer. Knowing these rights, I do not want a lawyer at this time. I waive these rights knowingly and willingly agree to answer questions and/or make a statement.

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Signed [redacted]

Interviewing Offic [redacted]

Witness: _____

Place: _____

Date: 12-21-94 19 94 Time: 2:45 PM

PD - Pol - 101 - 526 (Rev. 1-79)

1 ACTIVITY NUMBER

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
CASE REPORT

MC

2 OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER #	5 BADGE & ASSIGNMENT
6 LOCATION OF OCCURRENCE	7 TIME & DATE OCCURRED	8 TIME & DATE REPORTED	9 TYPE OF PREMISES
10 VICTIM	11 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		12 PHONE
13 SEX/DESCENT/AGE	14 BUSINESS ADDRESS		15 PHONE
16 REPORTED BY	17 ADDRESS		18 PHONE
19 PERSON/PROPERTY ATTACKED	20 HOW ATTACKED		
21 EXTENT OF INJURY/VALUE OF PROPERTY	22 TYPE OF INJURY RECEIVED/PROPERTY INVOLVED		
23 PERSON(S) ARRESTED	24 ADDRESS		25 CHARGE

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL—FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

COMPAINT NUMBER	GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
79-01453c8			
OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder		1625 7/9/80
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
N/A	N/A		

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 11/3/79, while investigating the Nazi/Klan/CWP shooting at Everitt and Carver Dr., I was dispatched to Cone Hospital to do some of the follow-up work on the investigation. After thinking I had completed my investigation at Cone Hospital, I then went to the Guilford County Ambulance Service located at Headquarters and 29 where I knew they had set up a tempora morgue for the bodies of the victims of the shootout. There, I contacted Detective [redacted] whc asked me at that time whether I had collected the clothes from [redacted] & Nathan. I advised him that I had not at which time he sent me back to Cone Hospital along with Detective [redacted] tc collect the clothes.

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Upon our arrival at Cone Hospital, we were told the clothes had been given to Ms. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted] We located both Ms. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted] in the waiting room outside of the Intensive Care ward at Cone Hospital. There lying on the floor were two sealed plastic bags containing the clothes of [redacted] and Nathan. Detective [redacted] told Ms. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted] that we needed to collect the clothes as evidence. At first, they were reluctant to do so but on the advice of their attorney, who was present at the time in the waiting room, they consented to give us the two sealed garbage bags containing the clothes; at which time, Detective [redacted] took one and I took one and left the hospital with them. Ithen took both bags of clothes myself and transported them to the P.D. Lab where they were turned over t S.I. [redacted] who dried the clothes, marked them, and turned them in as evidence.

L/lfh/29

7/9/80
1:09-4:41p

☐ Cleared By Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive PS - 80 - 17

VICTIM - CHAIN OF CUSTODY

[redacted]

1. Found at scene of Everitt and Carver.

2. Carried to Cone Hospital in ambulance.

   a. Victim [redacted] and two unknown (uninjured) persons also rode in ambulance.
   b. [redacted] and [redacted] (EMS).
   c. EMS Unit 358.

3. Treated at Cone Hospital by Dr. [redacted].

   a. One pellet removed from head.
   b. One fragment removed from right arm.
   c. Dr. [redacted] gave pellets to Nurse [redacted]
   d. Nurse [redacted] gave pellets to Patrolman [redacted]. b6 b7C

4. Clothing removed from Wrenn by _____ and given to Patrolman [redacted] who later turned same in as evidence on Card 43.

   a. Item 8 on Evidence Card 43 is 26¢ in change which is received by F.B.I. and listed under "Other Submitted Items." (No "Q" # give).

5. Patrolman [redacted] returns to Police Department and turns two pellets in as evidence (see Evidence Card 17, Items 1 and 2).

6. Items on Evidence Card 17 are taken to F.B.I. Lab by Identification Specialist [redacted] on 11-19-79 for examination.

   a. See letter of transmittal dated 11-19-80, Items 56 and 57.
   b. Also items on Card 43.

7. F.B.I. Lab received items on 11-19-79, see letter dated 12-19-79.

   a. F.B.I. Lab numbers are assigned to items:

ITEM	EVID./ITEM CARD/NUMBER	L.O.T. ITEM NUMBER	F.B.I. NUMBERS
Pellet	17/1	56	Q-195
Fragment	17/2	57	Q-196
Clothing	/1 thru 7& 43/9 thru 11	31	Q-166 thru Q-177

MR. [redacted]

This is an interview with Mr. [redacted] on April 15, 1982 at Durham, North Carolina. The time is 3:40 P.M. My name is [redacted]. I'm an attorney with the Civil Rights Division, United States Department of Justice. Would you please identify yourself for the record?

[redacted], Greensboro Justice Fund.

[redacted] Greensboro Justice Fund.

KEN MCCALLISTER, United States Attorney for the Middle District of North Carolina.

[redacted], Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

[redacted] Attorney, Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice.

And I'm [redacted]

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[redacted]: Mr. [redacted] where are you presently residing?

[redacted]: Rocky Mount, North Carolina.

[redacted]: And do you have a specific address in Rocky Mount?

[redacted]: [redacted].

[redacted]: How long have you resided at that location?

[redacted]: Two years, two and a half years, since January 1980.

[redacted]: Are you currently employed?

[redacted]: Yes, I am.

[redacted]: Where are you currently employed sir?

[redacted]: At the Allied Maintenance Company.

[redacted]: In November, 1979 where were you residing?

[redacted]: 806 North Gregson Street, in Durham, that's Apartment 9.

[redacted]: How long had you resided at that location?

[redacted]: Uh, since about 19, since January of 1975.

[redacted]: Where were you employed in November 1979?

[redacted]: With the American Red Cross in November now?

[redacted]: Yes sir.

[redacted]: I thought you said January.

[redacted]: Well, I meant November if I said January. Were you residing at the Gregson Street address in November, 1979?

[redacted]: Right, well up to November, right. And I was employed at the, with the American Red Cross Blood Mobile, Durham Center.

[redacted]: How long had you been employed with them?

[redacted]: Since January, since the first of January of 1979.

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[redacted]: Now, in your employment with the American Red Cross, were you involved in any kind of union activities or a member of any union?

[redacted]: Uhm, not with my employment with the Red Cross, but while I was employed with the Red Cross, I was active as an acting business representative for Local 465 of the International Union of Operating Engineers, that was a temporary position which I had been acting in since about the middle of '78.

[redacted]: And what were your responsibilities in that position?

[redacted]: Uhm, I was responsible for employee groups at Durham Housing Authority in Durham, and members of the union at the Carolina Aluminum Company in Winton, North Carolina.

[redacted]: And you said that you began that in that position sometime in 1978?

[redacted]: Right.

How long did you continue in that position?

Uh, until March of 1979.

Okay, and what was the reason for your terminating in that position?

Well, they hired a full-time representative. I was just a temporary because I didn't, I had been fired at Duke in the union I was in the workmen's capacity after I was from '78 until well until they hired a full-time representative.

When were you fired from Duke?

1977, November, 1977.

Did that have anything to do with your union activities, your termination of your employment?

Sure, I believe it did. The union believed it did.

Could you tell us about that please?

Well, I started to work at Duke University at the in the and, uh, uhm, I was elected a which was Local 465 of the Operating Engineers. I continued to, uhm, act in that capacity for three years, well for most of three years. For a period of time I was not a I was active in the labor movement at in general in terms of, uh, Local 77 and the hospital organizing drive and Local 465, all three sort of separate constituencies and together, you know, there was a movement at consistent of those three constituencies.

Okay, and how did that result in your being terminated?

Uhm, I had filed a number of grievances. I was active in filing grievances on behalf of workers in the Heating Plant, and, uh, well, it gets more complicated, uh, and we were in constant conflict with the management at Duke University, the Physical Plant Manager in particular was very

anti-union. Uhm, they had wanted a union that was pretty much go along with what they wanted and there were a lot of violations of contract, a lot of violations of equal opportunity, EEOC type, civil rights type violations. Uhm, I was involved in one particular grievance where I filed on behalf of a co-worker, and I was told by my supervisor that there was no racial discrimination at Duke and that if I alleged again that he would fire me. Uhm, subsequent to that, it was certainly some time after that, that I was fired. It was on a technicality which I think they took advantage of. I was ten minutes late.

[redacted] They claimed you violated your contract? Is that right? Is that what you're saying? By showing up late for work?

[redacted] They claimed I was late for work and I had allegedly falsified my time card. In fact I hadn't falsified my time card according to the standard practice that they were, everyone else was using. That was it.

[redacted]: But you feel you feel and apparently your union felt that they really fired you, used this technicality to fire you because of your strong union activities as a shop steward? Is that correct?

[redacted] Right.

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[redacted]: And in particular, you pointed to your filing a grievance dealing with racial discrimination, as being something that they were particularly concerned about, is that right?

[redacted] Uh huh.

[redacted]: All that was in 1977, if I understood you correctly?

[redacted] Right, the EEOC stuff, right.

[redacted]: And from that time on you continued to be active in your union even though you were not employed

as an Operating Engineer at that time, is that right?

[redacted]: Right. Uhm, right.

[redacted]: Okay, during were you involved in any of the attempts to organize other employees at Duke University that occurred in 1978 and 1979?

[redacted]: Only in a supportive capacity. Uhm, we were active in, I was active in why I support from my union to support the organizing drive in the hospital as well as support Local 77. Uhm, you may know the situation at Duke is there are two basic unions on the campus side which Local 77 is predominantly black, and Local 465 is predominantly white. Uhm, and, uh, that's a historical problem because of the Klan influence in the, among the Maintenance Workers formerly. Uhm, so I, one of my main things that I did as a shop steward because in the Heating Plan it was the only department within Local 465 that was 50% black, 50% white. Uhm, and our department was very active, not just myself, but the whole department was very active in supporting joint activities of Local 77 and joint activities with the hospital drive, trying to build that kind of unity across Duke, and, uh, this is one of the things that, uh, there were some people in the union that were opposed to this, that thought that we should just stick with 465 be a white union essentially. Uhm, and uhm, Duke wanted this, they were very against any kind of joint activities, so uhm...

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[redacted]: You in particular were associated a lot with trying to get these two unions together, in other words to integrate the two unions.

[redacted]: Right, to work together, because, quite obviously, as long as they had those two unions split, it was, it was hard for us to accomplish anything out there. Uhm, because they can use one union against the other. Also in the organizing drive, uhm, when Local 77 tried to organize the hospital, uhm, well I'd say, I believe it was Duke management inspired an attempt by some people in Local 465 to, uh, to organize

opposition to Local 77 organizing the hospital for the purpose of trying to get into Local 465. Uhm, there was an awful lot of internal, what should we say, I guess you might say attempts to confuse the situation. Uhm, and the rivalry between the two unions was a point at, uh, it was blocking the hospital from getting organized. It was confusing enough people, so that people would not vote for AFSCME in their drive because they were convinced that, uh, from some people in 465 that they should vote against the union or this union would not be for secretary, this union was only for housekeepers, this union was only for, uhm, maintenance workers or what have you. I don't know if I'm clear but, there's a lot of confusion because of the two unions and the way Duke manipulated those two unions, and it was basically a racial issue.

[redacted] In essence, the unions ended up opposing one another from time to time which, uh, destroyed if I understand you correctly, the union helped fight against one another to keep the other union from becoming the bargaining agent for certain employees, is that...

[redacted] I wouldn't say the union but I would say there was certain forces in the union that, uhm, they were there was certain leadership in the union that was, uhm, that was doing this and, uh, I was active in opposing that leadership along with a lot of other people in the union, and, uh, there was a number of us in Local 465 that wanted unity and were working very hard to build broad unity among all the labor organizations at Duke.

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[redacted] In addition to those union activities, were you associated with or a member of any politically active group during this time?

[redacted] With the Progressive Labor Party.

[redacted] Okay, were you associated with or a member of the WVO in 1979?

[redacted] No, I was, well, in 1979?

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] I was not a member but I've gone, I had quit the Progressive Labor Party in 1977, and I had done some work with the WVO but I was not a member.

[redacted] Okay, in your work with the WVO, did they also work with you in your union activities?

[redacted] Uhm, yeah, well, you have to be more specific, I mean, did they, did they work with me in my union activities?

[redacted] Did they participate in this effort to unify the unions?

[redacted] Right, right, they were active at Duke, not in my particular union, but in, uh, hospital organizing drive, and they were supportive of when I got fired.

[redacted] Who were some of the people that you knew to be associated with WVO in 1979 that participated in this union activity that you have been describing? b6 b7C

[redacted] Uh, CESAR CAUCE, [redacted], uhm, they were the main people at WVO. Now we had this organization on campus was the Duke Workers Organizing Committee, which was something that they were working with, was a lot broader than WVO, and that encompasses a lot of people from all three unions, and I was active in that.

[redacted] Is that, that organizing committee include some people who subsequently involved, were involved in a demonstration November 3 in Greensboro?

[redacted] Oh yeah.

[redacted] Who were some of those people?

[redacted] [redacted] he was in my union, 465. [redacted] CESAR and, uh, I can't recall anybody else. There was probably other people there, but I can't recall from Duke.

[redacted] Okay, is there anything else about your union activities or union involvement that you think is

relevant to the November 3 incident?

[redacted]: Uh, subsequent to, uh, well, from about 1978 on, I was participating in the Trade Union Education League which was something that WVO had sparked or helped organize, and we were involved in a lot of strike support work around the state.

[redacted]: Such as?

[redacted]: Uhm, the Hall River Strike in 1978. Uhm in 1979 there was, let me see, go back, '78. Okay, I, let's go back. Your question was how my Trade Union activity as how it related to November 3?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Not any more specific, your last question was you said TUEL did support work.

[redacted]: Right, and my involvement with that was the support in the Hall River strike there was a number of, let's see, there was some little things. I think there was a strike in, uh, Pittsboro, North Carolina, I think in '79, it was [redacted] that uh, I assisted in advising some workers down there. Uhm, but in terms of my union activity, I mean there was other things to it. We're sort of skipping around here and it's not very chronological.

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[redacted]: Well, what I was trying to concentrate on right now is that through your union activity you were associated with attempts to integrate or unify both black and white workers, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: And what I'm searching for perhaps inartfully here, is what you yourself were involved in in that effort that related to union activities prior to November 3, 1979.

[redacted]: Okay, uhm, well as I said, I worked at Duke until '77. After I was fired from Duke I continued to work with the union at Duke, uhm, through the mid part of that year, of '78. Uhm, in 1978 the union had a strike at Trader Chevrolet in Greensboro,

North Carolina and I was asked by the Business Representative to come to help out with that strike for three months since I was out of work. I did that from July through September. That was a group of white, mostly white mechanics, Chevrolet mechanics from Greensboro. Uhm, after that I, uh, I was given the position of Active Business Representative and the duties I described in Winton, North Carolina and Durham. I was involved in filing grievances, training shop stewards, uh. I won a case at Durham Housing Authority where four people were put back to work with back pay. They had been out, they were fired. I proved they were fired illegally or unjustly and they went back to work. In Winton, North Carolina, I was involved with, uhm, that's a almost all black union up there. Uh, I was involved in training them, training shop stewards, then the subsequent to, ah shit, I don't want to say subsequent to, that's an easy word for these kind of answers. In February 1979 the Newport News Shipyard Union steel workers were on strike, and a lot of the shipyard workers lived in the Hoskey-Winton area, and I was active in helping the locals there in Winton organize support activities for the Newport News Shipyard Workers. And I said at that time I got a job with the Red Cross and then they hired someone else to full-time Business Representative. After that time in '79 I continued to work with the Trade Union Educational League in various, like I say, I can't remember offhand what, uh, in the year '79 except for going down to Pittsboro during that period.

[redacted] Okay, in your work concerning the Hall River strike, did you become acquainted with JIM WALLER?

[redacted] Yes, I did.

[redacted] Okay, and is that how you became acquainted with him?

[redacted] Uh, yes, I didn't know him up to that point.

[redacted] Okay, was he also involved in the Trade Union Educational League?

[redacted] Yes, he was.

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[redacted] And did you become acquainted with [redacted] in any way?

[redacted] Uh, yeah. I personally met [redacted] I believe it was in 1977 during a, some activities around this Local 77 contract negotiations at Duke. There was some rallies I think that's when I first met him. But I met him but I didn't really know him until later on.

[redacted] Now, in 1979 in particular, did you become involved in some anti-Klan demonstrations or activities?

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] How?

[redacted] Uhm, well in '79 there was a lot of concern among a lot of people that the Klan was on the upsurge, a lot of publicity about it. This had been going on for about a year or two and, uh, in May of '79 there was an incident in Decatur, Alabama where, uhm, the Klan shot at a Civil Rights march. There was a shooting there, okay? There was an awaking to people and my awareness to what was going on, you know. And then there was the China Grove, I guess that's what you want to talk about.

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[redacted] Well, is that the next thing that you became involved in?

[redacted] Well, that's the first act, I wasn't involved in Decatur, but I was involved in China Grove, because I went to China Grove and I heard about it through [redacted] I guess it was [redacted]

[redacted] But you were aware of the Decatur incident?

[redacted] Right. I was aware of Klan activity in general. Because when I worked at Duke, the Business Representative of our union was sort of famous, ex-Klansman, [redacted]. And I learned from him a lot about the workings of the Klan and, uh, the danger of representing a labor group.

[redacted] Is that what motivated you to become involved in

anti-Klan activity?

[redacted] That was, it was part of it. I knew that I could see what it was doing right there in my union that we were involved in and I knew that the Klan had had a former influence on the white workers in the Maintenance Department and so I don't know if any of them, they were, well, they probably were Klan members at one time. I don't know who was a Klan member, the Klan influence. So it was that influence was what was helping Duke split these unions up. So...

[redacted]: So you indicated that you became aware of something occurring in China Grove involving the Klans through [redacted] is that correct?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted]: Do you recall approximately when you became aware of that?

[redacted]: It was about a week prior to the event.

[redacted] Okay, what was your understanding of what the Klan was going to do in China Grove?

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[redacted]: Well, my understanding was the Klan had come to, had gotten permission from the China Grove Town Council to hold an organizing rally and film showing at China Grove Community Center. Uhm, and that the black community organization in China Grove which I forget what, if it had a name, was concerned about this and it contacted I think [redacted], uhm, to ask for some help in organizing some protest. So, uh, from my understanding, people from Greensboro, [redacted], and others went down to China Grove and met with the people there to plan out what they would do about the Klan having a rally in the Town Hall, the Town Community Center.

[redacted]: Prior to July 8, 1979, when the Klan showing of the film "Birth of a Nation" occurred, and your anti-Klan demonstration occurred, did you go to China Grove?

[redacted]: No.

When you talked to [redacted] about what was going to occur in China Grove, what did he say to you?

Uhm, the people they had planned to march to the community center and to protest the Klan using that hall. Uhm, and having their organizing rally up there. Uhm, on city property.

And did he ask you to attend?

Yes.

And you agreed to attend?

Yes.

Did you recruit other people to attend?

No. Not that I know of. No.

Okay, did you participate in any of the plans or logistics concerning the anti-Klan demonstration that day?

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No, I just went along and participated.

Okay, and who did you go with?

I believe I rode with MIKE NATHAN.

Anybody else?

Well, my [redacted]. And uh, there was, I forget, I believe we rode in MIKE's station wagon. There was probably four people. Probably [redacted] was riding along too in that car.

Do you recall what time of the day you arrived in China Grove?

Uhm, let's see, it was before noon I believe, about 11 o'clock.

When you got to China Grove where did you go?

We went to the black community center which I believe was West Side Community Center, something like that.

[redacted]: What occurred at that location?

[redacted]: People were rallied, more or less got prepared to march uptown. Uhm, there were some speeches by the local leader of the black community there. I don't know his name and by [redacted]

[redacted]: And then you proceeded to march from the West Side Community Center to the Recreation Center is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Okay, and during the march, what if anything did you take with you?

[redacted]: Nothing, except myself.

[redacted]: Did you have any kind of weapon, stick, placard or anything of that nature?

[redacted]: Not that I can recall.

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[redacted]: Okay, did you see other people with any of those things?

[redacted]: Yeah, there was people with sticks and placards and I guess some had some I guess you'd say pipes or some kind of, and maybe a baseball bat or stick.

[redacted]: Did you see anybody among the marchers that you were marching with with firearms at that time?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Approximately how many people participated in this march?

[redacted]: There was over a hundred.

[redacted]: And predominantly were they black people?

[redacted]: Yes, I'd say 60 of them, at least 60 of them were local China Grove people and the other maybe 35 or 40 were from either Durham, Greensboro or Charlotte.

[redacted] Now when you marched to the Recreation Center, where in the group of people who were marching were you located, front, middle, back?

[redacted] I believe I was in the middle.

[redacted] Did you have any kind of helmet or hardhat?

[redacted] Uhm, I can't remember. I usually wear a hard hat when I go to things like this. Uhm...

[redacted] Why?

[redacted] Why? Just a, well, I guess it's from the days when I was a construction worker and I always liked to have pride in the fact that I was a construction worker going to these demonstrations. So I always wore a hard hat ever since. Of course, you never know what might happen at one of these things.

[redacted] Okay, when you got to the Recreation Center, what did you see? b6 b7C

[redacted] Uhm, when we came up and I forget what the street's called, we came up the street and we turned at that and it was a block from the Community Center, we turned left and we saw a group of Klansmen at the corner on the grass with guns, about six of them. This was the first indication we had had or that I had had that they were armed, you know, and I didn't really expect it because they hadn't, in the activities in Winston-Salem and all there was no evidence of them being armed, so, uhm, the marchers marched toward them.

[redacted] This is a continuation of the interview with [redacted] on April 15, 1982. Mr. [redacted] when we ran out of tape you were mentioning that the marchers marched towards these six or so persons you saw with arms. Would you continue please?

[redacted] Uhm, when the marchers, when the front line of the march got to the Klansmen they retreated onto the porch of the community center, and at that time they were joined by a number of other Klansmen with weapons. Uhm, and the marchers

proceeded right up on the lawn up to the edge of the porch.

What kind of weapons did you observe at that time?

Shotguns, some rifles that you could either AR15 or basically something like that.

Semi-automatic type weapon?

Right.

Any other kinds of weapons?

Uhm, there may have been some pistols, I can't remember; I just remember the shotguns and rifles. There was about a dozen at least.

How were the people that were on the porch- dressed?

Uh, T-shirts. Some of them with T-shirts with the Klan, with the flag, Confederate flag. There were a couple of Klan security guards in uniform. [redacted] who supposedly is the [redacted] was in a pin stripe suit.

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Did you see any Klansmen in robes?

No, I don't think I did. Uhm, I can't remember anyone in robes.

Did you see any persons other than the Klan security people dressed in some type of military outfits?

Well, I think I remember RAEFORD CAUDLE who I later determined was RAEFORD CAUDLE, had one of the Marine Corps fatigue caps on and that's the only kind of military. I can't remember.

Did you see anybody there with arm bands with swastikas on them?

No arm bands, maybe some T-shirts with swastikas, T-shirts with white power, written on the T-shirt. But there were no arm bands that I can remember.

[redacted] Did you associate any of the people who were on the porch with the Nazi party as opposed to the Klan?

[redacted] Not at the time. I noticed the swastika but I assumed that was just part of the sort of paraphernalia of the racist movement. I didn't think, I didn't realize that any of those members were Nazis until later. I assumed they was all part of the Confederate Knights, the Ku Klux Klan under [redacted].

[redacted] When you say that later you made an association between some of the people you saw at China Grove and the Nazi Party, when was that?

[redacted]: Oh, uh, let me, I can't quite remember.

[redacted]: Well, let me help by this question. Was that before or after November 3, 1979?

[redacted] I believe it was before. I believe it was, I do remember this. Well there was an article in Winston-Salem Journal, you know, about October, a large spread on ROLAND WAYNE WOOD and I can't remember whether at that time I placed him, I recognized him as being China Grove or not, but I was aware that he was the Nazis were active, even in Winston-Salem. Up to that point that I only heard the Nazi Party in Raleigh under [redacted]. I didn't know they had branches, but this article in September indicated that they, there were Nazi chapters in several places around North Carolina.

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[redacted]: Now you mentioned that when you were marching to the Recreation Center and you saw these Klansmen armed with firearms, that it surprised you because that had not been your association from Winston-Salem. Can you explain what you mean by that?

[redacted] Okay, from the papers there was a lot of Klan activity in Winston-Salem and they had, there was two or three Klan groups in Winston-Salem from what I could get from the newspapers, and they had been in this, uh, trying to show this film in various places in Winston-Salem Public

Library and whatever. Uh, there was the incident which I did not attend but I saw on television where the NAACP and various groups came out and tried to stop the Klan from having an exhibition at the Winston-Salem Public Library.

Do you recall when that was?

That was in the spring of 1979, that was April, May, I forget, of '79, and, uh, they were doing a number of a lot of activities and this was the same group, well I thought, it apparently was the same group, seeing there was two or three, two groups in Winston-Salem that was trying to show this film. So, . . .

Which film was that?

"Birth of a Nation". So there had been no, as far as you could see on television and news reports they weren't armed with shotguns at the Winston-Salem Public Library. So, . . .

Okay, going back then to China Grove and the march on China Grove, when you arrived at the Recreation Center, what did you and the other marchers do?

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Marchers, the whole crowd went to the edge of the porch and began chanting slogans, anti-Klan slogans or slogans Klan go, uh, I can't remember what the slogans were. They were basically the Klan to get out of town. And Black and White Unite, and that sort of thing.

Do you recall any of the sayings that were on the placards that you carried, that you with the marchers carried that day?

No, I can't recall.

When you arrived at the Recreation Center and were chanting the slogans, what if anything do you recall being said by the Klansmen that were on the porch, directed towards the marchers?

Oh they were shouting, but I couldn't hear. We were drowning them out. Uh, they were, I couldn't

hear what they were saying. They were cussing and giving everybody the finger and that sort of thing, trying to egg us on I reckon, but, uh, it was a standoff.

[redacted] Well, how close did you get to the porch yourself?

[redacted] Ten feet, I don't know.

[redacted] You say that you thought some of the Klan members were trying to egg you on? Do you have any specific instances of conduct by them, or things said by them that indicates that they were trying to egg you on?

[redacted] No, just come on, come on, you know.

[redacted] Do you associate that with any particular person among the Klan?

[redacted] No, no.

[redacted] Okay, did you recognize anybody there at China Grove whose name you later learned?

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[redacted] RAEFORD CAUDLE and [redacted] and [redacted].

[redacted] Okay, were you acquainted with those persons or did you know who they were prior to China Grove?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] So, all of them you learned their identify after China Grove, is that right?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Did you learn their identity prior to or after November 3, 1979?

[redacted] Uhm, prior to.

[redacted] All four of them?

[redacted] I'm not sure about RAEFORD CAUDLE, but I believe he was identified in the, in some newspaper pictures I saw of the China Grove thing. Whether I identified him as being with the Nazis I'm not sure.

[redacted]: While you were present in China Grove, did you see any of the Klan members on the porch point any of their weapons at the demonstrators?

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted]: How many?

[redacted]: How many weapons?

[redacted]: How many persons did you see point weapons at the demonstrators?

[redacted]: Well, all of them had had them, a dozen or more, about a dozen.

[redacted]: Did anyone point a weapon at you?

[redacted]: Not, no, I mean not at me in particular.

[redacted]: What did the demonstrators do when weapons were pointed at them?

[redacted]: Keep shouting.

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[redacted]: Did you see any of the demonstrators threaten any of the Klansmen? See or hear?

[redacted]: What do you mean by threat?

[redacted]: Well, anything that you consider to have been a threat.

[redacted]: I didn't see anything other than the, than what people were doing as a group, you know, chanting the slogans and what have you.

[redacted]: Other than pointing the weapons at the demonstrators, did you see or hear any of the Klansmen threaten any of the demonstrators?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: How long did you stay in the vicinity of the Recreation Center while the Klan and Nazis or Klan members, excuse me, were out on the porch?

[redacted]: Well, there was a standoff about five minutes at least, and then your Klansmen went into the building.

[redacted]: What happened after that?

[redacted] Well, they had left a stand of some flags on the lawn. There was two American flags and three Confederate flags. And, uh, the demonstrators grabbed the Confederate flags and started burning them.

[redacted]: Okay, and who did you see participate in that?

[redacted] Uhm, I can't recall in particular. There was a mass of them, actually, really there was. The only person I do remember is [redacted] holding one of the flags.

[redacted]: While it was burning?

[redacted] Right. But there was three flags, and people were grabbing them up. I don't know who. I mean most of them were local people. I don't know who they were.

[redacted]: So you witnessed the burning of the flags, is that right?

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[redacted] Right.

[redacted]: Did you participate in that?

[redacted] No.

[redacted]: Did anybody that you knew?

[redacted] Right, I didn't, I mean when you're a participant, I was there, but I didn't.

[redacted]: Right, you didn't help light them on fire or encourage people to do that.

[redacted] No.

[redacted]: Did any of the people that you know from Durham who attended the China Grove rally participate in that?

[redacted] No, I can't remember.

[redacted] Okay, what happened after that?

Well, the Klan came out on the porch.

Came back out on the porch? What occurred then?

Uhm, I thought they was going to start shooting and, uh...

They come out with their weapons?

Yeah, and, uh, I know they had, one guy was right at [redacted], and I thought sure, I thought [redacted] was getting ready to get shot. But it was a standoff after some shouting.

Can you describe this fellow that came after or came at [redacted]?

No, I can't. I really don't remember. It was...

Do you recognize him as being an individual who was involved in the NOVEMBER 3 incident?

I don't know. I remember, uhm, it could have been RAEFORD CAUDLE. I say it because I remember him distinctly from China Grove and I remember the gun he was holding. He was in the forefront a lot of the stuff, and but I can't, I really can't say whether he came on. I tend to think he was one of the ones that came out when the flags were being burned, but I really can't say for sure.

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When you say you remember the gun he was holding, what kind of gun do you recall?

Right, well it was this thing called, they call Riot Gun I guess. It was sort of a short stocked shotgun.

How many people came back out when the flag was burning, Confederate flag?

Oh, twelve or I don't know. They, some of them came out of the door, and other ones sort of pressed their face against the window, you know, looking out, and it was about twelve or so.

What happened after that?

[redacted]: Well, then the group just, we marched around the Community Center, and went back to the black community.

[redacted]: What if anything happened while you were marching back to the black community?

[redacted]: Nothing.

[redacted]: Did you ever observe a vehicle with people in it having weapons while you were marching back to the black community?

[redacted]: What do you mean? I know there was, I think there was one that came by later, but...

[redacted]: Came by where?

[redacted]: The road to the entrance. You talking about Klansmen came back?

[redacted]: Well, any vehicle with persons that had weapons in it? Did you see a vehicle that you thought was a Klan vehicle?

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[redacted]: I didn't see it, but other people saw it. I mean I was at the time I was in the community center, there was one road that runs into the, you ever been in China Grove?

[redacted]: Uh, uh.

[redacted]: There's one road that runs into the black community, one road, one little street, and at the top of the street when people got back, there were some people stayed up there for lookouts in case the Klan would happen to come and there was a truck, there was a truck or vehicle, well I didn't see it, so I don't know, they claimed it was a truck with some guns and Klansmen and they came riding up and then they rode past.

[redacted]: While you were at the Recreation Center, did you see any person among the demonstrators with weapons, firearms?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: How many?

[redacted]: A lot, I don't know. I say I don't know. There was a lot of weapons. Mostly from the people there in the community, there was a lot of, I guess Vietnam veterans.

[redacted]: What kind of weapons did you see?

[redacted]: They were rifles and some shotguns, rifles. And they proceeded to set up a sort of patrol in case the Klan would come into the community that night.

[redacted]: Okay, let me make sure this is, uh, clarified. What I meant to ask was while you were at the Recreation Center where the Klan was, did you see any members of the marchers with weapons?

[redacted]: Oh, no. With guns?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: No.

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[redacted]: So the guns that you're referring to being among the demonstrators, was back when you got back to West Side Community?

[redacted]: Right. Exactly.

[redacted]: Was that after the report of this vehicle passing by with weapons occurred?

[redacted]: I believe so, right.

[redacted] Anytime that day, did you have a firearm in your possession?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you see any of the people that you knew to be from Durham with a firearm in their possession that day?

[redacted]: Some of them. [redacted] I think had a pistol. I can't remember who else.

[redacted]: Okay, do you know where he got that pistol from?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: How long did you stay in China Grove that night?

[redacted]: I left around 6 o'clock.

[redacted]: And who did you leave with?

[redacted]: Oh, I'm not sure. I think I left with, went with MIKE NATHAN, and, you know, who I came down with I believe.

[redacted]: And you went back to Durham?

[redacted]: Yes, I did.

[redacted]: Now, did you participate in any way in the planning or organization of the demonstration in Greensboro on November 3?

[redacted]: No.

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[redacted]: All right, did you have any involvement in passing out leaflets or encouraging people to come to the demonstration in Greensboro on November 3?

[redacted]: Uh, I passed out some leaflets, mainly to people that I worked with in Trade Union stuff.

[redacted]: Here in Durham?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: What was the nature of those leaflets?

[redacted]: Uhm, it was a leaflet with a picture from China Grove I believe on it, and it was discussing the Klan conference to be held in Greensboro on November 3, but I think it was a picture from Decatur and one from China Grove. There was two pictures I think on it; one from the Decatur march and one from the China Grove march. And it was just announcing Klan conference, anti-Klan conference in Greensboro.

[redacted]: Did it have any written statement on it?

[redacted] A written statement like what?

[redacted] Well, you said it had some pictures, and obviously it...

[redacted] Right it was a description of what, you know, you mean like a press release or what do you mean a statement?

[redacted] Well, the posters you had on November 3 had a picture from China Grove on it, right?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] And at some point you all have, had some leaflets that were similar to that.

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] With that same picture on it.

[redacted] Right.

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[redacted] With some other small picture, right. In addition to those pictures, and the time and location and that kind of stuff that was printed on the same side as the photographs were, was there a written statement on the other side of the leaflets you passed out concerning China Grove or the Klan generally?

[redacted] I believe there was, I believe this was the same leaflet. We talked, uh, we really had discussed some of the after effects of China Grove and some attempt by some of the administers in China Grove to sort of criticize the demonstration. And discussion about what people needed to do to stop the Klan, and also the effects of the Klan of the China Grove thing in that the Klan hadn't had any public rally since then. Sort of being, I'm not really very precise, but there was, is that what you're talking about?

[redacted] Yes. Did you participate in writing any of that material?

[redacted] No sir.

[redacted]: Do you know who did?

[redacted]: No sir I don't.

[redacted]: And you say that you passed this out among people that you knew from your union activities.

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: And did your distribution of these leaflets occur in Durham?

[redacted]: Yes and they also occurred I think in Rocky Mount.

[redacted]: Okay, did you ever go to Greensboro prior to November 3, 1979 and pass out leaflets or talk to people concerning their participation in the November 3 demonstration?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: In addition to passing out leaflets in Durham and Rocky Mount, did you discuss with people in those two communities their participation in the November 3 demonstration?

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[redacted]: Yes. Well I see, I mean I didn't pass them out in a mass, is that what you mean? I mean people I pass them out to was in sort of a personal sort of discussions or way. I guess that's what I'm trying to get at.

[redacted]: Okay, so when you passed them out, you also talked about those people coming to Greensboro?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Were you standing on street corners and leafletting everybody that came by?

[redacted]: No sir, I was not. This was, the leafletting I did was strictly a one to one thing, people that I knew.

[redacted]: What was your conversations with those persons concerning the November 3 demonstration?

Well basically it was to talk about the, there was a conference to bring together grass root organizations to help plan out ways to combat the Klan, growth of the Klan in North Carolina. And, uh, that was about it.

During those various conversations you had with the persons, did the question come up about potential violence at the November 3 demonstration?

Right, there were some questions, there were questions, and, uh, the way I answered those questions was the way I had been informed through CESAR CAUCE, [redacted] Uh, to our best knowledge there was very, there was not a high level, let's start again. There probably wouldn't be any violence because, uhm, there was no Klan active in Greensboro, uhm, we were having some in Greensboro, uhm, and uhm, based relying on the people that WVO had worked within the mills and in the communities in Greensboro and, uh, it wasn't intended to, uh, there was no violence intended. It was based on their I guess intelligent reports I guess you call intelligence reports or survey situations, they didn't think there was a high likelihood that the Klan would try to disrupt it.

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Okay, so were there discussions you had with persons in response to questions they raised?

Yes.

You didn't raise the issue yourself with them?

No.

Did any of the persons you talked to express a fear that the Klan would come and that there would be violence?

Yes, some did.

Okay, if I understand correctly what you're saying is that you believed at that time that the Klan would not come on November 3 is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] And that's based on your conversations with [redacted] and CESAR CAUCE, is that correct?

[redacted]: And what I read in the paper. Statements of [redacted] and [redacted] made in the paper. Also I read about the unit fighting over in Winston-Salem between the two groups, between [redacted] and [redacted] I just thought that they weren't in a position to do anything. And there had been no history of it. What I basically told people was a month prior to this happening, [redacted] who is the leader of the Invisible Empire of the Klan, held a rally in Virginia Beach, Virginia which I did not attend, but I read about in the paper and there was over a thousand people showed up and ran them into the ocean. And this was supposedly the most militant of the Klan groups. They stripped his robes off and beat up the Klansmen. A thousand, there was over a thousand counter-demonstrators. There was no history up to this point of the Klan going out of its way to attack a group in daylight, except for the incident in Decatur. Uhm, furthermore since the incident in China Grove, the Klan had had no public activity in North Carolina by and large.

[redacted]: During these discussions with persons, did you discuss with them whether members of the group that were planning the demonstration were going to have weapons available or firearms available to defend themselves?

[redacted]: No, I don't remember that.

[redacted]: Did you have any discussions with CESAR CAUCE, [redacted] or anybody else associated with the WVO regarding having firearms available to defend the march in Greensboro?

[redacted]: Uhm, yes, they said the parade permit prohibited firearms and they didn't want anybody to bring the firearms.

[redacted] Who told you that?

[redacted]: [redacted] and CESAR CAUCE.

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Did you have any discussions with any other persons regarding bringing firearms to the demonstration in Greensboro?

No. I did bring a shotgun in my car to Greensboro and was told to take it out of the car when I got to Greensboro.

Why did you bring that shotgun with you?

Just precaution I reckon.

Okay, with regard to, we'll get back to that in a minute, but with regard to coming to Greensboro on November 3, first of all I believe you said previously that prior to November 3, you had not come to Greensboro with regard to this demonstration, is that correct?

That's right.

Who did you come to Greensboro with on November 3?

With [redacted] and my [redacted].

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I need to back up myself for a minute. Did you have any meetings with the persons that were planning the march in Greensboro concerning the march prior to coming to Greensboro?

There was a meeting Thursday, the Thursday night prior to that in Durham. There was a meeting of people going to the march.

Where did that occur?

At the Break-the-Chain Bookstore in Durham.

Do you remember some of the people who were present for that meeting?

CESAR and [redacted]. They were the ones who led the meeting, but other than that it was just, I can't remember offhand but it was probably most of, well there was a crowd of people, I can't remember any of them.

Was there any discussion at that meeting about

bringing firearms or taking firearms to Greensboro?

[redacted] Yes. (end of tape 1)

[redacted] [redacted] on April 15, 1982 at Durham, North Carolina. Mr. [redacted] as we ran out of tape, I was asking you whether there was any conversations or discussions on November 2 at the meeting that you were describing concerning first, November 1, excuse me, November 1 at the meeting that you were describing concerning taking weapons to Greensboro?

[redacted] There was a discussion about the parade permit that it said no firearms, that it said all not really well sticks for placards, I guess you would call them sticks, had to be 2 x 2 and that we had to start cutting these things 2 x 2, 2" x 2", and, uhm, that we were going to obey the parade permit, uhm, and, uh, hopefully everything would go okay.

[redacted] Now, you indicated that on November 3, you went to Greensboro with [redacted] and I forgot who else you said. b6 b7C

[redacted] My [redacted]

[redacted] Your wife, [redacted]? And at that time you took with you your shotgun, is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] What kind of shotgun was that?

[redacted] It's a, uh, uhm, just 12 gauge shotgun.

[redacted] Pump shotgun?

[redacted] Pump shotgun.

[redacted] Did you take with you any ammunition for that shotgun?

[redacted] Uhm, I can't remember.

[redacted] Did [redacted] to your knowledge bring any weapons with him?

I don't think so.

Did your [redacted] bring any weapons with her?

No.

At that time did you own any other weapons?

No sir.

So you only owned one shotgun?

That's right.

No handguns?

No sir.

You indicated that when you arrived in Greensboro, that someone told you take the shotgun out of your car, is that correct?

Right. I was told if anybody had any guns in the car take them out and leave them at the house.

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Okay, first of all, you and Mr. [redacted] and your [redacted] proceeded to Greensboro in your car?

Yes sir.

And where did you go in Greensboro initially?

To JIM WALLER's house.

Now who told you to take the weapons or the weapon, excuse me, out of your car?

[redacted]

What did she tell you to do with it?

Put it in the house.

Is that what you did?

Yes sir.

[redacted]: Who else was present when [redacted] said that?

[redacted]: Oh I suppose my [redacted] was present.

[redacted]: You said that her statement was if anybody had weapons in their cars to take them out. Was that a general statement she made to a group of people?

[redacted]: Yep, as far as I know it was.

[redacted]: Okay. And the other person you recall being present was your wife is that right?

[redacted]: Right. Well, [redacted] was there and there was quite a few in the house and, uhm, she was talking to people sort of in groups. I can't remember who else was there. There was a crowd of people in the house.

[redacted]: Did you see anybody else remove weapons from their vehicles and take them into the house?

[redacted]: I believe they did, but I can't remember who they were. There was somebody else but I can't remember.

[redacted]: What time was it that you arrived at the WALLER residence that morning?

[redacted]: 10 o'clock.

[redacted]: How long did you stay there?

[redacted]: About 45 minutes.

[redacted]: In addition to removing the weapon from your car, what else did you do while you were at the WALLER residence?

[redacted]: JIM WALLER and [redacted] were basically briefing people about what to expect. There was some apprehension that the police might try to stop the march, and we were told to, if they did try to stop the march, try to stand firm and they were going to try to negotiate a solution. There was if police try to stop the march for some reason.

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That was why they were concerned about the parade permit and everybody was within the parade permit guidelines. Uhm,...

[redacted]: Do you recall anything else that was discussed while you were there?

[redacted]: No. That was basically it.

[redacted] Mr. [redacted] do you recall if there was any discussion as to why the police might stop the march?

[redacted]: No, it was just an apprehension that the police had been uncooperative the whole time they'd been the people trying to get the parade permit. There was a feeling that there was something might happen and they thought, they didn't know really what it would be, but if we were thinking that, uh, well I wasn't thinking. This is what JIM WALLER and [redacted] was, the rest of the people that there was probably an attempt to, they would probably try to search people and, uh, stop the march in terms on violation of the parade permit.

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[redacted]: Technical violation?

[redacted]: Right. Uhm, that was the only thing concrete. Other than that they just had been from their account the police had been very uncooperative and giving them a hard time about getting a parade permit to [redacted] and whoever else was involved in that, [redacted]. So, uhm, that was the general sort of briefing that we got that morning at JIM WALLER's house was that the only thing we that they worried about was the police trying to stop the march and that we might even go to Morningside and see a lot of police across the street with riot gear on, but if it was we were told try to stand firm. They were going to try to negotiate a solution so the march can go on.

[redacted]: Do you recall any discussion either there or at the meeting that you attended in Durham regarding a Marshal Force to protect the marchers?

[redacted]: I assume there was one, I think they said there

was one, but I didn't, the details I wasn't familiar with, I wasn't a part of that.

[redacted]: Okay, you were not a part of the Marshal Force?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: No one had ever discussed that with you?

[redacted]: No sir, I think CESAR CAUCE was involved with the Marshal Force, but I wasn't.

[redacted]: What else if anything did you do while you were at the WALLER residence, that morning?

[redacted]: Drank coffee, that's it.

[redacted]: Did you participate in putting together any posters or anything like that there?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Okay, what time did you leave the WALLER residence to go to the rally formation site? b6 b7C

[redacted]: At quarter to eleven.

[redacted]: And did you take your vehicle?

[redacted]: Yes, I did.

[redacted]: And who rode with you?

[redacted]: [redacted] and my wife, and there may have been someone else from Greensboro that rode, I don't, I can't remember.

[redacted]: And you went then to Everett and Carver Streets?

[redacted]: Yes, I did.

[redacted]: And what time did you arrive there?

[redacted]: Well, shortly after quarter to eleven. Somewhere between that and eleven o'clock. I guess, well, I might have arrived there at quarter to eleven, it was somewhere, it didn't take but five minutes to get over there I guess.

[redacted]: Hold on one second, sir. I got something to ask you. When you were at the house, was there any discussion when you were sitting around as to speculations whether or not the Klan might show up?

[redacted]: There was no discussion whatsoever about that. That hadn't, I hadn't, there was no one, again people felt, thought that the, that trouble would come in the Greensboro Police Department.

[redacted]: When you arrived at Everett and Carver Streets, what did you do?

[redacted]: Oh, I parked my car and we got out and sort of stood around, waited for the rally to group up.

[redacted]: Do you recall how you were dressed that day?

[redacted]: Yes, I do. I was wearing a pair of Wrangler bluejeans I just bought a few weeks previous to this. Which are still in the custody of the Greensboro Police Department as is all my other clothes that I wore that day. I reckon, somebody's got them. I had a pair of work boots on, I had a, uh, I had several layers of shirts. I had a light blue turtleneck and, uhm, over the top of that I had my green Army fatigue shirt from military school with my name on it, and over top of that I had a black navy, a wool navy shirt, and I had my hard hat on. I believe it was my hard hat with my union emblem on the front, yellow hard hat.

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[redacted]: Okay, how was your wife dressed that day?

[redacted]: Uhm, I think she had a blue, well, she had this blue coat on, it's a blue coat with a hood, and I guess she had bluejeans on, boots too, I forget.

[redacted]: Okay, and you said you just sort of milled around at the rally formation site there, is that right?

[redacted]: Yeah. There was, [redacted] started singing, you know, and that starts some singing going on. And I was sort of standing off to the side from that.

[redacted]: Did you help make any of the final preparations for the demonstration?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you hear any discussion there at the scene about the possibility that the Klan was going to come?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you hear any discussion there at the scene about weapons among the demonstrators?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you see any weapons among the demonstrators?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: When did you first become aware that a caravan of Klan vehicles had arrived at the scene?

[redacted]: Well, let me back up a minute. If you want to do things chronologically.

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[redacted]: All right.

[redacted]: What did happen though, it was a little shortly after 11 o'clock. Uhm, a white Chevy Nova or Chevy II or whatever you call it, same kind of car my mother has, a white Chevy II with two white, two young whites in it came up the street, came up, where's your little map?

[redacted]: I'll draw you another one.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Came up which street, Everett Street?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Go ahead.

[redacted]: Okay, I was standing right here and it came up this way. When it got up here to the corner...

[redacted]: When you say right here, you're talking about the,

near the intersection of Carver and Everett right?

[redacted]: On that corner, yeah.

[redacted]: And the car you're describing came in the same direction that the caravan eventually came from, is that right?

[redacted]: Exactly.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: And it came up this way and it got to here and it turned off, I think it was Gillespie.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: It turned right. And I was standing near [redacted] and he had a walkie-talkie, and there was some concern about who was in that car. Uhm, not a whole lot of concern but we, people were, there was a surveillance team set up to try to make sure everything was fine, and, uh, the car turned and, uh, there was a discussion about whether people should follow that car or who was in that car or what, you know. Uhm, I don't know whatever if there was any follow-up. I think there was. I could hear people talking on the walkie-talkies. I, and then there was a, uhm, shortly after that, two police cars pulled up on Willow Street, and uhm stopped at the corner of Willow and Everett for about sixty seconds. They were marked Greensboro Police cars. And they turned right down Everett Street going out this way. And, uh...

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[redacted]: Away from the rally formation site.

[redacted]: Right, in other words they stopped, I suppose they were looking up here to see, looking at the rally formation and they turned away, went the other way. That was about ten minutes after eleven. So at this point there was a sort of at least I was getting a little concerned because I felt that, uh, well because the police weren't there, you know, as we expected when we got there, and they were supposed to meet [redacted] so I heard

at 11:30 right here. Uh, and there was no sign of police except for those cars and they went off in the other direction, and, uh, there was some concern by this car that, uh, went by. And I was concerned if people were following up on that. And, uh, [redacted] was talking on the walkie-talkie to I don't know who he was talking to. Uhm, but right about this time there was a certain sense of sort of that something was not quite right, but, you know, I guess it was intuitive, but, uhm, it is at that point that the Klan started driving up.

[redacted]: How long after the police cars that you have described left the area, do you recall it being before the Klan came?

[redacted]: About five minutes, five or ten minutes.

[redacted]: Do you know who [redacted] had contact with with his walkie-talkie or what group?

[redacted]: No, I think he was talking to JIM WALLER. I'm not sure.

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[redacted]: Okay, did he have communications with the people that were at the Windsor Community Center?

[redacted]: I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay, what first drew your attention to the Klan caravan?

[redacted]: Well, I first noticed, noticed the caravan, I didn't really hook it up as being the Klan. I noticed there were all of a sudden a lot of cars on the street, and they were. I noticed it looked sort of strange, and then people started hollering.

[redacted]: Where were you standing when you noticed this?

[redacted]: Right here.

[redacted]: Would you put a W there? Okay, so that's, uh, let's see it's, okay, so if Carver runs North and South, and Everett runs East and West, you were standing on the North side of Everett Street and Western edge of Carver Street, right at the side-

walk there, or just by the sidewalk of the intersection.

[redacted]: Yes, that's right.

[redacted]: Okay, and what is the first car that you recall seeing that you associated with the caravan?

[redacted]: It was a car with a Confederate license plate. That's all I remember. Cause when the people started chanting, you know, there's the Klan or I looked at the license plate and saw a Confederate flag, then it dawned on me who they were.

[redacted]: What did you do at that point?

[redacted]: Uh, I just stood there and watched them.

[redacted]: Did you participate in the chant?

[redacted]: Probably. I can't remember, but I probably did.

[redacted]: What occurred then?

[redacted]: Uhm, well, it seemed like there was a, this pickup truck put on brakes all of sudden up here, and there was almost a wreck. Two cars behind the pickup truck had to jam on brakes real suddenly to keep from hitting one another. Uhm,...

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[redacted]: You're referring to the Western end of Everett Street, is that correct?

[redacted]: Yes sir, and then this guy leaned out of the truck and fired this pistol.

[redacted]: Did you see that or hear it, or . . .

[redacted]: I saw it. And, uhm, it fired it in the air.

[redacted]: What was his position when he fired that? You say leaned out, what do you mean?

[redacted]: Well he was, I think he opened the door and stood on the running board...

[redacted]: Before or after he fired it?

[redacted]: While he was firing. Uhm, so uhm, then everybody started to run in an easterly direction down Everett Street and around the corner through here. And I likewise, I ran behind one of these cars right here on Carver Street.

[redacted]: So they ran Easterly along Everett and then North on Carver, is that right?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Now, the shot you have just described was that the first shot that you heard that day?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: And is that the first weapon that you observed that day?

[redacted]: Yes, it is.

[redacted]: While the caravan was driving by, did you observe any weapons in the possession of the persons in the caravan?

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[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Okay, prior to that shot being fired, what actions if any did you see the demonstrators taking towards the vehicles?

[redacted]: Uhm, well some of the demonstrators went and kicked the tires of the car.

[redacted]: Okay, did that occur before or after the shot?

[redacted]: Uhm, I guess it was before the shot.

[redacted]: Who did you see do that?

[redacted]: I don't know, there was some, my wife tells me mostly the local, they were Morningside people, I didn't know, or Greensboro people I didn't know.

[redacted]: Okay, did you take any aggressive action towards the cars yourself?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: And you were still standing in the location that you pointed out right at the corner of Carver and Everett Street?

[redacted]: Yes sir.

[redacted]: Okay. How many different vehicles did you see being struck?

[redacted]: One, that last car.

[redacted]: Okay and you, at that point, how many people did you see.

[redacted]: I say the last car, there was a lot of cars down here, it was a, there was a pickup truck, there were some cars in front and there was a pickup truck, a car, a car and then there was a gap and I'm saying the car...

[redacted]: The last car that had passed the intersection of Carver Street is that correct?

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[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Okay, did you see any of the demonstrators taking any action towards the cars that had not yet passed Carver Street?

[redacted]: I wasn't looking in that direction. I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay. How many people did you see strike or strike out at that car?

[redacted]: Three or four.

[redacted]: Now you mentioned you observed and heard the shot being fired in the air, and that you turned and ran at that time, is that correct?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted]: And where did you run?

[redacted]: Behind one of these cars parked on Carver Street.

[redacted]: Okay, now did you run on the sidewalk side of the

cars or on the street side of the cars?

I don't remember.

What did you do when you got up there?

I got behind one of these cars, maybe it was this one, I don't know.

Do you, can you describe the car that you got behind?

Uh, no sir.

Was it a car as opposed to a pickup truck.

Yes sir, it was a car. It was one of the cars parked along the side of Carver Street, and I looked out, over here on the grass there was people that I guess, Klansmen were attacking some of the demonstrators with the sticks on the grass over here.

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Okay when you say over here on the grass, you're pointing to the east side of Carver Street?

Right.

And, uh, on the north side of Everett Street, is that correct?

That's right.

Okay.

And, uh, so I ran across the street to help defend the demonstrators from the attack.

Okay, which demonstrators did you see in that location?

Uhm, it's been very hard for me to remember. I don't know, I think CESAR CAUCE was there, and I think JIM WALLER was there, but I really can't be sure. I never have been able to remember exactly who was there, but I just knew that there was a fight going on...the Klansmen and the demonstrators, you know, I went to defend the demonstrators.

I, you know can't remember who they were.

[redacted]: Okay, well you've mentioned that it possibly was CESAR CAUCE and JIM WALLER, do you remember there being any more than two demonstrators involved in that?

[redacted]: Yes I think there was, there was, but I don't remember who they were.

[redacted]: How many Klansmen do you recall being involved?

[redacted]: Three or four.

[redacted]: What did the Klansmen have in their hands if anything?

[redacted]: Uhm, well, when I first saw, I saw some of those sticks, 2 x 2 sticks, but, uh, when I got there, I got over to the fight, and before really I could do anything, I was pushed down upon someone else, uhm, I really believe I was pushed by someone who was pushed. Or someone pushed somebody on top against me and we both fell down on top of a third person. So there was a person underneath me and then I was on top and then there was at least one person on top of me and maybe two, I don't know. Like a football pile-up. Uhm, and there was some struggling going on. Then, uhm, I distinctly remember someone out here in this vicinity.

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[redacted]: Now you're pointing to the...

[redacted]: The street, Everett Street, uhm, a Klansman from their caravan gave an order to hit the ground and immediately all Klansmen in the area quit fighting and it was just very strange, it was almost like the eye of a hurricane, cause all this had been going on and everybody sort of quit and at that moment I looked below me and the guy I was laying on top of was clutching a shotgun to his chest, and it was the same kind of riot gun I saw RAEFORD CAUDLE hold in China Grove. I distinctly remember that shotgun because up until that point I hadn't seen any weapons besides the pistol in the first truck.

[redacted]: Okay, up to that point, had you heard any shots

besides that first shot?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] Uhm, so uhm, so I got up when the guy above me got up. I mean everybody sort of peeled off and then the shooting began. It was almost as if he was ordering all of the Klansmen to take cover while, while they were shooting on the street. And that's the feeling that I got. So I immediately got up and ran back across the street behind the Channel 12 station wagon.

[redacted] Okay, was that the Channel 12 station wagon was the car you went behind the second time is that correct?

[redacted] Yes. It may have been the one the first time, but I'm not sure. That's why I said I wasn't sure. But I know the second time it was the Channel 12 car.

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[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] And I went back across, well, maybe I ought to stop and go back. When I went across that's when I ran to my wife and [redacted] pulling [redacted] behind that same car.

[redacted] Okay, before we continue with that part, let me ask you about this pile of people over here.

[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] Describe for me if you will the individual you saw laying underneath you with the shotgun.

[redacted] Uhm, I believe he was shorter than I was, and I'm 5'10" so I would say he was probably 5, I got the sense and this is very sort of impressionistic, but I got the sense he was shorter than I was, uhm, heavier than I was, a little bit heavier, maybe 5'8", 160 pounds, uhm, no beard, plaid shirt, uhm, that's all I remember. I can remember he was young. He wasn't old. He wasn't fat. He wasn't skinny. He was a

little shorter than I was and maybe a little heavier. Maybe like I say I say around 5'8", 160 - 170 pounds.

[redacted]: If you saw a picture of that individual, do you think you would recoghize him?

[redacted]: That's hard to tell. Well, I have a, I have an idea who it was and this is based on pictures since then.

[redacted]: Who do you think it was?

[redacted]: Uhm, but,uh, it's based on just putting pieces together since the event. At the time I couldn't recognize more than what I described. I remember he was just basically, he was not tall and a little bit shorter than I was. He wasn't fat, he wasn't skinny. He was a little bit heavier than I was. He was clean shaven. Didn't have a beard.

[redacted]: Okay, did you ever see who it was that was on top of you in that pile?

[redacted]: No, it could have been CESAR CAUCE. Uhm, it was a big person like CESAR.

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[redacted]: Could it have been JIM WALLER?

[redacted]: No, I have a distinct impression JIM WALLER was standing beside the pile-up, that he wasn't in on it, but I'm not, like I say a lot of this is just hard to remember, but that's the feeling I got after, after two years of thinking it over in my head.

[redacted]: Do you know where that person produced that shotgun from?

[redacted]: No, I do not.

[redacted]: While you were in that vicinity was that gun fired?

[redacted]: I didn't see it fired while I was over there.

[redacted]: When, well did you hear it fired?

[redacted]: I don't know. When I ran back across here I heard there was, I knew there was shooting going on.

[redacted]: This is a continuation of the interview with [redacted] on April 15, 1982 at Durham, North Carolina. Okay, Mr. [redacted] you were indicating that you do not recall seeing the shotgun fired or hear the shotgun fired while you were on the East side of Carver Street. Uhm, when you got, did you attempt to take that shotgun away from that person?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you see any other demonstrator attempt to take that shotgun away?

[redacted]: No sir. I saw a shotgun and I knew I had to get out of there.

[redacted]: And that's when you began to run back across Carver Street, is that correct?

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[redacted]: That's right.

[redacted]: As you were running across Carver Street, what did you see?

[redacted]: I saw [redacted] my wife, and [redacted] uh, pulling [redacted] out of the street behind the Channel 12 wagon.

[redacted]: And where did you go?

[redacted]: Right there behind there with them.

[redacted]: As you were running across the street, did you hear any weapons being fired?

[redacted]: Yes I did.

[redacted]: Can you describe the repitity or the volume of shots that you heard at that time?

[redacted]: Not really, there was a number of shots. I just knew they were shooting. There was a number of shots.

[redacted]: Okay, where did you go behind the Channel 12 car?

[redacted]: I was right on the north end of the car.

[redacted]: Do you recall if that car was parked with the front end of it pointed north on Carver Street?

[redacted]: I believe so, but I couldn't be sure.

[redacted]: So were you at the front end, the motor end, as opposed to the rear end?

[redacted]: I believe so, but I can't be sure.

[redacted]: What happened then?

[redacted]: Then I looked out, back across Carver Street, and I saw [redacted] on the grass, standing in the grass, waving a placard and shouting at the Klansmen and walking forward and I felt very, very, I felt like I wanted to stretch my arm right across the highway and knock him down because I said don't you know they're shooting out there, and, you know, I just wanted to knock him down, but I don't have this kind of powers so I didn't see him get shot. I did see him right near that point while he was waving his placard and shouting at them, and then I looked in front of me, well I wouldn't say in front of me. I looked at, uh, I turned my sight from an easterly direction to a southeasterly direction, is that the way you want me to say it? Uhm, and I saw MIKE NATHAN on the street there, bleeding from the head and, uh, he was about ten feet from me,

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[redacted]: Did you see how he got to that location?

[redacted]: No, I just saw him, he was on the ground.

[redacted]: Up to the time that you saw MIKE NATHAN laying in the street there, do you recall any of his movements from the time that the caravan first arrived till the time you saw him on the street?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Now when you saw this, [redacted] was still standing over by the building, is that right?

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted] And what did you do at that point?

[redacted] Well, I knew I had to get MIKE out of the street. I scooted out in the street to see what kind of help he needed. I pulled him out of the street.

[redacted] What happened then?

[redacted] I got shot.

[redacted] Where?

[redacted] Uhm, you mean where on my body?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted] I got shot in nine places. Two in the head, one through the lip that knocked these two teeth out, two in my forearm, and four in my shoulder area. They were all shotgun pellets. Uhm, of a large size, a large caliber size. Large.

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[redacted]: Where, where again in your head did you get shot?

[redacted] On either side, do you see the hole? They had to take out part of my skull there. On the other side it went in and came out. The one through my lip they say I swallowed it, and then one here, one here, and there's one down in my chest that grazed my lung, caused some bleeding. There's four in this area, there's one here, one here, one here, I got another one somewhere in my shoulder.

[redacted] Do you know where you were and what position you were facing when you got shot?

[redacted]: I was facing southeast, facing toward where the shooting was coming from.

[redacted] Okay, and were you crawling on the ground or had you stood up or what?

[redacted] I was squatting, let's put it that way. I wasn't standing up. I was in a kneeling position.

[redacted] You had a hard hat on at some point, right?

[redacted]

Yes.

[redacted]

Had you already lost the hardhat?

[redacted]

I lost that over here in that scuffle.

[redacted]

Okay, now where were you in relation to MIKE NATHAN's body when you were shot?

[redacted]

I was at his head.

[redacted]

Do you know whether he was hit at the same time you were. Obviously he had already been hit, right?

[redacted]

Right.

[redacted]

Do you know if he was hit again when you were hit?

[redacted]

No. To my knowledge he wasn't hit when I was hit.

[redacted]

What did you do then?

[redacted]

Well, I felt like somebody hit me with a baseball bat. I didn't, I wasn't aware of all these other wounds. I was just aware of the head wound. Uh, and, uhm, I knew I'd been shot so I sort of turned around and got down on the ground and crawled back behind the Channel 12 wagon, and then just waited there until the shooting stopped. I knew my mouth was bleeding. I didn't realize I'd lost my teeth. I thought maybe I'd, I didn't realize I got shot in my lip. I thought maybe I just had bit hard broke a tooth off or something. Uhm, I stood, I crawled back behind there until the shooting stopped.

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[redacted]

Okay, did you at any time see, I take it when you started out after MIKE NATHAN, [redacted] was still standing?

[redacted]

Well, I looked this way and I looked that way. I mean, when I moved my eyes to MIKE I didn't see [redacted] after that, so I don't know at what point he was shot. I assume it was momentarily after I saw him.

[redacted]

You saw him later, did you see him later where he was laying on the ground?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: Was that in the same place that you had been him standing?

[redacted]: More or less. Yes.

[redacted]: Now you mentioned that you thought it was CESAR CAUCE and JIM WALLER, who were the other two people over in this vicinity when you were there?

[redacted]: There was someone else there too. I don't remember, I can't place him. I think there was someone else involved, I'm not sure.

[redacted]: After you ran back across the street, did you see CESAR CAUCE or JIM WALLER?

[redacted]: No, no, I didn't even look over there. I mean I didn't look at that, I didn't look over there.

[redacted]: As I take it, you didn't see where the person who had the shotgun went?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: As you were running back across the street, did you see SANDY SMITH anywhere?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: When you were behind the Channel 12 car before you crawled out in an attempt to assist MICHAEL NATHAN, were you aware of the presence of BILL SAMPSON?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: What about [redacted]?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: [redacted]?

[redacted]: Yeah, he was, [redacted] was behind the car with [redacted] those were the people behind the car with me when I was behind there.

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[redacted] Now, at any time while you were behind that car before you went out to assist Dr. NATHAN, did you hear shots coming from behind you or west of you?

[redacted] No, no.

[redacted] Did you ever see [redacted]?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Did you ever see a man coming from a westerly direction on Everett Street and start up north on Carver Street, somebody who was not associated with the demonstrators?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Okay, what else do you recall about that day or prior to the shooting, prior to when the shooting ended? Anything?

[redacted] That's about it.

[redacted] At the time that you got shot, did you have a weapon in your possession?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Did you have any kind of stick?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] At any time while you were at the demonstration at Carver and Everett Street, did you have a weapon in your possession?

[redacted] No sir.

[redacted] And after the shooting was over, what happened?

[redacted] I stood up and I could see, you know, SANDY SMITH over here, and I could see she was, she looked dead. It was a strange sight. And I could see everybody else lying around. There were people running for ambulances and what have you. I still didn't realize that people were dead. It's one of those things, you think the ambulance is going

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to get there and everybody's going to be okay. I walked around. I wandered around, uhm, I really didn't know what to do, you know. I figured I needed to be doing something and helping someone else. I walked over here and the people were going to one of these apartments here, and I walked in the house. I really don't know why I walked in. I guess I didn't know what I was doing. By then this lady who lived there she, I was bleeding and all, and I didn't realize how bad I was bleeding. She started getting upset cause I was, you know, so I excused myself and walked back outside. Then someone told me that I better sit down, that I was bleeding pretty bad. Uhm, so I sat down and they got my wife and she stayed with me until the rescue squad got there, and, uhm, you know, at that time I began to hear, you know, people hollering, saying that people were dead and all. I saw CESAR, I saw them trying to, I think someone was lifting CESAR's body up and I thought that meant that he wasn't dead or something, I didn't learn until later that he had died. You know JIM WALLER, I thought PAUL was dead. So, I just waited till the rescue squad got there, and the rescue squad took me to the hospital.

[redacted]: At the hospital they removed a number of pellets from you, is that correct?

[redacted]: They removed one.

[redacted]: That was the one from your head. Did they take any of the ones out of your shoulder or your forearm?

[redacted]: No sir, they're still in there.

[redacted]: The one that grazed you on the right side of the head went clean through, is that right?

[redacted]: Right. And the one through my lip I swallowed it. They didn't check my bowel movements.

[redacted]: Did the doctor indicate to you or do you know what size pellets hit you?

[redacted]: The doctor indicated they were buck shots, you know.

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[redacted]: You were indicating that the doctor indicated they were buck shot?

[redacted]: Uhm, later,uhm, after I was out of the hospital, I opened a buck shot, double ought buck shot shell, there were nine pellets in a buck shot, in double ought shell, and that led me to believe I was hit with nine pellets from a double ought buck shot, but I say, the Doc says that's buck shot. From reading the newspaper reports from the trial it seemed like it was loose terminology. What I mean by that, according to the newspaper reports, [redacted] was shooting a number four shot, so it could be, I don't know. It was bigger than bird shot. Definitely.

[redacted]: Why do you think [redacted] shot you? Why do you think that?

[redacted]: I have a hunch he did. Because he was standing in that vicinity in the direction, I mean, when I left him he was in the spot where I was looking to where I saw MIKE. I think, I think he shot MIKE.

[redacted]: If that was him.

[redacted]: If that was him. There was no, let me put it this way. There was no report in the trial about anybody using anything heavier than the number 4. So I don't know. I didn't read anything about using any double ought. So, I know it was not bird shot. It was definitely high, a large pellet.

[redacted]: Did you see anybody shooting in your direction as you went out there to help MIKE NATHAN?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: So you're basing your feeling that it was [redacted] because you believe he was the person on the grass where you were?

[redacted]: Yeah, it's purely intuition. It's not, I don't have any hard evidence, but, uhm, I just have that feeling.

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[redacted] Did you ever pick up and take yourself or get issued a stick that day or any kind of baton?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] [redacted], you said that when the caravan arrived you heard people in the car yelling from the Klan and the Nazis? Can you remember what they were yelling?

[redacted] No, just cussing and cussing.

[redacted] Do you remember if they were any racial slogans said?

[redacted] You know, Comi Bastards, Nigger Lovers, Niggers. I can't, it wasn't anything, that stood in my mind other than the general run-of-the-mill.

[redacted] You do recall hearing statements of the nature you just said?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] [redacted] I'd like you to look at a series of photographs here on page 1 through 10 of this notebook and ask you, take as much time as you want to look through those, and ask you if you can identify the person that you saw on the ground with the shotgun.

[redacted] Well, that's sort of not fair. That's [redacted].

[redacted] You're pointing, you're pointing to R3, is that right?

[redacted] Yeah, when I was shown this before, I couldn't pick the guy out, but I did eliminate all the guys with beards and long hair. I know definitely, and he was not an old guy.

[redacted] Do you recall if he had a hat on?

[redacted] I think so. I think so. That he had a hat. Because the reason I say that was, uhm, I first thought it was RAEFORD CAUDLE because of the gun. I recognize the gun from China Grove. Then later

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on I realized that RAEFORD CAUDLE was an entirely different description of the guy that was underneath me. But I remember he had that little hat on in China Grove, and so like he had a hat. It wasn't the same kind of hat, but it was a hat on. I mean...

[redacted]: What do you recall about his clothing?

[redacted]: He had a plaid shirt on.

[redacted]: Do you remember anything about the color of it?

[redacted]: No. So what do you want me to do?

[redacted]: Well.

[redacted]: Look through this more?

[redacted]: Only if you feel it would be helpful.

[redacted]: To identify any of them?

[redacted]: Right. Or any of the other, let me expand it. Do you recognize any of the other persons depicted in the photographs as being the persons who were involved in that fight over there?

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[redacted]: I can't remember...I can't remember.

[redacted]: Okay. Was there anything else that you wish to mention about anything that we covered so far before we show you the video tapes, November 3, China Grove or anything else?

[redacted]: I don't.

[redacted]: Does anybody have any questions for Mr. [redacted] before we proceed?

[redacted]: I do, [redacted] You said two police cars pulled up for about sixty seconds, did you notice or see any communication or exchange at all between the officers in that car and any of the people standing there on Carver and Everett Streets?

[redacted]: No, they were, they were not, you know, they were down at Willow and Everett. Uhm, no.

[redacted]: Do you remember any communication exchange at all at a distance?

[redacted]: No, no. They pulled up one behind the other and they stood there for about sixty seconds or so and sort of looked over the situation and, uh, you know, at first people thought they were going to come up, that was who was supposed to meet [redacted] at 11:30, and then they turned in the other direction, so it just sort of was strange in a way, you know, I guess.

[redacted]: Now 103016 on the film, do you recognize the individual with his arm protruding from the car window?

[redacted]: That's RAEFORD CAUDLE.

[redacted]: Did you observe this on November 3, 1979?

[redacted]: I can't be sure, I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay, as we proceed with the film, you tell me when the first car that you recall observing in the caravan appears on the screen.

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[redacted]: That one right there.

[redacted]: Okay, then you're referring to the car shown on 103410 on the film, is that correct?

[redacted]: I saw the other cars, but it wasn't until that car that I realized what was happening.

[redacted]: Okay, this is a green sedan with a Confederate flag, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: 105727 on the tape, do you recognize yourself in this picture?

[redacted]: Yeah, right there I guess. I mean that looks like it could be me.

[redacted]: You're referring to the person who appears to have a light colored hard hat on, and a dark

coat with a lighter jacket underneath?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Near the right hand edge of the screen in the far distance?

[redacted] Yeah, right. I suppose, it's hard to tell, but it looks like me.

[redacted] Okay, that's 111727, do you recognize yourself?

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] Are you the fellow with...

[redacted] With the yellow hard hat.

[redacted] Okay, do you see the person who as you look at the video tape, is in front of you with a guitar?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Okay, do you know who that is?

[redacted] That's [redacted]. b6 b7C

[redacted] And you appear in this photograph just over [redacted] s right shoulder, is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] Did you see what just happened on the video tape?

[redacted] It appears someone hit that car. I don't know, go back, I can't see what happened, or shot or something.

[redacted] Did you hear that? Well, let me ask this. Do you recall seeing a person strike a car with a stick, right approximately where you were standing on 11/3/79?

[redacted] Uh, I don't recall it.

[redacted] Now, do you see yourself in this photograph, 112828?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted]: Do you know what drew your attention down in a westerly direction on the street?

[redacted]: Well, is that when it went to brake, or is that when, well, I don't know. There were some people kicking the tires of the car. But I don't know if that's what drew my attention or the brakes. I don't know. I was looking that way anyway wasn't I?

[redacted]: Concentrate on, uh, on, uh, your actions and the sound.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Did you see what direction you're looking?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted]: Okay, you're looking back easterly on Everett aren't you?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

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[redacted]: Is that 112527?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted]: What did you hear?

[redacted]: Some kind of pop or something slapped or popped. (end of tape 2)

[redacted]: At 114002...

[redacted]: Okay, Mr. [redacted] you were describing what you saw on November 3, 1979 which is similar to what you are now viewing on the screen on 114016 on the tape.

[redacted]: The man riding the pickup truck got out on the running board and fired a pistol overhead.

[redacted]: Okay, is this the position you recall seeing him in when you saw the shot fired?

[redacted]: Uhm, not exactly. I thought he had his arm stretched out.

[redacted]: But he didn't. Okay, you thought his arm was stretched out, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right, but it was on the running board like this.

[redacted]: Okay, he was standing out and you could see this much of his body.

[redacted]: Right, yes.

[redacted]: Now on the video tape you see a stick fight occurring at the intersection of Everett and Carver, it's 115025 on the tape. Uh, do you recall seeing any portion of this on the third of November, 1979?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Now, you saw on the video tape, there you saw several people dragging somebody up the street, is that correct?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

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[redacted]: And those are the people you indicated earlier that you saw dragging [redacted] up the street?

[redacted]: I can't tell from the picture. You have to show it again.

[redacted]: Okay, now at this point 120116 on the film, if you'll concentrate your attention up Carver Street here, and, uh, I'll ask you to indicate whether you observed what appears there on the third of November, 1979.

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted]: Okay, is that what you recall seeing on November 3, 1979?

[redacted]: Yeah, but not, I, I, yeah.

[redacted]: Okay, where were you when you saw that?

[redacted]: I was over here to the right. I was coming across the street from the right. Are those...

[redacted]: Do you recognize who this person is here? Appears to be in the reddish or brownish colored coat?

[redacted]: No, not from that, I can't quite...

[redacted]: Do you recognize who the person is in the light colored coat with the blue hard hat?

[redacted]: No, I don't recognize those people.

[redacted]: Do you recognize who the person is in the plaid shirt with the blue hard hat?

[redacted]: No, not at that angle.

[redacted]: Do you recognize who was standing?

[redacted]: That's CESAR CAUCE.

[redacted]: Okay, for the record, this is 120907 on the tape. Now, you indicated that you had already been over in this grassy area.

[redacted]: Right.

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[redacted]: On top of the man that had the shotgun.

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: And got up and began to run across the street when you observed these people dragging [redacted] around the front of that car, is that correct?

[redacted]: That's what I said.

[redacted]: And you said you thought CESAR CAUCE was the person who was on top of you, is that correct?

[redacted]: That's what I said.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: I don't know. I thought he might be.

[redacted]: It could have been somebody else that day?

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted]: MIKE, before you go on, the last time that we actually saw you [redacted], you were down the street a little ways to my left, and realizing this action only takes a matter of moments, uh, how, what path did you follow to get from down where we last saw you on the left to the grassy side which is to the right of the screen?

[redacted]: I came down, turn on the sidewalk, and ran back behind the car where you see the people going behind now.

[redacted]: Okay, you cut through between the two cars there or...

[redacted]: No, well, I got down behind the car and took a position that was behind the car. Then I looked out across the street and saw something going on some of the demonstrators getting hit with sticks I remember or fists, and that's when I scoot, I ran out from behind the car across the street to where that was happening.

[redacted]: And that was before all these other people arrived behind the car? [redacted], ...

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[redacted]: Yeah, that was before they arrived. When I moved across the street, right, yes, definitely.

[redacted]: See right in there's where...

[redacted]: Now on 122627 on the screen you see a gentleman with bluejeans, a plaid shirt, carrying something in his hand, a gentleman with bluejeans and light colored shirt walking up the street, a person behind him with bluejeans and a plaid shirt and dark hair, and back here you see somebody with sort of grey colored pants and a black jacket, do you recognize any of those persons as being persons that were involved in the struggle with you that you described in that grassy area?

[redacted]: I can't recognize them.

[redacted]: You see in the upper right, or upper middle?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: Who?

[redacted]: [redacted]

[redacted]: Okay, and you recall seeing him standing there at some point, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: Now you're back behind Channel 12 car, right?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Now focusing your attention on these three persons in the front of the screen, I ask you if at any point you recognize anything you saw that day, not necessarily at this location. Can you tell what this person in the right hand side of the screen is carrying?

[redacted]: He's carrying a shotgun.

[redacted]: Is that, uh, it's pretty much, let's back up. Okay, the video tape has been stopped several hours yet, okay, we stopped it at 122024, and you directed our attention to the right hand edge of this pickup truck and some folks on the ground, is that correct?

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[redacted]: Yeah, I'm just trying to see if I could see myself in there.

[redacted]: Okay, now this is well after as you've already seen on the video tape, ...

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: [redacted] had been taken back behind the Channel 12 car.

[redacted]: Right, well let's still look at it.

[redacted]: Okay, we'll go frame by frame. Do you recognize who this is right here, can you tell by the clothing, brown pants?

[redacted]: It's CESAR. Is it a brown jacket?

[redacted]: It's brown pants.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Can you tell us whether it was brown pants and a plaid shirt of some kind?

[redacted]: I can't tell.

[redacted]: Do you see right under the pickup truck 122806, a person laying on the ground there?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted] Okay, watch that person, as well as any other persons coming out from behind this pickup truck. See this person on the left hand side of the screen?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: See what's in his hand?

[redacted]: It's a shotgun.

[redacted]: Is that similar to the shotgun you remember the person having who was, who you were laying on top of?

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[redacted] Yeap, sure looks like from this point. I can't, it's a short barrel, I'd have to see it closer. But it sure...

[redacted]: Does that person look at all like the person you recall laying on top of that day?

[redacted] Yep.

[redacted]: And that person doesn't have a hat on does he?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: You're at 122617.

[redacted]: Now, do you see [redacted] standing back here?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Do you recognize either this person or the person in front of him as either of the two people involved in that struggle that you were describing earlier?

[redacted] I can't recognize them.

[redacted] Do you see this person back here with a black jacket on?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Do you recognize that person as being involved in the struggle that you were describing earlier?

[redacted] I can't. Most probably they were, I don't know.

[redacted] I'm going to turn back to regular speed.

[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] Do you recognize yourself in this frame which is...

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] ...123009?

[redacted] Uh huh.

[redacted] And where are you at?

[redacted] Uhm, on the ground to the right with MICHAEL NATHAN, I mean to the left of MICHAEL NATHAN.

[redacted] Okay, that was after you were shot, is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] Now Mr. [redacted] is there anything else that you recall after having viewed the video tape regarding what occurred on November 3 at Everett and Carver that you wish to relate to us at this time?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Now, other than the things you've already mentioned, do you have any personal knowledge or knowledge from any source about the activities of the Greensboro Police officers that indicates their involvement in the events that led up to,

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during, or after November 3, 1979?

[redacted]: Knowledge from any source?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: From what I read in the newspapers, and what I read in the Institute for Sun State Report.

[redacted]: Do you have knowledge from any other source?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Okay, is there any person or source that you can direct us to to determine any information relative to involvement of the Greensboro Police Department?

[redacted]: No, not that I know of.

[redacted]: Okay, what about with regard to the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms or any other Federal agency?

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[redacted]: No. I don't have any. I don't have access to that knowledge.

[redacted]: I understand that. Do you know of any source that we ought to contact relative to the involvement of those agencies or any other Federal agency?

[redacted]: Uhm, no I don't. You'll have to talk to my lawyers about that. I'm sure they can steer you in the right direction. I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay. Is there anything else that you think is relevant that we have failed to ask you about, that you wish to relate to us now?

[redacted]: Uhm, did you want me to identify this shotgun, you got a picture of that or do you want that or...

[redacted]: Well, let's see if we have that here?

[redacted]: Why haven't you put that in front of me already?

[redacted]: You think you can identify the shotgun?

[redacted]: I did once before.

[redacted]: All right.

[redacted]: I know it's in your little folder, so...

[redacted]: In that case, we'll show it to you. We're not immune from forgetting to ask a question. Just look through those photographs and if you recognize the weapon that you think you saw that day...

[redacted]: Well, it was that one, same as this one isn't it? Or are they different?

[redacted]: Now you're referring first to the weapon shown on page 26 and page 27, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Okay, those are different weapons.

[redacted]: Okay, well I see. I see there's a difference. You can tell by, uhm...

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[redacted]: You think if you saw the actual shotgun, that you'd be able to identify it?

[redacted]: Uhm, I can't tell the length of these things. But it was...

[redacted]: Now let me suggest this, uh...

[redacted]: I believe it was this one here.

[redacted]: Okay, you're pointing to the one that's depicted on page 26, is that correct? In the black and white photograph?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: Okay, do you think if you saw the actual shotguns that you'd be able to select the one that you saw that day?

[redacted]: I hope I could. At the time it was my state of my memory, it was a barrel that had the barrel

on the bottom side was as big as the top barrel. It was different from for instance my shotgun or...

[redacted] In other words you're saying that the slide where you load, where you keep the load, it was as long as the barrel is that correct?

[redacted] Right, right. That one looks similar, but this is definitely, I can't tell, from the picture if this is shorter.

[redacted] Anything else that we may have failed to ask you about, that you wish to relate to us at this point?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Anything, anybody else wants to ask of Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted] Okay, thank you. This concludes the interview with [redacted] The time is now 6:24.

(end of conversation)

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CE 44-3527

Section

VI-5

ACTIVITY NUMBER	GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT		
79-0145368	SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
2 OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder	Pitter, G. C.	1615 1/4/80
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
N/A	N/A		

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THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 1/3/80, I, along with Detective [redacted] talked with [redacted] at the K-Mart lot in Martinsville, VA. Mr. [redacted], an employee of Budd Manufacturing Company in Martinsville, was in Greensboro on 11/3/79.

Mr. [redacted] stated on 11/3/79, he came to Greensboro in a van owned by [redacted] During the trip to Greensboro, he, along with [redacted], and [redacted] were in the van. They arrived on Everitt Street and parked facing west. He got out of the van and walked to the area of the laundromat. He observed a truck and several members on it. From time to time he spoke to the people standing around, but did not remember any of their names or any of the conversations he had with them. When the Klan caravan came through, he was standing on the other side of the street from the laundromat on the sidewalk. He heard someone say, "Here go the Klan." He heard a shot but did not know where it came from. He ran into the projects and then into an apartment. He stayed in the apartment and the owner of the van went and got it and came around and picked him up. The same people who came in the van left in the van. They also took [redacted] with them. They went back to Martinsville without going back to the scene.

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While talking to Mr. [redacted] he stated [redacted] asked him to come to Greensboro on 11/3/79. When she asked him to come to Greensboro, she advised him to bring a gun with him. He told her he did not have a gun and was not going to bring one. He further stated he hadn't seen Ms. [redacted] in several weeks. Mr. [redacted] also identified the following pictures:

(1) [redacted] as being [redacted] address unknown, working at Field Crest in Martinsville, VA

(2) [redacted]

(3) [redacted] Martinsville, VA

At this time, this was all the information Mr. [redacted] was able to furnish this officer. Before Mr. [redacted] left, he allowed this officer to photograph him and the film was turned over to Officer [redacted], Greensboro Police Department.

Nothing further to report at this time.

GCR/slt/16

1/4/80
2:57-4:18p

☐ Cleared By Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive PS-POL-97-603

79-C145368

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICE	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder	Ritter, J. C.	1855 1/21/80
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
	N/A		

Subp

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 1/16/80, Detective [redacted] and I went to Martinsville, Virginia, where we interviewed [redacted] was contacted by telephone and arrangements were made to meet her at a service station at Martinsville. Investigator [redacted], of the Henry County Sheriff's Department, went with us for the interview.

[redacted] stated she went to Greensboro on 11/3/79, in a van which belonged to [redacted] In the van for the trip to Greensboro, were [redacted] She stated she had found out about the rally Greensboro through [redacted] who also works for the Bud Manufacturing in Martinsville. [redacted] had asked her to come to Greensboro but didn't give her any indication that there would be trouble.

Upon arriving in Greensboro, they went to a house at an unknown location where there were several people present. She stated [redacted] and [redacted] were at the house along with [redacted], and [redacted] were identified from photographs. b6 b7C

Upon leaving the house, they went to the rally site where everyone got out of the van. There were people singing and fixing up a truck with speakers on it. After awhile, [redacted] and her cousin, [redacted] started walking through the housing project to find a place to use the bathroom. As they were walking away, she heard the first shot. She did not remember which direction the shot came from; and at that time, started running into the project. After running into the project, someone let them into a house where they stayed during the entire shooting. They waited in the house until [redacted] was able to get his van and come around to pick them up. The same people who came to Greensboro in the van went back to Martinsville along with [redacted]. She stated they didn't talk about the shooting on the way back to Martinsville.

GCR/gw/15

1/21/80
6:06-7:24p.m.

☐ Cleared by Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive PS-FD-97

	SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
OFFENSE Criminal Homicide.	3 CLASSIFICATION Murder	4 OFFICER Bell[illegible]e, J.R.	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT 1700 2/15/80
6 VICTIM [illegible]nal	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS N/A		

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL — FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 2/5/80, at 1030 hours, this writer was present in the conference room, Criminal Investigation Division, Greensboro Police Department. Also present were the following persons: Detective [redacted], Detective [redacted], Captain [redacted], Assistant District Attorney Jim Coman and Assistant District Attorney Rick Greeson.

The purpose of this meeting was to allow [redacted] and [redacted] to view certain photographs of people AND video tapes, reference the homicides that occurred at Everitt and Carver on 11/3/79.

At 1030 hours, [redacted] and his attorney, Mr. [redacted] entered the conference room. Mr. [redacted] brought in a shirt and pair of trousers which he turned over to Detective [redacted] while in the conference room.

In reference a shotgun Mr. [redacted] had inquired about, he produced a slip of paper with the following information written on it: "Eastfield Model 916-A, pump action shotgun, Smith and [illegible], 12-gauge, 20" barrel, Serial 101B10."

In reference this shotgun, Mr. [redacted] stated he believed the gun had been loaded with seven 2-gauge, double aught buck rounds, consisting of two different types of ammo. Mr. [redacted] requested information on this shotgun, which he stated was his. He also stated it had been on the rack in his truck on 11/3/79. He stated he had locked the truck and left the gun in the truck. He also requested some wedding photographs that he stated were in his [illegible].

Mr. [redacted] was then allowed to view the photographs of individuals in Volume 2 of the Lotz-Orr [illegible] by this writer concerning this case. Mr. [redacted] made the following comments as he viewed the numbered photographs:

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(1) B-3, "Seen that guy before."
(2) B-10, [redacted] stated he had seen this individual in the courthouse.
(3) B-11, [redacted] stated he had seen this man before.
(4) B-7, [redacted] stated he knew this subject from the television.
(5) B-22, "She was in the caravan, back furtherest toward the window, right side of car, woman sitting next to her, towards the end of the caravan."
(6) 1-25, [redacted] stated he knew that guy, that's him.
(7) 1-12, [redacted]"
(8) 1-16, "Me and [redacted]"
(9) 1-15, [redacted]
(10) 1-13, [redacted]
(11) 1-21, [redacted]"

At this time, Mr. [redacted] went back to the front of the notebook and started through it again. Mr. [redacted] made a statement like, "Go back, there's one guy in particular that I had in mind." At this point, [redacted] asked his attorney, Mr. [redacted] a private question.

Mr. [redacted] then started looking back through the notebook.

(1) B-5, [redacted] stated this guy he recognized, but he thinks it's from seeing him on TV. [redacted] said he thinks he's the guy that had the gun propped up.
(2) B-28, [redacted] stated, "That's the guy you were telling me about. I never got [illegible] thought he was [illegible] Think I [illegible] before."

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k stated he didn't know the subject in Photograph L-28. [redacted] said he knew there was a to have someone ride a bicycle in the march, and this is why he brought his bicycle.

(1) L-22, [redacted] said he had seen her before. At this point, Mr. [redacted] asked [redacted] if he didn't know her or he just wouldn't say. [redacted] stated he had seen her around.
(2) L-12, [redacted] clarified this. Earlier, this writer thought he had said [redacted], but [redacted] stated it was [redacted]

r. [redacted]s attorney left the room at 1045 hours. Mr. [redacted] then stated he had had on a lastic jacket during the incident on 11/3/79. Mr. [redacted] stated the jacket had Duke written n it. He states he had it on underneath his shirt, that it wasn't his jacket, but belonged o someone else and it was a windbreaker type jacket.

t 1047 hours, Mr. [redacted] left the room and Mr. Ono came back in with [redacted] All thers previously named were still present in the room.

[redacted] was then allowed to examine the photos of individuals in Volume 9. She made the ollowing comments reference these photographs:

(1) R-5, "Recognize this guy from the newspaper."
(2) R-6, "Recognize this guy from the newspaper."
(3) R-9, "I think I recognize this guy from China Grove, not sure."
(4) R-15, "He looks familiar, but I'm not sure where."

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049 hours, Captain [redacted] and Detective [redacted] left the room.

(5) L-25, "I know [redacted]"
(6) L-11, "I know [redacted]"
(7) L-12, "I know [redacted]"
(8) L-13, [redacted]."
(9) L-15, [redacted]"
(10) L-16, "[redacted]"
(11) L-18, "[redacted]."
(12) L-22, "I don't know this guy's name, but he was standing near me on November the 3rd, and cops pulled him away. I didn't know him before that day."
(13) R-22, "There was a youngish woman similiar to her, hair was different. This is possibly her, but I'm not sure."
(14) R-9, "China Grove."
(15) R-5 and R-6, "Remember these two from newspapers."

t 1054 hours, Mr. [redacted] came back in with [redacted], the supervisor of the Greensboro Police ab.

aptain [redacted] then asked Mr. [redacted] several questions concerning his truck and shotgun. Mr. [redacted] had said the door was open on the truck, and the truck had been moved after the shooting. [redacted] had said the gun was in the truck at that time. He stated he had locked the truck after he got out of it. Mr. [redacted] stated the truck had been moved to the front of 1815 eritt Street and the gun was in the truck at that time. Mr. [redacted] further stated his shot- was in the truck when he parked it, and he had locked the truck.

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1008 hours, Mr. [redacted] played the Channel 11 video tape in the presence of [redacted] and others present named above.

At 1126 hours, [redacted] requested a playback to view his truck, looking for his shotgun. This is footage taken after the shooting incident. After viewing this section of film again, Mr. [redacted] stated, "I don't see the gun." His vehicle is seen turning west on Everitt Street from Carver at this point in time on the film.

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At 1150 hours, the tape was completed and turned off.

After viewing the film, [redacted] stated that reference the girl in the book, he thought she was in the white Buick.

[redacted] stated she still had the impression that [redacted] had given her the finger on 11/3/79.

At this time, the conference ended and all persons left the room.

RB/ub/24-26

2/15/80
5:03-5:25p

COMPLAINT NUMBER: 79-0145368
OFFENSE Criminal Homicide/Murder
OFFICER: [redacted]
VICTIM: N/A
ADDRESS: N/A
TIME AND DATE OF REPORT: 1/18/80

On 1/18/80, Friday, at approximately 3:30 p.m., while in the Conference Room of the Detective Office, this writer, Detective [redacted], interviewed [redacted], W/F/41, D.O.B. [redacted]. This interview took place in the conference room of the Detective Office. Also present during the time of the interview was Mrs. [redacted]'s attorney, Mr. [redacted]. At the time of this interview, Mrs. [redacted] stated she was residing at [redacted], City, Telephone 275-6589. She also stated she was unemployed at this time.

"On 11/3/79, Saturday, about 10:35-10:45 p.m., I was at Everitt and Carver singing with a crowd of people. We were having an anti-klan rally. Sometime after that, around 11:00-11:15, was when I saw this caravan of cars travelling on Everitt Street toward Gillespie. The cars stopped. I also saw a man in one of cars that I recognized from a newspaper article which had been run several years ago in the Greensboro Daily News. This man was well dressed and I recognized him to be [redacted]. I never met the man personally, and remembered him from a photograph which appeared in a newspaper. There were about seven cars in the caravan and approximately 4 - 5 persons in each car. Several women were in the cars.

"When the cars stopped, someone in one of the cars gave us the finger. We started insulting them. We traded insults. Then some of the people in the crowd had sticks and they started beating on the caravan cars. Some kids were also involved. I then heard a shot from up in front of the caravan, at least in that direction. Somebody said take the kids to safety, so I took the kids and run down Carver Drive and ended up at somebody's house.

"I never saw nobody with a weapon and I never saw when they got out of the car. I heard a bunch of shots, I was not injured nor was I assaulted."

When asked if she saw Mr. [redacted] or Mr. [redacted] get shot, she stated she did not.

I asked Ms. [redacted] for a description of the vehicles and the only description she could give of any of the vehicles in the caravan was that one of the cars was white.

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I asked Ms. [redacted] if she could remember the remarks which were traded back and forth between the singing group and the caravan, and she stated she did not remember what was said, just remembers someone in the caravan gave the singing crowd the finger. She would not be able to identify other pepole in the caravan other than [redacted] and possibly would be able to identify the women with him too. When asked to give a description of the ladies, she stated a couple of them were on the young side, and this was the only description which could be given. She said she can maybe identify them if she saw them again. I asked her if she had anything else to add reference the shooting which took place at Everitt and Carver Drive on 11/3/79. She stated she did not.

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It should be noted that during the time of this interview Ms. [redacted]'s attorney, [redacted], was present and would confer with his client by whispering from time to time.

This interview was concluded on 1/18/80, Friday, at 3:55 p.m.

[redacted] Detective
Criminal Investigation Division

KWB/mlt/106.107

ACTIVITY NUMBER
79-0145363

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

2 OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder		1700 1/18/80

6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS
N/A	N/A

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On 1/13/80, at 1420 hours, the following people came to the P.D. requesting additional investigations of this case:

(1) [redacted] attorney
(2) [redacted] attorney (275-2539)
(3) [redacted]
(4) [redacted]
(5) [redacted]
(6) [redacted]
(7) [redacted]

This writer, Detective [redacted] and Captain [redacted] met with the above mentioned people in the Conference Room of the Detective Division, and it was presented to us the following allegations:

Mr. [redacted] stated his clients wished to indict the 14 Klansmen and 20 others that were in the caravan, one of which they identified as [redacted] and a subject [redacted] plus [redacted] on charges of:

(1) Conspiracy to commit murder
(2) Attempted murder
(3) Assault with intent to murder
(4) Aiding and abat murder

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b7C

Also Mr. Tockman indicated his clients wished to pursue charges against three police officers

(1) Lieutenant [redacted]
(2) Lieutenant [redacted]
(3) Detective [redacted]

Mr. Tockman stated they wished to pursue charges of:

(1) Conspiracy to commit murder
(2) Assault with intent to murder
(3) Aiding and abetting murder
(4) Criminal negligence

Mr. [redacted]'s statement was that the officers were to be charged the same as all the other defendants with exception of attempted murder.

Captain [redacted] explained to the group that we would be happy to investigate their charges and complaints. He also left them the option if they were not satisfied with the investigation of going to the S.B.I. to seek them to investigate the matter, or another option of going directly to the Attorney General's Office to seek an investigation, or on the investigation of the P.D., if they were not satisfied with the way it would be conducted, pursuing the options of the S.B.I. and Attorney General's Office.

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COMPLAINT NUMBER

79-03[illegible]368

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
CONTINUATION SHEET

DATE/PAGE

1/[illegible]/80 (2)

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Mr. [redacted] stated he would like to proceed at this level, the City Level, with our investigation and Captain [redacted] introduced this writer and Detective [redacted].

This writer then conducted an interview with [redacted] and also [redacted] b6 b7C

Officer [redacted] conducted an interview with Mr. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted]

Those reports will be covered in an additional report of victim's statements.

The investigation is continuing.

No further to report at this time.

JDB/lfh/82.83

1/19/80 4:50p
1/20/80 9:06a

PCI - 270 - 1651

CE 44A-3527
TJB:mdy

Tape 1 [redacted]

[redacted] This is ah [redacted]. I'm a Special Agent with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, assigned to Greensboro, North Carolina. This is April 8th, 1982. I'm with the ah American Inn in Greensboro, North Carolina, to conducting interview of Mrs. [redacted]. At this time I'd like the ah individuals in the room who are present please to identify themselves, starting with Mr. [redacted] please.

[redacted] I'm [redacted] with the Greensboro Justice Fund. I'd like to note our objection to Mr. [redacted]s conducting the interview.

[redacted]: I'm [redacted]. I'm an attorney with the Civil Rights Division of the U. S. Department of Justice

[redacted] [redacted] with the Civil Rights Division

[redacted]: [redacted], Special Agent, FBI, Washington, D. C.

[redacted]: I'd also like to note that we started this interview at 12:25 (inaudible)

[redacted] Okay. Mrs. [redacted] would you please be good enough to state your full name and also your maiden name

[redacted]: My name is [redacted]. My maiden name is [redacted]. My middle name is [redacted].

[redacted]: Okay, and where do you live now Mrs. [redacted]?

[redacted]: Ah [redacted] in Greenboro.

[redacted]: And how long have you resided at that address?

[redacted]: Since this ah, last September

[redacted]: And in 1979, in November of 1979 where did you live?

[redacted] At that time, I lived at [redacted] in Greensboro

[redacted]: And how long have you lived at that address?

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[redacted]

Yes he was

[redacted]

Was he a medical doctor?

[redacted]

Yes, ah he came to North Carolina as a matter of fact ah as a staff pediatrician at Duke Hospital.

[redacted]

And how long was he employed at Duke Hospital?

[redacted]

Am I suppose it was approximately a year.

[redacted]

And during the period of say January, '79 up through November, '79 when he was working at the mill in Haw River, did he also practice medicine?

[redacted]

Well he did informally ah he would help any of our friends ah or neighbors who needed help.

[redacted]

So his major source of employment then would be ah his practice, his am employment at the mill? b6 b7C

[redacted]

Yes, he did not take money for ah doctoring after he left it.

[redacted]

Okay. Ah you indicated that you helped your husband with his ah union activities at the ah home of ah mill there, would you please explain just what your husband was involved in and the role he played in union activities, and what assistance you gave him.

[redacted]

He was trying to build a strong union ah turn a weak union local into a strong local which meant adding more numbers to it and ah really building it into a democratic union that would be run by the participation of the worker. Am, and he ah fought many grievances inside the plant when there were unjust working conditions helping ah people who got hurt get Workmen's Compensation, and ah having some of the am old outmoded equipment that was injuring people, having that replaced, passing around petitions ah that workers would sign having regular union meetings, am so he was doing that, I was helping him you know talk through things ah, and then he was elected shop steward when he started becoming active in the union, ah after that point, at some point he was elected ah vice president of the local, and then when Cone fired him in 1978 the workers elected him president of the local and helped him to try to get his job back. Ah at that point they all decided to publish a newsletter called The Granite Update ah which came out monthly. It went through about eight or nine different issues in '78 and '79, and ah I gave him some secretarial help with that.

[redacted]: Ah approximately five years, well four and a half maybe

[redacted]: Okay, ah in 1979, in November were you employed?

[redacted]: Yes I was

[redacted]: And what was your employment?

[redacted]: I worked at Collins and Aikman Yarn Plant in Graham.

[redacted]: That's Graham, North Carolina?

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: And what position did you hold there?

[redacted]: Well I was training to be a spinner

[redacted]: Okay. In that period of ah say January, 1979 through November of 1979, did you participate in any union activities?

[redacted]: What was the period again please?

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[redacted]: From January, 1979 up through November of 1979

[redacted]: Ahh, I helped my [redacted] do his trade union work. Am he was ah the president of his union local 1113T in Haw River and am he was ah getting out weekly updates with the other workers and ah things need to be typed and the rally the things that I helped too.

[redacted]: Okay please identify your [redacted] by name please.

[redacted]: My [redacted] was Jim Waller.

[redacted]: Okay, and was ah Mr. Waller employed at ah which plant in Haw River?

[redacted]: Am Granite Finishing Plant, Cone Mill in Haw River.

[redacted]: And what position did he hold then?

[redacted]: Am well he did different things ah I can't recall, I think he was, he was spare help, he was ah worked different machines, I can't recall exactly

[redacted]: Was your [redacted] also a physician?

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: In November of 1979 then was your [redacted] James Waller employed at the mill and all?

[redacted]: No, not in November of '79. He was employed by the City of Greensboro at the ah treatment plant.

[redacted]: And how long had he been employed there?

[redacted]: Ah roughly six months.

[redacted]: Okay, was he active in any kind of union activity at the City ah treatment plant?

[redacted]: There was no union activity.

[redacted]: Okay. So he still maintained his union activity in Haw River, although he was was no longer employed at that ah firm?

[redacted]: He was going through all the procedures to try to get his job back, ah he was am going through the National Labor Relations Board, ah going through the whole hearing process, and everything with the workers supporting him, so I recall one hearing that was in Greensboro ah several of the workers in the plant there, and ah they all felt, they knew exactly why he had been fired for leading a strike in the summer of '78, am so they stood by him and ah you know showed their confidence in him by electing him as head of the local and trying to get his job back.

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[redacted]: And approximately how many people were in that local union at that time, to your knowledge?

[redacted]: Ammm, well during the period of July of 1978, when the workers went out on strike, the strength of the local increased enormously from about a dozen or fifteen members to ah almost about two hundred members, a good proportion of the workers at the plant.

[redacted]: Okay, in addition to the union activities that your husband participated in, were you or your husband active in any political groups in early 1979?

[redacted]: Yes. Ahhh my [redacted] was active in the Workers Viewpoint Organization, and am I was ah very supportive in participating in a lot of the activities of the Workers Viewpoint Organization and I was active in the African Liberation Support Committee also

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: Okay explain for us what is that

[redacted]: He was the, also the treasurer in the Educational League

[redacted]: Okay explain to us what the Workers Viewpoint Organization was (clears throat) in 1979.

[redacted]: In 1979, it was a communist organization that was ah engaging in organizing activities among the working class for building up strong unions in the communities against racism, am that's some of the things it dealt with, basically what it was doing.

[redacted]: Okay (clears throat) were you a member of the organization yourself?

[redacted]: No I was not

[redacted]: Okay did your [redacted] hold any position or title or officer's position in the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Ah not to my knowledge, he was an active member though. b6 b7C

[redacted]: Okay. Do you know who was the leadership of the Wokers Viewpoint Organization in 1979?

[redacted]: Well I know [redacted] was active in it, ah any [redacted], am I don't know who the leadership of it was.

[redacted]: Okay. Who else ah were members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization during this period of time?

[redacted]: Ah I don't know what you, what do you mean by leadership?

[redacted]: People who are the kind of responsibility for organization activities, anything of that nature

[redacted]: Uh huh. Well my [redacted] had a considerable amount of leadership. I don't know what you would call him, but he was leadership ah in the area for Workers Viewpoint

[redacted]: Well did he have any particular function then that her performed for the organization?

[redacted]: Well, what functions does the leader perform? I mean it's it's the the brightest person, one who ah explains to people how things should be done, understands things better.

[redacted]: Okay well it would be ah administrative function in the organization, would it be an operation function that he performed as far as you said teaching instructing and things of this nature ah organization function, getting new membership and things of this nature, did he do all of these things within the organization? Did he have one particular function as a I'd say a treasurer a company might have or a vice president a company might have?

[redacted]: Does knowing this gonna help you find out who killed them?

[redacted]: No mam...

[redacted]: (Talks over) You just asked me to describe his functions

[redacted]: ...it gives us some background though (unintelligible) No I'm, we're only asking these questions to develop background as to the incident...

[redacted]: On what, on who killed them or on ah...

[redacted]: Yeah [redacted] we have some concern about inquiring into the organizational structure Workers Viewpoint.

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: She's demonstrated that he was active in that group, and the type work that he did, and I will have objection to continued questioning about who was in leadership, and what was the organizational structure...

[redacted]: Okay (unintelligible)

[redacted]: ...obviously they have reason to be concerned about the security and safety of the people in the organization when five of them have been murdered

[redacted]: Well we're not asking anything about who is a leader in the organization now. Ah, allegations have been made that there was a concerted effort to identify the leadership and to murder them on November 3rd. In order to assess that allegation it's, of course, necessary for us to determine ah who the leaders were on November 3rd at least in the public's eye. Ah, and we're to, as I say to assess whether that allegation is true or not true, so that is the purpose of the question ah, and I don't see how we can...

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[redacted]: Yeah I (unintelligible)(talks over)

[redacted]: ...deal with that allegation without talking about who was at least in the public's eye the leaders of WVO on ah November 30th...

[redacted]: Well I've already told you that my [redacted] was ah recognized as the leader of his trade union local and he played a leading role in the strike in the summer of 1978, and I think, and he was very open about his politics, and it was known that he was the representative of the Workers Viewpoint Organization so I suppose his leadership was perceived in just those ways.

[redacted]: Fine

[redacted]: Now we're thinking, no problem about inquiry about those in fact that did get murdered or attacked and whether or not they may have had that status or just a general sort of dragnet question of who was in leadership which as I perceive one of the questions to sort of deal

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[redacted]: Well, that, that, I don't, I don't perceive it to be that way because ah just like I said the allegation is that the leaders were identified ah and arrangements were made to have them murdered, and now if that, if that is true, then if there are five people who are dead, and two were leaders, and there are eight other leaders that I may suggest something about that allegation as opposed to the fact that there are five leaders and all five of them are dead. See what I'm saying? So I, it seems to be that that asking those type of questions are pertinent to the allegations that have been made, and if we can't ask those type of questions we can't assess that allegation

[redacted]: Well I think the activities that someone is involved in is certainly pertinent, and I would think that [redacted] will discuss that, has about that Nelson was active, that his wife was active, and other folks, but as far as defining it in terms of organizational structure, I would probably advise her not to answer thos kind of questions. I think you can get at what you're wanting to do by the method I'm suggesting

[redacted]: We would (clears throat) have to leave that to you which question I'll make about the advice you give your clients, ah, but I, I stated, I stated my view, and I stated it the best I can the reasons that that sort of thing is gone into...

[redacted]: Well then I'm just suggesting that the question be counts in terms of whose, who were some people who did, who participated in activities involving union work, involving racial equality. It would be see, perceived in the community, and not phrased in terms of who was the leader in the Workers Viewpoint Organization.

[redacted]: Well, the allegation ah that you have brought to our attention is not that members of WVO were identified and murdered, it is that the leaders of WVO were identified and murdered.

[redacted]: That's not what our complaint in the civil suit alleges if that's what you're referring to. We refer to people who were labor organizers, militant labor organizers, and subsequently...

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[redacted]: I'm not talking about the complainant in the civil suit...

[redacted]: (Talks simultaneously) ...communist and the people who...

[redacted]: ...I'm talking, I'm talking about allegations that have been reported in the media and that you and I have discussed from time to time, and that the rest of your clients during their, during their interview have mentioned, and as I told you all along we're gonna look at everything, that includes this. Now if you don't want us to look at this, we won't ask those questions.

[redacted]: Michael, you know that's obviously not what I'm getting at.

[redacted]: Right. I know that

[redacted]: If you can ask the question about the five people that got murdered and the seven or so that got injured were they active in providing leadership and perceive that way and were there any others. There's, there's many ways that you can ask a question and skin a cat a lot of different ways

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]: Well that's right, and what I hear from you is only an objection to the way in which the question was phrased, and what I'm trying to get beyond here is the point of those questions, what we're attempting to seek by asking questions of that nature, and ah it seems to me that if we quibble about the particular phrasing of each question that we could be here for a very very long time

[redacted]: That's why I would hope that you was in charge of this investigation would take some leadershop here, and we withdraw with some questions that don't hang up on the, hang this on the hangup that I'm talking about and I mean [redacted] would answer the questions ah for you

[redacted]: Well fine. Let's go on.

[redacted]: Let's get on. Okay. Mrs. [redacted] did you become acquainted with ah [redacted] in 1979?

[redacted]: I knew [redacted] for some time prior to that

[redacted]: Approximately how long did you know him?

[redacted]: Almost as long as I have been in Greensboro. Ah since not that long after 1971. He and I had worked together on ah ah anti-capital punishment ah community ah organization. I guess it was back in '72 or 3 or something like that maybe 4.

[redacted]: Okay. Did you know Mr. [redacted] to be associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization in 1979?

[redacted]: Yes I did.

[redacted]: Okay. And what activities was he involved in in the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Ahhh in African Liberation Support work, and that, that was the main thing ah saving the black schools, and education struggle

[redacted]: Okay did you become acquainted with ah Dr. Nathan?

[redacted]: I have hardly knew Dr. Nathan. I knew of him because he and his wife ah [redacted] had been ah students of my [redacted]'s they were medical students, and my [redacted] taught at Duke, and ah I remember ah [redacted] saying that ah Mike was a really fine organizer, had a terrific sense of humor and really knew how to tell a story good, and I remember him talking about him, but more than, knowing him more indirectly, I don't.

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[redacted]: Was Dr. Nathan any way associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Well ah Dr. Nathan was helping to raise funds and medical supplies to ah send to African Liberation Movement ah cause her was involved with ah liberation for in fact in nineteen seventy-eight, seventy-nine I (Inaudible) I don't really know, ah so yeah, so I guess they ah were friends to one another too.

[redacted]: Okay, Bill Sampson, were you acquainted with Bill Sampson?

[redacted]: Yes I was.

[redacted]: Okay tell us how you knew Mr. Sampson.

[redacted]: Well he was also a ah trade union activist and ah was a close working, he knew my [redacted], closely working with my [redacted], ah also an employee of Cone Mills and ah somebody who was close to ah Workers Viewpoint activities.

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[redacted]: When you say close, was he a member of the workers Viewpoint Organization?

[redacted]: Well I think that's exactly the point...

[redacted]: I don't know

[redacted]: ...that we were talking about. You were using the term associated with. I was hearing not as a term of art but meaning participating in activities in the same ah general political context, and I think that's sufficient for us to continue in that, in that, with that definition.

[redacted]: Well I go back to what I said before ah it ah I'm not concerned about the allegations you've made in this civil suit in terms of in terms of what ah paragraphs you put in your civil suit, in terms of how that affects your civil suit, as I told you all along. I have, we have nothing to do with that. What we're here to do is to investigative from the criminal standpoint whether criminal charges should be brought against anybody, and one of the allegations that have been mentioned in the media and has been mentioned by members, people that you represent, is that the, the leadership in WVFO, WVO excuse me, was singled out prior to November 3rd, and a concerted plan to execute them was conducted on November 3rd. In order to assess that allegation and find all evidence relevant to that alle-allegation it's necessary to ask about the persons who were

killed and who were leaders as well as others in terms of their membership in and leadership activity in WVO.

[redacted]: Well lemme, lemme just say about Bill, that Bill was outstanding for the activities he was doing. Like my [redacted], Bill would fight for workers, would go in the boss's office and ah have the workers standing right alongside of him and would lead that and he was perceived that way by others as selflessly fighting for the interest of the workers and ah he was up for nomination to to head up his union local over at White Oak in Greensboro

[redacted]: Was he perceived by...

[redacted]: Well he was certainly perceived as a ah representative of the Workers Viewpoint. He was perceived as a a fighting trade unionist, and I don't see what more you need to know to help you in your investigation of who killed them because in fact he was perceived as a, as those I say inside people around him

[redacted]: Fine, that's what we want to know

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: Okay, maybe I can help clarify that...

[redacted]: Yeah

[redacted]: ...you know. I don't think there's too much question that ah [redacted], Dr. Waller, was active and active in the role as what a leadership ought a be, Workers Viewpoint Organization. I'm still not sure if Dr. Nathan was active or in any leadership role of Workers Viewpoint Organization, although it's obvious, you know obviously he was very supportive of the ah, of the work that was being done by the organization. The only reason I'm asking the question is to clarify as to distinguish between that Dr. Nathan is just supportive of the activities of an giving medical aid and assistance to certain activities of Workers Viewpoint, or is in fact is he is a member of it and part of the leadership of it. (Pause) The different being very simply that you know the, as

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ah Mister [redacted] said, the allegation has been made that when the Klan came to Greensboro on November 3rd, 1979, they were aware of, or had knowledge from some source, who the leadership of the Workers Viewpoint Organization was. Okay if that's true, and these people were not the leadership of, or a member of Workers Viewpoint Organization, it makes a substantial difference to our investigation. If they were obviously, and the Klan was aware of it, or at least perceiving as being a member of the leadership, that makes a different phase investigation. So I'm not prying into anything of what was the structure of the organization, ah just merely simply was the person identified within his own group, within his own associates as being active in, a member of, and in a leadership role in the Workers Viewpoint Organization or was he a person who was not a member of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, but through another agency or associate or affiliate, through trade unions, supportive of the Workers Viewpoint Organization.

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[redacted]: Well we can come back and just proceed with the questions...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...as you phrase 'em, but let me just say that ah regardless as of of what the media is asserting, I don't think we have ever asserted or trying to assert that it was simply membership in an organization that led to the attack or their death. It's the type political activity of labor work, of fighting against racial discrimination and racism and fighting for equality. If those activities were defining people, if those (pause) (noise) (pause) It's those kind of activities that would be, that would create the hostility from groups like the Klan and the Nazis and if if we've asserted we think from government official, and that's the area that if you wanna know what we're urging you to investigate, that's what we're asking you to investigate. So those type activities, [redacted] is more than happy to go into.

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[redacted]

All right. We're not, we're concerned with the allegations that you're making and we're going to investigate those allegations, but we're not solely concerned with the allegations that you're making, we're concerned with the allegations everyone is making, and we plan to investigate all of the allegations and as I have told you consistently in our conversations, and as you have urged me in our conversations to do, okay. So it's not just confined to allegations you wish us to investigate it's all allegations concerning this incident.

[redacted]

Okay let's go on with taking the questions and (unintelligible)

[redacted]

Okay. All right were you ah in 1979 acquainted with Sandra Smith?

[redacted]

Yes I was

[redacted]

Okay and what was your association ah with Sandra Smith?

[redacted]

Well I knew her because she had been a student at Bennett College and I had taught at Bennett College. All-although she was gone when when I got there the year before she had left, but she was ah, she had graduated, she was a leader am student leader student president and am then I got to know her because she was also organizing at Cone Mill am and ah, yeah ah, she was trying to build a union at Revolution Plant; didn't have a union; they were trying to get one ah she was a friend of mine; beautiful, strong, dedicated woman

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[redacted]

Okay. Did there come a time in ah early 1979 that you personally and through some of your associates become aware of a rise of Klan activity in the State of North Carolina?

[redacted]

Yes

[redacted]

All right, will you please tell me in narrative form how you became aware of this and what information ah you had developed concerning the rising Klan activity.

[redacted]

Well in the ah trade union organizing ah my [redacted] ah had been aware that ah the Klan was am something that ah the bosses could use to to bust the union, keep white and black workers apart, ah you know talking with workers you could see the ah the

prejudices, and ah that ah that the klan was ah you know promote, was making it difficult to organize trade unions...

[redacted]: Okay you don't...

[redacted]: ...and ah in fact once ah, once when am, when Jim was passing out a leaflet ah as part of the Wilmington 10 at Granite, am some some white workers there who had worked with him in the trade union ah in in the union local ah made some nasty remarks to him you know about supporting black folks and ah he struggled with them and you know in the process of ah struggling over the views and ah at some point after that the the strike of July, 1978 occurred and am I don't remember exactly what point it was, but about a year later those same white workers who had been so nasty to him a year before ah understood what he was saying, and invited us to their home socially, and ah that was the kind of thing those conditions were changing because ah Jim and Bill and Sandy really struggled for ah the workers to to build unity you know across racial lines and saw that the Klan was a was a threat to that, was a definite fact how it was being used and why it was being promoted.

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[redacted]: Okay are you familiar with any incident that occurred in ah in 1978 or 1979 in which any members of the Klan ah participated in any kind of incident ah against your [redacted]'s union activities or any union activities in Haw River, Greensboro, Burlington area?

[redacted]: Any particular incident?

[redacted]: Yeah

[redacted]: Ahhh

[redacted]: The Klan as an entity, you know, did something, demonstration or...

[redacted]: Oh well...

[redacted]: ...burn cross whatever they do?

[redacted]: ...well we heard of a few things ah the the thing that we heard of that we responded to was China Grove, ah we heard about the rise of the Klan, other ways that that there was something in Winston-Salem that we found out about after it happened

[redacted]

Okay. Okay, tell me what you ah heard about after the fact what occurred in Winston-Salem regarding the Klan or any other group ah the Klan-Nazis anything like that

[redacted]:

Ahh, well we read that they had ah had an exhibit in the library and people had gone down there and to protest it. I don't remember any more about it

[redacted]:

Okay. So to your knowledge, you did not participate nor anybody that you knew participated in anything to do with any demonstration at the Forsyth County Library in Winston-Salem?

[redacted]

I'm not even aware of who particpated in that to this day

[redacted]:

Okay and information you received was from the public and news media that there had been some confrontation...

Unknown Male:

(Clears throat)

[redacted]

...at the library?

[redacted]:

I believe so, yeah.

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[redacted]:

Okay. And when is the next time that you became aware of any kind of klan activity in North Carolina?

(Pause)

[redacted]:

Am I don't remember before or after, ah, the, I know ah in North Carolina well ah we heard that the klan was going to ah show a film that they use for their propoganda, ancient film that really glorifies the klan and showed black people as being animals called 'Birth of a Nation' and ah that was gonna be shown in China Grove, am so we along with community people from China Grove ah participated in the protest demonstration

[redacted]

Okay tell us how you recall first becoming aware of the fact that the Klan would be showing a recruiting film in China Grove and then tell us when you say we please identify who we are that participated with the ah community in China Grove to ah ah being against that activity.

[redacted]

Okay, I'm sorry what was the first thing that you said?

[redacted]: First is how you became aware of the fact that the Klan would be having a ah recruiting drive?

[redacted]: Okay, there was an article in the newspaper...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...about a week before.

[redacted]: So would be early July then, 1979?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay and after you you read that article, tell us what happened ah, and who you dealt with and your husband dealt with regarding what was to take place in China Grove

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[redacted]: Well we learned that ahhh that there was considerable interest in that area ah sparked by that. There was a lot of opposition to it, that a lot of people were, not just black people, but a lot of people didn't like the Klan just coming into that area and am so we meaning people who were active around Workers Viewpoint, my [redacted], myself, ah [redacted] ah (pause) okay a few other people, I'm trying to think now ah went down to China Grove. There was already some organizing going on for ah people in the primarily the black community, to ah respond to it. So we joined with them together with them, and ah marched to the ah, we went to Town Hall ah community center. That was, that in itself was an issue because am a lot of people felt that ah the community center that people paid for with their tax money shouldn't be turned over to the Klan to ah do organizing and recruiting so ah we went there and there was a lot of angry chanting, ah there was some striking of the (Tape went blank)

(REMAINING PORTION OF SIDE 1 OF TAPE - BLANK)

SIDE 2 (APPROXIMATELY MIDDLE OF TAPE)

[redacted]: This is a continua, a continuation of the interview of Mrs. [redacted]. Ah Mrs. [redacted] you were telling us about the am occurrence at China Grove on July 8, 1979, would you please continue.

[redacted]: Ah there was a very tense moment of confrontation ah when the Klansmen who were armed ah and some guys dressed in funny uniform, I guess they were Nazis were standing on the porch in this Community Center, and am they, all the demonstrators were surrounding them militantly, angrily chanting. Ah, that when that moment dissolved, and the people just, ah well what happened was the Klan and the Nazis just ran inside the building and ah they had their guns pointed from the windows but they were inside. There were a couple of policemen on the porch standing alongside of them ah who might have advised them you'd better get inside, and the demonstrators marched around the building once or twice maybe, and then went back to ah the black community that had been in the area where people had organized you know from and went went back there for a couple of hours

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[redacted]: Okay, prior to July 8th, 19 ah 79, had you gone down to China Grove?

[redacted]: Ah I went down one time prior to July 8th. Ah in order to get a sense of what was going on down there ah...

[redacted]: Uh

[redacted]: ...and that's when I learend that there was ah a it, it was a lively topic of debate in in that area except that it was known that you know the Klan was gonna show a film and a lot of people were were opposed to it, maybe some frightened of it, you know, but people writing letters to the editor protesting it, and the black community was already planning to demonstrate.

[redacted]: Okay and who did you go with one trip down prior to July 8th?

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I went down there with [redacted] We just went down to find out you know how people down there felt

Okay, and do you recall who you spoke with down there in ah China Grove?

I sure don't. Just a man in the street type thing

Okay. And the next day that you went down was July 8th, 1979?

That's right

Ah who went with you on July 8th?

My [redacted] and I mean who went with me; I don't remember who exactly was riding in the car and I'll tell you the truth, I don't even remember if I was riding in the car with my husband on that day

Okay. After you arrived down there, who was ah down there that you recognized from your association in the trade unions of the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

Well I remember [redacted] was there, and I remember [redacted] was there, [redacted] ahh Mike Nathan was there, who I did not know very well, but I knew who he was. Am my [redacted] ahh Ceasar Cauce (Pause) off-hand I can't think of anybody else

Okay. Did you know Ceasar Cauce?

Just very slightly. Ah I think I had met him at some African Liberation Support Committee meetings. I had been active in Af-African Liberation Support Committee

Was Mr. Cauce active in any trade union activity to your knowledge?

I had heard that he was, but I didn't know about it directly

Okay. Did Mr. Cauce ever attend any kind of meetings that was ah part of the Workers Viewpoint Organization?

Well I didn't attend any meetings that were Workers Viewpoint Organization myself, so I knew Mr. Cauce or I did, I knew who he was...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...because he had been to one or two African Liberations Support Committee meetings that I was at, and one he made a comment that I thought was very intelligent, so I remember it, and I remember him

[redacted]: Okay, so prior to July 8th, 1979 you see Mr. Cauce maybe once am at at that meeting you're referring to?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay. Okay ah tell us about the day of July 8th when you arrived there. Did you ah got to the black community to ah Community Center within the black community?

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: Okay, and approximately how many people am were at that Community Center just the bla-black Community Center?

[redacted]: Am, (Pause) I don't remember exactly. I think it was about fifty.

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[redacted]: Okay ah...

[redacted]: ...give ot take a few

[redacted]: What race were they predominately?

[redacted]: Black

[redacted]: Okay and they were mostly residents of the China Grove community?

[redacted]: I, I guess so, I mean as far as I knew they were

[redacted]: Okay, did you know anybody from the China Grove community?

[redacted]: Uh uh

[redacted]: Do you know anybody from the China Grove co-community who is an organizer of the activities there that date?

[redacted]: I did not know

Okay. All right. When the group left the black community and went to the Civic Center where the Klan was having their ah recruiting drive approximately how many people to your knowledge walked and/or marched over to the Civic Center?

Ah I'd say roughly there was about a hundred people. I think about roughly half the participants in that were residents of China Grove and the other half were people that had come down having been organized by the Workers Viewpoint Organization, now that does not imply that they were all members nor that I knew all of them.

Uh huh. Okay when you say organized by them are are you referring to the people in the community going out and asking people for support against the Klan activity in China Grove?...

Yes, exactly...

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(Talks simultaneously) ...and then these people would then gather gather and go down with you or would meet you down there?

Well I forget the arrangements, but ah, yeah when you go around when you went around and when you go around telling people you want a demonstrate against the Klan a lot of people are interested in doing that; a lot of people were interested in doing that then, and a lot of people are still interested in doing that. So yeah because the, everybody ah perceived the Klan as not in their interest.

Okay. The group of people that you were walking with ah did you observe them carrying anything with them, any kind of ah sticks or bats or clubs or placards, anything of that nature?

Yes ah people were carrying signs, am trying to remember what the signs said, but I don't. Am people, some people were carrying sticks, some people were carrying bottles, ah people would grab what they had, ah defensely because ah they wanted to be prepared, they, they weren't going to start a fight, but ah they were going to be in confrontation with the Klan so they, the people were carrying things

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[redacted]: Okay did you see any people, any demonstrators that you were with carrying any kind of firearms?

[redacted]: I don't recall any firearms among the demonstrators at at the ah demonstration and that is at the City Hall or whatever. I don't know if it was the Town Hall or the City Hall or Community Center whatever. I'm calling it all three in different ah am...

[redacted]: (Inaudible)...

[redacted]: ...I remember it whatever...

[redacted]: ...when you use that term you're talking about where the Klan and Nazis whatever (inaudible)...

[redacted]: Right, right, in the white section of China Grove. Am where I I have a clear recollection that they were arms back in the black community am when we went back that ah after that you know people felt that they had to be prepared in case their community were to be invaded so ah you know people were sporting ah arms defensely at that point.

[redacted]: Okay. When you arrived at the location where the Klan was having their rally, did you observe any members of the Klan ah present? at at the Center there? b6 b7C

[redacted]: Did I observe any members of the Klan?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Yeah there were a few of them.

[redacted]: Okay how were they dressed?

[redacted]: Very funny

[redacted]: Describe what you mean by funny

[redacted]: Well they sort of looked like ah what are those, The Village Boys, that group?

(?): (Inaudible)

[redacted]: The singing group

[redacted]: Pop group?

[redacted]: Village People

[redacted]: The Village People, yeah

[redacted]: I'm not familiar with The Village People ah, what do they look like? You're talking about wearing Klan robes ah...

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: ...that type get-up

[redacted]: One was wearing a robe; one was wearing kind of a Nazi thing with the helmet, looks like the, some of thos Belusi movies that have it, and one was wearing looked like the mayor of a town, almost needed a carnation in his lapel and a pin-stripped suit you know and dapper hat, I think, I mean they were all dressed differently. There was this group of four that ah (unintelligible) a poster picture of in fact, therefore, I remember, I sort of remember photographs better than people, but I remember the Nazis standing around with the helmet, I remember a couple of Klan. Some people were dressed more Western style, sort of like I'm dressed you know. They were dressed differently, but there's this one group that really looked freaky

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[redacted]: Did you see any group wearing a uniform, khaki type uniform with swastika things on their arms and so forth?

[redacted]: I don't remember that on that day. I remember the helmet though

[redacted]: Okay. Did you observe the members of the Klan or Nazi group that were gathered there were they carrying any kind of weapons?

[redacted]: Yeah, some of them were...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...but I can't tell you what kind.

[redacted]: Ah what were they shoulder weapons, like it's, like shotguns or rifles?

[redacted]: Some of them were

[redacted]: Okay did you see any weapons that looked like an automatic weapon, ah that would be a a rifle that would have like a long clip to it or banana clip they call 'em, something like that?

I can't tell you for sure

Okay, how about sidearms, such as handguns? Did you see anybody carrying handguns?

I don't remember

Okay. Did you see anybody wearing holsters and, with guns and holsters things of that nature?

I think I did- Ah, but I don't have a real, I, I, my recollection does not extend beyond that there were guns, that they did have guns and...

Uh huh

...that ah they ran inside the Town Hall there

Okay

At which point the Confederate flags were burned too. I left that out.

Okay, tell us how that came about.

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Ammm it came about when, after the ah Klan ran inside the building and ah people had all this angry energy built up you know, wanted to do symboilc action to show what they thought of the Klan, and so the Confederate flag which has come in many ways to represent the Klan, although it's probably not fair to just stick everybody with that, 'cause I know in the south it's sort a you know means sifferent things to different people, but for that crowd there that that was ah the Klan so somebody ah seized the flag and burned it, you know as a final symbolic act then marched around (inaudible)

Okay before that accident, before that incident occurred was there any ah shouting going back and forth between the Klan who were centered there and the demonstrators who had marched in?

Ah yes there was

What kind, what was being...

Well I mean there were chants, I don't, you know

[redacted]: Okay. The people who had marched there were chanting. Do you recall what they were chanting?

[redacted]: Ahh 'Death To The Klan', I think, but I'm not sure. Maybe that was only on November 3rd. Jesus, Jesus, Je, Jes, I, I don't remember the chants that day

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: (Chuckles)

[redacted]: Was there any comments made by members of the Klan toward the demonstrators?

[redacted]: There probably were, but ah I think they were too scared to say very much

[redacted]: Okay did you hear any kind of racial slurs being made by any members of the Klan or Nazi group there?

[redacted]: Ahh I don't think I was close enough to hear that

[redacted]: Okay where were you in this am group of about a hundred and fifty people or so?

[redacted]: Well I had a camera and I was taking pictures and I was moving around so I could try to get pictures from different angles. Ah so I, most of the time I was not real close to the porch of this building.

[redacted]: Okay so if there was any slurs...

Unknown Male: (Clears throat)

[redacted]: ...traded back and forth you didn't hear 'em yourself?

[redacted]: Maybe I heard 'em at the time. I don't remember it now

[redacted]: Okay. Were you successful in getting many photographs of what occurred at China Grove?

[redacted]: Ah I shot two rolls of film

[redacted]: And what did you shoot mostly the Klan people and the Nazis in their uniform or the demonstrators or half and half?

[redacted]: Amm (Pause) (sighing) I do not have many shots of the ah Klan and Na-Nazis.

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[redacted]: Okay. Okay after the the Klan went inside am you said there was two police officers up on the porch there?

[redacted]: (Coughs) A couple. Yeah

[redacted]: Yeah. Did...

[redacted]: (Coughing)

[redacted]: ...did you hear any conversation between those police officers, any members of the Klan on the porch before they went inside?

[redacted]: Uh uh. No, if I did...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...I don't remember

[redacted]: Did you hear any conversations... b6 b7C

[redacted]: I think they were conferring. I sort of have an image of them talking to one another before the Klan went in the building

[redacted]: Did you have any ah, did you overhear any conversations between the police officers and the demonstrators who were outside the building?

(Pause)

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay. And then you said the incident occurred where a person grabbed the flag, the Confederate flag and burnt it?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Do you know who that was?

[redacted]: I don't know who actually grabbed the flag, ah, but I took a, but at one point [redacted] was ah holding it when somebody was burning it, or he was burning it himself. I don't know if he's the one who grabbed it or not

[redacted]: Okay. And after that happened what took place then?

[redacted] (Inaudible) (talks simultaneously) Am to the best of my recollection at that point people just marched around and then went back to the black community

[redacted]: Okay, and you said when you get back to the ah black community in China Grove...

[redacted] (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...with them did you see any weapons being taken out by any of the demonstrators that you were with?

[redacted] Yeah the the first time I remember seeing any weapons on on that side of it

[redacted]: Okay and tell me how that occurred. How did that come about?

[redacted] (Pause) I don't remember

[redacted]: Is there any conversation about the necessity of bringing weapons out for the security of the people that lived there? b6 b7C

[redacted] There probably was, but I don't remember

[redacted] Okay. But nothing that you participated in or overheard as far as you can recall now?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay and what kind of weapons did you see ah the people in the community have ah with with them on that date?

[redacted]: Well some small and some large ah nothing that I could identify. I'm not a weapons expert?

[redacted]: Okay. Shotgun type weapons or rifle type weapons?

[redacted]: I remember seeing a couple of rifle type there. Uh huh.

[redacted]: Okay

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[redacted]: (Clears throat)

[redacted]: How long did you stay at China Grove ah that night?

[redacted]: I personally?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: (Coughs) Several hours.

[redacted]: Okay how about your [redacted]? Did he spend much time there?

[redacted]: He stayed as long as I did. We left together.

[redacted]: Okay. During the earlier part, during the ah when there was a confrontation between the Klan and the demonstrators, was your [redacted] ah more forward in the crowd than you were? Would he be more visible to members of the ah Klan that were there? To your knowledge?

[redacted]: Yes. He was wearing am, I guess it's a welder's helmet as a protection so it's probably outstanding to that (coughs)

[redacted]: Was he in the front line of the group do you know, was he further back where you were? Well I mean certainly...

[redacted]: (Talks over) I was, I don't remember from that day, but knowing my [redacted] he was in the front line

[redacted]: Okay. Okay and you both left and came back to Greensboro sometime that evening? Is that correct? That night?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay after that ah what actions were taken ah either by your [redacted] or by yourself and other...

[redacted]: (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...groups that you associated with regarding further ah anti-Klan demonstrations or education sessions in the ah community?

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[redacted]: (Pause) (Coughs) Well am we wanted to continue educating people about what the Klan represents. We wanted to ah you know not just have angry confrontation. We wanted to really ah expose that it's not just the Klan. The Klan is being funded, it's being promoted by who, you know, and for what reason. So we ah were developing a lot of ah literature along those lines, ah showing relationship between the Klan being promoted and the coming economic crisis, and ah, that was the capitalist class behind the Klan that the government was not stopping, it was in fact promotion it. Am we wanted to have another event that ah where we could basically get into some indepth discussion with people, ah combine educational and organizing ah...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...efforts. That was November 3rd

[redacted]: Okay tell us when you say we, who you are referring to

[redacted]: Am the people who were interested in fighting the Klan, who were close to Workers Viewpoint Organization or in Workers Viewpoint

[redacted]: Yeah. Could you give me the names... b6 b7C

[redacted]: And I was one of them. I was interested (coughs)

[redacted]: Okay. Ah

[redacted]: (Coughs)

[redacted]: You were and your [redacted] James Waller was. Who else by name that you can tell us was involved in this type structure or organization to promote a a a rally in Greensboro November the 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: Well the people who were doing the trade union organizing who as I said before their interest was not to see the Klan destroy those efforts all right

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: People who were fighting racism, who had always fought racism, and fought for the rights of Afro-American people

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[redacted]: Okay would these people include Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Would include Mr. Cauce?

[redacted]: Ahh, yeah

[redacted]: Okay it include Sandra Smith?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: And it include Mr. Sampson?

[redacted]: Yeah, it includes...

[redacted]: Ah

[redacted]: ...all the people who were killed.

[redacted]: Okay ah Mr. [redacted], also?

[redacted]: Yes, he, he was a worker, had struggled all his life, ah to make a buck, and he understood ah the truth of what Bill and other people were saying to him

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[redacted]: Okay. Ah Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: I don't know Mr. [redacted] that well, but I assume...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...that he was an honest guy who was also interested in it.

[redacted]: Yeah well I'm just trying to identify the people that indicated where ah in the process of developing this rally and...

[redacted]: (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...and marching, education session for November 3rd as compared to those that were just merely attending here on November 3rd 1979. A lot of people came in attendance.

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: But they did not have the you know responsibility of...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...organizing and structuring and putting it together. So people, the five who were killed you indicated all participated in ah the development of the November 3rd rally

[redacted]: That's right.

[redacted]: Okay, and that include Dr. Nathan then I assume

[redacted]: (Pause) Ahh I don't know. I don't know ah how much he participated in the development of the November 3rd rally. He was there.

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: He definitely was united with the ah dissentment of what we were doing.

[redacted]: Okay. Okay tell us what actions that ah you or your husband ah anybody else to your knowledge took in order to promote this rally for November the third. Ahh...

(Pause).

[redacted]: Amm well we developed some some fliers like that one and ah we went around to different communities in Greensboro distributing the fliers and talking to people. Am at different meetings that were going on ah it would be raised that there was gonna be this event and people should participate in it. Ah the people that that he had been doing trade union work with you know workers knew about it

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: A lot of people wanted to go to it and then couldn't. The last minute and some reason or other which happens all the time 'cause folks got such such a hard time just dealing with every day problems that ah you know wanna come out to stuff and can't get to it

[redacted]: Okay in the preparation of these ah posters and ah, thank you. We're showing you a am copy of one of the am leaflets which is entitled 'Death To the Klan' on the other side I believe

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: (Mumbles - unintelligible)

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[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: Are you familiar with that...

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...ah poster?

[redacted]: Yes I am

[redacted]: Okay and this this the type poster that was prepared by the ah group within the Workers Viewpoint Organization to promote the ah march and ah conference?

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: Okay do you know who basically would be the author of that ah or the designer of that particular poster?

[redacted]: Well I think ah probably several people played a role in it now, I, I played a role in ah designing it ah

[redacted]: Okay and the back side there's a...

[redacted]: And ah the back side of that, okay my [redacted] wrote the back side of that.

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b7C

(Paper noise)

[redacted]: Thank you. Okay was there a ah other posters that did not have any letter or you know other writing on the back of it also prepared that were placed around the community in Greensboro?

[redacted]: Yeah, there were posters just like that

[redacted]: Okay. Were there any other posters that had a letter on the back look similar to that that was distributed within the community?

[redacted]: Ah at different points there were different ah back sides to that flier

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: I believe, 'cause there were several different leaflets and I think some of them might have been you know after you get the spaces (paper noise) started some of them might have been penciled on the back side

[redacted]: Okay was there ever a ah a letter prepared or a letter type ah leaflet prepared that was distributed in the community and which has been interpreted in the media as being inv- invitation to the Klan to come to the November 3rd rally?

[redacted]: Yes. There was a letter that was ah intended to explain to people what the Klan was about and to help people mobilize against it that has been interpreted in that way and ah that was not ah an invitation to come to the November 3rd rally. What that was was exposing what is the Klan and why people need to organize against it.

[redacted]: Okay. Do you know or do you have any knowledge of, any, of a letter of that nature ever being forwarded to any members of the ah Klan or Nazi groups?

[redacted]: No to my knowledge that was never done. Never even thought about

[redacted]: Okay. Okay in addition to the ah leaflets and posters that were ah distributed in the community, you indicated that there was also ah members of your group and yourself would go talk to various people in the community. Is that correct? b6 b7C

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Okay. Tell us which communities in Greensboro that you yourself visited and talked with the residents.

(Pause)

[redacted]: I'm just trying to, excuse me for pausing, but I'm really trying to figure out why this question will help you find out who was in the caravan that day that killed those five people. Ah perhaps we could swap and you could tell me which law enforcement officers took the pictures in China Grove and prior to November 3rd showed them to people in Spencer, North Carolina, asking them to identify people?.

[redacted]: Okay do you know of an incident where a law enforcement officer in Spencer, North Carolina...

[redacted]: Yes

...showed photographs?

I know somebody who does.

Okay can you give us his name?

Her first name...

Oh

...is [redacted]

And she's from Spencer, North Carolina?

Yes. I can find out her last name. I don't, I don't have it in my mind right now

Well if you can find out, we'll see to it that she is made available to the Grand Jury and also interviewed to identify any officer showing photographs of what occurred in China Grove

(Pause)

(Unintelligible), have you ah spoken yourself with this woman [redacted]?

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b7C

Ah I have not spoken with her myself, but I have heard this from somebody who does know her

Can you elaborate ah for us please what you have here regarding an officer showing photographs at China Grove?

Okay further information on this ah may be ahh (Pause) it it may be that [redacted] has the further information on it

Ah for our or purposes now so that you know where we can follow up on this information (Inaudible)

I will try to get the...

What are, I'll agree to find out...

...full name for you

...what we can...

Okay

...and then get back to you on that

[redacted]: Okay the purpose of my, I'm sorry...

(?) (Clears throat).

[redacted]: ...the purpose of my question is to who you spo- spoke in the communities is that ah this rally and conference was to help predominately in the black communities of Greensboro and one of the elements of ah any violation of Federal law is that it was done for racist, racist reasons that the Klan came and, therefore, it assist us in knowing if you talked with ah various residents in the black community and if you ah ah encouraged them to come to this demonstration

[redacted]: Yes we did and not only residents in black communities, but ah we talked to white residents and ah to white workers and black workers

[redacted]: Okay. Again could you rell me if you recall what commu-what community districts that you yourself actually wouldn't talk to the residents?

(Pause)

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Well we talked to residents ah in Morningside. Am, and again I'm having trouble making the connection between what communities we talked to prior to the rally, and the investigation of ah who came in the caravan on the day of the rally. It would seem that who we are talking to is not what's at issue here

[redacted]: No mam let me see if I can explain it. Ah part of the element of any criminal offense has to do with the motive of the people (inaudible) the events and there are a number of different Federal statutes

[redacted]: I've already told you we spoke to residents of black communities

[redacted]: I understand that and you also indicated that you spoke with residents in white communities. It was also reported to to establishing the motive under the various Federal statutes that might apply to this, what kind of information is known to the public, and what kind of information was perceived by the members of the Klan-Nazi caravan as well as other people who may have committed violations of

Federal law so that ah that eveidence can be considered in showing their motive with their respective groups of motives coming to the demonstration of November 3rd (inaudible). So, it's necessary to know what kind of information was disseminated to the public and part of that public is the communities to whom you and other members of the group spoke, as well as information that was disseminated through public media.

[redacted]: Yeah it was disseminated through public media...

(?) (Clears throat)

[redacted]: ...ah I guess, I don't know if there was any coverage before, maybe there was just a tiny little article, am and the fliers were circulated in front of the plant gates ah and in communities

(Pause)

[redacted]: Okay. The speaker, the people that you spoke to in these communities ah did you advise them of the nature of the conference and rally?

[redacted]: Yes we did

[redacted]: Okay

b6
b7C

[redacted]: ...ah because we were looking forward to having some ah very good speakers, ah some people who had had experience with the Klan, one the black worker who had ah, when he was younger, and the the people in his town drove the Klan out a town ah then Bill Sampson was gonna talk. Dorie who was organizing for the Teamsters was gonna talk. Am so we had a an educational program scheduled for the afternoon of November 3rd, and ah that was the main thing that we were am that was the main ah calling card so to speak for people that we were saying we're gonna march through town and then we were gonna go to this church, and we're gonna have this forum and we have excellent speakers and ah refreshments and so on and so forth. That was how the day was planned.

[redacted]: Okay, and the people that you talked to, was there any apprehension or fear on the part of the am black community that you talked to about any possible violence or confrontation with the Klan coming to Greensboro on November 3rd?

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[redacted]: Well people was, would say things like well be careful ah (pause) there wasn't anything particular.

[redacted]: Did people express any kind of apprehension as to whether or not they should come because of the possible violence?

[redacted]: (Pause) I guess people did among other things ah some people expressed an apprehension, some people expressed desire to come interested in it, glad we're doing it ah some people wanted to join us and couldn't, some people said they'd definitely be there. There were different views.

[redacted]: Okay for how long a period of time did you and other ah the people associated with you visit these communities and talk with people just you know prior to November 3rd?

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[redacted]: Ah for several weeks

[redacted]: I'm talking about sometime of late October up through ah the early part of November?

[redacted]: Yeah I guess so

[redacted]: Okay. Did you ah become aware of the fact...

End Side 2

Tape 2, Side 1

[redacted]

[redacted] This is a continuation of the interview of Mrs. [redacted] on April 8th, 1982. Okay. (Clears throat) Were you aware of the fact that am Mr. [redacted] was having difficulty obtaining a parade permit from the am City of Greensboro for this rally and conference?

[redacted]: I wasn't, no

[redacted]: Okay, ahhh

[redacted]: Not at the time

[redacted]: Okay, did by November 1st, 1979, ah were you aware of the fact that parade permit had been issued?

[redacted]: Ah I probably was. I don't remember being unaware or aware of that. I wasn't worrying about it.

[redacted]: Okay was there any discussions with Mr. [redacted] or any other members who were help organizing this rally and conference about any restrictions on the parade permit, that was re, set by the Greensboro Police Department and the City of Greensboro?

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[redacted]: I wasn't aware of that, like I had told you ah I didn't really know any of the details of the parade then

[redacted]: Okay. Ah did you attend any news conferences or did you or your [redacted] attend any news conferences from November 1st, up ah November 3rd, the morning of November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted] No

[redacted]: Okay. Please tell me your with no other form again of your activities say on the on the evening of ah November 2nd nineteen ah 79.

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[redacted]: Ahhh (clears throat) I was home that evening and people were dropping in and out of my house and preparing for the demonstration the next day. Some people, some women were there sewing some of the uniforms in the Junior Revolutionary Youth League. Ahh my [redacted] was meeting with some people. I don't remember exactly who was in and out. Am at some point, Mr. [redacted] was there and he was concerned about the sound equipment. I don't remember if it was at night or very early the next morning. Ah, so there was a lot of activity at my house the evening prior to November 3rd. My [redacted] and I didn't get to bed 'til very late

[redacted]: Okay, you said a lot of people came in and out, would they include am Mr. [redacted], ah...

[redacted]: They might, but I don't remember

[redacted]: You don't recall?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: The name of the people who came in and out? Okay, then please tell us of your activities on the morning of ah November 3rd, 1979

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b7C

[redacted]: (Pause) Am well we were up and getting ready and going out ah again there were people in and out who stopped by our place so they'd know where to go, and am I had a bunch of fliers in the trunk of my car. Ahh, I was going to distribute those on route during the march and at the forum that afternoon. Am I wasn't aware of too much specifics because ah other people was doing other things

[redacted]: Okay and what did you do then that morning, did you go to ah Morningside or to the...

[redacted]: Yeah

[redacted]: Okay, and about approximately what time did you go there then?

[redacted]: It was a little, shortly after ten. I don't remember exactly

[redacted]: And how did you go there?

[redacted]: By ah driving my car

[redacted]: Okay. What kind of car did you have that day?

[redacted]: Am I had a Dodge, and I had a Toyota. I, at that time I had a Toyota and a Dodge. Now I have only a Toyota, and I think I drove my Dodge, but I, yes I must have since I had the literature. I drove the Dodge.

(?) (Clears throat)

(Pause)

[redacted]: Okay. Did your [redacted] ah James go with you on that morning in the same vehicle?

[redacted]: No he did not.

[redacted]: Okay, what time did he arrive at ah Morningside?

[redacted]: I guess he did about the same time I did, but I was not conscious of his whereabouts ah that morning very much

[redacted]: Okay do you know am how he came then? b6 b7C

[redacted]: I suppose he drove the Toyota

[redacted]: Okay, ah do you know where that vehicle was parked, the Toyota?

[redacted]: I don't remember

[redacted]: Okay and tell us about your activity ah say from about ten o'clock on until ah you first became aware that the Klan vehicles had arrived in the area.

(Pause)

[redacted]: Well am I was in a group of people that was ah it it include a lot of children that was standing there and singing and ah [redacted] had a guitar. Ah and somebody made an effigy of ah Klansmen, and the kids were in their uniform. They were standing around singing. There were some people who came out of their houses from the community and they joined in and am, I remember doing a lot of that quite a while 'cause it was early. Am I wasn't as perceptive as Sandy Smith and didn't notice that there were no police there, and that was very strange. Ahh that

is mostly what I was doing. At one point some of the press was ah well I had some Workers Viewpoint newspapers, and I was trying to sell some to ah a woman with a a TV station who am wanted me to give it to her and I insisted on being paid for it because I knew she could afford to pay for it (laughing) and if she didn't I would have to pay for it, so we had a little struggle over that and ah I was uppity and didn't give her the paper in the end. She wouldn't buy it. Am that's mostly why I remember that morning until ah a caravan of cars drove in and I still wasn't as perceptive as some other people because I did not realize what was happening before my eyes.

[redacted]: Okay tell me what you recall ah when you first recall a ah a caravan of cars drove in. What brought that to your attention?

[redacted]: Well the people were chanting, well no at the time they drove in, we were just breaking up our groups ah that had been standing around singing and talking because somebody or maybe several people at the same time felt like well we better form our ranks now and start marching out of here. It's about time to get out a here. So we were doing that and ah then people were looking that way and ah started chanting 'Death To The Klan' and already the caravan was proceeding into that community at that point, and I turned to [redacted] who was either near me or or walked close to me at one point and said 'Is that the klan?' and he ah I don't think he answered me because he was probably busy trying to figure out where to go or what to do. The next thing I remember was a shot ah coming from approximately where this this caravan, the beginning of this caravan, and I don't have a very clear ah recollection of how it got there just that it was going down the street and then there was a shot. Am (Pause) I can tell you the rest of the store if you'd like to hear it...

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[redacted]: Okay just you go...

[redacted]: ...but I was not present when the killings were going on

[redacted]: Okay before we go to that ah, did you hear any comments being made from anybody in the car or the car caravans as they were going by towards the demonstrators in the street?

[redacted]: I don't remember ah I might have at the time, but I do not remember now

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[redacted]: Okay, to your recollection any racial slurs being ah yelled from the vehicles anything of that nature? You don't have no recollection of that?

[redacted]: I don't have a personal recollection of it, but then I, there's a lot of details that I probably recorded at the moment that I don't recall right now.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: You have any gestures made from ah, made by (inaudible)?

[redacted]: What I remembered right afterward was that I thought I had rec, I thought I recognized somebody in that caravan, ah [redacted], who was a known FBI - I'm sure you guys know him

[redacted]: Excuse me, ha, [redacted]?

[redacted]: Yes, [redacted] I thought that I recognized him in the Klan caravan, and some weeks after November 3rd I went down and ah cooperated, not in quotes, but for real, by telling the police that ah they should investigate him cause I think he was there and he should be indicted ah...

[redacted]: Okay, what vehicle do you think you saw Mr... b6 b7C

[redacted]: ...that was never pursued (talks simultaneously)

[redacted]: ...this is Mr. [redacted].

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: What vehicle did you believe you saw Mr. [redacted] in here? Any recollection of it, was it one of the first vehicles or was it a pickup truck or anything at all?

[redacted]: At the time I recalled enough to tell that to the Greensboro Police Department. At the same time I told my lawyers at the Greensboro Justice Fund who probably have it written down some place. At the moment I don't recall it, but I think that you should ah to investigate this as fully as you say ah as for that and other things from the Greensboro Justice Fund lawyers because I did make my testimony to them when it was fresh in my mind back then as well as the Greensboro Police Department.

[redacted] Okay, well Mr. [redacted] and [redacted] can discuss that as far as any discovery that Mr. [redacted] wants to make about it. Okay you said that Mr. [redacted] was a known FBI informant. How do you know he was an FBI informant?

[redacted] I read it in the newspaper

[redacted] Do you recall when? Just prior to this incident or...

[redacted] No, some years before and a Klansman

[redacted] Okay. And how did you know what Mr. [redacted] looked like? Is that from the photographs in the newspaper?

[redacted] Ahh, yeah, principally I think

[redacted] Okay. Principally and and he have you ever seen Mr. [redacted] personally?

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] Okay, and where did you see Mr. [redacted] personally?

[redacted] Am near his house

[redacted] In Greensboro?

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] Okay. And what was the occasion for your to see Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted] Ammm the occasion was that he ah was threatening to kill me

[redacted] When was that?

[redacted] Back in 1974. Did I give you that material sir?

[redacted] (Inaudible)

[redacted] Okay. Am at the time I was working with a group that was trying to get out information about the Cuban revolution and I no longer work with them, called the Venzeremos Brigade, although I'm still supportive of the Cuban revolution and am I was engaging in the discussion with Mr. [redacted]'s son or somebody who said he was Mr. [redacted]'s son. Ah when I left the house Mr. [redacted] followed me and a friend I was with outside and ah threatened

b6
b7C

us at the time. I don't have the exact, I don't remember the exact words. It was something like I'll string you up from the nearest tree or put a hole in your head ah that kind of thing, and at that time he boasted that he worked for the FBI, but that was a few years or at least one or two or maybe even more years between that time and the time it came out in the newspaper that indeed he was an FBI informant at the same time he was a Klansman

[redacted]: Okay. And that's the one occasion that you saw Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: Yes

[redacted]: Okay. And you again saw him in the news media, a picture of him in the news media a year or two later?

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: Okay and you believe one of the people you saw...

[redacted]: Maybe it was three years later, it was a couple of years later

[redacted]: Okay. And you believe one of the people you thought you had recognized... b6 b7C

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: ...in the caravan was Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted]: I thought so. I wasn't a hundred percent sure, but it really registered in my mind also because the person I recognized was dressed in a very ah battle way. I remember a very dandyish appearance which I associated with that person the one time I had seen him and I reported all of that to the police

[redacted]: Okay. Okay you said the next recollection you have was that there was a gunshot and that was some somewhere down in the vicinity where the caravan had ah proceeded from the first vehicles. Is that correct?

[redacted]: That's right

[redacted]: Okay, tell us what happened after that

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[redacted]: After that (sighs) ahhh there was a gunshot or maybe there was even two shots real close, and there was a pause after that after that shot or that two shots, during which am I must have been instinctively drawn to run there to see what was going on and protect friends, but I heard Sandy Smith, who was not that far from me, yell 'Take the Children to Safety,' and she was yelling it at me or at a couple of people standing, a couple other adults cause I was right with the crowd of children. So she said 'take the children to safety' or something like that and am I think I still hesitated a moment not knowing which way to run when she repeated it even louder again 'Take the Children to Safety!' and I knew that ah she was you know had a better lever than I was and more involved and I trusted her judgment and perception and ahh at the time just knew I had a do that so it wasn't much time to think. The children started running. I ran after them. My own child was in that crowd, he was bringing up the rear, he was the slowest runner of 'em all. I was running right behind him, and as we were running people opening up their doors to us and just slipping us in so I ended up in somebody's home. I don't know whose home with a bunch of children and a couple other people.

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b7C

[redacted] Okay do you recall if you were running up Carver Street? Is that the street you were running up with the children?

[redacted]: Ahh I don't recall because I, every time I go back there I kind a get blocked out about where I was running, I mean I was right there where everybody else was running but I don't really recall. It seemed like a big open field to me.

[redacted]: Okay, okay what happened after when you got to the houses, had you heard any additional gunfire be-beside those two shots?

[redacted]: Yes, yes

[redacted] Okay. Tell me about the gunfire you heard then.

[redacted]: As we were running we just heard a lot of shots and ah that's it, we heard a lot of shots, ah after ah I don't know how she got there, but it ended up that [redacted] was in the same ah house I was in and

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after several minutes ah she said to me [redacted] I can't stand the suspense, let's go out and see what's going on,' so am I did. She and I walked out and went back to where we had been. Ah not even beginning to suspect that anybody had been killed I mean hurt even. Am I've never been in a situation even remotely resembling this, and ah I guess I, if I insofar as I had any image at all it was some shots being fired in the air, so when I returned ah this reality was ah just overwhelming. All I could do, it looked like a battlefield with bodies all around, and the first one I saw was Ceasar and I recognized him because I knew what he looked like and ah ah I saw his wife standing over him. Am he was the first one I ran to, and ah I didn't even, I just saw other people lying there, I didn't, I didn't see my [redacted] until a couple of seconds after that and then I saw Jim, I saw [redacted] with [redacted], [redacted] was kneeling over Jim and ah apparently just ah just seconds before I got there (Pause) okay you know the rest, You don't have to ask me that question.

[redacted]: Okay. Do you wanna take a break and you can talk with your client see if she wants to look at the films or not?

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[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: Okay

(?) (Coughs)

****

[redacted]: This is a continuation of the interview of ah Mrs. [redacted] on April 8th, 1982.

[redacted]: Mrs. [redacted] you indicated previously your statement that ah you were interviewed by the Greensboro Police Department ah sometime not too long after this incident occurred in an attempt to among other things ah point out Mr. [redacted] am did you recall at that time telling them that you were under the impression that Mr. [redacted] had given you the finger when he drove by on ah eleven three seventy-nine?

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[redacted] Do I recall telling them that?

[redacted] Yes mam

[redacted] I don't recall telling them that

[redacted] Do you recall now whether Mr. [redacted] is the person you think may have been Mr. [redacted] didn't give you the finger when he drove by?

[redacted] I don't recall that, no

[redacted] Okay

[redacted] Okay? All right the film will be starting just ah about thirty seconds or so before the ah vehicles arrive. (Pause) Anytime you see anything on the film you wanna show us ah (pause)

(?) (Inaudible) (Mumbling)

(pause)

(Music from film)

Unknown Male: That's too far back

b6
b7C

(Pause)

(?) (Clears throat)

(Pause)

(Film noise)

(Pause)

(Film noise)

[redacted] Be about a minute or so, when the vehicles will arrive a minute and a half (pause) (Film)

[redacted] How long has your tape run? Is your tape long?

(Noise from film) (Film being played) (Noisy)

[redacted] Okay. Well said he was not in the pickup truck?

[redacted] No, was definitely not the pickup truck.

CE 44A-3527

Okay. (Film) Now (unintelligible) this, this is ah at ten twenty-eight, twenty-one into Channel 11 film. You see the fellow with hair sticking out the window? With the finger pointed? Is that scene familiar to you from that day?

Ahhh I don't know if it's from that day I can't say on the day it took (inaudible)

Okay do you recall on that day anyone making any kind of ah statements when the vehicle passing by about China Grove?

Again I don't rec-recollect it from that day

Okay

I remember seeing women in some of the cars

Okay

And I remember seeing somebody I thought was [redacted] and...

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Okay

...in what I remember as a white car

All right any vehicle you think that looks similar to that car or any person in any vehicle passing by just let me know what...

Who is that guy pointing his finger?

This individual here?

Yes

I, I don't know if I'm in a position to answer that or not because this is an interview of you ah

Yeah, yeah let's put it this way. If you recognize that person (inaudible) Mrs. [redacted] tell us. Okay why don't you play it forward (inaudible) Tom I think we...

(Talks over) Well do you know who he is?

Yes mam I know who he is

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[redacted] Why hasn't he been indicted? Why wasn't he indicted?

[redacted]: Ahh

[redacted]: Was he one of the ones who was indicted?

(Pause)

[redacted]: No mam

[redacted] No

[redacted]: By the State he was not indicted by them

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: No. (Pause) Okay I'm gonna let it go forward again and ah if you again listen to the tape and you can also watch the ah the picture as it clears up

(Film - noisy)

[redacted]: Can you back it up just a little bit so you can have any space comes through it there

[redacted]: Yeah. Okay

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(Pause)

(Film voices - noisy - 'China Grove, we'll see ya'', we'll see ya')

[redacted]: Do you recognize that individual now?

[redacted]: Not real sharp, no, and ah not in a definitive way

[redacted]: Okay. Did you hear the comment that was made as the vehicle was passing by?

[redacted]: I, I think I can remember comments they made, but I'm not I don't remember now I heard...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...that particular comment being made

[redacted]: Before you proceed, since that car appears to be a white car and it was your impression that you stated earlier that the person you thought was Mr. [redacted] ah was in a white car. Can you tell us now whether it's your impression that that may have been the white car do you know?

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[redacted]: I don't think it was

(Pause)

(Film - Noisy - Chanting 'Death To The Klan')

(Film noise)

[redacted]: It's not all that clear

(Film - chanting 'Death To the Klan')

[redacted]: That guy appears to be loading a gun

(Film noise)

[redacted]: Okay now is that something you recognize in the film or something that you observed that day?

[redacted]: I don't think I observed it that day. Has he been indicted?

[redacted]: Mam, nobody been, nobody has been indicted by the Grand Jury

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[redacted]: (Talks over) Oh I know not by the Grand Jury

[redacted]: Ah the Grand Jury is the only thing we (inaudible)

[redacted]: I just think it's it's truly amazing with all this documentation that none of those people were brought to trial in the State trial

[redacted] Okay

[redacted]: Truly amazing. Go ahead.

[redacted]: This individual, do you recognize him at all?

[redacted]: No

[redacted] (Inaudible) Okay

(Film - chanting)

(Pause)

(Film - chanting 'Death to the Klan')

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[redacted]: That car

[redacted]: Okay

(Film)

[redacted]: The black car.

[redacted]: Go back. Okay

(Film - changing 'Death to the Klan')

Lemme go back a little bit. You wanna see that car again?

[redacted]: Yeah, those two

(Pause)

(Film - chanting 'Death to the Klan')

(Noisy)

[redacted]: Okay now is anybody in this photograph at 11:05 26. Is anybody there look familiar to you or you believe might be Mr. [redacted]? b6 b7C

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay. I'm gonna run this forward very slowly by hand (Film) This gentlemen in the far right of the screen?

[redacted]: Ahh in the far front of the driver?

[redacted]: Yes in the far right which would in this case would be the driver. It say 11:06 into the film

[redacted]: I don't believe any of those three is.

[redacted]: Okay

(Film - chanting - 'Death to the Klan')

[redacted]: Okay at 11:08 27 into the film, is this the vehicle that ah the white vehicle which you felt Mr. [redacted] might be in?

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[redacted]: I've, yeah this or another white vehicle

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: (Inaudible)

[redacted]: Now let me you ask your this mam before we proceed. You mentioned that ah you recalled seeing some (unintelligible) in one or more of the vehicles in the caravan that day is that right?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: Do you recall if ah the person you thought was Mr. [redacted] was in the same vehicle as you knew or another vehicle?

[redacted]: I don't recall for sure. But one of the women, when I saw the picture of her later in the newspaper, I recognized who it was. It was [redacted] an attractive woman

[redacted]: You recognized having seeing her in one of the pictures?

[redacted]: (Talks over) He recognized having seen her that day in this part of a caravan. After I saw her picture, I recognized the picture in the papers that that was she

[redacted]: But you don't have any recollection whether Mr. [redacted] was in the same car as any of the women might?

[redacted]: No

(Film - chanting 'Death to the Klan')

[redacted]: Okay. Now can you you locate whose in that photograph....

[redacted]: Yes I can

[redacted]: ...of eleven seventeen twenty-seven? in the far right carrying the ah leaflets or papers in your hand?

[redacted]: That's right

b6
b7C

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[redacted] Okay. And that's Dr. [redacted] immediately over your left?

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] And this is Mr. [redacted] with the guitar?

[redacted] Ah I guess so, hard...

[redacted] Okay

[redacted] ...to tell him there

[redacted] And do you...

(Tape goes off Side 1)

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Tape 2, Side 2

(Middle of Tape)

[redacted] Okay do you recognize this gentleman with the ah wood in his arm? Ah black (unintelligible)

[redacted]: I don't recognize the rear view

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: I don't know who that is

(Film - chanting 'Death To the Klan')

(Noisy)

[redacted] Okay now you at this time really that's you over here at at 11:22 15 and you're facing down the street, facing towards Mr. [redacted]. Do you recall the incident and hearing that noise where a a vehicle was struck by a piece of wood?

[redacted]: No. I recall the chants. I recall the shots coming generally that way, from that way

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Okay

(Film)

[redacted]: Okay did you hear a noise in the film, were some those that are shot that you heard on November 3rd '79?

[redacted]: Just now, you mean?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: I wasn't paying that much attention. You'll have to back it up

[redacted]: Okay I'll play it back then

(Film)

[redacted]: Turn it up

(Film - chants - 'Death To The Klan').

(Noisy)

[redacted] Yes

(Film - Noisy)

[redacted] You said yes. Is that...

[redacted] Well after...

[redacted] ...similar to the noise that you thought you heard?

[redacted] I guess I heard it and then...

[redacted] Okay just just listen again

(Film)

[redacted] I can hear it

(Film)

(Pause)

[redacted] I, I don't make a connection between this, and I heard a shot coming from there

b6
b7C

[redacted] Uh huh

[redacted] What I told you. Now I don't know where on the tape that I did

[redacted] Okay did you see any smoke in the air when you heard the shot?

[redacted] Ahh I wasn't looking that far down. I was looking right around me

[redacted] Okay

[redacted] At the children

(Film - noisy)

[redacted] Okay. Now this is Carver Street which goes in a northly direction. This is Everitt Street on your screen to the left 'll be west and the right would be the east. Ah you were standing on Everitt Street ah when you were last observed in the films. Do you recall now which way you ran and in which direction you ran?

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[redacted] I ran into the community

[redacted] Which 'd be, up this direction here toward...

[redacted] Right. From...

[redacted]: ...these housing back in here?

[redacted]: ...yeah that direction

[redacted] Okay. As you were running up the street, and you would have turned left I assume. Do you recall turning left?

[redacted] I don't recall turning left or right. Just recall running back into the community

[redacted] Okay. Do you recall observing any kind of street confrontation or fight with all these men with two by two's and sticks?

[redacted] No...

[redacted]: ...some

[redacted] ...I didn't observe that

[redacted] Okay do you recall hearing any kind of...

[redacted] I was looking at the children in front of me

[redacted] Okay did you hear any kind of noises that ah you could associate with that banging sticks at metal or...

[redacted] What I, no what I mainly recall hearing was more gunshots after the first shot or two

[redacted] Okay. All right we're gonna go play back just a second here

(Film - noisy)

[redacted] Now listen

(Film - noisy - bam! bam!)

[redacted]: Now is that the sound that you heard that you thought were two rapid shots?

[redacted] Very possible

[redacted] Okay and do you recall where you were when you heard those shots now?

b6
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Unknown Male: (Clears throat)

[redacted] Ahh, I was either ah running back or about to run back or just before running back cause I don't...

[redacted]: Okay. Lemme get, lemme...

[redacted]: (Inaudible)

[redacted]: ...draw you a diagram. This will be Carver Street running back into the community go, okay. This is Everitt Street. Okay. This entrance here is the entrance to the administration building. Okay. Now you're somewhere down here at this location and you heard one shot which came down from the vicinity of the front of the caravan and at that time you ran back into the community. Can you just put a little x as to where you think you were in location ah we're talking about relatively a feet, of course, fifty, sixty feet, ah when you heard the two rapid shots go bam! bam! that you just heard on the screen?

(Pause)

[redacted] If you know.

[redacted]: If you know. If you can recall

[redacted] I can't recall exactly where I was

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: Ahh...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...I just keep wondering about this guy who is sticking his head out of the car window and making the very first shots of the day and that he was never indicted and I wonder if you ever intend to bring him up before the Grand Jury

[redacted] Okay. Okay I understand that and you know we're well aware what's on the film and we've, we've...

[redacted] Seems to me...

[redacted]: ...heard the shots

[redacted] ...that you'll get a lot more information out of him even than me because he could tell you about firing those shots and I can't recall...

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[redacted] Okay

[redacted] ...exactly where I was when those shots were fired

[redacted] Okay, all right

[redacted] Okay, now mam

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted] We're asking you, we're...

[redacted]: Okay I'm telling you I don't remember the exact spot I was in...

[redacted] I don't...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...remember hearing the shots and running with the children after being told by Sandy I should take the children to safety

[redacted]: Okay. Where do you recall that you last observed Sandy and heard Sandy talking to you about going with the children to safety? b6 b7C

[redacted]: It was, it was probably right after those shots were fired, because right after there was some noise and commotion, and I was aware of her presence around me. I don't know exactly which side of me she was standing on, but I was aware of her voice and her presence around me telling me...

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: ...to do that

[redacted] Are you aware of [redacted] being near you at all during the occasion?

[redacted]: Ahh, I don't remember. I just remember that she was with me in the house and then we walked back together

[redacted]: Okay, so you have no recollection of her running near you or in front of you ah during this time that you were running with the children?

[redacted]: I don't, I don't remember ah she was probably near me but I don't think she was near me every second because ah I don't think she was exactly with me when I was running with the children.

[redacted]: Okay, do you...

[redacted]: She may have been right behind me. I don't know.

[redacted]: Do you have any recollection of ah Sandy Smith being struck by anybody or struck ah...

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: ...with a two by four at this time...

[redacted]: Uh uh

[redacted]: ...that she was talking to you, ah okay

(Pause)

(Film)

[redacted]: Okay. Do you desire to go any further in the film?

[redacted]: Uh uh, I don't. Do you mam?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: I'd like you to ah if you would please look at some photographs and if you recognize any of these persons I ask you to indicate to us who they are. First direct your attention to the photograph labeled L slash 28 to the black gentleman with ah bike helmet on. Do you recognize that person?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: Okay. I'd like to direct your attention to the photographs on this page which are labeled A through D and specifically with regards to photos B, C and D. I ask if you recognize any of those persons?

(Pause)

[redacted]: No I do not

[redacted]: Okay, and then again on the page ah, the next two pages actually am photographs E through H and photograph J, I ask you if you recognize any of those persons?

[redacted]: (Pause) No I don't. I mean one or two of them I've seen in the video tape that day. I don't know 'em.

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b7C

[redacted]: You don't know the names of any of those persons?

[redacted]: Uh uh

[redacted]: Okay. Thank you

[redacted] Okay in your viewing of the film, is any of the vehicles that we looked at similar to the vehicle that you observed in which you thought Mr. [redacted] was in?

[redacted]: It's possible one of those two white cars was

[redacted]: The two white cars being the black top with the white one

[redacted]: No something like the fourth and fifth car, not those black ones, not the second one but the ah but the fourth one (inaudible)

[redacted]: Okay. Would am, okay, fine. Okay, do you have any questions about the film or anything else Mike that ah?

[redacted] Am

[redacted]: Listen to your film?

[redacted]: Not, relative to the film, but I have a couple of other questions am (Pause). On November 3rd Mrs. [redacted] other than the persons in the caravan, ah do you recall seeing any people in that community ah ah with weapons? b6 b7C

[redacted] No I don't recall seeing any other people in that community with weapons

[redacted]: Did you ever see any black male with a shotgun?

[redacted] No

[redacted]: Did you yourself bring a weapon, a firearm to the demonstration?

[redacted]: No

[redacted]: To your knowledge, did any of the am persons that were participating in the rally bring a weapon with them to the demonstration?

[redacted]: Ah my [redacted] brought my handgun to the demonstration

[redacted]: Okay, would you describe (inaudible)...

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[redacted]: ...and, well it was a .38 Charter Arm, am and I believe that that was the gun that he and (tape difficulty) helping the Klans accuse me for that, had given it to [redacted], ah she returned it to me. That was the only one I was aware of

[redacted]: To your knowledge, was that weapon loaded when your husband took it on November 3rd?

[redacted]: I have no knowledge of that either way, but I assume it was

[redacted]: When you ah received that weapon back from Miss [redacted], ah was it still loaded?

[redacted]: I don't recall, that was a long time ago?

[redacted]: How many, you said that's a .38, is that a a .38 revolver?

[redacted]: Uh huh

[redacted]: How many shots will that represent without reloading it?

[redacted]: I believe six

b6
b7C

[redacted]: Did ah you have any conversation with Miss [redacted] as to whether she used the gun on that date?

[redacted]: Well I learned that through the media ah eventually. She said she returned it to me and she did

[redacted]: Did, did you have a conversation with her relative to her using that weapon that day?

[redacted]: I prob, I don't remember to tell you the truth. I think that she said right there at at the demonstration that the Klan fired on us and we fired back to protect ourselves

[redacted]: When did you buy that gun?

[redacted]: Ahhh, you want me to tell you exactly?

[redacted]: Yes, please

(Pause)

[redacted]: Am August 9th, 1977.

[redacted]: And where did you buy that from?

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[redacted] I don't remember

[redacted] Re-reflecting the piece of paper that we first looked at? Is that is that a receipt from the purchase?

[redacted] No, this is a permit for the gun from the ah Guilford County Sheriff's Department

[redacted] May I see that? Do you mind?

[redacted] Uh huh

(?) (Clears throat)

(Pause)

(?) (Coughs)

[redacted] (Inaudible) dated. (Pause) With your position mam, permission mam, could we make a copy of this? And return it to you?

[redacted] (Inaudible) see why not. Uh huh.

[redacted] All right, can we return it to Mr. [redacted]? Ahh we do not have Xeroxing ah facilities right here, but we can make arrangements now for Xeroxing it and returning it to you

b6
b7C

[redacted] There's a, I think there's a machine there. A (inaudible) machine

[redacted] There's a machine downstairs where we can spend a quarter and get it Xeroxed right away for you

[redacted] Okay (unintelligible)

[redacted] Before you leave, we'll do it

[redacted] I'll bet it's goin' come through but the...

[redacted] It's pretty fair

[redacted] ...form itself you would a have a copy of. If we could may we get that copied so she can take it back with her today would be real handy

[redacted] Why don't we ah, why don't you write down the form number on this (inaudible) Do you still have that weapon mam?

[redacted] Yes I do

[redacted] Ah would you provide that weapon to us?

[redacted]: I don't have it with me

[redacted] But I, then you can make it available

[redacted] I would like to talk with her about that

[redacted]: Okay, fine. I expect it that you would. Ah we would request the weapon ah as you have indicated Miss [redacted] does make a statement on the video tape that...

(?) (Clears throat)

[redacted]: ...when the Klan fired at him that she, that that we fired back. There's reason to believe that that weapon ah that was in her possession was fired on that day and ah we would like to have it see what we could do with the ballistics analysis on that

[redacted]: Do you have an estimate as to how long you would want possession of it? for that test, for the test?

b6
b7C

[redacted] Well it would be necessary for us to continue until the conclusion of our investigation

[redacted]: Which is an unspecified period?

[redacted] Right

[redacted]: What, if she were to agree to turn over the weapon, what if you did the testing and then returned it back to her?

[redacted]: Well it would be necessary to maintain the custody of that weapon along with all the other weapons that we still have in our custody ah until the conclusion of our investigation

[redacted]: What are all the other weapons that you have in your custody?

[redacted] We have all the weapons (unintelligible) up to the present that day mam except this one

[redacted]: Uh huh

(Pause)

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[redacted]: I'm just not sure why, I don't understand why you would need a chain of custody on this weapon if you've got ballistics on it

[redacted]: We need to maintain a chain of custody on all physical weapons

[redacted]: Would be you just wanna hold it so that you can be secure that you'll have possession of it?

[redacted]: Yes

(Pause)

[redacted]: Officer the serial number is a chain of custody is less important (inaudible)?

[redacted]: Right

[redacted]: Is it enough if I give you the serial number?

[redacted]: Well we need actual possession of the weapon at least for a short period of time in order to conduct these ballistics

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b7C

[redacted]: Will you supply me with another one to protect myself in the meantime?

[redacted]: I, I don't...

[redacted]: Equivalent

[redacted]: ...I don't think we could do that

[redacted]: Why not? I need something to protect myself. My [redacted] shot down in the street. It could happen to anybody right? Me or anybody else, if they oppose what the Government tells them

[redacted]: Lemme suggest this ah Mr. [redacted] has indicated that he wishes to discuss this issue with you perhaps ah you'd like to to step some place and discuss that with Mr. [redacted] and we can discuss it among ourselves what the various options are for us

[redacted]: Well I would prefer not to make a decision on that today, but talk with other members of our team, but we would probably like to have the the request that you're having a a a sort of middle request is can we borrow the weapon and do some ballistics on it, and return it. She's expressed the need to have the weapon

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[redacted]: Right, I, I understand that (inaudible) Well...

[redacted]: Why don't you do that...

[redacted]: ...why don't you, why don't you...

[redacted]: ...that would be more...

[redacted]: ...discuss it with whomever you want to discuss it ah, and ah give us to a response to that, and ah in the meantime we will ah discuss what the various options are...

(?) (Coughs)

[redacted]: ...then keeping with the integrity of our investigation and our obligations to preserve this weapon and ah see what you can do about it. All right.

[redacted]: Okay. Well see our position be we would want you to make an offer if you will to us ah what you wanna do with the gun

[redacted]: Well I'd prefer the minimum we'd like to have the gun in order to run ballistic test on it

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[redacted]: Okay I, that's again the main thing is in what happens after that, cause that's what I'm saying...

[redacted]: (Talks simultaneously) (unintelligible)

[redacted]: (Unintelligible)

[redacted]: ...if you would let, we would have the gun tomorrow

[redacted]: Okay

[redacted]: So...

[redacted]: That's finp

[redacted]: ...as long as you wanna take time to discuss it with other people...

[redacted]: That's fine

[redacted]: ...rather than conduct that conversation here now and then further delay Miss [redacted]

[redacted]: That's fine

(Pause)

[redacted]: Other than ah this weapon mam that your [redacted] brought to the scene mam, are you aware of any other peopl that brought weapons or any other person associated with the rally that day that brought weapons to the scene?

[redacted]: I was not aware of it

[redacted]: You're not aware of it on November 3rd?

[redacted]: I was not aware of it on November 3rd, no

[redacted]: Are you now aware of any persons who brought weapons to that scene?

[redacted] Yes. Ah because in the meantime I've heard that Bill Samson ah who also needed a weapon to defend himself and was a trade union organizer, not against the workers, but against Klan types, ah that he had a gun on him and ah that the fired back in self-defense, so I have heard ah (unintelligible) but I was not even aware of ah ah my [redacted] you know use the, he was at at liberty to ah take my gun so I didn't. b6 b7C

[redacted]: Is that the only weapon you and your [redacted] have at that time mam?

[redacted]: Ahhh that was the only handgun we owned

[redacted]: I take it from that statement that you also owned either some rifles or some shotguns?

(Pause)

[redacted]: Amum

[redacted]: You wanna talk?

[redacted]: Yeah, I wanna talk a minute here

[redacted]: Excuse us

[redacted]: Yeah we're gonna go off the record just a second

(Noise in tape)

[redacted]: This is a continuation of the interview of ah Mrs. [redacted]

[redacted]: Ah yeah at the time we owned ah a carbine ah rifle I guess you call it that ah a friend had given to my [redacted]. It was like a World War II relics ah we didn't ah, we never had used it and it was like you know something to hang on the wall

[redacted]: To your knowledge did you husband bring that weapon to the scene?

[redacted]: Ah no he did not

[redacted]: Okay, (Noise) you indi, (puase) (noise in tape)

(Pause)

[redacted]: Now you indicated that based on subsequent events or subsequent knowledge to November 3rd that Mr. Samson had a weapon that day. Do you ah have any knowledge, subsequent knowledge of any other person among the rally just those who had a weapon that day were in the community (inaudible)?

[redacted]: No I don't

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[redacted]: Okay (pause) anything else?

[redacted]: Just a summary type questions, am, do you have any knowledge directly (noise) or from any source of information ah relative to any involvement of the ah officers of the Greensboro Police Department in the events that took place on November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: (Pause) Yeah, first of all, I know they weren't there, although we have subsequently found out that they knew everything that was going on leading up to it

[redacted]: Okay when you say they, do you have a specific officer that knew everything that was going on that led up to this incident?

[redacted]: Yeah, Detective [redacted]. Ah again my my knowledge of all these details is not nearly as ah developed as the lawyers of the Greensboro Justice Fund who ahh have researched this much more thoroughly. So I really want to recommend to get at the bottom of that, that they be, that they appear ah before the Grand Jury, and share that detailed knowledge about the ah police department ah actions on that day

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[redacted]: Okay, in addition to that, do you have any knowledge of any involvement of any agents in the United States Department of Justice, the FBI, Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms that had any participation in relative to the incident on November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: Ahh there are several indications that that kind of thing was going on, and one I mentioned to you is that pictures were being circulated, ah people who were subsequently murdered in between the time of China Grove and November 3rd by law enforcement officials, I took note of the fact that there was a United Racist Front being formed in September of 1979. Ah later on it emerged that an agent of the Bureau of Alcohol, Firearms, in fact with the firearms department, am was present at that meeting. That was very strange at the time to see Klan and Nazis getting together am I think that my [redacted] was surveilled in his workplace at the treatment plant

[redacted]: What do you...

[redacted]: I think we were spied upon. Ahh one thing that leads me to that, to think that is ah that at the trial, an individual he worked with, who his estimation of the person that it was a very off-the-wall person who like politics, but was coming from some strange places, ah then got up on the stand and told a bunch of lies about what Jim had said that he never said, so I suspect that person. Ah I know from my friends... b6 b7C

[redacted]: Do you know that person?

[redacted]: Yes, ah [redacted] I believe. I'm not a hundred percent sure, but I think that's who it is

[redacted]: Do you know the names of any persons...

[redacted]: I know the neighobrs of mine that the house was broken into my the police some months before November 3rd. Ah supposedly am in pursuit of some some felon ah and and they were also ah ah workers of Cone Mills, they were (inaudible) of the union organizer

[redacted]: (Clears throat) With reference to ah Mr. [redacted] I believe you said his name was (Clears throat) Are there any person who may have been present during conversations between your [redacted] and Miss, Mr. [redacted] about Mr. [redacted] testifying at the State trial?

[redacted]: It's unlikely because the place he worked at was extremely isolated ah and there weren't many people working there. There were only am two or three people at most that were even on duty at a particular time, that particular shift.

[redacted]: Do, do you have any additional information you wish to furnish in regards to any matter prior to the November 3rd incident ah that day November 3rd or the events after November 3rd, 1979?

[redacted]: Am (clears throat) well I think it's obvious that the people in that film ah who are known to the police should have been indicted at the State trial and should be at ah subpoenaed before the Grand Jury and ah there must have been thirty or forty people in those cars. In addition ah we know that that kind of operation was a planned one, and ah we feel that [redacted] who led the caravan in and who was in contact with the Greensboro Police should be subpoenaed by the Grand Jury, should have been indicted, ah he went around recruiting people to go on that caravan. He admitted that. Ah he admitted it to ah [redacted] who ah wrote the Institute to Southern Studies report. I think those people should ah come before the Grand Jury and tell everything they know, and I think that [redacted] and his superiors should be brought before the Grand Jury and ah they should be made to clarify what their role was, why they joined, why [redacted] joined the Nazi Party in July, why he left Greensboro on November 4th, why the office had burned down, another Nazi's house, Roland Wood and blamed it on the CWP, and why he encouraged them to take firearms November 3rd. what went on at those planning meetings prior to November 3rd. Ah I think there's a lot of rich investigation there for the Grand Jury, ah if they would look into that, and ah everything I'm saying since it is documented in news articles in the Winston-Salem paper, the Greensboro paper, the New York Times and so on, am I think the people will not have any trouble talking to the people who obtained that information whether they be recorders or lawyers am so in the interest of the fullest investigation, I really urge calling before the Grand Jury the Justice Fund lawyers, Government agents, [redacted] ah the connections between this and the Asheville affair and [redacted], another agent, or [redacted] or whatever his name is, that those other people who should be intereviewed and should be ah some ah and those people

b6
b7C

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people ah will turn out and the facts should be indicted, ah that I would like to see, I would honestly like to see the people who are responsible for my [redacted] s death brought to justice because it is very difficult to live without a man you love, it's very difficult to live without your [redacted] who you've looked forward to living your whole life with, and who you love very much, and ah nobody can compensate you for that loss, so I do want justice and that is why I'm talking to you and ah if you indict [redacted] and [redacted] and the others responsible then I will think that there is some justice.

[redacted]: Any further questions? Okay that concludes the interview with Mrs. [redacted] and it's 3:05 p.m., April 8th, 1982. Thank you very much.

End

b6
b7C

AIG.1(c-w)

COMPLAINT NUMBER: 79-0145368
OFFENSE: Homicide
WITNESS: [redacted]
Martinsville, Virginia
Telephone: [redacted]
EMPLOYER: Budd Trailer Company
STATEMENT TAKEN BY: Detective [redacted]
TIME AND DATE: 1/3/80, 1:40 p.m. in Martinsville, VA

This writer contacted this subject by telephone on this date and time in an attempt to make an appointment with this witness after finding he was at the scene of the murders in Greensboro on 11/3/79. This writer advised [redacted] who he was and that he wanted to meet with him to talk to him. [redacted] stated he would not talk to me and he did not know anything about these murders and could not help me in any way. He also stated he might talk to me at a later time, but he still did not know anything about what happened. He admitted he was in Greensboro that day and had driven his van to Greensboro.

He stated on that day, subjects from Martinsville by the names of [redacted] and others came with him to Greensboro. He stated he came to Greensboro because [redacted] asked him to. He stated he did not know anything about any type of rally except it was to be an anti-Klan rally at Morningside Homes. He stated he drove to that location, and did not follow anyone to that site. He stated when he and the others arrived, he parked his van on Everitt Street or in that area and walked through the area of Everitt and Carver Street where they were singing and going on, and posting signs on a truck. He stated shortly after that, someone yelled the Klan was coming through and he ran. Mr. [redacted] stated he did not see any fire or any shooting. He later got into his van and came back to Martinsville, VA with the same people who came down with him. He stated he did not have a weapon in Greensboro that day and did not see any weapons in his van.

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This writer again advised this subject he would like to meet with him in person and would like to photograph his van. He stated he would not meet me in person and would not agree to let me photograph his van. He stated he did not know anything and was not going to talk with me in person at that time, although he might talk to me later if he saw fit.

A short time after this conversation, this writer along with a Martinsville detective and Officer [redacted] drove by the subject's house at [redacted] His white van was sitting in the driveway. Photographs were made of this white van from the street without the subject's permission.

[redacted], Detective
Criminal Investigation Division

AT/mlt/17.18

COMPLAINT NUMBER	GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
79-0145368			
OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICE	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Assault	Gun		11/3/79 1119
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
[redacted]	Unknown		

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

This is a statement taken from Kate Wrenn, address unknown, phone unknown, wife of the victim, [redacted] b6 b7C

Real Name is: [redacted]

Mrs. [redacted] states at approx. 1030, 11/3/79 to 1130, 11/3/79, she was unsure of the time, she was standing on the sidewalk in the 1900 block of Everitt St. She stated approx. five cars came by her location. One station wagon, one white car, and one bronze colored car. She stat the vehicles were moving west on Everitt St. toward Gillespie St. at a slow rate of speed. Sh stated all the vehicle contained white males, possibly in their thirties to forties. She stated the next thing she heard was what she thought to be firecrackers, but they turned out to be gunshots. She stated the subjects started shooting and she saw a woman get shot beside her. Mrs. [redacted] stated she dragged the woman from the street to a parked car and stayed behir the parked car until the shooting stopped. When asked if she could identify any of the suspec in the assault, she stated she could not. She stated all the white males did appear to be in their thirties or forties, except for one W/M she saw appeared to be in his late teens or early twenties, wearing a baseball type hat.

KAL/dlr/99

11/3/79

☐ Cleared By Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

COMPLAINT NUMBER: 79-0145268
OFFENSE: Assault with a Deadly Weapon Inflicting Serious Bodily Injury

VICTIM: [redacted]
ADDRESS: Unknown
TELEPHONE: Unknown
STATEMENT TAKEN BY: Detective [redacted]
DATE AND TIME: 12/21/79

On this date, this victim, [redacted], along with two C.W.P. workers' attorneys came to the District Attorney's Office. This writer along with District Attorney Mike Schlosser, [redacted] and [redacted] interviewed the subject. This writer advised this victim of his rights and he did on his attorney's advice sign this waiver form. This writer dated this with the District Attorney's Office and the date was 12/21/79 at 2:45 p.m. He stated he understood his rights and did want to tell us what happened, and made the following statement. He stated he was at the rally at Everitt and Carver Streets on 11/3/79, and he had come because it was going to be an anti-Klan rally and he had been told not to bring a weapon, although he would not state who told him this. He stated he had been shot with buckshot through the right shoulder and in the top of the head going straight down. He stated he had been shot when he bent over to help Nathan who had been shot. He stated when he bent down, that's when he was shot in the top of the head and in the shoulder with buckshot. He did not see who shot him. He also said that he saw a male fire a long pistol out of the window of a pickup truck on the right side of the pickup truck. He stated this was the first shot that he saw or heard on that date. He also stated he thought this was the first vehicle in the Klan caravan. He stated just before this shot occurred, a group of people had come by in cars and started calling his group "nigger lovers" and things of this nature. He then stated after the shot, he saw some of his friends in a fight near the intersection of Carver and Everitt Street in the northeast corner in the grass and he ran over to help them, and someone pushed him on top of a man that he did not know who had a shotgun. He stated the man was holding the shotgun with both hands and was on the ground holding it to his chest. He stated it was a riot type shotgun with a long stock like thing under the barrel. He said he could identify this gun if he saw it again. He also said the only two guns he saw that day was the pistol that he had seen fired out of the window of the truck by one of the Klansman and the shotgun that he saw the man with that he was lying on top of. He stated everything else happened so fast that he did not see any other shooting and he did not know who shot him except that he felt like that the man he had been on top of was the one who shot him.

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A number of photographs of the Klan people that were arrested were shown to this man and also the guns that were taken from the van. He stated he could not identify any of the Klansmen although he did recognize Roland Wood and Milano Caudle. He stated the only reason he recognized these two people were from photographs that he had seen in a Salisbury, North Carolina paper identifying them and he could not identify them as being at the scene of the shooting. He

also stated the riot type shotgun he saw the guy with and that he identified from these photographs of guns, looked to be the one that he saw Milano Caudle holding.

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[redacted], Detective
Criminal Investigation Division

AT/dm/54

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GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT

STATEMENT OF RIGHTS:

Before asking you any questions, we want to advise you of your rights and determine that you understand fully what your rights are.

1. You have a right to remain silent.
2. Whatever you say can and will be used as evidence against you in a court of law.
3. You have a right to consult a lawyer and to have a lawyer present with you while you are being questioned.
4. If you want a lawyer but are unable to afford one, a lawyer will be appointed to represent you before any questioning if you wish.
5. You may decide now or at any subsequent time to exercise these rights and not answer any questions or make any statement.

Signed [redacted]

WAIVER OF RIGHTS:

I have read the above statement of my rights and have also had my rights explained to me by a police officer. Knowing these rights, I do not want a lawyer at this time. I waive these rights knowingly and willingly agree to answer questions and/or make a statement.

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Signed [redacted]

Interviewing Offic [redacted]

Witness: _____

Place: _____

Date: 12-21-94 19 94 Time: 2:45 PM

PD - Pol - 101 - 526 (Rev. 1-79)

1 ACTIVITY NUMBER

GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
CASE REPORT

MC

2 OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER #	5 BADGE & ASSIGNMENT
6 LOCATION OF OCCURRENCE	7 TIME & DATE OCCURRED	8 TIME & DATE REPORTED	9 TYPE OF PREMISES
10 VICTIM	11 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		12 PHONE
13 SEX/DESCENT/AGE	14 BUSINESS ADDRESS		15 PHONE
16 REPORTED BY	17 ADDRESS		18 PHONE
19 PERSON/PROPERTY ATTACKED	20 HOW ATTACKED		
21 EXTENT OF INJURY/VALUE OF PROPERTY	22 TYPE OF INJURY RECEIVED/PROPERTY INVOLVED		
23 PERSON(S) ARRESTED	24 ADDRESS		25 CHARGE

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL—FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

COMPAINT NUMBER	GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT		
79-01453c8			
OFFENSE	3 CLASSIFICATION	4 OFFICER	5 TIME & DATE OF REPORT
Criminal Homicide	Murder		1625 7/9/80
6 VICTIM	7 VICTIM'S ADDRESS		
N/A	N/A		

THE INFORMATION BELOW IS CONFIDENTIAL – FOR USE BY AUTHORIZED POLICE PERSONNEL ONLY

On 11/3/79, while investigating the Nazi/Klan/CWP shooting at Everitt and Carver Dr., I was dispatched to Cone Hospital to do some of the follow-up work on the investigation. After thinking I had completed my investigation at Cone Hospital, I then went to the Guilford County Ambulance Service located at Headquarters and 29 where I knew they had set up a tempora morgue for the bodies of the victims of the shootout. There, I contacted Detective [redacted] whc asked me at that time whether I had collected the clothes from [redacted] & Nathan. I advised him that I had not at which time he sent me back to Cone Hospital along with Detective [redacted] tc collect the clothes.

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Upon our arrival at Cone Hospital, we were told the clothes had been given to Ms. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted] We located both Ms. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted] in the waiting room outside of the Intensive Care ward at Cone Hospital. There lying on the floor were two sealed plastic bags containing the clothes of [redacted] and Nathan. Detective [redacted] told Ms. [redacted] and Ms. [redacted] that we needed to collect the clothes as evidence. At first, they were reluctant to do so but on the advice of their attorney, who was present at the time in the waiting room, they consented to give us the two sealed garbage bags containing the clothes; at which time, Detective [redacted] took one and I took one and left the hospital with them. Ithen took both bags of clothes myself and transported them to the P.D. Lab where they were turned over t S.I. [redacted] who dried the clothes, marked them, and turned them in as evidence.

L/lfh/29

7/9/80
1:09-4:41p

☐ Cleared By Arrest ☐ Exceptionally Cleared ☐ Unfounded ☐ Inactive PS - 80 - 17

VICTIM - CHAIN OF CUSTODY

[redacted]

1. Found at scene of Everitt and Carver.

2. Carried to Cone Hospital in ambulance.

   a. Victim [redacted] and two unknown (uninjured) persons also rode in ambulance.
   b. [redacted] and [redacted] (EMS).
   c. EMS Unit 358.

3. Treated at Cone Hospital by Dr. [redacted].

   a. One pellet removed from head.
   b. One fragment removed from right arm.
   c. Dr. [redacted] gave pellets to Nurse [redacted]
   d. Nurse [redacted] gave pellets to Patrolman [redacted]. b6 b7C

4. Clothing removed from Wrenn by _____ and given to Patrolman [redacted] who later turned same in as evidence on Card 43.

   a. Item 8 on Evidence Card 43 is 26¢ in change which is received by F.B.I. and listed under "Other Submitted Items." (No "Q" # give).

5. Patrolman [redacted] returns to Police Department and turns two pellets in as evidence (see Evidence Card 17, Items 1 and 2).

6. Items on Evidence Card 17 are taken to F.B.I. Lab by Identification Specialist [redacted] on 11-19-79 for examination.

   a. See letter of transmittal dated 11-19-80, Items 56 and 57.
   b. Also items on Card 43.

7. F.B.I. Lab received items on 11-19-79, see letter dated 12-19-79.

   a. F.B.I. Lab numbers are assigned to items:

ITEM	EVID./ITEM CARD/NUMBER	L.O.T. ITEM NUMBER	F.B.I. NUMBERS
Pellet	17/1	56	Q-195
Fragment	17/2	57	Q-196
Clothing	/1 thru 7& 43/9 thru 11	31	Q-166 thru Q-177

MR. [redacted]

This is an interview with Mr. [redacted] on April 15, 1982 at Durham, North Carolina. The time is 3:40 P.M. My name is [redacted]. I'm an attorney with the Civil Rights Division, United States Department of Justice. Would you please identify yourself for the record?

[redacted], Greensboro Justice Fund.

[redacted] Greensboro Justice Fund.

KEN MCCALLISTER, United States Attorney for the Middle District of North Carolina.

[redacted], Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

[redacted] Attorney, Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice.

And I'm [redacted]

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[redacted]: Mr. [redacted] where are you presently residing?

[redacted]: Rocky Mount, North Carolina.

[redacted]: And do you have a specific address in Rocky Mount?

[redacted]: [redacted].

[redacted]: How long have you resided at that location?

[redacted]: Two years, two and a half years, since January 1980.

[redacted]: Are you currently employed?

[redacted]: Yes, I am.

[redacted]: Where are you currently employed sir?

[redacted]: At the Allied Maintenance Company.

[redacted]: In November, 1979 where were you residing?

[redacted]: 806 North Gregson Street, in Durham, that's Apartment 9.

[redacted]: How long had you resided at that location?

[redacted]: Uh, since about 19, since January of 1975.

[redacted]: Where were you employed in November 1979?

[redacted]: With the American Red Cross in November now?

[redacted]: Yes sir.

[redacted]: I thought you said January.

[redacted]: Well, I meant November if I said January. Were you residing at the Gregson Street address in November, 1979?

[redacted]: Right, well up to November, right. And I was employed at the, with the American Red Cross Blood Mobile, Durham Center.

[redacted]: How long had you been employed with them?

[redacted]: Since January, since the first of January of 1979.

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[redacted]: Now, in your employment with the American Red Cross, were you involved in any kind of union activities or a member of any union?

[redacted]: Uhm, not with my employment with the Red Cross, but while I was employed with the Red Cross, I was active as an acting business representative for Local 465 of the International Union of Operating Engineers, that was a temporary position which I had been acting in since about the middle of '78.

[redacted]: And what were your responsibilities in that position?

[redacted]: Uhm, I was responsible for employee groups at Durham Housing Authority in Durham, and members of the union at the Carolina Aluminum Company in Winton, North Carolina.

[redacted]: And you said that you began that in that position sometime in 1978?

[redacted]: Right.

How long did you continue in that position?

Uh, until March of 1979.

Okay, and what was the reason for your terminating in that position?

Well, they hired a full-time representative. I was just a temporary because I didn't, I had been fired at Duke in the union I was in the workmen's capacity after I was from '78 until well until they hired a full-time representative.

When were you fired from Duke?

1977, November, 1977.

Did that have anything to do with your union activities, your termination of your employment?

Sure, I believe it did. The union believed it did.

Could you tell us about that please?

Well, I started to work at Duke University at the in the and, uh, uhm, I was elected a which was Local 465 of the Operating Engineers. I continued to, uhm, act in that capacity for three years, well for most of three years. For a period of time I was not a I was active in the labor movement at in general in terms of, uh, Local 77 and the hospital organizing drive and Local 465, all three sort of separate constituencies and together, you know, there was a movement at consistent of those three constituencies.

Okay, and how did that result in your being terminated?

Uhm, I had filed a number of grievances. I was active in filing grievances on behalf of workers in the Heating Plant, and, uh, well, it gets more complicated, uh, and we were in constant conflict with the management at Duke University, the Physical Plant Manager in particular was very

anti-union. Uhm, they had wanted a union that was pretty much go along with what they wanted and there were a lot of violations of contract, a lot of violations of equal opportunity, EEOC type, civil rights type violations. Uhm, I was involved in one particular grievance where I filed on behalf of a co-worker, and I was told by my supervisor that there was no racial discrimination at Duke and that if I alleged again that he would fire me. Uhm, subsequent to that, it was certainly some time after that, that I was fired. It was on a technicality which I think they took advantage of. I was ten minutes late.

[redacted] They claimed you violated your contract? Is that right? Is that what you're saying? By showing up late for work?

[redacted] They claimed I was late for work and I had allegedly falsified my time card. In fact I hadn't falsified my time card according to the standard practice that they were, everyone else was using. That was it.

[redacted]: But you feel you feel and apparently your union felt that they really fired you, used this technicality to fire you because of your strong union activities as a shop steward? Is that correct?

[redacted] Right.

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[redacted]: And in particular, you pointed to your filing a grievance dealing with racial discrimination, as being something that they were particularly concerned about, is that right?

[redacted] Uh huh.

[redacted]: All that was in 1977, if I understood you correctly?

[redacted] Right, the EEOC stuff, right.

[redacted]: And from that time on you continued to be active in your union even though you were not employed

as an Operating Engineer at that time, is that right?

[redacted]: Right. Uhm, right.

[redacted]: Okay, during were you involved in any of the attempts to organize other employees at Duke University that occurred in 1978 and 1979?

[redacted]: Only in a supportive capacity. Uhm, we were active in, I was active in why I support from my union to support the organizing drive in the hospital as well as support Local 77. Uhm, you may know the situation at Duke is there are two basic unions on the campus side which Local 77 is predominantly black, and Local 465 is predominantly white. Uhm, and, uh, that's a historical problem because of the Klan influence in the, among the Maintenance Workers formerly. Uhm, so I, one of my main things that I did as a shop steward because in the Heating Plan it was the only department within Local 465 that was 50% black, 50% white. Uhm, and our department was very active, not just myself, but the whole department was very active in supporting joint activities of Local 77 and joint activities with the hospital drive, trying to build that kind of unity across Duke, and, uh, this is one of the things that, uh, there were some people in the union that were opposed to this, that thought that we should just stick with 465 be a white union essentially. Uhm, and uhm, Duke wanted this, they were very against any kind of joint activities, so uhm...

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[redacted]: You in particular were associated a lot with trying to get these two unions together, in other words to integrate the two unions.

[redacted]: Right, to work together, because, quite obviously, as long as they had those two unions split, it was, it was hard for us to accomplish anything out there. Uhm, because they can use one union against the other. Also in the organizing drive, uhm, when Local 77 tried to organize the hospital, uhm, well I'd say, I believe it was Duke management inspired an attempt by some people in Local 465 to, uh, to organize

opposition to Local 77 organizing the hospital for the purpose of trying to get into Local 465. Uhm, there was an awful lot of internal, what should we say, I guess you might say attempts to confuse the situation. Uhm, and the rivalry between the two unions was a point at, uh, it was blocking the hospital from getting organized. It was confusing enough people, so that people would not vote for AFSCME in their drive because they were convinced that, uh, from some people in 465 that they should vote against the union or this union would not be for secretary, this union was only for housekeepers, this union was only for, uhm, maintenance workers or what have you. I don't know if I'm clear but, there's a lot of confusion because of the two unions and the way Duke manipulated those two unions, and it was basically a racial issue.

[redacted] In essence, the unions ended up opposing one another from time to time which, uh, destroyed if I understand you correctly, the union helped fight against one another to keep the other union from becoming the bargaining agent for certain employees, is that...

[redacted] I wouldn't say the union but I would say there was certain forces in the union that, uhm, they were there was certain leadership in the union that was, uhm, that was doing this and, uh, I was active in opposing that leadership along with a lot of other people in the union, and, uh, there was a number of us in Local 465 that wanted unity and were working very hard to build broad unity among all the labor organizations at Duke.

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[redacted] In addition to those union activities, were you associated with or a member of any politically active group during this time?

[redacted] With the Progressive Labor Party.

[redacted] Okay, were you associated with or a member of the WVO in 1979?

[redacted] No, I was, well, in 1979?

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] I was not a member but I've gone, I had quit the Progressive Labor Party in 1977, and I had done some work with the WVO but I was not a member.

[redacted] Okay, in your work with the WVO, did they also work with you in your union activities?

[redacted] Uhm, yeah, well, you have to be more specific, I mean, did they, did they work with me in my union activities?

[redacted] Did they participate in this effort to unify the unions?

[redacted] Right, right, they were active at Duke, not in my particular union, but in, uh, hospital organizing drive, and they were supportive of when I got fired.

[redacted] Who were some of the people that you knew to be associated with WVO in 1979 that participated in this union activity that you have been describing? b6 b7C

[redacted] Uh, CESAR CAUCE, [redacted], uhm, they were the main people at WVO. Now we had this organization on campus was the Duke Workers Organizing Committee, which was something that they were working with, was a lot broader than WVO, and that encompasses a lot of people from all three unions, and I was active in that.

[redacted] Is that, that organizing committee include some people who subsequently involved, were involved in a demonstration November 3 in Greensboro?

[redacted] Oh yeah.

[redacted] Who were some of those people?

[redacted] [redacted] he was in my union, 465. [redacted] CESAR and, uh, I can't recall anybody else. There was probably other people there, but I can't recall from Duke.

[redacted] Okay, is there anything else about your union activities or union involvement that you think is

relevant to the November 3 incident?

[redacted]: Uh, subsequent to, uh, well, from about 1978 on, I was participating in the Trade Union Education League which was something that WVO had sparked or helped organize, and we were involved in a lot of strike support work around the state.

[redacted]: Such as?

[redacted]: Uhm, the Hall River Strike in 1978. Uhm in 1979 there was, let me see, go back, '78. Okay, I, let's go back. Your question was how my Trade Union activity as how it related to November 3?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Not any more specific, your last question was you said TUEL did support work.

[redacted]: Right, and my involvement with that was the support in the Hall River strike there was a number of, let's see, there was some little things. I think there was a strike in, uh, Pittsboro, North Carolina, I think in '79, it was [redacted] that uh, I assisted in advising some workers down there. Uhm, but in terms of my union activity, I mean there was other things to it. We're sort of skipping around here and it's not very chronological.

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[redacted]: Well, what I was trying to concentrate on right now is that through your union activity you were associated with attempts to integrate or unify both black and white workers, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: And what I'm searching for perhaps inartfully here, is what you yourself were involved in in that effort that related to union activities prior to November 3, 1979.

[redacted]: Okay, uhm, well as I said, I worked at Duke until '77. After I was fired from Duke I continued to work with the union at Duke, uhm, through the mid part of that year, of '78. Uhm, in 1978 the union had a strike at Trader Chevrolet in Greensboro,

North Carolina and I was asked by the Business Representative to come to help out with that strike for three months since I was out of work. I did that from July through September. That was a group of white, mostly white mechanics, Chevrolet mechanics from Greensboro. Uhm, after that I, uh, I was given the position of Active Business Representative and the duties I described in Winton, North Carolina and Durham. I was involved in filing grievances, training shop stewards, uh. I won a case at Durham Housing Authority where four people were put back to work with back pay. They had been out, they were fired. I proved they were fired illegally or unjustly and they went back to work. In Winton, North Carolina, I was involved with, uhm, that's a almost all black union up there. Uh, I was involved in training them, training shop stewards, then the subsequent to, ah shit, I don't want to say subsequent to, that's an easy word for these kind of answers. In February 1979 the Newport News Shipyard Union steel workers were on strike, and a lot of the shipyard workers lived in the Hoskey-Winton area, and I was active in helping the locals there in Winton organize support activities for the Newport News Shipyard Workers. And I said at that time I got a job with the Red Cross and then they hired someone else to full-time Business Representative. After that time in '79 I continued to work with the Trade Union Educational League in various, like I say, I can't remember offhand what, uh, in the year '79 except for going down to Pittsboro during that period.

[redacted] Okay, in your work concerning the Hall River strike, did you become acquainted with JIM WALLER?

[redacted] Yes, I did.

[redacted] Okay, and is that how you became acquainted with him?

[redacted] Uh, yes, I didn't know him up to that point.

[redacted] Okay, was he also involved in the Trade Union Educational League?

[redacted] Yes, he was.

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[redacted] And did you become acquainted with [redacted] in any way?

[redacted] Uh, yeah. I personally met [redacted] I believe it was in 1977 during a, some activities around this Local 77 contract negotiations at Duke. There was some rallies I think that's when I first met him. But I met him but I didn't really know him until later on.

[redacted] Now, in 1979 in particular, did you become involved in some anti-Klan demonstrations or activities?

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] How?

[redacted] Uhm, well in '79 there was a lot of concern among a lot of people that the Klan was on the upsurge, a lot of publicity about it. This had been going on for about a year or two and, uh, in May of '79 there was an incident in Decatur, Alabama where, uhm, the Klan shot at a Civil Rights march. There was a shooting there, okay? There was an awaking to people and my awareness to what was going on, you know. And then there was the China Grove, I guess that's what you want to talk about.

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[redacted] Well, is that the next thing that you became involved in?

[redacted] Well, that's the first act, I wasn't involved in Decatur, but I was involved in China Grove, because I went to China Grove and I heard about it through [redacted] I guess it was [redacted]

[redacted] But you were aware of the Decatur incident?

[redacted] Right. I was aware of Klan activity in general. Because when I worked at Duke, the Business Representative of our union was sort of famous, ex-Klansman, [redacted]. And I learned from him a lot about the workings of the Klan and, uh, the danger of representing a labor group.

[redacted] Is that what motivated you to become involved in

anti-Klan activity?

[redacted] That was, it was part of it. I knew that I could see what it was doing right there in my union that we were involved in and I knew that the Klan had had a former influence on the white workers in the Maintenance Department and so I don't know if any of them, they were, well, they probably were Klan members at one time. I don't know who was a Klan member, the Klan influence. So it was that influence was what was helping Duke split these unions up. So...

[redacted]: So you indicated that you became aware of something occurring in China Grove involving the Klans through [redacted] is that correct?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted]: Do you recall approximately when you became aware of that?

[redacted]: It was about a week prior to the event.

[redacted] Okay, what was your understanding of what the Klan was going to do in China Grove?

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[redacted]: Well, my understanding was the Klan had come to, had gotten permission from the China Grove Town Council to hold an organizing rally and film showing at China Grove Community Center. Uhm, and that the black community organization in China Grove which I forget what, if it had a name, was concerned about this and it contacted I think [redacted], uhm, to ask for some help in organizing some protest. So, uh, from my understanding, people from Greensboro, [redacted], and others went down to China Grove and met with the people there to plan out what they would do about the Klan having a rally in the Town Hall, the Town Community Center.

[redacted]: Prior to July 8, 1979, when the Klan showing of the film "Birth of a Nation" occurred, and your anti-Klan demonstration occurred, did you go to China Grove?

[redacted]: No.

When you talked to [redacted] about what was going to occur in China Grove, what did he say to you?

Uhm, the people they had planned to march to the community center and to protest the Klan using that hall. Uhm, and having their organizing rally up there. Uhm, on city property.

And did he ask you to attend?

Yes.

And you agreed to attend?

Yes.

Did you recruit other people to attend?

No. Not that I know of. No.

Okay, did you participate in any of the plans or logistics concerning the anti-Klan demonstration that day?

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No, I just went along and participated.

Okay, and who did you go with?

I believe I rode with MIKE NATHAN.

Anybody else?

Well, my [redacted]. And uh, there was, I forget, I believe we rode in MIKE's station wagon. There was probably four people. Probably [redacted] was riding along too in that car.

Do you recall what time of the day you arrived in China Grove?

Uhm, let's see, it was before noon I believe, about 11 o'clock.

When you got to China Grove where did you go?

We went to the black community center which I believe was West Side Community Center, something like that.

[redacted]: What occurred at that location?

[redacted]: People were rallied, more or less got prepared to march uptown. Uhm, there were some speeches by the local leader of the black community there. I don't know his name and by [redacted]

[redacted]: And then you proceeded to march from the West Side Community Center to the Recreation Center is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Okay, and during the march, what if anything did you take with you?

[redacted]: Nothing, except myself.

[redacted]: Did you have any kind of weapon, stick, placard or anything of that nature?

[redacted]: Not that I can recall.

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[redacted]: Okay, did you see other people with any of those things?

[redacted]: Yeah, there was people with sticks and placards and I guess some had some I guess you'd say pipes or some kind of, and maybe a baseball bat or stick.

[redacted]: Did you see anybody among the marchers that you were marching with with firearms at that time?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Approximately how many people participated in this march?

[redacted]: There was over a hundred.

[redacted]: And predominantly were they black people?

[redacted]: Yes, I'd say 60 of them, at least 60 of them were local China Grove people and the other maybe 35 or 40 were from either Durham, Greensboro or Charlotte.

[redacted] Now when you marched to the Recreation Center, where in the group of people who were marching were you located, front, middle, back?

[redacted] I believe I was in the middle.

[redacted] Did you have any kind of helmet or hardhat?

[redacted] Uhm, I can't remember. I usually wear a hard hat when I go to things like this. Uhm...

[redacted] Why?

[redacted] Why? Just a, well, I guess it's from the days when I was a construction worker and I always liked to have pride in the fact that I was a construction worker going to these demonstrations. So I always wore a hard hat ever since. Of course, you never know what might happen at one of these things.

[redacted] Okay, when you got to the Recreation Center, what did you see? b6 b7C

[redacted] Uhm, when we came up and I forget what the street's called, we came up the street and we turned at that and it was a block from the Community Center, we turned left and we saw a group of Klansmen at the corner on the grass with guns, about six of them. This was the first indication we had had or that I had had that they were armed, you know, and I didn't really expect it because they hadn't, in the activities in Winston-Salem and all there was no evidence of them being armed, so, uhm, the marchers marched toward them.

[redacted] This is a continuation of the interview with [redacted] on April 15, 1982. Mr. [redacted] when we ran out of tape you were mentioning that the marchers marched towards these six or so persons you saw with arms. Would you continue please?

[redacted] Uhm, when the marchers, when the front line of the march got to the Klansmen they retreated onto the porch of the community center, and at that time they were joined by a number of other Klansmen with weapons. Uhm, and the marchers

proceeded right up on the lawn up to the edge of the porch.

What kind of weapons did you observe at that time?

Shotguns, some rifles that you could either AR15 or basically something like that.

Semi-automatic type weapon?

Right.

Any other kinds of weapons?

Uhm, there may have been some pistols, I can't remember; I just remember the shotguns and rifles. There was about a dozen at least.

How were the people that were on the porch- dressed?

Uh, T-shirts. Some of them with T-shirts with the Klan, with the flag, Confederate flag. There were a couple of Klan security guards in uniform. [redacted] who supposedly is the [redacted] was in a pin stripe suit.

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Did you see any Klansmen in robes?

No, I don't think I did. Uhm, I can't remember anyone in robes.

Did you see any persons other than the Klan security people dressed in some type of military outfits?

Well, I think I remember RAEFORD CAUDLE who I later determined was RAEFORD CAUDLE, had one of the Marine Corps fatigue caps on and that's the only kind of military. I can't remember.

Did you see anybody there with arm bands with swastikas on them?

No arm bands, maybe some T-shirts with swastikas, T-shirts with white power, written on the T-shirt. But there were no arm bands that I can remember.

[redacted] Did you associate any of the people who were on the porch with the Nazi party as opposed to the Klan?

[redacted] Not at the time. I noticed the swastika but I assumed that was just part of the sort of paraphernalia of the racist movement. I didn't think, I didn't realize that any of those members were Nazis until later. I assumed they was all part of the Confederate Knights, the Ku Klux Klan under [redacted].

[redacted] When you say that later you made an association between some of the people you saw at China Grove and the Nazi Party, when was that?

[redacted]: Oh, uh, let me, I can't quite remember.

[redacted]: Well, let me help by this question. Was that before or after November 3, 1979?

[redacted] I believe it was before. I believe it was, I do remember this. Well there was an article in Winston-Salem Journal, you know, about October, a large spread on ROLAND WAYNE WOOD and I can't remember whether at that time I placed him, I recognized him as being China Grove or not, but I was aware that he was the Nazis were active, even in Winston-Salem. Up to that point that I only heard the Nazi Party in Raleigh under [redacted]. I didn't know they had branches, but this article in September indicated that they, there were Nazi chapters in several places around North Carolina.

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[redacted]: Now you mentioned that when you were marching to the Recreation Center and you saw these Klansmen armed with firearms, that it surprised you because that had not been your association from Winston-Salem. Can you explain what you mean by that?

[redacted] Okay, from the papers there was a lot of Klan activity in Winston-Salem and they had, there was two or three Klan groups in Winston-Salem from what I could get from the newspapers, and they had been in this, uh, trying to show this film in various places in Winston-Salem Public

Library and whatever. Uh, there was the incident which I did not attend but I saw on television where the NAACP and various groups came out and tried to stop the Klan from having an exhibition at the Winston-Salem Public Library.

Do you recall when that was?

That was in the spring of 1979, that was April, May, I forget, of '79, and, uh, they were doing a number of a lot of activities and this was the same group, well I thought, it apparently was the same group, seeing there was two or three, two groups in Winston-Salem that was trying to show this film. So, . . .

Which film was that?

"Birth of a Nation". So there had been no, as far as you could see on television and news reports they weren't armed with shotguns at the Winston-Salem Public Library. So, . . .

Okay, going back then to China Grove and the march on China Grove, when you arrived at the Recreation Center, what did you and the other marchers do?

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Marchers, the whole crowd went to the edge of the porch and began chanting slogans, anti-Klan slogans or slogans Klan go, uh, I can't remember what the slogans were. They were basically the Klan to get out of town. And Black and White Unite, and that sort of thing.

Do you recall any of the sayings that were on the placards that you carried, that you with the marchers carried that day?

No, I can't recall.

When you arrived at the Recreation Center and were chanting the slogans, what if anything do you recall being said by the Klansmen that were on the porch, directed towards the marchers?

Oh they were shouting, but I couldn't hear. We were drowning them out. Uh, they were, I couldn't

hear what they were saying. They were cussing and giving everybody the finger and that sort of thing, trying to egg us on I reckon, but, uh, it was a standoff.

[redacted] Well, how close did you get to the porch yourself?

[redacted] Ten feet, I don't know.

[redacted] You say that you thought some of the Klan members were trying to egg you on? Do you have any specific instances of conduct by them, or things said by them that indicates that they were trying to egg you on?

[redacted] No, just come on, come on, you know.

[redacted] Do you associate that with any particular person among the Klan?

[redacted] No, no.

[redacted] Okay, did you recognize anybody there at China Grove whose name you later learned?

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[redacted] RAEFORD CAUDLE and [redacted] and [redacted].

[redacted] Okay, were you acquainted with those persons or did you know who they were prior to China Grove?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] So, all of them you learned their identify after China Grove, is that right?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Did you learn their identity prior to or after November 3, 1979?

[redacted] Uhm, prior to.

[redacted] All four of them?

[redacted] I'm not sure about RAEFORD CAUDLE, but I believe he was identified in the, in some newspaper pictures I saw of the China Grove thing. Whether I identified him as being with the Nazis I'm not sure.

[redacted]: While you were present in China Grove, did you see any of the Klan members on the porch point any of their weapons at the demonstrators?

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted]: How many?

[redacted]: How many weapons?

[redacted]: How many persons did you see point weapons at the demonstrators?

[redacted]: Well, all of them had had them, a dozen or more, about a dozen.

[redacted]: Did anyone point a weapon at you?

[redacted]: Not, no, I mean not at me in particular.

[redacted]: What did the demonstrators do when weapons were pointed at them?

[redacted]: Keep shouting.

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[redacted]: Did you see any of the demonstrators threaten any of the Klansmen? See or hear?

[redacted]: What do you mean by threat?

[redacted]: Well, anything that you consider to have been a threat.

[redacted]: I didn't see anything other than the, than what people were doing as a group, you know, chanting the slogans and what have you.

[redacted]: Other than pointing the weapons at the demonstrators, did you see or hear any of the Klansmen threaten any of the demonstrators?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: How long did you stay in the vicinity of the Recreation Center while the Klan and Nazis or Klan members, excuse me, were out on the porch?

[redacted]: Well, there was a standoff about five minutes at least, and then your Klansmen went into the building.

[redacted]: What happened after that?

[redacted] Well, they had left a stand of some flags on the lawn. There was two American flags and three Confederate flags. And, uh, the demonstrators grabbed the Confederate flags and started burning them.

[redacted]: Okay, and who did you see participate in that?

[redacted] Uhm, I can't recall in particular. There was a mass of them, actually, really there was. The only person I do remember is [redacted] holding one of the flags.

[redacted]: While it was burning?

[redacted] Right. But there was three flags, and people were grabbing them up. I don't know who. I mean most of them were local people. I don't know who they were.

[redacted]: So you witnessed the burning of the flags, is that right?

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[redacted] Right.

[redacted]: Did you participate in that?

[redacted] No.

[redacted]: Did anybody that you knew?

[redacted] Right, I didn't, I mean when you're a participant, I was there, but I didn't.

[redacted]: Right, you didn't help light them on fire or encourage people to do that.

[redacted] No.

[redacted]: Did any of the people that you know from Durham who attended the China Grove rally participate in that?

[redacted] No, I can't remember.

[redacted] Okay, what happened after that?

Well, the Klan came out on the porch.

Came back out on the porch? What occurred then?

Uhm, I thought they was going to start shooting and, uh...

They come out with their weapons?

Yeah, and, uh, I know they had, one guy was right at [redacted], and I thought sure, I thought [redacted] was getting ready to get shot. But it was a standoff after some shouting.

Can you describe this fellow that came after or came at [redacted]?

No, I can't. I really don't remember. It was...

Do you recognize him as being an individual who was involved in the NOVEMBER 3 incident?

I don't know. I remember, uhm, it could have been RAEFORD CAUDLE. I say it because I remember him distinctly from China Grove and I remember the gun he was holding. He was in the forefront a lot of the stuff, and but I can't, I really can't say whether he came on. I tend to think he was one of the ones that came out when the flags were being burned, but I really can't say for sure.

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When you say you remember the gun he was holding, what kind of gun do you recall?

Right, well it was this thing called, they call Riot Gun I guess. It was sort of a short stocked shotgun.

How many people came back out when the flag was burning, Confederate flag?

Oh, twelve or I don't know. They, some of them came out of the door, and other ones sort of pressed their face against the window, you know, looking out, and it was about twelve or so.

What happened after that?

[redacted]: Well, then the group just, we marched around the Community Center, and went back to the black community.

[redacted]: What if anything happened while you were marching back to the black community?

[redacted]: Nothing.

[redacted]: Did you ever observe a vehicle with people in it having weapons while you were marching back to the black community?

[redacted]: What do you mean? I know there was, I think there was one that came by later, but...

[redacted]: Came by where?

[redacted]: The road to the entrance. You talking about Klansmen came back?

[redacted]: Well, any vehicle with persons that had weapons in it? Did you see a vehicle that you thought was a Klan vehicle?

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[redacted]: I didn't see it, but other people saw it. I mean I was at the time I was in the community center, there was one road that runs into the, you ever been in China Grove?

[redacted]: Uh, uh.

[redacted]: There's one road that runs into the black community, one road, one little street, and at the top of the street when people got back, there were some people stayed up there for lookouts in case the Klan would happen to come and there was a truck, there was a truck or vehicle, well I didn't see it, so I don't know, they claimed it was a truck with some guns and Klansmen and they came riding up and then they rode past.

[redacted]: While you were at the Recreation Center, did you see any person among the demonstrators with weapons, firearms?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: How many?

[redacted]: A lot, I don't know. I say I don't know. There was a lot of weapons. Mostly from the people there in the community, there was a lot of, I guess Vietnam veterans.

[redacted]: What kind of weapons did you see?

[redacted]: They were rifles and some shotguns, rifles. And they proceeded to set up a sort of patrol in case the Klan would come into the community that night.

[redacted]: Okay, let me make sure this is, uh, clarified. What I meant to ask was while you were at the Recreation Center where the Klan was, did you see any members of the marchers with weapons?

[redacted]: Oh, no. With guns?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: No.

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[redacted]: So the guns that you're referring to being among the demonstrators, was back when you got back to West Side Community?

[redacted]: Right. Exactly.

[redacted]: Was that after the report of this vehicle passing by with weapons occurred?

[redacted]: I believe so, right.

[redacted] Anytime that day, did you have a firearm in your possession?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you see any of the people that you knew to be from Durham with a firearm in their possession that day?

[redacted]: Some of them. [redacted] I think had a pistol. I can't remember who else.

[redacted]: Okay, do you know where he got that pistol from?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: How long did you stay in China Grove that night?

[redacted]: I left around 6 o'clock.

[redacted]: And who did you leave with?

[redacted]: Oh, I'm not sure. I think I left with, went with MIKE NATHAN, and, you know, who I came down with I believe.

[redacted]: And you went back to Durham?

[redacted]: Yes, I did.

[redacted]: Now, did you participate in any way in the planning or organization of the demonstration in Greensboro on November 3?

[redacted]: No.

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[redacted]: All right, did you have any involvement in passing out leaflets or encouraging people to come to the demonstration in Greensboro on November 3?

[redacted]: Uh, I passed out some leaflets, mainly to people that I worked with in Trade Union stuff.

[redacted]: Here in Durham?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: What was the nature of those leaflets?

[redacted]: Uhm, it was a leaflet with a picture from China Grove I believe on it, and it was discussing the Klan conference to be held in Greensboro on November 3, but I think it was a picture from Decatur and one from China Grove. There was two pictures I think on it; one from the Decatur march and one from the China Grove march. And it was just announcing Klan conference, anti-Klan conference in Greensboro.

[redacted]: Did it have any written statement on it?

[redacted] A written statement like what?

[redacted] Well, you said it had some pictures, and obviously it...

[redacted] Right it was a description of what, you know, you mean like a press release or what do you mean a statement?

[redacted] Well, the posters you had on November 3 had a picture from China Grove on it, right?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] And at some point you all have, had some leaflets that were similar to that.

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] With that same picture on it.

[redacted] Right.

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[redacted] With some other small picture, right. In addition to those pictures, and the time and location and that kind of stuff that was printed on the same side as the photographs were, was there a written statement on the other side of the leaflets you passed out concerning China Grove or the Klan generally?

[redacted] I believe there was, I believe this was the same leaflet. We talked, uh, we really had discussed some of the after effects of China Grove and some attempt by some of the administers in China Grove to sort of criticize the demonstration. And discussion about what people needed to do to stop the Klan, and also the effects of the Klan of the China Grove thing in that the Klan hadn't had any public rally since then. Sort of being, I'm not really very precise, but there was, is that what you're talking about?

[redacted] Yes. Did you participate in writing any of that material?

[redacted] No sir.

[redacted]: Do you know who did?

[redacted]: No sir I don't.

[redacted]: And you say that you passed this out among people that you knew from your union activities.

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: And did your distribution of these leaflets occur in Durham?

[redacted]: Yes and they also occurred I think in Rocky Mount.

[redacted]: Okay, did you ever go to Greensboro prior to November 3, 1979 and pass out leaflets or talk to people concerning their participation in the November 3 demonstration?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: In addition to passing out leaflets in Durham and Rocky Mount, did you discuss with people in those two communities their participation in the November 3 demonstration?

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[redacted]: Yes. Well I see, I mean I didn't pass them out in a mass, is that what you mean? I mean people I pass them out to was in sort of a personal sort of discussions or way. I guess that's what I'm trying to get at.

[redacted]: Okay, so when you passed them out, you also talked about those people coming to Greensboro?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Were you standing on street corners and leafletting everybody that came by?

[redacted]: No sir, I was not. This was, the leafletting I did was strictly a one to one thing, people that I knew.

[redacted]: What was your conversations with those persons concerning the November 3 demonstration?

Well basically it was to talk about the, there was a conference to bring together grass root organizations to help plan out ways to combat the Klan, growth of the Klan in North Carolina. And, uh, that was about it.

During those various conversations you had with the persons, did the question come up about potential violence at the November 3 demonstration?

Right, there were some questions, there were questions, and, uh, the way I answered those questions was the way I had been informed through CESAR CAUCE, [redacted] Uh, to our best knowledge there was very, there was not a high level, let's start again. There probably wouldn't be any violence because, uhm, there was no Klan active in Greensboro, uhm, we were having some in Greensboro, uhm, and uhm, based relying on the people that WVO had worked within the mills and in the communities in Greensboro and, uh, it wasn't intended to, uh, there was no violence intended. It was based on their I guess intelligent reports I guess you call intelligence reports or survey situations, they didn't think there was a high likelihood that the Klan would try to disrupt it.

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Okay, so were there discussions you had with persons in response to questions they raised?

Yes.

You didn't raise the issue yourself with them?

No.

Did any of the persons you talked to express a fear that the Klan would come and that there would be violence?

Yes, some did.

Okay, if I understand correctly what you're saying is that you believed at that time that the Klan would not come on November 3 is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] And that's based on your conversations with [redacted] and CESAR CAUCE, is that correct?

[redacted]: And what I read in the paper. Statements of [redacted] and [redacted] made in the paper. Also I read about the unit fighting over in Winston-Salem between the two groups, between [redacted] and [redacted] I just thought that they weren't in a position to do anything. And there had been no history of it. What I basically told people was a month prior to this happening, [redacted] who is the leader of the Invisible Empire of the Klan, held a rally in Virginia Beach, Virginia which I did not attend, but I read about in the paper and there was over a thousand people showed up and ran them into the ocean. And this was supposedly the most militant of the Klan groups. They stripped his robes off and beat up the Klansmen. A thousand, there was over a thousand counter-demonstrators. There was no history up to this point of the Klan going out of its way to attack a group in daylight, except for the incident in Decatur. Uhm, furthermore since the incident in China Grove, the Klan had had no public activity in North Carolina by and large.

[redacted]: During these discussions with persons, did you discuss with them whether members of the group that were planning the demonstration were going to have weapons available or firearms available to defend themselves?

[redacted]: No, I don't remember that.

[redacted]: Did you have any discussions with CESAR CAUCE, [redacted] or anybody else associated with the WVO regarding having firearms available to defend the march in Greensboro?

[redacted]: Uhm, yes, they said the parade permit prohibited firearms and they didn't want anybody to bring the firearms.

[redacted] Who told you that?

[redacted]: [redacted] and CESAR CAUCE.

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Did you have any discussions with any other persons regarding bringing firearms to the demonstration in Greensboro?

No. I did bring a shotgun in my car to Greensboro and was told to take it out of the car when I got to Greensboro.

Why did you bring that shotgun with you?

Just precaution I reckon.

Okay, with regard to, we'll get back to that in a minute, but with regard to coming to Greensboro on November 3, first of all I believe you said previously that prior to November 3, you had not come to Greensboro with regard to this demonstration, is that correct?

That's right.

Who did you come to Greensboro with on November 3?

With [redacted] and my [redacted].

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I need to back up myself for a minute. Did you have any meetings with the persons that were planning the march in Greensboro concerning the march prior to coming to Greensboro?

There was a meeting Thursday, the Thursday night prior to that in Durham. There was a meeting of people going to the march.

Where did that occur?

At the Break-the-Chain Bookstore in Durham.

Do you remember some of the people who were present for that meeting?

CESAR and [redacted]. They were the ones who led the meeting, but other than that it was just, I can't remember offhand but it was probably most of, well there was a crowd of people, I can't remember any of them.

Was there any discussion at that meeting about

bringing firearms or taking firearms to Greensboro?

[redacted] Yes. (end of tape 1)

[redacted] [redacted] on April 15, 1982 at Durham, North Carolina. Mr. [redacted] as we ran out of tape, I was asking you whether there was any conversations or discussions on November 2 at the meeting that you were describing concerning first, November 1, excuse me, November 1 at the meeting that you were describing concerning taking weapons to Greensboro?

[redacted] There was a discussion about the parade permit that it said no firearms, that it said all not really well sticks for placards, I guess you would call them sticks, had to be 2 x 2 and that we had to start cutting these things 2 x 2, 2" x 2", and, uhm, that we were going to obey the parade permit, uhm, and, uh, hopefully everything would go okay.

[redacted] Now, you indicated that on November 3, you went to Greensboro with [redacted] and I forgot who else you said. b6 b7C

[redacted] My [redacted]

[redacted] Your wife, [redacted]? And at that time you took with you your shotgun, is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] What kind of shotgun was that?

[redacted] It's a, uh, uhm, just 12 gauge shotgun.

[redacted] Pump shotgun?

[redacted] Pump shotgun.

[redacted] Did you take with you any ammunition for that shotgun?

[redacted] Uhm, I can't remember.

[redacted] Did [redacted] to your knowledge bring any weapons with him?

I don't think so.

Did your [redacted] bring any weapons with her?

No.

At that time did you own any other weapons?

No sir.

So you only owned one shotgun?

That's right.

No handguns?

No sir.

You indicated that when you arrived in Greensboro, that someone told you take the shotgun out of your car, is that correct?

Right. I was told if anybody had any guns in the car take them out and leave them at the house.

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b7C

Okay, first of all, you and Mr. [redacted] and your [redacted] proceeded to Greensboro in your car?

Yes sir.

And where did you go in Greensboro initially?

To JIM WALLER's house.

Now who told you to take the weapons or the weapon, excuse me, out of your car?

[redacted]

What did she tell you to do with it?

Put it in the house.

Is that what you did?

Yes sir.

[redacted]: Who else was present when [redacted] said that?

[redacted]: Oh I suppose my [redacted] was present.

[redacted]: You said that her statement was if anybody had weapons in their cars to take them out. Was that a general statement she made to a group of people?

[redacted]: Yep, as far as I know it was.

[redacted]: Okay. And the other person you recall being present was your wife is that right?

[redacted]: Right. Well, [redacted] was there and there was quite a few in the house and, uhm, she was talking to people sort of in groups. I can't remember who else was there. There was a crowd of people in the house.

[redacted]: Did you see anybody else remove weapons from their vehicles and take them into the house?

[redacted]: I believe they did, but I can't remember who they were. There was somebody else but I can't remember.

[redacted]: What time was it that you arrived at the WALLER residence that morning?

[redacted]: 10 o'clock.

[redacted]: How long did you stay there?

[redacted]: About 45 minutes.

[redacted]: In addition to removing the weapon from your car, what else did you do while you were at the WALLER residence?

[redacted]: JIM WALLER and [redacted] were basically briefing people about what to expect. There was some apprehension that the police might try to stop the march, and we were told to, if they did try to stop the march, try to stand firm and they were going to try to negotiate a solution. There was if police try to stop the march for some reason.

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That was why they were concerned about the parade permit and everybody was within the parade permit guidelines. Uhm,...

[redacted]: Do you recall anything else that was discussed while you were there?

[redacted]: No. That was basically it.

[redacted] Mr. [redacted] do you recall if there was any discussion as to why the police might stop the march?

[redacted]: No, it was just an apprehension that the police had been uncooperative the whole time they'd been the people trying to get the parade permit. There was a feeling that there was something might happen and they thought, they didn't know really what it would be, but if we were thinking that, uh, well I wasn't thinking. This is what JIM WALLER and [redacted] was, the rest of the people that there was probably an attempt to, they would probably try to search people and, uh, stop the march in terms on violation of the parade permit.

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[redacted]: Technical violation?

[redacted]: Right. Uhm, that was the only thing concrete. Other than that they just had been from their account the police had been very uncooperative and giving them a hard time about getting a parade permit to [redacted] and whoever else was involved in that, [redacted]. So, uhm, that was the general sort of briefing that we got that morning at JIM WALLER's house was that the only thing we that they worried about was the police trying to stop the march and that we might even go to Morningside and see a lot of police across the street with riot gear on, but if it was we were told try to stand firm. They were going to try to negotiate a solution so the march can go on.

[redacted]: Do you recall any discussion either there or at the meeting that you attended in Durham regarding a Marshal Force to protect the marchers?

[redacted]: I assume there was one, I think they said there

was one, but I didn't, the details I wasn't familiar with, I wasn't a part of that.

[redacted]: Okay, you were not a part of the Marshal Force?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: No one had ever discussed that with you?

[redacted]: No sir, I think CESAR CAUCE was involved with the Marshal Force, but I wasn't.

[redacted]: What else if anything did you do while you were at the WALLER residence, that morning?

[redacted]: Drank coffee, that's it.

[redacted]: Did you participate in putting together any posters or anything like that there?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Okay, what time did you leave the WALLER residence to go to the rally formation site? b6 b7C

[redacted]: At quarter to eleven.

[redacted]: And did you take your vehicle?

[redacted]: Yes, I did.

[redacted]: And who rode with you?

[redacted]: [redacted] and my wife, and there may have been someone else from Greensboro that rode, I don't, I can't remember.

[redacted]: And you went then to Everett and Carver Streets?

[redacted]: Yes, I did.

[redacted]: And what time did you arrive there?

[redacted]: Well, shortly after quarter to eleven. Somewhere between that and eleven o'clock. I guess, well, I might have arrived there at quarter to eleven, it was somewhere, it didn't take but five minutes to get over there I guess.

[redacted]: Hold on one second, sir. I got something to ask you. When you were at the house, was there any discussion when you were sitting around as to speculations whether or not the Klan might show up?

[redacted]: There was no discussion whatsoever about that. That hadn't, I hadn't, there was no one, again people felt, thought that the, that trouble would come in the Greensboro Police Department.

[redacted]: When you arrived at Everett and Carver Streets, what did you do?

[redacted]: Oh, I parked my car and we got out and sort of stood around, waited for the rally to group up.

[redacted]: Do you recall how you were dressed that day?

[redacted]: Yes, I do. I was wearing a pair of Wrangler bluejeans I just bought a few weeks previous to this. Which are still in the custody of the Greensboro Police Department as is all my other clothes that I wore that day. I reckon, somebody's got them. I had a pair of work boots on, I had a, uh, I had several layers of shirts. I had a light blue turtleneck and, uhm, over the top of that I had my green Army fatigue shirt from military school with my name on it, and over top of that I had a black navy, a wool navy shirt, and I had my hard hat on. I believe it was my hard hat with my union emblem on the front, yellow hard hat.

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[redacted]: Okay, how was your wife dressed that day?

[redacted]: Uhm, I think she had a blue, well, she had this blue coat on, it's a blue coat with a hood, and I guess she had bluejeans on, boots too, I forget.

[redacted]: Okay, and you said you just sort of milled around at the rally formation site there, is that right?

[redacted]: Yeah. There was, [redacted] started singing, you know, and that starts some singing going on. And I was sort of standing off to the side from that.

[redacted]: Did you help make any of the final preparations for the demonstration?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you hear any discussion there at the scene about the possibility that the Klan was going to come?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you hear any discussion there at the scene about weapons among the demonstrators?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you see any weapons among the demonstrators?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: When did you first become aware that a caravan of Klan vehicles had arrived at the scene?

[redacted]: Well, let me back up a minute. If you want to do things chronologically.

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[redacted]: All right.

[redacted]: What did happen though, it was a little shortly after 11 o'clock. Uhm, a white Chevy Nova or Chevy II or whatever you call it, same kind of car my mother has, a white Chevy II with two white, two young whites in it came up the street, came up, where's your little map?

[redacted]: I'll draw you another one.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Came up which street, Everett Street?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Go ahead.

[redacted]: Okay, I was standing right here and it came up this way. When it got up here to the corner...

[redacted]: When you say right here, you're talking about the,

near the intersection of Carver and Everett right?

[redacted]: On that corner, yeah.

[redacted]: And the car you're describing came in the same direction that the caravan eventually came from, is that right?

[redacted]: Exactly.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: And it came up this way and it got to here and it turned off, I think it was Gillespie.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: It turned right. And I was standing near [redacted] and he had a walkie-talkie, and there was some concern about who was in that car. Uhm, not a whole lot of concern but we, people were, there was a surveillance team set up to try to make sure everything was fine, and, uh, the car turned and, uh, there was a discussion about whether people should follow that car or who was in that car or what, you know. Uhm, I don't know whatever if there was any follow-up. I think there was. I could hear people talking on the walkie-talkies. I, and then there was a, uhm, shortly after that, two police cars pulled up on Willow Street, and uhm stopped at the corner of Willow and Everett for about sixty seconds. They were marked Greensboro Police cars. And they turned right down Everett Street going out this way. And, uh...

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[redacted]: Away from the rally formation site.

[redacted]: Right, in other words they stopped, I suppose they were looking up here to see, looking at the rally formation and they turned away, went the other way. That was about ten minutes after eleven. So at this point there was a sort of at least I was getting a little concerned because I felt that, uh, well because the police weren't there, you know, as we expected when we got there, and they were supposed to meet [redacted] so I heard

at 11:30 right here. Uh, and there was no sign of police except for those cars and they went off in the other direction, and, uh, there was some concern by this car that, uh, went by. And I was concerned if people were following up on that. And, uh, [redacted] was talking on the walkie-talkie to I don't know who he was talking to. Uhm, but right about this time there was a certain sense of sort of that something was not quite right, but, you know, I guess it was intuitive, but, uhm, it is at that point that the Klan started driving up.

[redacted]: How long after the police cars that you have described left the area, do you recall it being before the Klan came?

[redacted]: About five minutes, five or ten minutes.

[redacted]: Do you know who [redacted] had contact with with his walkie-talkie or what group?

[redacted]: No, I think he was talking to JIM WALLER. I'm not sure.

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[redacted]: Okay, did he have communications with the people that were at the Windsor Community Center?

[redacted]: I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay, what first drew your attention to the Klan caravan?

[redacted]: Well, I first noticed, noticed the caravan, I didn't really hook it up as being the Klan. I noticed there were all of a sudden a lot of cars on the street, and they were. I noticed it looked sort of strange, and then people started hollering.

[redacted]: Where were you standing when you noticed this?

[redacted]: Right here.

[redacted]: Would you put a W there? Okay, so that's, uh, let's see it's, okay, so if Carver runs North and South, and Everett runs East and West, you were standing on the North side of Everett Street and Western edge of Carver Street, right at the side-

walk there, or just by the sidewalk of the intersection.

[redacted]: Yes, that's right.

[redacted]: Okay, and what is the first car that you recall seeing that you associated with the caravan?

[redacted]: It was a car with a Confederate license plate. That's all I remember. Cause when the people started chanting, you know, there's the Klan or I looked at the license plate and saw a Confederate flag, then it dawned on me who they were.

[redacted]: What did you do at that point?

[redacted]: Uh, I just stood there and watched them.

[redacted]: Did you participate in the chant?

[redacted]: Probably. I can't remember, but I probably did.

[redacted]: What occurred then?

[redacted]: Uhm, well, it seemed like there was a, this pickup truck put on brakes all of sudden up here, and there was almost a wreck. Two cars behind the pickup truck had to jam on brakes real suddenly to keep from hitting one another. Uhm,...

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[redacted]: You're referring to the Western end of Everett Street, is that correct?

[redacted]: Yes sir, and then this guy leaned out of the truck and fired this pistol.

[redacted]: Did you see that or hear it, or . . .

[redacted]: I saw it. And, uhm, it fired it in the air.

[redacted]: What was his position when he fired that? You say leaned out, what do you mean?

[redacted]: Well he was, I think he opened the door and stood on the running board...

[redacted]: Before or after he fired it?

[redacted]: While he was firing. Uhm, so uhm, then everybody started to run in an easterly direction down Everett Street and around the corner through here. And I likewise, I ran behind one of these cars right here on Carver Street.

[redacted]: So they ran Easterly along Everett and then North on Carver, is that right?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Now, the shot you have just described was that the first shot that you heard that day?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: And is that the first weapon that you observed that day?

[redacted]: Yes, it is.

[redacted]: While the caravan was driving by, did you observe any weapons in the possession of the persons in the caravan?

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[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Okay, prior to that shot being fired, what actions if any did you see the demonstrators taking towards the vehicles?

[redacted]: Uhm, well some of the demonstrators went and kicked the tires of the car.

[redacted]: Okay, did that occur before or after the shot?

[redacted]: Uhm, I guess it was before the shot.

[redacted]: Who did you see do that?

[redacted]: I don't know, there was some, my wife tells me mostly the local, they were Morningside people, I didn't know, or Greensboro people I didn't know.

[redacted]: Okay, did you take any aggressive action towards the cars yourself?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: And you were still standing in the location that you pointed out right at the corner of Carver and Everett Street?

[redacted]: Yes sir.

[redacted]: Okay. How many different vehicles did you see being struck?

[redacted]: One, that last car.

[redacted]: Okay and you, at that point, how many people did you see.

[redacted]: I say the last car, there was a lot of cars down here, it was a, there was a pickup truck, there were some cars in front and there was a pickup truck, a car, a car and then there was a gap and I'm saying the car...

[redacted]: The last car that had passed the intersection of Carver Street is that correct?

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[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Okay, did you see any of the demonstrators taking any action towards the cars that had not yet passed Carver Street?

[redacted]: I wasn't looking in that direction. I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay. How many people did you see strike or strike out at that car?

[redacted]: Three or four.

[redacted]: Now you mentioned you observed and heard the shot being fired in the air, and that you turned and ran at that time, is that correct?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted]: And where did you run?

[redacted]: Behind one of these cars parked on Carver Street.

[redacted]: Okay, now did you run on the sidewalk side of the

cars or on the street side of the cars?

I don't remember.

What did you do when you got up there?

I got behind one of these cars, maybe it was this one, I don't know.

Do you, can you describe the car that you got behind?

Uh, no sir.

Was it a car as opposed to a pickup truck.

Yes sir, it was a car. It was one of the cars parked along the side of Carver Street, and I looked out, over here on the grass there was people that I guess, Klansmen were attacking some of the demonstrators with the sticks on the grass over here.

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Okay when you say over here on the grass, you're pointing to the east side of Carver Street?

Right.

And, uh, on the north side of Everett Street, is that correct?

That's right.

Okay.

And, uh, so I ran across the street to help defend the demonstrators from the attack.

Okay, which demonstrators did you see in that location?

Uhm, it's been very hard for me to remember. I don't know, I think CESAR CAUCE was there, and I think JIM WALLER was there, but I really can't be sure. I never have been able to remember exactly who was there, but I just knew that there was a fight going on...the Klansmen and the demonstrators, you know, I went to defend the demonstrators.

I, you know can't remember who they were.

[redacted]: Okay, well you've mentioned that it possibly was CESAR CAUCE and JIM WALLER, do you remember there being any more than two demonstrators involved in that?

[redacted]: Yes I think there was, there was, but I don't remember who they were.

[redacted]: How many Klansmen do you recall being involved?

[redacted]: Three or four.

[redacted]: What did the Klansmen have in their hands if anything?

[redacted]: Uhm, well, when I first saw, I saw some of those sticks, 2 x 2 sticks, but, uh, when I got there, I got over to the fight, and before really I could do anything, I was pushed down upon someone else, uhm, I really believe I was pushed by someone who was pushed. Or someone pushed somebody on top against me and we both fell down on top of a third person. So there was a person underneath me and then I was on top and then there was at least one person on top of me and maybe two, I don't know. Like a football pile-up. Uhm, and there was some struggling going on. Then, uhm, I distinctly remember someone out here in this vicinity.

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[redacted]: Now you're pointing to the...

[redacted]: The street, Everett Street, uhm, a Klansman from their caravan gave an order to hit the ground and immediately all Klansmen in the area quit fighting and it was just very strange, it was almost like the eye of a hurricane, cause all this had been going on and everybody sort of quit and at that moment I looked below me and the guy I was laying on top of was clutching a shotgun to his chest, and it was the same kind of riot gun I saw RAEFORD CAUDLE hold in China Grove. I distinctly remember that shotgun because up until that point I hadn't seen any weapons besides the pistol in the first truck.

[redacted]: Okay, up to that point, had you heard any shots

besides that first shot?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] Uhm, so uhm, so I got up when the guy above me got up. I mean everybody sort of peeled off and then the shooting began. It was almost as if he was ordering all of the Klansmen to take cover while, while they were shooting on the street. And that's the feeling that I got. So I immediately got up and ran back across the street behind the Channel 12 station wagon.

[redacted] Okay, was that the Channel 12 station wagon was the car you went behind the second time is that correct?

[redacted] Yes. It may have been the one the first time, but I'm not sure. That's why I said I wasn't sure. But I know the second time it was the Channel 12 car.

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[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] And I went back across, well, maybe I ought to stop and go back. When I went across that's when I ran to my wife and [redacted] pulling [redacted] behind that same car.

[redacted] Okay, before we continue with that part, let me ask you about this pile of people over here.

[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] Describe for me if you will the individual you saw laying underneath you with the shotgun.

[redacted] Uhm, I believe he was shorter than I was, and I'm 5'10" so I would say he was probably 5, I got the sense and this is very sort of impressionistic, but I got the sense he was shorter than I was, uhm, heavier than I was, a little bit heavier, maybe 5'8", 160 pounds, uhm, no beard, plaid shirt, uhm, that's all I remember. I can remember he was young. He wasn't old. He wasn't fat. He wasn't skinny. He was a

little shorter than I was and maybe a little heavier. Maybe like I say I say around 5'8", 160 - 170 pounds.

[redacted]: If you saw a picture of that individual, do you think you would recoghize him?

[redacted]: That's hard to tell. Well, I have a, I have an idea who it was and this is based on pictures since then.

[redacted]: Who do you think it was?

[redacted]: Uhm, but,uh, it's based on just putting pieces together since the event. At the time I couldn't recognize more than what I described. I remember he was just basically, he was not tall and a little bit shorter than I was. He wasn't fat, he wasn't skinny. He was a little bit heavier than I was. He was clean shaven. Didn't have a beard.

[redacted]: Okay, did you ever see who it was that was on top of you in that pile?

[redacted]: No, it could have been CESAR CAUCE. Uhm, it was a big person like CESAR.

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[redacted]: Could it have been JIM WALLER?

[redacted]: No, I have a distinct impression JIM WALLER was standing beside the pile-up, that he wasn't in on it, but I'm not, like I say a lot of this is just hard to remember, but that's the feeling I got after, after two years of thinking it over in my head.

[redacted]: Do you know where that person produced that shotgun from?

[redacted]: No, I do not.

[redacted]: While you were in that vicinity was that gun fired?

[redacted]: I didn't see it fired while I was over there.

[redacted]: When, well did you hear it fired?

[redacted]: I don't know. When I ran back across here I heard there was, I knew there was shooting going on.

[redacted]: This is a continuation of the interview with [redacted] on April 15, 1982 at Durham, North Carolina. Okay, Mr. [redacted] you were indicating that you do not recall seeing the shotgun fired or hear the shotgun fired while you were on the East side of Carver Street. Uhm, when you got, did you attempt to take that shotgun away from that person?

[redacted]: No sir.

[redacted]: Did you see any other demonstrator attempt to take that shotgun away?

[redacted]: No sir. I saw a shotgun and I knew I had to get out of there.

[redacted]: And that's when you began to run back across Carver Street, is that correct?

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[redacted]: That's right.

[redacted]: As you were running across Carver Street, what did you see?

[redacted]: I saw [redacted] my wife, and [redacted] uh, pulling [redacted] out of the street behind the Channel 12 wagon.

[redacted]: And where did you go?

[redacted]: Right there behind there with them.

[redacted]: As you were running across the street, did you hear any weapons being fired?

[redacted]: Yes I did.

[redacted]: Can you describe the repitity or the volume of shots that you heard at that time?

[redacted]: Not really, there was a number of shots. I just knew they were shooting. There was a number of shots.

[redacted]: Okay, where did you go behind the Channel 12 car?

[redacted]: I was right on the north end of the car.

[redacted]: Do you recall if that car was parked with the front end of it pointed north on Carver Street?

[redacted]: I believe so, but I couldn't be sure.

[redacted]: So were you at the front end, the motor end, as opposed to the rear end?

[redacted]: I believe so, but I can't be sure.

[redacted]: What happened then?

[redacted]: Then I looked out, back across Carver Street, and I saw [redacted] on the grass, standing in the grass, waving a placard and shouting at the Klansmen and walking forward and I felt very, very, I felt like I wanted to stretch my arm right across the highway and knock him down because I said don't you know they're shooting out there, and, you know, I just wanted to knock him down, but I don't have this kind of powers so I didn't see him get shot. I did see him right near that point while he was waving his placard and shouting at them, and then I looked in front of me, well I wouldn't say in front of me. I looked at, uh, I turned my sight from an easterly direction to a southeasterly direction, is that the way you want me to say it? Uhm, and I saw MIKE NATHAN on the street there, bleeding from the head and, uh, he was about ten feet from me,

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[redacted]: Did you see how he got to that location?

[redacted]: No, I just saw him, he was on the ground.

[redacted]: Up to the time that you saw MIKE NATHAN laying in the street there, do you recall any of his movements from the time that the caravan first arrived till the time you saw him on the street?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Now when you saw this, [redacted] was still standing over by the building, is that right?

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted] And what did you do at that point?

[redacted] Well, I knew I had to get MIKE out of the street. I scooted out in the street to see what kind of help he needed. I pulled him out of the street.

[redacted] What happened then?

[redacted] I got shot.

[redacted] Where?

[redacted] Uhm, you mean where on my body?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted] I got shot in nine places. Two in the head, one through the lip that knocked these two teeth out, two in my forearm, and four in my shoulder area. They were all shotgun pellets. Uhm, of a large size, a large caliber size. Large.

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[redacted]: Where, where again in your head did you get shot?

[redacted] On either side, do you see the hole? They had to take out part of my skull there. On the other side it went in and came out. The one through my lip they say I swallowed it, and then one here, one here, and there's one down in my chest that grazed my lung, caused some bleeding. There's four in this area, there's one here, one here, one here, I got another one somewhere in my shoulder.

[redacted] Do you know where you were and what position you were facing when you got shot?

[redacted]: I was facing southeast, facing toward where the shooting was coming from.

[redacted] Okay, and were you crawling on the ground or had you stood up or what?

[redacted] I was squatting, let's put it that way. I wasn't standing up. I was in a kneeling position.

[redacted] You had a hard hat on at some point, right?

[redacted]

Yes.

[redacted]

Had you already lost the hardhat?

[redacted]

I lost that over here in that scuffle.

[redacted]

Okay, now where were you in relation to MIKE NATHAN's body when you were shot?

[redacted]

I was at his head.

[redacted]

Do you know whether he was hit at the same time you were. Obviously he had already been hit, right?

[redacted]

Right.

[redacted]

Do you know if he was hit again when you were hit?

[redacted]

No. To my knowledge he wasn't hit when I was hit.

[redacted]

What did you do then?

[redacted]

Well, I felt like somebody hit me with a baseball bat. I didn't, I wasn't aware of all these other wounds. I was just aware of the head wound. Uh, and, uhm, I knew I'd been shot so I sort of turned around and got down on the ground and crawled back behind the Channel 12 wagon, and then just waited there until the shooting stopped. I knew my mouth was bleeding. I didn't realize I'd lost my teeth. I thought maybe I'd, I didn't realize I got shot in my lip. I thought maybe I just had bit hard broke a tooth off or something. Uhm, I stood, I crawled back behind there until the shooting stopped.

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[redacted]

Okay, did you at any time see, I take it when you started out after MIKE NATHAN, [redacted] was still standing?

[redacted]

Well, I looked this way and I looked that way. I mean, when I moved my eyes to MIKE I didn't see [redacted] after that, so I don't know at what point he was shot. I assume it was momentarily after I saw him.

[redacted]

You saw him later, did you see him later where he was laying on the ground?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: Was that in the same place that you had been him standing?

[redacted]: More or less. Yes.

[redacted]: Now you mentioned that you thought it was CESAR CAUCE and JIM WALLER, who were the other two people over in this vicinity when you were there?

[redacted]: There was someone else there too. I don't remember, I can't place him. I think there was someone else involved, I'm not sure.

[redacted]: After you ran back across the street, did you see CESAR CAUCE or JIM WALLER?

[redacted]: No, no, I didn't even look over there. I mean I didn't look at that, I didn't look over there.

[redacted]: As I take it, you didn't see where the person who had the shotgun went?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: As you were running back across the street, did you see SANDY SMITH anywhere?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: When you were behind the Channel 12 car before you crawled out in an attempt to assist MICHAEL NATHAN, were you aware of the presence of BILL SAMPSON?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: What about [redacted]?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: [redacted]?

[redacted]: Yeah, he was, [redacted] was behind the car with [redacted] those were the people behind the car with me when I was behind there.

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[redacted] Now, at any time while you were behind that car before you went out to assist Dr. NATHAN, did you hear shots coming from behind you or west of you?

[redacted] No, no.

[redacted] Did you ever see [redacted]?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Did you ever see a man coming from a westerly direction on Everett Street and start up north on Carver Street, somebody who was not associated with the demonstrators?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Okay, what else do you recall about that day or prior to the shooting, prior to when the shooting ended? Anything?

[redacted] That's about it.

[redacted] At the time that you got shot, did you have a weapon in your possession?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Did you have any kind of stick?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] At any time while you were at the demonstration at Carver and Everett Street, did you have a weapon in your possession?

[redacted] No sir.

[redacted] And after the shooting was over, what happened?

[redacted] I stood up and I could see, you know, SANDY SMITH over here, and I could see she was, she looked dead. It was a strange sight. And I could see everybody else lying around. There were people running for ambulances and what have you. I still didn't realize that people were dead. It's one of those things, you think the ambulance is going

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to get there and everybody's going to be okay. I walked around. I wandered around, uhm, I really didn't know what to do, you know. I figured I needed to be doing something and helping someone else. I walked over here and the people were going to one of these apartments here, and I walked in the house. I really don't know why I walked in. I guess I didn't know what I was doing. By then this lady who lived there she, I was bleeding and all, and I didn't realize how bad I was bleeding. She started getting upset cause I was, you know, so I excused myself and walked back outside. Then someone told me that I better sit down, that I was bleeding pretty bad. Uhm, so I sat down and they got my wife and she stayed with me until the rescue squad got there, and, uhm, you know, at that time I began to hear, you know, people hollering, saying that people were dead and all. I saw CESAR, I saw them trying to, I think someone was lifting CESAR's body up and I thought that meant that he wasn't dead or something, I didn't learn until later that he had died. You know JIM WALLER, I thought PAUL was dead. So, I just waited till the rescue squad got there, and the rescue squad took me to the hospital.

[redacted]: At the hospital they removed a number of pellets from you, is that correct?

[redacted]: They removed one.

[redacted]: That was the one from your head. Did they take any of the ones out of your shoulder or your forearm?

[redacted]: No sir, they're still in there.

[redacted]: The one that grazed you on the right side of the head went clean through, is that right?

[redacted]: Right. And the one through my lip I swallowed it. They didn't check my bowel movements.

[redacted]: Did the doctor indicate to you or do you know what size pellets hit you?

[redacted]: The doctor indicated they were buck shots, you know.

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[redacted]: You were indicating that the doctor indicated they were buck shot?

[redacted]: Uhm, later,uhm, after I was out of the hospital, I opened a buck shot, double ought buck shot shell, there were nine pellets in a buck shot, in double ought shell, and that led me to believe I was hit with nine pellets from a double ought buck shot, but I say, the Doc says that's buck shot. From reading the newspaper reports from the trial it seemed like it was loose terminology. What I mean by that, according to the newspaper reports, [redacted] was shooting a number four shot, so it could be, I don't know. It was bigger than bird shot. Definitely.

[redacted]: Why do you think [redacted] shot you? Why do you think that?

[redacted]: I have a hunch he did. Because he was standing in that vicinity in the direction, I mean, when I left him he was in the spot where I was looking to where I saw MIKE. I think, I think he shot MIKE.

[redacted]: If that was him.

[redacted]: If that was him. There was no, let me put it this way. There was no report in the trial about anybody using anything heavier than the number 4. So I don't know. I didn't read anything about using any double ought. So, I know it was not bird shot. It was definitely high, a large pellet.

[redacted]: Did you see anybody shooting in your direction as you went out there to help MIKE NATHAN?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: So you're basing your feeling that it was [redacted] because you believe he was the person on the grass where you were?

[redacted]: Yeah, it's purely intuition. It's not, I don't have any hard evidence, but, uhm, I just have that feeling.

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[redacted] Did you ever pick up and take yourself or get issued a stick that day or any kind of baton?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] [redacted], you said that when the caravan arrived you heard people in the car yelling from the Klan and the Nazis? Can you remember what they were yelling?

[redacted] No, just cussing and cussing.

[redacted] Do you remember if they were any racial slogans said?

[redacted] You know, Comi Bastards, Nigger Lovers, Niggers. I can't, it wasn't anything, that stood in my mind other than the general run-of-the-mill.

[redacted] You do recall hearing statements of the nature you just said?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] [redacted] I'd like you to look at a series of photographs here on page 1 through 10 of this notebook and ask you, take as much time as you want to look through those, and ask you if you can identify the person that you saw on the ground with the shotgun.

[redacted] Well, that's sort of not fair. That's [redacted].

[redacted] You're pointing, you're pointing to R3, is that right?

[redacted] Yeah, when I was shown this before, I couldn't pick the guy out, but I did eliminate all the guys with beards and long hair. I know definitely, and he was not an old guy.

[redacted] Do you recall if he had a hat on?

[redacted] I think so. I think so. That he had a hat. Because the reason I say that was, uhm, I first thought it was RAEFORD CAUDLE because of the gun. I recognize the gun from China Grove. Then later

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on I realized that RAEFORD CAUDLE was an entirely different description of the guy that was underneath me. But I remember he had that little hat on in China Grove, and so like he had a hat. It wasn't the same kind of hat, but it was a hat on. I mean...

[redacted]: What do you recall about his clothing?

[redacted]: He had a plaid shirt on.

[redacted]: Do you remember anything about the color of it?

[redacted]: No. So what do you want me to do?

[redacted]: Well.

[redacted]: Look through this more?

[redacted]: Only if you feel it would be helpful.

[redacted]: To identify any of them?

[redacted]: Right. Or any of the other, let me expand it. Do you recognize any of the other persons depicted in the photographs as being the persons who were involved in that fight over there?

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[redacted]: I can't remember...I can't remember.

[redacted]: Okay. Was there anything else that you wish to mention about anything that we covered so far before we show you the video tapes, November 3, China Grove or anything else?

[redacted]: I don't.

[redacted]: Does anybody have any questions for Mr. [redacted] before we proceed?

[redacted]: I do, [redacted] You said two police cars pulled up for about sixty seconds, did you notice or see any communication or exchange at all between the officers in that car and any of the people standing there on Carver and Everett Streets?

[redacted]: No, they were, they were not, you know, they were down at Willow and Everett. Uhm, no.

[redacted]: Do you remember any communication exchange at all at a distance?

[redacted]: No, no. They pulled up one behind the other and they stood there for about sixty seconds or so and sort of looked over the situation and, uh, you know, at first people thought they were going to come up, that was who was supposed to meet [redacted] at 11:30, and then they turned in the other direction, so it just sort of was strange in a way, you know, I guess.

[redacted]: Now 103016 on the film, do you recognize the individual with his arm protruding from the car window?

[redacted]: That's RAEFORD CAUDLE.

[redacted]: Did you observe this on November 3, 1979?

[redacted]: I can't be sure, I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay, as we proceed with the film, you tell me when the first car that you recall observing in the caravan appears on the screen.

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[redacted]: That one right there.

[redacted]: Okay, then you're referring to the car shown on 103410 on the film, is that correct?

[redacted]: I saw the other cars, but it wasn't until that car that I realized what was happening.

[redacted]: Okay, this is a green sedan with a Confederate flag, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: 105727 on the tape, do you recognize yourself in this picture?

[redacted]: Yeah, right there I guess. I mean that looks like it could be me.

[redacted]: You're referring to the person who appears to have a light colored hard hat on, and a dark

coat with a lighter jacket underneath?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Near the right hand edge of the screen in the far distance?

[redacted] Yeah, right. I suppose, it's hard to tell, but it looks like me.

[redacted] Okay, that's 111727, do you recognize yourself?

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] Are you the fellow with...

[redacted] With the yellow hard hat.

[redacted] Okay, do you see the person who as you look at the video tape, is in front of you with a guitar?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Okay, do you know who that is?

[redacted] That's [redacted]. b6 b7C

[redacted] And you appear in this photograph just over [redacted] s right shoulder, is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] Did you see what just happened on the video tape?

[redacted] It appears someone hit that car. I don't know, go back, I can't see what happened, or shot or something.

[redacted] Did you hear that? Well, let me ask this. Do you recall seeing a person strike a car with a stick, right approximately where you were standing on 11/3/79?

[redacted] Uh, I don't recall it.

[redacted] Now, do you see yourself in this photograph, 112828?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted]: Do you know what drew your attention down in a westerly direction on the street?

[redacted]: Well, is that when it went to brake, or is that when, well, I don't know. There were some people kicking the tires of the car. But I don't know if that's what drew my attention or the brakes. I don't know. I was looking that way anyway wasn't I?

[redacted]: Concentrate on, uh, on, uh, your actions and the sound.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Did you see what direction you're looking?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted]: Okay, you're looking back easterly on Everett aren't you?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

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[redacted]: Is that 112527?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted]: What did you hear?

[redacted]: Some kind of pop or something slapped or popped. (end of tape 2)

[redacted]: At 114002...

[redacted]: Okay, Mr. [redacted] you were describing what you saw on November 3, 1979 which is similar to what you are now viewing on the screen on 114016 on the tape.

[redacted]: The man riding the pickup truck got out on the running board and fired a pistol overhead.

[redacted]: Okay, is this the position you recall seeing him in when you saw the shot fired?

[redacted]: Uhm, not exactly. I thought he had his arm stretched out.

[redacted]: But he didn't. Okay, you thought his arm was stretched out, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right, but it was on the running board like this.

[redacted]: Okay, he was standing out and you could see this much of his body.

[redacted]: Right, yes.

[redacted]: Now on the video tape you see a stick fight occurring at the intersection of Everett and Carver, it's 115025 on the tape. Uh, do you recall seeing any portion of this on the third of November, 1979?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Now, you saw on the video tape, there you saw several people dragging somebody up the street, is that correct?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

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[redacted]: And those are the people you indicated earlier that you saw dragging [redacted] up the street?

[redacted]: I can't tell from the picture. You have to show it again.

[redacted]: Okay, now at this point 120116 on the film, if you'll concentrate your attention up Carver Street here, and, uh, I'll ask you to indicate whether you observed what appears there on the third of November, 1979.

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted]: Okay, is that what you recall seeing on November 3, 1979?

[redacted]: Yeah, but not, I, I, yeah.

[redacted]: Okay, where were you when you saw that?

[redacted]: I was over here to the right. I was coming across the street from the right. Are those...

[redacted]: Do you recognize who this person is here? Appears to be in the reddish or brownish colored coat?

[redacted]: No, not from that, I can't quite...

[redacted]: Do you recognize who the person is in the light colored coat with the blue hard hat?

[redacted]: No, I don't recognize those people.

[redacted]: Do you recognize who the person is in the plaid shirt with the blue hard hat?

[redacted]: No, not at that angle.

[redacted]: Do you recognize who was standing?

[redacted]: That's CESAR CAUCE.

[redacted]: Okay, for the record, this is 120907 on the tape. Now, you indicated that you had already been over in this grassy area.

[redacted]: Right.

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[redacted]: On top of the man that had the shotgun.

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: And got up and began to run across the street when you observed these people dragging [redacted] around the front of that car, is that correct?

[redacted]: That's what I said.

[redacted]: And you said you thought CESAR CAUCE was the person who was on top of you, is that correct?

[redacted]: That's what I said.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: I don't know. I thought he might be.

[redacted]: It could have been somebody else that day?

[redacted]: Yeah.

[redacted]: MIKE, before you go on, the last time that we actually saw you [redacted], you were down the street a little ways to my left, and realizing this action only takes a matter of moments, uh, how, what path did you follow to get from down where we last saw you on the left to the grassy side which is to the right of the screen?

[redacted]: I came down, turn on the sidewalk, and ran back behind the car where you see the people going behind now.

[redacted]: Okay, you cut through between the two cars there or...

[redacted]: No, well, I got down behind the car and took a position that was behind the car. Then I looked out across the street and saw something going on some of the demonstrators getting hit with sticks I remember or fists, and that's when I scoot, I ran out from behind the car across the street to where that was happening.

[redacted]: And that was before all these other people arrived behind the car? [redacted], ...

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[redacted]: Yeah, that was before they arrived. When I moved across the street, right, yes, definitely.

[redacted]: See right in there's where...

[redacted]: Now on 122627 on the screen you see a gentleman with bluejeans, a plaid shirt, carrying something in his hand, a gentleman with bluejeans and light colored shirt walking up the street, a person behind him with bluejeans and a plaid shirt and dark hair, and back here you see somebody with sort of grey colored pants and a black jacket, do you recognize any of those persons as being persons that were involved in the struggle with you that you described in that grassy area?

[redacted]: I can't recognize them.

[redacted]: You see in the upper right, or upper middle?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: Who?

[redacted]: [redacted]

[redacted]: Okay, and you recall seeing him standing there at some point, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: Now you're back behind Channel 12 car, right?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Now focusing your attention on these three persons in the front of the screen, I ask you if at any point you recognize anything you saw that day, not necessarily at this location. Can you tell what this person in the right hand side of the screen is carrying?

[redacted]: He's carrying a shotgun.

[redacted]: Is that, uh, it's pretty much, let's back up. Okay, the video tape has been stopped several hours yet, okay, we stopped it at 122024, and you directed our attention to the right hand edge of this pickup truck and some folks on the ground, is that correct?

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[redacted]: Yeah, I'm just trying to see if I could see myself in there.

[redacted]: Okay, now this is well after as you've already seen on the video tape, ...

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: [redacted] had been taken back behind the Channel 12 car.

[redacted]: Right, well let's still look at it.

[redacted]: Okay, we'll go frame by frame. Do you recognize who this is right here, can you tell by the clothing, brown pants?

[redacted]: It's CESAR. Is it a brown jacket?

[redacted]: It's brown pants.

[redacted]: Okay.

[redacted]: Can you tell us whether it was brown pants and a plaid shirt of some kind?

[redacted]: I can't tell.

[redacted]: Do you see right under the pickup truck 122806, a person laying on the ground there?

[redacted]: Uh huh.

[redacted] Okay, watch that person, as well as any other persons coming out from behind this pickup truck. See this person on the left hand side of the screen?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: See what's in his hand?

[redacted]: It's a shotgun.

[redacted]: Is that similar to the shotgun you remember the person having who was, who you were laying on top of?

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[redacted] Yeap, sure looks like from this point. I can't, it's a short barrel, I'd have to see it closer. But it sure...

[redacted]: Does that person look at all like the person you recall laying on top of that day?

[redacted] Yep.

[redacted]: And that person doesn't have a hat on does he?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: You're at 122617.

[redacted]: Now, do you see [redacted] standing back here?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Do you recognize either this person or the person in front of him as either of the two people involved in that struggle that you were describing earlier?

[redacted] I can't recognize them.

[redacted] Do you see this person back here with a black jacket on?

[redacted] Right.

[redacted] Do you recognize that person as being involved in the struggle that you were describing earlier?

[redacted] I can't. Most probably they were, I don't know.

[redacted] I'm going to turn back to regular speed.

[redacted] Okay.

[redacted] Do you recognize yourself in this frame which is...

[redacted] Yes.

[redacted] ...123009?

[redacted] Uh huh.

[redacted] And where are you at?

[redacted] Uhm, on the ground to the right with MICHAEL NATHAN, I mean to the left of MICHAEL NATHAN.

[redacted] Okay, that was after you were shot, is that correct?

[redacted] That's correct.

[redacted] Now Mr. [redacted] is there anything else that you recall after having viewed the video tape regarding what occurred on November 3 at Everett and Carver that you wish to relate to us at this time?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Now, other than the things you've already mentioned, do you have any personal knowledge or knowledge from any source about the activities of the Greensboro Police officers that indicates their involvement in the events that led up to,

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during, or after November 3, 1979?

[redacted]: Knowledge from any source?

[redacted]: Yes.

[redacted]: From what I read in the newspapers, and what I read in the Institute for Sun State Report.

[redacted]: Do you have knowledge from any other source?

[redacted]: No.

[redacted]: Okay, is there any person or source that you can direct us to to determine any information relative to involvement of the Greensboro Police Department?

[redacted]: No, not that I know of.

[redacted]: Okay, what about with regard to the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms or any other Federal agency?

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[redacted]: No. I don't have any. I don't have access to that knowledge.

[redacted]: I understand that. Do you know of any source that we ought to contact relative to the involvement of those agencies or any other Federal agency?

[redacted]: Uhm, no I don't. You'll have to talk to my lawyers about that. I'm sure they can steer you in the right direction. I don't know.

[redacted]: Okay. Is there anything else that you think is relevant that we have failed to ask you about, that you wish to relate to us now?

[redacted]: Uhm, did you want me to identify this shotgun, you got a picture of that or do you want that or...

[redacted]: Well, let's see if we have that here?

[redacted]: Why haven't you put that in front of me already?

[redacted]: You think you can identify the shotgun?

[redacted]: I did once before.

[redacted]: All right.

[redacted]: I know it's in your little folder, so...

[redacted]: In that case, we'll show it to you. We're not immune from forgetting to ask a question. Just look through those photographs and if you recognize the weapon that you think you saw that day...

[redacted]: Well, it was that one, same as this one isn't it? Or are they different?

[redacted]: Now you're referring first to the weapon shown on page 26 and page 27, is that correct?

[redacted]: Right.

[redacted]: Okay, those are different weapons.

[redacted]: Okay, well I see. I see there's a difference. You can tell by, uhm...

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[redacted]: You think if you saw the actual shotgun, that you'd be able to identify it?

[redacted]: Uhm, I can't tell the length of these things. But it was...

[redacted]: Now let me suggest this, uh...

[redacted]: I believe it was this one here.

[redacted]: Okay, you're pointing to the one that's depicted on page 26, is that correct? In the black and white photograph?

[redacted]: Right, right.

[redacted]: Okay, do you think if you saw the actual shotguns that you'd be able to select the one that you saw that day?

[redacted]: I hope I could. At the time it was my state of my memory, it was a barrel that had the barrel

on the bottom side was as big as the top barrel. It was different from for instance my shotgun or...

[redacted] In other words you're saying that the slide where you load, where you keep the load, it was as long as the barrel is that correct?

[redacted] Right, right. That one looks similar, but this is definitely, I can't tell, from the picture if this is shorter.

[redacted] Anything else that we may have failed to ask you about, that you wish to relate to us at this point?

[redacted] No.

[redacted] Anything, anybody else wants to ask of Mr. [redacted]?

[redacted] Okay, thank you. This concludes the interview with [redacted] The time is now 6:24.

(end of conversation)

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This document is a 4 page Ident. Record for [redacted] dated 11-14-79. It is being deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Title 28 U.S.C. Section 534.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 5/19/83

[redacted] Lincolnton, North Carolina, telephone [redacted], was contacted at his residence at which time he furnished the following information:

[redacted] advised that he is a former member of the Ku Klux Klan. He stated that he joined the Ku Klux Klan shortly before the incident at Greensboro in which several individuals were killed in a gun battle.

[redacted] stated that he definitely did not go to Greensboro, North Carolina, at the time individuals were killed and has no information concerning that incident.

He stated that he does not recall ever telling anyone that he was present at Greensboro during the incident.

[redacted] advised that he is acquainted with [redacted], since he and [redacted] were "raised together" near Lincolnton.

He stated that he has had no contact with individuals in the Ku Klux Klan since the Greensboro incident and wants nothing else to do with these individuals.

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The following descriptive information concerning [redacted] was obtained through observation and interview:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of birth	[redacted]
Height	5' 10"
Weight	170
Hair	Blond
Eyes	Green
Social Security Number	[redacted]

Investigation on 5/18/83 at Lincoln County, N. C. File # CE 44A-3527

by SA [redacted] Date dictated 5/19/83

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency. It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SECTION VII-2

GRAND JURY MATERIAL - DISSEMINATE ONLY
PURSUANT TO RULE 6 (e), Fed. R. Crim. P.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b3
b6
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Date of transcription 9/30/82

The following is a transcript of an interview of [redacted] at Hickory, North Carolina, conducted by Special Agent [redacted]

FBI reproduced interview 7-9-82

Investigation on 7/9/82 at Hickory, North Carolina File # CE 44A-3527

by SA [redacted] /dkk Date dictated 7/9/82

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FBI/DOJ

This document is a 6 page interview and Waiver of Rights form for [redacted] conducted by the Greensboro Police Department on 11-3-79. It is deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

b3
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This document is a 62 page transcript of a taped interview of [redacted] conducted on 6-15-82. b3 b6 b7C It is being deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

This document is a 1 page FD-302 interview of [redacted] conducted on 4-13-83. b3 b6 b7C

It has been deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

This document is a 1 page report of [redacted] b3

[redacted] conducted by the Greensboro Police Department

on 3-7-80. It is being deleted in its entirety under Code

"J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

This document is a 7 page interview and Waiver of Rights form for [redacted] conducted by the Greensboro Police Department on 12-28-79. It is deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

b3

This document is a 3 page interview and Waiver of Rights form for [redacted] conducted by the Greensboro Police Department on 11-4-79. It is deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

b3

This document is a 3 page Ident. Record for

[redacted] dated 6-22-83. It is being

deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Title 28 U.S.C. Section 534.

b3

This document is a 4 page report of [redacted] b3

[redacted] conducted by the Greensboro Police Department on 5-2-80. It is being deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

This document is a 11 page interview of [redacted] b3 conducted by the Greensboro Police Department on 11-9-79. It is deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

This document is a 14 page interview and Waiver of Rights form for [redacted] conducted by the Greensboro Police Department on 11-3-79. It is deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

b3

THE MOSES H. CONE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

X-RAY REQUISITION

Nov 3 12 47 PM '79

Flowers, Harold Dean

age 32

DATE: 11-3

REQ. BY: Doster M.D.

FILLED IN BY: Fenn R.N.

☒ EMERGENCY ROOM ☐ OUT PATIENT

☐ TO BE ADMITTED ☐ PRE-OP ☐ CALL REPORT

PRECAUTIONS: ☐ DRUG SENSITIVITY ☐ PREGNANCY ☐ OTHER

TRANSPORTATION: ☐ WALK ☒ WHEELCHAIR ☐ STRETCHER

REGION REQUESTED: Rt. Humerus Left femur Chest

CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS & HISTORY

GSW Chest pain Rt. side. Femur pain

Also to knee humerus pain distal

ISOTOPE & ACTIVITY

☐ X-RAYED ☐ DISMISSED

ADDRESS

PHONE

RESPONSIBLE PARTY

INSURANCE CO.

POLICY NO.

DATE DICTATED

11/4/79

RADIOLOGISTS REPORT ☐ NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY

RIGHT HUMERUS:

Bony structures appear normal. There are several small metallic foreign bodies in the soft tissues about the distal humerus.

RIGHT ELBOW:

Bony structures are normal. There is no evidence of joint effusion. Several tiny metallic foreign bodies are evident in the soft tissues.

CHEST:

Lungs are clear and heart and bony structures normal. There are one or two small metallic fragments seen over the right lower chest.

LEFT FEMUR:

Bony structures are normal. One small metallic body is seen in the soft tissues medial to the distal femur.

rkl

AK

Arthur Kriner, M.D.

099003 35M REV. 2/78

CHART

1 page of this report are being deleted in their entirety. It is a subpoena captioned [redacted] and is being deleted under Code "J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

b3
b6
b7C

This document is a 4 page Ident. Record for [redacted] dated 6-22-83. It is being deleted in its entirety under Code "J" - Title 28 U.S.C. Section 534.

b3

General Court of Justice

27-B Judicial District

CLERK SUPERIOR COURT

LINCOLN COUNTY

LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA

NELLIE L. BESS, CLERK
EX OFFICIO JUDGE OF PROBATE

BERT M. MONTAGUE, DIRECTOR
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

JOHN R. FRIDAY
SENIOR RESIDENT JUDGE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that Harold Dean Flowers has the following record of criminal convictions in the District or Superior Courts of Lincoln County for the past 10 years.

DATE	Offense	Disposition
7-24-78	Sp. 70-55; Reckless Driving	Guilty to reckless driving; cost and $50. - Dismissal on Sp. 70-55
1-30-79	Stop sign - Dismissed	
7-30-77	Sp. 70-55 - Waiver; cost and $10.	
3-26-76	Failure to yield R/W - Waiver; cost	
7-13-70	Open beer - 10 days suspended on cost	
12-14-71	Assault on female - Dismissed as frivolous on cost.	
1-11-73	Failed to yield R/W - cost	

This 5th day of Nov., 1979.

b6
b7C

[redacted]

Deputy Clerk
Title

This document is an insert containing a~~n investigation~~ PHOTO

of [redacted] conducted by the Greensboro b3

Police Department on 11-4-79 .

It is being deleted in its entirety under Code "J" -

Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

This document is a 2 page report of [redacted]

[redacted] conducted by the Greensboro Police Department b3 b6 b7C
on 11-8-79. It is being deleted in its entirety under Code
"J" - Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 6(e).

SECTION VII-2

*green pages due amended release

GRAND JURY MATERIAL - DISSEMINATE ONLY
PURSUANT TO RULE 6 (e), Fed. R. Crim. P.

0-93 (Rev. 4-26-78)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATION MESSAGE FORM

PAGE 1 OF 1

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
APRIL 1, 1983	UNCLAS	PRIORITY

$F133PP CEDE HQ #0133 $HDYUDP 0122222Z APR 9*83

START HERE

FM DIRECTOR (44-81521)

TO FBI CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS, OO: CHARLOTTE.

BUREAU AUTHORITY HAS BEEN GRANTED TO PERMIT REVIEW OF EDWARD DAWSON INFORMANT FILE BY DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY [redacted].

CHARLOTTE REVIEW FILE PRIOR TO DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW TO DETERMINE WHETHER THERE IS ANY INFORMATION IN THE FILE ABOUT WHICH THERE WOULD BE SUCH STRONG PRIVACY CONCERNS RELATING TO THIRD PARTIES THAT EXCISION OF SUCH MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISCUSSED WITH THE DEPARTMENT BEFORE ITS REVIEW.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/12/94 BY sp taylor

DO NOT TYPE PAST THIS LINE

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DO NOT TYPE MESSAGE BELOW THIS LINE

APPROVED BY	DRAFTED BY	DATE	ROOM	TELE EXT.
	EEH:TLT (3)	4/1/83	5131/6	4272

RETURN TO MR. [redacted], ROOM 5131

1 - MR. [redacted]
1 - MR.

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44-81521-447

APR 6 1983

APR 19 1983

1014 EFH

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

FBI/DOJ

NOTE: BUREAU AUTHORITY TO RELEASE FILE TO DOJ ATTORNEY [redacted] b6 b7C WAS GRANTED BY ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OLIVER B. REVELL WHO HAS DISCUSSED THIS MATTER WITH ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL [redacted] ON APRIL 1, 1983.

FD-523 (Rev. 5-4-79)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 4-11-83

From: Charlotte (44A-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL
CR
OO: Charlotte

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received	DMG	4-6-83
Developed	DMG/10	4-8-83
Printed		
Enlargements	MW	4883 (92)
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

4-VPS 120

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☐ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135			
126			
120	XX		4
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity
Rm. 5131	

dmg/4-11-83

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
_____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☒ 8 X 10
2 # prints from each frame
☒ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

06269 44-81521 -
06270
06271 06272

b6
b7C

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

Photographs should be forwarded to Supra Room 5131, JEH

(2) - Bureau (44A-81521)
(Enc's 4 ENCLOSURE)
1 - Charlotte
GAM:gam

APR 1983

FBIHQ Enclosure

Rec retained in Rm 1B903
~~1 letter each sent to~~
Ack: SPS, LAB
Work Completed:
Film processed ✓
Prints made ✓
Slides made _____
Init/date: dmg 4/11/83

003672

NOT RECORDED
APR 6 1983

~~SPEC. PROJ. SEC.~~

APR 13 1983

PHOTO UNIT
U.S.

INSTRUCTIONS

APR 6 3 31 PM '83

GENERAL

ALL photographic work must be submitted under the substantive case caption when it relates to an investigative matter. Include FBIHQ file number when available. All other photographic processing forms (including FD-482) are obsolete and should not be used. The FD-523 is to be utilized for all photographic processing work forwarded to FBIHQ except employee identification and/or credential cards. Requests for official FBI identification and credential cards must be submitted on form FD-464, Attention: Property Procurement and Management Section.

The FD-523 may be filled out in legible hand printing. The following information is set forth to assist in properly filling out this form. Remove third sheet only (yellow field copy) and submit the remaining five pages.

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

All photographic work submitted should be checked as Current Investigation, Mug Shot Program, or OTHER in appropriate block. If "OTHER" is checked a short description of what it is should be stated under item #4 (Remarks).

2. ENCLOSURE(S):

Film To Be Processed - Check appropriate column for Color, Black and White film, alongside the size of the film. Also, indicate the number of sheets or rolls or cassettes in the quantity column. Slides refers to **EXTACHROME ONLY, DO NOT SEND KODACHROME.**

Movie Film Or Microfilm - Check appropriate block for size and quantity. **DO NOT SEND COLOR MOVIE FILM.**

Negatives To Be Printed - Check appropriate block for size; Color or Black and White and quantity submitted. If 135mm negatives are to be printed, indicate by frame number, do not cut up into individuals frames. The same applies to any roll film.

Other - Enclosures to be copied e.g. photographs, documents, objects, etc.

3. WORK REQUESTED:

Processing - Only means to develop the film and **NO COPIES or PRINTS** e.g. microfilm.

Process And Print - Means to develop film and make one or more prints.

Process And Make Contact Strip - Means to develop film and make prints same size as negatives.

Slides To Be Processed - Means Ektachrome film to be developed and slides mounted.

Slides To Be Duplicated - Means process slide film and make one or more duplicates of each slide.

Prints To Be Made - From 135, 126 and 110 film, check size 3½ X 5 or 5 X 7. These are the only size prints available from our machine printers. Check Color or Black and White.

From 120 and 4 X 5 Film - Check size 4 X 5 or 8 X 10 and indicate Color or Black and White. These are the only size prints available from our machine printers.

Cibachrome Prints - Prints made directly from slides. Machine prints can be made in sizes 3½ X 5, 5 X 7 and 8 X 10.

Custom Prints - From any size negative or slide; indicate quantity and size of prints either Color or Black and White. Custom prints are available in various sizes but require extensive special handling. This type of printing is done on special request and proper justification must be furnished under item #4 (Remarks).

4. REMARKS:

Justification for custom prints. Any special instruction or short description of "other" photographic work in item #1 of this form.

0 8 9,0 0,0 4,1 6 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 1 5

0 6 4,0 0,0 0,1 0 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 1 4

0 5 0,0 0,0 0,1 0 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 1 3

1 0 6,0 6,1 0,2 2 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 1 2

0 8 8,0 6,0 8,2 0 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 1 1

0 4 6,0 6,0 6,1 8 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 1 0

0 5 6,0 6,0 6,1 8 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 0 9

0 8 8,0 6,0 6,1 8 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 0 8

0 3 5,0 6,0 6,1 6 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 0 7

0 3 5,0 6,0 6,1 6 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 0 6

0 7 4,0 6,0 8,2 0 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 0 5

0 8 0,0 6,0 8,2 0 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 0 4

0 8 9,0 6,0 8,2 2 0 0,0 0 6 2,0 0 3

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0 3 8,0 6,0 6,2 2 0 0,0 0 6 3,0 0 4

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0 3 8,0 6,0 4,1 8 0 0,0 0 6 3,0 0 2

0 8 6,0 6,0 6,2 2 0 0,0 0 6 3,0 0 1

Airtel

4/12/83

b6
b7C

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. [redacted]

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re FBIHQ airtel to Charlotte 3/18/83.

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory Departmental letter dated 4/11/83, along with its enclosures.

Complete requested transcription and su airtel to FBIHQ for dissemination to the Department.

Enclosures (12)

MAILED 16
APR 12 1983
FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/14 BY sp/tap/lp

44-81521-449

ERH:sds (12)

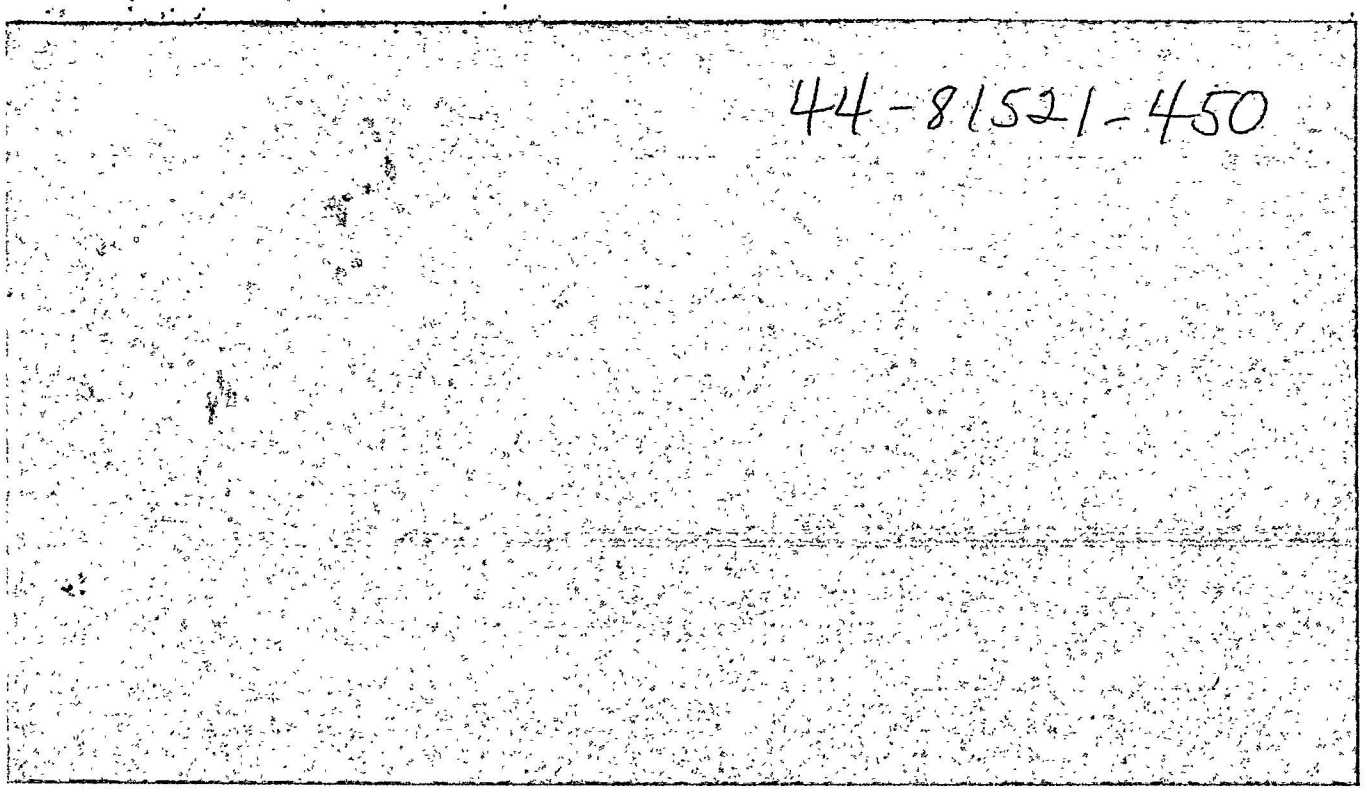
12 APR 13 1983

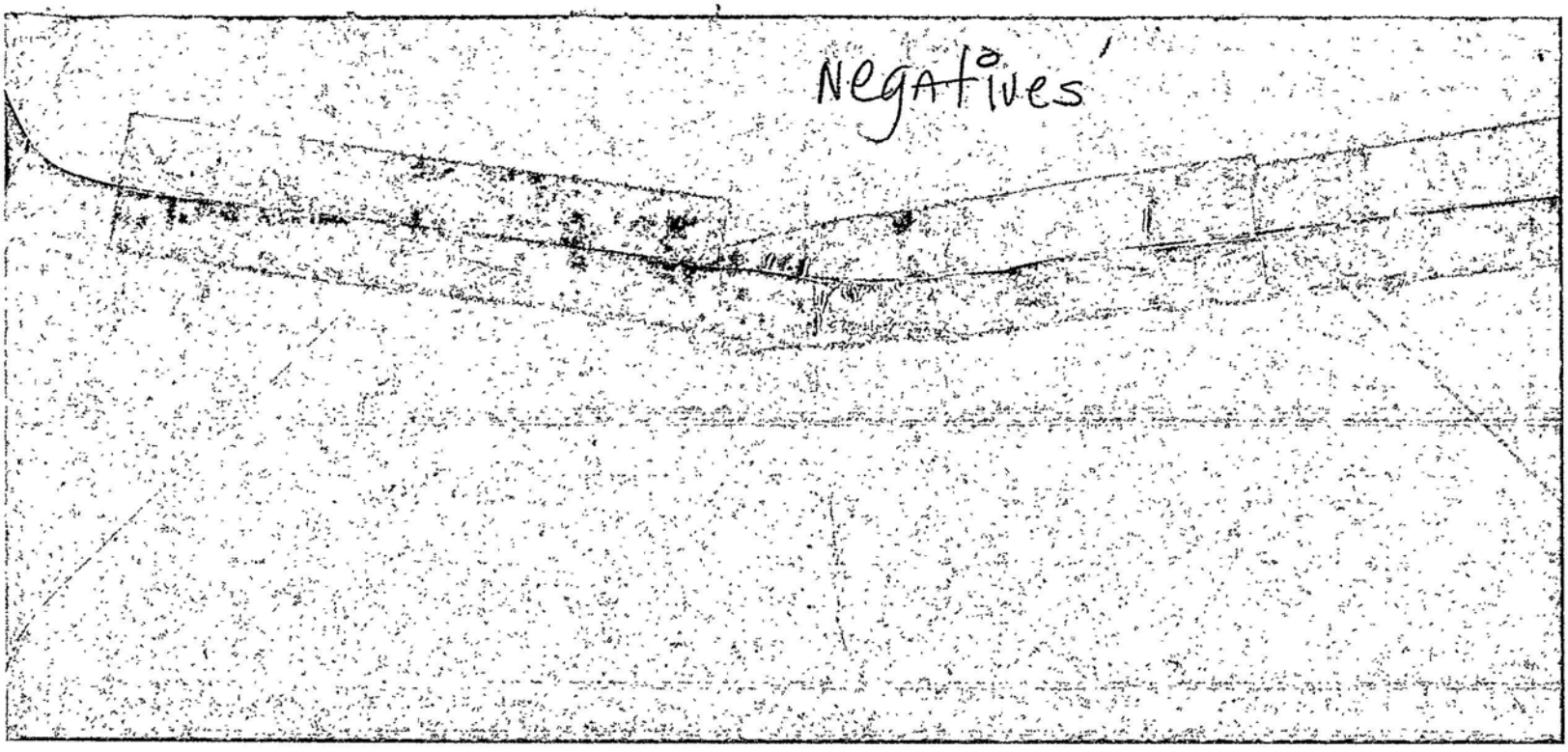
Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

MAIL ROOM ☐

141

MAY 16 1983


44-81521-450


Negatives

DOC LAB NOTE

DOCUMENT(S) CANNOT BE SCANNED

DESCRIPTIONS:

PHOTO NEGATIVES

FD-523 (Rev. 5-4-79)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 3/18/83

From: SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL
CR
(OO: Charlotte)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/12/91 BY Sp2 top/ly

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		
Developed		29 MAR 83
Printed		
Enlargements		
Slides		
~~Copied~~		
Other		

2 rec'd 3/25/83

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

(1)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135			
126			
120	XX		2
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity
Rm 5N91	

b6
b7C

MAR 31 1983

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)

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☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
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Prints To Be Made

☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)

Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Too returned in Rm 1B903
1 letter each sent to
Ack: SI-S, LAB
Work Completed:
Film processed ✓
Prints made ✓
Slides made _____
Init/date: MAR 31 1983

01762

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

44-81521-01763-450

b6
b7C

Photographs should be forwarded to Supervisor [redacted] Room 5131, JEH, and not returned to Charlotte.

Re: Phone call to Charlotte 3-30-83 to advise Photo Clerk of condition of film. Will be picked up.

NOT RECORDED
12 MAR 23 1983

2-Bureau (Enc. 2) ENCLOSURE
1-Charlotte
GAM/jmg
(3)

'ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

003387

FBIHQ Enclosure

SPEC. PROJ. SEC.

PHILADELPHIA
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MAR 31 8 37 AM '83

INSTRUCTIONS

APR 4 1983

GENERAL

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Other - Enclosures to be copied e.g. photographs, documents, objects, etc.

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From 120 and 4 X 5 Film - Check size 4 X 5 or 8 X 10 and indicate Color or Black and White. These are the only size prints available from our machine printers.

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Custom Prints - From any size negative or slide; indicate quantity and size of prints either Color or Black and White. Custom prints are available in various sizes but require extensive special handling. This type of printing is done on special request and proper justification must be furnished under item #4 (Remarks).

4. **REMARKS:**

Justification for custom prints. Any special instruction or short description of "other" photographic work in item #1 of this form.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MAR 24 7 15 AM '83

CE0Ø0706921532

RR HQ

DE CE

R 1Ø2153Z MAR 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR ([redacted]) ROUTINE ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION,

SUPERVISOR [redacted]; ORGANIZED CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE UNIT

CHIEF [redacted]

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

GREENKIL; [redacted]; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE

REFERENCE CHARLOTTE TELCALL FBIHQ TO SUPERVISOR [redacted]

AND UNIT CHIEF [redacted] ON MARCH 9, 1983.

BY MEMORANDUM DATED MARCH 8, 1983, ATTORNEYS U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, CIVIL RIGHTS, CRIMINAL SECTION, REQUESTED AUTHORITY FROM FBIHQ TO REVIEW CHARLOTTE FILE [redacted], REFERENCED CAPTIONED INFORMANT [redacted]

CAPTIONED INFORMANT WAS IDENTIFIED AS BEING [redacted]

[redacted] IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, WHERE THEY CONFRONTED A GROUP OF

b6
b7C
b2
b7D
b6
b7C
b7D

44-81521-451

16 MAR 14 1983

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 9/28/83 BY sp2tap/jp

49 APR 21 1983

WORKER'S VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (CWP) SYMPATHIZERS AND A RIOT ERUPTED. FIVE COMMUNIST LEADERS WERE LEFT DEAD AND NINE OTHERS WERE WOUNDED.

SPECIAL GRAND JURY INQUIRY HAS BEEN CONDUCTED SINCE [redacted] AND IS EXPECTED TO CONCLUDE IN [redacted]

[redacted] b3

THE PURPOSE OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEYS IN REVIEWING CAPTIONED CHARLOTTE FILE [redacted] WAS TO DOCUMENT AS AN INDEPENDENT SOURCE THE FACT THAT CAPTIONED INFORMANT HAD BEEN CLOSED AS A SOURCE OF THE FBI SINCE SEPTEMBER, 1976, AND THAT THERE WAS NO FURTHER CONTACT BETWEEN CASE AGENTS IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, WITH INFORMANT. b2 b7D

INITIAL UNDERSTANDING OF USDJ ATTORNEYS WAS THAT THEY WOULD HAVE ACCESS TO THE ENTIRE FILE TO REVIEW; HOWEVER, UPON THE OBJECTION OF UNIT CHIEF [redacted], FBIHQ, ATTORNEYS CONCURRED b6 b7C

THAT THEY DID NOT NEED TO REVIEW THE SUBSTANCE OF INFORMANT FILE AS TO ANY INFORMATION WHICH MAY HAVE BEEN RELATED PRIOR TO THE CLOSING OF THE INFORMANT IN SEPTEMBER, 1976, AND THAT THEIR IMMEDIATE INTEREST WAS ONLY IN DOCUMENTING THAT INFORMANT WAS IN FACT CLOSED BY THE FBI AND THERE WAS NO CONTACT WITH INFORMANT PRIOR TO INCIDENTS OF NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

THE ABOVE INFORMATION WAS FURNISHED TO UNIT CHIEF SA [redacted] b6 b7C WHO AUTHORIZED THE LIMITED REVIEW OF INFORMANT FILE FOR [redacted] IN ORDER TO DOCUMENT THAT SOURCE WAS PROPERLY CLOSED b2 b7D ACCORDING TO FBI GUIDELINES IN 1976, AND THAT THERE WAS NO FURTHER USE OF INFORMANT UP TO AND INCLUDING THE EVENTS OF NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

PURSUANT TO THIS AGREEMENT, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEY [redacted] WAS FURNSIHED THE CHARLOTTE FILE [redacted] b2 b7D ADMINISTRATIVE FILE WHICH REPORTS THE CLOSING OF INFORMANT EFFECTIVELY OCTOBER 4, 1976. UNDER SUPERVISION OF SA [redacted] b6 b7C [redacted] THIS FILE WAS REVIEWED BY DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY [redacted] AND ONLY PORTIONS OF FILE REVIEWED RELATIVE TO CHARLOTTE FBI'S REQUEST TO CLOSE INFORMANT IN SEPTEMBER, 1976, AND THE CLOSING DATE OF INFORMANT, OCTOBER 4, 1976. REMAINING PORTIONS OF THE FILE AFTER THAT DATE WERE RELATIVE TO COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN FBIHQ AND

CHARLOTTE REGARDING SOURCE'S INVOLVEMENT IN THE EVENTS OF NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND FBIHQ'S AUTHORITY TO DISCLOSE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PAYMENT OF INFORMANT DURING PERIOD OF HIS SERVICE.

NO OTHER PORTIONS OF THIS FILE WERE REVIEWED, AND NO SUBSTANTIVE INFORMATION REGARDING INFORMANT CONTACTS AND INFORMATION FURNISHED WAS REVIEWED BY DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEYS.

A PRESENT, U.S. DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY [redacted], ASSISTANT CHIEF, CRIMINAL DIVISION, CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION, USDJ, ADVISED HE BELIEVES THIS TO BE SATISFACTORY AND HAS NO FURTHER DESIRE FOR ANY FURTHER INFORMATION FROM INFORMANT FILE.

b6
b7C

BT

AIRTEL

4/13/83

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)

1 - Mr. [redacted]

b6
b7C

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Charlotte airtel (FD-523) to FBIHQ, 4/11/83.

Enclosed are four rolls of photographic negatives and two copies of each photograph.

Enclosures (6)

MAILED 16
APR 13 1983
FBI

EEH/clw (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/14 BY sp2 Taylor

66 APR 25 1983

44-81521-452

10 APR 13 1983

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

MAIL ROOM

CE0007 1111936Z

00 HQ CO

DE CE

0 211922Z APR 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)(P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

COLUMBIA IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CR (A). OO: CHARLOTTE.

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT
21 APR 83 1936 Z
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec AD-Inv.
Exec AD-LES
Asst. Dir.
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong.
& Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

FEDERAL GRAND JURY, MDNC, SITTING IN WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., RETURNED INDICTMENTS THIS DATE ON THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS IN CONNECTION WITH THE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, SHOOTOUT BETWEEN THE KU KLUX KLAN AND NAZI PARTY AGAINST THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY, AKA WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION: [redacted] EDWARD W. DAWSON, [redacted], ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, ROY CLINTON TONEY, [redacted] RAEFORD MILANO CAUDLE.

DETAILS OF CHARGES ARE BEING MADE PUBLIC BY PRESS RELEASE FROM U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AFTER ARRESTS ARE EFFECTED.

ABOVE INDIVIDUALS ARE ALL CURRENT RESIDENTS OF N. C. AND

44-81521-453

7 APR 22 1983

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b7C

66 MAY 5 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/84 BY sp Top/sp

ARRESTS WILL BE HANDLED BY THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION WITH THE EXCEPTION OF ROY CLINTON TONEY.

TONEY IS A FORMER RESIDENT OF LINCOLN COUNTY, N. C. AND GASTON COUNTY, N. C., BUT HAS RECENTLY MOVED TO SOUTH CAROLINA.

ON APRIL 21, 1983, [redacted] N. C. (PROTECT IDENTITY), ADVISED THAT TONEY RECENTLY MOVED FROM A TRAILER PARK IN BELTON, S. C. TO A HOUSE IN THE BELTON [redacted] BELIEVED THIS HOUSE WAS LOCATED IN AN AREA CALLED "HORSE PASTURE" OR A NAME SIMILAR TO "HORSE PASTURE". TONEY [redacted] PROVIDED THE USDJ THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS WHEH HE RECENTLY APPEARED BEFORE A FEDERAL GRAND JURY: "CARE OF [redacted].

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b7C
b7D

b3
b6
b7C

FEDERAL GRAND JURY INDICTED TONEY FOR VIOLATION T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; SECTION 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245(B)(4)(A) AND ONE SUBSTANTIVE COUNT OF VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT.B(2) 4(A) - SERIOUS INJURY RESULTING. BENCH WARRANT ISSUED THIS DATE USDC, MDNC, SIGNED BY GEORGIA TAYLOR, ASSISTANT CLERK. WARRANT CURRENTLY ON FILE

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C. BOND RECOMMENDED $30,000.

TONEY DESCRIBED WHITE MALE, BORN JUNE 23, 1947, FIVE FEET, ELEVEN INCHES, 175 POUNDS, BROWN/BLOND HAIR, BLUE EYES. TELEPHOTOS BEING FURNISHED COLUMBIA DIVISION.

INDICTMENTS AND WARRANTS ARE BEING SEALED BY MDNC. INDICTMENTS WILL BE MADE PUBLIC UPON ARREST OF ALL ABOVE INDIVIDUALS.

PRESS INQUIRIES SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO PRESS OFFICE, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. AFTER PRESS RELEASE BY USDJ, CHARLOTTE OFFICE WILL PROVIDE ADDITIONAL LIMITED INFORMATION TO THE PRESS.

LEAD:

COLUMBIA DIVISION, AT BELTON, SOUTH CAROLINA: APPREHEND ROY C. TONEY.

TONEY CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

6-147 (1-13-81)

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 4/21/83

Re: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

On November 3, 1979, a confrontation occurred between members of The Workers Viewpoint Organization, also known as as The Communist Workers Party of North Carolina, and a coalition consisting of Ku Klux Klan and American Nazi Party members. After a brief fight with sticks and clubs between the opposing groups, the Klan/Nazi members obtained various firearms from their vehicles and began shooting at the Workers Viewpoint Organization demonstrators. This confrontation resulted in five of the Workers Viewpoint Organization members being killed. Six Klan/Nazi members were tried in state court on murder charges and were acquitted on 11/17/80. The Federal Grand Jury hearing evidence in this matter reconvened on [redacted] b3

The attached Charlotte teletype advises:

[redacted] and [redacted], both from the Greensboro Justice Fund, b6 b7C made an unauthorized appearance before the Federal Grand Jury meeting in Greensboro, North Carolina, on [redacted]. [redacted]

[redacted]

BAM:bam

1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.

1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr.
(ATTN: Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.

FBI/DOJ

[redacted] had been advised that the FGJ agreed to [redacted]; however, he refused stating this was insufficient time for [redacted]. The FGJ has now stated they will have no further testimony from [redacted].

b3
b6
b7C

The Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice, has authorized, and the FBI Charlotte Office, is conducting an Obstruction of Justice investigation.

APPROVED:

Director	Adm. Servs.	Laboratory
Exec. AD-Adm.	Crim. Inv. OBE/A	Legal Coun.
Exec. AD-Inv.	Ident.	Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Exec. AD-LES	Inspection	Rec. Mgnt.
	Intell.	Tech. Servs.
		Training

CEQØ11 11©2213Z

ØØ HI

DE CE

Ø 2Ø2211Z APR 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (72-NEW) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS (A), ØØ: CHARLOTTE.

[redacted], GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE - ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE GRAND JURY PROCEEDINGS THROUGH WRITTEN DOCUMENTS, ØØ: CHARLOTTE.

ON [redacted] NC, MADE ENTRY INTO THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY ROOM, U. S. DISTRICT COURT, MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITHOUT BEING SUMMONED AS A WITNESS AT A TIME IN WHICH NO U. S. ATTORNEY OR DEPARTMENT ATTORNEY WAS PRESENT. AFTER MAKING ENTRANCE, [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

RECEIVED TELETYPE UNIT
20 APR 83 22 27Z
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Serva.
Crim. Inv. 08/83
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Serv.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secty

b6
b7C

[redacted]

b3

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 44-81521-454

44-81521-454

12 APR 22 1983

b6
b7C

[redacted]

XEROX
JUL 26 1983

ON ALL PREVIOUS OCCASIONS WHEN [redacted] b3
BEFORE FEDERAL GRAND JURY OR WHEN OTHER WITNESSES OF THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY) HAD ATTEMPTED TO APPEAR BEFORE A GRAND JURY, THEY PROCEEDED THROUGH U. S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE AND/OR USDJ ATTORNEYS AND WERE SUMMONED BY U. S. MARSHAL OR ATTORNEY TO TESTIFY.

[redacted] FOR A PERIOD OF APPROXIMATELY TWO WEEKS HAS BEEN CONTINUALLY MAKING PRESS RELEASES RELATIVE TO HIS ATTEMPTS TO SEE THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY WITHOUT THE PRESENCE OF USDJ ATTORNEYS. b3
COMMUNICATIONS BY [redacted] HAVE BEEN FORWARDED TO USDC, HONORABLE b6 b7C
JUDGE IRWIN, MDNC, GREENSBORO, NC; AND THROUGH U. S. ATTORNEY [redacted], [redacted] WAS ADVISED ON EACH OCCASION BY LETTER FROM THE U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEY OR IN TELEPHONE CONVERSATION THAT THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY HAD AGREED TO HIS APPEARANCE BEFORE THE GRAND JURY [redacted] REFUSED TO APPEAR AS HE STATED IT WAS INSUFFICIENT TIME FOR HIS APPEARANCE AND GRAND JURY DECIDED TO HAVE NO FURTHER TESTIMONY FROM [redacted]

TELEVISION NEWS [redacted], GREENSBORO, b6 b7C

NC, WAS STANDING DIRECTLY BEHIND [redacted] AND [redacted] WHEN THEY MADE ENTRANCE INTO THE GRAND JURY ROOM. GRAND JURORS IMMEDIATELY REPORTED THE INTRUSION TO SPECIAL AGENT, FBI, ASSIGNED TO GRAND JURY AS INVESTIGATOR AND THE NAMES OF ALL GRAND JURORS ~~WERE~~ PRESENT WHEN THIS INTRUSION WAS MADE HAS BEEN OBTAINED. b6 b7C

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION, HAS AUTHORIZED A CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION FOR A VIOLATION OF TITLE 18, SECTION 1503; OR VIOLATION OF TITLE 18, SECTION 1504, AND INTERVIEWS ARE BEING CONDUCTED.

CHARLOTTE INVESTIGATION IS OPENING A NEW SUBSTITUTIVE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION FOR OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE RELATIVE TO THIS INQUIRY RATHER THAN HAVE IT CONTAINED WITHIN THE PRESENT CIVIL RIGHTS INVESTIGATION.

BT

#

V

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 4/22/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44A-81521)
ATTN: [redacted] CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT, ROOM 5131

FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (157-2954) (RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL;
CIVIL RIGHTS;
OO: CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Reference Milwaukee telcall to Charlotte Supervisor [redacted] on April 15, 1983, and Bureau telcall from Supervisor [redacted] to Milwaukee on April 15, 1983.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and three copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Enclosed for Charlotte are two copies of this LHM, two original FD-302's containing interviews of [redacted] a 1-A envelope containing interview notes, and a 1-A containing original Federal Express receipt, air bill number 165 607 315.

44-81521-455

Being forwarded under separate cover is one box containing various Bureau and Department of Justice documents concerning captioned matter, which were misdirected by Federal Express to a private citizen in Milwaukee, [redacted]

[redacted] Because of [redacted] cooperation with the Milwaukee Office in the prompt return of the misdirected evidence, a letter from the SAC Milwaukee has been sent to him commending him for his assistance to this bureau.

ENCLOSURE

3-Bureau (44A-81521) (Enc. 4) 1*
2-Charlotte (44A-3527) (Enc. 6)
1-Milwaukee (157-2954)
RAM/emw
(6)

12 APR 29 1983

66 MAY [illegible]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/13/84 BY sp

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

April 22, 1983

GREENKIL;
CIVIL RIGHTS

On April 15, 1983, [redacted] b6 b7C telephonically contacted the Milwaukee Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and he advised that he had just received a box via Federal Express at his office today which was filled with Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) tapes and typed transcripts, which were apparently misdirected to him.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/13/84 BY Sp-tap/ep

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

44-81521-455

ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1* Date of transcription 4/22/83

b6
b7C

[redacted] advised that sometime between 10:00 a.m. and 11:00 a.m. on April 15, 1983, a box was delivered to his office from their warehouse services office. He stated that the box had already been opened by their Receiving Department, and that the box had originally been delivered by Federal Express. He stated that he examined the contents of the box and determined that it contained tapes and reports of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and that he immediately contacted the Milwaukee Office of the FBI, as he had no idea why he received this box. He noted that the box contained a Federal Express receipt, air bill number 165 607 315, from [redacted]

He then furnished the box to the interviewing agents and examination of the contents of the box determined that it contained an original report of interview (FD-302) of [redacted] conducted by Special Agent [redacted] North Carolina, on June 17, 1982, in Charlotte file number 44A-3527. This box also contained two cassette tapes labeled, [redacted] June 29, 1982", and [redacted] September 1, 1982", respectively, and this box contained various other documents from the Department of Justice, and various newspaper clippings. This box also bore a United States Department of Justice address label addressed to [redacted], United States Department of Justice, 9th and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D.C. 20530.

Special Agent [redacted] assumed custody of the box, its contents, and the original Federal Express receipt, air bill number 165 607 315, at 2:50 p.m.

Investigation on 4/15/83 at Milwaukee, Wisconsin File # MI 157-2954

by SA [redacted] SA [redacted] emw Date dictated 4/21/83

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1*

Date of transcription 4/22/83

[redacted] advised that the package that had been received by [redacted] at his office on April 15, 1983, had been delivered by Federal Express at 10:20 a.m. He stated that the package was initially received by their receiving clerk, [redacted], who opened and resealed the package. He thereafter forwarded the package to the Warehouse Services Department for delivery to [redacted] and the package was subsequently delivered by [redacted] who is in their [redacted] Department.

b6
b7C

Investigation on 4/15/83 at Milwaukee, Wisconsin File # MI 157-2954

b6
b7C

by SA [redacted] emw Date dictated 4/21/83

3*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☐ AIRTEL	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 4/22/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521) (ATTN: [redacted] CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION)
FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
(00: CE)

Re Charlotte airtel (FD-523) to Bureau, 4/11/83 and Bureau airtel to Charlotte, 4/13/83.

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of photographs.

Negatives are being retained by Charlotte Division in the event more copies are required.

b6
b7C

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU

[redacted], Enclosed photographs should be forwarded to Mr. [redacted], Civil Rights Division.

44-81521-456

ENCLOSURE

23 APR 27 1983

2-Bureau (Enc. 2 sets)
2-Charlotte
GAM/jmg
(4)

JCRP 070-10 5/3/83

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/12/84 BY sp [illegible]

Approved: [redacted] 1983 Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1982 O - 369-895

FD-515 (Rev. 12-15-80)

ACCOMPLISHMENT REPORT

(Submit within 30 days from date of accomplishment)

Date 4/22/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, Charlotte

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CR (A)
OO: CHARLOTTE

44-81521	Bureau File Number
44A-3527	Field Office File Number
5	Squad or RA Number

Investigative Assistance or Techniques Used

Were any of the investigative assistance or techniques listed below used in connection with accomplishment being claimed? ☒ No ☐ Yes - If Yes, rate each used as follows:
1 = Used, but did not help
2 = Helped, but only minimally
3 = Helped, substantially
4 = Absolutely essential

1. Acctg Tech Assistance Rating	6. ELSUR - Title III Rating	11. Lab Div Field Support Rating	16. Surveil. Sqd Asst Rating
2. Aircraft Assistance	7. Hypnosis Assistance	12. Pen Registers	17. SWAT Team Action
3. Computer Assistance	8. Ident Div Assistance	13. Photographic Coverage	18. Telephone Toll Records
4. Consensual Monitoring	9. Informant Information	14. Polygraph Assistance	19. Undercover Operation
5. ELSUR - FISC	10. Lab Div Exams	15. Show Money Usage	20. Visual Invest - Analysis (VIA)

A. Preliminary Judicial Process (Number of subjects)

Complaints	Informations	Indictments

B. Arrests, Locates & Summonses (Number of subjects)

	Subject Priority (See Reverse) A	B	C
FBI Arrests -	1		
FBI Locates -			

Criminal Summons _____

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Physically Resisted 0

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Were Armed 0

C. Release of Hostages: (Number of Hostages Released)

Hostages Held By Terrorists _____; All Other Hostage Situations _____

D. Recoveries, Restitutions, Court Ordered Forfeitures or Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP)

Property or PELP Type Code *	Recoveries	Restitutions	Court Ordered Forfeitures	Potential Economic Loss Prevented
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$

E. Civil Matters

	Government Defendant	Government Plaintiff
Amount of Suit	$	$
Settlement or Award	$	$ Enter AFA Payment Here

F. Final Judicial Process: Judicial District _____ (District) _____ (State)

(Use two letter state abbreviations per U.S. Post Office Guide. For Example - The Northern District of Texas as ND TX; The District of Maine as ME in the state field only.)

Subject 1 - Name -

Subject's Description Code * -

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

Subject 2 - Name -

Subject's Description Code * -

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

44-81521-457

Subject 3 - Name -

Subject's Description Code * -

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

APR 26 1983

Attach additional forms if reporting final judicial process on more than three subjects.

Remarks: Subject [redacted] arrested by FBI Agents at Mt. Holly, N. C., 4/21/83, for violation T. 18, Sect. 371 and Sect. 245, USC.

b6
b7C

2 - Bureau

2 - Charlotte (1 - 44A-3527)

(1 - 66-3058)

APR 26 1983

2 - Bureau
2 - Field Office
CBW:jnr

* See codes on reverse side. Subject description codes in Section F are required only when reporting a conviction.

FBI/DOJ

Property Type Codes *

Code No	Description
1	Cash (U.S. and foreign currency)
2	Stock, Bonds or Negotiable Instruments (checks, travelers checks, money orders, certificates of deposit, etc)
3	General Retail Merchandise (clothing, food; liquor, cigarettes, TVs, etc)
4	Vehicles (autos, trucks, tractors, trailers, campers, motorcycles, etc)
5	Heavy Machinery & Equipment (heavy equipment, computers, etc)
6	Bulk Materials (grain, fuel, raw materials, metals, wire, etc)
7	Jewelry (including unset precious and semiprecious stones)
8	Precious Metals (gold, silver, silverware, platinum, etc)
9	Art, Antiques or Rare Collections
10	Dangerous Drugs
11	Weapons or Explosives
12	Businesses or Assets Forfeited
20	All Other Recoveries (not falling in any category above)

Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP) Type Codes *

Code No	Description
21	Blank Negotiable Instruments or Tickets
22	Counterfeit Stocks, Bonds, Currency or Negotiable Instruments
23	Counterfeit or Pirated Sound Recordings or Motion Pictures
24	Bank Theft Scheme Aborted
25	Ransom, Extortion or Bribe Demand Aborted
26	Theft From, or Fraud Against, Government Scheme Aborted
27	Commercial or Industrial Theft Scheme Aborted
30	All Other Potential Economic Loss Prevented (not falling in any category above)

MAY 04 1983

*The case file must contain an explanation of the computation of the recovery value or loss prevented. An explanation airtel must accompany this report if the recovery is $1 million or more, or if the PELP is $5 million or more.

Subject Description Codes *
- Enter Description Code Only When Reporting a Conviction -

Organized Crime Subjects:
- 1A Boss, Underboss or Consigliere
- 1B Capodecina or Soldier
- 1C Possible LCN Member or Associate
- 1D OC Subject Other Than LCN

Known Criminals (Other Than OC Members):
- 2A Top Ten or I.O. Fugitive
- 2B Top Thief
- 2C Top Con Man

Foreign Nationals:
- 3A Legal Alien
- 3B Illegal Alien
- 3C Foreign Official Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3D U.N. Employee Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3E Foreign Students
- 3F All Others

Terrorists:
- 4A Known Member of a Terrorist Organization
- 4B Possible Terrorist Member or Sympathizer

Union Members:
- 5A International or National Officer
- 5B Local Officer
- 5C Union Employee

Government Official Or Employees:
- 6A Federal - Elected Official
- 6B Federal - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6C Federal - All Other
- 6D State - Elected Official
- 6E State - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6F State - All Other
- 6G Local - Elected Official
- 6H Local - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6J Local - All Other

Bank Officers Or Employees:
- 7A Bank Officer
- 7B Bank Employee

All Others:
- 8A All Other Subjects (not fitting above categories)

*If a subject can be classified in more than one of the categories, select the most appropriate in the circumstance.

Instructions

Subject Priorities for FBI Arrest or Locates:
- A - Subject wanted for crimes of violence (i.e. murder, manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault) or convicted of such crimes in the past five years.
- B - Subjects wanted for crimes involving the loss or destruction of property valued in excess of $25,000 or convicted of such crimes in the past five years.
- C - All others

Claiming Convictions Other Than Federal:

It is permissible to claim a local (state, county or local) conviction if the FBI's investigation significantly contributed to the successful local prosecution. A succinct narrative setting forth the basis for claiming a local conviction must accompany this report. When claiming a conviction other than Federal, enter the word "LOCAL" in the "Conviction-Section" block, disregard the number of conviction counts, but enter the sentence in the appropriate blocks. Enter "LF" in the "In-Jail" block for all life sentences and "CP" for all capital punishment sentences.

Reporting Convictions:

Convictions should not be reported until the sentence has been issued. There are two exceptions to this rule. The conviction information can be submitted by itself if:

1. The subject becomes a fugitive after conviction but prior to sentencing.
2. The subject dies after conviction but prior to sentencing.

An explanation is required in the Remarks section for either of the above exceptions.

Rule 20 Situations:

The field office that obtained the process (normally the office of origin) is the office that should claim the conviction, **not** the office where the subject enters the plea in cases involving Rule 20 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedures.

Investigative Assistance or Techniques (IA/Ts) Used:

-Since more than one IA/T could have contributed to the accomplishment, each IA/T must be rated.

-The IA/T used must be rated **each time** an accomplishment is claimed. (For example - if informant information was the basis for a complaint, an arrest, a recovery and a conviction and if separate FD-515s are submitted for each of the aforementioned accomplishments, the "Informant Information" block must be rated on each FD-515 even if it was the same information that contributed to all the accomplishments.)

FD-515 (Rev. 12-15-80)

ACCOMPLISHMENT REPORT

(Submit within 30 days from date of accomplishment)

Date 4/22/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, Charlotte

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CR (A)
OO: CHARLOTTE

44-81521
Bureau File Number
44A-3527
Field Office File Number
5
Squad or RA Number

Investigative Assistance or Techniques Used

Were any of the investigative assistance or techniques listed below used in connection with accomplishment being claimed? ☒ No ☐ Yes - If Yes, rate each used as follows:

1 = Used, but did not help
2 = Helped, but only minimally
3 = Helped, substantially
4 = Absolutely essential

1. Acctg Tech Assistance Rating	6. ELSUR - Title III Rating	11. Lab Div Field Support Rating	16. Surveil. Sqd Asst Rating
2. Aircraft Assistance	7. Hypnosis Assistance	12. Pen Registers	17. SWAT Team Action
3. Computer Assistance	8. Ident Div Assistance	13. Photographic Coverage	18. Telephone Toll Records
4. Consensual Monitoring	9. Informant Information	14. Polygraph Assistance	19. Undercover Operation
5. ELSUR - FISC	10. Lab Div Exams	15. Show Money Usage	20. Visual Invest - Analysis (VIA)

A. Preliminary Judicial Process (Number of subjects)

Complaints	Informations	Indictments

B. Arrests, Locates & Summonses (Number of subjects)

	Subject Priority (See Reverse) A	B	C
FBI Arrests -	1		
FBI Locates -			

Criminal Summons _____

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Physically Resisted 0

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Were Armed 0

C. Release of Hostages: (Number of Hostages Released)

Hostages Held By Terrorists _____; All Other Hostage Situations _____

D. Recoveries, Restitutions, Court Ordered Forfeitures or Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP)

Property or PELP Type Code *	Recoveries	Restitutions	Court Ordered Forfeitures	Potential Economic Loss Prevented
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$

E. Civil Matters

	Government Defendant	Government Plaintiff
Amount of Suit	$	$
Settlement or Award	$	$ Enter AFA Payment Here

F. Final Judicial Process: Judicial District _____ (District) _____ (State)

(Use two letter state abbreviations per U.S. Post Office Guide. For Example - The Northern District of Texas as ND TX; The District of Maine as ME in the state field only.)

Subject 1 - Name - **Subject's Description Code * -**

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

Subject 2 - Name - **Subject's Description Code * -**

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

44-81521-458

Subject 3 - Name - **Subject's Description Code * -**

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

FBI - CHARLOTTE APR 26 1983

Attach additional forms if reporting final judicial process on more than three subjects.

Remarks: Subject [redacted] was arrested by FBI Agents, Lincoln County, N.C., 4/21/83, for violation T. 18, Sect. 371, and Sect. 245, USC.

b6
b7C

(2) - Bureau
2 - Charlotte (1 - 44A-3527)

2 - Bureau
2 - Field Office (1 - 66-3058)
CBW:jnr

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp2 tap/sp

* See codes on reverse side. Subject description codes in Section F are required only when reporting a conviction.

FBI/DOJ

Property Type Codes *

Code No	Description
1	Cash (U.S. and foreign currency)
2	Stock, Bonds or Negotiable Instruments (checks, travelers checks, money orders, certificates of deposit, etc)
3	General Retail Merchandise (clothing, food, liquor, cigarettes, TVs, etc)
4	Vehicles (autos, trucks, tractors, trailers, campers, motorcycles, etc)
5	Heavy Machinery & Equipment (heavy equipment, computers, etc)
6	Bulk Materials (grain, fuel, raw materials, metals, wire, etc)
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MAY 0 4 1983

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- Enter Description Code Only When Reporting a Conviction -

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- 3C Foreign Official Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3D U.N. Employee Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3E Foreign Students
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Terrorists:
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Government Official Or Employees:
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- 6B Federal - Nonelected Executive Level
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- 6E State - Nonelected Executive Level
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Investigative Assistance or Techniques (IA/Ts) Used:

-Since more than one IA/T could have contributed to the accomplishment, each IA/T must be rated.

-The IA/T used must be rated **each time** an accomplishment is claimed. (For example - if informant information was the basis for a complaint, an arrest, a recovery and a conviction and if separate FD-515s are submitted for each of the aforementioned accomplishments, the "Informant Information" block must be rated on each FD-515 even if it was the same information that contributed to all the accomplishments.)

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FM COLUMBIA (44A-2149) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) IMMEDIATE

BT

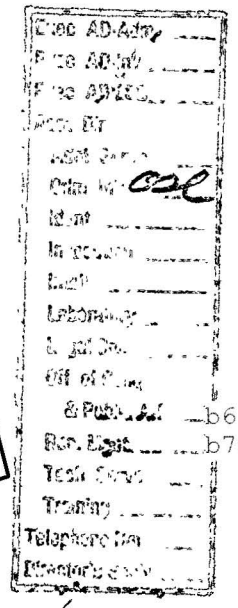
UNCLAS

GREENKIL; CR (A); OO: CHARLOTTE.

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

13 APR 83 04 44Z

FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION



b6
b7C

Civil Rights & Spec Inq Sect

RE CHARLOTTE TEL APRIL 22, 1983.

ROY CLINTON TONEY ARRESTED THIS DATE BY BUREAU AGENTS AT ANDERSON COUNTY, S.C., WITHOUT INCIDENT. TONEY PRESENTLY IN GREENVILLE COUNTY, S.C., DETENTION CENTER AWAITING APPEARANCE BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE.

CHARLOTTE ADVISE U. S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE, GREENSBORO, N.C., TO FORWARD NECESSARY PAPERS TO U. S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE, GREENVILLE, S.C. CHARLOTTE ALSO CLEAR NCIC.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS

44-81521-459

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/84 BY sp2 tap/cp

7 MAY 4 1983

66 MAY 23 1983

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

24 APR 83 00 09Z

FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

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FM COLUMBIA (44A-2149) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CR (A), OO: CHARLOTTE.

RE COLUMBIA TELETYPE DATED APRIL 22, 1983.

ROY CLINTON TONEY BROUGHT BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE WILLIAM CATOE, DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA, GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA, AND SIGNED WAIVER OF REMOVAL. U. S. MAGISTRATE IMPOSED $35,000 SURETY BOND AND TONEY REMANDED TO THE GREENVILLE COUNTY DETENTION CENTER IN LIEU OF THAT BOND AWAITING REMOVAL TO NORTH CAROLINA. TONEY INQUIRED AS TO STATUS OF CASE AND WAS TOLD THAT PRESS REPORTS INDICATE ONE SUBJECT ALREADY PLEADED GUILTY AND POSSIBLY COOPERATING WITH GOVERNMENT. TONEY ADVISED HE WAS LEANING IN THAT DIRECTION HIMSELF, BUT WOULD WAIT TO TALK TO AN ATTORNEY IN NORTH CAROLINA BEFORE MAKING ANY DECISION.

BT

44-81521-160

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Serv.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Off. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/12/84 BY sp-Taylor

MAY 4 1984

66 MAY 23 1983

83

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O 2222097 APR 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-35527)(P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

COLUMBIA ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CR (A). OO: CHARLOTTE

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

23 APR 83 02 47Z

FBI ... BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
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Off. of Congr. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

Civil Rights & Special Inq Sect

b6
b7C

RE CHARLOTTE TELS APRIL 21, 1983, AND APRIL 22, 1983.

THE FOLLOWING IS A SUMMARY OF EVENTS FOR APRIL 22, 1983, CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER:

[redacted], WHO WAS ARRESTED ON APRIL 21, 1983, WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., AND REMANDED TO CUSTODY OF USM IN LIEU OF POSTING $50,000 SECURED BOND. [redacted] SCHEDULED FOR HEARING MAY 2, 1983.

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD SURRENDERED TO FBI AGENTS AT WINSTON-SALEM, N.C. AT APPROXIMATELY 9:30 A.M., APRIL 22, 1983. HE WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U.S. MAGISTRATE AND RELEASED ON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND OF $25,000. HE IS

44-81521-461

7 MAY 4 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/13/84 BY sp2 taw/gl

66 MAY 23 1983

SCHEDULED FOR A HEARING ON MAY 2, 1983.

[redacted] SURRENDERED TO SAS OF THE FBI AT WINSTON-SALEM, N.C., AT APPROXIMATELY 11:00 A.M., APRIL 22, 1983. HE WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U.S. MAGISTRATE AND RELEASED ON A PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND OF $25,000. [redacted] SCHEDULED FOR HEARING MAY 2, 1983.

b6
b7C

ROY CLINTON TONEY - FUGITIVE WAS APPREHENDED BY SAS OF THE FBI IN THE VICINITY OF BELTON, S. C. ON APRIL 22, 1983. HE IS INCARCERATED IN THE GREENVILLE COUNTY DETENTION CENTER, GREENVILLE, S.C., AWAITING A HEARING. COLUMBIA DIVISION WILL FILE NCIC LOCATE AND CHARLOTTE DIVISION WILL CLEAR NCIC.

BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

BT

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DE CE

P 221502Z APR 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

COLUMBIA IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

RECEIVED UNIT
22 Apr 83 1524Z
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Exec AD Adm
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD LES
Asst. Dir.
Adm. Serv.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secy

CIVIL RIGHTS

GREENKIL, CR (A). OO: CHARLOTTE.

RE CHARLOTTE TEL APRIL 21, 1983.

THE FOLLOWING IS SUMMARY OF EVENTS ON APRIL 21, 1983, CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER:

EDWARD WOODROW DAWSON WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY FEDERAL GRAND JURY (FGJ), FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245 (B)(4)(A); T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE T. 18, USC, SECT. 1510 - OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE. DAWSON SURRENDERED TO U. S. MARSHALS AND FBI APRIL 21, 1983, AT WINSTON-SALEM, N.C. HE WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE AND RELEASED ON A PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE

44-81521-462

66 MAY 23 1983

7 MAY 4 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/94 BY sp2 tap/sp

BOND OF $15,000. HE IS SCHEDULED FOR A HEARING ON MAY 2, 1983.

[redacted] WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY FGJ FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; T. 18, USC, SECT. 245 (B)(2)(B) AND 245(B)(4)(A); AND FOUR COUNTS OF SUBSTANTIVE VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(4)(A) - WITH DEATH RESULTING; AND ONE COUNT OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(4)(A) - WITH SERIOUS INJURY RESULTING. HE WAS ARRESTED APRIL 21, 1983, AT HIS RESIDENCE IN NEWTON, N. C. BY SAS OF THE FBI. HE WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., AND REMANDED TO CUSTODY OF USMS IN LIEU OF POSTING $100,000 SECURED BOND. HE IS SCHEDULED FOR HEARING ON MAY 2, 1983.

RAEFORD MILANO CAUDLE WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY FGJ FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECTION 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245(B)(4)(A). HE WAS ARRESTED ON APRIL 21, 1983, BY U. S. MARSHALS AT HIS RESIDENCE, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C. HE WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE AND RELEASED ON A PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND OF $15,000. HE IS SCHEDULED FOR HEARING ON MAY 2, 1983.

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[redacted] WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983 BY FGJ FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECTION 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245 (B)(4)(A); AND A SECOND COUNT OF VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE T. 18, USC, SECT. 1510 - OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE. HE WAS ARRESTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY SAS OF THE FBI AT HIS EMPLOYMENT, MT. HOLLY, N. C. HE WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE, WINSTON-SALEM, N.C., AND REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF USM. BOND DENIED. HE IS SCHEDULED FOR HEARING MAY 2, 1983.

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b7C

[redacted] WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY FGJ FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245(B)(4)(A); AND ONE COUNT OF SUBSTANTIVE VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(4)(A) - WITH DEATH RESULTING. HE WAS ARRESTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY SAS OF THE FBI AT HIS RESIDENCE, [redacted] N. C. HE WAS REMANDED TO CUSTODY OF USM AT FORSYTH COUNTY JAIL IN VIEW OF THE LATE HOUR. HE IS SCHEDULED FOR IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE AT WINSTON-SALEM AT 8:30 A.M., APRIL 22, 1983.

[redacted] WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY FGJ FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; T. 18, USC, SECTION 245(B)(4)(A); AND ONE SUBSTANTIVE COUNT OF VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECTION 245(B)(4)(A) AND 2 - AIDING AND ABETTING - WITH DEATH RESULTING. HE WAS ARRESTED APRIL 21, 1983 BY SAS OF THE FBI AT HIS PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT, WINSTON-SALEM. HE WAS AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U. S. MAGISTRATE, WINSTON-SALEM, AND REMANDED TO CUSTODY OF USM IN LIEU OF POSTING $15,000 BOND SECURED. HE IS SCHEDULED FOR HEARING MAY 2, 1983.

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[redacted] WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983 BY FGJ FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECTION 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; SECTION 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; SECTIONS 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245(B)(4)(A). EFFORTS TO APPREHEND [redacted] ON APRIL 21, 1983, NEGATIVE. CONTACT RECEIVED FROM [redacted] ATTORNEY INDICATES HE INTENDS TO SURRENDER TO THE FBI, WINSTON-SALEM, N.C., AT APPROXIMATELY 11:00 A.M., APRIL 22, 1983. HE WILL BE AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING AT THAT TIME.

ROLAND WAYNE WOOD WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY FGJ

FOR VIOLATION T. 18, USC, SECTION 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; T. 18, USC, SECT. 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245(B)(4)(A) AND HE IS CHARGED WITH ONE COUNT OF VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECTION 245(B)(4)(A) AND SECTION 2 - AIDING AND ABETTING WITH DEATH RESULTING; AND FIVE COUNTS OF T. 18, SECT. 245(B)(4)(A) - SERIOUS INJURY RESULTING. EFFORTS TO APPREHEND WOOD ON APRIL 21, 1983, NEGATIVE. CONTACT WAS RECEIVED FROM WOOD DURING P.M. ON APRIL 21, 1983, INDICATING HE INTENDED TO SURRENDER TO FBI WINSTON-SALEM AT 9:30 A.M., APRIL 22, 1983. HE WILL BE AFFORDED AN IDENTITY HEARING BEFORE U.S. MAGISTRATE AT THAT TIME.

ROY CLINTON TONEY WAS INDICTED APRIL 21, 1983, BY FGJ FOR VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. 371 - CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; SECTION 245(B)(2)(B) AND 245(B)(4)(A) AND ONE SUBSTANTIVE COUNT OF VIOLATION OF T. 18, USC, SECT. B(2) 4(A) - SERIOUS INJURY RESULTING. EFFORTS TO LOCATE AND APPREHEND TONEY IN THE VICINITY OF BELTON, S.C. ON APRIL 21, 1983, WERE NEGATIVE. EFFORTS CONTINUING.

ABOVE INDIVIDUALS WHO WERE REMANDED TO CUSTODY USM WERE PLACED IN FORSYTH COUNTY JAIL, WINSTON-SALEM, N.C.

THE BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

TONEY CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

Department of Justice

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1983

CR
202-633-2014

A Greensboro, North Carolina, [redacted] man was indicted by a federal grand jury today on charges of giving false testimony during its investigation of the fatal shootings of five Communist Workers Party members during a demonstration against the Ku Klux Klan in 1979.

Assistant Attorney General William Bradford Reynolds, head of the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice, said a five-count indictment was returned in U.S. District Court in Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

The indictment charged Henry C. Byrd, Sr., 35, with giving false testimony on five points during an appearance before the grand jury Tuesday:

-- That Greensboro Police Officer R.N. Bell had given him a revolver and asked him to shoot Nelson Johnson, head of the Communist Workers Party in Greensboro.

-- That Greensboro Police Officer Raymond Davis had given him a polygraph examination regarding whether Bell had asked him to shoot Johnson.

-- That Byrd had told Greensboro Police Detective Herbert Belvin about Bell asking him to shoot Johnson.

(MORE)

44-81521-463

-- That Belvin had asked him to infiltrate the Workers' Viewpoint Organization, forerunner to the Communist Workers Party, several weeks before the November 3, 1979, anti-Klan demonstration.

-- That Byrd was at the scene of the shootout between Ku Klux Klansmen and American Nazi Party members on one side and Communist Workers Party members on the other.

The maximum penalty upon conviction on each count of false declaration before a grand jury is five years in prison and a $10,000 fine.

# # # #

Department of Justice

CAUTION: NOT FOR RELEASE TO THE PUBLIC UNTIL APPROVED BY THE ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR CIVIL RIGHTS

[redacted] [redacted]

Six present or former Ku Klux Klansmen and three American Nazi Party members were indicted by a federal grand jury today on charges of conspiring to disrupt the 1979 anti-Klan demonstration in Greensboro, North Carolina, resulting in the fatal shooting of five Communist Workers Party members.

Another former Klansman was charged on March 24, 1983, with participating in the conspiracy and entered a guilty plea that day before Chief Judge Hiram Ward in U.S. District Court in Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

Assistant Attorney General William Bradford Reynolds, head of the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice, said the nine were named in a 14-count indictment returned in U.S. District Court in Winston-Salem.

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b7C

Indicted were:

Virgil L. Griffin, 38, of Mount Holly, North Carolina, who was grand dragon or head of the North Carolina chapter of the Invisible Empire, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, and who also headed the secret inner circle of the Klan.

Edward W. Dawson, 64, of Greensboro, a former member of the United Klans of America and North Carolina Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

[redacted], North Carolina, who held the

(MORE)

Klan [redacted] and was a member of the [redacted], [redacted], North Carolina, who held the Klan [redacted] -- the Klan [redacted], [redacted], North Carolina, who held the Klan [redacted].

Roy C. Toney, 35, of Gastonia, North Carolina, who was a member of the Lincolnton klavern and the "kleagle" or Klan officer in charge of recruitment.

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Roland W. Wood, 38, of Winston-Salem, leader of the Forsyth County, North Carolina, unit of the National Socialist Party of America, also known as the American Nazi Party.

[redacted], who was a member of the Forsyth County Nazi Party unit.

Raeford M. Caudle, 40, of Winston-Salem, who was a member of the Forsyth County Nazi Party unit.

Named in the March 24 criminal information was [redacted], [redacted], North Carolina, a former Klan member who is a student of the [redacted].

All were charged with conspiring to interfere with the federally protected rights of the demonstrators to participate in a parade authorized by the city of Greensboro, which resulted in the five deaths and bodily injury to six other marchers and a television cameraman on November 3, 1979.

(MORE)

[redacted] pleaded guily to a charge of opening fire with a .44 caliber black powder pistol and exhorting other Klansmen and Nazis to shoot the "niggers." He is awaiting sentencing.

The indictment named [redacted] Wood, [redacted] and [redacted] as firing shots that resulted in the deaths of demonstrators James Waller, Cesar Cauce, Michael Nathan, Sandra Smith, and William Sampson.

[redacted] Toney, and Wood were charged with causing bodily injury to demonstrators [redacted], Winston, Salem.

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All nine named in the indictment were charged with conspiring from October, 1979, to November 3, 1979, to use force and threat of force to intimidate and interfere with the federally protected rights of the participants in the anti-Klan parade, resulting in death and bodily injury.

The indictment said Griffin, [redacted] and [redacted] began planning at a state board meeting of the Klan during October, 1979, for members to attend the anti-Klan demonstration.

During statewide Klan meetings in or around Lincolnton, Griffin told Klansmen that if they loved their children, they would go out and kill "niggers," the indictment said.

Two days before the demonstration, the indictment said, Dawson put up Klan posters along the parade route that stated, "Notice! to the Traitors, Communists, Race-Mixers and Black Rioters, Traitors

Beware, Even now the cross-hairs are on the back of YOUR necks, KKKK, It's time for old-fashioned American Justice," and showed a silhouette of a man hanging from a tree.

On the day of the demonstration, Dawson led a Klan-Nazi car caravan to the parade site, where he shouted curses at the demonstrators before [redacted], Wood, Smith, [redacted] and Toney opened fire, the indictment said.

Griffin and Dawson were also charged with conspiring during the week after the shootout to obstruct the FBI investigation of the incident by hiding out with five other persons and intimidating them to lie or give misleading statements to FBI agents.

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The charges against each defendant are:

Griffin: Two conspiracy counts.

Dawson: Two conspiracy counts.

[redacted] One conspiracy count and one count of interference with a federally protected activity, resulting in death.

[redacted] One conspiracy count, four counts of interference resulting in death, and one count of interference resulting in bodily injury.

[redacted]: One count of conspiracy.

Toney: One count of conspiracy and one count of interference resulting in bodily injury.

Wood: One count of conspiracy, one count of interference resulting in death, and five counts of interference resulting in bodily injury.

(MORE)

[redacted]: One count of conspiracy and one court of interference resulting in death.

Caudle: One count of conspiracy.

[redacted] was charged in the information with conspiracy.

The maximum penalties upon conviction on each count are:

b6
b7C

Conspiracy to commit a federal offense (18 U.S. Code 371), five years in prison and a $10,000 fine.

Interference with federally protected rights resulting in death (18 U.S. Code 245(b)(4)(A)), life imprisonment.

Interference with federally protected rights resulting in bodily injury (18 U.S. Code 245(b)(4)(A)), 10 years in prison and a $10,000 fine.

[redacted] said the charges resulted from an exhaustive investigation by the FBI under the supervision of the Civil Rights Division and the United States Attorney for the Middle District of North Carolina. The grand jury had considered the matter since March 22, 1982.

# # # #

FD-448 (Rev. 9-18-78)

Transmit attached by Facsimile - UNCLAS

Precedence Priority

To: SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527

Date: April 21, 1983

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

Time: Transmitted -

Initials

Subject: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

APR 21 1983

44-81521-463

☐ Fingerprint Photo ☐ Fingerprint Record ☐ Map ☐ Newspaper clipping ☐ Photograph

☐ Artists Conception ☒ Other Two Dept. of Justice press releases dated 4/21/83.

Special handling instructions:

MAY 18 1983

No comment is to be made by Charlotte beyond what is covered in these two DOJ news releases.

JUN 13 1983

Approved:

44-81521

FBI/DOJ

FD-65 (Rev. 2-9-78)

Federal Bureau of Investigation

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
Att: Criminal Investigative Division
Fugitive Unit

Date: 4/22/83

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

INSTRUCTIONS - Reverse side

NOTE: Priority "A" and "B" Fugitives - With initial submission, set forth a synopsis of crime on reverse side.

Subject: GREENKIL;
ROY CLINTON TONEY -
FUGITIVE (A);
ET AL
CR

☒ Initial Submission
☐ Supplements FD-65 dated _____

(OO: CHARLOTTE) FUGITIVE INDEX

Indicate Fugitive Priority
☒ A
☐ B
☐ C

TC

Caution MKE	Name NAM	Sex SEX	Race RAC
☒	ROY CLINTON TONEY	Male	White

Place of Birth POB	Birth Date DOB	Height HGT	Weight WGT
	6/28/47	6'	200

Eye Color EYE	Hair Color HAI	FBI No. FBI	Skin Tone SKN
Blue	Brown		Ruddy

Scars, Marks, Tattoos, etc. SMT

NCIC Fingerprint Classification FPC	Other Identifying Number MNU	Social Security # SOC

Operator's License Number OLN	Operator's License State OLS	Year Expire OLY
2785643	North Carolina	1983

Offense Charged OFF Civil Rights Act; Conspiracy

U. S. Code, Title and Section Title 18, Section 371, Section 245(b)(2)(B) and Section 245(b)(4)(A)

Warrant Issued By USDC, MDNC on 4/21/83 DOW

F. O. File # OCA 44A-3527

Date PBV or Bond Default Case Referred to Office _____

Miscellaneous Including Bond Recommended MIS

Subject usually wears mustache.

SUBJECT ARMED AND DANGEROUS SINCE CHARGED WITH CIVIL RIGHTS VIOLATION IN WHICH VICTIMS WERE KILLED WITH FIREARMS.

Fingerprint Classification (Henry System)

STOP CARDS AUTOMATED

DE-45 4 4 81521-463X

LICENSE PLATE AND VEHICLE INFORMATION

License Plate Number LIC	State LIS	Year Expires LIY	License Plate Type LIT

Vehicle Identification # VIN	Year VYR	Make VMA	Model VMO	Style VST	Color VCO

Aliases	Additional Identifiers
	DOB 6/23/47

APR 27 1983

NCIC # NIC W307462017

OO: JUL 12 1983

ICC 5962

RETURN TO FBI - UFAC SUP.

Hit to be Entered 5-24-83

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/2/04 BY sp/tap/cp

(2) - FBIHQ (1 - Fugitive Unit)
2 - Charlotte (44A-3527)
CBW:kmc
(4)

FBI/DOJ

PRIORITY "A" and "B" FUGITIVES - Synopsis of Crime.

b6
b7C

Subject is charged with violation of civil rights of several individuals who were killed with firearms in an incident in Greensboro, N. C., in 11/79. Subject was allegedly armed and participated in this incident and should be considered armed and dangerous.

APR 27 2 13 PM '83
REC'D FUGITIVE
F B I

JUN 31 10 47 AM '83
REC'D FUGITIVE
F B I

INSTRUCTIONS

1. **Caution (MKE)** - Insert "C" in block if caution statement indicated. Basis for caution statement must appear in Miscellaneous block, e.g. armed and dangerous.
2. **Name (NAM)** - Place name in this block. Aliases are not to be entered in this block but are to be placed in Aliases block.
3. **Sex (SEX)** - Sex will be designated by one letter, M (male) or F (female).
4. **Race (RAC)** - Race will be described by one letter, W (white), N (Negro), I (Indian), C (Chinese), J (Japanese), O (all other). Mexicans who are not definitely Indian or other nonwhite should be described as "W".
5. **Place of Birth (POB)** - Indicate city and state or, if foreign born, city and country. Where multiple birthplaces are reported, list verified birthplace or that which appears most logical in this block.
6. **Birth Date (DOB)** - Enter as month, day and year. Where multiple birth dates are reported, enter verified birth date or that which appears most logical in this block. Place other dates of birth in Additional Identifiers block.
7. **Height (HGT)** - Express in feet and inches, e.g., 6' 0". Round off fractions to nearest inch.
8. **Weight (WGT)** - Express in pounds. Omit fractions.
9. **Eye Color (EYE)** - Use appropriate three character symbol.
10. **Hair Color (HAI)** - Use appropriate three character symbol.
11. **Skin Tone (SKN)** - Use appropriate three character symbol.
12. **Scars, Marks, Tattoos, etc. (SMT)** - Place in this block only appropriate NCIC coding for scars, marks, tattoos, birthmarks, deformities, missing body parts and artificial body parts as defined in NCIC Operating Manual. If more than one SMT is to be entered, use Additional Identifiers block for additional appropriately coded items. Use Miscellaneous block to describe all scars, marks, tattoos, etc. which are not defined in the NCIC Operating Manual and to more fully describe SMT's which have been entered in SMT block. For example, an appendectomy scar, not being readily visible, would be described in the Miscellaneous block. A tattoo on right arm, shown as TAT R ARM in block, might be further described in Miscellaneous block as a rose tattoo on inside of lower right arm.
13. **NCIC Fingerprint Classification (FPC)** - Enter NCIC fingerprint classification.
14. **Other Identifying Number (MNU)** - Miscellaneous numbers may be entered with appropriate identifiers (prefixes). For first miscellaneous identifying number, use MNU block. When military service number is in fact Social Security Account Number, the number should be entered in both MNU and SOC blocks. Additional identifying numbers are placed in Additional Identifiers block. The identifier (prefix) should precede the number and be separated from the number by use of a hyphen. See NCIC Operating Manual, Part 9, page 26 for appropriate agency identifiers.
15. **Fingerprint classification (Henry System)** - The Henry System fingerprint classification is to be placed in this block, when available. Do not enter in NCIC.
16. **Social Security Number (SOC)** - Place subject's Social Security Account Number in this block.
17. **Operator's License Number** - Place subject's operator's license number in OLN block. Also show licensing state (OLS) and year license expires (OLY).
18. **Warrant Issued By-On-(DOW)** - In Escaped Federal Prisoner cases enter date of escape in DOW block.
19. **Miscellaneous (MIS)** - Enter additional pertinent information in this block. If caution statement used, basis for statement must be set forth as first item in this block.
20. **License Plate and Vehicle Information** - Place information concerning license plate and/or vehicle known to be in the possession of subject in appropriate blocks under License Plate and Vehicle Information heading.
21. **Additional Identifiers** - Enter information concerning additional license plates (number, state, year expires, and where applicable, type); Social Security Numbers; operator's license number, state and year expires; vehicle information (VIN, VYR, VMA, VMO, VST, VCO); MNU's (see list in item 14 above); visible scars, marks, tattoos, etc.; and dates of birth. Clearly identify what data is being set forth; e.g. Social Security # 423-56-3294; Michigan operator's license 234567, expires 1972; DOB's 4/5/32, 5/3/32; etc.
22. Changes and deletions should be so indicated in the appropriate blocks.

FD-272 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
CHARLOTTE	CHARLOTTE	5/2/83	4/13/83 - 4/28/83

Title of Case	Report made by	Typed By:
[redacted], aka [redacted]	SA [redacted]	jat
	Character of Case: PERJURY	

~~SUMMARY~~
PROSECUTIVE

REFERENCE:

Charlotte teletype to Director, entitled "GREENKIL", dated 4/14/83, Bufile 44-81521, Charlotte file 44A-3527.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2T/RHC

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Approved	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
		44-81521-

Copies made:

3 - Bureau (2-74-~~(1-44-81521)~~)
1 - USA, Greensboro, N.C.
(ATTN: USA KENNETH W. MC ALLISTER)
3 - Charlotte (2-74-105)
(1-44A-3527) (Info)

Notations:

7 JUN 9 1983

ORIGINAL FILED IN

A*
COVER PAGE

FD-517 (12-2-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

PROSECUTIVE REPORT OF INVESTIGATION CONCERNING

[redacted], also known as [redacted]

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PERJURY

FBI/DOJ

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FD-518 (12-2-77)

Copy to: 1 - USA, Greensboro, N.C.
(Attn: U.S. Attorney Kenneth W. Mc Allister)

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Report of: SA [redacted] Office: CHARLOTTE
Date: 5/2/83

Field Office File #: 74-105 Bureau File #:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/ec

Narrative of Offense:

On 4/13/83, [redacted] delivered an Affidavit prepared by [redacted] of the Greensboro Justice Fund, and signed by [redacted], to the U.S. Attorney for the Middle District of N.C., at Greensboro, N.C. [redacted] b3

(1) [redacted]

(2) [redacted]

(3) [redacted]

(4) [redacted]

(5) [redacted] b3

[redacted]

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FBI/DOJ

CE 74-105

Investigation at the Greensboro, N.C., Police Department determined that before 11/3/79, and for approximately 6 months prior to that date, Det. [redacted] was assigned to an undercover "sting" operation and was not working in the Intelligence Unit of the Greensboro, N.C., Detective Division. Det. [redacted] advised that he never saw [redacted] 2 or 3 weeks prior to 11/3/79, and had not seen him for approximately 1 - 1½ years before 11/3/79. [redacted] further advised he never asked [redacted] to infiltrate the Worker's Viewpoint Organization, or the Communist Worker's Party in 10/79, or in 11/79, and to furnish information to him. Records of the city police department and fellow officers of Det. [redacted] will testify that Det. [redacted] was involved in a "sting" operation during the period of time in which [redacted] alleged [redacted] asked him for intelligence information on CWP. Officer [redacted] polygraph examiner, Greensboro, N.C. PD, who is the officer [redacted] alleged to have given him his polygraph examination either before 11/3/79 or shortly thereafter, was on special duty assignment during the months of October, November and December, 1979, at San Diego, Calif., and was in the process of studying polygraph examination techniques. Officer [redacted] advised that on only one occasion had he given a polygraph examination to [redacted] and that was on 4/18/80, and it was relative to the question as to whether or not [redacted] was being truthful when he told police and prosecutors that he was at Everitt and Carver Street at the thime the shootings occurred. b6 b7C At no time did [redacted] ever make the allegation to [redacted] that Officer [redacted] had requested [redacted] to shoot [redacted]. Records of Greensboro, N.C. PD will document and verify Officer [redacted] duty status at San Diego, Calif., during the pertinent periods in which [redacted] alleges he was given polygraph examination. Det. [redacted] also advised that at no time did [redacted] ever make an allegation to him that Officer [redacted] had asked [redacted] to shoot [redacted] Officer [redacted] Greensboro, N.C. PD, advised that during the pertinent period he was assigned to Automobile Accident Investigation Follow-Up and that in October and November, 1979, never knew [redacted] In early 1980, Officer [redacted] while investigating a hit and run accident in which [redacted] was the victim, determined that [redacted] had been the claimant of approximately 30 insurance claims resulting from alleged automobile accidents in the period of a few years. Officer [redacted] initiated investigation into [redacted] filing of claims with insurance company as related to automobile accidents, and as a result of Officer [redacted] initial inquiry, State Bureau of Investigation and the N.C. Insurance Commission conducted investigation which resulted in a 24-count indictment in 2/83, charging [redacted] with 7 counts of conspiracy and 17 counts of filing false insurance claims.

CE 74-105

NAME OF
DEFENDANT:

1. [redacted], also known as [redacted], described as:

Race:
Sex:
Date of Birth:
Place of Birth:
Residence:

Height:
Weight:
Build:
Hair:
Eyes:
N.C. driver's
license:

[redacted]

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C

CE 74-105

PROSECUTIVE STATUS:

1. On 4/21/83, U.S. Attorney KENNETH MC ALLISTER; U.S. Department of Justice Attorneys, [redacted] authorized the prosecution of [redacted] for five counts of Perjury before a Federal Grand Jury at Winston-Salem, N.C. On the same date, a bill of indictment was returned by the Federal Grand Jury charging [redacted] with five counts of violation of Title 18, U.S. Code, Section 1623. [redacted] was arraigned before U.S. District Court Judge, Middle District of N.C., on 5/2/83, and entered a plea of not guilty.

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CE 74-105

WITNESSES:

1. [redacted]
U.S. District Court, Middle District of North Carolina
Federal Grand Jury

Will read into the record [redacted]

2. SA [redacted]
FBI
Greensboro, North Carolina

Will identify and read into the record [redacted].

3. Officer [redacted]
Greensboro, N.C. Police Department

Will testify that [redacted]

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4. [redacted]
Greensboro, N.C. Police Department Officer

Will testify that [redacted]

5. Officer [redacted]
Greensboro, N.C., Police Department

Will testify that [redacted]

CE 74-105

WITNESSES:

6. Captain [redacted]
Greensboro, N.C. Police Department

Will produce [redacted]

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date of transcription 4/27/83

[redacted] was interviewed at the Office of the U.S. Attorney in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, as a result of his appearance at that office pursuant to the issuance of a [redacted]

Mr. [redacted] had been an [redacted] Present during b3
the course of this interview was U.S. Department of Justice Trial Attorney [redacted] Mr. [redacted] was advised at the outset of the interview of the identity of the interviewer as a Special Agent of the FBI and of [redacted] being an attorney for the U.S. Department of Justice. He was further advised that he was being interviewed relative to the allegations which he had made in [redacted] regarding Officer [redacted] of the Greensboro Police Department; specifically, that Officer [redacted] had solicited Mr. [redacted] to shoot [redacted] shortly before November 3, 1979. Mr. [redacted] acknowledged that he understood his purpose for being at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and acknowledged that he was the [redacted] in the possession of the interviewer. b3
Mr. [redacted] was shown the [redacted] and he acknowledged that he had, and further acknowledged b6
to the interviewer that the information contained in the [redacted] was truthful. Mr. [redacted] advised the interviewer that his dealings b7C
with Officer [redacted] began in late 1977 or 1978, and that he first became acquainted with Officer [redacted] when [redacted] was investigating an automobile accident in which he had been a victim. Mr. [redacted] then outlined a series of events which he attributed to Officer [redacted] which included [redacted] and indicating that Officer [redacted] was also a [redacted] Mr. [redacted] advised that he had given all this information to the Internal Affairs of the police department; to the news media; and also to [redacted] who he assumes then put him in touch with his lawyers who [redacted].

[redacted] was questioned specifically as to whether or not he was at Everitt and Carver Street on November 3, 1979, at the time the shooting had occurred between members of the Ku Klux Klan/ Nazi Organization and the Worker's Viewpoint Organization. Mr.

Investigation on 4/13/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 74-105

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/20/83

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[redacted] advised the interviewer that he was, and that the [redacted] was truthful and that he only arrived at that location after the shooting had occurred, and that he did observe some of the individuals who were killed or wounded, still laying in the street. Mr. [redacted] insisted that he was not at Everitt and Carver Street on November 3, 1979, at the time the shootings had occurred. b3

Mr. [redacted] was confronted with his statements that he had made to the Greensboro Police Department on November 5, 1979; to Detective [redacted] and on November 6, 1979, to SA [redacted] of the FBI in which he alleged he was at the scene of the shooting, had observed the gunfire from the Klan and Nazis, and was able to identify from photographs various individuals which he claimed he observed shooting on that day. After denying being at Everitt and Carver Street several times, [redacted] then changed his statement and advised the interviewer that he was, in fact, at Everitt and Carver Street but was always afraid to tell the truth because he had been threatened by the police, particularly Officer [redacted] not to be a witness to what he had observed. At this point, Mr. [redacted] was taken to the Grand Jury Room and shown a diagram of Everitt and Carver Street and was asked to place himself on the map as to his location on November 3, 1979, when he observed what he said was the shooting at Everitt and Carver Street. Mr. [redacted] advised that he was across the street from the intersection of Carver and that after the first shot had been fired, he became scared and ran behind the buildings which formed the small shopping center on Everitt Street. He then stated that he had not immediately run behind the buildings but he had seen one individual shot in the head who was laying in the center of Carver Street near the Channel 8 TV news station wagon. Mr. [redacted] then retracted that statement and said that he had not immediately run behind the building but waited until all the shooting was over and that he had observed other individuals shooting who he had previously identified but was afraid to testify because the police had intimidated him. He advised that the police had intimidated him because he and Officer [redacted] had been involved in numerous [redacted] over the years and he was told not to be a witness against Officer [redacted] b6 b7C

At this point, Mr. [redacted] was returned to the U.S. Attorney's Office, and since he had acknowledged that he and Officer [redacted], he was advised of his rights by the interviewer as they appear on the signed statement furnished by Mr. [redacted] on that night. As to his attorney, [redacted] Mr. [redacted] advised that Mr. [redacted] was well aware of the fact that he had given these statements to the Internal Affairs of the police department; to the news media; and to Mr. [redacted] and his attorney had no objection to him speaking with the authorities about

the allegations involving him and Officer [redacted]. He stated that it was not necessary for Mr. [redacted] to be present with him during this time and he was willing to advise the interviewer and the U.S. Department of Justice Attorney of all the information he had regarding criminal activity with Officer [redacted]

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At that time, a signed statement was taken from Mr. [redacted] which upon conclusion, he read for approximately 10 to 15 minutes, and then in the presence of the intervewer, and U.S. Department of Justice Attorney, signed the statement. The following is a signed statement obtained from [redacted] on April 13, 1983:

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/2/83

Officer [redacted], Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department, was telephonically contacted at his hotel at [redacted], North Carolina, where he was attending a school on behalf of the Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department. Officer [redacted] advised that he first became acquainted with [redacted] sometime in early 1980, possibly late January, 1980, as a result of an investigation assigned to him to follow up a reported hit and run accident in Greensboro, North Carolina. He stated that in reviewing the information on the accident, he identified the victim as [redacted] and in discussing this matter with a fellow officer in his section, the officer advised him that [redacted] had also been a victim of another hit and run accident less than 30 days before, which this officer was investigating. Officer [redacted] advised for that reason he then made a computerized check of the Greensboro Police Department records relative to [redacted] and determined that [redacted] had been the victim or had been involved in motor vehicle accidents approximately 30 times in the past few years.

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Because of this, he began an investigation and first attempted to have the Detective Division of the Greensboro Police Department investigate [redacted] for possibly filing false automobile accident reports and then later referred the investigation to the North Carolina Insurance Commission, and after that, the State Bureau of Investigation became involved. Officer [redacted] advised as a result of all these investigations, [redacted] had now been indicted on 24 counts, 17 counts of filing false claims and 7 conspiracy counts.

Officer [redacted] advised that he had arrested [redacted] in October, [redacted], for [redacted] and [redacted] had been convicted as a result of that investigation. He stated that [redacted], since his arrest in October, [redacted], has continually made threats to him that he would get even with the officer because he felt Officer [redacted] had framed him. Officer [redacted] advised that at no time had he ever solicited [redacted] to shoot [redacted] and that he had no reason to want [redacted] shot. He stated that in addition to this wild allegation, [redacted] has made continuous allegations to the Internal Affairs Unit of the police department which now include murder, cocaine and heroin dealing,

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Investigation on 4/18/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 74-105

by SA [redacted] jat Date dictated 4/25/83

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and being involved with [redacted] in faking numerous automobile accidents. Officer [redacted] advised that none of these allegations are true, and that he has had no dealings with [redacted] other than the investigations which resulted in his arrest, and whatever role he played in effecting the indictments of [redacted] on the pending 24 criminal counts against him in Superior Court.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date of transcription 5/2/83

[redacted] Police Officer, Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department, was interviewed in the Detective Squad Room at the Greensboro Police Department. Mr. [redacted] advised that he is acquainted with [redacted] and knew him back in the period of 1977 and 1978 and did have some contact with him at that time. He stated during that period [redacted] had come to him at one time somewhere around late 1977 or early 1978 and told him that he knew [redacted] and if he, Detective [redacted] wanted information on [redacted], he could provide it. Mr. [redacted] advised at that time he was working in the [redacted] Section of the Police Department and [redacted] was involved in numerous activities in the community and he advised [redacted] that he would accept any information that [redacted] could offer. He stated, however, at that time, he never asked [redacted] to join any organization in which [redacted] was a member, nor did he advise [redacted] that he would be an informant of the police department and definitely never assigned him any type of code name "Blue". He stated that informants of the Greensboro Police Department, including his past informants, always had a numerical code and were not assigned any type of name such as "Blue" as [redacted] had alleged.

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[redacted] advised that this was all long before November, 1979, and that at no time prior to, specifically two or three weeks prior to November 3, 1979, did he ever ask [redacted] to infiltrate the Worker's Viewpoint Organization or the Communist Worker's Party. [redacted] advised that that allegation was totally unfounded and that prior to November 3, 1979, for some six months or more, he had not been working in the Intelligence Section of the police department and had no interest in the activities of [redacted] or any of the groups in which he was associated. [redacted] advised that for some six months prior to November 3, 1979, he was involved in a "sting" operation in which he played an undercover role in which the Greensboro Police Department was buying back stolen property taken from residential burglaries and other thefts in the Greensboro area. [redacted] advised that this could be substantiated by his work records and also by the other officers who were with him from the Greensboro Police Department on that assignment. He advised that at no time did he ever meet with or see [redacted] just prior to November 3, 1979.

Investigation on 4/18/83 at Greensboro, N.C. File # CE 74-105

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/25/83

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[redacted] advised that he was called back to duty on the afternoon of November 3, 1979, to help investigate the street violence which had erupted at Everitt and Carver Street on that day. [redacted] advised that approximately 2 or 3 days later, [redacted] came to him and told him that he had been at Everitt and Carver Street during the shooting, and gave [redacted] a statement. [redacted] advised that that was the only statement he had taken from [redacted] relative to what happened on November 3, 1979, and that at no time had [redacted] ever told him that Officer [redacted] of the Greensboro Police Department had attempted to solicit [redacted] to shoot [redacted] advised this was the first occasion that he had ever heard such a statement, and never even knew the allegation until it was brought up during this interview.

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[redacted] advised that he did have [redacted] take a polygraph a few months after November 3, 1979, but that was relative to whether or not [redacted] was telling the truth when he had told himself and the prosecutors that he was at Everitt and Carver Street on November 3, 1979, and had seen the shootings. He stated that the prosecutors, [redacted] and [redacted] had arranged for the polygraph and that Officer [redacted] had given the polygraph. He stated that [redacted] completely failed the polygraph and therefore was never used as a witness. [redacted] advised that at no time during this polygraph examination did [redacted] make the allegation to him that Officer [redacted] had solicited him to shoot [redacted] and the polygraph had nothing to do with that allegation whatsoever.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 5/2/83

Captain [redacted] Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department, advised that during the pertinent periods; October - December, 1979, Polygraph Examiner [redacted] was not at the Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department but was in training at San Diego, California. Captain [redacted] advised that he would cause the records to be obtained from the Personnel Department to include his travel vouchers and his certificate of attendance and completion at this school to further document Officer [redacted] attendance.

Captain [redacted] also advised that during the period between the summer of 1979 up through November 3, 1979, Detective [redacted] was not assigned to the Intelligence Section of the Greensboro Police Department as [redacted] was on a special assignment, undercover, with other officers conducting a "sting" operation. This operation was conducted for at least six months prior to November 3, 1979, and the officers operated out of [redacted] County.

Captain [redacted] advised that the Greensboro Police Department, in maintaining its informant files, maintains the identity of informants by code numbers and letters, and does not use any such code names as "Blue". Captain [redacted] advised this is totally fictitious and that a review of the informant records for the Greensboro Police Department report that at no time was [redacted] ever used as an informant by the Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department. Captain [redacted] advised that when [redacted] was a security officer, [redacted] had numerous contacts with officers from the Greensboro Police Department and would furnish information relative to his knowledge of any criminal activity as it related to his employment; however, this had nothing to do with being an informant, or anything to do with intelligence regarding investigations of possible civil unrest.

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Investigation on 4/18/83 at Greensboro, N.C. File # CE 74-105

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/25/83

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 5/2/83

[redacted] Superior Court, Guilford County, Greensboro, North Carolina, was interviewed relative to his dealings with [redacted] Mr. [redacted] advised that [redacted] first came to his attention and co-prosecutor, [redacted], when they were preparing for the trial of the defendants indicted for the violence at Everitt and Carver Street on November 3, 1979. He stated that from his initial interview with the police and the FBI, [redacted] seemed to be a fairly credible witness as to what had happened during the shooting on November 3, 1979. For that reason, he and [redacted] began interviewing [redacted] to determine his reliability as a witness. He stated that it became evident to him during their interview with him that he had not been at the scene and that major portions of his statement were fabricated. He stated it appeared that [redacted] had seen the film and was able to make certain statements from what he had observed in the film but other key important points that he would have observed had he been at Everitt and Carver Street were missing. Particularly, the fact that he did not know there was a yellow van in which the vast majority of the Klan members had come out of prior to the shooting and had attempted to flee in after the shooting and was stopped and arrested by the police. For this reason, they requested a polygraph examination be conducted of [redacted] and the polygraph examination was conducted by Officer [redacted]. The questions on the polygraph were relative to [redacted] truthfulness about being a witness on November 3, 1979, and all questions were prepared relative to that issue only. Mr. [redacted] advised that [redacted] failed the polygraph and his credibility as a witness was completely discounted.

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Investigation on 4/18/83 at Greensboro, N.C. File # CE 74-105

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/25/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/28/83

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Officer [redacted], Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department, was interviewed at the Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department relative to [redacted] Officer [redacted] advised that [redacted] never told him that Officer [redacted] had asked him to "shoot" [redacted] nor did he ever polygraph him on that issue. [redacted] advised that when [redacted] claims he gave him the polygraph; either 1 or 2 days before November 3, 1979, or 7-10 days after, he [redacted] was assigned to Polygraph School in San Diego, California.

[redacted] advised he did test [redacted] on April 18, 1980, as to the issue as to whether or not he observed the shootings at Everitt and Carver Street on November 3, 1979. [redacted] advised [redacted] had claimed to have seen the shootings, but failed the polygraph on that issue.

Investigation on 4/14/83 at Greensboro, N.C. File # CE 74-105

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/21/83

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
CHARLOTTE	CHARLOTTE	4/26/83	4/20-22/83

Title of Case

[redacted] - ATTORNEY
GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND,
GREENSBORO, N.C.

Report made by: SA [redacted]

Typed By: jat

Character of Case

OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE-ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE GRAND JURY PROCEEDINGS THROUGH WRITTEN DOCUMENTS

SUMMARY

PROSECUTIVE

REFERENCE:

Charlotte teletype to Director, 4/20/83.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

44-81521-

NOT RECORDED
31 JUL 27 1983

Approved: [redacted] Special Agent in Charge

Copies made:
4 - Bureau
2 - Charlotte
1 - USA, MDNC, Greensboro, N.C.
(Attn: AUSA [redacted])
3 - Charlotte (2-72-119)
(1-44A-3527) (Info)

Notations:

A*
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FBI/DOJ

FD-517 (12-2-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

PROSECUTIVE REPORT OF INVESTIGATION CONCERNING

[redacted]

[redacted]-ATTORNEY
GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND,
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA
OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE-ATTEMPT TO INFLUENCE
GRAND JURY PROCEEDINGS THROUGH WRITTEN DOCUMENTS

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FBI/DOJ

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FD-518 (12-2-77)

Copy to: 1 - USA, Greensboro, N.C.
(Attention: U.S. Attorney, [redacted])

Report of: SA [redacted] Office: CHARLOTTE
Date: 4/26/83

Field Office File #: 72[illegible]-119 Bureau File #:

Narrative of Offense:

On [redacted] a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) for the Middle District of N.C., was impaneled at the U.S. District Court in Winston-Salem, N.C., to hear evidence relative to a violent confrontation which had occurred between members of the Ku Klux Klan - Nazi organizations; and the Worker's Viewpoint Organization (Communist Worker's Party) at Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, N.C., on 11/3/79. The purpose of the inquiry of the Grand Jury was to [redacted] b3

On [redacted] the day before the Grand Jurors entered their deliberation, and just after the presentation of summary evidence, [redacted] of the Communist Worker's Party and his attorney, [redacted] of the Greensboro Justice Fund, [redacted] made an unauthorized entrance into the Grand Jury deliberation room and attempted to find the [redacted] and to deliver to him and other Grand Jurors a letter and numerous written documents prepared by [redacted] and [redacted] and other members of the Greensboro Justice Fund. These documents included but were not limited to (1) [redacted] b6 b7C

Before making his entrance into the Grand Jury room area, [redacted] and [redacted] had been told by Winston-Salem [redacted] that the Grand Jury was in recess and had gone to lunch. [redacted] and [redacted] were accompanied by [redacted] to the Grand Jury room area. [redacted] advised that neither [redacted] nor [redacted] made any affort to contact any members of the U.S. Attorney's staff that were in their office on the same floor as the Grand Jury prior to their entrance into the Grand Jury room area. [redacted] was confronted by members of the Grand Jury as

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he attempted to leave the above described documents in the Grand Jury room and ordered to leave. [redacted] and [redacted] then went to the USA's Office and demanded that USDJ attorneys furnish the above documents to the Grand Jury and when it was discovered that they had made the unauthorized entrance into the Grand Jury room area, FBI Agents seized the documents [redacted] was carrying. b6 b7C

CE 72-119

NAMES OF DEFENDANTS:

1. [redacted] described as:

Race:
Sex:
Date of Birth:
SSAN:
FBI #:
Address:

[redacted]

b6
b7C

2. [redacted], described as:

Race:
Sex:
Occupation:

[redacted]

b6
b7C

CE 72-119

PROSECUTIVE STATUS:

1. On 4/26/83, U.S. Attorney [redacted], Middle District of North Carolina, advised he would confer with U.S. Department of Justice regarding prosecution for violation of T. 18, USC, Section 1504.

b6
b7C

CE 72-119

WITNESSES:

1. [redacted]
Winston-Salem, N.C.

[redacted] observed [redacted] and [redacted] on the first floor of the U.S. District Court, Winston-Salem, N.C., and advised [redacted] and [redacted] that the Grand Jury had recessed for lunch.

2. [redacted]

[redacted] accompanied [redacted] and [redacted] to the second floor of U.S. District Court and [redacted] and [redacted] went directly to Grand Jury Room area. Neither [redacted] nor [redacted] made any attempt to contact USA's office whatsoever. [redacted] and [redacted] entered outer door and [redacted] knocked on door marked Grand Jury; and when a woman's voice said come in, [redacted] walked into the Grand Jury room area and [redacted] stood in the doorway behind him. [redacted] was carrying a large volume of documents and [redacted] asked for the Foreman of the Grand Jury and was told to leave and go to the USA's office. b6 b7C

3. Grand Jurors:
[redacted]

All of the above Grand Jurors observed [redacted] enter the Grand Jury room and observed [redacted] in the doorway behind him. All heard him [redacted] say that he was looking for [redacted] the Grand Jury and had documents to give him. All observed [redacted] attempt to place the exhibits on the witness table when he was ordered out of the Grand Jury room by Grand Juror, [redacted], and [redacted].

4. Grand Jurors:

[redacted]

All of the above Grand Jurors observed [redacted] enter the Grand Jury room on April 20, 1983, but did not hear the full context of his conversation with other Grand Jurors. All observed him carrying large volume of documents into the Grand Jury room area. b6 b7C

5. SA [redacted]

SA [redacted] will testify that [redacted]

[redacted]

6. [redacted]
U.S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. b3

Mr. [redacted] will testify [redacted]

[redacted]

7. [redacted]
[redacted] Federal Grand Jury
Middle District of North Carolina

Will identify [redacted]

[redacted]

8. [redacted] U.S. District Court
Middle District of North Carolina

b6
b7C

Will testify [redacted]

b3

EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are in the custody of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and have been marked as Grand Jury Exhibits for the [redacted] Grand Jury:

1.

2.

3.

4.

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REPORT FORMS (FD-302s)

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] for the Winston-Salem Sentinel, was interviewed at the Office of the U.S. Attorney in Winston-Salem relative to his conversations that he had with [redacted] b3 and [redacted] on [redacted] advised that after the Grand Jury had recessed for lunch and some had gone down in the elevators, he was leaving the Federal Building when he saw on the first floor [redacted] and [redacted]. He stated that he went over to them and began talking to them as he had known from other reporters that [redacted] had just given a press conference in Greensboro about coming to Winston-Salem in an attempt to see the Grand Jury. [redacted] advised that he could not recall if he was asked by them if the Grand Jury was in or not, or he just brought it up to them, but he did advise them that the Grand Jury was not in session, that they had gone to lunch.

He stated that after he returned from lunch, he had a further conversation with [redacted] and [redacted] and [redacted], speaking in the presence of [redacted], had told him that [redacted] had entered the Grand Jury room looking for the Foreman of the Grand Jury in order to furnish him various documents he had brought for the Grand Jury. He stated that [redacted] stated that he entered the Grand Jury room when they were invited in after they had knocked on the door and some woman had told them to come in. [redacted] advised that when b6 b7C they discovered that the foreman was not there, they left and went to the U.S. Attorney's Office. [redacted] told him at that time that FBI Agent [redacted] had come in and ordered them out of the U.S. Attorney's Office and later told them that [redacted] was under investigation for unlawfully attempting to influence the Grand Jury and that the documents he had for the Grand Jury were being seized by him. [redacted] also told [redacted] that he and [redacted] did not intend to leave the documents in the Grand Jury room, but intended to deliver them to the Foreman of the Grand Jury for the Grand Jurors.

Investigation on 4/22/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
1

Date of transcription 4/28/83

[redacted] home address [redacted] North Carolina [redacted] telephone number [redacted], was advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and told he would be questioned concerning an incident which occurred in the Federal Building in Winston-Salem, North Carolina on [redacted] b3
Mr. [redacted] was informed that this incident concerned the activities of [redacted] and [redacted] and their entrance into the Federal Grand Jury room on the second floor of the Federal Building at approximately 11:35 a.m.

Mr. [redacted] stated that he exited the elevator on the second floor of the Federal Building and walked into the lobby area at approximately 11:35 a.m. [redacted] had looked at his watch as he left the elevator. He observed Mr. [redacted] and Mr. [redacted] standing in the lobby area speaking with another [redacted] by the name of [redacted]. As Mr. [redacted] approached, [redacted] and [redacted] proceeded from the lobby to the area immediately outside of the Grand Jury room. Mr. [redacted] knocked on the Grand Jury room door and a female voice asked him to come in. Mr. [redacted] opened the Grand Jury room door and stepped inside. Mr. [redacted] also stepped inside of the room. Mr. [redacted] stated that he remained in the hallway, but observed the activity of Mr. [redacted] and Mr. [redacted] through the open door. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that once inside the door, Mr. [redacted] inquired of a female Grand Juror whether Mr. [redacted] of the Grand Jury, was available to speak. The female Grand Juror told Mr. [redacted] that Mr. [redacted] was not in and he had gone to lunch. Mr. [redacted] then asked where the Justice Department Attorney, [redacted], could be found. He was informed by the female Grand Juror that Mr. [redacted] was probably in the office of the United States Attorney, which was located on the opposite side of the building. Mr. [redacted] stated emphatically that Mr. [redacted] did not do or say anything else, did not attempt to hand anyone any documents nor did he attempt to place any documents on the table. Mr. [redacted] advised that during the time [redacted] was in the room, he maintained the documents which he had in his possession in his hands.

Mr. [redacted] was asked to leave the Grand Jury room and he did so, without saying anything or creating a protest. Mr. [redacted] followed [redacted] and both then went to the office of the United States Attorney on the opposite side of the Federal Building. Mr.

Investigation on 4/20/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] jmg Date dictated 4/26/83

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CE 72-119

[redacted] stated that Mr. [redacted] was polite at all times and used no abusive or coercive language. He did not attempt to give any documents to anyone in the Grand Jury room nor did he attempt to have a conversation with members of the Grand Jury about matters they were currently investigating. Mr. [redacted] did not say anything to anyone, but merely stood just inside of the Grand Jury room. b6 b7C

[redacted] In closing, Mr. [redacted] stated that he is an employee of and that he would be available for testimony in this matter.

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted], a Grand Juror, was interviewed at the U.S. District Court at Winston-Salem, North Carolina. Mrs. [redacted] advised that she had been a Grand Juror since [redacted] and on [redacted] the Grand Jury was in session at Winston-Salem, North Carolina. At approximately 11:30 or 11:35, the Grand Jury took its luncheon recess, and she, [redacted] was in the break room behind the deliberation room with a number of Grand Jurors. She stated that she heard a knock on the door and a number of the Grand Jurors said to come in, assuming it was the attorneys or the Marshals who were obtaining entrance for the afternoon session. [redacted] advised that as she got up, to see who had entered the room, she started walking up into the deliberation room area and she observed [redacted] enter the room. She stated she went into the deliberation room to see what he wanted, and as she approached him, she also saw Mr. [redacted] approach him also. She stated that he was carrying a large amount of documents, and he was standing near the witness table and he was starting to place the documents on the table. She stated that she told him that he could not stay there and he turned to her and stated he was looking for [redacted] Grand Jury, and that he had some papers to give him. Mrs. [redacted] advised she told him he could not remain in the Grand Jury room and that he must see the U.S. Attorney. She stated that she pointed him in the direction of the U.S. Attorney's Office and directed him out the door. Standing in the doorway, with his head in the doorway looking around in the Grand Jury room was Mr. [redacted]

[redacted] advised behind Mr. [redacted], standing in the hallway area, was [redacted] who had also testified before the Grand Jury. [redacted] advised that as [redacted] left the Grand Jury room area, he asked her to tell Mr. [redacted] that [redacted] was there and that he wanted to see him.

[redacted] advised that it concerned her that [redacted] entered the Grand Jury room in that manner, as an incident like that had never happened before, and no witness never came into the Grand Jury without being properly summoned.

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Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] Grand Juror, was interviewed at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to the events of [redacted]

b3

Mr. [redacted] advised that he had been impaneled as a Grand Juror since [redacted] and on [redacted] they were in session, hearinv evidence just prior to their deliberations. At approximately 11:30 AM, the Grand Jurors broke for lunch and some Grand Jurors left, others stayed in the deliberation room area, and others had gone back to the break room which was an adjoining room with the deliberation room.

[redacted] advised that he heard a knock on the door, and several of the Grand Jurors, including himself, said come in. [redacted] was of the opinion that the knock on the door was either the Marshal or the attorney or the agent from the Grand Jury who was requesting permission to come in to obtain exhibits or prepare for the afternoon session.

For this reason, he said come in, assuming it was one of the attorneys and as he looked up, he observed [redacted] carrying a large pack of papers walk into the Grand Jury room and walk directly towards the witness table. As he started to put the papers down, [redacted] said that he wished to speak to Mr. [redacted] the Grand Jury. [redacted] advised that he told him that [redacted] was not there and that the Grand Jury was at lunch and that he could not stay in there.

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At that time, [redacted] started moving towards [redacted] and with her hands, began to order him out the door. [redacted] stated that he never did put down the papers but he held the papers as he walked backwards to the door and [redacted] was telling him to leave the Grand Jury area and told him to go to the U.S. Attorney's Office.

[redacted] advised that Mr. [redacted] Mr. [redacted] was not in the room but was standing in the doorway, looking into the room. He stated he did not hear [redacted] state anything. He stated behind him was another individual, who was standing in the hallway of the Grand Jury room entrance. [redacted] advised that after the incident, he immediately went to advise the attorneys and the FBI Agent of what had occurred.

Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by .SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted], Grand Juror, was interviewed at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to the events of [redacted]. Mr. [redacted] advised that he has been a Grand Juror since [redacted] and on [redacted], after a morning session, the Grand Jury broke for lunch at approximately 11:30 AM. Approximately 10 minutes later, [redacted] advised he heard a knock at the door, and some of the Grand Jury members in the deliberation room area stated for the individual to come in. [redacted] advised that his impression was that it was one of the attorneys returning back from lunch and getting prepared for the afternoon session. b3

[redacted] advised that he saw [redacted] who he recognized from his previous testimony, and also from his television appearances, enter the Grand Jury room. [redacted] walked directly towards the witness table and was carrying a briefcase and a large volume of documents in his hands. He stated he started to put all the packages on the witness table, and as he was doing so was asking for the [redacted] the Grand Jury, Mr. [redacted] [redacted] advised that one of the Grand Jurors, [redacted] told [redacted] that Mr. [redacted] was at lunch and at the same time, [redacted], another Grand Juror, told him that he could not be in the Grand Jury area and to get out of the area. [redacted] advised she also told him to go to the U.S. Attorney's Office. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that directly behind [redacted] standing in the doorway, was [redacted], and behind him was [redacted], who he recognized from previous testimony. [redacted] advised [redacted] was in the doorway, and behind him was the [redacted] and neither one actually went into the Grand Jury room other than the entrance of the doorway. [redacted] advised that [redacted] entrance into the Grand Jury room concerned him, and he immediately advised the FBI Agent who was assigned as investigator for the Grand Jury.

Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by . SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] was interviewed at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to the events which occurred on [redacted] in the Federal Grand Jury room at the U.S. District Court at Winston-Salem, North Carolina. [redacted] advised that she had been impaneled as a Grand Juror since [redacted] and on [redacted] they were deliberating and hearing evidence in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. [redacted] advised that at approximately 11:30 AM, the Grand Jurors had recessed for lunch and sometime before 12:00, she was not sure of the exact time, after they had taken their lunch break, she heard a knock at the door. [redacted] advised that there were six or seven Grand Jury members in the rear of the Grand Jury room having lunch and there were a few others in the deliberation room where they would hear evidence, and the government exhibits were on display. Mrs. [redacted] advised that when she heard the knock on the door, she assumed it was a Grand Jury member returning from lunch, or one of the attorneys who was preparing for the afternoon session. Mrs. [redacted] advised that no witness ever entered the Grand Jury room without being accompanied by an attorney and that the only people who would enter the room were the attorneys or the Marshals relative to obtaining documents in preparation for the session.

b3

As the door opened, she observed [redacted] walk into the room, and he was accompanied by another man who stood in the doorway and was looking around. She stated [redacted] came in and started to place some material on the witness table. She advised that [redacted] was carrying a briefcase in one hand and had a large volume of documents in the other hand that he started to leave at the witness table. [redacted] advised [redacted] addressed one of the jurors as he came in and stated that he wanted to see Mr. [redacted] the Grand Jury. One of the Grand Jurors stated to him that he could not come in the Grand Jury room. The other man with him, who she did not know, but was later identified to her as [redacted] did not enter the room but stood in the doorway and was looking around in the Grand Jury room. She stated she never heard that man state anything while he was standing in the doorway.

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Mrs. [redacted] advised that this event scared her, and she was shocked to see [redacted] enter the Grand Jury room in that manner.

Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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Mrs. [redacted] advised that she followed one of the other Grand Jurors into the deliberation room area, and that behind the individual who she learned to be [redacted] was another man, [redacted] who had also appeared before the Grand Jury. She stated that [redacted] did not come in the Grand Jury room and he also did not say anything. Mrs. [redacted] advised that [redacted], the other Grand Juror, went directly to [redacted] as he was standing in the room with the documents in his hand and told him that he could not come into this Grand Jury room, and to get out and he should contact the U.S. Attorney's Office.

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] Grand Juror for the [redacted] Grand Jury, was interviewed at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to his observation of the events of [redacted] b3
Mr. [redacted] advised that he had been impaneled as a member of the Grand Jury since [redacted], and that during their recess for lunch on [redacted], sometime between 11:30 and 11:45 AM, he heard a knock on the door, and one of the Grand Jury members, whose voice he did not recognize, said come in.

[redacted] advised that he assumed it was one of the attorneys who was returning to the Grand Jury room in preparation for the afternoon session and that whenever the attorneys or the Marshals needed entrance into the room, they would knock prior to entering.

[redacted] advised that when the door opened up, [redacted] came into the room and he had his hand full of various papers and documents and was also carrying a briefcase. [redacted] advised that he heard [redacted] speak to the Grand Jurors who were in the deliberation room and was asking for the [redacted] another Grand Juror, told him that [redacted] was at lunch, and at that point, [redacted] another Grand Juror, began to motion [redacted] to leave the room and ushered him out the door. b6 b7C

Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] a Grand Jury member, was interviewed at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to the events of [redacted]. [redacted] advised that she had been a Grand Juror since [redacted] and the Grand Jury was in session on [redacted] [redacted] advised the Grand Jury broke for lunch at approximately 11:30 and somewhere just before 12:00, approximately 11:55, she heard a knock on the door, and the door opened. [redacted] advised that she was in the break room, and when she sat back to see who was coming in, she saw [redacted] entering the room. She advised [redacted] was carrying a large amount of papers in his hand, and that [redacted] immediately left the break room and went up and told [redacted] he could not stay in the Grand Jury room. She stated that somebody else was in the doorway and she could see this individual looking around the Grand Jury room but did not know who this individual was. She stated that when [redacted] confronted [redacted] and ordered him from the Grand Jury room, [redacted] left.

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Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] :jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] was interviewed at the U.S. District Court, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to the events of [redacted].

b3

[redacted] advised that she has been a Grand Jury member since [redacted], and that on [redacted], the Grand Jury was in session. She stated the Grand Jury had gone to lunch at approximately 11:30, and that she stayed behind and was having her lunch in the break room area.

[redacted] stated that she was sitting at the table when she heard a little knock on the door, and then the door opened up and she saw [redacted] come in with his arms full of papers and carrying a briefcase.

[redacted] advised that another man was standing in the doorway, directly behind [redacted] looking around the Grand Jury room.

[redacted] advised that she did not hear what [redacted] said, as she became scared, when she realized who it was and did not know how he had gotten into the Grand Jury room. [redacted] stated all she knew was that other Grand Jury members approached [redacted] and ordered him out of the Grand Jury room.

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b7C

Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted]:jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] was interviewed at the U.S. District Court, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to the events of [redacted].

b3

[redacted] advised that she had been a Grand Jury member since [redacted], and on [redacted], the Grand Jury was in session. At approximately 11:30 AM, the Grand Jury had broke for lunch and approximately 15 or 20 minutes later, she heard a knock on the door, and she assumed it was attorneys or some Grand Jurors returning back from lunch.

She stated the door opened up and she saw [redacted] enter the room. She stated she immediately recognized him from his other appearance in the Grand Jury. She stated there were two other men in the doorway, whom she did not know.

[redacted] walked in the Grand Jury room and went over to the table used by the witnesses. She stated [redacted] was carrying a large amount of papers and a briefcase and that one of the Grand Jurors stopped him, and ordered him out of the Grand Jury room.

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b7C

Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted]:jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

[redacted] was interviewed at the U.S. District Court, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, relative to the events of [redacted].

b3

[redacted] advised that she had been a Grand Juror since [redacted] and that the Grand Jury was in session on [redacted]. The Grand Jury had broke for lunch at approximately 11:30, and just before 12:00, she heard a knock on the door. [redacted] advised she was sitting in the break room, and some Grand Jurors told the person to come on in. [redacted] advised that she assumed it was an attorney coming back from lunch, to get ready for the afternoon session, and when she looked up, she saw [redacted] walk in the doorway. She stated [redacted] stopped near the table where the foreman sits, and he was carrying with him a bunch of papers.

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[redacted] advised she heard [redacted] ask for the [redacted], and that he had some notes for him.

[redacted] advised that [redacted] and [redacted] other Grand Jurors, immediately went up to [redacted] and escorted him out of the Grand Jury room and told him to go to the U.S. Attorney's Office.

She stated that accompanying [redacted] was a man, a young man who was standing in the doorway and had his head in the Grand Jury room looking around. She stated that she did not know who this young man was, but understood it was [redacted]

Investigation on 4/21/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] jat Date dictated 4/26/83

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/26/83

During the afternoon recess for lunch for the Federal Grand Jurors at the U.S. District Court in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, the attorneys for the Grand Jury, [redacted] and myself, were in the U.S. Attorney's Office having a conference relative to the summary testimony which was being presented to the Grand Jurors.

As I was on the phone talking with SA [redacted] at Raleigh, North Carolina, relative to information which had been received from newspaper reporters regarding [redacted] press release on April 20, 1983, the door to the U.S. Attorney's opened and [redacted] and [redacted] entered the room without knocking. Because of the nature of the conversation that I was having with SA [redacted] on the telephone, [redacted] and [redacted] were ordered to leave the U.S. Attorney's Office and told that when the attorneys were free, they would see them.

Shortly thereafter, [redacted] was invited into the U.S. Attorney's Office and was asked in front of the three attorneys what information he had for the Grand Jury or for the Department of Justice attorneys relative to November 3rd that he was to furnish the Grand Jury. [redacted] stated that he had no information he wished to give, and that he had been merely requested to accompany [redacted] and [redacted] into the Office of the U.S. Attorney. b6 b7C

At that time, [redacted] was excused, and [redacted] and [redacted] were invited into the U.S. Attorney's Office.

When [redacted] and [redacted] arrived in the office, [redacted] was carrying a large amount of documents, which he showed to the attorneys. [redacted] and [redacted] began talking with the attorneys relative to [redacted] appearance before the Grand Jury so that he could furnish the documents which he gave to the attorneys to the Foreman of the Grand Jury.

The Departmental Attorneys, [redacted] and [redacted] began to review the documents which were furnished by [redacted] and asked several questions of [redacted] and [redacted] as to the authorship of these documents.

Investigation on 4/20/83 at Winston-Salem, N.C. File # CE 72-119

by SA [redacted] jat Date dictated 4/26/83

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

At first, [redacted] refused to answer the question relative to the authorship of the documents, and accused the attorneys of refusing to give the information to the Grand Jury and that the attorneys were in the process of "screening" the material that the Grand Jury was seeing. b6 b7C

After several more questions by the attorneys, [redacted] finally acknowledged that the documents in his possession had been prepared by [redacted], and by himself, and other attorneys of the Greensboro Justice Fund for presentation to the Grand Jury.

When asked by myself as to who would appear before the Grand Jury and swear under oath that the information contained in the documents to be presented to the Grand Jury was truthful, neither [redacted] or [redacted] would respond.

U.S. Department of Justice Attorney, [redacted] demanded to know when these documents were prepared, and by whom, and during this part of the conversation, a knock came on the door and I answered it.

At that time, a Grand Jury member was at the door, and I stepped outside and talked to him. The Grand Jury member advised me that he wanted to alert that [redacted] and [redacted] were in the area and that they had gone into the Grand Jury room and had attempted to see the Foreman of the Grand Jury.

The Grand Juror also advised me that they had in their possession these documents which they were looking to give Mr. [redacted].

At that time, I returned back to the U.S. Attorney's Office where the conferences were taking place between [redacted] and the Departmental Attorneys, and I advised [redacted] and [redacted] to leave the U.S. Attorney's Office that I had discovered that they had made an unauthorized entrance into the Grand Jury room when the Grand Jury was at a recess, and that they should immediately leave the U.S. Attorney's Office and be aware of the fact that it was a violation of law to make such an entry into the Grand Jury room.

[redacted] stated that if we wanted to talk about that, we would talk about that later, and again he was ordered to leave. At this point, U.S. Departmental Attorney [redacted] advised [redacted] that this was the office of the U.S. Attorney, and that he, as a representative of that office, was demanding that [redacted] and [redacted]

immediately leave the U.S. Attorney's Office until this matter could be further investigated.

Approximately 45 minutes later, during the period in which U.S. Magistrate ELIASON was advised of the intrusion into the Grand Jury room, and requested a full FBI investigation of the intrusion, [redacted] and [redacted] returned to the U.S. Attorney's Office, and [redacted] stated that he wanted the documents he left in the U.S. Attorney's Office returned. [redacted] was advised that the documents would not be returned, that they had been taken into my custody and I would maintain these documents and he should be further advised that he was under investigation for an unlawful attempt to influence the Grand Jury. [redacted] advised that he wanted to hear from [redacted] and he was told that he would not be permitted to see any of the attorneys, and that he had heard it from me and that was satisfactory. At that point, [redacted] and [redacted] made other accusations to the interviewer about his involvement in November 3, 1979, at which point the contact was terminated by interviewer closing the door on them. b6 b7C

4/28

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT
29 Apr 83 1445 Z
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

To : DIRECTOR, FBI Date 4/29/83
ATTN: [redacted] CIVIL RIGHTS DIV., RM 5131

From : SAC, CHARLOTTE (72-[redacted]) IMMEDIATE

Subject : [redacted]
[redacted] ATTORNEY, GREENSBORO, N.C.
GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

Attached is a facsimile of an FD-302 interview with Mr. [redacted]

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b7C

44-81521-463X1

"ENCLOSURE ATTACHED"
1 - ENCLOSURE

OCT 24 1986

CALLED
M. Peterson
By Time 1154

17 NOV 12 1986



44-81521-463X1

ENCLOSURE

10

1 - Mr. [redacted]

SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)
Attention: SA [redacted]

April 22, 1983

Director, FBI (80-5)

POLYGRAPH MATTERS

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A technical review of the polygraph examination documents pertaining to the examination of [redacted] on 4/1/83 has been completed. This review disclosed that the examination is excellent in all aspects and review personnel concur with the results of the examination.

All documents are enclosed herewith, for appropriate filing.

Enclosures (10)

1 - Charlotte (94-217)

JKM:sgc (5)*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/13/94 BY sp2 tap/kp

MAILED 13
APR 22 1983
FBI

DE-108 80-5-18033

44-81521-463X2

APR 26 1983

ENCLOSURE

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

OCT 1 1987
MAIL ROOM
PBS

FD-498 (Rev. 6-1-78)

POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION REPORT

Date of Report	Date(s) of Examination	Bureau File Number	Field File Number
April 5, 1983	April 1, 1983		CE 44A-3527

Office or Agency Requesting Examination

FBI, Charlotte

Date Authorized	Authorizing Official
March 25, 1983	SAC, Charlotte

Examinee Name (last, first, middle) [redacted] SSN [redacted]

Date of Birth	Place of Birth			
[redacted]	[redacted]	Male ☒ Female ☐	Ht. 5'11" Wt. 170	Race White

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b7C

Address Rt. 1, Box 105
Denver, N. C.

Case Synopsis

[redacted] was present during the violence at Greensboro, N. C., on November 3, 1979, but denies ever seeing any fellow Klansman firing a weapon.

44-81521-463X2
~~80-5-10035~~

ENCLOSURE

FBI/DOJ

Examination Results

	No Deception Indicated		Inconclusive		Pre-test Confession/Admission
	Deception Indicated		No Opinion		Post-test Confession/~~Admission~~

Examiner's Conclusion

The polygraph examination included the following relevant questions:

b2
b7E

b2
b7E

was confronted with his apparent deception and subsequently admitted that he had lied to the FBI up until this time. He went on to tell of seeing with an Army-type shoulder weapon which he described as looking like an AR-15. He stated that he had a clear picture in his mind of in a firing position over the top of the roof of the blue Fairlane automobile which was parked in front of van.

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The fullness of the remarks of are being set forth in a separate report of interview (FD-302).

Location of Examination: 119 Holiday Inn, Craighead Road, Charlotte, N. C.	
Typed Name of Witness or Interpreter: None	Examinee Native Language: English
Examiner (typed name): SA	Language(s) Examination Conducted: English
Division of Examiner: Charlotte	Signature of Examiner:

FBI/DOJ

2.

44-81521-463X2

FD-497 (Rev. 5-1-78)

POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION WORKSHEET

Examinee Name (last, first, middle)	Alias and/or Nicknames
[redacted]	None

Current Address	Marital Status	Children
[redacted]	Married	[redacted]

Examination ~~was~~ (was not) Requested by Examinee	Number Years Education	Previous Polygraph Examination
	10	None

PERSONAL HISTORY OF EXAMINEE

Education

Dropped out of 10th grade, [redacted]
N. C.

Employment History Incl. Military

This Examinee is usually employed as a [redacted]

He is currently employed at [redacted], N. C. b6 b7C

Arrests - Convictions

Arrested [redacted] on 5 counts of [redacted]

Physical Health - Medication

Examinee advised he is in good health and experiencing no discomfort of any kind.

TEST DATA

Time In	Month/Day/Year	Time Out	Type of Test	ZOC	MGQT	R-I	POT	TOTAL
[redacted]	4/1/83	[redacted]	Number of Test Series	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]
			Number of Charts					

b2 b7E

Instrument Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Date Last Calibrated
[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]	[redacted]

Comments

A stimulation test was administered immediately following the first chart with the desired results.

44-81521-463X2
~~80-5-18022~~

ENCLOSURE

3.

FBI/DOJ

Question Number	Questions	Response
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		

b2
b7E

b6
b7C

Examiner (typed Name)
Special Agent

Signature

Field Office Assignment
Charlotte

4

AIRTEL

5/24/83

b6
b7C

Director, FBI

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)

1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.

GREENKIL;
ROY CLINTON TONEY -
FUGITIVE (A) ;
ET AL
CR
00: Charlotte

Re Charlotte FD-65 dated 4/22/83.

On 5/13/83, a check of NCIC disclosed no FBI entry for captioned subject.

By return airtel, advise FBIHQ, Attn: Fugitive/General Government Crimes Unit, CID, of the status of this matter.

CEC:amc

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-1-84 BY SP2 TAP/cc

DE-20 C 44-81521-464

MAILED 13
MAY 24 1983
FBI

9 MAY 27 1983

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

MAIL ROOM

FD-36 (Rev. 8-23-82)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ x airtel

PRECEDENCE:
☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/7/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)

FROM: SAC, DENVER (157-2015)(RUC)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAW/cw

Re Charlotte teletype to the Bureau, 6/6/83.

For information, enclosed for the Bureau, Charlotte and Los Angeles are a copy each of 2 memorandums from SA [redacted] dated 11/8/79 and 11/9/79, a 16-page insert provided by the New York Office and a photograph of [redacted]

The insert from New York is self-explanatory and concerns background information regarding [redacted] The source of information referred to in Denver communication 11/9/79, is Mr. [redacted] of the group known as "The Jewish Shield." Denver has had no contact from [redacted] since that time and is in possession of no additional information than that provided with this communication, not already known to the Bureau and Charlotte. b6 b7C

Denver did not open a Civil Rights substantive file in this case. This was discussed with Division 6 on 11/8/79, which instructed Denver simply to handle this matter out of its 157-Civil Unrest case for the purpose of reporting any unsolicited information received by Denver. 44-81521-465

[redacted] since 11/9/79, due to the fact that at that time he advised SA [redacted] he was threatening to send tapes of conversations between himself and FBI Agents (not further identified) to the press, noting that they (the tapes) could be damaging.

10 JUN 1983

ENCLOSURE

2 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
2 - Charlotte (Enc. 4) (44A-3527)
2 - Los Angeles (Enc. 4)
1 - Denver
(7)
TFH/sir

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

53 JUN 29 1983

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, DENVER (157-2015) (P) DATE: 11/8/79

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/ca

On 11/8/79, an individual calling himself [redacted] appeared at the Denver Office of the FBI and advised as follows:

He has for the last 1 1/2 years endeavored to identify members of the American Nazi Party and Ku Klux Klan. In doing so, he has obtained identifying data concerning these individuals, however, he has also been informally [redacted] in the New York City area. He advised that AUSA [redacted] in New York City may have a case against him. He requested that she be contacted concerning this matter, but would still not provide his name, stating only that the Agent use the name [redacted] when asking [redacted] about this matter. He stated that she would know who he was. He advised that if the FBI would attempt to help him with this charge, he would provide information concerning the Klan, its proposed violent activities, weapons and explosives caches and whether or not Klan members in the Denver area planned to go to Greensboro, North Carolina, over the weekend of 11/10-11/79. He stated he had [redacted] He cited as proof, the fact that on 11/2/79, at about noon, he made an anonymous phone call to SA [redacted] of the [redacted] Resident Agency and warned him that (FNU) [redacted] and (FNU) [redacted] (PHONETIC) were planning violence over the weekend of 11/3-4/79. He admitted that when talking with [redacted] he was evasive and non-specific in providing information, fearing it could be traced back to him.

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This individual had with him two notebooks, which he displayed, stating they contained notes concerning an estimated 1,000 American Nazi Party and KKK members. He would volunteer only the following information:

157-2015-4

[redacted] of the Knights of the KKK. He has living with him one [redacted] also a Klan member. [redacted] works for [redacted]

SIP

(2) - Denver
WHM/sip

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
NOV 8 1979
FBI — DENVER

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

cc in 157-2011 44-81581-465

ENCLOSURE

DN 157-2015

[redacted] lives in [redacted], telephone [redacted] and is the Klan's [redacted].

[redacted] is the leader of the [redacted] Klan group.

[redacted] (phonetic) and his wife, [redacted] are Klan members and live in [redacted] phone [redacted]

Klan members "stake out" the Federal Building and photograph all individuals they believe to be FBI Agents.

[redacted] (phonetic) is the Klan [redacted]. He resides at [redacted].

[redacted] is a Klansman, home phone [redacted]. He is alleged to have a Thompson .45 caliber sub-machine gun, fully automatic.

[redacted] is a Klansman, who owns many handguns.

[redacted] is a Klansman, however, the Klan is convinced he is an informant for the [redacted] or [redacted]. b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] is a Klan member and a [redacted] and resides with another Klans member [redacted] [redacted] telephone [redacted].

He advised that he was working on determining if any Klan members were going to Greensboro this weekend and planned any violent activities and would return to the Denver FBI Office with more information and photos of local Klansmen target practicing with weapons.

The writing Agent contacted AUSA [redacted], NYC and explained the situation to her, requesting she identify this individual and any charges currently against him. She stated that he is known to her as [redacted] or [redacted] (phonetic) [redacted] a somewhat [redacted] led the [redacted]. She suggested that NYO SA [redacted] be contacted for further information. b6 b7C

At about this same time, Supervisor [redacted] Raleigh RA was telephonically contacted and apprised of the situation. He stated Agent [redacted] was out of the office at that time, but confirmed that [redacted] had told him he had, in fact, received an anonymous phone call on 11/2/79, as the aforementioned individual had stated. He advised that [redacted] had stated the caller was very evasive and furnished no specific information that could be disseminated in order to prevent what actually occurred.

Supervisor [redacted] requested that any positive information concerning travel of Klan members from Denver to Greensboro for the weekend of 11/10-11/79, be furnished the Charlotte Office.

Shortly thereafter, SA [redacted], NYC, was contacted and advised that [redacted] is well known to members of his squad, especially SAs [redacted] and [redacted] He described [redacted] as a [redacted]. He stated that [redacted] was at one time [redacted] and that most recently, [redacted] has been [redacted] He stated he believes that a Grand Jury indictment may be forthcoming, but had no specific facts. He stated he would attempt to have SA [redacted] telephonically call the writing Agent on 11/8/79.

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Shortly after this, [redacted] reappeared at the Denver Office with his aforementioned notebooks and a large brown folder. He requested to know if the interviewing Agent had contacted AUSA [redacted] and Agent [redacted] and he was advised of the above, to the extent that certain information had been verified. He was confronted with his true identity and admitted to same. He asked whether or not the FBI would assist him in having any charges in New York City dropped and was advised that no charges were currently outstanding. He was further assured that if a Grand Jury indictment was obtained, he would be afforded the opportunity to explain his reason for [redacted]

[redacted] produced several news publications and articles of Klan handouts and news letters as well as [redacted]

which he alleged was [redacted] He was advised that Attorney General's guidelines would preclude the FBI from copying these documents or recording any information other than the identities of members of the KKK or related organizations, who might have a propensity towards violence and engage in travel to the Greensboro, North Carolina, area for a proposed confrontation on the weekend of 11/10-11/79.

He advised that he wished to provide the following information to the FBI, inasmuch as he feels it might help identify those persons having a propensity towards violence, their sources of weapons and/or explosives and associates, who might also be prone towards violence:

The 1980 Mountain Bell Telephone Directory lists the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan as having phone number 232-8373. This phone is located [redacted] A second phone is located [redacted] phone number [redacted], subscribed to by [redacted]. b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] a Klansman, has weapons and explosives. His phone number [redacted] has been disconnected. Prior to having his phone disconnected, however, he made calls to the following:

Long Beach, California [redacted]
Omaha, Nebraska
Morgantown, North Carolina [redacted]
Los Angeles, California
Berkeley, California [redacted]

[redacted] (supra) resides at [redacted] with [redacted], [redacted], leader of the [redacted] den, frequently calls the following numbers:

[redacted] Colorado [redacted]
[redacted] Colorado [redacted]
Chicago, Illinois [redacted] and

El Monte, California [redacted]
Milwaukee, Wisconsin

[redacted] has a friend named [redacted] who is believed to be a Klan member. She has a phone number of [redacted]

The Klan gunsmith is [redacted] telephone number [redacted] (possibly identical to the previously-mentioned [redacted].

[redacted] Avenue, is a Klan member.

[redacted] head of the Klan in [redacted] used to call [redacted] (disconnected) in [redacted] on several occasions. He also called:

Dillon [redacted]
Littleton [redacted]

The Klan has a gun dealer as their main supplier in a place called Palmers Guns (504) 664-3479, somewhere in Louisiana. b6 b7C b7D

[redacted], formerly with the American Nazi Party, now with [redacted] Klan group, is talking about [redacted] group, however, his intentions while in the area, are unknown. The group will [redacted] location unknown, telephone number [redacted]

[redacted] California, telephone number [redacted] may go to Greensboro and is usually heavily armed.

[redacted], telephone number [redacted], resides in [redacted] and has a lot of weapons.

[redacted] would not comment on his source for all of this information, however, he advised that the Klan is saying that "a lot of Commies are going to Greensboro."

In regard to the Denver problem, he advised that ever since [redacted] confronted [redacted], the Klan has been calling advertisers who deal with this [redacted] and telling them that the Klan would "get them" if they did not drop their advertising.

He alleged that several Denver and Englewood policemen are either Klan members or sympathizers and that the SO in Georgetown has several Klan sympathizers.

He alleged that the Village Bar, I-70 and Federal, is a Klan meeting place.

At about 6:00 pm, this same evening, [redacted] telephonically contacted the Denver FBI Office and spoke with Clerk [redacted] He stated that at about 5:30 pm, four or five Klan members had stopped the [redacted] where

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At 6:00 am, 11/8/79, [redacted] telephonically contacted the writing Agent to advise that four Klansmen were parked outside the aforementioned [redacted]. He further stated he had information on Klan rallies coming up in Pennsylvania and California and would recontact the writing Agent.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, DENVER (175-2015) (P) DATE: 11/9/79

FROM : SA

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 JAP/cs

On 11/6/79, SA interviewed Mr. of the telephone number expressed concern over the KKK and threats allegedly made by the Klan to certain members of the Jewish community of Denver. He mentioned his affiliation with Magan Jehudi (phonetic), which means the Jewish Shield and identified the following individuals as Klansmen:

described as , blond hair, years old, who allegedly has a described as , with brown hair years old, allegedly an who lives in a man whose last name is , possibly described as pounds, usually armed, drives an , who works at and is the He stated that lives at and drives a .

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He stated that his concern is that information has come to him that the Klan holds shooting practice sessions and has a new group called "The Inner Circle" that is violence prone and they are threatening He stated that they have a placed there by Mr. .

Mr. , according to from Denver PD , is a former member of the and currently the Magan Jehudi, of which is the leader. source in the Jewish Community states that La Raza Unida is now calling the KKK because of their racist demeanor and that the Klan feels that the Jewish community is giving militant Chicanos their phone numbers and addresses.

157-2015-5

On 11/8/79, Mr. confirmed the suspicions of the Klan, but denied that the Magan Jehudi is giving out such

2 - Denver
WHM/sip

44-81521-465

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 9 1979
FBI — DENVER

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

1 cc in 157-2011

ENCLOSURE

information and expressed a desire to aid the FBI and Denver PD in attempting to quash any violence in the Denver area between the Klansmen and the Jewish community. He stated that he was setting up a meeting with Officer [redacted] and would provide any intelligence that came to his attention that might aid the FBI in identifying "rabble rousers" in either the Jewish community or among the Klan or Chicano communities.

Mr. [redacted] stated that he knew that one [redacted] had been making some phone calls possibly to Klansmen and stirring up trouble and that he had personally [redacted]. He stated that if [redacted] calls him as he is supposed to, he is going to tell [redacted] now that he has confirmed his suspicions of [redacted] having made phone calls that he will "break both his arms and legs if he comes back into town." He stated that he is quite sure from talking to his intelligence sources that [redacted] is the cause of most of the harassment back and forth between the Jewish community and the KKK.

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JWC:jfc
1

NY 174-2959

At the request of Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA) [redacted], Southern District of New York (SDNY), the following insert has been prepared concerning [redacted] Attached as supplements to this insert are an interview of Lieutenant [redacted], Jersey City Police Department on December 8, 1978, two interview [redacted] on January 23, 1979 and January 26, 1979, and an interview of [redacted] on February 23, 1979.

At approximately 1:15 a.m., October 28, 1977, the New York City Police Department (NYCPD) arrested [redacted] for [redacted] then a juvenile, allegedly [redacted]. A search of [redacted] disclosed numerous papers and pamphlets relating to the Jewish Defense League (JDL), including names and addresses of JDL members and organizations throughout the United States. [redacted] refused to be interview by the arresting officers. Since this matter was not in Federal jurisdiction, the case was closed without obtaining final disposition on [redacted]

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At 12:40 a.m., February 7, 1978, Unknown Subject (Unsub) caller telephoned the New York Office and said [redacted] or [redacted] knows who committed the firebombing of the home of [redacted] Office of Assistant Secretary General of the United Nations, on February 5, 1978.

Unsub said approaching [redacted] at school would result in possible violence.

Unsub was highly inquisitive about Bureau policies and methods. Unsub made numerous attempts to start a conversation on the rights of individuals and whether the Weather Underground was still operational.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 AKP/cc

157-2015-8
SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
NOV 30 1979
FBI - DENVER

44-81521-465

ENCLOSURE

A former confidential source, who has provided reliable information in the past, advised during the Spring of 1978, the source, [redacted], and [redacted], obtained [redacted] New York. The [redacted] which belonged to [redacted] Before reaching the [redacted]

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At approximately 4:00 a.m., on August 4, 1978, United Press International (UPI), New York, New York, received a telephone call from an anonymous male who stated "this is the Jewish Armed Resistance. We have a statement to make that any Nazi, neo-Nazi black or white, or any person who is anti-semite will be taken care of under our auspices. We will not allow anybody to push Jews around in any manner. Tonight you will find out about a bomb going on involving a Nazi". The UPI reporter asked if a bomb had been planted. The caller stated "No, but we will". The UPI reporter stated the caller then began to rant about [redacted], at which time the call was terminated. At approximately 6:08 a.m., August 4, 1978, UPI received another telephone call from an anonymous male who sounded as though he were talking through a device to alter his voice. The caller sounded like a young male and made the following statement, "I have a press release. This is the Jewish Armed Resistance. At [redacted] a bomb will go off in five minutes. The [redacted] lives there. The National Renaissance Party is a neo-Nazi organization". NYCPD responded to [redacted] and located a Molotov Cocktail in the vestibule. The device consisted of a plain clear bottle containing a flammable liquid similar to mineral spirits such as paint thinner. Rags were stuffed in the top of the bottle for a fuse. The occupant of [redacted] at [redacted] of the [redacted]

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The aforementioned former confidential source advised that [redacted] One of his tactics is to [redacted] Source stated [redacted] has also called Nazi organizations and has [redacted] The source felt that [redacted] is possibly involved in the attempted firebombing at [redacted] residence. b6 b7C b7D

On December 1, 1978, [redacted] advised he is acquainted with [redacted] stated [redacted] is unpredictable in his actions and is avoided by most who know him. [redacted] is secretive in nature, and refuses to tell anyone where he is living, stating he gives his address to no one.

On December 5, 1978, exact time unknown, UPI, New York City, received a telephone call from an anonymous male who stated, "We have just burned [redacted] in New Jersey, this is the Jewish Armed Resistance, never again". b6 b7C

At 4:50 a.m., on December 5, 1978, a fire gutted the front portion of a residence at [redacted] New Jersey. Fire officials on the scene advised that it appeared that a flammable liquid was poured on the front of the residence and set afire.

Investigation at [redacted] determined the resident to be [redacted] According to [redacted] mother, her son was associated with the Klu Klux Klan in 1958 and is or was affiliated with the Nazi movement.

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At 5:00 a.m., on December 6, 1978, [redacted] observed an unidentified male lottering in front of his residence. [redacted] followed the male until he was able to notify Port Authority Police who detained individual until Jersey City Police arrived. Individual identified himself as [redacted] Date of Birth [redacted] residence [redacted] Street, and [redacted] New York. [redacted] advised that the [redacted] Street address is the residence of [redacted] with whom he stays on occasion (attached is FD 302 concerning [redacted] interview).

At approximately 3:15 a.m., December 14, 1978, a firebomb was thrown threw a window of St. Dimitru's Romanian Orthodox Church, 50 West 89th Street, New York, New York. Fire damage to this church extended from the main floor windows to the middle of the third floor. Extensive smoke and water damage resulted.

At 3:39 a.m. and 4:55 a.m., December 14, 1978, anonymous telephone calls were made to UPI, New York City. The caller stated the Jewish Armed Resistance placed a firebomb at the Romanian Church, 50 West 89th Street, because members of the Iron Guard hold meetings there.

Files reveal the Iron Guard was founded in Romania in 1922. The organization apparently is a Nationalistic organization and anti-semetic in nature. During World War II, the Iron Guard sided with Germany.

Investigation by the New York Fire Marshall's Office located traces of a flammable liquid on a window sill below the window outside. Also recovered in the debris were pieces of a Budweiser beer bottle, which also showed traces of a flammable liquid.

On December 16, 1978, aforementioned former confidential source advised [redacted] is unstable and generally not trusted by anyone. No one will participate in an "action" with him. He is difficult to locate but sometimes he can be reached at telephone number [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

Investigation determined [redacted] subscribed to by [redacted] Street, [redacted] New York.

Same source also advised that from a description of the action against the Romanian Church, source feels [redacted] is a likely suspect.

On January 23, 1979, [redacted] appeared at the New York Office. (See attached [redacted] interview, dated January 23, 1979.) [redacted] refused to provide his home address. He stated he was not a member of the JDL, however, he has been associating with numerous members of the JDL and has spent several days hanging around the JDL offices in New York City reading numerous JDL publications. b6 b7C

[redacted] admitted he was stopped and questioned by two police officers in Jersey City, New Jersey, on December 6, 1978. [redacted] admitted identifying himself as [redacted] denied involvement in the firebombing at [redacted] residence in Jersey City, New Jersey. [redacted] stated he was in the area waiting for a bus to go to see friends in Bayonne, New Jersey. [redacted] refused to identify his friends in Bayonne, New Jersey, stating it was a very personal situation. [redacted] was asked if he was familiar with an individual named [redacted] New Jersey. [redacted] corrected the interviewing agent's pronunciation of [redacted] last name and advised that at the time he was stopped in Jersey City he did not know [redacted] After the incident in Jersey City, he learned that an individual named [redacted] was associated with a group of Nazi Party supporters. [redacted] also denied involvement in the attempted firebombing of the residence of [redacted] New York, and the firebombing of the Romanian Orthodox Church, 50 West 89th Street, New York, New York. [redacted] advised that he had no information, nor was he involved in any harassing phone calls to people involved in the Nazi Party Movement. [redacted] was asked for some residence or phone number where he could be located, and he again refused to provide the interview agents with any information as how he might be contacted at a later date. [redacted] advised that he was performing analysis and investigative work for a concern called the [redacted] [redacted] stated he was not an official employee of this group, however, he worked for an individual he refused to identify, who was in charge of [redacted] work involving Nazi groups.

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b7C

At the time of the interview, [redacted] had in his possession a notebook containing names of individuals he claims are in various right-wing organizations such as the Klu Klux Klan, the American Nazi Movement, and the Minutemen. He stated that he obtained these names, phone numbers, and in some instances telephone toll records, through his own investigation. [redacted] stated that in his opinion the group calling itself the Jewish Armed Resistance was not a group for organization but was the name used by individuals claiming credit for militant Jewish actions.

At this point, [redacted] stated that the Jewish Armed Resistance could be a group of individuals belonging to a clandestine underground organization, and that during his association and investigation of different Jewish militant groups, he had received no information that a group called the Jewish Armed Resistance, nor did he have any information as to who might be a member of the Jewish Armed Resistance. [redacted] stated he did not wish to provide interviewing agents with a tape recording of his voice, his fingerprints, or a photograph. [redacted] provided the following descriptive information:

Name:
Also Known As:
Date and Place
of Birth:

Height:
Weight:
Build:
Hair:
Eyes:

[redacted]

b6
b7C

[redacted] was again interviewed on January 26, 1979.

[redacted] stated he was planning to leave the New York area and travel to Philadelphia for two or three weeks where he would be residing with [redacted] a [redacted] who could be contacted by telephone [redacted] stated that following his visit in Philadelphia, he was planning to travel to Denver, Colorado, for approximately one month and then return to [redacted] to attend school. [redacted] added that [redacted] is located near [redacted]

was again asked if he had any knowledge of a group called the Jewish Armed Resistance and any knowledge concerning who may be responsible for several firebombings in the New York-New Jersey area, which are claimed by a group calling itself the Jewish Armed Resistance. denied any knowledge of a group called the Jewish Armed Resistance and denied any knowledge of who might be responsible for firebombings and arsons claimed by that group. admitted formerly residing at New York. stated this former address was part of the information he furnished to police officers in Jersey City, New Jersey, on December 6, 1978. At this point, advised he did not wished to be interviewed any further.

b6
b7C

Federal Grand Jury, Southern District of New York (SDNY) on .

b3

On January 24, 1979,

advised has admitted to members of the JDL, names unknown, that he committed the firebombings at the residence of New Jersey on December 6, 1978, and the attempted firebombing of the residence of Street, New York, on August 4, 1978. stated also mentioned the firebombing at the Romanian Orthodox Church, 50 West 89th Street, New York, New York, on December 18, 1978, however, his comment did not indicate he actually committed the firebombing.

b6
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b7D

described and probably did the above actions alone, since no one wants to work with him. advised is friendly with .

According to newspaper articles, on or about February 20, 1979, a white male described as wearing disheveled clothes and a white arm band with eagle and swastika, appeared alone at the United States National Park Service Office near Independence Hall in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The individual, apparently using a phony college identification card, made out an application for a permit to hold a Nazi rally at the Independence Mall in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on February 25, 1979. On the application, the individual

asked permission to shout "Hitler was right" and to chant "Gas Commie Jews". The application stated the individual promised 100 co-believers at the rally. The individual gave his name as [redacted] stated on the application that his purpose was to "show white masses the unity of the White race and to show the world that niggers and Jews are cowards". [redacted] used a 1975 identification card from a New York college bearing the name [redacted]. [redacted] told a United States Park Ranger that [redacted] was his middle name and that he had added an extra "n" to his last name to make it conform to the Germany spelling. [redacted] gave references of [redacted] the National Socialist White People's Party in Chicago, Illinois, and [redacted] the New Jersey Klu Klux Klan.

On February 21, 1979, [redacted] advised his organization has a tape recording of a man calling himself [redacted] stated he was an associate of [redacted] the individual who applied for the parade permit in Philadelphia. [redacted] said that [redacted] voice matches the voice of the person who answers the telephone at JDL Headquarters. [redacted] stated his organization has a JDL infiltrator who found out that [redacted] is really a young Jewish man named [redacted] or [redacted]

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According to news articles, [redacted] a JDL member in Philadelphia, was contacted and [redacted] advised the news media that [redacted] has been staying with him for approximately two weeks. [redacted] would not say whether or not [redacted] was actually [redacted]

Further news articles indicate that according to testimony in United States District Court, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, student identification card was lost by a Belgian music student [redacted] who lives in New York. According to interviews of [redacted] by the Philadelphia Police Department, the student advised he lost his passport and student identification card approximately two years ago. According to Philadelphia Police, the New York State Police have reportedly arrested [redacted] who has used [redacted] telephone number and address. [redacted] was allegedly a former member of the [redacted]

b6
b7C

According to news articles, on February 23, 1979, a Federal Judge cancelled the permit for the rally noting that legitimate questions had been raised about [redacted] identity and political affiliations.

This incident caused widespread news coverage in the Philadelphia area, and several articles in the New York-New Jersey newspapers. Investigation is presently pending in the Philadelphia Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), whereby the United States National Park Service is seeking financial restitution, approximately $18,000, which they allegedly spent preparing for adequate security for this upcoming rally.

Investigation at Philadelphia determined ten United States Park employees saw the individual known as [redacted]. After viewing a photographic spread, six employees said the picture of [redacted] is the same as [redacted] b6 b7C

On February 23, 1979, [redacted] was interviewed at the Philadelphia Office. (See attached [redacted] interview.) [redacted] advised [redacted] is a member of the [redacted] and that approximately [redacted] who claimed to be a member of the [redacted] stated [redacted] claimed he was interested in [redacted]. According to [redacted] arrived in Philadelphia approximately January, 1979, and stayed at the home of [redacted] of the [redacted] JDL chapter. [redacted] visited [redacted] residence on three or four occasions and [redacted] advised [redacted] used b6 b7C b7D

a [redacted] not only to places in the United States, but allegedly to places outside the United States. [redacted] told [redacted] that [redacted] who [redacted] described as head of the Klu Klux Klan in [redacted] stated [redacted] read in local Philadelphia newspapers that [redacted] was telling the press that [redacted], and [redacted] are all one in the same person. [redacted] apparently [redacted]

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] described [redacted] as always wearing a [redacted] and always carrying a [redacted] in the United States.

[redacted] he was a [redacted], New York City, [redacted] and resides in an apartment in Brooklyn, New York, address unknown. [redacted] he was a member of JACOB, which are the initials of the Jewish Athletic Club of Brooklyn, Post Office Box Number 190 Brooklyn, New York.

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted]

Investigation by New York determined telephone number 627-9654 provided by the above operator is a pay telephone located in a subway station on Stillwell Avenue in Brooklyn, New York. Telephone number 434-4651 is subscribed to by the Jewish Athletic Club of Brooklyn, 810 East 64th Street, Brooklyn, New York. This line was disconnected in March 1, 1979. Telephone number [redacted] is subscribed to by [redacted] New York.

On March 9, 1979, [redacted] appeared at the New York Office. [redacted] denied making any third party telephone calls. [redacted] stated all telephone calls he makes are charged to the telephone number of [redacted] New York, with whom he stays.

b6
b7C

[redacted] acknowledged he received a lot of publicity concerning a Nazi rally in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. [redacted] had no further relevant statements to make regarding this incident. Conversation with [redacted] provided no coherent and relevant statements.

On March 12, 1979, [redacted] appeared at the New York Office wearing black pants, a brown shirt, and a black tie. A swastika was inked on to each collar tip. [redacted] was wearing a white arm band containing a swastika. He also wore a white knit cap with a swastika made out in red tape. [redacted] was interviewed for approximately 15 minutes and was totally incoherent.

During March, 1979, [redacted] was observed by the 101st Precinct, NYCPD, passing out leaflets in their precinct. The leaflets were handwritten and contained swastika. The leaflet read, "Who needs niggers or Jews? Join the American Nazi Party, Box 91, Matuschun (sic) New Jersey or call [redacted] White Power". Telephone

number [redacted] is subscribed to by [redacted], an alleged member of the American Nazi Party.

b6
b7C

On April 9, 1979, [redacted] telephoned the New York Office and advised he is passing out leaflets in the 101st Precinct. [redacted] stated someone punched him while passing out these leaflets in the subway.

On April 25, 1979, [redacted] telephoned the New York Office and said he was no longer wearing a Nazi uniform. He said he was doing research, specifics unknown, and would not say where he was living.

On May 7, 1979, NYCPD Intelligence Division, advised that [redacted] was residing in a dormitory at [redacted], New York.

On June 1, 2, and 4, 1979, five bombs, mailed from New York City, were recovered in Lincoln, Nebraska, Arlington, Virginia, Cicero, Illinois, Chicago, Illinois, and Paterson, New Jersey. The bombs were all mailed to alleged Nazi war criminals or American Nazi Party members. In telephone calls to the news media on June 2 and June 4, 1979, credit was claimed for these devices by the International Committee Against Naziesm (ICAN) and a Jewish Action Movement (JAM).

On the evening of June 4, 1979, [redacted] National Socialist Workers Party of America (NSPA) aka American Nazi Party, advised he received a telephone call from [redacted] was a recipient of a bomb in [redacted], on June 4, 1979. During the above telephone call, [redacted] stated he had sent the bombs to various NSPA members and inquired if [redacted] was dead yet.

[redacted] advised he received a call from [redacted] told [redacted] he would also receive a bomb in the mail.

On June 6, 1979, investigation at the New York Telephone Company concerning aforementioned phony credit card number 784-9132-020 disclosed numerous interstate telephone calls from various numbers in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, to several places in the United States. Inquiry by the Bell Telephone of Pennsylvania disclosed many of these calls to telephone numbers in Southern Jersey were harassing telephone calls. Several of the victims identified [redacted] as the caller. New York has obtained these records and will obtain any future records to the above phony credit card number.

On June 3, 1979, [redacted], National Socialist White People's Party (NSWPP), received a telephone call from an anonymous male who stated he was a reporter with the Long Island Journal in New York. Caller wanted information on the bomb found in Chicago, Illinois. When [redacted] would make no comment, the caller became very vocal saying he was with the Jewish Armed Resistance. Caller warned that more bombs were on the way.

On June 4, 1979, the same caller made telephone threats against NSWPP members. The caller described the bombs in general as a cigar box containing black powder and again warned that more devices would be expected. The caller claimed to be a former member of the Israeli Army and a present member of the JDL.

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On June 6, 1979, [redacted] was interviewed. [redacted] advised he had read about the attempted bombings through the mail and the local newspapers but had no knowledge of these incidents. He stated that in the past he has called Nazi Party members and at one time infiltrated a Nazi Party meeting in New Jersey. [redacted] advised he has stopped such calls and has not participated in such activity in several months. [redacted] stated he has heard of the International Committee Against Naziesm but he knows none of its members except [redacted] whose name was published in the newspaper recently. He also advised that he has heard of the group called Jewish Action Movement, an offshoot of the JDL, but [redacted] believes that this organization was dissolved approximately five years ago. [redacted] advised previously he

had gathered numerous names and addresses of Nazi Party members in the United States but that his notebook containing these names was stolen from him several weeks ago. [redacted] advised he reported it to the police but the individual has not been apprehended. [redacted] stated the mugger told him he was a member of the JDL. [redacted] advised he had no information that would aid the FBI in regard to the letter bombs.

On June 13, 1979, a young white male stabbed [redacted], New York. The intended target was one [redacted] b6 b7C Telephone calls to news media claimed credit for the stabbing by the Jewish Execution With Silence (JEWS). Calls indicated that JEWS was affiliated with ICAN and were responsible for the bombs through the United States Mail.

At 3:55 p.m., [redacted] telephoned WINS Radio News requesting information on the stabbing. WINS reporter advised that the voice of [redacted] is very similar to the individual who made telephone calls to WINS News on June 4, 1979, claiming credit for the bombs.

FD-515 (Rev. 12-15-80)

ACCOMPLISHMENT REPORT

(Submit within 30 days from date of accomplishment)

Date 5/18/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS (A)
(00: CHARLOTTE)

Bureau File Number	
Field Office File Number	44A-3527
Squad or RA Number	3735

Investigative Assistance or Techniques Used

Were any of the investigative assistance or techniques listed below used in connection with accomplishment being claimed? ☐ No ☒ Yes - If Yes, rate each used as follows:
1 = Used, but did not help
2 = Helped, but only minimally
3 = Helped, substantially
4 = Absolutely essential

1. Acctg Tech Assistance		6. ELSUR - Title III		11. Lab Div Field Support		16. Surveil. Sqd Asst	
2. Aircraft Assistance		7. Hypnosis Assistance		12. Pen Registers		17. SWAT Team Action	
3. Computer Assistance		8. Ident Div Assistance		13. Photographic Coverage		18. Telephone T Records	
4. Consensual Monitoring		9. Informant Information		14. Polygraph Assistance		19. Undercover Operation	
5. ELSUR - FISC		0. Lab Div Exams		15. Show Money Usage		20. Visual Invest Analysis (VI	

b2
b7E

A. Preliminary Judicial Process (Number of subjects)

Complaints	Informations	Indictments
	1	9

B. Arrests, Locates & Summonses (Number of subjects)

Subject Priority (See Reverse)	A	B	C
FBI Arrests -	10		
FBI Locates -			

Criminal Summons _____

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Physically Resisted 0

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Were Armed 0

C. Release of Hostages: (Number of Hostages Released)

Hostages Held By Terrorists _____; All Other Hostage Situations _____

D. Recoveries, Restitutions, Court Ordered Forfeitures or Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP)

Property or PELP Type Code *	Recoveries	Restitutions	Court Ordered Forfeitures	Potential Economic Loss Prevented
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$

E. Civil Matters

	Government Defendant	Government Plaintiff
Amount of Suit	$	$
Settlement or Award	$	$ Enter AFA Payment Here

F. Final Judicial Process: Judicial District _____ (District) _____ (State)

(Use two letter state abbreviations per U.S. Post Office Guide. For Example - The Northern District of Texas as ND TX; The District of Maine as ME in the state field only.)

Subject 1 - Name -

Subject's Description Code * -

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Conviction Section	Conviction Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	In-Jail Term Mos	Suspended Yrs	Suspended Mos	Probation Yrs	Probation Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

Subject 2 - Name -

Subject's Description Code * -

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Conviction Section	Conviction Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	In-Jail Term Mos	Suspended Yrs	Suspended Mos	Probation Yrs	Probation Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

44-81521-4660

Subject 3 - Name -

Subject's Description Code * -

MAY 24 1983

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Conviction Section	Conviction Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	In-Jail Term Mos	Suspended Yrs	Suspended Mos	Probation Yrs	Probation Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

b6
b7C

Attach additional forms if reporting final judicial process on more than three subjects.

Remarks: On 3/24/83, Klansman [redacted] entered a guilty plea to violation of T. 18, USC, S. 371 - Conspiracy, sentence postponed. On 4/21/83, FGJ indicted 9 individuals for Conspiracy and violation of Civil Rights Act. All 10 defendants arrested by FBI Agents.

THREE

(2) - Bureau
2 - Field Office

Charlotte (1-44A-3527)(1-66-3058) TJB:jat (4)

* See codes on reverse side. Subject description codes in Section F are required only when reporting a conviction.

FBI/DOJ

Property Type Codes *

Code No	Description
1	Cash (U.S. and foreign currency)
2	Stock, Bonds or Negotiable Instruments (checks, travelers checks, money orders, certificates of deposit, etc)
3	General Retail Merchandise (clothing, food, liquor, cigarettes, TVs, etc)
4	Vehicles (autos, trucks, tractors, trailers, campers, motorcycles, etc)
5	Heavy Machinery & Equipment (heavy equipment, computers, etc)
6	Bulk Materials (grain, fuel, raw materials, metals, wire, etc)
7	Jewelry (including unset precious and semiprecious stones)
8	Precious Metals (gold, silver, silverware, platinum, etc)
9	Art, Antiques or Rare Collections
10	Dangerous Drugs
11	Weapons or Explosives
12	Businesses or Assets Forfeited
20	All Other Recoveries (not falling in any category above)

Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP) Type Codes *

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION
JUSTICE

Code No	Description
21	Blank Negotiable Instruments or Tickets
22	Counterfeit Stocks, Bonds, Currency or Negotiable Instruments
23	Counterfeit or Pirated Sound Recordings or Motion Pictures
24	Bank Theft Scheme Aborted
25	Ransom, Extortion or Bribe Demand Aborted
26	Theft From or Fraud Against, Government Scheme Aborted
27	Commercial or Industrial Theft Scheme Aborted
30	All Other Potential Economic Loss Prevented (not falling in any category above)

*The case file must contain an explanation of the computation of the recovery value or loss prevented. An explanation airtel must accompany this report if the recovery is $1 million or more, or if the PELP is $5 million or more.

Subject Description Codes *
- Enter Description Code Only When Reporting a Conviction -

Organized Crime Subjects:
- 1A Boss, Underboss or Consigliere
- 1B Capodecina or Soldier
- 1C Possible LCN Member or Associate
- 1D OC Subject Other Than LCN

Known Criminals (Other Than OC Members):
- 2A Top Ten or I.O. Fugitive
- 2B Top Thief
- 2C Top Con Man

Foreign Nationals:
- 3A Legal Alien
- 3B Illegal Alien
- 3C Foreign Official Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3D U.N. Employee Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3E Foreign Students
- 3F All Others

Terrorists:
- 4A Known Member of a Terrorist Organization
- 4B Possible Terrorist Member or Sympathizer

Union Members:
- 5A International or National Officer
- 5B Local Officer
- 5C Union Employee

Government Official Or Employees:
- 6A Federal - Elected Official
- 6B Federal - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6C Federal - All Other
- 6D State - Elected Official
- 6E State - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6F State - All Other
- 6G Local - Elected Official
- 6H Local - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6J Local - All Other

Bank Officers Or Employees:
- 7A Bank Officer
- 7B Bank Employee

All Others:
- 8A All Other Subjects (not fitting above categories)

*If a subject can be classified in more than one of the categories, select the most appropriate in the circumstance.

Instructions

Subject Priorities for FBI Arrest or Locates:

A - Subject wanted for crimes of violence (i.e. murder, manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault) or convicted of such crimes in the past five years.

B - Subjects wanted for crimes involving the loss or destruction of property valued in excess of $25,000 or convicted of such crimes in the past five years.

C - All others

Claiming Convictions Other Than Federal:

It is permissible to claim a local (state, county or local) conviction if the FBI's investigation significantly contributed to the successful local prosecution. A succinct narrative setting forth the basis for claiming a local conviction must accompany this report. When claiming a conviction other than Federal, enter the word "LOCAL" in the "Conviction-Section" block, disregard the number of conviction counts, but enter the sentence in the appropriate blocks. Enter "LF" in the "In-Jail" block for all life sentences and "CP" for all capital punishment sentences.

Reporting Convictions:

Convictions should not be reported until the sentence has been issued. There are two exceptions to this rule. The conviction information can be submitted by itself if:

1. The subject becomes a fugitive after conviction but prior to sentencing.
2. The subject dies after conviction but prior to sentencing.

An explanation is required in the Remarks section for either of the above exceptions.

Rule 20 Situations:

The field office that obtained the process (normally the office of origin) is the office that should claim the conviction, **not** the office where the subject enters the plea in cases involving Rule 20 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedures.

Investigative Assistance or Techniques (IA/Ts) Used:

-Since more than one IA/T could have contributed to the accomplishment, each IA/T must be rated.

-The IA/T used must be rated **each time** an accomplishment is claimed. (For example - if informant information was the basis for a complaint, an arrest, a recovery and a conviction and if separate FD-515s are submitted for each of the aforementioned accomplishments, the "Informant Information" block must be rated on each FD-515 even if it was the same information that contributed to all the accomplishments.)

CE0009 1231855Z

RR HQ

DE CE

R 0318500Z MAY 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT
3 MAY 83 1912Z
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

b6
b7C

ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS SUPERVISOR, [redacted], ATTENTION TECH. SERVICES, SECTION CHIEF JAY REAMES

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO FBIHQ, APRIL 22, 1983.

AS REPORTED IN REFERENCED TELETYPE, A FEDERAL GRAND JURY FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, INDICTED 9 DEFENDANTS FOR CONSPIRACY AND VIOLATIONS OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT. 44-81521-467

ON MAY 2, 1983, THE DEFENDANTS ENTERED PLEAS OF NOT GUILTY IN THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT, WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA. NO TRIAL DATE WAS SET UNTIL AFTER THE DEFENSE ATTORNEYS HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW THE INDICTMENTS; AND MORE THOROUGHLY CONFER WITH THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEYS RELATIVE TO DISCOV PROCEDURES.

16 JUN 2 1983

66 JUN 9 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/13/84 BY [signature]

IT IS GENERALLY BELIEVED THAT THE TRIAL OF THESE 9 DEFENDANTS WILL BEGIN SOME TIME IN AUGUST, 1983, AT WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, AND IT IS EXPECTED THE TRIAL WILL LAST FOR A PERIOD OF APPROXIMATELY 3 MONTHS. IT IS ESTIMATED THAT THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT WILL GIVE THE DEFENSE ATTORNEYS APPROXIMATELY 3 MONTHS; THAT IS THE MONTH OF MAY, JUNE AND JULY FOR DISCOVERY.

IN ORDER TO FACILITATE DISCOVERY, AND NOT FURTHER DELAY THE TRIAL, U.S. ATTORNEY FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, AND U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE TRIAL ATTORNEYS HAVE INFORMED THE DEFENSE ATTORNEYS THAT THEY WILL HAVE AN "OPEN FILE POLICY" WHICH WILL INCLUDE REVIEW OF ALL STATEMENTS, DOCUMENTS, AND PHYSICAL EVIDENCE IN THE CUSTODY OF THE U.S; WHICH WOULD INCLUDE REVIEW OF ALL TV FILMS AND SLOW MOTION COPIES OF THESE FILMS IN POSSESSION OF U.S. ATTORNEY.

CHARLOTTE DIVISION HAS BUT 1 TELEVISION SET WHICH IS BASED AT CHARLOTTE HEADQUARTERS AND IS USED FREQUENTLY BOTH FOR APPLICANT AND UC INVESTIGATIVE MATTERS CONDUCTED WITHIN THE DIVISION. THE CONSTANT SHARING OF THIS TV SET OVER THE PAST 14 MONTHS BETWEEN WINSTON SALEM AND CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA, AS NEEDED FOR FEDERAL GRAND JURY, WAS DIFFICULT, HOWEVER, DID WORK OUT SATISFACTORILY, AS

THE GRAND JURY ONLY SAT 2 TO 3 DAYS A WEEK; AND FOR 2 WEEKS AT A TIME.

NOW A TV SET WILL BE NEEDED DAILY AT WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, FOR DISCOVERY BY DEFENSE ATTORNEYS, TRIAL PREPARATION, AND DURING TRIAL OF THE DEFENDANTS OVER THE PERIOD OF THE NEXT 6 MONTHS.

FBIHQ TECHNICAL SERVICES IS REQUESTED TO AUTHORIZE THE TRANSFER OF A TV (COLOR) TO WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, FOR THE PERIOD OF THE NEXT 6 MONTHS.

AT THE TIME OF THE TRIAL, BECAUSE OF THE DESIGN OF THE JURY BOX IN USDC IN WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA. REGULAR COLOR TELEVISION SETS WOULD BE INADEQUATE FOR DISPLAY OF THE VISUAL EVIDENCE TO THE JURY. IN ORDER FOR A TV MONITOR TO BE OBSERVED, IT MUST BE ON A STAND WHICH WOULD BE APPROXIMATELY 4 1/2 FEET IN HEIGHT. TO ADEQUATELY SERVICE THE EXPECTED JURORS (16) AT LEAST 3 TELEVISION SETS WOULD BE NEEDED FOR THE JURY; ONE FOR THE PRESIDING JUDGE; ONE FOR THE DEFENSE ATTORNEYS; AND ONE FOR THE PROSECUTION.

THE USE OF A VCR-COLOR PROJECTOR AND SCREEN COULD BE USED IN PLACE OF THE NORMAL TELEVISION. WITH THIS SYSTEM,

ALL PARTIES COULD EASILY OBSERVE THE VIDEO EVIDENCE BEING PRESENTED AND WOULD PRECLUDE NECESSITY OF HAVING 6 TV MONITORS IN THE COURT ROOM.

IF FBIHQ TECHNICAL SERVICES HAS A VCR COLOR PROJECTOR AND SCREEN, IT IS REQUESTED TO BE MADE AVAILABLE AT WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, APPROXIMATELY AUGUST 1, 1983. IF SUCH A SYSTEM IS UNAVAILABLE, IT IS REQUESTED THAT FBIHQ AUTHORIZE THE RENTAL OF SUCH A SYSTEM BEGINNING AUGUST, 1983.

NUMEROUS TAPE RECORDED INTERVIEWS WILL PROBABLY BE PLAYED TO THE JURY; HOWEVER, THE USE OF SOUND EQUIPMENT AND JURY RIG WILL BE COORDINATED WITH THE SOUND MAN FROM THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION.

IN JUNE, 1982, FBIHQ TECHNICAL SERVICES WAS PROVIDED COPIES OF THE TV FILMS TO BE USED IN THIS TRIAL AND INDIVIDUAL FRAMES WERE PHOTOGRAPHED. BECAUSE OF THE POOR QUALITY OF THESE PHOTOGRAPHS, ADDITIONAL WORK WILL BE NEEDED BEFORE THESE PHOTOGRAPHS ARE SATISFACTORY ENOUGH TO BE PRESENTED TO USDC.

THE ABOVE MATTERS HAVE BEEN DISCUSSED WITH FBIHQ-CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

AND IT WAS SUGGESTED THAT CASE AGENT TRAVEL TO WASHINGTON, D. C., DURING THE WEEK OF MAY 9, 1983, TO MEET WITH TECH. SERVICES PERSONNEL AND OTHER LAB PERSONNEL REQUIRED FOR TESTIMONY IN THE GREENKIL PROSECUTION AT WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT USDJ ATTORNEYS WHO WILL BE PROSECUTING THIS CASE ALSO MEET WITH FBI LAB AND TECH SERVICES PERSONNEL TO GO OVER THE REQUIREMENTS THAT THEY FORESEE DURING PRESENTATION OF EVIDENCE.

ARRANGEMENTS WILL BE MADE WITH USDJ ATTORNEYS, AND FBIHQ PERSONNEL FOR A CONFERENCE CONDUCTED DURING THE WEEK OF MAY 9, 1983, AT FBIHQ.

BT

Tech. Svc. Div.

1C

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/15/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: FBI LABORATORY
ELEMENTAL COMPOSITION SECTION
SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

30621002s RF

GREENKIL
(00: CHARLOTTE)

Being forwarded to the FBI Laboratory, Elemental Composition Section, under separate cover, are six Remington Peters #4 buckshot shells previously submitted as Exhibits Q1056; Q1057; Q1059; Q1060; Q1061 and Q1062.

FBI Laboratory is requested to conduct elemental composition analysis of the shotgun pellets to assist in identifying the named manufacturer, and the elemental composition of these rounds as they compare with previously submitted shotgun ammunition forwarded in captioned investigation.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY sp2 tpc

Copy and Specimens retained in Lab for Lab Action Report

44-81521-468

2 - Bureau
1 - Package
2 - Charlotte
TJB:jat
(5)

JUN 23 1983

INDEX ECC

Approved _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
XX Airtel

PRECEDENCE:
☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/27/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)
Attn: Fugitive/General Government Crimes Unit, CID

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

GREENKIL; NR
ROY CLINTON TONEY -
FUGITIVE (A);
ET AL
CR
CO: Charlotte

FUGITIVE INDEX TOK

Re Bureau airtel to Charlotte 5/24/83, which indicated check of NCIC disclosed no FBI entry for captioned subject.

For information Bureau, ROY C. TONEY was entered in NCIC on 4/22/83, located in Columbia Division 4/22/83, and cleared by Charlotte 4/22/83.

2 - Bureau
2 - Charlotte

44-81521-469

HPB:jnr
(4)

9 MAY 31 1983

FUG. SUP.

SLW

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TP/cs

Approved: P/lspb Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

54 JUN 30 1983

FD-515 (Rev. 12-15-80)

ACCOMPLISHMENT REPORT

(Submit within 30 days from date of accomplishment)

Date 5/4/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, COLUMBIA

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CR (A)
OO: CHARLOTTE

44-81521	Bureau File Number
44A-2149	Field Office File Number
4560	Squad or RA Number

Investigative Assistance or Techniques Used

Were any of the investigative assistance or techniques listed below used in connection with accomplishment being claimed? ☐ No ☒ Yes - If Yes, rate each used as follows: XX

1 = Used, but did not help
2 = Helped, but only minimally
3 = Helped, substantially
4 = Absolutely essential

1. Acctg Tech Assistance		6. ELSUR - Title III		11. Lab Div Field Support		16. Surveil. Sqd Asst	
2. Aircraft Assistance		7. Hypnosis Assistance		12. Pen Registers		17. SWAT Team Action	
3. Computer Assistance		8. Ident Div Assistance		13. Photographic Coverage		18. Telephone T Records	
4. Consensual Monitoring		9. Informant Information		14. Polygraph Assistance		19. Undercover Operation	
5. ELSUR - FISC		10. Lab Div Exams		15. Show Money Usage		20. Visual Invest Analysis (VIA	

b2
b7E

A. Preliminary Judicial Process (Number of subjects)

Complaints	Informations	Indictments

B. Arrests, Locates & Summonses (Number of subjects)

	Subject Priority (See Reverse) A	B	C
FBI Arrests -	1		
FBI Locates -			

Criminal Summons _____

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Physically Resisted _____

Number of Subjects of FBI Arrests Who Were Armed _____

C. Release of Hostages: (Number of Hostages Released)

Hostages Held By Terrorists _____; All Other Hostage Situations _____

D. Recoveries, Restitutions, Court Ordered Forfeitures or Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP)

Property or PELP Type Code *	Recoveries	Restitutions	Court Ordered Forfeitures	Potential Economic Loss Prevented
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$
	$	$	$	$

E. Civil Matters

	Government Defendant	Government Plaintiff
Amount of Suit	$	$
Settlement or Award	$	$ Enter AFA Payment Here

F. Final Judicial Process: Judicial District _____ (District) _____ (State)

(Use two letter state abbreviations per U.S. Post Office Guide. For Example - The Northern District of Texas as ND TX; The District of Maine as ME in the state field only.)

Subject 1 - Name - **Subject's Description Code * -**

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

Subject 2 - Name - **Subject's Description Code * -**

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

Subject 3 - Name - **Subject's Description Code * -**

☐ Pretrial Diversion ☐ Dismissal ☐ Acquittal

- Convictions - Enter conviction and sentence data in space at right. If more than four sections are involved, limit to the four most relevant.

☐ Felony ☐ Misdemeanor ☐ Plea ☐ Trial

Conviction Title	Section	Counts	In-Jail Term Yrs	Mos	Suspended Yrs	Mos	Probation Yrs	Mos	Fine
									$
									$
									$
									$

44-81521-470

13 MAY 10 1983

Attach additional forms if reporting final judicial process on more than three subjects.

Remarks:

64 JUL 1983 Subject ROY CLINTON TONEY, arrested by FBI at Anderson County, S. C., 4/22/83 on bench warrant issued by USDC, Middle District of North Carolina. Subject in fugitive status.

2 - Bureau
2 - Field Office

(1 - 44A-2149) (1 - 66-2 Sub B)

* See codes on reverse side. Subject description codes in Section F are required only when reporting a conviction.

THREE

FBI/DOJ

TJD:jcc

Property Type Codes *

Code No	Description
1	Cash (U.S. and foreign currency)
2	Stock, Bonds or Negotiable Instruments (checks, travelers checks, money orders, certificates of deposit, etc)
3	General Retail Merchandise (clothing, food, liquor, cigarettes, TVs, etc)
4	Vehicles (autos, trucks, tractors, trailers, campers, motorcycles, etc)
5	Heavy Machinery & Equipment (heavy equipment, computers, etc)
6	Bulk Materials (grain, fuel, raw materials, metals, wire, etc)
7	Jewelry (including unset precious and semiprecious stones)
8	Precious Metals (gold, silver, silverware, platinum, etc)
9	Art, Antiques or Rare Collections
10	Dangerous Drugs
11	Weapons or Explosives
12	Businesses or Assets Forfeited
20	All Other Recoveries (not falling in any category above)

Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP) Type Codes *

JUN 14 1983

Code No	Description
21	Blank Negotiable Instruments or Tickets
22	Counterfeit Stocks, Bonds, Currency or Negotiable Instruments
23	Counterfeit or Pirated Sound Recordings or Motion Pictures
24	Bank Theft Scheme Aborted
25	Ransom, Extortion or Bribe Demand Aborted
26	Theft From, or Fraud Against, Government Scheme Aborted
27	Commercial or Industrial Theft Scheme Aborted
30	All Other Potential Economic Loss Prevented (not falling in any category above)

*The case file must contain an explanation of the computation of the recovery value or loss prevented. An explanation airtel must accompany this report if the recovery is $1 million or more, or if the PELP is $5 million or more.

Subject Description Codes *
- Enter Description Code Only When Reporting a Conviction -

Organized Crime Subjects:
- 1A Boss, Underboss or Consigliere
- 1B Capodecina or Soldier
- 1C Possible LCN Member or Associate
- 1D OC Subject Other Than LCN

Known Criminals (Other Than OC Members):
- 2A Top Ten or I.O. Fugitive
- 2B Top Thief
- 2C Top Con Man

Foreign Nationals:
- 3A Legal Alien
- 3B Illegal Alien
- 3C Foreign Official Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3D U.N. Employee Without Diplomatic Immunity
- 3E Foreign Students
- 3F All Others

Terrorists:
- 4A Known Member of a Terrorist Organization
- 4B Possible Terrorist Member or Sympathizer

Union Members:
- 5A International or National Officer
- 5B Local Officer
- 5C Union Employee

Government Official Or Employees:
- 6A Federal - Elected Official
- 6B Federal - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6C Federal - All Other
- 6D State - Elected Official
- 6E State - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6F State - All Other
- 6G Local - Elected Official
- 6H Local - Nonelected Executive Level
- 6J Local - All Other

Bank Officers Or Employees:
- 7A Bank Officer
- 7B Bank Employee

All Others:
- 8A All Other Subjects (not fitting above categories)

*If a subject can be classified in more than one of the categories, select the most appropriate in the circumstance.

Instructions

Subject Priorities for FBI Arrest or Locates:
- A - Subject wanted for crimes of violence (i.e. murder, manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault) or convicted of such crimes in the past five years.
- B - Subjects wanted for crimes involving the loss or destruction of property valued in excess of $25,000 or convicted of such crimes in the past five years.
- C - All others

Claiming Convictions Other Than Federal:
It is permissible to claim a local (state, county or local) conviction if the FBI's investigation significantly contributed to the successful local prosecution. A succinct narrative setting forth the basis for claiming a local conviction must accompany this report. When claiming a conviction other than Federal, enter the word "LOCAL" in the "Conviction-Section" block, disregard the number of conviction counts, but enter the sentence in the appropriate blocks. Enter "LF" in the "In-Jail" block for all life sentences and "CP" for all capital punishment sentences.

Reporting Convictions:
Convictions should not be reported until the sentence has been issued. There are two exceptions to this rule. The conviction information can be submitted by itself if:
1. The subject becomes a fugitive after conviction but prior to sentencing.
2. The subject dies after conviction but prior to sentencing.

An explanation is required in the Remarks section for either of the above exceptions.

Rule 20 Situations:
The field office that obtained the process (normally the office of origin) is the office that should claim the conviction, **not** the office where the subject enters the plea in cases involving Rule 20 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedures.

Investigative Assistance or Techniques (IA/Ts) Used:
-Since more than one IA/T could have contributed to the accomplishment, each IA/T must be rated.
-The IA/T used must be rated **each time** an accomplishment is claimed. (For example - if informant information was the basis for a complaint, an arrest, a recovery and a conviction and if separate FD-515s are submitted for each of the aforementioned accomplishments, the "Informant Information" block must be rated on each FD-515 even if it was the same information that contributed to all the accomplishments.)

CE0006 143Z

OO HQ

DE CE

O 232057Z MAY 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) ~~IMMEDIATE~~

BT

UNCLAS

RECEIVED
UNIT
23 MAY 83 21 10Z
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm
Exec. AD-Inv.
Asst. Dir.
Adm. Serv.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Insp.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

b6 PER FBI
b7C

ATTENTION SUPERVISOR [redacted], CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT, CID,

ATTENTION SUPERVISOR [redacted], FOIPA SECTION, RECORDS MANAGEMENT

DIVISION, ATTENTION LEGAL COUNSEL DIVISION, CIVIL LITIGATION UNIT

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE

RE CHARLOTTE TELCAL TO FBIHQ, MAY 23, 1983.

USA, MIDELE DISTRICT NORTH CAROLINA (MDNC) AND ATTORNEYS

b3 PER FBI

FROM DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION, ARE PRESENTLY

[redacted]

[redacted]

b6 PER FBI
b7C

ON [redacted] [redacted] AND [redacted] MADE ENTRY INTO THE FEDERAL GRAND

JURY (FGJ) ROOM HEARING EVIDENCE ON CAPTIONED MATTER AND ATTEMPTED TO

DEPOSIT WITH THE GRAND JURORS VARIOUS DOCUMENTS AND STATEMENTS FROM THE

COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP) REGARDING ALLEGATIONS AGAINST FEDERAL

OFFICIALS.

44-81521-477

17 JUN 7 1983

64 JUN 30 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/cs

[redacted]

4-Seattle

ONE OF THE STATEMENTS BEING FURNISHED TO THE GRAND JURY CONTAINED [redacted] b3 PER FBI

[redacted] SA [redacted] HAS BEEN INTERVIEWED AND HAS NO RECOLLECTION OF ANY SUCH PHONE CALL FROM [redacted]. CHARLOTTE FILES SUBSTANTIATE INVESTIGATIVE LEADS COVERED IN CASE CAPTIONED "ICANBOM", (CE FILE 174-780, BUFILE 174-8375). [redacted] WAS A SUSPECT IN THIS 1979 INVESTIGATION (OO: NEW YORK) WHERE LETTER BOMBS WERE SENT THROUGH THE MAIL BY THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE AGAINST NAZISM (ICAN). b6 PER FBI b7C

DOCUMENT BEING FURNISHED TO GRAND JURORS BY [redacted] AND [redacted] b3 PER FBI

[redacted]

CHARLOTTE DIVISION IS NOT IN RECEIPT OF ANY INFORMATION WHICH MAY HAVE BEEN FURNISHED TO [redacted] THROUGH FOIPA. CHARLOTTE REQUESTS THAT FOIPA REVIEW ANY INFORMATION FURNISHED [redacted] AND ADVISE CHARLOTTE AS TO

b6 PER FBI
b7C

THE CONTENTS OF RELEASE. ADDITIONALLY, IT IS REQUESTED THAT THE RELEASE BE REVIEWED FOR INFORMATION WHICH COULD BE INTERPRETED AS SUPPORTING THE ALLEGATIONS OF [redacted] AND [redacted].

b6 PER FBI
b7C

ANOTHER DOCUMENT FURNISHED BY [redacted] TO THE GRAND JURY WAS

[redacted]

Referral/Consult

[redacted] b6 PER FBI b7C

Referral/Consult

THE CWP SUIT AGAINST THE FBI AND OTHER AGENTS IS "WALLER ET AL VS. BUKOVICH, ET AL, CIVIL CASE #80-605-G". (CE FILE 197-42). THE TITLE FOR LITIGATION FILED FOR A SPECIAL PROSECUTOR IS UNKNOWN TO CHARLOTTE DIVISION.

LEGAL COUNSEL IS REQUESTED TO MAKE A DETERMINATION THROUGH USDJ ATTORNEYS HAVING REFERENCED CIVIL LITIGATIONS IN USDC, MDNC, AND USDC, DC AS TO WHETHER AN INTERNAL MEMORANDUM OF BATF MAY HAVE BEEN FURNISHED TO CWP ATTORNEYS.

THIS INVESTIGATION IS BEING COORDINATED BY CIVIL RIGHTS SUPERVISOR [redacted] AND IS REQUESTED THAT ANY INFORMATION DEVELOPED CONCERNING THIS MATTER BE FURNISHED TO HIM FOR IMMEDIATE DISSEMINATION TO THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION. USDJ ATTORNEYS CURRENTLY

b6 PER FBI b7C

PAGE FIVE CE 44A-3527 UNCLAS

IN MDNC REQUESTED AN IMMEDIATE RESPONSE TO ABOVE AS MATTERS WILL

BE PRESENTED TO FGJ.

BT

(1)

0- Div 6 + Div 4 + Div 9

cc Div 4

cc Div 9

AIRTEL

b6
b7C

5/25/83

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - FOF

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory Departmental Letter dated May 18, 1983 along with two copies of its enclosures.

Charlotte forward necessary videotapes and film to FBIHQ, attention: Technical Services Division.

Furnish appropriate identifying data to Identification Division.

Enclosures (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TKR/cw

MAILED 3
MAY 26 1983
FBI

EEH:dal (4)

44-81521-473

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

MAIL ROOM

17 MAY 27 1983

Memorandum

Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Intell. ___
Laboratory ___
Legal Coun. ___
Plan. & Insp. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Public Affs. Off. ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

To : Assistant Director
Criminal Investigative Division

Date 5/26/83

From : Legal Counsel

Subject : GREENKIL

PURPOSE: To respond to a request for information regarding discovery in civil suits related to the captioned investigation.

SYNOPSIS AND DETAILS: By teletype dated 5/13/83, captioned as above, the Charlotte Field Office requested that Legal Counsel determine from the the appropriate Departmental officials whether an internal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF) memorandum had been furnished to attorneys for the Communist Workers Party (CWP) in the course of two civil actions relating to the captioned investigation.

On 5/25/83, [redacted], Torts Branch, Civil Division, advised that no discovery has taken place in the matter of James Waller, et al, v. Bernard Butkovich, et al., (U.S.D.C., M.D.N.C.), Civil Action No. 80-605-G, and that no documents have been released by the Government in that case. In addition, Mr. [redacted] contacted Ms. [redacted], Federal Programs Branch, Civil Division, who is handling the matter of Martha Nathan, et al. v. William French Smith, et al., (U.S.D.C., D.C.), Civil Action No. 82-2716. Mr. [redacted] stated that Ms. [redacted] had advised that no discovery has as yet occurred in the Nathan case.

b6
b7C

RECOMMENDATION: That CID provide this information to the Charlotte Field Office.

APPROVED:

Director ___
Exec. AD-Adm. ___
Exec. AD-Inv. ___
Exec. AD-LES ___

Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Inspection ___
Intell. ___

Laboratory ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___

44-81521-4734 JUL 1983

1 - Mr. [redacted]
Attn: Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr. [redacted]

TAK:klb (4)

Info provided to CE Telephonically 5/26/83 #

6C JUL 1 1983

LEGAL

FBI/DOJ

CE0008 1572058Z

PP HQ DN LA

DE CE

P 062020Z JUN 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) PRIORITY

DENVER (157-2015) PRIORITY

LOS ANGELES PRIORITY.

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS. OO: CHARLOTTE.

RECEIVED
FBI MAIL ROOM UNIT
6 JUN 83 21 10Z
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

RECEIVED
FBI MAIL ROOM UNIT
6 JUN 83 21 10Z
FBI - CHARLOTTE
OF

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TP/ca

b6
b7C

Civil Rights
Spec Inq Sect

ON APRIL 19, 1983, [redacted] FOR THE GREENSBORO CIVIL RIGHTS FUND, AND [redacted] FOR THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP), HELD A PRESS CONFERENCE IN GREENSBORO, N. C., AND MADE ALLEGATIONS THAT THE FBI AT RALEIGH, N. C., HAD PRIOR KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACT THAT THE KLAN AND NAZIS IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA PLANNED TO ATTACKK THE WORKERS VIEW POINT ORGANIZATION AKA. CWP AND DEMONSTRATORS ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. THEY ARGUED THAT THIS WAS "CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE" THAT THE FBI WAS INVOLVED AND KNEW OF THE VIOLENCE WHICH WAS TO OCCUR ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

44-81521-474

16 JUN 8 1983

THEY SUPPORTED THEIR ALLEGATIONS BY ADVISING THE NEWS MEDIA

54 JUL 5 1983

[redacted]

THAT THEY HAD A FOUR-PAGE STATEMENT RECEIVED FROM A [redacted] A MEMBER OF THE JEWISH DEFENSE ORGANIZATION. ACCORDING TO THAT STATEMENT, [redacted] ALLEGED HE SPOKE WITH AN FBI AGENT BY THE NAME OF [redacted] ON NOVEMBER 2, 1979, AT RALEIGH, N. C. [redacted] ALLEGED HE CALLED FROM THE STATE OF KANSAS AND WARNED [redacted] THAT THE NAZI GROUP IN NORTH CAROLINA, TO INCLUDE [redacted] WAS PLANNING THE MURDERS OF THE DEMONSTRATORS ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. b6 b7C

INVESTIGATION AT THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION AND AT FBIHQ-FOIPA SECTION HAS DETERMINED THAT ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, AN ANONYMOUS CALLER IDENTIFIED HIMSELF ONLY AS [redacted] HAD TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED THE RALEIGH RA, CHARLOTTE DIVISION REGARDING THE DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, AKA. CWP FOR NOVEMBER 11, 1979. THIS DEMONSTRATION WAS THE FUNERAL MARCH TO BE HELD FOR THE FIVE CWP DEMONSTRATORS WHO WERE KILLED ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979.

CALLER ADVISED SA [redacted], RALEIGH RA, THAT HE HAD RECEIVED INFORMATION KLAN UNITS, AT READING, PA., WERE TRAVELING TO GREENSBORO, N. C., TO PARTICIPATE IN THE ANTI-COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATION ON NOVEMBER 11, 1979.

DENVER, BY TELETYPE ON NOVEMBER 9, 1979, ADVISED THAT A RECENT SOURCE OF THE DENVER DIVISION, WITH WHOM ONLY RECENT CONTACT HAS BEEN MADE, BUT WHOM TO DATE HAD FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION, ADVISED FBI DENVER ON NOVEMBER 9, 1979, THAT A [redacted], HAD MADE STATEMENTS TO OTHER KLAN MEMBERS THAT HE AND MEMBERS OF THE KLAN WOULD TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO, N. C., ON NOVEMBER 10, 1979, IN ORDER TO COUNTER DEMONSTRATE AGAINST THE PLANNED COMMUNIST FUNERAL MARCH.

b6
b7C

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN DENVER TELETYPE SEEMS TO BE SIMILAR TO THE INFORMATION WHICH WAS TELEPHONICALLY FURNISHED TO THE RALEIGH RA ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, BY [redacted]

IN [redacted] APRIL 19, 1983, PRESS RELEASE AND THE STATEMENTT WHICH HE PREPARED FOR THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY (FGJ), HE ALLEGED THAT [redacted] HAD RECEIVED, UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT, DOCUMENTS FROM FBIHQ WHICH WOULD SUBSTANTIATE HIS ALLEGATIONS THAT HE SPOKE WITH AGENT [redacted] ON NOVEMBER 2, 1979, AND WARNED OF THE NAZI'S PLAN TO KILL DEMONSTRATORS ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. NO SUCH STATEMENT WAS FURNISHED TO THE PRESS NOR TO THE GRAND JURY BY [redacted].

LOS ANGELES DIVISION IS REQUESTED TO INTERVIEW

[redacted] IN CARE OF THE JEWISH DEFENSE ORGANIZATION, [redacted] CALIF., TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted], RELATIVE TO THE INFORMATION HE FURNISHED [redacted] OF THE GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND AND [redacted] OF THE CWP.

[redacted] SHOULD NOT BE MADE AWARE THAT THE CHARLOTTE FILES IDENTIFIED HIS PHONE CALL TO THE RALEIGH RA AS BEING ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, AND NOT NOVEMBER 2; NOR SHOULD HE BE MADE AWARE THAT [redacted] MAY BE IDENTICAL WITH THE SOURCE OF THE DENVER DIVISION WHO ADVISED THEM OF SIMILAR INFORMATION ON NOVEMBER 9, 1979. [redacted] SHOULD ONLY BE INTERVIEWED AS TO HIS ALLEGED PHONE CALL TO THE RALEIGH RA; OBTAIN COPIES OF ANY STATEMENTS WHICH HE FURNISHED THE GREENSBORO CIVIL RIGHTS FUND; AND OBTAIN COPIES OF ANY INFORMATION HE HAS RECEIVED FROM THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT FROM FBIHQ, WASHINGTON, D. C., WHICH ARE PERTINENT TO ALLEGATIONS BEING MADE.

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[redacted] IS NOT TO BE TOLD OF INVESTIGATION WHICH DISCREDITS HIS PREVIOUS STATEMENTS FURNISHED TO THE GREENSBORO CIVIL RIGHTS FUND.

DENVER IS REQUESTED TO FURNISH THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION

BACKGROUND INFORMATION RELATIVE TO THE UNIDENTIFIED SOURCE WHO ADVISED THEM ON NOVEMBER 9, 1979, OF THE KLAN UNITS FROM READING, PA., TRAVELING TO GREENSBORO, N. C., TO COUNTER DEMONSTRATE THE COMMUNIST FUNERAL MARCH.

AFTER COMPLETION OF THE ABOVE INVESTIGATION, THIS MATTER WILL BE FURNISHED TO THE U. S. ATTORNEY, MD NC. A DECISION WILL BE MADE WHETHER OR NOT THE AFFIDAVITS PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED BY [redacted] AND [redacted] CONSTITUTE PERJURY OR FURNISHING FALSE STATEMENTS TO THE FGJ. [redacted]

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FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS. OO: CHARLOTTE.

THIS IS TO ADVISE THAT ALL NECESSARY VIDEO EQUIPMENT REQUESTED IN CAPTIONED MATTER HAS BEEN RECEIVED AND COMMENCING JUNE 27, 1983, WILL BE TOTALLY AVAILABLE TO DEFENSE ATTORNEYS KEEPING WITHIN PROPER DISCLOSURE GUIDELINES.

BT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
23 JUN 83 07 Z

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Exec AD-Inv.
Exec AD-LES
Asst Dir.
Adm. Serv.
Ckm Inv.
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Tech. Servs.
Training

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY sp2 Taplin

44-81521-475

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6-22-83

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FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

ATTENTION IDENTIFICATION DIVISION AND SA [redacted] CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS. OO: CHARLOTTE.

RE BUREAU AIRTEL TO CHARLOTTE, MAY 25, 1983.

FOR INFORMATION OF THE IDENTIFICATION DIVISION, REFERENCED AIRTEL ENCLOSED A DEPARTMENTAL LETTER, DATED MAY 18, 1983, WHICH ENCLOSED A LIST OF ALL DEFENDANTS AND ALL WITNESSES IN CAPTIONED MATTER. THE DEPARTMENT REQUESTED IT BE FURNISHED A CRIMINAL RECORD OF EACH OF THE LISTED INDIVDUALS. 44-81521-476

A REVIEW OF CHARLOTTE INDICES IN CHARLOTTE FILE 44A-3527 ENTITLED "GREENKIL," REVEALED THE FOLLOWING AVAILABLE DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION OF THE LISTED INDIVIDUALS:

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

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FBI/DOJ
FBI BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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[redacted]

18 JUL 1 1983

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Apsweer forwarded to SA [redacted] Div-6. 6-22-83 ed

86 JUL 7 1983

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PAGE TWO CE 44A-3527 UNCLAS

(1) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION [redacted] AVAILABLE.

(2) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] COUNTY, N. C.

(3) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] COUNTY, N. C., SSAN [redacted]

(4) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(5) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted]

(6) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] SSAN [redacted].

(7) [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted]

(8) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] NEW YORK, N. Y. [redacted] P3

(9) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(10) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(11) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(12) [redacted] MALE. [redacted]

(13) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted]

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PAGE THREE CE 44A-3527 UNCLAS

(14) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted], SSAN [redacted]

(15) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(16) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(17) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] S. C., SSAN [redacted]

(18) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(19) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(20) RAEFORD MILANO CRUDLE, WHITE MALE, BORN SEPTEMBER 9, 1942, SSAN 238-66-7921, FBI NO. 96454. 96-454-E

(21) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(22) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(23) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted]

(24) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] N. C.

(25) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN IN [redacted]

(26) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted]

(27) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(28) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(29) EDDIE DAWSON, WHITE MALE, BORN MARCH 16, 1918.

(30) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] BORN [redacted] N. C., SSAN [redacted].

(31) BRENT M. FLETCHER, AKA. BRENT, WHITE MALE, BORN MAY 25, 1946, SURRY COUNTY, N. C., SSAN 241-72-0675, FBI NO. 747-835G.

(32) HAROLD DEAN FLOWERS, AKA. HAROLD, WHITE MALE, BORN DECEMBER 25, 1945, CATAWBA COUNTY, N. C., SSAN 238-74-2539.

(33) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted], SSAN [redacted].

(34) BILLY JOE FRANKLIN, WHITE MALE, BORN AUGUST 3, 1946.

(35) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(36) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(37) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] N. C.

(38) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(39) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted], SSAN [redacted].

(40) [redacted] WHITE MALE, BORN [redacted] S. C.

(41) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(42) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVA-LABLE.

(43) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(44) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] N. C., SSAN [redacted]

(45) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] N. C.

(46) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted], SSAN [redacted]

(47) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] N. C.

(48) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(49) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(50) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] COUNTY, N. C.

(51) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN

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PA E SIX CE 44A-3527 UNCLAS

[redacted]

(52) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE. 1 DRAWER

(53) [redacted], BORN [redacted] VA., SSAN [redacted]

(54) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] NEGRO MALE, BORN [redacted] COUNTY, N. C. USAF SERIAL NUMBER [redacted]

(55) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE. 30 TRIES

(56) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE. 30 TRIES

(57) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] N. C., SSAN [redacted]

(58) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] BORN [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(59) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(60) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted], MD. [redacted] COUNTY, N. C.

(61) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted], MD [redacted]

(62) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] N. C.

CF 6-22-83

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(63) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(64) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted] S. C., [redacted]

(65) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted] N. C., SSAN [redacted].

(66) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(67) [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted]

(68) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] COUNTY, N. C.

(69) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(70) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(71) LISFORD CARL NAPPIER, SR., AKA. CARL, WHITE MALE, BORN NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

(72) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(73) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, AGE [redacted]

(74) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted], SSAN [redacted].

(75) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

CI 6-22-83

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(76) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(77) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE. 50 TRIES

(78) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] DOB [redacted] [redacted] N. C., SSAN [redacted]

(79) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(80) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted], [redacted] N. C., SSAN [redacted]

(81) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted]

(82) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted] COUNTY, NM C.

(83) [redacted], NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(84) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(85) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE. 7 TRIES

(86) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] COUNTY, [redacted] N. C., [redacted]

(87) [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(88) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] [redacted] [redacted]

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CI 6/22

3-134-693 2 TRIES 579-085-C

89 [redacted] MALE.

90 [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] COUNTY, NM C., SSAN [redacted]

91 [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

92 [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted] N. C., SSAN [redacted]

93 [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

94 [redacted] AKA. [redacted] DOB [redacted] COUNTY, N. C.

95 ROY CLINTON TONEY, AKA. ROY, WHITE MALE, BORN JUNE 23, 194UM 478-230-V6

96 [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

97 [redacted] AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted],

98 [redacted] AKA. [redacted] FEMALE, BORN. [redacted] COUNTY, VA.

99 [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

100 [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

101 [redacted] FEMALE, BORN [redacted] SSAN [redacted]

102 [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

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6-22-83

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(103) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(104) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(105) [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

(106) [redacted], AKA. [redacted] MALE, BORN [redacted]

[redacted] SSAN [redacted]

(107) ROLAND WAYNE WOOD, WHITE MALE, BORN FEBRUARY 2, 1945, WINSTON-SA EM, N. C., SSAN 243-70-5293, FBI NO. 767906D. 767-906-D

(108) [redacted] AKA. [redacted] NO DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION AVAILABLE.

THE IDENTIFICATION DIVISION IS REQUESTED TO SEARCH THE ABOVE NAMES AND ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY AND FURNISH A COPY OF IDENTIFICATION RECORDS OF THESE INDIVIDUALS TO CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT, ATTENTION SA [redacted]

BI

1 2

O — Ident Div — Crim Inv Div

CC — Crim Inv Div

LA0694 1792024Z

PP HQ CE

DE LA ØØ7

P 282Ø24Z JUNE 83

FM LOS ANGELES (44-3786)(C-2)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521)(PRIORITY)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS, OO: CHARLOTTE

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE, DATED JUNE 18, 1983, AND CHARLOTTE TELEPHONE CALL TO LOS ANGELES, DATED JUNE 28, 1983.

[redacted] IS SCHEDULED TO APPEAR IN LOCAL COURT IN LOS ANGELES ON JUNE 3Ø, 1983, JULY 22, 1983 AND AUGUST 15, 1983.

ON JUNE 27, 1983, ATTORNEY [redacted] HAS NOTIFIED LOS ANGELES THAT [redacted] WILL CONSENT TO INTERVIEW ON JULY 1, 1983, IN LOS ANGELES.

44-81521-477

LOS ANGELES WILL INTERVIEW [redacted] AND PROMPTLY REPORT THE RESULTS TO CHARLOTTE AND THE BUREAU.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/cw

12 JUN 29 1983

64 JUL 11 1983

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
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Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
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Director's Sec'y

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FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

DENVER IMMEDIATE

LOS ANGELES IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

REVERSE TELETYPE UNIT

8 JUN 83 23 35Z

OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
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Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory

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Civil Rights Unit
Spec Inq Seat

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS. OO: CHARLOTTE.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO FBIHQ, LOS ANGELES, AND DENVER, JUNE 6, 1983.

TELEPHONE CONFERENCE WITH CHIEF OF THE CRIMINAL SECTION, CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, AND FBI HEADQUARTERS, THIS DATE, HAS DETERMINED THAT INFORMATION REGARDING [redacted] AS SET FORTH IN REFERENCED TELETYPE IS ESSENTIAL FOR EVALUATION IMMEDIATELY; AND IT IS REQUESTED THAT DENVER AND LOS ANGELES CONDUCT THE REQUESTED INVESTIGATION AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE AND SUTEL RESULTS TO FBI HEADQUARTERS AND CHARLOTTE.

44-81521-478

IF MR. [redacted] IS RELUCTANT TO FURNISH THE FOI MATERIAL WHICH HE HAS ALLEGEDLY RECEIVED FROM FBIHQ, APPROPRIATE SUBPOENAS WILL

JUN 14 1983

64 JUL 12 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/ca

BE TELECOPIED TO LOS ANGELES FOR SERVICE UPON MR. [redacted]

[redacted] BEFORE A FEDERAL GRAND

JURY ON [redacted]

BT

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448 (Rev. 9-16-76)

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT
25 MAY 83 1352Z
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

Transmit attached by Facsimile - UNCLAS Precedence: IMMEDIATE

To: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

Subject: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
CO: CHARLOTTE

Date: 5/25/83

Time: Transmitted -

Initials -

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
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Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Director's Secy

[ ] Fingerprint Photo [ ] Fingerprint Record [ ] Map [ ] Newspaper clipping [ ] Photograph

[ ] Artist's Conception [X] Other Charlotte teletype to Bureau 11/8/79 captioned "DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), aka Communist Workers Party of North Carolina, Greensboro, N.C. NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST."

Special handling instructions:
HAND CARRY TO SUPERVISOR
CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT.

Approved: _____

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 Tepler

44-81521-479

1 JUN 16 1983

ENCLOSURE

66 JUL 13 1983

Initialed:
By _____ Time 1354

FD-46 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [X] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [ ] _____

118995

PRECEDENCE:
- [ ] Immediate
- [X] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [X] UNCLAS

Date November 8, 1979

FM CHARLOTTE (157-10168) (P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY - 1304

PHILADELPHIA PRIORITY - 1459

NEW YORK PRIORITY - 1153

BT

UNCLAS

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), AKA. COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, N. C., NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, AN ANONYMOUS CALLER IDENTIFIED ONLY AS [redacted] TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED THE RALEIGH RA REGARDING CAPTIONED MATTER. THE CALLER WAS SUBSEQUENTLY IDENTIFIED AS [redacted] (PHONETIC), CURRENTLY UNDER INVESTIGATION BY NEW YORK OFFICE FOR HARRASSING TELEPHONE CALLS. CALLER STATED THAT HE HAD INFORMATION THAT THE KLAN HAD A PLANNED RALLY SCHEDULED FOR NOVEMBER 9, 1979, AT READING, PENNSYLVANIA, WHICH RALLY HAS

JJR:kmc

(1)

157-10168-8

SEARCHED ... INDEXED ... SERIALIZED ... FILED ...

44-81521-4

ENCLOSURE [redacted]

Sent VIA ENCODED TELETYPE

SENT VIA TELECOPIER 11-8-79

Approved: _____ Transmitted 014 Per _____

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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO CE 157-10168 UNCLAS

BEEN CANCELED IN FAVOR OF THE PARTICIPANTS TRAVELING TO GREENSBORO N. C., FOR CAPTIONED DEMONSTRATION.

LEADS, PHILADELPHIA AT READING, PENNSYLVANIA, ATTEMPT TO VERIFY THE ABOVE INFORMATION.

BT

[redacted]690 1690700Z

OO HQ

DE LA 007

O 17 0700Z JUNE 83

FM LOS ANGELES (44-3786) (C-2) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

CHARLOTT (44-3527) PRIORITY

DENVER (157-2015) (INFO) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS, OO: CHARLOTTE.

RE CHARLOTTE TELS DATED JUNE 6 AND JUNE 8; AND DENVER ARTEL DATED JUNE 7, 1983.

LOS ANGELES HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED TO INTERVIEW [redacted] [redacted] PER REFERENCED TELETYPES.

44-81521-480

LOS ANGELES HAS THUS FAR BEEN UNABLE TO LOCATE [redacted] FOR INTERVIEW. THE ADDRESS GIVEN FOR [redacted] AND THE JEWISH DEFENSE ORGANIZATION IS A MAILBOX. CALLS TO THE PHONE NUMBER GIVEN IN REFERENCED TELETYPES REACH ONLY A RECORDED ANNOUNCEMENT AND A MESSAGE MACHINE. [redacted] HAS FAILED TO RETURN ALL CALLS.

LOS ANGELES HAS BEEN CONTACTED BY [redacted], A LOS ANGELES ATTORNEY WHO SAID THAT HE REPRESENTS [redacted]

RECEIVED TELETYPE UNIT
18 JUN 83 07 1Cz
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
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Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
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Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secy

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TO JUN 21 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 DAP/cc

54 JUL 26 1983

SAID THAT [redacted] WOULD CONSENT TO BEING INTERVIEWED BY THE FBI ONLY IF THE INTERVIEW TAKES PLACE IN [redacted] OFFICE, [redacted] BE ALLOWED TO TAPE RECORD THE CONVERSATION, AND HE BE INTERVIEWED ONLY CONCERNING HIS SIGNED STATEMENT. THE BUREAU HAS APPROVED THESE CONDITIONS.

ON JUNE 16, 1983, [redacted] ADVISED LOS ANGELES THAT HE HAS BEEN UNABLE TO CONTACT [redacted] FOR SEVERAL DAYS TO SET UP THE INTERVIEW BUT WILL CONTINUE TRYING.

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IT IS NOTED THAT SA [redacted] LOS ANGELES, HAS ADVISED THAT [redacted] DUE N LOCAL COURT SOON ON THRE [redacted] [redacted] ALL THIS RESULTING FROM HIS ANTI-NAZI ACTIVITIES. [redacted] ALSO ADVISED THAT [redacted] CHANGES RESIDENCES FREQUENTLY.

LOS ANGELES WILL CONTINUE EFFORTS TO INTERVIEW [redacted] AND WILL PROMPTLY REPORT WHEN ACCOMPLISHED.

BT

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RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT
19 JUN 83 00 55Z
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
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Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secy
Civil Rights & Spec. Inq. Sect.

C EO001 1692247Z

RR HQ LA

DE CE

R 182102Z JUN 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) ROUTINE

LOS ANGELES (44-3786) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TK/lca

GREENKIL: CIVIL RIGHTS, OO: CHARLOTTE.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO CHARLOTTE DATED JUNE 17, 1983.

CHARLOTTE CASE AGENT SA [redacted] AND UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SENIOR TRIAL ATTORNEY [redacted] WASHINGTONN D. C. ARE EXPECTED TO ARRIVE IN LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA ON TUESDAY NIGHT JUNE 21, 1983 IN ORDER TO MEET WITH OFFICIALS OF A MOVIE STUDIO WHO WILL BE ATTEMPTING TO ENHANCE VIDEO FILM OBTAINED ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979 SHOWING THE SHOOTING INCIDENCE BETWEEN MEMBERS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, AND COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY.

44-81521-481

IN VIEW OF CASE AGENT TRAVEL TO LOS ANGELES, LOS ANGELES IS REQUESTED TO CONTACT ATTORNEY [redacted] AND ATTEMPT TO TO JUN 21 1983 ARRANGE AN INTERVIEW WITH MR. [redacted] AT MR. [redacted] OFFICE SOMETIME DURING THE PERIOD OF JUNE 21 THROUGH 23, 1983. AN INTERVIEW WILL BE CONDUCTED BY LOS ANGELES CASE AGENT, CHARLOTTE CASE AGENT AND USA D. J. ATTORNEY [redacted]

54 JUL 26 1983

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IF INTERVIEW CAN' T BE CONDUCTED AT THAT TIME, GREENSBORO CASE AGENT WILL MEET WITH LOS ANGELES CASE AGENT AT LOS ANGELES AND THOROUGHLY BRIEF HIM FOR ANY FUTHER INTERVIEW WITH WHICH WILL BE GRANTED BY MR. [redacted]

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LEADS:

LOS ANGELES AT LOS ANGELES WILL CONTACT [redacted] AND DETERMINE IF IT IS POSSIBLE FOR INTERVIEW TO BE CONDUCTED BETWEEN JUNE 21, 22 AND 23 1983.

BT

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/6/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Re Charlotte teletype to Bureau, 7/6/83.

Enclosed for the Bureau is one copy of a letter from b6
the Greensboro Civil Rights Litigation Fund to U.S. Attorney b7C
[redacted] dated 7/2/83, and one copy of a Communist Workers Party leaflet which is being passed out in Greensboro, N.C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/cw

44-81521-482

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

JUL 11 1983

(2) - Bureau (Encs. 2)
2 - Charlotte
TJB:jat
(4)

ENCLOSURE
ICRO/ICRU
070.B
7/13/83
EEHICK

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

57 JUL 26 1983

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

Enclosed is one copy of a letter from the Greensboro Civil Rights Litigation Fund to U.S. Attorney [redacted] dated 7/2/83, and one copy of a CWP leaflet which is being passed out in Greensboro, N.C. b6 b7C

GREENKIL
(00: CHARLOTTE)

34

ENCLOSURE

44-81521-482

DIRECTORS
ROBERT ALPERN
UNITARIAN UNIVERSALIST ASSOCIATION*
REV BEN CHAVIS
UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST*
WILLIAM J DAVIS, S J.
CHRISTIC INSTITUTE*
SUMI HARU
SCREEN ACTORS' GUILD*
MARTHA A NATHAN, M D.
GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND*
SARA NELSON
NATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR WOMEN LABOR TASK FORCE*
JACK NOVIK
AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION*
MARY JANE PATTERSON
UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH*
RABBI DAVID SAPERSTEIN
RELIGIOUS ACTION COMMISSION OF REFORM JUDAISM*
EDITH TIGER
NATIONAL EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE*

* Affiliation for Identification Purposes Only

GREENSBORO CIVIL RIGHTS LITIGATION FUND
1324 NORTH CAPITOL STREET, NW
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20002
[202] 797-8106

LEGAL COUNSEL
CHRISTIC INSTITUTE (COORDINATING COUNSEL)
ROB HAGER
LEWIS PITTS
DANIEL SHEEHAN
AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
SUSAN STURM
BAER, MARKS & UPHAM
EUGENE SCHEIMAN
KWOH & ONO
STEWART KWOH
TOM ONO
PEOPLE'S LAW OFFICE
DENNIS CUNNINGHAM
JOHN MOORE
FLYNT TAYLOR
STEUBENVILLE COMMITTEE FOR JUSTICE
JIM McNAMARA
THOMPSON & McALLASTER
CAROLYN McALLASTER
LEGAL ALLIANCE FOR GREENSBORO JUSTICE
GAYLE KOROTKIN

RECEIVED
JUL 5 1983
U.S. ATTORNEY
GREENSBORO, N.C.

July 2, 1983

[redacted]
United States Attorney
Middle District of North Carolina
Post Office Box 1858
Greensboro, North Carolina 27402

Re: [redacted]

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Dear Mr. [redacted],

As attorneys for the victims of the November 3, 1979 Greensboro Klan-Nazi murders, we call for the immediate termination of FBI Special Agent [redacted] as case agent in charge of the Justice Department's Klan-Nazi investigation and prosecution, and for his indictment for obstruction of justice in connection with one of the cases he handled in that role, that of [redacted]

First, termination of Agent [redacted] role as case agent is necessary because his background, ties to principal actors in the case, and prior conduct in the case made him unsuitable for the position in the first place, while his conduct in the position has confirmed his unsuitability:

a) Well before November 3, 1979, Agent [redacted] knew and had paid money (allegedly for work on his house) to [redacted] the FBI informant and paid Greensboro police informant who organized and lead the Klan to attack the anti-klan demonstrators on November 3, 1979;

b) According to recent court testimony, Agent [redacted] had worked closely for many years with Greensboro police detectives and intelligence officers, including those who were involved in supervising informants such as [redacted]

c) Agent [redacted] had been with the Greensboro FBI office for some ten years before November 3, 1979, including during the weeks immediately preceding November 3, 1979, when the FBI is known (through FOIA documents) to have been investigating the same WVO/CWP members who were killed November 3rd, and when the FBI was being warned by its sources in the Klan and Nazis that they planned to attack the anti-klan demonstrators on November 3rd;

d) On November 3, 1979, Agent [redacted] erased 20-30 minutes of the taped confession of Klansman [redacted] made that day following [redacted] arrest,

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during which [redacted] described his role that day and events leading up to the murders.

Since there is a well documented pattern of FBI use of local police as part of COINTELPRO operations against the Black Liberation Movement and other political groups; and since the November 3rd grand jury was supposed to be investigating police and FBI involvement in the November 3rd murders, the ties of Agent [redacted] to the very people and agencies he was supposed to be investigating constitute grounds for removing him as case agent for the November 3rd case.

Furthermore, Agent [redacted] conduct in the role of chief investigator for the November 3rd case has been quite inappropriate for one in that position. In addition to the two cases outlined in detail below, we note that according to the affidavit of [redacted] professor at a local college, Agent [redacted] in August 1982, while acting as chief investigator for the grand jury, stated to her, in the presence of Justice Department attorneys, that should a special prosecutor be appointed in the Greensboro case form outside the Justice Department, he [redacted] could still withhold and manipulate the evidence!

Secondly, Agent [redacted] conduct in the case of [redacted] appears to constitute obstruction of justice and to require indictment of Agent [redacted] on such charges.

Mr. [redacted] a Black man from Greensboro, was indicted by the federal grand jury investigating the November 3rd Greensboro murders on April 21, 1983, two days after testifying to the grand jury. The indictment charged that he [redacted] grand jury when he made the following accusations against the Greensboro police: (a) that shortly before November 3, 1979, Greensboro police detective [redacted] asked him to infiltrate the Workers Viewpoint Organization and report on it to the police; (b) that also shortly before November 3rd, police officer [redacted] gave him a gun and asked him to shoot [redacted] a Black leader of the Workers Viewpoint Organization (now Communist Workers Party), who was injured November 3rd; and (c) that he was given a lie detector test by the Greensboro police, during which he reported officer [redacted] request to shoot [redacted]

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Agent [redacted] as chief investigator for the November 3rd grand jury was assigned on April 13, 1983 to investigate the accusations of Mr. [redacted] against the Greensboro police, since they were relevant to the grand jury's investigation of possible police involvement in the November 3rd murders. Mr. [redacted] was convicted of the [redacted] Although we do not know if his allegations against the Greensboro police were true or not, we do know from his trial that no bona fide investigation of his very serious charges was done, prior to or after his indictment, and that the sole objective of Agent [redacted] from the beginning was to secure [redacted] conviction of perjury so as to discredit his accusations against the police.

Agent [redacted] work on the case consisted exclusively of contacts with the police officers accused by [redacted] i.e.: (a) one phone conversation with Officer [redacted] which the agent initiated by telling [redacted] that he was attempting to indict [redacted] for perjury; (b) a fifteen minute conversation with Detective [redacted] and (c) a total of ten minutes of meetings with Detective [redacted] a police polygraph examiner. (All this is according to trial testimony of the police officers.) The police officers' naked denials of Mr. [redacted] allegations against them were the sole evidence of perjury presented at Mr. [redacted] trial. None of the officers was subjected to a polygraph exam, and Agent [redacted] did not afford Mr. [redacted]

the opportunity to take a polygraph.

Although Agent [redacted] is reputed to be a "paper chase" expert in fraud cases, he did no investigation of Officer [redacted] finances to corroborate [redacted] accusations that he had a personal relationship with Officer [redacted] that involved financial corruption. Furthermore, he did no independent investigation of Detective [redacted] alleged request for information about the WVO, even though Detective [redacted] was (according to his own testimony) a founding member of the Greensboro "Red Squad", and one of those known to have surveilled and harassed [redacted] and other leaders of the Black Liberation Movement in Greensboro in the late 60s and early 70s. In view of trial testimony concerning the long-standing close working relationship between Detective [redacted] and Agent [redacted] we assert that this relationship, among other factors, motivated Agent [redacted] to refuse to investigate the accusations against [redacted]

Furthermore, although the proclaimed purpose of the grand jury included investigation of police involvement in the November 3rd events and/or cover up of such involvement, Agent [redacted] took no steps to investigate why Greensboro police officials sat on Mr. [redacted] allegations for six weeks and withheld them from the U. S. Attorneys supervising the grand jury. The allegations only came to the attention of the supervising attorneys finally through the efforts of attorney [redacted] of our legal team and Mr. [redacted] attorney, [redacted]

Thirdly, we wish to bring to your attention the conduct of Agent [redacted] on April 20, 1983, when he falsely accused [redacted] one of our clients, and [redacted] of attempting to place documents on a table and leave them in the presence of the grand jury. This accusation was baseless and irresponsible. b6 b7C

Our requests that Agent [redacted] be terminated as case agent, and that he be indicted and prosecuted for obstruction of justice for his conduct in the [redacted] case are not made lightly. After all, Dr. James Waller, Sandra Smith, Cesar Cauce, William Sampson, and Dr. Michael Nathan were killed on November 3, 1979, and eight of our clients, including [redacted] were injured that day, under circumstances which have lead many people to question the roles of the Greensboro police, the FBI and the BATF. The public interest in finally determining the truth, bringing those responsible to justice and allaying fears of government cover up surely is not served by retaining Agent [redacted] and allowing his conduct to further cloud investigation and prosecution of the November 3rd case.

We request a prompt reply from you on this pressing matter.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

[redacted]

DID THE FBI, WORKING THROUGH THE GREENSBORO POLICE, PLOT TO HAVE NELSON JOHNSON KILLED?

On Tuesday, June 14th, a trial began in Greensboro involving an alleged assassination plot. A man named Henry C. Byrd has sworn before a federal grand jury that he was being blackmailed by Greensboro policeman Raymond Bell to kill CWP leader Nelson Johnson.

We do not know Henry Byrd. We cannot say whether he is telling the truth or not. What is needed is a detailed investigation of these deadly serious charges.

FBI agent Thomas Brereton has emerged as a central figure in squelching *any* investigation of these charges. Brereton was the chief field investigator for the federal grand jury investigating the November 3rd murders — the same one that heard testimony. Brereton was also working out of the Greensboro office at the time of the Klan attack that took lives of five CWP leaders who were doing union organizing and African liberation support work. Thomas Brereton has become notorious for his role in the cover-up of the murders of Sandi Smith, Jim Waller, Bill Sampson, Mike Nathan, and Cesar Cauce.

FBI AGENT THOMAS BRERETON



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On allegations of plotting to kill Nelson:

1. When Byrd's charges were made, he refused to carry out a good faith investigation of Bell or the Greensboro Police Department, but instead plotted to have Byrd charged with perjury.
2. He consciously misrepresented portions of Byrd's testimony to the grand jury.
3. He grilled Byrd extensively without notifying his lawyer.
4. According to Byrd, he falsely indentified himself to Byrd as a U.S. Attorney and stole Byrd's papers.
5. According to Byrd, he offered to "lift Byrd and his family out of Greensboro" if Byrd lied and blamed Greensboro Civil Rights Fund lawyer Lewis Pitts for putting him up to making all these charges.

History in CWP 5 murders:

1. He had financial dealings with indicted Klansman/informant Edward Dawson.
2. He aided former D.A. Schlosser in the "prosecution" of Klansmen and Nazis charged with the murder in the 1980 trial. All of them were acquitted.
3. He erased a portion of the tape-recorded testimony of Klansman Jerry Paul Smith charged with murder in 1980.
4. He threatened to obstruct the investigation and trial if a Special Prosecutor were brought in to take over the grand jury.
5. He threatened to bring charges against Nelson Johnson for attempting to legally bring information about FBI involvement in the murders before the grand jury.



Government-Instigated Assassination of Leaders Must Stop!



Malcom X —
Assassinated February, 1965

Dr. Martin Luther King —
Assassinated April, 1968

Dr. Martin Luther King and Malcom X were effective organizers and leaders. They were assassinated.

In the 1960's, Dr. King and Malcolm X were in the streets and among the people organizing. They locked arms with the poor and suffering, fighting together for jobs, peace, and freedom. Martin and Malcolm inspired, educated, and mobilized the sons and daughters of former slaves to ride up with dignity and determination to abolish the condition of suffering and abuse of all people.

In February of 1965 Malcolm X was assassinated; in April of 1968 Dr King was assassinated. Many experts beleive both were instigated by the FBI because they were effective organizers and leaders. There are many other lesser-known orgainizers and leaders, including Medgar Evers and Fred Hampton who were shot down. Hampton's murder was proven in court to have been carried out by the FBI.

The CWP 5 Were Effective Organizers and Leaders. They Were Assassinated.

In 1979, times were hard at the mills as they are today. Lay-offs were coming down; Klan and Nazi types were being promoted all over the state and country; sexist and racist attacks were battering people inside and outside the plant. CWP organizers Sandi Smith, Jim Waller, Bill Sampson, Mike Nathan and Cesar Cauce and others were inspiring, educating and organizing the workers. Jim Waller has been elected president of his union. All the others were respected for their hard work and dedication.

They had come to see the need not only for a few immediate improvements, but for fundamental structural changes. This meant revolution and the building of a new socialist system with the workers and formerly oppressed and poor people in charge. They were *effective organizers who communicated their dream.* On November 3rd, 1979, the federal government, working through the local police, Klan and Nazis, had them assassinated.

Nelson Johnson is an Effective Organizer and Leader.

Nelson Johnson has a long history of work in Greensboro and around the country, particularly among Black people. Going back to the mid-sixties, Nelson worked among the poorest Black communities for better housing, street improvement, education, recreation, and jobs. He played a leading role in organizing the Greensboro Association for Poor People (GAPP). Nelson, like the CWP 5, sees the need for fundamental structural changes. He actively fights for a socialist system. He believes the African-Americans have been the victims of cruel and vicious oppression. Nelson and the CWP believe that Black people form a Nation in the Black Belt South and have a right to self-determination — full democracy. *Black people have the right and duty to fight and win their freedom.* This is an important part of the struggle of the whole working class and oppressed people all over the world to be free.

Although Nelson has been slandered and physically attacked, he has not sold out and bowed to the criminals who dominate this country.

We Must Unite.

The known facts showing government involvement in the planning, execution and cover-up in the November 3rd murders is enormous. It is far too much to discuss in a leaflet. We must emphasize, though that the government (and agent Brereton) are still desparately looking for a way to bring charges against CWP members and friends, particularly Nelson.

Now more than ever, we must put aside secondary differences and work together on many different questions, including grassroots community problems, voter registration, as well as the November 3rd murders.

We must:

1. Demand the firing of FBI Agent Thomas Brereton.
2. Continue to fight for a Special Prosecutor to investigate fully the government involvement in the murders of Jim, Sandi, Bill, Cesar, and Mike.
3. Unite and Organize. If you would like for Nelson or other persons active in the struggle to talk with you or a small group about the facts around the November 3rd murders and how it relates to the day-to-day struggle to survive, please call us at 272-4929 or 273-1592.

Communist Workers Party
P.O. Box 6574
Greensboro, N.C. 27405

AIRTEL

7/22/83

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - FCF

SAC's, Charlotte (44A-3527)
Washington Field Office

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Charlotte teletype to FBIHQ 7/8/83 and Butelcals to WFO 7/19-20/83.

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Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory Departmental letter dated 7/14/83.

On 7/19/83, a meeting was held between officials of the Department of Justice, FBIHQ, the United States Attorney, Middle District of North Carolina and SA [redacted], Charlotte Division to discuss scope of the requested investigation.

On 7/20/83, Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] of the Washington Field Office were briefed by SA [redacted] as to the scope of the investigation to be conducted by Washington Field.

SA [redacted] was requested to prepare an LHM and airtel setting forth specific investigation to be conducted.

MAILED 13
JUL 22 1983
FBI

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FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

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GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE

[redacted]; PERJURY; CE FILE 74-105; OO: CHARLOTTE

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RE CHARLOTTE TELCALL TO FBIHQ JULY 5, 1983.

ON JULY 5, 1983, ATTORNEYS FOR THE GREENSBORO CIVIL RIGHTS LITIGATION FUND AND MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP), GREENSBORO, NORTH CAOLINA, HELD A PRESS CONFERENCE ON THE STEPS OF THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT AT GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, AND AT THIS PRESS CONFERENCE DISTRIBUTED A COPY OF A LETTER WRITTEN BY ATTORNEYS FOR THE GREENSBORO CIVIL RIGHTS FUND; ATTORNEY [redacted], AND [redacted]; LETTER BEING DIRECTED TO [redacted], U.S. ATTORNEY FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA. LETTER

81521-487

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 74-105

XEROX
JUL 18 1983

7 JUL 13 1983

CALLED FOR, "THE IMMEDIATE TERMINATION OF FBI SPECIAL AGENT [redacted] AS CASE AGENT IN CHARGE OF THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT KLAN-NAZI INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION AND FOR HIS INDICTMENT FOR OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OF THE CASES HE HANDLED IN THAT ROLE, THAT OF [redacted]

LETTER CONTINUES ON TO MAKE NUMEROUS ALLEGATIONS SIMILAR TO ALLEGATIONS MADE IN CIVIL LITIGATION, AND IN WRIT OF MANDAMUS FOR SPECIAL PROSECUTOR. IN REFERENCE TO MR. [redacted] ALLEGATIONS WERE MADE THAT AGENT [redacted] FOR THE NOVEMBER 3 GRAND JURY WAS ASSIGNED ON APRIL 13, 1983, TO INVESTIGATE THE ACCUSATIONS OF MR. [redacted] AGAINST GREENSBORO POLICE OFFICERS. WHILE THE LETTER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT MR. [redacted] WAS CONVICTED OF PERJURY ON JUNE 21, 1983, THE ATTORNEYS FOR THE GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND STATE THE POSITION THAT "NO BONA FIDE INVESTIGATION OF THESE VERY SERIOUS CHARGES WAS DONE PRIOR TO OR AFTER HIS [redacted] INDICTMENT AND THAT THE SOLE OBJECTIVE OF AGENT [redacted] FROM BEGINNING WAS TO SECURE [redacted] CONVICTION OF PERJURY SO AS TO DISCREDIT HIS ACCUSATIONS AGAINST THE POLICE.

[redacted] WAS TRIED IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT IN THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA COMMENCING ON JUNE 14, 1983, FOR

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FOUR COUNTS OF PERJURY AS A RESULT OF HIS GRAND JURY TESTIMONY ON [redacted], AND AFTER A 7 DAY TRIAL, A JURY FOUND HIM GUILTY OF 4 COUNTS OF PERJURY WHICH RELATED TO THESE ALLEGATIONS AGAINST GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE OFFICERS. [redacted] IS SCHEDULED FOR SENTENCING DURING THE WEEK OF JULY 11, 1983. b3

THIS LETTER FOLLOWS A SERIES OF POSTERS WHICH HAVE BEEN CIRCULATED BY THE CWP THROUGHOUT THE CITY OF GREENSBORO. POSTERS HAD AFFIXED A PHOTOGRAPH OF SA [redacted] TAKEN BY THE PUBLIC NEWS MEDIA IN 1977. THIS LETTER DEMANDS THAT SA [redacted] BE FIRED FROM THE FBI, BE PROSECUTED FOR HIS ROLE IN THE COVER-UP OF THE INVESTIGATION OF THE DEATHS OF THE 5 CWP DEMONSTRATORS ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND THAT A SPECIAL PROSECUTOR BE APPOINTED TO INVESTIGATE SA [redacted] ROLE IN THESE KILLINGS AND THE COVER-UP. b6 b7C

USA, MIDDLE DISTROCT OF NORTH CAROLINA, IS PRESENTLY ON ANNUAL VACATION AND HAS NOT RECEIVEED COPY OF THIS LETTER; HOWEVER, CHIEF ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY [redacted] HAS ADVISED HE WILL MAKE NO RESPONSE TO THE LETTER AS HE FEELS IT DOES NOT DESERVE A RESPONSE.

MR. [redacted] POSITION IS THE JURY HAS FOUND MR. [redacted] GUILTY AND HE HAS NO DESIRE TO HAVE ANY FURTHER COMMUNICATIONS WITH THESE ATTORNEYS FROM THE GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND.

THE PUBLIC CAMPAIGN PRESENTLY BEING INITIATED BY THE CWP AND THE GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND AGAINST SA [redacted] IS THE CULMINATION OF APPROXIMATELY 18 MONTHS OF CONTINUOUS ALLEGATIONS AGAINST SA [redacted] SINCE HE WAS ASSIGNED AS THE [redacted] THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY THAT HEARD EVIDENCE ON CAPTIONED GREENKIL INVESTIGATION. IT IS BELIEVED THESE ALLEGATIONS ARE INCREASING BECAUSE A PENDING INVESTIGATION OF [redacted] [redacted] FOR THE GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND, AND [redacted] [redacted] FOR THE CWP, IS BEING CONDUCTED RELATIVE TO THEIR ATTEMPTS TO FURNISH TO THE GRAND JURY VARIOUS DOCUMENTS SETTING FORTH THEIR POSITION ON POLICE AND FBI INVOLVEMENT INTO THE EVENTS OF NOVEMBER 3, 1979. ON [redacted] [redacted] AND [redacted] WITHOUT AUTHORITY, ENTERED THE GRAND JURY ROOM AND ATTEMPTED TO DISTRIBUTE SUCH DOCUMENTS AND WHEN THIS INFORMATION WAS BROUGH TO THE ATTENTION OF SA [redacted], HE IMMEDIATELY SEIZED THE DOCUMENTS AND ADVISED [redacted] AND [redacted] THEY WERE UNDER INVESTIGATION FOR POSSIBLE OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE IN ATTEMPTING TO INFLUENCE THE GRAND JURY BY FURNISHING WRITTEN DOCUMENTS.

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THIS MATTER IS STILL BEING CONSIDERED FOR PROSECUTION BY USDJ ATTORNEYS AND USA, MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

COPIES OF THE ABOVE LETTER AND PAMPHLET BEING DISTRIBUTED IN GREENSBORO WILL BE FORWARDED BY AIRTEL TO FBIHQ THIS DATE.

BT

CE0ØØQ QIOQTWRZ

OO HQ

DE CE

O Ø81524Z JUL 83

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) IMMEDIATE

BT

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FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

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Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secy

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ATTN [redacted] CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT, CID

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE

RE CHARLOTTE TELCALL TO SUPERVISOR [redacted] ON JULY 8, 1983.

ON JULY 7, 1983, [redacted] (PROTECT IDENTITY), [redacted]

[redacted]

CONTACTED SA [redacted] AT HIS RESIDENCE AND REQUESTED TO MEET WITH HIM IN ORDER TO FURNISH SOME CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. 44-8152-1-489

[redacted] HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY INTERVIEWED ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS SINCE 1979, AND WAS A [redacted] 1983 AT [redacted], NORTH CAROLINA.

[redacted] WAS LAST INTERVIEWED IN [redacted]

[redacted] OF THE

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b7D
b6
b7C

Approved: [redacted] Time 1614Z

7/8/83 ICI to DOJ ATTN: [redacted] Section Chief CRD, USDOJ 0-720

FBI/DOJ

TELS. REC. UNIT

[redacted] MADE ENTRY INTO THE GRAND JURY ROOM AND ATTEMPTED TO FIND THE FOREMAN OF THE GRAND JURY IN AN EFFORT TO DELIVER NUMEROUS DOCUMENTS MAKING ACCUSATIONS AGAINST AGENTS OF THE FBI FOR THEIR CRIMINAL INVOLVEMENT IN THE EVENTS PRIOR TO, ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND AFTER NOVEMBER 3, 1979. THIS MATTER IS BEING INVESTIGATED UNDER A SEPARATE FILE FOR OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND IS PRESENTLY UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR PROSECUTION BY U.S.D.J.

[redacted] INITIALLY STATED THAT HIS REASON FOR CONTACTING SA [redacted] WAS TO FURNISH HIM INFORMATION THAT HE HAD RECEIVED [redacted] ACCORDING TO [redacted] RECEIVED INFORMATION FROM A SOURCE THAT A [redacted] HAD ON ONE OR MORE OCCASIONS INADVERTENTLY OVERHEARD TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS FROM SA [redacted]. THE ONLY INFORMATION [redacted] COULD RECALL BEING TOLD WAS THAT ONE CONVERSATION CONCERNED SA [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] COULD FURNISH NO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AS TO ANY OTHER [redacted] KNEW OF NO INFORMATION OF ANY CONFIDENTIAL NATURE THAT WAS OVERHEARD, NOR DID [redacted] INDICATE [redacted]

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b7D

DURING THE COURSE OF THIS INTERVIEW, [redacted] ALSO ADVISED THAT HE HAD BEEN [redacted] (PHONETIC). DURING THESE [redacted] HAS FURNISHED [redacted] INFORMATION TO THE EFFECT THAT [redacted], OF THE [redacted] ABOUT WHAT IS

TAKING PLACE IN THIS INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION. [redacted] ADVISED [redacted] FOR WHAT HAPPENED BEFORE THE GRAND JURY IN [redacted], [redacted] KNEW THAT THE MATTER HAD [redacted] ADVISED [redacted], THAT [redacted] AND THE HEAD OF THE [redacted] POSSIBLY NAMED [redacted] HAD PREPARED A LETTER OR WAS SENDING A LETTER TO [redacted] ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL, CRD, [redacted] RELATIVE TO THE PENDING INVESTIGATION AGAINST [redacted].

b6 b7C b7D b3

THE ABOVE INFORMTION WAS FURNISHED TO [redacted] CURRENTLY IN GREENSBORO. [redacted] CONFIRMED A LETTER HAD BEEN RECEIVED BY [redacted] AFTERNOON JULY 7, [redacted] REGARDING [redacted].

b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] ALSO ADVISED THAT THIS SOURCE IN [redacted]

THIS MEMORANDUM, ALLEGEDLY FROM ATF INVESTIGATIVE FILES, WAS PUBLISHED IN A PRESS RELEASE BY THE GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND IN

AIRTEL

7/13/83

b6
b7C

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. [redacted]

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Butel call to Charlotte 7/13/83.

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory Departmental letter dated 7/13/83.

Concerning paragraph 1 of Departmental letter, retelcal requested it be determined if original blueprints or drawings are available showing the height elevations for the Morningside Administration Building and the apartment across the street at the intersection of Carver and Everitt. If available, immediately forward by Air Express to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit.

Paragraph 2 of Departmental letter will be handled through liaison between the Department and the Civil Rights Unit and Special Projects Section of FBIHQ.

Expeditiously complete and forward information requested in items numbered 1 through 5.

MAILED 15
JUL 13 1983
FBI

Enclosures

RBH:dal (5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/lw

44-81521-491

12 JUL 18 1983

AUG 17 1983

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

MAIL ROOM

0-93 (Rev. 4-26-78)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATION MESSAGE FORM

PAGE 1 OF 1

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
AUGUST 5, 1983	UNCLAS	PRIORITY

$F057$PP CE$DE HQ #0057 $#$4U$P 0516537 AUG 83

START HERE

FM FM DIRECTOR, FBI {44-81521}

TO TO FBI CHARLOTTE {44A-3527} PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS, 00: CHARLOTTE.

BY LETTER DATED 8/4/83 THE DEPARTMENT REQUESTED SA [redacted] BE PRESENT AT FBIHQ AND THE DEPARTMENT ON 8/8-9/83 FOR REVIEW OF TRIAL EXHIBITS AND TO ASSIST IN PRETRIAL PREPARATION.

FBIHQ AUTHORITY IS GRANTED FOR TRAVEL

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/ccc

44-81521-492

DO NOT TYPE MESSAGE BELOW THIS LINE AUG 11 1983

APPROVED BY	DRAFTED BY	DATE	ROOM	TELE EXT.
JOH	EEH:MJ {3}	8-5-83	5131	4272

1 - MR. [redacted]

1 - FOF

DO NOT TYPE PAST THIS LINE

b6
b7C

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

FBI/DOJ

7-126 (Rev. 3-14-83)

Memorandum

To : FBI Laboratory Division JUL 8 3 ENTD
Evidence Control Center
Room 3223, TL 241

Date 7/22/83

From : [redacted]

Section & Symbol SPS- A5

b6
b7C

Subject GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS

TESTIMONY

Bufile # _____
(circle one) **Court** **Grand Jury** **Other -** _____ Dates _____
Supporting: (circle one) **Bureau** **Federal** **Local** Workdays _____
City & State _____ Category **1** **2** **3** **4**
Testified? ☐ Yes ☐ No If No, then circle Reason Below for Appearing in Court but not Testifying.

01. Guilty Plea
02. Case Continued
03. Case Dismissed
04. Stipulation
05. Testimony not Needed
06. Mistrial
07. Other _____

Results of Trial _____ Judge _____
Prosecuting Attorney _____ Defense Attorney _____

OTHER COMMITMENTS

Bufile # 44-81521 City & State GREENSBORO, N.C.
Agency US DEPT OF JUSTICE Dates 7/19/83—7/21/83
(circle one) **Bureau** **(Federal)** **Local** Workdays 3

Purpose: (circle one)

01. Lecture/Training (Others)
01A. Tours, Training, etc., at FBIHQ
02. Training (Self)
03. Speech
04. Pretrial Conference
05. Field Examination of Evidence
06. Research/Data Acquisition
07. _____
(08.) Investigative Support
09. Communication Support
10. Conference/Meeting
11. Deposition

44-81521

Details/Unusual or Interesting Circumstances

OBTAINED INFORMATION TO CONSTRUCT A 3 DIMENSIONAL SCALE MODEL TO BE USED IN TRIAL.

NOT RECORDED
10 AUG 16 1983

54 AUG 2 1983

SEVEN

FBI/DOJ

7-126 (Rev. 3-14-83)

Memorandum

To : FBI Laboratory Division
Evidence Control Center
Room 3223, TL 241

JUL 28 ENTD

Date 7-22-83

From :

Section & Symbol SPS - B-1

Subject Greenkil; Civil Rights

b6
b7C

9

TESTIMONY

Bufile # _____

(circle one) **Court** **Grand Jury** **Other -** _____ Dates _____

Supporting: (circle one) **Bureau** **Federal** **Local** Workdays _____

City & State _____ Category **1** **2** **3** **4**

Testified? ☐ Yes ☐ No If No, then circle Reason Below for Appearing in Court but not Testifying.

01. Guilty Plea
02. Case Continued
03. Case Dismissed
04. Stipulation
05. Testimony not Needed
06. Mistrial
07. Other _____

Results of Trial _____ Judge _____

Prosecuting Attorney _____ Defense Attorney _____

OTHER COMMITMENTS

Bufile # 44-81521 City & State Greensboro, N.C.

Agency U.S. Dept. of Justice Dates 7-19-83 - 7-21-83

(circle one) **Bureau** **Federal** **Local** Workdays 3

Purpose: (circle one)

01. Lecture/Training (Others)
01A. Tours, Training, etc., at FBIHQ
02. Training (Self)
03. Speech
04. Pretrial Conference
05. Field Examination of Evidence
06. Research/Data Acquisition
07. _____
08. Investigative Support
09. Communication Support
10. Conference/Meeting
11. Deposition

44-81521-

Details/Unusual or Interesting Circumstances

NOT RECORDED
10 AUG 16 1983

Obtained information to construct a 3-Dimensional scale model to be used at trial.

54 AUG 22 1983

55

SEVEN

FBI/DOJ

Memorandum

To : Assistant Attorney General
CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION

Date July 22, 1983
ATTN: [redacted]

b6
b7C

From : Director, FBI

Subject : GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

File copy
TREAT AS YELLOW
4

Reference is made to your memorandum dated July 14, 1983 (your file DJ#144-54M-351).

There is enclosed one copy of the report/LHM of Special Agent _____ dated _____ at _____.

A. ☐ This contains the results of an investigation and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

B. ☒ The investigation is continuing and you will be furnished investigative results as they are received.

C. ☐ The investigation requested by you has now been completed. Unless advised to the contrary no further inquiries will be made by this Bureau.

D. ☐ Pursuant to instructions issued by the Department, no investigation will be conducted in this matter unless specifically directed by the Department.

E. ☐ Please advise whether you desire any further investigation.

F. ☐ This is submitted for your information and you will be advised of further developments.

G. ☐ This is submitted for your information and no further investigation will be conducted unless specifically requested by the Department.

(44-81521)

NOT RECORDED
JUL 29 1983

H. ☐ This covers the receipt of a complaint and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

Enc. NOTE: Persuant to your request dated above, the FBI is conducting investigation to determine the identity of any Departmental employees who may have provided or released unauthorized information and documents obtained by the Department during the course of the ongoing investigation. To assist in this investigation, please provide the FBI a list of all Civil Rights Division Employees, their home telephone numbers and home addresses for investigative purposes.

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54 AUG 19 1983

[redacted]

FBI/DOJ

LA0259 200221

PP HQ CE

DE LA ØØ

P 1 2216Z JUL 83

FM LOS ANGELES (44-3786) (C-2) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

19 JUL 83 22 37

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-1-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

GREEN[illegible]KIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE

REFERENCE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO CHARLOTTE DATED JUNE 28, 1 83; AND BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO LOS ANGELES DATED JULY 1 , 1 83.

[redacted] INTERVIEWED ON JULY 1, 1 83, IN THE PRESENCE OF ATTORNEY [redacted] IN LOS ANGELES. [redacted] FURNISHED A ONE PAGE SIGNED STATEMENT WHEREIN HE CLAIMS THAT HE SPOKE WITH AGENT [redacted] RALEIGH RESIDENT AGENCY, ON NOVEMBER 2, 1 7. HE CLAIMS HE GAVE [redacted] AN ANONYMOUS TIP THAT [redacted], OF THE NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY, PLANNED TO ATTACK AND POSSIBLY KILL PEOPLE AT AN ANTI-KLAN GATHERING THAT WEEK IN NORTH CAROLINA.

44-81521-193

2 JUL 22 1983

[redacted] STATED THAT HE CALLED FROM A PAY PHONE IN KANSAS

54 AUG 3 1983

b6
b7C

AND HAD THE CALL BILLED TO HIS NEW YORK RESIDENCE, OR POSSIBLY A FRIEND'S HOUSE. HE REFUSED TO SUPPLY THE TELEPHONE NUMBERS WHICH MIGHT HAVE BEEN BILLED SAYING THAT HE DID NOT WANT HIS RECORDS TO BE SUBPOENAED BY THE FBI. HE CLAIMED HIS SOURCE OF INFORMATION WAS "SOURCES," WHOM HE DECLINED TO IDENTIFY.

[redacted] STATED THAT SEVERAL DAYS AFTER THE GREENSBORO INCIDENT HE WAS IN DENVER, RECEIVED INFORMATION FROM HIS SOURCES THAT THE KLAN WAS GOING TO PULL A GUN ON A RADIO ANNOUNCER, AND FURNISHED THAT INFORMATION TO AGENT [redacted] OF THE DENVER OFFICE. AFTER THE INCIDENT OCCURRED, THE DENVER OFFICE INVITED HIM DOWN TO THE OFFICE WHERE HE GAVE THEM INFORMATION ON THE KLAN. HE SAID HE SPOKE WITH THE DENVER OFFICE TWO OR THREE TIMES BY TELEPHONE.

b6
b7C

[redacted] ALSO CLAIMED THAT HE HAD BEEN SUBPOENAED TO TESTIFY BEFORE A GRAND JURY IN NEW YORK BOTH BEFORE AND AFTER THE GREENSBORO SHOOTING. SHORTLY AFTER THE SHOOTING, ASSISTANT UNITED STAZES ATTORNEY (AUSA) [redacted] NEW

YORK, MADE A STATEMENT THAT [redacted] HAD GIVEN SOME KIND OF TIP ABOUT SOMETHING HAPPENING IN GREENSBORO THAT WAS TRUE. SHE SAID THEY DID NOT WANT TO DISCUSS IT ANYMORE AND IMMEDIATELY TERMINATED THE GRAND JURY INQUIRY.

[redacted] WAS ASKED ABOUT HIS HAVING OBTAINED DOCUMENTS FROM FBI HEADQUARTERS THROUGH FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT WHICH SUBSTANTIATE HIS ALLEGATIONS. [redacted] STATED THAT, BECAUSE OF LITIGATION HE REFUSED TO DISCUSS ANYTHING HAVING TO DO WITH HIS RECORDS SINCE HE DID NOT WANT THEM TO BE SUBJECT TO SEIZURE.

b6
b7C

[redacted] STATED THAT HE HAS FURTHER PROOF THAT HE MADE THE CALL TO THE RALEIGH RESIDENT AGENCY BUT HE IS HOLDING ONTO THIS PROOF UNTIL THE "RIGHT TIME."

FD-302 FOLLOWS.

BT

#

AIRTEL

7/25/83

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. [redacted] b6 b7C

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Butelcal to Charlotte 7/25/83 and Bureau Facsimile to Charlotte 7/25/83.

Enclosed are two copies of a Departmental letter dated July 22, 1983, which was previously furnished to Charlotte by facsimile.

Charlotte prepare 4 copies of each serial requested. Forward to reach FBIHQ before COB 7/28/83.

For information Charlotte, Legal Counsel Division and Organized Crime Intelligence Unit, FBIHQ have approved release of serials from [redacted] b2 b7D

NOTE: On 7/25/83, [redacted] Unit Chief, Civil Litigation Unit, Legal Counsel Division, and [redacted] Unit Chief, Organized Crime Intelligence Unit, Criminal Investigative Division, approved release of serials from [redacted] the informant file of [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

MAILED 7 JUL 26 1983 FBI

EHH:dal (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 RAP/ca

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

MAIL ROOM

66 AUG 1983

44-81521-495

10 JUL 29 1983

1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr. [redacted]
(Att: Mr. [redacted])

Airtel

7/13/83

Director, FBI

SAC, Charlotte

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY sp2 [redacted]

Re Departmental letter dated 7/13/83 from Assistant Attorney General [redacted] Civil Rights Division, requesting a scale model be prepared by the Special Projects Section, Laboratory Division.

This is to confirm travel arrangements previously made by Visual Information Specialists (VIS) [redacted] and [redacted] of the Special Projects Section, Laboratory Division.

VIS [redacted] and VIS [redacted] will travel to Greensboro, North Carolina, to obtain information and make on-site survey for the preparation of a three-dimensional scale model. They will depart Washington, D. C., on Tuesday 7/19/83, Piedmont Flight 71 at 8:00 a.m. and arrive in Greensboro, N. C., at 8:58 a.m. same date.

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Transportation and accommodations are being arranged by the Greensboro Resident Agency.

NOTE:

This matter has been coordinated with SA [redacted] Criminal Investigative Division.

1 - Criminal Investigative Division

LMM:klg (6)

44-81521-496

2 JUL 22 1983

Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Intell. ___
Laboratory ___
Legal Coun. ___
Plan. & Insp. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Public Affs. Off. ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

54 AUG 24 1983

MAIL ROOM

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☐ _____	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/13/83

TO: Director (44-81521)

FROM: Los Angeles (44-3786)(RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

OO: Charlotte

Re Los Angeles teletype dated 6/28/83.

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of an FD-302 containing the interview of [redacted] Enclosed for Charlotte is the original and one copy of the same 302. Also enclosed for Charlotte are the agents notes and a copy of the casette recording made during the interview.

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAW/RS

44-81521-497

ENCLOSURE

2 - Bureau (Encl. 2)
2 - Charlotte (Encl. 4)
1 - Los Angeles
jdd
(5)

ICD/ICRU
070-A
7/18/83

JUL 26 1983

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1982 O - 369-895

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TP/lw

Date of transcription 7/8/83

[redacted] Los Angeles, California, was interviewed at the Law Office of [redacted] was advised that he was being interviewed because he was reported to have issued a signed statement regarding the shooting of several persons during a civil rights demonstration in Greensboro, North Carolina in 1979.

The interview of [redacted] was recorded by SA [redacted] using a tape recorder which was in plain sight on the table in front of [redacted] during the interview. [redacted] consented to have the interview recorded. [redacted] also recorded the interview in the same manner.

[redacted] furnished a one page document entitled, "Affidavit of [redacted]", which [redacted] acknowledged as his true statement of the facts surrounding a telephone call which he placed to the Raleigh, North Carolina office of the FBI on November 2, 1979. He said that this is the only document which he signed and issued concerning this phone call. He noted that he has had an exchange of documents with the Communist Workers Party and Civil Rights Groups in Greensboro and it is possible that some of these documents might have been attached to his signed statement and represented as a multi paged document. This signed statement is attached.

b6
b7C

[redacted] stated that the telephone call to the Raleigh office of the FBI was placed from somewhere in Kansas, at approximately 2 or 3 PM on the Friday before the Greensboro shooting incident. He called from a pay phone and had the charges billed either to his own residence in New York or the residence of a friend. He refused to supply the numbers which might have possibly received the billing saying that he did not want his records to be subpoenaed and furnished to the FBI.

[redacted] asked for [redacted] by name because his "sources down there" had told him about [redacted] and that [redacted] was supposed to be anti-Klan. [redacted] did not identify himself by name but explained to [redacted] that he was a person who has done a lot of research on the Nazis and the Klan. In order to lend credence to his information,

---

Investigation on 7/1/83 at Los Angeles, California File # LA 44-3786

by SA [redacted] / jdd Date dictated 7/8/83

44-81521-497

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI/DOJ

LA 44-3786
jdd

[redacted] spent 2 minutes telling [redacted] about [redacted] personal background. [redacted] then told [redacted] the information as set forth in [redacted] affidavit, which is attached.

[redacted] asked, "Who is this?". [redacted] said that he wanted to remain anonymous but had a reliable tip. [redacted] replied that there was no current investigation on [redacted] or the National Socialist Party, knew of no illegal activities, and abruptly hung up. The call lasted approximately 7 or 8 minutes.

[redacted] was asked about the source of his information and he replied that he had "sources" which he refused to identify. [redacted] stated that he and his associates monitor Klan and Nazi activities, know who most of the members are and what they are doing.

Several days after the Greensboro incident, [redacted] was in Denver for an anti-Klan demonstration. He received information from his sources that the Klan was planning to pull a gun on a local radio announcer. [redacted] called the Denver office of the FBI, talked with agent [redacted] and told him what was going to happen. Subsequently, [redacted] the [redacted] of the Klan, went to a local radio station and pulled a gun on the announcer.

[redacted] was then invited to go down to the Denver office of the FBI where he gave them some information on the Klan. He called the Denver office a total of 2 or 3 times.

Since that time, he has made no other calls to the FBI in order to provide tips because he has become disillusioned about the willingness of the FBI to do anything about these violent groups. He noted that he has been interviewed by the FBI and has been subpoenaed because of his Jewish Defense activities.

Both prior to and following the Greensboro shootings, [redacted] was [redacted] Federal Grand Jury in New York. One day, following the shootings, AUSA [redacted], New York said to the persons present that [redacted] had given some sort of tip about something happening in Greensboro, that was true, and that they did not want to discuss it anymore. [redacted] then abruptly stopped the Grand Jury inquiry and told [redacted] he did not have to appear anymore. [redacted] New York attorney, [redacted], phone [redacted] is also familiar with this incident.

b3
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[redacted] noted that the November 2nd call was the only one which he has ever made to the Raleigh office of the FBI.

LA 44-3786
jdd

[redacted] was asked about any documents which he might have received from the FBI through the Freedom of Information Act, documents which were mentioned in a press release by civil rights groups in Greensboro. [redacted] said that he is involved in current litigation in Los Angeles and many of his documents have been seized from him. He is also being [redacted]. Because of this, he has to be careful with his files and will not discuss anything which is in his files since he does not want them to be subject to seizure. b6 b7C

[redacted] noted that he has further proof to back up his claim that he called the Raleigh office of the FBI on the day before the Greensboro shooting but he is holding it until the "right time".

[redacted] gave his date of birth as [redacted].

AFFIDAVIT OF [redacted]

I, [redacted], declare that on November 2, 1979, I called the Raleigh, North Carolina office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). I spoke to an FBI agent named [redacted]. I gave Agent [redacted] the following statement:

"I'd like to give you an anonymous tip. I have information that [redacted] of the National Socialist Party of America is up to heavy illegal activity. [redacted] has been training in the Jefferson County area with illegal weapons. He and his group have plans to attack and possibly kill people at an anti-Klan gathering this week in North Carolina. He is going to attack his opponents at this gathering."

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b7C

I further declare that Agent [redacted] stated the following in response to my statement:

"We are not allowed to investigate the Nazis. I don't know of any illegal activities by the Nazis. We have no current investigation pending against [redacted] or his group."

I further declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of California and the United States that the above statement is true and correct.

Executed on Monday, April 18, 1983, in Los Angeles, California.

[redacted]

OFFICIAL SEAL
[redacted]
NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA
LOS ANGELES COUNTY
My comm. expires MAY 28, 1983

[redacted]

U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Charlotte, North Carolina

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

July 27, 1983

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-18-84 BY SP2 HHH/cs

GREENKIL

On April 20, 1983, [redacted] for the Communist Worker's Party of the United States, Greensboro, North Carolina, held a press conference in Greensboro, North Carolina, and distributed to the news media a statement which he was preparing to present to the Federal Grand Jury which was convened at Winston-Salem, North Carolina, hearing evidence into the violence of November 3, 1979, and related matters.

After the press conference, [redacted], and one of his attorneys, [redacted], of the Greensboro Civil Rights Litigation Fund, came to Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and without authority obtained entrance into the Federal Grand Jury Room and according to Grand Jurors in the room at the time, attempted to locate the Foreman of the Grand Jury, in order to leave with him a large packet of material. b6 b7C

This material, among other things, contained a statement of [redacted] to the November 3, 1979, Grand Jury in which he alleges in paragraph 3 of page 1 of that statement:

[redacted] b3

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

44-81521-497X

ENCLOSURE

RE: GREENKIL

[redacted] b3

Permission for the undercover Special Agent's attendance at KKK and NSPA rallies and meetings was granted by Assistant Director, Criminal Enforcement (ADCE) on a case by case basis after conference with the firearms and Charlotte SACs."

The statement of [redacted] also includes how the memorandum sets forth the details of the contact by undercover agent [redacted] with members of the Nazi organization on June 24 in Palmer, Ohio.

The last area where [redacted] quotes from this briefing paper is as follows: [redacted] b3

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] attempted to furnish this document, as well as others, to the Grand Jurors in an effort to influence the Grand Jury that Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation were knowledgeable of the undercover operation of [redacted] and the ATF in the Nazi organization, Forsyth County, North Carolina, prior to November 3, 1979. Investigation has determined that the quotations contained in the statement of [redacted] were adapted from an [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] b3

[redacted]. The document, which has been located among the Grand Jury exhibits, marked as

[redacted]

[redacted] Since that date, copies of these [redacted] have been filed and maintained at U.S. Department of Justice headquarters in Washington, D.C.

The information contained in [redacted] statement as to the code JA-66 is inaccurate as it relates to the ATF briefing memo of July 16, 1980, in that the initials of the author of the memo are JA, but the numerical designation is not 66, but 44. b6 b7C

It is also noted that the code 5a, or 5b, does not appear at the bottom of this memorandum, however, this code does

appear on numerous transmittal letters internally within the ATF and the agent's initials JA is the most frequent author of these internal memos.

On July 19, 1983, a conference was held at FBI Headquarters, Washington, D.C., which was attended by the supervisory staff of the Civil Rights Section, Federal Bureau of Investigation; the Chief and Deputy Chief of the Criminal Section of the Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice; U.S. Attorney, Middle District of North Carolina; and Charlotte Case Agent. It was concluded at this conference that an appropriate investigation should be conducted by the FBI into the determination of how Grand Jury material in the control of the U.S. Department of Justice and/or ATF documents came into possession of attorneys for the Christic Institute; Greensboro Civil Rights Ligitation Funds; and members of the Communist Worker's Party of the United States at Greensboro, North Carolina.

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82)

FBI

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- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
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- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/27/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TBP/ks
PAGES 7-13 MISSING

Re conference conducted USDJ, FBI Headquarters, 7/19/83.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and three copies of an LHM and for WFO two copies setting forth background relative to the information developed that possible Grand Jury materials regarding ATF's investigation are in possession of attorneys of the Christic Institute; Greensboro Civil Rights Litigation Fund; and members of the Communist Worker's Party. One copy of this LHM being furnished to the U.S. Attorney's Office, Greensboro, N.C.

The purpose of this airtel, other than forwarding the LHM for dissemination, is to set forth a summary of the Greenkil investigation for agents at WFO who have the responsibility of investigation of the leak of information by unknown subjects, U.S. Department of Justice, to attorneys for the Christic Institute and the Greensboro Civil Rights Litigation Fund.

44-81521-49X

BACKGROUND OF INVESTIGATION - GREENKIL

On 11/3/79, members and supporters of the Worker's Viewpoint Organization, now known as the Communist Worker's Party, at Greensboro, N.C., sponsored a parade and rally entitled

ENCLOSURE

(2) - Bureau (Encs. 4)
2 - WFO (Encs. 2)
2 - Charlotte
TJB:jat
(6)

TO AUG 9 1983

64 SEP 1 1983

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Date _____

CE 44A-3527

Death to the Klan. This parade and rally was well-advertised throughout the Piedmont Area of North Carolina by members of the Worker's Viewpoint Organization (WVO) and they made extensive use of the news media, and publishing and distributing pamphlets advertising their Death to the Klan rally.

The theme Death to the Klan had originated over a period of several months after the organizers of the WVO were successful in getting a large number of Black residents of a town called China Grove, N.C., to protest the Klan's showing of the film Birth of a Nation at the China Grove Civic Center in 7/79. As a result of that success, the organizers of the WVO planned for a large scale parade and demonstration in the city of Greensboro with the theme Death to the Klan, and promoted their rally predominantly in the Black communities of the city of Greensboro and the surrounding area.

The location for the assembly and parade was the Morningside Project, a low-rental Black community in the city of Greensboro.

As a result of the large amount of publicity generated by the WVO and their theme, Death to the Klan, members of the Invisible Empire of the Ku Klux Klan from Lincolnton, N.C., and members of the Nazi Party from Raleigh and Winston-Salem, N.C., made plans to come to Greensboro, N.C., to disrupt; harass and intimidate the persons assembled for the Death to the Klan rally.

On 11/3/79, at approximately 11:21 AM, a caravan of nine vehicles occupied by approximately 40 members and supporters of the Ku Klux Klan and Nazi Party arrived at the intersection of Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, N.C., at the Morningside Project where members of the WVO and people from the local Black community were assembling for the parade.

As the Klan-Nazi caravan drove through on Everitt Street, words were exchanged between the demonstrators and the occupants of the vehicles and demonstrators spontaneously began attacking the Klan vehicles with 2' x 2's and clubs.

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Date _____

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This resulted in initial gunfire by the Klan from the caravan area and then erupted into a street fight in the intersection of Everitt and Carver Street.

As the gunfire continued by the Klan, other Klan members who were involved in the street fight ran back to their vehicles which were parked on Everitt Street and removed a series of shotguns, an AR-180, and hand guns and began firing into the fleeing crowd. Several members of the Communist Worker's Party (CWP) present in the street returned fire with hand guns but were totally ineffective.

As a result of the gunfire from the Klan-Nazi group, five Communist demonstrators were killed and nine other individuals were wounded.

When the police arrived at the scene, they arrested 14 Klan-Nazi demonstrators and 6 were subsequently indicted for First Degree Murder and tried by the Superior Court for the State of North Carolina.

The 6 Klan-Nazi demonstrators who were tried were acquitted by a jury and as a result of their acquittal, and the subsequent pledge of cooperation by Communist demonstrators, the U.S. Department of Justice began a Federal Grand Jury inquiry into the events of 11/3/79, on 3/22/82. The Grand Jury was convened at Winston-Salem, N.C., and sat for 14 months hearing approximately 150 witnesses; receiving over 2,000 exhibits; and subpoenaing tens of thousands of pages of material from the various law enforcement agencies which participated in the investigation prior to and after the violence of 11/3/79.

Since the very first day of the violence, members of the CWP and their attorneys began a media campaign that agents of the U.S. Government, specifically the FBI, the Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco and Firearms, and the City Police of Greensboro, were involved in a massive conspiracy to promote the violence which occurred on 11/3/79. The CWP and their attorneys have filed a $48 million law suit naming 96 defendants,

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Date _____

CE 44A-3527

the majority of whom are employees of the U.S. Government, and city and state of North Carolina, with a conspiracy to violate the civil rights of the dead and injured of the 11/3/79 violence.

As a result of these public allegations, the Federal Grand Jury who heard evidence for approximately 14 months, considered not only evidence relative to the violation of the Civil Rights Act by members of the Nazi-Klan organizations who participated in the violence on 11/3/79, but heard a volume of evidence on the public allegations involving the FBI, ATF, and the City Police of Greensboro.

On 4/21/83, the FGJ returned a 14-count bill of indictment charging 9 members of the Ku Klux Klan and Nazi organizations with various violations of civil rights to include conspiracy, 12 substantive counts of violation of civil rights causing injury or death, and conspiracy to obstruct justice.

On 4/20/83, the day before the Grand Jury was to deliberate on the indictments presented to them by the U.S. Department of Justice, [redacted] of the CWP, and his [redacted] of the [redacted] of Greensboro, N.C., made an unauthorized entrance into the Grand Jury Room during the lunch hour and attempted to locate the Foreman of the Grand Jury to present to them a series of documents for the Grand Jury's consideration. b6 b7C

[redacted]

However, in Mr. [redacted] statement to the Grand Jury which he had typewritten, Mr. [redacted] acknowledged that he and his lawyers had obtained from a source who was a law enforcement official, [redacted] b3

[redacted]

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Date _____

CE 44A-3527

The information contained in Mr. [redacted]

[redacted]

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b7C

However, the information contained in [redacted]

[redacted]

While the majority of the information contained in

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

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(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82)

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☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 44A-3527

[redacted]

[redacted] b3

These documents were maintained until 8/82, at the vault of the U.S. District Court in Winston-Salem, N.C., and a limited number of people had access to them. These individuals were the Departmental Attorneys involved in the investigation, [redacted] and [redacted] and case agent of the FBI, [redacted] of the Greensboro RA, and SC [redacted] of the Greensboro RA. It is extremely doubtful b3
any of the [redacted] were received by attorneys for the CWP as early as 8/82, as their history and use of the public media demonstrates that shortly after receiving such documentation, they began a media campaign in order to influence the local community as to government involvement in 11/3/79. b6 b7C

However, after 8/82, copies of all these [redacted] were maintained in Washington, D.C., in the Criminal Section of the Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice. While at USDJ headquarters in Washington, D.C., b3
[redacted] were not maintained in a vault, but were maintained in an office of attorney [redacted] and were kept in a large cabinet which could not be locked. There were approximately 30-40 volumes of material maintained in this cabinet and most of the documentation was labeled by

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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

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- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/26/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)(P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

Re telcall from Supervisor [redacted] Civil Rights Unit, FBIHQ, 7/25/83. b6 b7C

Enclosed herewith are four copies each of 13 serials listed in Department of Justice memo to the FBI, dated 7/22/83. These serials have been duplicated from Informant File of [redacted] b7D

[redacted] [redacted] b2 b7E

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 IRFlc

44-81521-497

ENC. BEHIND FILE

(2) - Bureau (Encl. 52) ENCLOSURE
2 - Charlotte
HPB:jc
(4)

1 SET (13 ENC) TO CRD, USDJ
0-70B 7/28/83 EEA;
1 SET (13 ENC) RETAINED IN CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

[redacted] b6 b7C

1*

17 NOV 9 1983

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1982 O - 369-895

Evidence Receipt (to be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory)
7-16 (6-9-55)

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Agency submitting evidence: DEPT. OF JUSTICE Washington DC

Date: 8/25/83

LE: 30825057 - E QE

Delivered by: MS [redacted] RM (7336)

Accepted by: SA [redacted]

Suspect: [redacted] ET AL (KKK)

Victim: CAUCE, ET AL

Offense: CIVIL RIGHTS VIOLATION

Place and date of offense: GREENSBORO, N.C.

Brief Facts covering case

COLOR STILL PHOTOS (Greenkill) TAKEN FROM THREE (3) VIDEO TAPES OF CIVIL RIGHTS VIOLATIONS

b6
b7C

Prev. exams this case: ☑ Yes ☐ No

Evid. located: Room # _____

Report to be directed to: MR. [redacted] CHIEF, CRIMINAL SECTION, CIVIL RIGHTS DIV.

Copies to

Evidence to be returned to: [redacted] PHONE (633 3470) OR 4071

Date of hearing, grand jury, trial, or reason why expeditious handling is necessary: AUGUST 31, 1983

Evidence

RESUBMISSION OF:

(1) DIRECT COPY OF Q354

(2) Q358

(3) Q359

3/4" U-MATIC VIDEO CASSETTE TAPES

TSD report 12/21/83 NH:KK

1 cc and enclosures detached Div. QE/klg

(This space for blocking)

44-8152-498

AUG 30 1983

(Use reverse side if necessary for additional evidence)

8-259
XXXX
RECORDED
8/26/83
kkg

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION:
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Work Sheet

To: Mr. [redacted]
Chief, Criminal Section
Civil Rights Division
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

FBI FILE NO. 44-81521-498 b6 b7C

LAB. NO. 30825057 E QE

YOUR NO.

Re: [redacted] ET AL (KKK)
CAUCE, ET AL - VICTIM
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA
CIVIL RIGHTS VIOLATION

Examination by: [redacted]

Examination requested by: Addressee receipt dated

Reference: Evidence ~~received~~ 8/25/83

Examination requested: Video Tape

Specimens received: 8/25/83

Resubmission of: (1) Direct copy of Q354
(2) Q358
(3) Q359

3/4" U-matic video cassette tapes

TSD report
12/21/83
NH:KK

FBI/DOJ

VIDEO WORKSHEET

LAB. NO. 30825057 E DATE _____ SPECIMEN(S) RESUB OF Q354 (D.C.), Q358, Q359

BUFILE NO. 44-81521 AGENCY/FIELD OFFICE _____

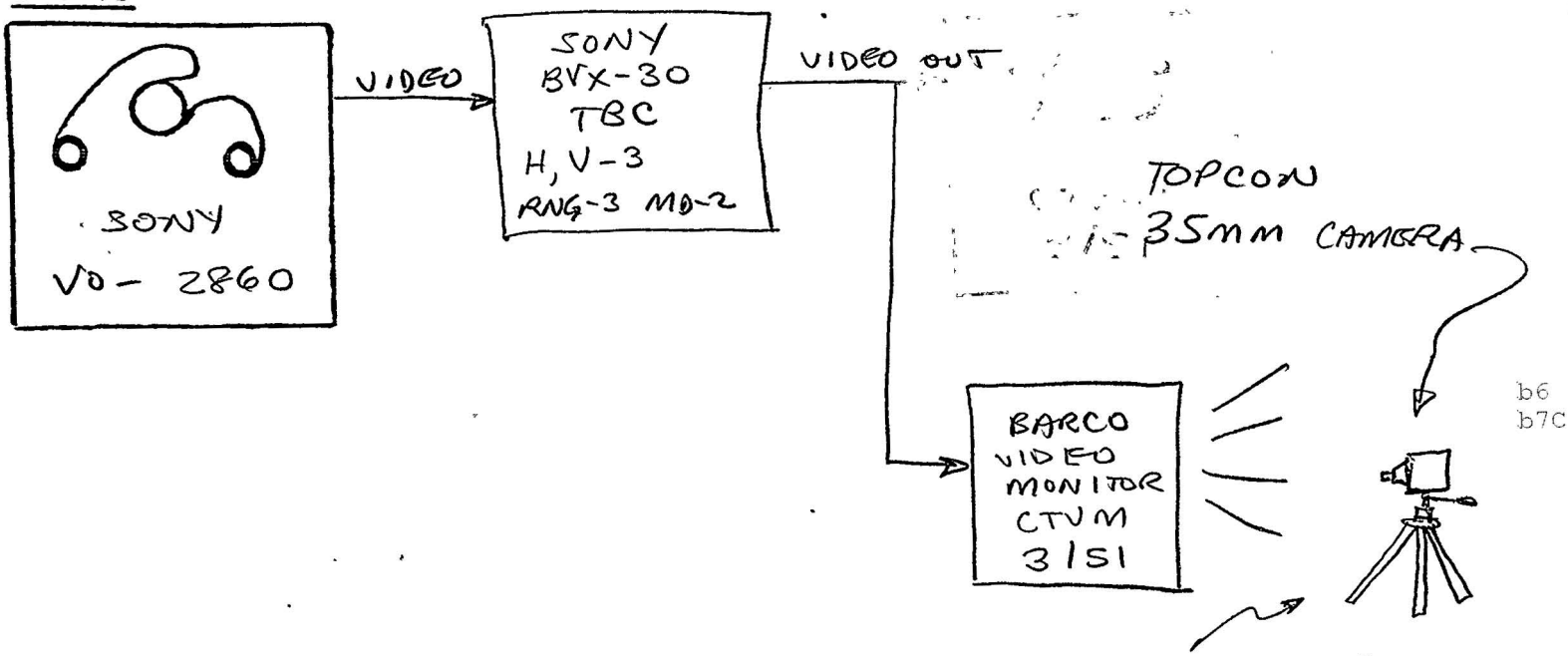
TAPE FORMAT	VIDEO FORMAT	AUDIO SIGNAL
U-MATIC ✓ REEL-TO-REEL ___	REALTIME ✓ STILL FRAME ___	AUDIO (Y) or N
VHS ___ ½" ___	TIME-LAPSE ___ SPLIT FRAME ___	NOISE ___
BETA ___ 1" ___	TIME-CODE ✓ SLO-MO ___	WEAK ___ STRONG ___
OTHER _____	COLOR ✓ OTHER _____	STEREO/MONO

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	VIDEO SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS
OXIDE WORN ___ TAPE DIRTY ___	SYNC _____ SCAN: _____
TAPE STRETCHED ___ TORN, CUT ___	CONTROL TRACK _____ NOISE _____
TAPE CRINKLED ___ HOUSING ___	VIDEO SIG. STRENGTH ___ ROLL ___ TEAR ___
EDGE FEATHERED ___ TAPE JAMMED ___	COLOR PHASE ___ COLOR STRENGTH ___

SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION(S) (D.C. OF Q354) → Q354 Q358, Q359 3/4-INCH U-MATICS REMAINED IN CUSTODY OF MS [redacted] DOJ;

DOJ. NEEDS COLOR NEGATIVES TO PRODUCE PICTURES OF SUBJECTS FOR USE IN COURT

SET-UP



TWO ROLLS OF 35mm COLOR PRINT FILM TAKEN OF PICTURES FROM Q354, Q358 AND Q359

VIDEOTAPE COPIES/PHOTOGRAPHS

AS SELECTED BY [redacted]

[redacted]

35mm FILM ROLLS TAKEN TO PHOTOGRAPHIC UNIT FOR PROCESSING

[redacted] WILL PICK-UP PROCESSED FILM DIRECTLY FROM PHOTO UNIT

(Rev. 3-19-82)

FBI LABORATORY
Washington, D. C.

Date 8/25/83
Time 10:00 am

EVIDENCE ACKNOWLEDGMENT

30825057

Received from [redacted] of the
(Name and Title)

Justice
(Department or Agency)

10th & Penn, Wash. DC
(Address)

633-3470
(Phone Number)

3-3/4" V-MATIC VIDEO TAPE CASSETTES

_____ box(es), _____ bag(s), _____ envelope(s), _____ vial(s), 3 object(s) of sealed evidence for examination in connection with case number 144-54M-351 entitled USV Griffin, et al (Greenkil)

Evidence Should Be
☐ Mailed Back
☒ Picked Up By Contributor

b6
b7C

This evidence will remain in the custody of the FBI Laboratory while the examinations are being conducted. Following completion of the examinations, a report containing the results of the examinations and the disposition of the evidence will be forwarded to your department. If evidence is picked up personally, your representative should identify it with the Laboratory case number(s) assigned in the FBI Laboratory report.

(ITEMS REMAINED IN CUSTODY & CONTROL OF [redacted]

SA [redacted]
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

FBI/DOJ

0-70 (12-15-82)

Memorandum

To : Assistant Attorney General
CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION

Date 7/28/83
ATTN:

b6
b7C

From : Director, FBI

Subject GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

File Copy
Treat as Yellow

Reference is made to your memorandum dated 7/22/83 (your file 144-54M-351).

There is enclosed one copy of the report/LHM of Special Agent _____ dated _____ at _____.

A. ☐ This contains the results of an investigation and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

B. ☒ The investigation is continuing and you will be furnished investigative results as they are received.

C. ☐ The investigation requested by you has now been completed. Unless advised to the contrary no further inquiries will be made by this Bureau.

D. ☐ Pursuant to instructions issued by the Department, no investigation will be conducted in this matter unless specifically directed by the Department.

E. ☐ Please advise whether you desire any further investigation.

F. ☐ This is submitted for your information and you will be advised of further developments.

44-81521

G. ☐ This is submitted for your information and no further investigation will be conducted unless specifically requested by the Department.

H. ☐ This covers the receipt of a complaint and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

Enc. Enclosed are 13 serials from the informant file [redacted] pursuant to your request.

b7D

RECORDED
AUG 1 1983

54 AUG 4 1983

FBI/DOJ

7-161 (Rev. 4-30-82)

TRANSMIT VIA: Airtel

CLASSIFICATION: _____ DATE: 8/22/83

FROM: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)

TO: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/11/84 BY sp2 tap/lp

Re Departmental letter of 7/13/83.

There is /~~are~~/ being forwarded to Federal Courthouse Building
Main Street
Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Att: SA [redacted]

b6
b7C

by Profit By Air, Inc., B/L 925 28914

the following one large wooden crate containing trial exhibit

prepared by Special Projects Section, Laboratory Division, re captioned matter.

The following action should be taken by your office:

TRIAL EXHIBITS OR OTHER VISUAL AIDS

- ☐ Check the above items against submitted work papers or roughs.
- ☒ Advise FBIHQ, attention Special Projects Section, Laboratory Division, (within ninety-days), re the use and effectiveness of these items, including all pertinent comments.

ARTIST'S CONCEPTIONS OR RETOUCHED PHOTOGRAPHS

- ☐ Have witness(es) view item(s) for evaluation.
- ☐ If modification is necessary, submit additional information and any pertinent comments of witness(es) to FBIHQ, Special Projects Section, Laboratory Division.
- ☐ Advise (within ninety-days) re the use and effectiveness of the above items. Upon apprehension of subject(s), submit arrest photographs.

1 - Package

44-81521-499

Ser AUG [illegible] 1983

WMF:aeb
(5)

4 SEP 2 1983

Enc.

MAIL ROOM ☐

MAILED 7
AUG 22 1983
FBI

FBI/DOJ

(2) persists in refusing to testify concerning the subject matter of his deposition despite an order of the judge to do so; or

(3) testifies to a lack of memory of the subject matter of his deposition; or

(4) is unable to be present or to testify at the hearing because of death or then existing physical or mental illness or infirmity; or

(5) is absent from the hearing and the proponent of his deposition has been unable to procure his attendance by process or other reasonable means. A deponent is not unavailable as a witness if his exemption, refusal, claim of lack of memory, inability, or absence is due to the procurement or wrongdoing of the proponent of his deposition for the purpose of preventing the witness from attending or testifying.

B. Committee Action. The Committee narrowed the definition of "unavailability" in subdivision (g). The Committee deleted language from that subdivision that provided that a witness was "unavailable" if the court exempts him from testifying at the trial on the ground of privilege. The Committee does not want to encourage the use of depositions at trial, especially in view of the importance of having live testimony from a witness on the witness stand.

The Committee added a provision to subdivision (b) to parallel the provision of Rule 43(b)(2). This is to make it clear that a disruptive defendant may be removed from the place where a deposition is being taken.

The Committee added language to subdivision (c) to make clear that the government must pay for the cost of the transcript of a deposition when the deposition is taken at the instance of an indigent defendant or of the government. In order to use a deposition at trial, it must be transcribed. The proposed rule did not explicitly provide for payment of the cost of transcribing, and the Committee change rectifies this.

The Committee notes that subdivision (e) permits the use of a deposition when the witness "gives testimony at the trial or hearing inconsistent with his deposition." Since subdivision (e) refers to the rules of evidence, the Committee understands that the Federal Rules of Evidence will govern the admissibility and use of the deposition. The Committee, by adopting subdivision (e) as proposed to be amended by the Supreme Court, intends the Federal Rules of Evidence to govern the admissibility and use of the deposition.

The Committee believes that Rule 15 will not encourage trials by deposition. A deposition may be taken only in "exceptional circumstances" when "it is in the interest of justice that the testimony of a prospective witness of a party be taken and preserved. * * *" A deposition, once it is taken, is not automatically admissible at trial, however. It may only be used at trial if the witness is unavailable, and the rule narrowly defines unavailability. The procedure established in Rule 15 is similar to the procedure established by the Organized Crime Control Act of 1970 for the taking and use of depositions in organized crime cases. See 18 U.S.C. 3503.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE NOTES, HOUSE REPORT NO. 94-414

Rule 15 deals with the taking of depositions and the use of depositions at trial. Rule 15(e) permits a deposition to be used if the witness is unavailable. Rule 15(g) defines that term.

The Supreme Court's proposal defines five circumstances in which the witness will be considered unavailable. The House version of the bill deletes a provision that said a witness is unavailable if he is exempted at trial, on the ground of privilege, from testifying about the subject matter of his deposition. The Senate version of the bill by cross reference to the Federal Rules of Evidence, restores the Supreme Court proposal.

The Conference adopts the Senate provision.

Rule 16. Discovery and Inspection

(a) Disclosure of Evidence by the Government.

(1) Information Subject to Disclosure.

(A) Statement of Defendant. Upon request of a defendant the government shall permit the defendant to inspect and copy or photograph: any relevant written or recorded statements made by the defendant, or copies thereof, within the possession, custody or control of the government, the existence of which is known, or by the exercise of due diligence may become known, to the attorney for the government; the substance of any oral statement which the government intends to offer in evidence at the trial made by the defendant whether before or after arrest in response to interrogation by any person then known to the defendant to be a government agent; and recorded testimony of the defendant before a grand jury which relates to the offense charged. Where the defendant is a corporation, partnership, association or labor union, the court may grant the defendant, upon its motion, discovery of relevant recorded testimony of any witness before a grand jury who (1) was, at the time of his testimony, so situated as an officer or employee as to have been able legally to bind the defendant in respect to conduct constituting the offense, or (2) was, at the time of the offense, personally involved in the alleged conduct constituting the offense and so situated as an officer or employee as to have been able legally to bind the defendant in respect to that alleged conduct in which he was involved.

(B) Defendant's Prior Record. Upon request of the defendant, the government shall furnish to the defendant such copy of his prior criminal record, if any, as is within the possession, custody, or control of the government, the existence of which is known, or by the exercise of due diligence may become known, to the attorney for the government.

(C) Documents and Tangible Objects. Upon request of the defendant the government shall permit the defendant to inspect and copy or photograph books, papers, documents, photographs, tangible objects, buildings or places, or

8/26/83

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr. [redacted] (LCD)

b6
b7C

Enclosed for information, are two copies of a Departmental letter dated 8/8/83, along with two copies of Rule 16(a)(1)(A), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

The attached Departmental letter has been discussed with both the Organized Crime Intelligence Unit (OCIU), Criminal Investigative Division (CID), and the Legal Research Unit (LRU), Legal Counsel Division (LCD). Both the OCIU, CID, and LRU, LCD, have stated the [redacted] informant file should not be released in its entirety as requested by the Department. The OCIU, CID, and LRU, LCD, agree that specific documents may be furnished to the Department under the following conditions and procedures.

b7D

The [redacted] informant file maintained in the Charlotte Division Headquarters Office may be further reviewed by Departmental Attorney [redacted] along with the Charlotte Principal Legal Advisor (PLA), who will provide copies of any documents which reflect information furnished by [redacted] while he was an FBI informant. Excluded from release to Attorney [redacted] are copies of documents which reveal the identity of other informants whose names or symbol numbers may appear on the documents. Administrative documents which do not reflect information furnished by [redacted] should also be withheld. If a question arises concerning the release of any document, immediately contact FBIHQ so that a resolution of the matter can be made.

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b7C

The Department has been advised of the conditions imposed by the OCIU, CID, and LRU, LCD, for further review and/or release of documents from the [redacted] informant file.

Charlotte will be advised when Attorney [redacted] plans to review the [redacted] file.

b6
b7C
b7D

44-81521-502

SEP 1 1983

EEH:mj
(11)

SEE BUREAU NOTE ON PAGE TWO

RETURN TO ROOM 5131

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.: ___
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

AUG 26 1983 FBI

54 SEP 1 1983

MAIL ROOM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/11/24 BY sp tap/ep

Airtel to SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527)
Re: GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS, OO: CHARLOTTE

BUREAU NOTE:

By letter dated 8/8/83, the Department requested a complete copy of the [redacted] informant file for review, in order that a determination can be made as to whether the Government is in compliance with Rule 16, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure (FRCP). Counsel for b7D defendant [redacted] has requested the Government turn over all statements of the defendant pursuant to Rule 16(a)(1)(A) FRCP. SA [redacted] OCIU, CID, and SA [redacted], LRU, LCD, have reviewed the request and imposed restrictions on the release of the [redacted] informant file as noted above. [redacted] was an FBI informant of b6 b7C the [redacted] Division from [redacted]. By letter dated 8/25/83, the Department was advised of the conditions under which the [redacted] informant file may further be reviewed.

APPROVED:
Director
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ AIRTEL
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 8/25/83

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)

FROM: SAC, WFO (44A-1194) (P)

GREENKIL

b6
b7C

Reference Charlotte airtel to Bureau dated 7/27/83.

Enclosed for Cincinnati and Milwaukee are one copy each of referenced airtel along with a copy of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) setting forth background relative to a leak investigation involving the Department of Justice (DOJ), Criminal Section, Civil Rights Division. Also enclosed for Cincinnati is a DOJ memorandum from [redacted] former student intern, Criminal Section, DOJ.

For information of receiving offices enclosed LHM and airtel provide a complete synopsis of captioned matter. The LHM relates to the current investigation being conducted by Washington Field relative to the possible leaking of several [redacted] to representatives of the Christic Institute; Greensboro Civil Rights Litigation Fund; and members of the Communist Workers Party (CWP). [redacted] and were in possession of DOJ attorneys, Washington, D.C., at the time they were leaked.

b3

The subpoenaed [redacted] were being kept in the office of [redacted] Departmental Attorney, handling captioned matter. Prior to the discovery that information had been leaked no security measures were employed by DOJ to secure the integrity of the [redacted] To date, no real suspects have been developed, however the name of [redacted] Departmental Attorney, General Litigation Section, has surfaced. Investigation has determined

(2) Bureau
2-Charlotte (44A-3527)
2-Cincinnati (Encl. 3)
2-Milwaukee (Encl. 2)
1-WFO

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/11/94 BY sp2tap/kp

44-81521-583

GNF:arc
(9)

Approved: TMG/sm Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

54 SEP 1 1983

2 AUG 29 1983

that in January, 1983, [redacted] was observed leaving the office of [redacted]. [redacted] was confronted by [redacted] former [redacted] who was involved with captioned matter. When [redacted] was questioned by [redacted] regarding his presence in [redacted] office he could provide no logical response. In addition, former [redacted] who shared an office with [redacted] also had a conversation with [redacted] around the same time period. According to [redacted] in January, 1983, [redacted] talked with [redacted] who admitted being in their office and stated he was interested in a civil rights case involving Indian Rights. It appears the response he provided to [redacted] was somewhat different than what he had relayed to [redacted] is no longer with [redacted] but is presently employed with the [redacted] office telephone [redacted] As noted, [redacted] is assigned to [redacted] and would have had no reason to be in the Civil Rights unit regarding his employment responsibilities. [redacted] should also be approached as a possible suspect relating to the documents.

For Cincinnati information, the enclosed memorandum explains the encounter of [redacted] who is presently residing at [redacted] During interview of [redacted] attempt to discreetly determine if he has maintained any contact with [redacted] If so, determine if he is aware of [redacted] associations with the Christic Institute; Greensboro Civil Rights Litigation Fund, and the CWP. [redacted] should be interviewed in detail relative to any conversation he had with [redacted] regarding the investigation in which he participated in as a law clerk. Also determine whether or not he disclosed any internal documents while employed as an [redacted] It should also be discussed as to whether or not he would consent to a possible polygraph examination in the future regarding this situation.

b6
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Receiving offices are requested to expedite the interview in this matter based on the importance of the investigation. It is also requested that interviews be documented in FD-302 suitable for dissemination by Washington Field. Sutel any significant information to WFO, and set forth appropriate leads.

LEADS

CHARLOTTE

AT GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA. Forward results of FD-302 relating to the interview of [redacted] conducted by Special Agent [redacted]

WFO 44A-1194

CINCINNATI

AT HILLIARD, OHIO. Locate and interview [redacted] relating to his encounter with [redacted] explained in enclosed memorandum.

MILWAUKEE

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN. Locate and interview [redacted] office telephone [redacted] regarding her encounter and conversation with [redacted], along with appropriate questioning relating to her possible involvement with the documents.

b6
b7C

WFO

AT WASHINGTON, D.C. Will interview [redacted] and initiate interviews previously discussed with FBIHQ and the DOJ.

Memorandum

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

To : [redacted]

Date August 2, 1983

From : [redacted]

Subject : GREENKIL

REFERENCE: Evidence receipt dated March 23, 1983, from SA [redacted], Criminal Investigative Division (CID).

PURPOSE: To set forth a written record in the form of a Technical Services Division (TSD) report detailing the results of the requested work.

DETAILS: Attached is the TSD report detailing the results of the requested video tape duplication.

b6
b7C

RECOMMENDATION: That the attached TSD report be placed in file and Laboratory case number 30324062 E QE be closed.

APPROVED:	Adm. Servs.	Laboratory
	Crim. Inv.	Legal Coun.
Director		Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Exec. AD-Adm.	Ident.	Rec. Mgnt.
Exec. AD-Inv.	Inspection	Tech. Servs.
Exec. AD-LES	Intell.	Training

OK Ibsa

Enclosures
1 - Mr. [redacted]
Attention: SA [redacted], Rm. 5131
1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mrs

NH:apb (7)
apb

44-81521-504

2 AUG 11 1983

4 SEP 1 1983

FBI/DOJ

8-259

RECORDED
3/28/83
lab

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION:
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Work Sheet

To: Mr. Revell
Criminial Investigative Division
FBIHQ

FBI FILE NO. 44-81521 — 504

LAB. NO. 30324062 E QE

Re: GREENKIL

YOUR NO.

Examination by: [redacted]

b6
b7C

Examination requested by: Addressee

Reference: Evidence Receipt dated 3/23/83

Examination requested: Duplication

Specimens received: 3/~~24~~23/83, personally delivered by SA [redacted]

JSD report 8/2/83 N.H. copies

PERSONALLY DELIVERED TO SA [redacted]

Q1981 - one video tape

TWO UCA-30 U-MATIC VIDEO CASSETTE TAPES ON MARCH 29, 1983

FBI/DOJ

VIDEO WORKSHEET

LAB. NO. 30324062EQE DATE 3/21/83 SPECIMEN(S) Q1981

BUFILE NO. 44-81521 AGENCY/FIELD OFFICE HQ, DIV 6 (CID)

TAPE FORMAT	VIDEO FORMAT	AUDIO SIGNAL
U-MATIC ✓ REEL-TO-REEL ___	REALTIME ✓ STILL FRAME ___	AUDIO (Y) or N olc
VHS ___ ½" ___	TIME-LAPSE ___ SPLIT FRAME ___	NOISE ___
BETA ___ 1" ___	TIME-CODE ___ SLO-MO ___	WEAK ___ STRONG ___
OTHER ___	COLOR ___ OTHER ___	STEREO/(MONO)

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS	olc VIDEO SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS
OXIDE WORN ___ TAPE DIRTY ___ olc	SYNC ___ SCAN: ___
TAPE STRETCHED ___ TORN, CUT ___	CONTROL TRACK ___ NOISE ___
TAPE CRINKLED ___ HOUSING ___	VIDEO SIG. STRENGTH ___ ROLL ___ TEAR ___
EDGE FEATHERED ___ TAPE JAMMED ___	COLOR PHASE ___ COLOR STRENGTH ___

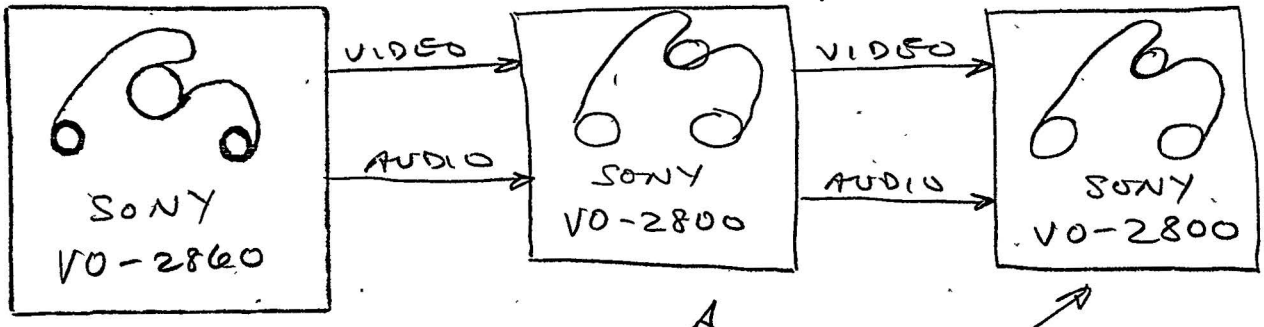
SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION(S)

AMPEX KCA-60 U-MATIC VIDEO CASSETTE

MKD "LIE-DETECTOR PROGRAM 2/22/83 [redacted] b7D GREENKIL

START AT TAPE COUNTER 245-461"

SET-UP



ONE EACH (2)
UCA-30
U-MATIC VIDEO CASSETTE COPIES

VIDEOTAPE COPIES/PHOTOGRAPHS

8-258b

REPORT
of the
FBI
TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

To: Mr. Oliver B. Revell
Criminal Investigative Division
FBIHQ

August 2, 1983

Attention: SA [redacted]
Room 5131

FBI FILE NO. 44-81521-504

LAB. NO. 30324062 E QE

Re: GREENKIL

b6
b7C

Specimens received: Personally delivered by SA [redacted] on March 23, 1983.

Q1981 One Ampex KCA-60 U-matic video cassette tape marked in part "Lie Detector Program 2/22/83."

Result of examination:

Two direct video/audio copies of Q1981 were made, each copy consisting of one UCA-30 U-matic video cassette tape.

Q1981 and the copies of Q1981 were personally delivered to SA [redacted], Criminal Investigative Division, on March 29, 1983.

FBI/DOJ

Exec. AD-Adm. ____
Exec. AD Inv. ____
Exec. AD-LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Inspection ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

8/8/83

JUDGE:

Re: GREENKIL

Re note to you dated 7/19/83 (attached).

On 8/1/83, Section Chief [redacted] Criminal Investigative Division (CID) advised that he is aware of the current investigation of the possible unauthorized release of information and/or documents by a DOJ employee in the captioned investigation. [redacted] advised he was in attendance at the 7/19/83 meeting when Justice requested an investigation. [redacted] stated that those attending were [redacted] Section Chief, Civil Rights Division, DOJ; [redacted], Deputy, Civil Rights Division, DOJ; United States Attorney, District of North Carolina; Charlotte FBI Case Agent [redacted] and Special Agents [redacted] and himself for FBIHQ. [redacted] said he was not aware if OPR/DOJ was contacted regarding this matter, however, he agrees that OPR/DOJ should be advised in view of the possible DOJ employee involved in this investigation. [redacted] was advised that [redacted] Counsel, OPR/DOJ, would be orally briefed on this matter.

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On 8/1/83, [redacted] Deputy Counsel, OPR/DOJ was fully advised of the information known regarding the possible leak of information or documents by a DOJ employee. [redacted] advised that he was not aware of this matter but would bring it to [redacted] attention. [redacted] said that from the facts known to him, no investigation will be requested of the OPR/Inspection Division. OPR/DOJ will monitor the investigation through the Civil Rights Division/DOJ.

On 8/5/83, [redacted] advised that [redacted] was not aware of this matter and was appreciative of us bringing it to his attention. Mr. [redacted] advised that Mr. [redacted] is in agreement with him that this is not a matter for OPR/ID but it should be handled by CID.

[redacted]

Enc. 1 ENCLOSURE

1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.

44-81521-504X2

OCT 24 1986

[redacted]

FILE

AJ:jo
(4)

108 OCT 30 1986

7/19/83

Judge:

RE: GREENKIL

Information has been received that a document described as a [redacted] b3

[redacted]

On 7/7/83, [redacted] in Greensboro, North Carolina, voluntarily contacted the case FBI Agent. [redacted] advised he has had frequent contact with [redacted] They have advised him that a [redacted] Washington, D. C., who is also the [redacted]

[redacted] This unidentified employee of the Department is furnishing information to [redacted] also b6 b7C b7D advised that [redacted] to the head of the Civil Rights Division for consideration. [redacted] also told [redacted], that [redacted] and [redacted] between [redacted] and Mr. [redacted] relative to the investigation and possible prosecution of [redacted] The Department has advised this [redacted] contacted the case Agent.

EBH:dkg

(CONTINUED - OVER)

For Information Only. [redacted]

44-81521-504X2

ENCLOSURE

RE: GREENKIL

The case Agent believes this information to have credibility and supported his contention by stating that members of the CWP and Greensboro Justice Fund made no attempt to demonstrate or issue press releases at the time the FGJ reconvened in [redacted] This lack of activity by the CWP and Greensboro Justice Fund during the [redacted] FGJ Session indicates that the CWP and Greensboro Justice Fund had advance information that no indictments were to be sought at this time but rather at a later FGJ Session. b3

On [redacted] the FGJ met to [redacted] On [redacted], [redacted] and [redacted] a CWP member, attempted to enter the FGJ meeting room to deliver documents to the FGJ. [redacted] was also present but did not enter the Grand Jury room. [redacted] had previously testified before the FGJ and was invited to testify again on [redacted]; however, he advised he was not available.

The Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, has requested the FBI investigate this matter to determine if any Departmental employees may have released documents or furnished information without authorization.

On 7/19/83, a meeting was held at FBIHQ between Departmental attorneys and FBIHQ officials to discuss the Department's request for investigation. Investigation is being instituted by our Charlotte and Washington Field Offices. b6 b7C

O. B. Revell

OBR/AK

TPC

DJV I recommend this ~~was~~ vote be routed to [redacted]

WAW

0-70 (12-15-82)

Memorandum

To : Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

Date 8/25/83

From : Director, FBI

Subject : GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

FILE COPY
TREAT AS YELLOW
★

Reference is made to your memorandum dated August 8, 1983, (your file DJ 144-54M-351).

There is enclosed one copy of the report/LHM of Special Agent _____ dated _____ at _____.

A. ☐ This contains the results of an investigation and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

B. ☒B The investigation is continuing and you will be furnished investigative results as they are received.

C. ☐ The investigation requested by you has now been completed. Unless advised to the contrary no further inquiries will be made by this Bureau.

D. ☐ Pursuant to instructions issued by the Department, no investigation will be conducted in this matter unless specifically directed by the Department.

E. ☐ Please advise whether you desire any further investigation.

F. ☐ This is submitted for your information and you will be advised of further developments.

G. ☐ This is submitted for your information and no further investigation will be conducted unless specifically requested by the Department.

H. ☐ This covers the receipt of a complaint and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

Enc. Your request for a complete copy of the [redacted] informant file maintained by the Charlotte Office of the FBI has been reviewed by the Legal Counsel Division and the Criminal Investigative Division, FBIHQ. b7D

44-81521-

It is the position of the Legal Counsel Division and the Criminal Investigative Division that the [redacted] informant file may not be released in its entirety; however, Attorney [redacted] has been authorized to further review the file at our Charlotte Headquarters Office along with the Charlotte Principal Legal Advisor.

NOT RECORDED
SEP 1983
FBI/DOJ

4 SEP 14 1983

b6
b7C

0-70 continued
RE: GREENKIL

During this review, Attorney [redacted] will be furnished copies of any documents not now in his possession, in which [redacted] furnished information to the FBI and which do not reveal the identities of any other informant. Further excluded from production are any documents of an Administrative nature which do not contain information furnished by [redacted] b7D b6 b7C

Please advise when Attorney [redacted] will be available to review the file at the Charlotte Office.

APRIL, 1980. WITH THE EXCEPTION OF A CHANGE IN THE CODE NUMBER, THIS MEMO IS IDENTICAL IN LANGUAGE TO AN INTERNAL AFFAIRS MEMO OF THE ATF. [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted]

ATTORNEY [redacted] CRD, ASSISTED BY SA [redacted] TELEPHONICALLY FURNISHED ALL DETAILS TO SECTION CHIEF [redacted], CRD. [redacted] ADVISED HE WOULD DISCUSS THIS MATTER WITH ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL [redacted] THIS DATE AND MAY REQUEST A FULL FBI INVESTIGATION INTO THE LEAK OF INFORMATION FROM USDJ TO GREENSBORO JUSTICE FUND. b6 b7C

[redacted] WAS NOT REQUESTED TO HAVE ANY FURTHER CONTACT WITH [redacted] BUT [redacted] ADVISED THAT IF HE RECEIVED ANY OTHER INFORMATION CONCERNING THIS MATTER, HE FELT IT WAS HIS OBLIGATION TO REPORT IT TO THE FBI, AS HE BELIEVES NOW THAT HE HAS [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

[redacted]

[redacted]. [redacted] INDICATED THAT HE WOULD SUPPLY INFORMATION CONFIDENTIALLY IF HE DETERMINED ANY MORE INFORMATION REGARDING THE ABOVE CAPTIONED MATTERS AND REQUESTED THAT HIS IDENTITY BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL BECAUSE OF HIS

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted]

CHARLOTTE IS CONDUCTING NO ACTIVE INVESTIGATION IN THIS MATTER UNTIL FBIHQ AND USDJ, ADVISE OF SPECIFIC STEPS TO BE TAKEN. CHARLOTTE WILL CONTINUE TO ACCEPT INFORMATION VOLUNTEERED BY [redacted] UACB.

BT

Memorandum

To : Assistant Attorney General
CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION

Date 7/8/83

From : Director, FBI

ATTN: [redacted] b6 b7C

Subject : GREENKIL;
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Reference is made to _____ memorandum dated _____ (your file _____).

There is enclosed one copy of ~~the report of Special Agent~~ a teletype dated 7/8/83 at CHARLOTTE (44A-3527).

A. ☐ This contains the results of an investigation and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

B. ☒ The investigation is continuing and you will be furnished investigative results as they are received.

C. ☐ The investigation requested by you has now been completed. Unless advised to the contrary no further inquiries will be made by this Bureau.

D. ☐ Pursuant to instructions issued by the Department, no investigation will be conducted in this matter unless specifically directed by the Department.

E. ☐ Please advise whether you desire any further investigation.

F. ☐ This is submitted for your information and you will be advised of further developments.

G. ☐ This is submitted for your information and no further investigation will be conducted unless specifically requested by the Department.

H. ☐ This covers the receipt of a complaint and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

Enc. (1)

44-3527-1 b6 b7C

43 JUL 20 1983

2/8/83

FILE COPY
TREAT AS YELLOW

[redacted]

FBI/DOJ

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

7 Nov 79 23 24z

FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
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Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

CEO007 3112300Z

OO HI

DE CE

0 072-51Z NOV 79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

THE FOLLOWING IS SUMMARY OF PERTINENT INFORMATION OF CAPTIONED MATTER OBTAINED DURING NOVEMBER 7, 1979.

LOCAL MEDIA HAS WIDELY REPORTED EXERPTS OF GREENSBORO PD RADIO LOGS WHICH INDICATE POLICE DEPARTMENT MONITORING ACTIVITIES OF KLAN CARAVAN ON DAY OF KILLINGS. PD CONDUCTING AN INTERNAL INVESTIGATION ON CONDUCT OF THEIR DEPARTMENT ON THE DAY OF KILLINGS. RESULTS OF THIS INVESTIGATION PLUS COPIES OF ALL LOGS AND TRANSCRIPTS WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO BUREAU. PD HAS INDICATED THAT IT WAS COMMAND JUDGMENT TO MAINTAIN DISCREET DISTANCE FROM DEMONSTRATION BECAUSE PD PRESENCE WOULD PROVOKE VIOLENCE. WVO GROUP INDICATED THEY WERE LOOKING FOR A CONFRONTATION WITH PD AND HAD BEEN BAITING PD INTENDING TO GET THEIR REACTION

44-81981-53

NOV 9 1979

60 NOV 29 19

WHICH THEY COULD USE TO CRITICIZE PD. b6 b7C

[redacted] IN GREENSBORO INDICATED TO MEDIA THIS DATE THAT WVO WOULD FILE $500 MILLION LAW SUIT AGAINST FBI, GREENSBORO PD, AND SBI. ALLEGATIONS TO BE CONDUCTED IN THIS SUIT NOT KNOWN, BUT BUREAU WILL BE INFORMED IMMEDIATELY WHEN PAPERS ARE RECEIVED BY CLERK OF COURT.

PRELIMINARY AUTOPSY REPORTS RECEIVED AND INDICATE FOUR DEATHS CAUSED BY SHOTGUN. TYPE OF WEAPON CAUSING FIFTH DEATH NOT DESCRIBED IN PRELIMINARY REPORT.

INTERVIEWS OF WVO, KLANSMEN, AND NAZI'S IN HICKORY, LINCOLNTON, RALEIGH/DURHAM, AND GREENSBORO AREAS OF NORTH CAROLINA CONTINUING.

[redacted] NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA (NAZI'S), TELEPHONED GREENSBORO RA AND INDICATED HE ADVISED HIS PARTY MEMBERS NOT TO TAKE WEAPONS TO GREENSBORO ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, BECAUSE GREENSBORO HAD A LAW AGAINST FIREARMS IN THE CITY LIMITS. HE STATED NAZI'S MUST HAVE GOTTEN WEAPONS FROM KLANSMEN. b6 b7C

BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

BT

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RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

16 Nov 79 19 42Z

FBI
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
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Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

MF

AL0001 2301935Z

PP HQ CE

DE AL

P 161900Z NOV 80

FM ALBANY (44-1347) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR (PRIORITY)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO BUREAU AND ALL SACS DATED NOVEMBER 5 AND NOVEMBER 6, 1979. 44-81531-54

APPROPRIATE INQUIRIES AND CONTACTS HAVE BEEN MADE IN AN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION WHICH MAY BE PERTINENT TO INSTANT MATTER. NO POSITIVE INFORMATION CONCERNING INSTANT MATTER HAS BEEN OBTAINED THROUGH SOURCE CONTACTS.

THERE ARE NO CURRENT OUTSTANDING LEADS WITHIN THE ALBANY DIVISION. ALBANY WILL REMAIN ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION OF VALUE, AND WILL REPORT POSITIVE INFORMATION. ALBANY IS BEING PLACED IN AN RUC STATUS PENDING ANY FURTHER LEADS.

2 NOV 20 1979

BT

#

66 NOV 29 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 RAP/mm

PAGE THREE CE 44-3527 UNCLAS E F T O

CAPTIONED MATTER. CHARLOTTE CONTINUING CLOSE LIAISON WITH GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT.

BT

NORTH CAROLINA, AREA. THE MAJORITY OF THE PARTICIPANTS INVOLVED IN CAPTIONED MATTER ARE FROM OTHER AREAS OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

[redacted] REFERRED TO IN PREVIOUS TELETYPE AS BEING IN THE VAN BELIEVED INVOLVED IN THE SHOOTING, WAS SHOT IN THE LEGS AND ARM BY AN UNIDENTIFIED MEMBER OF THE WVO; AND, ACCORDING TO WITNESSES AT THE SCENE, MEMBERS OF THE WVO WERE ALSO HEAVILY ARMED. [redacted] OF THE WVO, MENTIONED IN PREVIOUS TELETYPE, WAS BELIEVED ARMED WITH A HANDGUN DURING CAPTIONED INCIDENT.

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b7C

INVESTIGATION AT THIS TIME HAS ALSO DETERMINED THAT ONE [redacted] KNOWN TO THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION AS A FORMER KLANSMAN AND BELIEVED TO BE STILL A MEMBER, MAY HAVE BEEN THE PRINCIPAL ORGANIZER OF THE KLAN CARAVAN INVOLVED IN CAPTIONED INCIDENT. EFFORTS TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW [redacted] ARE CURRENTLY BEING MADE.

b6
b7C

ADMINISTRATIVE:

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO BUREAU, NOVEMBER 3, 19-9.

THE BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF ALL DEVELOPMENTS IN

11/8/79

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION b6 b7C

GRENKIL

Attached from Charlotte Office advises that the local media has widely reported excerpts of Greensboro Police Department (GPD) radio logs, which indicate GPD monitoring of Klan caravan on day of killings. GPD conducting an internal investigation of conduct of their department. Results of this investigation plus copies of all logs and transcripts will be made available to the FBI. GPD has indicated that it was a command judgment to maintain a discreet distance from demonstration because GPD presence would provoke violence. Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO) group indicated they were looking for confrontation with GPD and had been baiting the GPD, intending to get their reaction which they could use to criticize the GPD. [redacted] in Greensboro, indicated to media on 11/7/79 that WVO would file a five hundred million dollar law suit against the FBI, GPD, and State Bureau of Investigation (North Carolina). Allegations of this suit not known. Preliminary autopsy reports indicated four deaths were caused by shotgun. Type of weapon causing fifth death not described in preliminary report. [redacted] National Socialist Party of North Carolina (Nazis), indicated he advised the party members not to take weapons to Greensboro on 11/3/79 and stated the Nazis must have obtained the weapons from the Klansmen.

By separate teletype, Charlotte Office advised that [redacted] supra, voluntarily telephoned Greensboro Resident Agency of FBI and advised his group has no intention of conducting any counter demonstration on 11/11/79. On 11/7/79 members of the Revolutionary Communist Party conducted a news conference in Greensboro and indicated they intend to rally on 11/18/79 in Greensboro. No further details are known about this rally at this time.

1 - Mr. Colwell
1 - Mr. Herndon
1 - Mr. Steel

JBL:bvm

APPROVED:

Director
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES

Adm. Serv.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory

Legal Coun.
Gen. & Insp.
Fgn. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Aff. Off.

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

4 Nov 79 05 33z

RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

CE0992 3080514Z

OO HQ

DE CE

O 040514Z

DM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A).

OFFICIALS, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT, ADVISED THAT, AS OF 12:00 MIDNIGHT, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, THERE HAVE BEEN NO FURTHER REPORTED INCIDENTS IN CAPTIONED MATTER AND SITUATION AT GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, AS OF THAT TIME APPEARS QUIET.

44-81521-55

INVESTIGATION BY GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT IN CHECKING LICENSE NUMBERS OF KLAN VEHICLES IN THE KLAN CARAVAN AND IN CHECKING THE LICENSE NUMBERS OF VEHICLES BELIEVED BELONGING TO MEMBERS OF THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) FOUND THAT VERY FEW ARE FROM THE GREENSBORO,

Relayed by 0-73 to USSS, EPC on 11/4/79 0912Z

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/24 BY sp2top/sp

NOV 29 1979

NOV 21 1979

b6
b7C

4-528

44-81521- 56
57
58

CHANGED TO

100-483237- 3X14
3X11
3X17

FEB 21 1980
NBH/PMC

112NY0650 3150146

PP HQ CE

DE NY907

P 100136Z NOV. 79

FM NEW YORK 44-3149 (P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL.

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

11 Nov 79 02 01 Z

RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv. ____
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Plan & Insp. ____
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Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Public Affs. Off. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 TAP/lw

RE NEWARK AND WASHINGTON FIELD TT DATED 11/9/79.

PHYSICAL SURVEILLANCE AT 1 EAST BROADWAY, NEW YORK, NEW YORK FROM 3:00PM TO 6:15PM, 11/10/79; NEGATIVE RESULTS. NO NUMBERS OF WVO; NO CHARTER BUS. AT FLATBUSH AND DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, NEW YORK, APPROXIMATELY 24 PEOPLE LEFT FOR GREENSBORO, N.C. AT 7:20PM, INSTANT DATE IN WHITE OVER ALUMINUM ACADEMY CO. BUS, LICENSE NUMBER [redacted] BUS NUMBER 68. TWO TELEPHONE NUMBERS DISPLAYED ON BUS: [redacted] AND [redacted]

b6
b7C

AT W.125TH ST. AND 7TH AVE. N.Y.,N.Y.. ACADEMY BUS CO. BUS NUMBER 44, WHITE OVER ALUMINUM, [redacted] LICENSE NUMBER [redacted] LEFT FOR GREENSBORO, N.C. WITH 35-40 ABOARD AT 8:15PM INSTANT DATE.

BT

44-[illegible]-59

NOV 20 1979

66 NOV 30 1979

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 11/15/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (157-9579)(SQ12)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

Re Denver teletype to Bureau, 11/10/79.

b6
b7C

Efforts by Philadelphia Office and Reading, Pa. Police Department, to determine whether [redacted] planned to travel or in fact did travel to Greensboro, N.C. on 11/10/79 have proven unsuccessful. [redacted] was determined to have been in Reading, Pa. on 11/7/79, however, his whereabouts subsequent to that date remain unknown. Telephone number [redacted] is listed to the "Freedom Fighters for you Rights" which is a recorded message believed to be from [redacted]

b6
b7C

It is noted that although [redacted] is believed capable of such actions as described in referenced teletype, that he does not possess the resources or means to effect such an action.

Any information coming to the attention of Philadelphia will be provided to the Bureau and Charlotte.

(2) Bureau
2-Charlotte (44-3527)
1-Philadelphia (157-9579)(SQ12)

JRM:DAD
(5)

44-8521-60

NOV 20 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1*6-5-84 BY SP1 [illegible]

SEXI

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 11/26/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-26-81 BY Charlotte

b6
b7C

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of the following documents:

1. An Administrative Report of the Anti-Klan Rally, Greensboro, N.C., November 3, 1979, received from WILLIAM E. SWING, Chief of Police, Greensboro Police Department.

2. Letter dated 11/19/79, from Chief of Police to City Manager, City of Greensboro, captioned, "Investigation of the Anti-Klan Rally, November 3, 1979."

3. Resolution adopted by City Council of the City of Greensboro on 11/19/79, requesting U.S. Dept. of Justice investigation into 11/3/79 incident.

In view of the extensive media coverage of the release of the Greensboro Police Department Administrative Report, a copy of this report plus appropriate other documents

ENC. BEHIND FILE

ENCLOSURE

(2) - Bureau (Encs. 3)
2 - Charlotte
HPB:jat
(4)

2 xerox copies made and FWD to USDJ, CRD 11/28/79 BY 0-708

44-8321-

SEE HATFIELD

7 NOV 29 1979

ICC HATFIELD CRU 11/28/79

57 DEC 6 1979

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

CE 44-3527

Date _____

is being furnished FBIHQ for dissemination to the Civil Rights Division, USDJ. It is noted that reference to the Greensboro PD internal investigation was referred to in the Administration Section of referenced report.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

0-70 (Rev. 8-3-78)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO : Assistant Attorney General
CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION

DATE: 11/28/79

b6
b7C

FROM : Director, FBI

File Copy

1 - [redacted]
1 -

SUBJECT:

GREENKIL

Reference is made to my memorandum dated 11/20/79 (your file).

There is enclosed one copy of the report of Special Agent dated at .

A. ☐ This covers the preliminary investigation and no further action concerning a full investigation will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

B. ☒ The investigation is continuing and you will be furnished copies of reports as they are received.

C. ☐ The investigation requested by you has now been completed. Unless advised to the contrary no further inquiries will be made by this Bureau.

D. ☐ Pursuant to instructions issued by the Department, no investigation will be conducted in this matter unless specifically directed by the Department.

E. ☐ Please advise whether you desire any further investigation.

F. ☐ This is submitted for your information and you will be advised of further developments.

G. ☐ This is submitted for your information and no further investigation will be conducted unless specifically requested by the Department.

H. ☐ This covers the receipt of a complaint and no further action will be taken by this Bureau unless the Department so directs.

Enc. (1) NOTE: ENCLOSED ARE TWO COPIES OF A REPORT RECEIVED FROM THE CITY OF GREENSBORO, N.C. ENTITLED "AN ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT OF THE ANTI-KLAN RALLY, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979." ALSO ENCLOSED ARE COPIES OF A LETTER FROM THE CHIEF OF POLICE TO THE CITY MANAGER, DATED NOVEMBER 19, 1979 AND A RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE GREENSBORO CITY COUNCIL.

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

CG 000 324 18522

RR HQ CH

DE CG

R 201822Z NOV 79

FM OMAHA (44-799) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST 44-81521

NOT RECORDED

FEB 19 1980

"GREENKIL". (A)

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOVEMBER [redacted], 1979.

CONTACTS CONDUCTED WITH LINCOLN POLICE DEPARTMENT (PD), LINCOLN PD SOURCE, AND UNIVERSITY OF LINCOLN-NEBRASKA PD HAS RESULTED IN NO INDICATION OF PLANNED TRAVEL OR DEMONSTRATIONS ON THE PART OF INDIVIDUALS OR GROUPS SUCH AS THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, KU KLUX KLAN, OR OTHER SYMPATHETIC ORGANIZATIONS REGARDING CAPTIONED MATTER.

OMAHA WILL CONTINUE TO BE ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION RELATIVE TO CAPTIONED MATTER.

BT

NOV 20 1979

Original Filed In 100-443523

FEB 25 1980 PMC

4-528

44-81521- 62
63
64
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CHANGED TO

100-483237- 3X13
3X20
3X6
3X7
3X18

FEB 21 1980

NBH/PMC

C

FBI/DOJ

SF0675 3200400Z

RR HQ CE

DE SF 018

R 150345Z NOV 79

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (100-802661)(C) (SQUAD 1)

TO DIRECTOR (ROUTINE)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(ROUTINE)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

16 Nov 79 04 03 Z

RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-A.
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Asst. Dir.
Adm. Serv.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
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Legal Coun.
Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/30/93 BY Joe Cautley
Comb #1 206804 / 512 TAP Cem
8-C-84

AT 12:00 NOON, NOVEMBER 15, 1979, APPROXIMATELY 45 PERSONS DEMONSTRATED AT THE FEDERAL BUILDING, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. A PAMPHLET DISTRIBUTED BY THE DEMONSTRATORS IDENTIFIED THEM AS MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE MURDER OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (WVO) 5. THE PAMPHLET URGED PERSONS TO JOIN THE COMMITTEE WHOSE DEMANDS ARE (1) DROP ALL CHARGES AGAINST THE ANTI CLAN DEMONSTRATORS. (2) HAVE CARTER AND/OR KENNEDY INVESTIGATE AND INDICT THE FBI. THE PAMPHLET DESCRIBES THE IMMEDIATES TASKS FOR THE COMMITTEE AS BEING (1) TELL THE "REAL" SITUATION IN GREENSBORO. (2) ESTABLISH A LEGAL FUND TO DEFEND THE ANTI CLAN DEMONSTRATORS WHO WERE ARRESTED. (3) RAISE FUNDS

NW CODE 1205 DECLASSIFIED

44-81521-67

5 NOV 20 1979

64 DEC 4 1979

SIX

WHEN
1-11-50

TO AIDE FAMILIES OF THE CLAN DEMONSTRATORS. ADDRESS LISTED ON THE PAMPHLET IS COMMITTEE TO AVENGE THE CWP 5, CARE OF POST OFFICE BOX 4201, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA, 94704, TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted]

b6
b7C

DURING THE DEMONSTRATION, A FIGURE, VARIOUSLY DESCRIBED AS A KLU KLUX KLAN MEMBER OR A FBI AGENT WAS BURNED IN EFFIGY. AT APPROXIMATELY 1:00 P.M., ABOUT 20 INDIVIDUALS, SOME WITH BATONS, ENTERED THE LOBBY OF THE FEDERAL BUILDING AND ATTEMPTED TO SET UP BANNERS THERE. A CONTRACT GUARD ATTEMPTED TO INTERVENE AND WAS STRUCK BY A DEMONSTRATOR. FEDERAL PROTECTIVE SERVICE PERSONNEL ENGAGED THE DEMONSTRATORS AND PUSHED THEM OUT OF THE LOBBY. SHORTLY THEREAFTER, THE SAN FRANCISCO POLICE DEPARTMENT, TACTICAL SQUAD, ARRIVED AT THE SCENE AND QUELLED THE DISTURBANCE. THE DEMONSTRATION ENDED AT APPROXIMATELY 1:30 P.M. NO ARRESTS WERE MADE. CONTRACT GUARD APPARENTLY NO SERIOUSLY HURT. THERE WERE NO INDICATIONS OF ANY TRAVEL PLANS BY THIS GROUP TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA.

BT

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

9 Nov 79 20 07 Z

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv.
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Exec. AD-LES
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Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secy

ATO302 3131942

PP HQ CE CO KX

DE AT

P 091942Z NOV 79

FM ATLANTA (157-7463) (P) (SQ 3)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE PRIORITY

COLUMBIA PRIORITY

KNOXVILLE PRIORITY

BT

C O N F I D E N T I A L

"GREENKIL"

DECLASSIFIED BY 60324 EMW/ICT
ON 8/23/82
Comp # 206809

RE CHARLOTTE TEL NOBEMBER 6, 1979.

ON NOVEMBER 9, 1979, [redacted] ATLANTA,

GEORGIA (PROTECT BY REQUEST) ADVISED INFORMATION HAS COME TO HIS ATTENTION THAT THE KKK HAS SCHEDULED MARCHES FOR SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1979 AT BOTH GREER, SOUTH CAROLINA AND KINGSPORT, TENNESSEE. HE HAD NO KNOWLEDGE REGARDING OUTSIDERS TRAVELING TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA FOR A DEMONSTRATION ON NOVEMBER 10, 1979. (W) (W)

b6
b7C
b7D

44-8152-68

2 NOV 13 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-16-84 BY sp2 MP/SAC

CLASS. & EXT. BY sp-4 Sanitized
REASON-FCIM II 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 11/1984
Comp # 211554

64 DEC 5 1979

PAGE TWO AT (157-7463) C O N F I D E N T I A L

NO OTHER INFORMATION HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY ATLANTA CONCERNING TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA IN CONNECTION WITH CAPTIONED MATTER, BUT BUREAU AND INTERESTED OFFICES WILL BE ADVISED ACCORDINGLY.

C&E BY 4230; REASONS 2&3; DRD NOVEMBER 9, 1999.

BT

November 16, 1979
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION
GREENSBORO

In attached, San Francisco Office advises that at Noon, 11/15/79, about 45 persons demonstrated at the Federal Building, San Francisco, California. Pamphlet distributed by demonstrators identified them as Committee to Avenge the Murder of the Communist Workers Party. Committee demands that all charges against anti-Klan demonstrations be dropped and that the FBI be investigated and indicted. During demonstration, a figure variously described as a KKK member or an FBI Agent was burned in effigy.

At about 1:00 p.m., approximately 20 of the demonstrators entered the Federal Building lobby and attempted to set up banners. A contract guard intervened and was struck by demonstrators (no serious injury). Federal Protective Service personnel forced group out of lobby and SFPD Tactical Squad quelled disturbance. Demonstration ended at 1:30 p.m.; no arrests made. No indication group plans to travel to Greensboro, North Carolina.

1 - Mr. Colwell
1 - Public Affairs Office
1 - Mr. Steel

JAK:erg

APPROVED:

Director
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES

Adm. Serv.
Crim. Inv.
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Laboratory

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Training
Public Affs. Off.

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

7 Nov 79 01 52z

RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD Adm.
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Adm. Servs.
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Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

CE0008 3110133Z

DE CE

R 070050Z NOV 79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (157-10168) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

CC Greenkil

GREENKIL, CHARLOTTE FILE 44-3527.

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, N. C. NOVEMBER 11, 1979, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST, CHARLOTTE FILE 157-10168.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO BUREAU, NOVEMBER 5, 1979.

ON THIS DATE, NOVEMBER 6, 1979, WVO [redacted] WHOSE ACCUSATIONS HAVE BEEN REPORTED IN PREVIOUS TELETYPES, REFUSED TO BE INTERVIEWED BY SA'S. b6 b7C

[redacted] WIFE OF A DECEASED VICTIM, REFUSED TO BE INTERVIEWED UNTIL CONSULTATION WITH COUNSEL. SHE ADVISED [redacted] ALSO WIFE OF A DECEASED VICTIM, INTENDS TO ADOPT SIMILAR POSITION. EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY WVO COUNSEL b6 b7C

44-8152-69

7 NOV 8 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/30/82 BY SP-4 ELW/MCJ
Comp# 206819
DO DEC 05 1979
9-5-84 Sp 2-TAP GLM

RECORDED 44
INDEXED 44

NEGATIVE. ATTEMPTS TO OBTAIN INTERVIEWS WITH OTHER WVO PARTICIPANTS NOT SUCCESSFUL. WVO MEMBERS MAY BE ACTING IN CONCERT TO DENY FBI INTERVIEWS. HOWEVER, ATTEMPTS WILL BE MADE TO INTERVIEW ALL KNOWN WVO MEMBERS. WVO SPOKESMEN CONTINUE TO BE AVAILABLE TO MEDIA.

PERTINENT INFORMATION CONCERNING IDENTITY OF PARTICIPANTS AND WITNESSES TO KILLINGS BEING EXCHANGED WITH GREENSBORO PD CONTINUALLY. THIS TYPE LIAISON ASSISTS BOTH AGENCIES IN EFFORTS TO ACCURATELY RECONSTRUCT INCIDENT.

COPY OF AVAILABLE VIDEO TAPES FROM LOCAL TV STATIONS BEING HAND-DELIVERED TO FBIHQ ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979. REQUESTS FOR VARIOUS LABORATORY ANALYSES TO ACCOMPANY TAPES. ADDITIONAL MATERIAL BEING ACCUMULATED PERTAINING TO CRIME SCENE AND WILL BE FORWARDED AS DEVELOPED.

CITS MANAGER, GREENSBORO, HELD CONFERENCE P. M. THIS DATE WHICH INCLUDED REPRESENTATIVES OF NORTH CAROLINA STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, GREENSBORO PD, GUILFORD COUNTY SO, FIRE DEPARTMENT , AND RELATED EMERGENCY SERVICES, STATE COMMUNITY RELATIONS COUNCIL, STATE CRIME CONTROL COMMISSION, REPRESENTATIVES OF COMMUNITY RELATIONS OF USDJ, PLUS BUREAU

REPRESENTATIVE. CONFERENCE EMPHISIZED NEED TO CONTINUALLY MAINTAIN INTELLIGENCE CHANNELS CONCERNING PROPOSED DEMONSTRATION. DAILY MEETINGS SCHEDULED. WVO INITIALLY REQUESTED PERMIT TO PARADE, 1:30 P. M., NOVEMBER 11, 1979, IN NON-RESIDENTIAL AREA. SUBSEQUENTLY, WVO REQUESTED THAT DEMONSTRATION COMMENCE AT SCENE OF SHOOTINGS. GREENSBORO CITY COUNCIL OPPOSED TO ANY GATHERINGS AT SCENE OF SHOOTINGS. NEGOTIATIONS CONTINUING WITH WVO. DEMONSTRATION MAY BE COUPLED WITH AN ACTUAL BURIAL SERVICE OF ONE OF THE VICTIMS (IDENTITY UNKNOWN). CITY CURRENTLY ESTIMATING TWO THOUSAND PARTICIPANTS IN THIS DEMONSTRATION.

BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

BT

#SSSS

LAB DIV.

O-73 (Rev. 10-26-78)

O
A
P

003

MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
11/4/99	UNCLASSIFIED	IMMEDIATE

FM DIRECTOR FBI

TO

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

#11 6 }92

- ☐ The President
- ☐ The Vice President
- ☐ White House Situation Room
  - ☐ Attn: National Security Council
- ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)
- ☐ Department of the Army
- ☐ Naval Investigative Service
- ☐ Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
- ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (ATTN: SOO))
- ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
- ☐ Director CIA
- ☒ U. S. Secret Service (PID)
  - ☐ Attn: Executive Protective Service
- ☐ ZEN/U. S. Postal Service
  - ☐ Attn: Chief Postal Inspector
- ☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- ☐ Department of Energy
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: U. S. Customs
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms
- ☐ Department of Transportation
  - ☐ Attn: Director of Security
- ☐ Drug Enforcement Administration
- ☐ General Services Administration (WASHDC area, specify office)

  _____
- ☐ (Other Areas, specify CITY/STATE)

  _____
- ☐ Federal Aviation Administration
- ☐ Federal Protective Service
- ☐ Secretary of State
  - ☐ Attn: Director Bureau of Intelligence & Research
  - ☐ Attn: SCA - VISA Office Room 709 - SA2
- ☐ Attorney General
- ☒ Deputy AG
  - ☒ Attn: Emergency Programs Center
- ☐ Assistant AG, Civil Rights Div.
- ☐ Assistant AG, Criminal Div.
  - ☐ Attn: Internal Security Section
  - ☐ Attn: General Crimes Section
- ☐ Assistant AG for Administration
  - ☐ Attn: Security & Administrative Services Staff
- ☐ Immigration & Naturalization Service

(SERVICE ALSO AVAILABLE TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES NOT LISTED. ☐
CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR ADDRESSING INFORMATION) ☐

SUBJECT:

SEE ATTACHED

44 - 81521-70

APPROVED BY	ORIGINATOR	ROOM	TELE EXT.
	DBG	5027	2805

6 NOV 5 1979

FBI COMMUNICATIONS
NOV 05 1979
1255 PM

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

59 DEC 4 1979

OC 11/29 GL

NOV 05 1979

USE OF FORM 0-73

4 Nov 79 12 43

1. Only incoming teletype messages which require transmission relay may be prepared for transmission using form 0-73. Use of form 0-73 is restricted to incoming teletype messages received within the last 3 days which require transmission relay; all other teletype messages must be prepared using form 0-93.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

2. Additions such as notes and administrative data for a specific addressee are not allowed. If a note or administrative data is required for a particular addressee a separate 0-73 form must be prepared.

3. The message will be transmitted just as it appears. The person approving the message is solely responsible for assuring all necessary editing changes have been made.

PREPARATION OF FORM WHICH CONSISTS OF A PREPRINTED YELLOW.

1. Complete appropriate boxes: date, classification & precedence.
2. List addresses immediately following the "TO" or place a check mark in the appropriate boxes.
3. Type or PRINT the subject in the space provided.
4. Print or type originator's name, room number and telephone extension.
5. Indicate approval for transmission by initialing the "Approved By" box.

PREPARATION OF MESSAGE TO BE TRANSMITTED

1. Xerox 1 copy of incoming teletype message. A notation shall be made on the original incoming teletype "1 copy made for relay to SACS _____ , (OR LEGATS) _____ , (OR GOVERNMENT AGENCIES) _____ ."
2. Minor editing changes shall be made on the xerox as follows: using a lead pencil ONLY draw single line through the first and last lines of the heading and connect these lines from top right to bottom left forming a "Z," figure. (DO NOT OBLITERATE THE HEADING.) Use horizontal lines to delete sentences or words. Printed changes of a word or two to the text of the message may be made; however, changes to the existing text involving more than a word or two necessitate the originator to initiate a new message using form 0-93.
3. Administrative data or notes may be typed immediately following the text and will be transmitted to all addressees.
4. When using the 0-73 form to disseminate information to field offices, Legal Attaches and other Government agencies simultaneously, the text, notes and administrative data must be identical for all addressees.

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

CE0992 3080514Z

4 Nov 79 05 33Z

RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

00 HQ

DE CE

O 040514Z

DM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS-E F T O

UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A).

In reference to previous teletype.

OFFICIALS, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT, ADVISED THAT, AS OF 12:00 MIDNIGHT, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, THERE HAVE BEEN NO FURTHER REPORTED INCIDENTS IN CAPTIONED MATTER AND SITUATION AT GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, AS OF THAT TIME APPEARS QUIET.

INVESTIGATION BY GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT IN CHECKING LICENSE NUMBERS OF KLAN VEHICLES IN THE KLAN CARAVAN AND IN CHECKING THE LICENSE NUMBERS OF VEHICLES BELIEVED BELONGING TO MEMBERS OF THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) FOUND THAT VERY FEW ARE FROM THE GREENSBORO,

NORTH CAROLINA, AREA. THE MAJORITY OF THE PARTICIPANTS INVOLVED IN CAPTIONED MATTER ARE FROM OTHER AREAS OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

[redacted] REFERRED TO IN PREVIOUS TELETYPE AS BEING IN THE VAN BELIEVED INVOLVED IN THE SHOOTING, WAS SHOT IN THE LEGS AND ARM BY AN UNIDENTIFIED MEMBER OF THE WVO; AND, ACCORDING TO WITNESSES AT THE SCENE, MEMBERS OF THE WVO WERE ALSO HEAVILY ARMED. [redacted] OF THE WVO, MENTIONED IN PREVIOUS TELETYPE, WAS BELIEVED ARMED WITH A HANDGUN DURING CAPTIONED INCIDENT.

INVESTIGATION AT THIS TIME HAS ALSO DETERMINED THAT ONE [redacted] KNOWN TO THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION AS A FORMER KLANSMAN AND BELIEVED TO BE STILL A MEMBER, MAY HAVE BEEN THE PRINCIPAL ORGANIZER OF THE KLAN CARAVAN INVOLVED IN CAPTIONED INCIDENT. EFFORTS TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW DAWSON ARE CURRENTLY BEING MADE.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO BUREAU, NOVEMBER 3, 19-9.

THE BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF ALL DEVELOPMENTS IN

PAGE THREE GE 44-3527 UNCLAS E F T O

CAPTIONED MATTER. CHARLOTTE CONTINUING CLOSE LIAISON WITH GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT.

BT

(10-26-78)

002

MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
11/4/79	UNCLASSIFIED	IMMEDIATE

FM DIRECTOR FBI

TO FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

11-2
6-2

- ☐ The President
- ☐ The Vice President
- ☐ White House Situation Room
  - ☐ Attn: National Security Council
- ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)
- ☐ Department of the Army
- ☐ Naval Investigative Service
- ☐ Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
- ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (ATTN: SOO))
- ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
- ☐ Director CIA
- ☒ U. S. Secret Service (PID)
  - ☐ Attn: Executive Protective Service
- ☐ ZEN/U. S. Postal Service
  - ☐ Attn: Chief Postal Inspector
- ☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- ☐ Department of Energy
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: U. S. Customs
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms
- ☐ Department of Transportation
  - ☐ Attn: Director of Security
- ☐ Drug Enforcement Administration
- ☐ General Services Administration (WASHDC area, specify office)

  _____
- ☐ (Other Areas, specify CITY/STATE)

  _____
- ☐ Federal Aviation Administration
- ☐ Federal Protective Service
- ☐ Secretary of State
  - ☐ Attn: Director Bureau of Intelligence & Research
  - ☐ Attn: SCA - VISA Office Room 709 - SA2
- ☐ Attorney General
- ☒ Deputy AG
  - ☒ Attn: Emergency Programs Center
- ☐ Assistant AG, Civil Rights Div.
- ☐ Assistant AG, Criminal Div.
  - ☐ Attn: Internal Security Section
  - ☐ Attn: General Crimes Section
- ☐ Assistant AG for Administration
  - ☐ Attn: Security & Administrative Services Staff
- ☐ Immigration & Naturalization Service

(SERVICE ALSO AVAILABLE TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES NOT LISTED. ☐
CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR ADDRESSING INFORMATION) ☐

SUBJECT:

SEE ATTACHED

44 - 81521 - 71

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FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A).

FOLLOWING INFORMATION FURNISHED BY OFFICIALS, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT, NOVEMBER 3, 1979:

[redacted] OF THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) [redacted] GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, OBTAINED A PERMIT FROM THE GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT APPROXIMATELY ONE WEEK AGO FOR PERMISSION TO CONDUCT ANTI-KLAN DEMONSTRATION ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AT GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA.

ON NOVEMBER 2, 1979, [redacted] APPEARED ON ALL LOCAL GREENSBORO TELEVISION STATIONS CHALLENGING THE MAYOR OF GREENSBORO

AND THE GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT AGAINST ANY INTERFERENCE IN THE DEMONSTRATION CONTEMPLATED BY THE WVO AGAINST THE KLAN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND THAT NO ONE HAD BETTER TRY TO STOP HIM.

THE WVO DEMONSTRATORS WERE TO ASSEMBLE AT THE INTERSECTION OF EVERETT AND CARVER STREETS WITH THE DEMONSTRATION SCHEDULED TO BEGIN AT 11:30 A. M.

BASED ON SOURCE INFORMATION, THE GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT INTELLIGENCE UNITS CONDUCTED PHYSICAL SURVEILLANCE AT RESIDENCE OF [redacted] CHARACTERIZED AS A KNOWN LOCAL KLAN SYMPATHIZER. SOURCE INFORMATION INDICATED THAT KLAN MEMBERS WOULD BE IN THE AREA OF THE DEMONSTRATION. NUMEROUS INDIVIDUALS AND VEHICLES ASSEMBLED AT [redacted] RESIDENCE, FORMED A CARAVAN, AND PROCEEDED IN THE DIRECTION OF THE DEMONSTRATION. GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT INTELLIGENCE UNITS FOLLOWED, AND UPON ARRIVING AT THE SCENE OF THE DEMONSTRATION THERE WAS SUDDENLY AND UNEXPEDTEDLY AN AGGRESSIVE STANCE TAKEN BY THE DEMONSTRATORS AGAINST THE VEHICLES OCCUPIED BY THE KLAN MEMBERS AND GUNFIRE THEREAFTER ERUPTED BETWEEN MEMBERS OF THE WVO AND THE KU KLUX KLAN MEMBERS.

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b7C

TELEVISION REPORTERS AND CAMERAMEN WHO WERE ON THE SCENE TO

COVER THE DEMONSTRATION WITNESSED AND PHOTOGRAPHED THE INCIDENT. b6 b7C
GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT OFFICERS ARRESTED [redacted]
WHO WAS SLIGHTLY INJURED, AND CHARGED HIM WITH INCITING A RIOT
BASED ON HIS ACTIONS IN INCITING MEMBERS OF THE WVO AGAINST THE
VEHICLES OF THE KLAN MEMBERS.

ONE OF THE VEHICLES IN THE KLAN CARAVAN IS REGISTERED TO b6 b7C
[redacted]
WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, WHO FLED THE SCENE WITH SEVERAL
WHITE MALES. TELEVISION FILM OF THE INCIDENT REPORTEDLY SHOWS
THIS VEHICLE ACTIVELY INVOLVED IN THE SHOOTINGS.

ANOTHER VEHICLE, A 1976 FORD VAN, ATTEMPTING TO FLEE THE
SCENE WAS STOPPED BY OFFICERS OF THE GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT
AND WAS OCCUPIED BY THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS AND CONTAINED AN
ASSORTMENT OF WEAPONS:

(1) [redacted] (DRIVER AND OWNER OF VAN), b6 b7C
[redacted] LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN
[redacted]

(2) [redacted]
[redacted] NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(3) [redacted] NEWTON, NORTH

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PAGE FOUR CE 44-3527 UNCLAS E F T O

CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(4) [redacted] MAIDEN, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(5) [redacted] LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(6) [redacted] LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(7) [redacted] LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(8) [redacted] WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(9) [redacted] (NO CITY INDICATED); WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(10) [redacted] LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(11) [redacted] HICKORY, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

(12) [redacted] LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA; WHITE MALE; BORN [redacted]

THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS WERE PRONOUNCED DEAD AT THE SCENE:

(1) JAMES M. WALLER, WHITE MALE, 37 YEARS OLD.

(2) CEASAR VINSON CAUCE, DESCRIBED ONLY AS WHITE MALE.

(3) WILLIAM E. SAMSON, WHITE MALE, AGE 31.

(4) SANDY SMITH, DESCRIBED ONLY AS BLACK FEMALE.

ADDITIONALLY, THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS HAVE BEEN INJURED AND ARE NOT EXPECTED TO LIVE:

(1) [redacted], WHITE MALE, IN HIS [redacted] BELIEVED TO BE A MEMBER OF THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION. b6 b7C

(2) MICHAEL NATHAN, WHITE MALE, AGE 32, A PHYSICIAN FROM DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA.

WARRANTS ARE BEING OBTAINED BY THE GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT CHARGING THE INDIVIDUALS IN THE KLAN VEHICLES WITH MURDER AND ATTEMPTED MURDER AND CONSPIRACY. INDIVIDUALS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY ARE BEING INTERROGATED, AND THE RESULTS OF THIS INTERROGATION WILL BE FURNISHED THE BUREAU.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

ABOVE INFORMATION OBTAINED ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, BY SSRA [redacted] GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, RESIDENT AGENCY. b6 b7C

ALL AGENTS OF GREENSBORO RESIDENT AGENCY RESPONDING TO THIS INCIDENT; AGENTS FROM THE RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, RESIDENT AGENCY HAVE BEEN DISPATCHED TO GREENSBORO TO ASSIST IN THE INVESTIGATION; CHARLOTTE ASAC CECIL E. MOSES ON THE SCENE; CHARLOTTE SAC HERBERT L. MONAHAN, JR., OUT OF STATE ON ANNUAL LEAVE, IS RETURNING IMMEDIATELY TO CHARLOTTE THIS DATE. U. S. ATTORNEY HENRY M. MICHAUX, JR., MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, ALSO ON SCENE.

FOR INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU, A PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION WAS INSTITUTED ON OCTOBER 23, 1979, ON THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO) BASED ON REPORTED ACTIVITIES OF THE ORGANIZATION IN JULY, 1979, WHEN A CONFRONTATION BETWEEN MEMBERS OF THE WVO AND THE KU KLUX KLAN TOOK PLACE IN CHINA GROVE, NORTH CAROLINA, DURING THE COURSE OF A KLAN GATHERING AT THE TOWN HALL, AT WHICH THE KLAN WAS SHOWING A MOVIE. AT THAT TIME MEMBERS OF THE WVO WERE QUOTED BY THE NEWS MEDIA AS ADVOCATING FORCE AND VIOLENCE TO ACHIEVE THEIR AIMS AND PURPOSES; AND MEMBERS OF THE WVO GROUP AT THAT TIME APPEARED TO BE IN POSSESSION OF WEAPONS. THE ACTIVITY OF THE WVO APPEARS TO INVOLVE OR WILL INVOLVE THE USE OF FORCE AND VIOLENCE TO ACHIEVE THEIR AIMS AND PURPOSES.

~~PAGE SEVEN CE 44-3527 UNCLAS E F T O~~

UNDER PART 1A(4) OF AG GUIDELINES DEPRIVING PERSONS OF THEIR CIVIL RIGHTS UNDER THE CONSTITUTION LAWS OR TREATIES OF THE U. S.

IN VIEW OF THE INCIDENT AT GREENSBORO ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, THE BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO AUTHORIZE A FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION OF THE WVO AND THE NORTH CAROLINA ORGANIZATION OF THE KU KLUX KLAN.

CHARLOTTE WILL KEEP THE BUREAU FULLY ADVISED OF ALL FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS IN CAPTIONED MATTER.

BT

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FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

NEW YORK IMMEDIATE

BT

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6 Nov 79 00 51z

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UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST,

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR AND OTHER OFFICES NOVEMBER 5, 1979.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (NCSBI) INTELLIGENCE REPORT TODAY INDICATES FNU [redacted] WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, NEW YORK CITY MET TODAY WITH [redacted] TO PLAN DEMONSTRATION SCHEDULED NOVEMBER 11, 1979, AT GREENSBORO, N. C.

NEW YORK SUTEL ANY INFORMATION OF POSSIBLE VALUE RELATING TO WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION OR [redacted]

44-8152-72

16 NOV 8 1979

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/84 BY sp2 taplow

cc to NATFIELD-CRU

59 DEC 4 1979

CITY OF GREENSBORO

NORTH CAROLINA

LOCAL & STATE

91119065

November 14, 1979

Personally Delivered By

[redacted] b6 b7C

☑ Will Pick Up

☐ Mail Back

Mr. William H. Webster, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Attention: F.B.I. Lab

Reference: Criminal Homicide/Murder; G.P.D. #79-0145368

Deceased Victims: James Waller, William Sampson, Vincent Cauce, Sandy Neely Smith and Michael Nathan

Injured Victims: [redacted] and b6 b7C

Suspects: [redacted]

COPY AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB FOR LAB ACTION AND REPORT

Dear Mr. Webster:

On 11/3/79, members of the Communist Workers Party assembled in a residential area of southeast Greensboro for the purpose of holding a rally and protest march denouncing the Ku Klux Klan. Before the march got underway, several carloads of men arrived at the protest staging area. After an exchange of words the two groups began fighting with clubs and sticks. Some shots were fired. Evidence then shows that several men went to vehicles parked on the street and armed themselves with rifles, shotguns and pistols. News film clips show several shots being fired by these men in the direction of the group of protesters, with several protesters and at least one assailant being hit during the shooting. Subsequently, evidence was collected from nine shooting victims, including five homicides. Numerous additional items of evidence were collected in this case, some of which we are sending by personal courier.

ITEM

(1) Clothing from suspect [redacted]

(2) Clothing from suspect

(3) Clothing from suspect

(4) Clothing from suspect

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16 NOV 20 1979

50 NOV 25 1980

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 TAP/cu

ITEM		
(5)	Clothing from suspect [redacted]	Q26 → Q36
(6)	Clothing from suspect	Q37 → Q44
(7)	Clothing from suspect	Q45 → Q51
(8)	Clothing from suspect	Q52 → Q57
(9)	Clothing from suspect	Q58 → Q64
(10)	Clothing from suspect	Q65 → Q73
(11)	Clothing from suspect	Q74 → Q77
(12)	Clothing from suspect	Q78 → Q84
(13)	Clothing from suspect	Q85 → Q92
(14)	Clothing from suspect	Q93 → Q97
(15)	Clothing from yellow Ford Van, confiscated in this case	Q98 → Q102
(16)	Six 2x2 pieces of lumber from southwest corner of Everitt and Carver Streets.	Q103 → Q108
(17)	Blood sample from the barrel of a .12-gauge Smith and Wesson shotgun, Serial [redacted]	Q109
(18)	Sabre Monarch knife #131	Q110
(19)	Buck hunting knife #120	Q111
(20)	Wheel cover from a 1962 Ford Fairlane, North Carolina License [redacted]	Q112
(21)	Blood sample from victim Waller	K1
(22)	Blood sample from victim Nathan	K2
(23)	Blood sample from victim Sampson	K3
(24)	Blood sample from victim Cauce	K4
(25)	Blood sample from victim Smith	K5
(26)	Clothing from victim Waller	Q113 → Q121
(27)	Clothing from victim Nathan	Q122 → Q136
(28)	Clothing from victim Sampson	Q137 → Q146
(29)	Clothing from victim Cauce	Q147 → Q154
(30	Clothing from victim Smith	Q155 → Q164
(31)	Clothing from victim [redacted]	Q165 → Q176
(32)	Two white buttons from Carver and Everitt Streets	Q177, Q178
(33)	.38 Derringer, Serial [redacted]	K6
(34)	.12-guage Smith and Wesson shotgun, Serial [redacted]	K7
(35)	.12-gauge Smith and Wesson shotgun, Serial [redacted]	K8
(36)	.22-caliber H&R revolver, Serial [redacted]	K9
(37)	.32-caliber Smith and Wesson Gecado revolver, Serial [redacted]	K10
(38)	.357-caliber Smith and Wesson revolver, Serial [redacted]	K11
(39)	.12-gauge Springfield shotgun, Serial [redacted]	K12
(40)	.12-gauge Mossberg shotgun, Serial [redacted]	K13
(41)	.12-gauge single barrel Brazilian made shotgun, Serial [redacted]	K14
(42)	.223-caliber Ruger mini 14, Serial [redacted] with ammunition clip	K15
(43)	.12-gauge double barrel shotgun, Serial [redacted]	K16
(44)	.12-gauge single barrel shotgun FIE Model SB4	K17
(45)	.22-caliber Remington auto load rifle, Serial [redacted]	K18
(46)	.38-caliber Smith and Wesson revolver, Serial [redacted]	K19, Q347 → Q352
(47)	2 lead pellets from victim Nathan (C16-I1)	Q179, Q180, Q181
(48)	A copper jacket fragment from victim Nathan (C39-I2)	Q182
(49)	One lead pellet from right arm of victim Nathan (C39-I3)	Q183
(50)	One lead fragment from left shoulder of victim Nathan (C39-I4)	Q184
(51)	Three lead pellets and fragment from right shoulder of victim Nathan (C39-I5)	Q185 → Q187
(52)	One lead pellet from back of victim Nathan (C39-I6)	Q188
(53)	One lead pellet from left cheek of victim Nathan (C39-I7)	Q189
(54)	Two lead fragments from head of victim Nathan (C39-I8)	Q190, Q191
(55)	Two lead pellets from right scapula of victim Nathan (C39-I9)	Q192, Q193
(56)	One lead pellet from victim [redacted] (C17-I1)	Q194

Refrigerated 4:00 pm. 11/19/79

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ITEM

(57) One lead fragment from victim [redacted] (C17-I2) Q195
(58) Five lead pellets from victim [redacted] (C21-I1) Q196 → Q200
(59) Lead fragments from victim [redacted] (C24-I1) Q201
(60) One lead pellet from victim Waller (C37-I11) Q202
(61) One lead pellet from victim Waller (C37-I12) Q203
(62) Assorted lead pellets from victim Waller (C37-I14) Q204 → Q212 (Q213 not listed)
(63) Lead pellet from victim Sampson (C40-I2) Q214
(64) Lead pellet from victim Sampson (C40-I3) Q215
(65) Lead pellet from victim Sampson (C40-I4) Q216
(66) Lead pellet and fragment from victim Smith (C42-I9) Q217
(67) Seven live .12-gauge #6 shells and one spent .12-gauge #6 shell from suspect [redacted] (C26-I1) Q218 → Q225
(68) Eight lead fragments, one shotgun shell wadding, and one piece of torn cloth (C29-I1) Q226 → Q236
(69) Spent .12-gauge oo Buck shell from scene (C30-I1) Q237
(70) One lead fragment from beside body of victim Smith (C30-I10) Q238
(71) Night stick with lead pellet embedded, found beside victim Waller (C30-I12) Q239
(72) A spent .12-gauge oo Buck shell from scene (C31-I19) Q240
(73) Nine spent brass casings from scene (C31-I22) Q241 → Q249
(74) A spent .12-gauge oo Buck shell from scene (C31-I23) Q250
(75) Three spent .12-gauge #6 shells, 3 spent .12-gauge oo Buck shells, two spent .12-gauge oo Buck shells, and one spent .12-gauge oo Buck shells from the scene (C31-I25) Q251 → Q259
(76) Lead fragment from the scene (C32-I28) Q260
(77) Lead fragment from the scene (C34-I1) Q261
(78) Lead fragment from the scene (C34-I2) Q262
(79) Wadding from shotgun shell from scene (C34-I3) Q263, Q264
(80) Pieces of fence post from the scene (C34-I4) Q265 → Q267
(81) Wadding from a shotgun shell found at the scene (C46-I1) Q268
(82) Two lead pellets from the scene (C46-I2) Q269 → Only 1 pellet rec'd. Ltr
(83) Three lead fragments from the scene (C46-I3) Q270 → Q274
(84) Lead projectile from the scene (C46-I4) Bullet frag. Q275
(85) Lead fragments from the scene (C46-I5) Q276 → Q280
(86) Six .357 spent shells from 1962 Ford Fairlane (C47-I2) Q281 → Q286
(87) Three .28-caliber spent shells from 1962 Ford Fairlane (C47-I3)
(88) One spent .12-gauge oo Buck shell from 1962 Ford Fairlane (C47-I4) Q287 → Q289 Q290
(89) One spent .12-gauge rifle slug shell from 1972 Ford Fairlane (C47-I5) Q291
(90) Four spent .357-caliber shells and two live .357-caliber shells taken from a .357-caliber revolver, Serial [redacted] Q292 → Q297
(91) Four live #6 .12-gauge shotgun shells from a .12-gauge Springfield Serial [redacted] Q298 → Q301
(92) Two live .12-gauge oo Buck shells taken from 12 gauge Mossberg shotgun, Serial [redacted] Q302, Q303
(93) Martin and Co. guitar (Q304)
(94) Seven plastic bags with lead pellets and fragments (C50-I3) Q305 → Q321
(95) .357-caliber revolver, Serial [redacted] - K20
(96) .357-caliber revolver, Serial [redacted] - K21
(97) .25-caliber automatic pistol, Serial [redacted] - K22
(98) .22-caliber revolver, Serial [redacted] - K23
(99) One Queen steel pocket knife and one Sabre brand pocket knife found at the scene (C18-I1) Q322, Q323
(100) One box of 40 .22-caliber shells (C19-I1) Q324

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ITEM

(101) One Baker pocket knife and one Buck pocket knife found at the scene (C20-I1) Q325, Q326

(102) Four .22-caliber live bullets found at scene (C23-I10 Q327 → Q330

(103) Nine live .22-caliber bullets from .22-caliber H&R revolver, Serial [redacted] Q331 → Q339

(104) Six live .32-caliber bullets from a .32-caliber revolver, Serial [redacted] Q340 → Q345

Please examine Items 1-15 for the presence of blood. If blood is found, please compare with Items 21-25 to determine origin. Also, examine the pockets of the jackets and trousers in Items 1-15 for the presence of firearm residue, gun oil or any other substance that may indicate having come in contact with a firearm or ammunition. Examine Items 16-20 for the presence of blood and compare any found with Items 21-25 to determine the origin. Please examine any bullet holes in Items 26-31 to try to determine muzzle to garment distance. Also examine Items 26-31 for any blood, hair, or fiber foreign to the garment. Examine the pockets of jackets and trousers for the presence of firearm residue, gun oil, or any other substance that may indicate having come in contact with a firearm or ammunition. Examine Items 1-15 and Items 26-31 and attempt to determine the origin of Item 32. Examine Item 33-46 to see if any have been fired recently. Examine Items 47-66 to determine size or caliber, and to see if any were fired from Item 33-46. Examine the spent shell in Item 67 to see if it was fired from Item 34, 35, 39, 40, 41, 43, or 44. Examine the lead fragments in Item 68 to determine size or caliber and to see if any were fired from Items 33-46. Examine the wadding in Item 68 to see what size shell it originated from. Examine the torn cloth in Item 68 and compare it with Items 1-15 and Items 26-31 to determine origin. Examine Item 69 to see if it was fired from Item 34, 35, 39, 40, 41, 43, or 44. Examine Item 70 to determine size or caliber and to see it it was fired from either of Items 33-46. Examine the lead pellet embedded in Item 71 to determine size or caliber and to see if it was fired from either of Items 33-46. Examine Items 72-75 to see if they were fired in any of Items 33-46. Examine Items 76-78 to determine size or caliber and to see if any were fired from either of Items 33-46. Examine Item 79 to determine what size shotgun shell it was fired from. Examine the projectiles embedded in the wood of Item 80 to determine size or caliber and to see if any were fired from either of Item 33-46. Examine Item 81 to determine size shell from which it was fired. Examine Items 82-85 to determine size or caliber and to see if any were fired from either of Items 33-46. Examine Item 86-89 to see if any were fired in either of Items 33-46. Please conduct a neutron activation analysis on the lead or copper in Items 47-66, 68, 70, 76-78, 82-85, and 94, to see if any are of the same lot as the lead or copper in the live ammunition of Items 42, 67, 90-92, 100, or 102-104. Examine all spent projectiles and lead or copper fragments to see if any were fired from either of Items 95-98. Examine Item 93 for the presence of blood. If any is found, compare it with Items 21-25 to see if it originated from either victim. Examine the blade track and housing in Item 99 and 101 for the presence of fiber or debris. If any is found, compare it with the debris from the pockets of Items 1-15 and 26-31.

These items have not been, nor will they be examined by any other expert. The result will be used in a criminal prosecution. If you have any questions or suggestions concerning this case, please contact Captain [redacted] at [redacted] or [redacted] at [redacted]

b6
b7C

Yours truly,

W. E. Swing
Chief of Police

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Staff Services Division

WES:JWH/dlr/117.101-105

K-24

Item 105- one S&W .357 Mag. revolver, S.N. [redacted]

Item 106 - one spent projectile removed from a Reed Pinto Auto (Channel 8) @ 346

Please examine Item 105 to see if it fired any of the spent projectiles, lead fragments, & spent shells

[redacted]

b6
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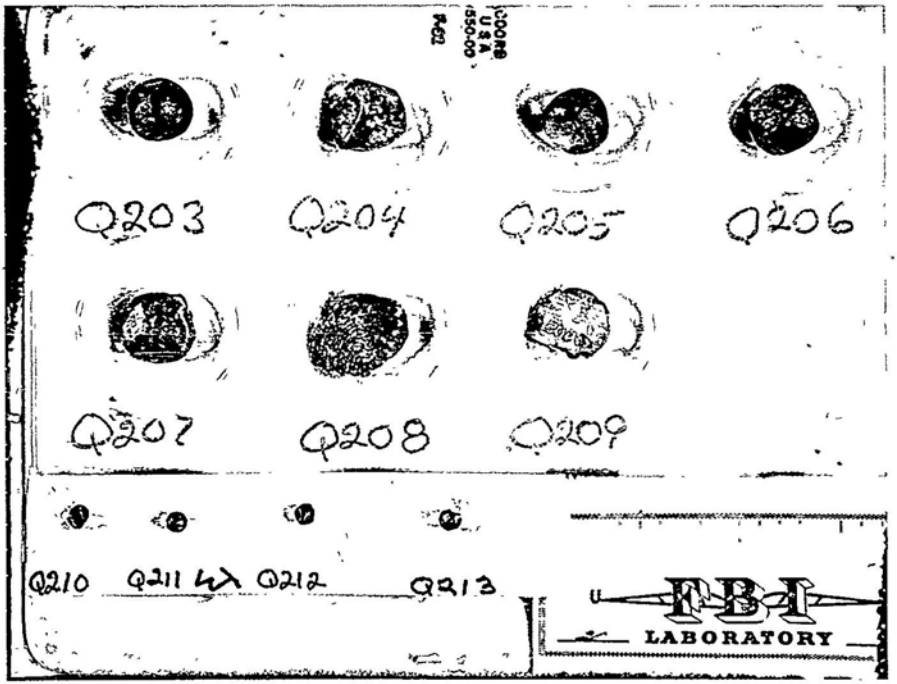
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 TP/lc

FILE # 44-8152
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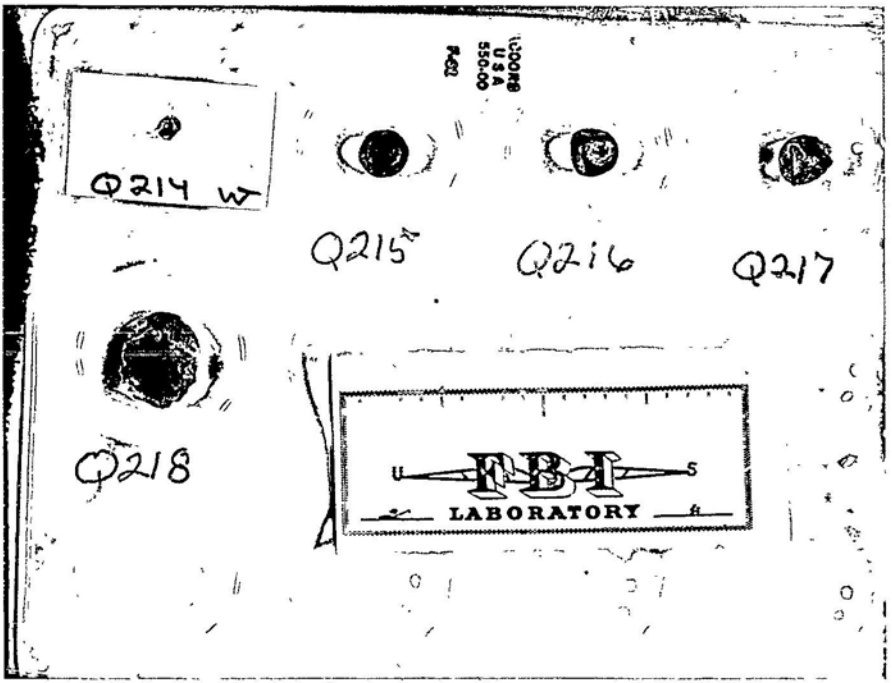
DO NOT STAMP OR HANDLE AS EVIDENCE

EVIDENCE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

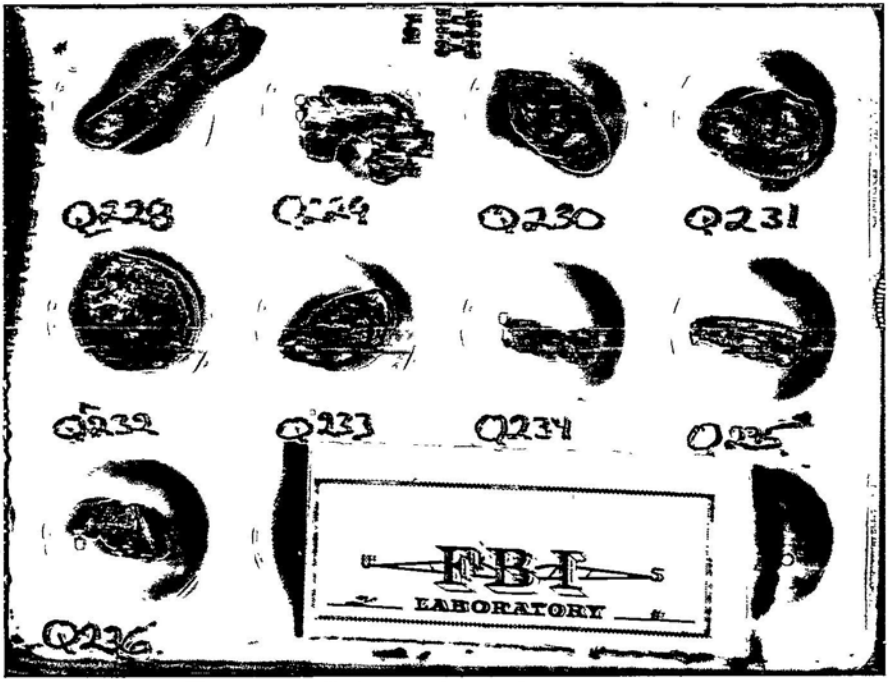
Greenbelt
44-8152-1
9111906550Q


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Q213
FBI
LABORATORY

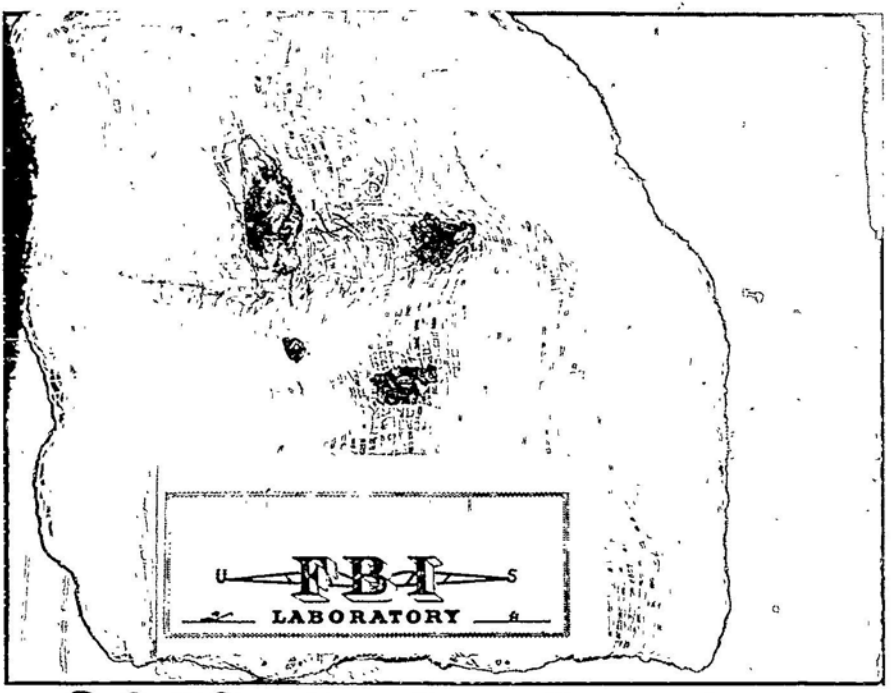
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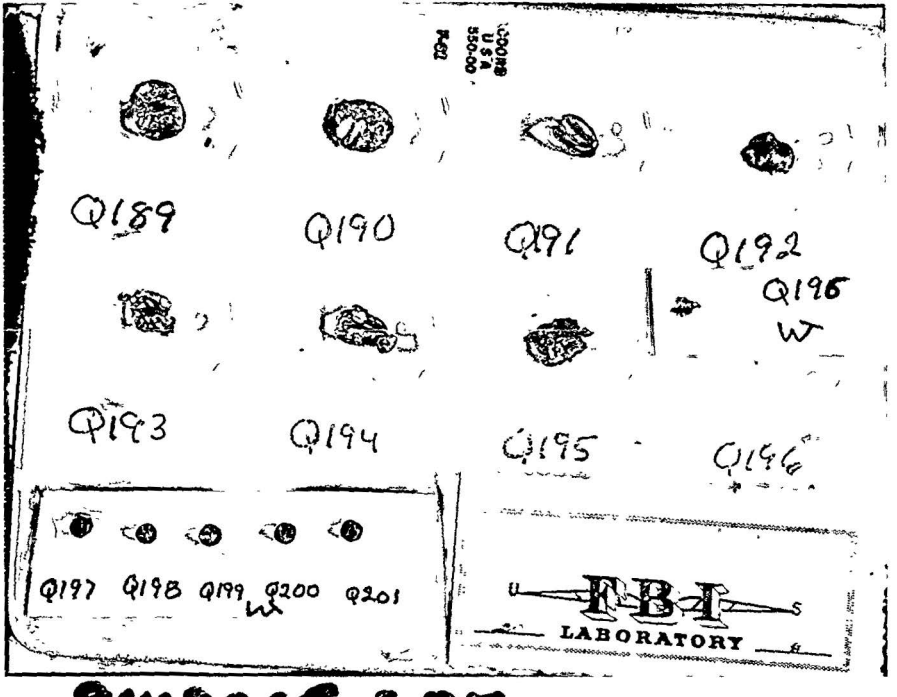
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911190655 QY



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9111906S SQT

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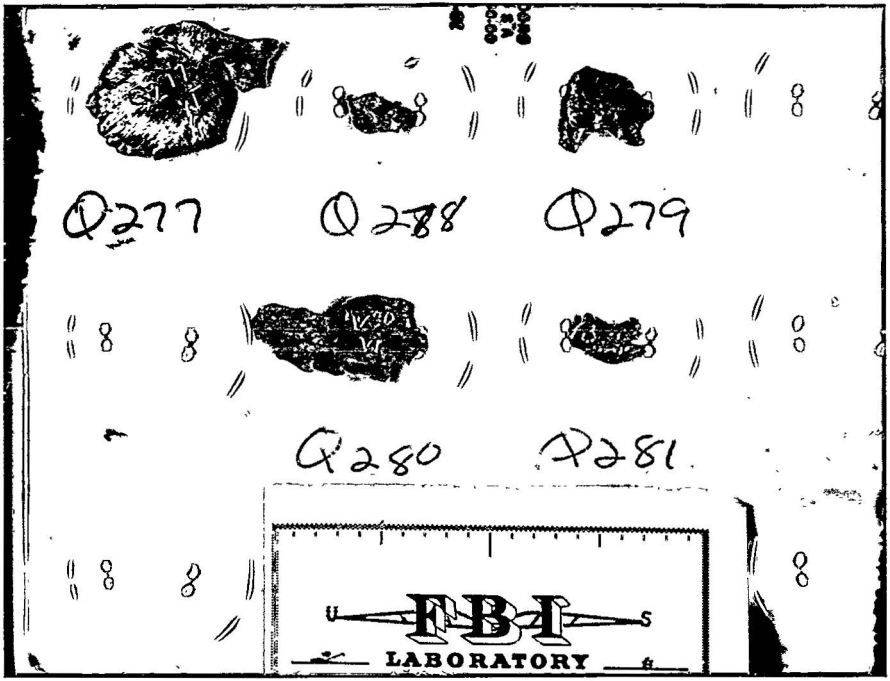
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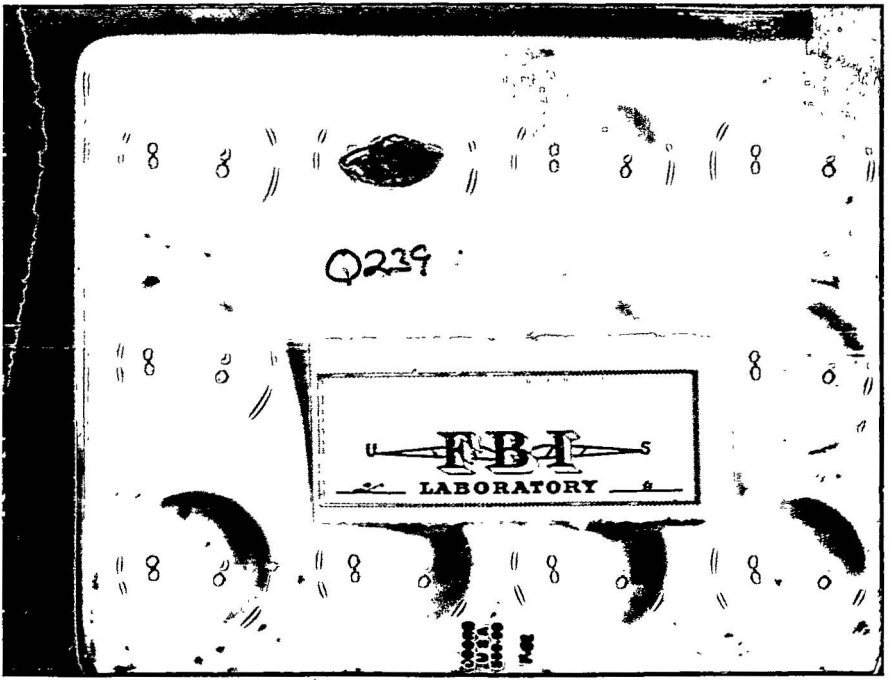
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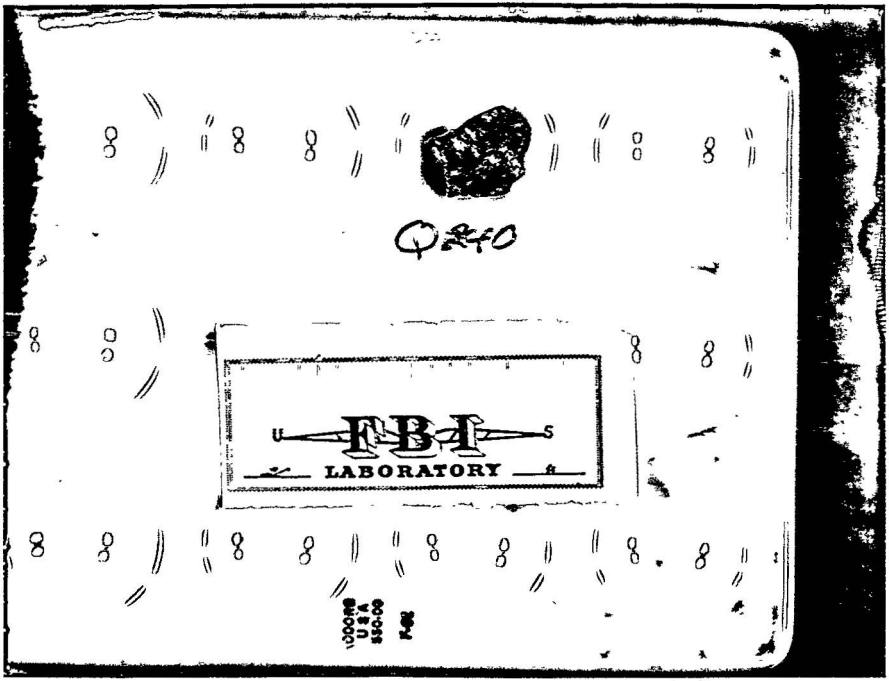
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FBI LABORATORY

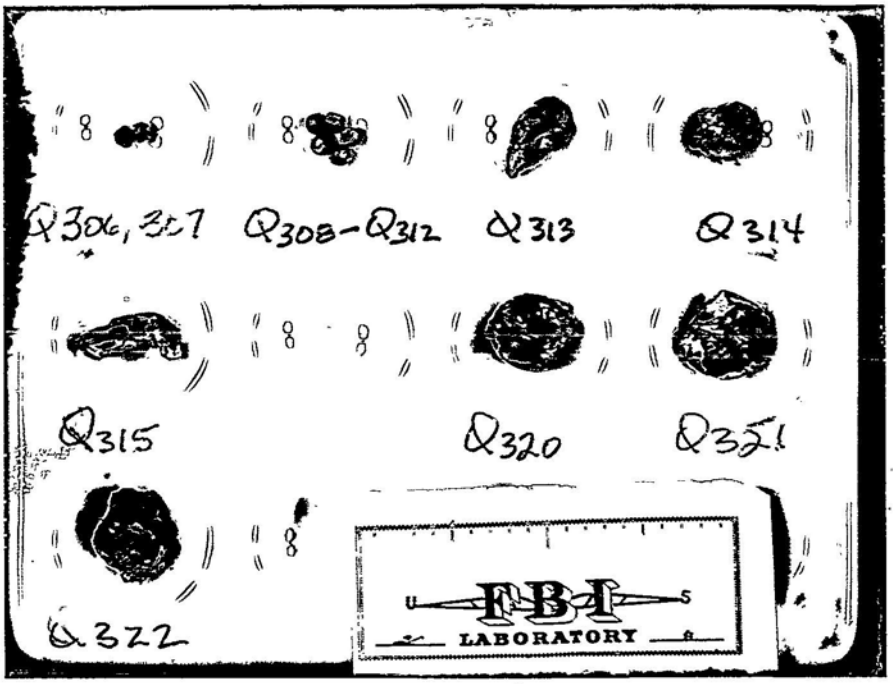

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Q278
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Q281
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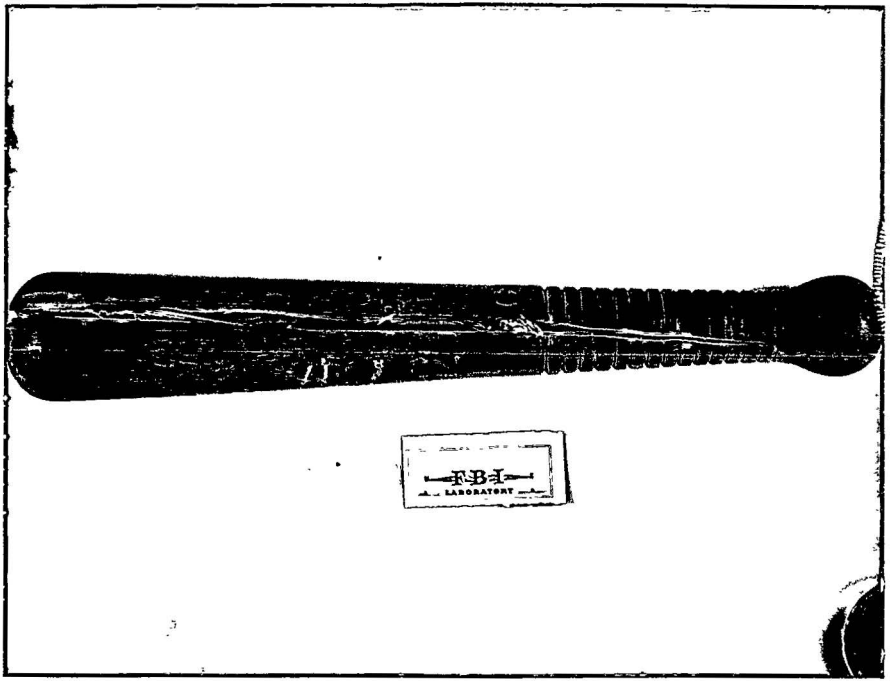


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9111065 S 04 Q240

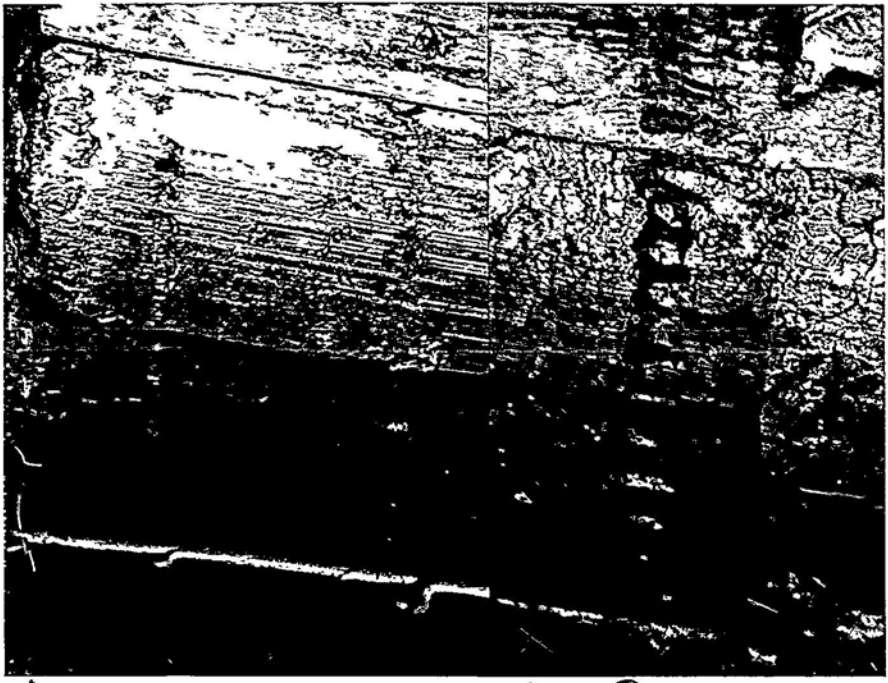

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Q313
Q314
Q315
Q320
Q321
Q322
FBI
LABORATORY



9111906S S OF Q240

Q248 SHEP 3903 1115

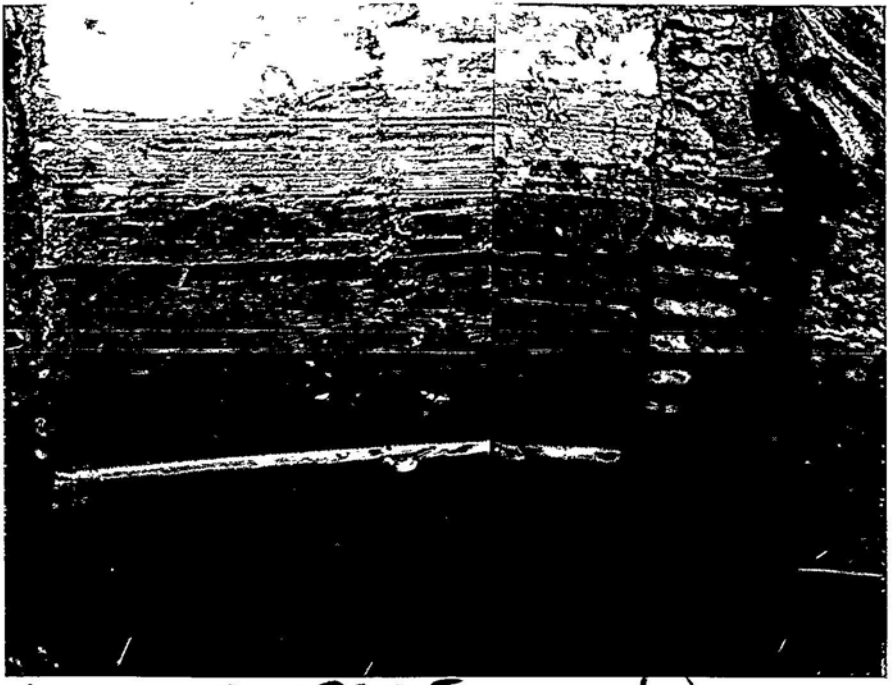
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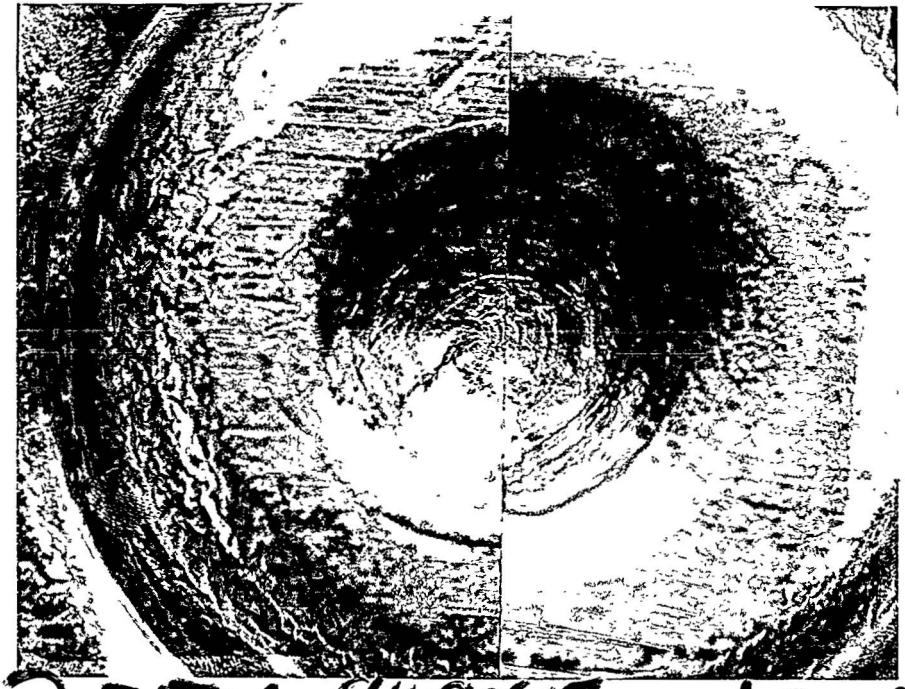
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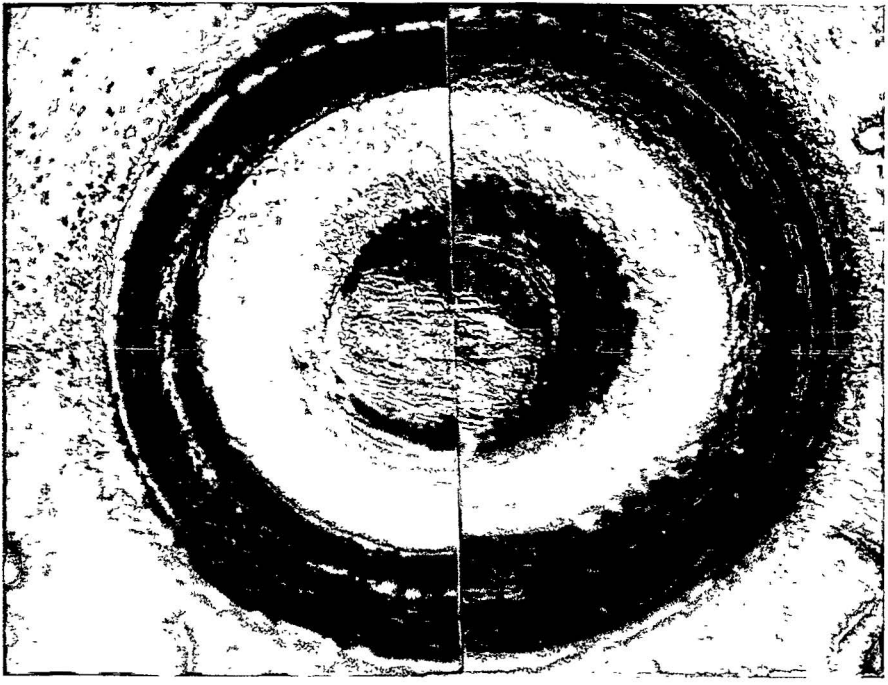
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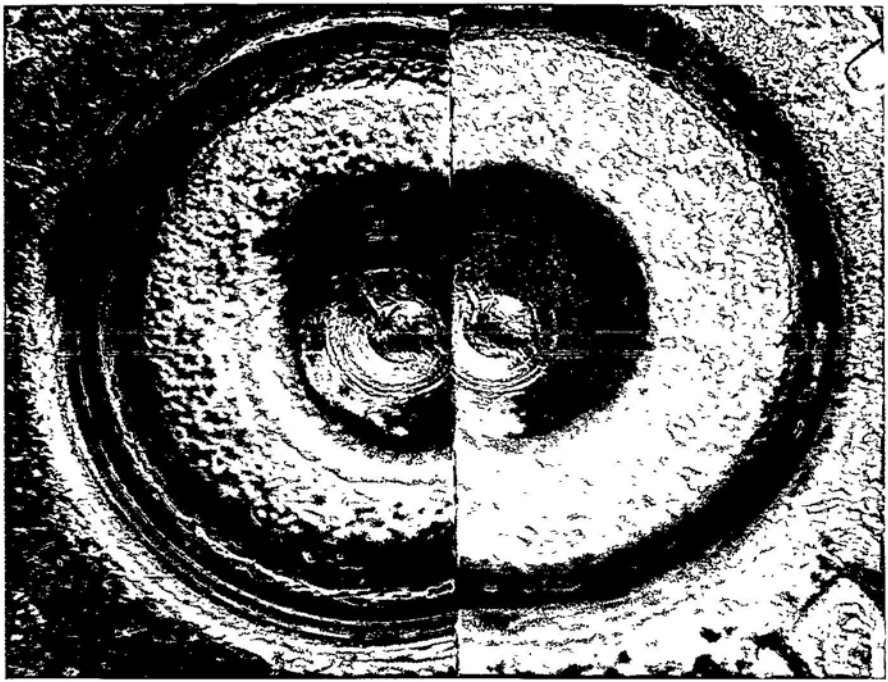
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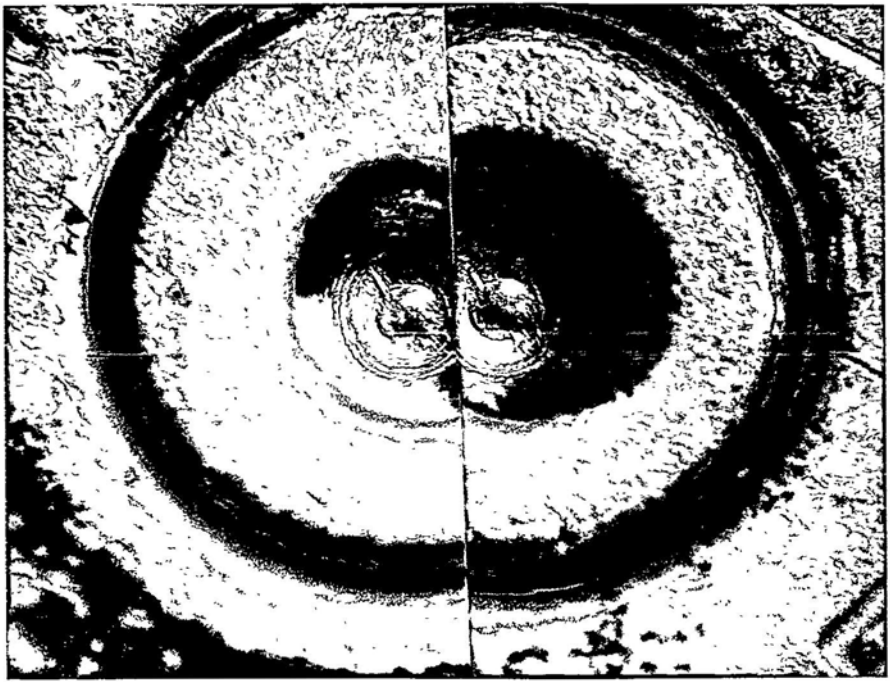
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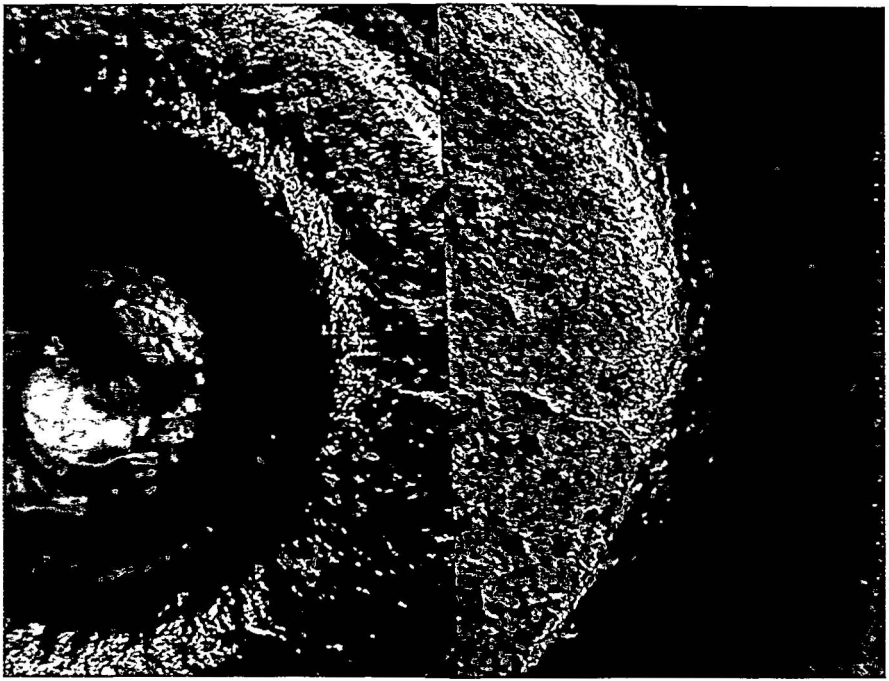


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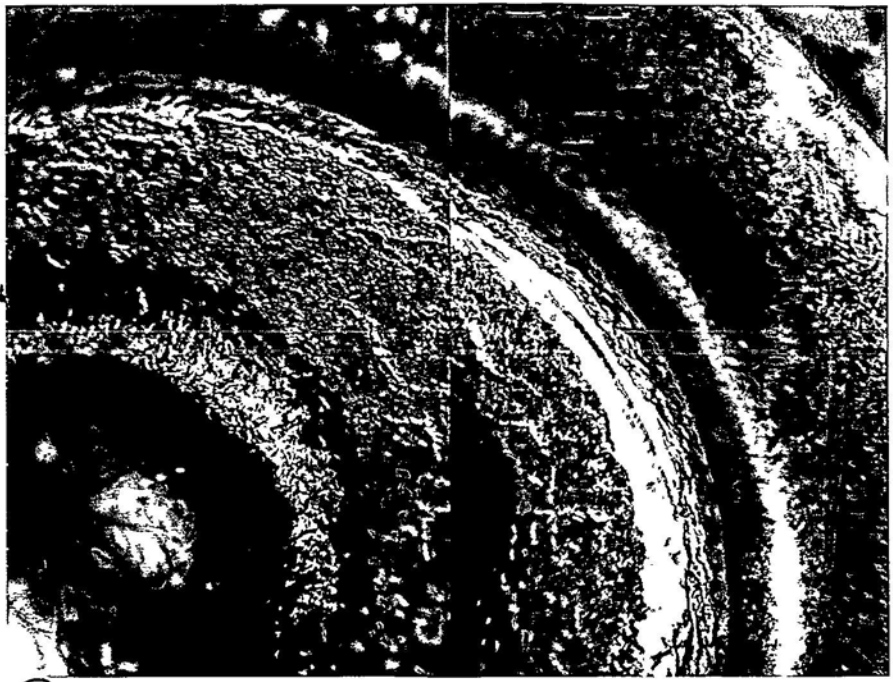


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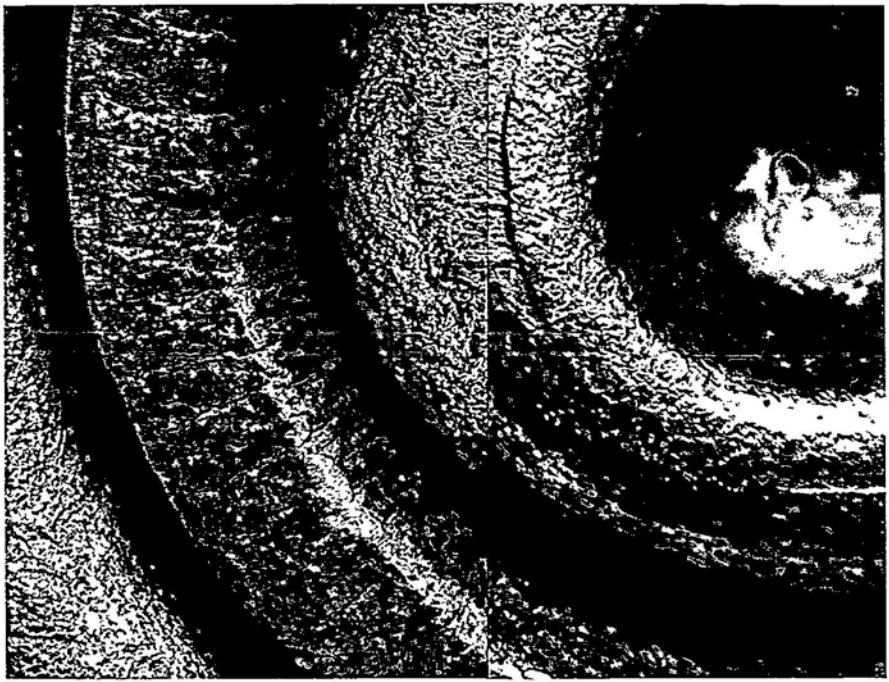


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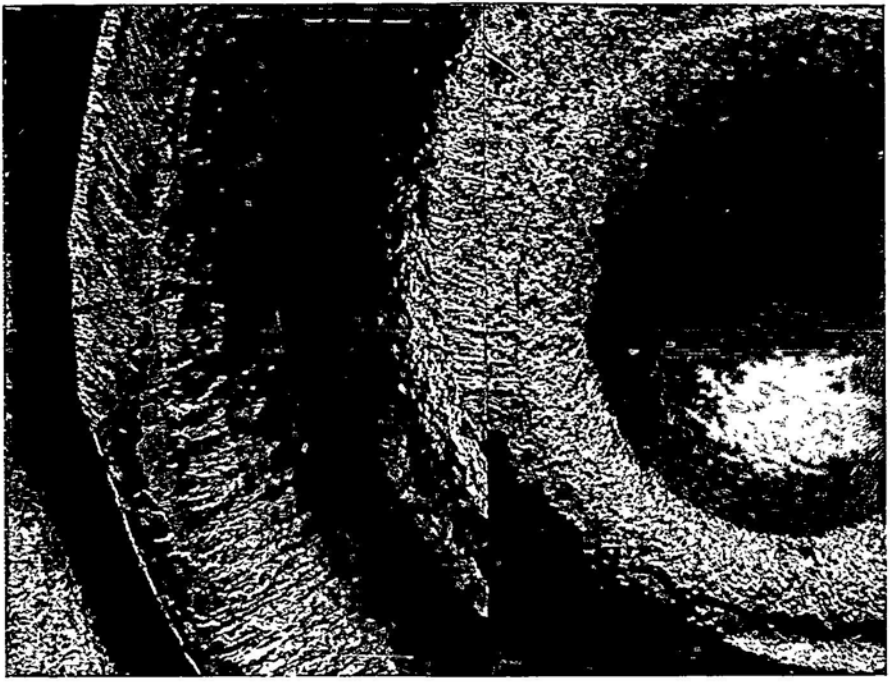


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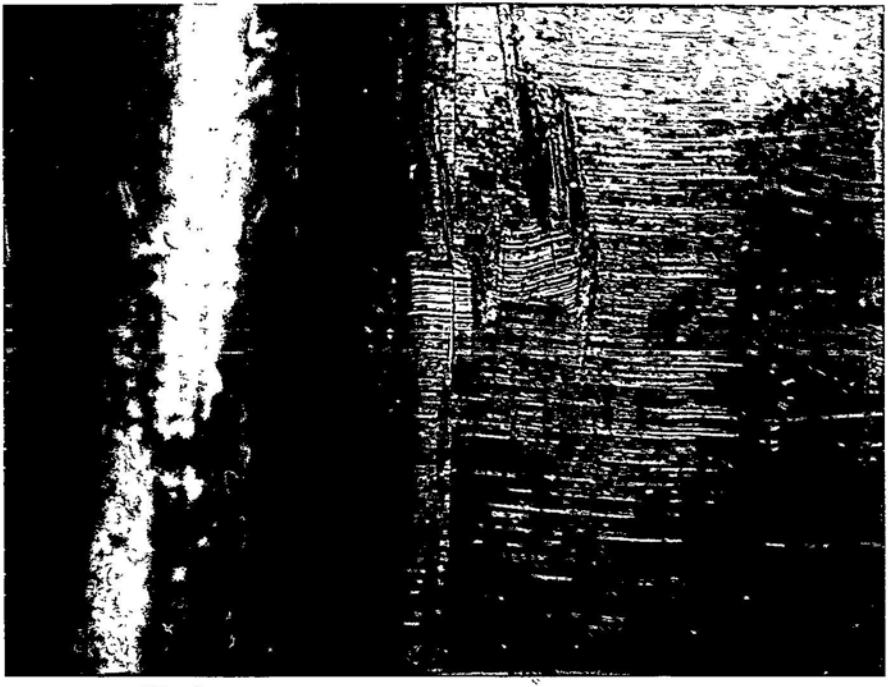
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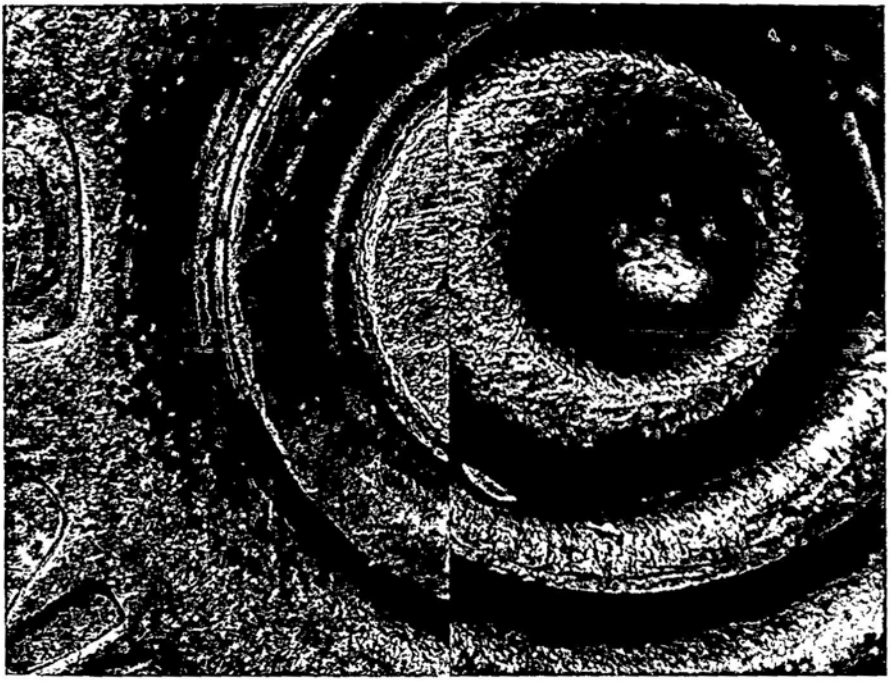


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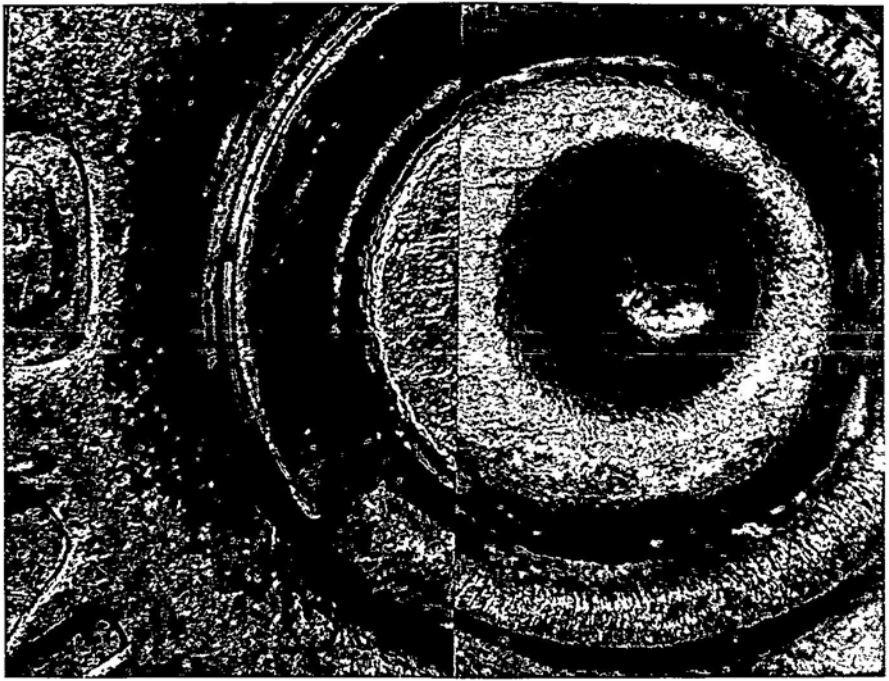


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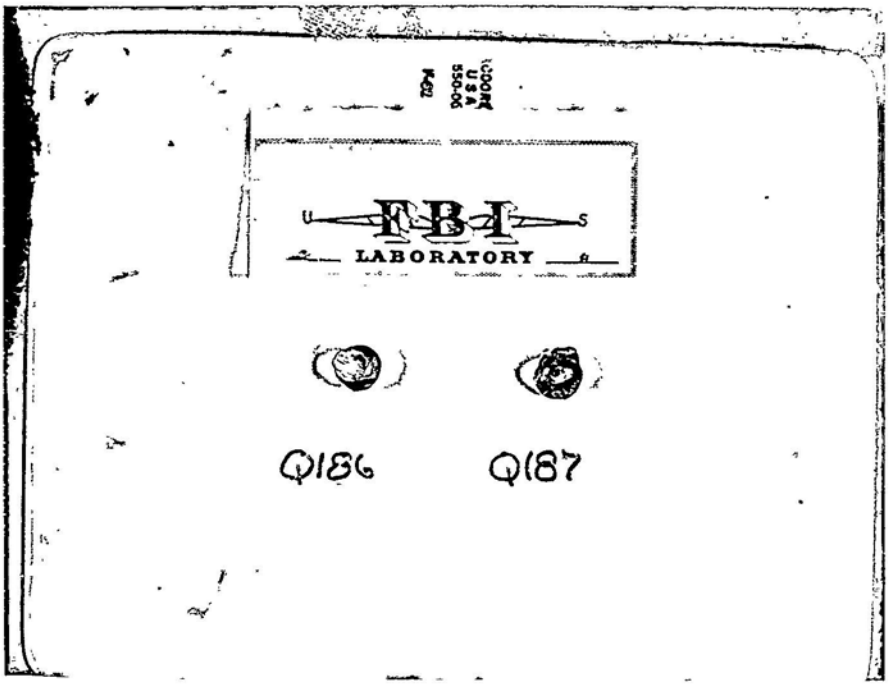


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9111965 S Q4

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Q184

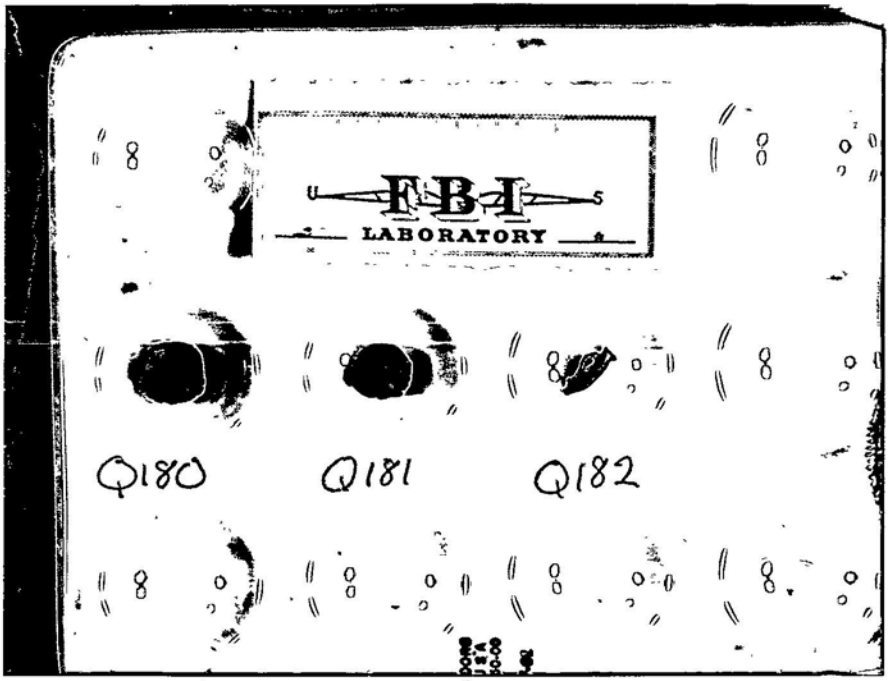
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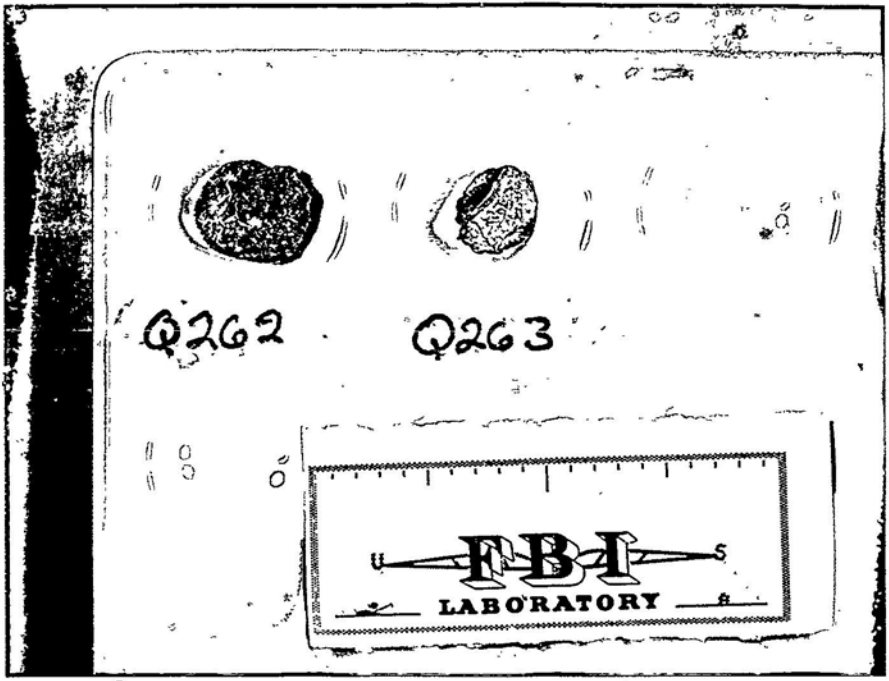
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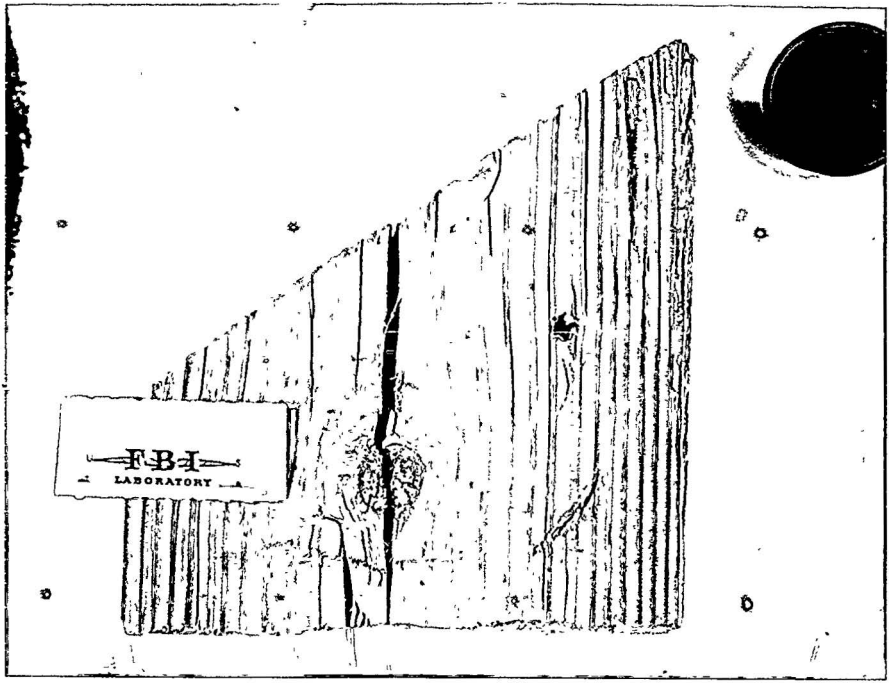
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911 9065 SOY



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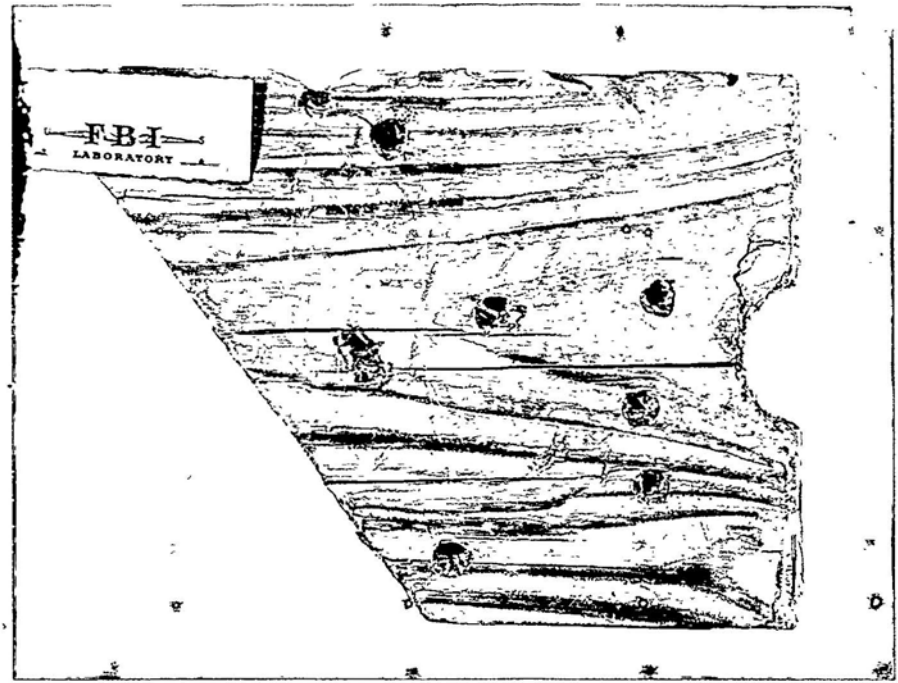


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ENTRANCE Hole

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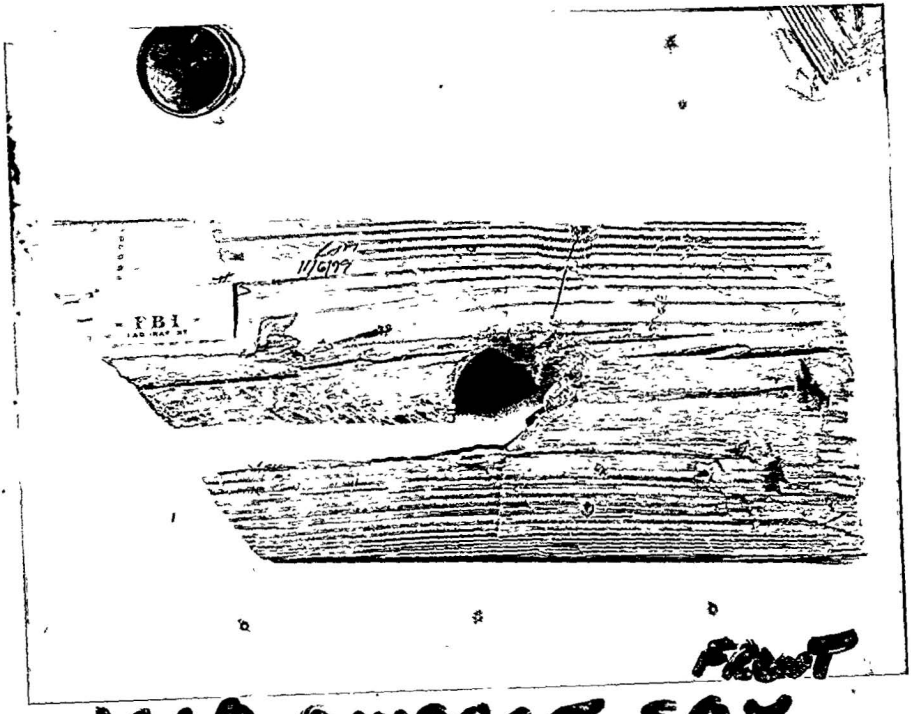


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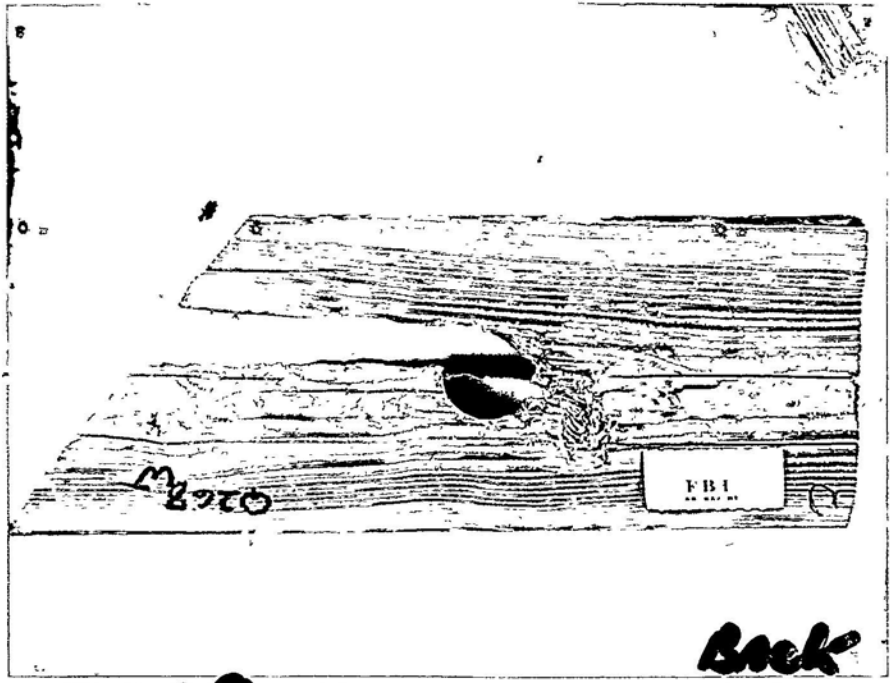


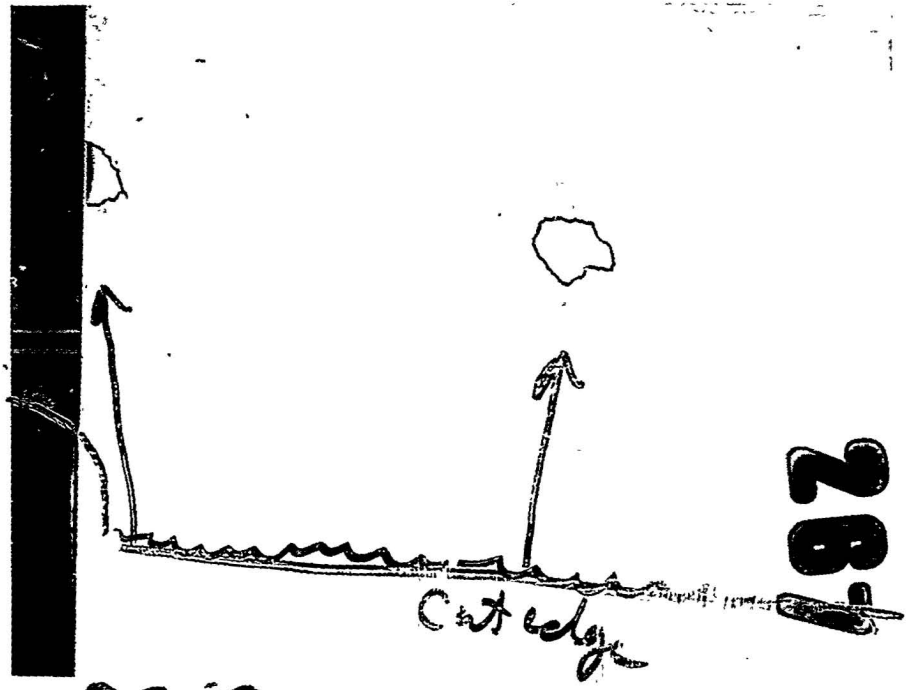
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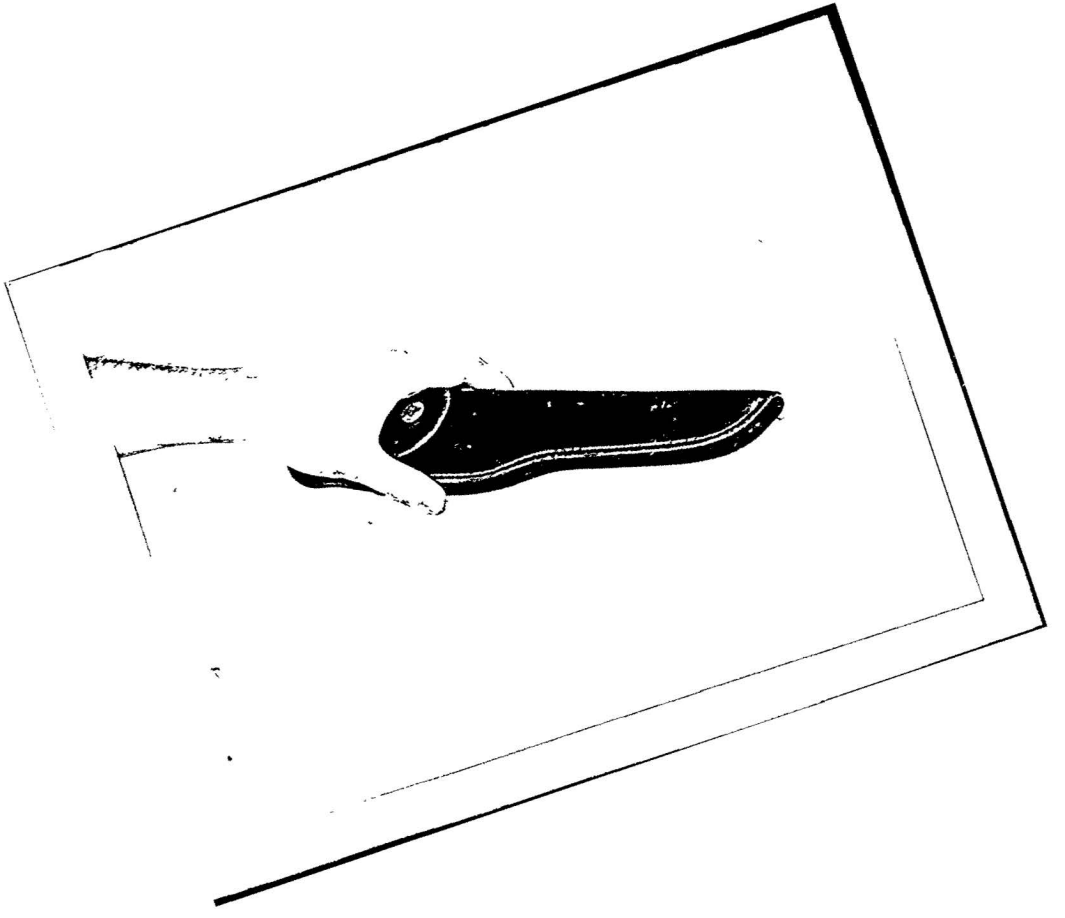


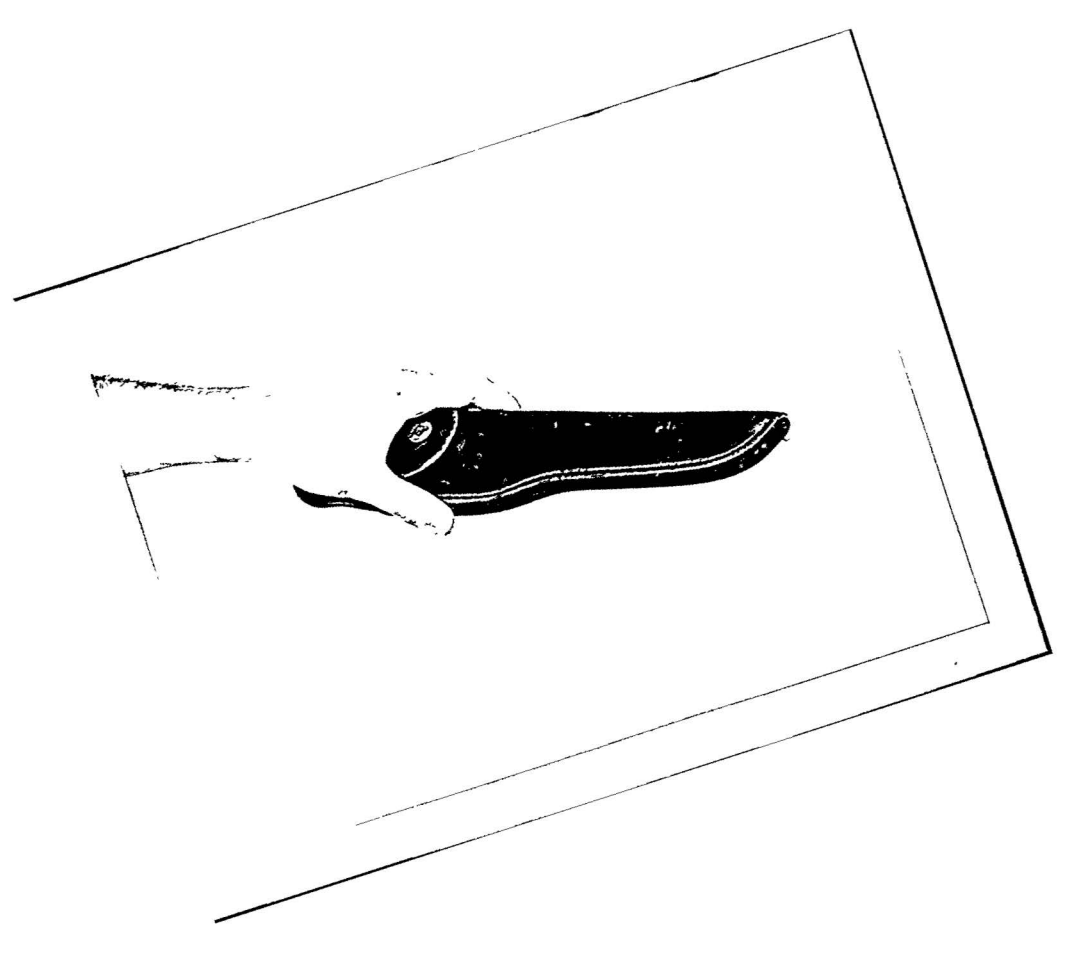
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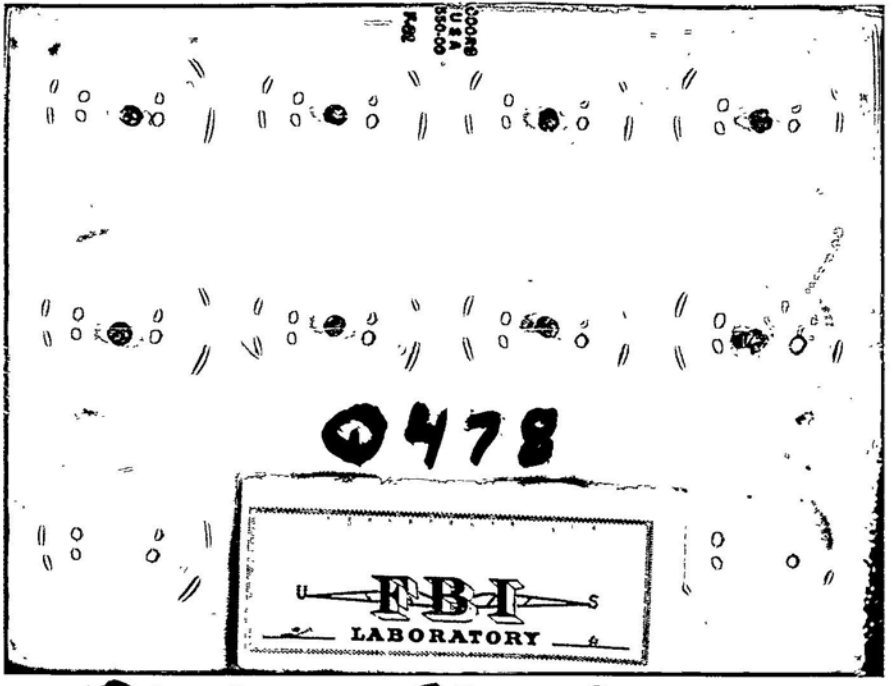
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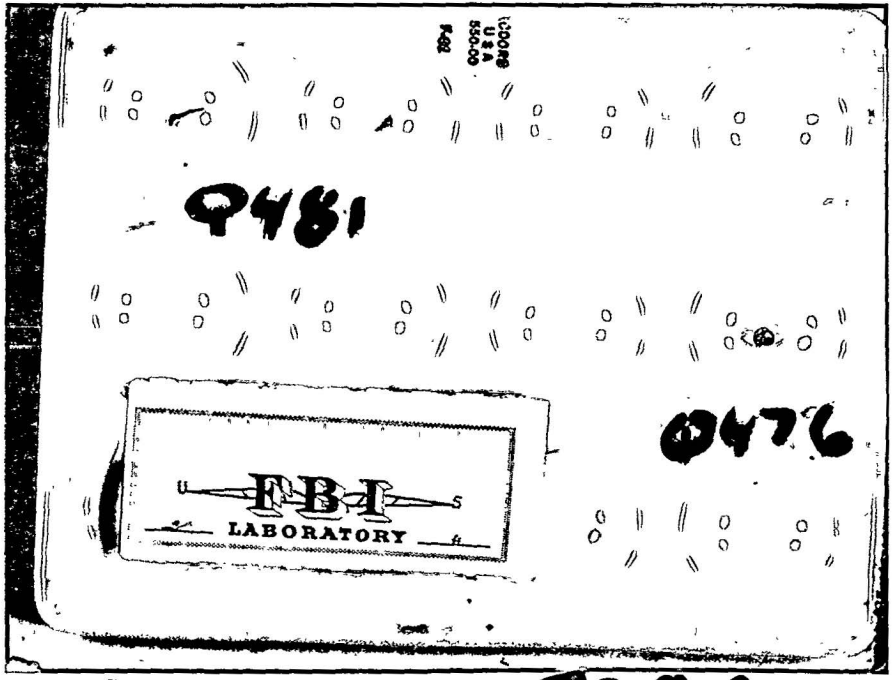









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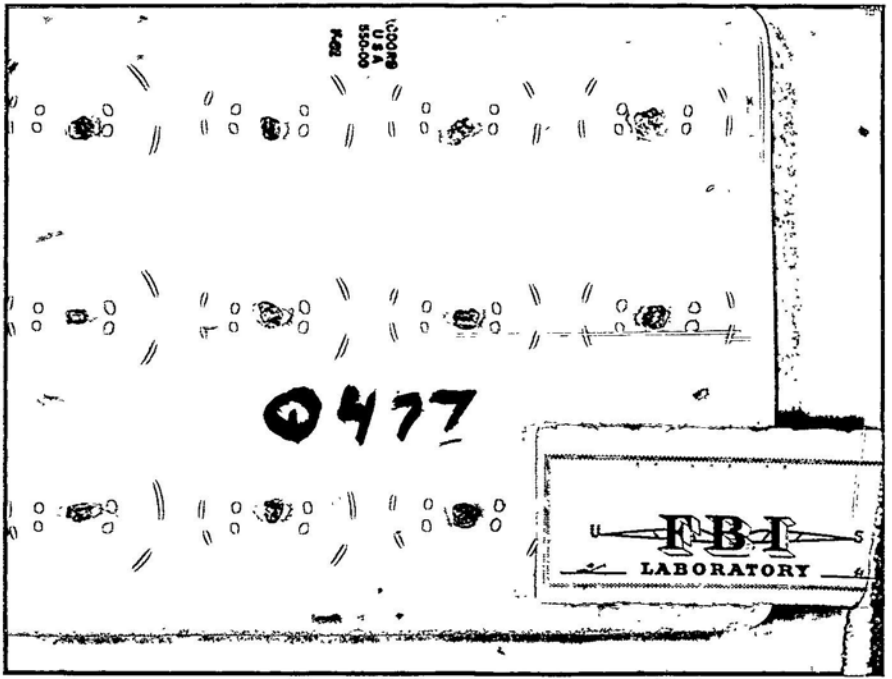


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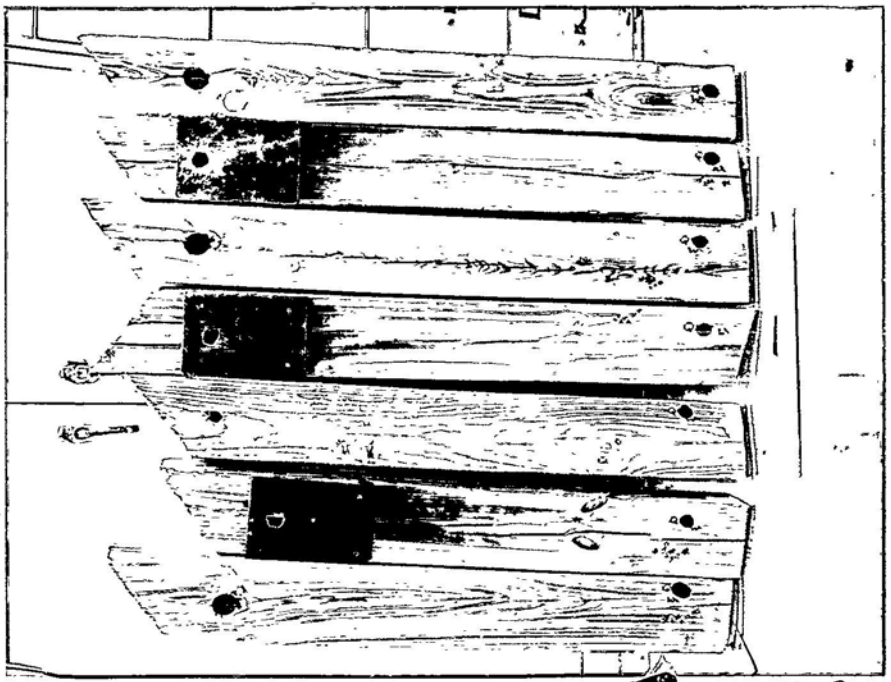
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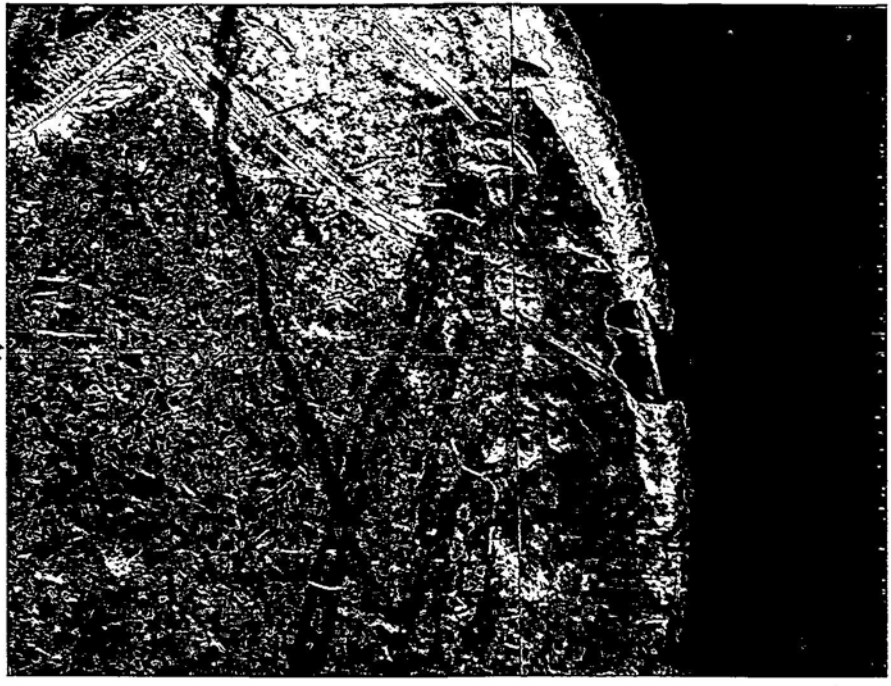
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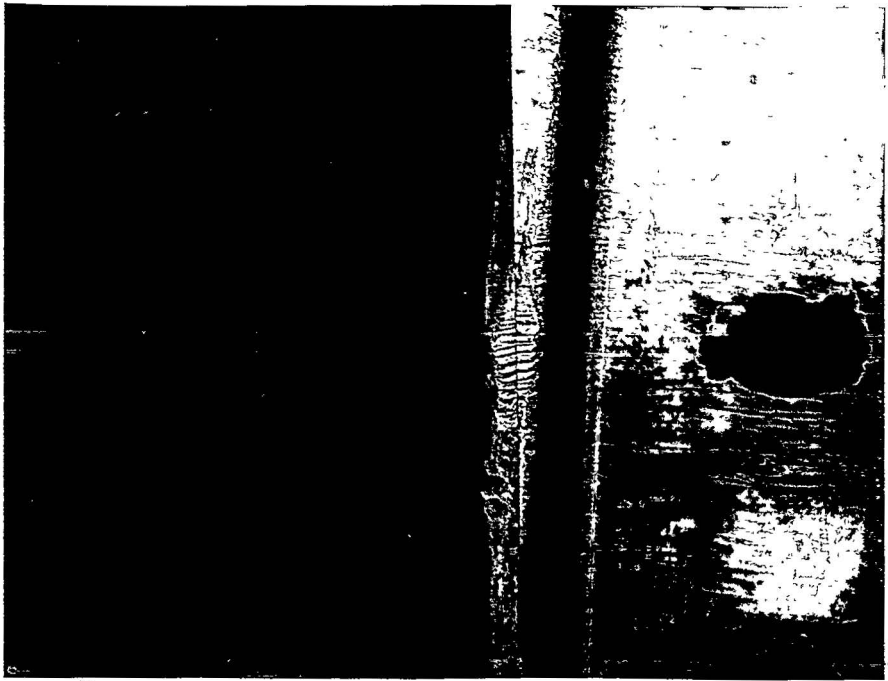
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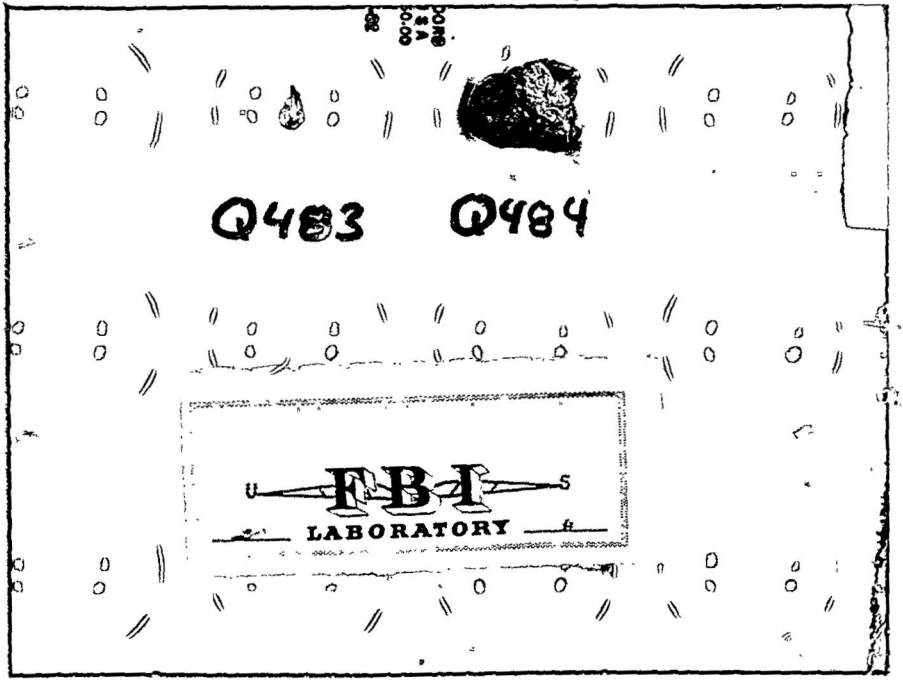
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Q483
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LABORATORY



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IC4 0021205/ Q424

USDOE
USA
550.00
F&D

Q458

Q459

DOCUMENT(S) CANNOT
BE SCANNED

DESCRIPTION:

PHOTO NEGATIVES

CITY OF GREENSBORO

NORTH CAROLINA

LOCAL & STATE

November 14, 1979

91119065

Mr. William H. Webster, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 AP/lc

Attention: F.B.I. Lab

Reference: Confiscated Weapons (Violation of State of Emergency Ordinance)

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b7C

Suspects: [redacted] and Others

GPD #79-0149096

Dear Mr. Webster

On 11/11/79, a state of emergency was declared in the city of Greensboro, North Carolina. As a result, a caravan of automobiles was stopped and searched on Lee Street near Interstate 85. The following weapons were confiscated, and several persons were arrested. I am sending these weapons by personal courier.

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b7C

(1) A Sears Roebuck .12-gauge shotgun, Serial [redacted] K25
(2) A Westernfield .12-gauge shotgun, Serial [redacted] K26
(3) A .12-gauge Smith & Wesson shotgun, Serial [redacted] K27
(4) A .38-caliber Strum Ruger pistol. K28
(5) A .32-caliber pistol, Serial [redacted] K29
(6) A .44-caliber Saver & Sohn revolver, serial number filed off. K30
(7) A .380-caliber Beretta, Serial [redacted] K31
(8) A .38-caliber Colt revolver, Serial [redacted] K32
(9) A 9mm Walters automatic pistol, Serial [redacted] K33
(10) A .357-caliber lever action rifle, serial number filed off. K34
(11) A .12-gauge Remington shotgun, Model 870, serial number filed off. K35
(12) A .38-caliber Smith & Wesson revolver, Serial [redacted] K36
(13) A .12-gauge Remington shotgun, Model 870, serial number filed off. K37
(14) A .12-gauge Westernfield shotgun, Serial [redacted] K38
(15) A .12-gauge Hi Standard shotgun, Serial [redacted] K39
(16) A .38-caliber Smith & Wesson revolver, Serial [redacted] K40
(17) A .22-caliber RG revolver, Serial [redacted] K41
(18) A .38-caliber Colt Agent revolver, Serial [redacted] K42

JE-38

Please examine Items 6, 10, 11, and 13 and attempt to raise the obliterated serial numbers on these weapons.

NOV 28 1979

In addition, if there are any projectiles, lead fragments, spent shotgun shells, or spent brass shells that were submitted in the letter dated 11/14/79, under our case number, 79-0145368, that cannot be linked to any of the weapons submitted in that case, please compare them with the weapons submitted in this case since some of the people arrested under the state of emergency were also at the scene of the shooting of 11/3/79.

The results of this exam will be used in a criminal prosecution. The items have not been nor will they be examined by any other expert.

If you have any questions or suggestions concerning this case, please contact Captain [redacted] at [redacted] or [redacted] at [redacted]

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b7C

Yours truly,

W. E. Swing
Chief of Police

[redacted]

Staff Services Division

WES:JWH/dc/113.114

CSOOOI 3141654

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FM CHICAGO ( ) (SQUAD 5)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE PRIORITY

WFO PRIORITY

ET

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

10 Nov 79 1741Z

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FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 TAP/ca

UNCLAS EFTO

ATTENTION TERRORISM SECTION, CID

GREENKIL; DS-CR (WFO 44-1194) (OO: CHARLOTTE),

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP), DS

(WFO 100-49578) (BU 105-184369) OO: CHICAGO.

RE BUREAU TELETYPE TO ALEXANDRIA, ET AL,

DATED NOVEMBER 9, 19-9.

CONCERNING VEHICLE AND REGISTRANTS OBSERVED WDC

AREA IN RETEL, CHICAGO INDICES NEGATIVE REGARDING C.

KISSENGER LIBERATION BOOKS. REVIEW OF HAINES CRISS

CROSS DIRECTORY AND CHICAGO MAP DIRECTORY INDICATES NO

SOUTH AVENUE ADDRESS IN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

BT

44-81521-76

NOV 20 1979

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DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECT
FEDE BUREAU OF INVE IGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

November 5, 1979

Mr. Bo n
Mr. Colwell
Mr. Moore
Mr. Bailey
Mr. Bayse
Mr. Cregar
Mr. Herndon
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Long
Mr. Mintz
Mr. Mullen
Mr. Otto
Mr. Stames
Mr. Bruemmer
Mr. Hotis
Mr. Roin
Mr. Steel
Tele. Room
Miss Devine

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b7C

Judge,

This afternoon at approximately 12:10 p.m., [redacted] took a call from the Attorney General in your absence and in the absence of the Executive Assistant Directors. The Attorney General wanted to request a quick report on the North Carolina incident. He indicated that he wanted the basic information on the situation and needed it within about 45 minutes.

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I then called [redacted] and asked him to have [redacted] contact the Attorney General directly. However, [redacted] advised that the teletypes (attached) had already been provided to [redacted] and that he had spoken to [redacted] said that [redacted] told him he was on his way to brief the Attorney General and show him the teletypes and would ask the Attorney General at that time if there was any further information he needed. If the Attorney General does desire further information, [redacted] will advise the Attorney General that [redacted] will immediately provide him with that information.

[redacted]

ALS:cwb
(2)

FBI/DOJ

11/5/79

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

On 11/3/79, a march was held by the Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO), Greensboro, North Carolina. Prior to start of march, at approximately 11:30 a.m., a van containing suspected members of the Ku Klux Klan and others arrived at site of march whereupon a gun fight began causing the deaths of four persons and the wounding of several others, two of which were not expected to live.

March permit had been previously granted to the WVO by Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department. Greensboro Police Department has identified vehicles occupied by Klan members and have arrested twelve individuals possibly involved in shooting. Warrants are being obtained by the Greensboro Police Department charging arrested individuals with murder, attempted murder and conspiracy. Agents from the Greensboro Resident Agency and Raleigh, North Carolina, Resident Agency are on the scene to investigate possible civil rights violations. ASAC, Charlotte and U.S. Attorney on scene. SAC, Charlotte in process of returning to Charlotte from annual leave to oversee investigation.

By second teletype Charlotte advises Greensboro Police Department has determined most persons involved in altercations are from other areas of the State of North Carolina rather than Greensboro.

At 9:35 a.m., 11/4/79, Civil Rights Supervisor Hatfield contacted SAC Monahan, who has returned to Charlotte and will remain at Charlotte Office as ASAC is on scene at Greensboro. SAC advised no further activity and all seems quiet in Greensboro at this time. Special Agents are continuing to interview witnesses and follow with Greensboro Police Department. Charlotte will sutel any new developments on today's date.

1 - Mr. Colwell
1 - Mr. Steel
1 - Public Affairs

EEH/caw

APPROVED:

Director		Adm. Serv.	Legal Coun.
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NP 032
OO HI CE
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R 101805Z NOV 79
FM MINNEAPOLIS (44-2164)
TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE)
(ATTN: TERRORISM SECTION C.I.DML
CHARLOTTE (IMMEDIATE)
BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 TAP/ic

UNCLAS EFTO
GREENKIL; DS-CR (WASHINGTON FIELD FILE 44-1194) (OO:CHARLOTTE)
REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP), DS (WASHINGTON FIELD
FILE 100-49578) (BUREAU FILE 105-164369) (OO: CHICAGO)
HAND SEARCH OF DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES AT ST
PAUL,
MINNESOTA REVEALS NO MINNESOTA LICENSE WITH PREFIX AND NUMBERS
OF [redacted] ISSUED IN MINNESOTA TO DATE.

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44-81521-71

DMV SUGGESTED IT COULD POSSIBLE BE A MARYLAND BI-
CENTENNIAL PLATE OR FLORIDA PLATE WHICH ARE SIMILAR IN
LETTERS AND COLOR TO MINNESOTA LICENSE PLATES.
BT

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FM PORTLAND (100-15030) P

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 TAP/kl

RE CHARLOTTE IMMEDIATE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

APPROPRIATE INQUIRY OF PORTLAND DIVISION SOURCES REGARDING TRAVEL OF SYMPATHIZERS OR MEMBERS OF WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, KU KLUX KLAN, COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY TO PARTICIPATE IN OR DEMONSTRATE AGAINST ANY PLANNED OR UNPLANNED ACTIVITIES RELATED TO CAPTIONED MATTER CONDUCTED.

ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979, [redacted] ADVISED IT IS RUMORED THAT FOUR MEMBERS OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP) WHO ARE REPORTERS FOR THE RCP PAPER "THE WORKER" ARE BEING SENT FROM

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WASHINGTON, D.C., TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, FOR THE PURPOSE OF REPORTING THE INCIDENTS THERE. NO INFORMATION CONCERNING VIOLENCE OR TRAVEL OF OTHER RCP MEMBERS TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA IS KNOWN.

PORTLAND WILL REMAIN ALERT AND WILL IMMEDIATELY REPORT ANY FURTHER POSITIVE INFORMATION RECEIVED REGARDING CAPTIONED MATTER.

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FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A).

OFFICIALS, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT, ADVISED THAT, AS OF 12:00 NOON, NOVEMBER 4, 1979, THERE HAVE BEEN NO FURTHER REPORTED INCIDENTS OF VIOLENCE IN CAPTIONED MATTER AND SITUATION AT GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, AS OF THIS TIME APPEARS QUIET.

44-81521-79

[redacted] WIFE OF [redacted] WHO WAS SHOT AND CRITICALLY INJURED IN CAPTIONED INCIDENT, HAS STATED, ACCORDING TO MEDIA REPORTS, THAT THE VIOLENCE WILL STRENGTHEN HER RESOLVE TO WIPE OUT CAPITALISM AND THE KLAN. SHE IS QUOTED AS STATING, "WHAT WE WANT TO DO IS GET RID OF THIS SYSTEM, THIS CAPITALISTIC SYSTEM,

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16 NOV 7 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 6/5/84 BY sp/tcp/cp

DAG EPC
11/5/79
6 DEC 5 1979

THESE BIG MONOPOLIES. IT'S A SYSTEM THAT MURDERS
THE STREET. WHAT WE WANTED TO ACCOMPLISH AND WHAT WE
OMPLISH IS TO DRIVE THE KLAN BACK INTO THEIR SCUMMY
HOLES AND WIPE THEM OUT."

[redacted] ALSO STATED THAT THE RALLY SPONSORED BY THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), A COMMUNIST GROUP IN WHICH [redacted] WERE IN THE PROCESS OF FORMING THE DEMONSTRATION WHICH WAS A "DEATH TO THE KLAN" MARCH WHEN SHE NOTED THE APPROACH OF SEVERAL CARLOADS OF WHITE MEN. SHE NOTED ONE OF THE MEN IN THE LEAD CAR HAD A WEAPON AND THEREAFTER FIRING STARTED AND LATER FOUND [redacted] ON THE GROUND NEARBY WOUNDED [redacted] SHE IS QUOTED AS STATING THE ATTACK WAS "A CLEAR EXAMPLE OF THE COOPERATION BETWEEN THE COPS, THE KLAN, AND THE WHOLE GOVERNMENT."

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ACCORDING TO NEWS MEDIA REPRESENTATIVES, [redacted] WHO WAS ONE OF THOSE INJURED BY GUNFIRE DURING CAPTIONED INCIDENT AND IS A MEMBER OF THE WVO, INDICATED THAT ALL THE PEOPLE WHO DIED WERE SIGNIFICANT COMMUNIST LEADERS IN NORTH CAROLINA. [redacted] IS QUOTED AS STATING, "THE GUNMEN WERE AGENTS OF THE CAPITALIST CLASS" OR "THE STATE IN SOME FORM," WHICH HE STATED WAS "AFTER US BECAUSE

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WE ARE COMMUNIST AND ARE AGAINST THIS SYSTEM." [redacted] IS ALSO QUOTED AS STATING, "WE (WORKERS VIEWPOINT MEMBERS) WERE ARMED TODAY, BUT THEY TOOK US BY SURPRISE."

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GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, POLICE DEPARTMENT HAS ADVISED THAT [redacted] DATE OF BIRTH [redacted] [redacted] OF THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, WHO FLED THE SCENE WITH SEVERAL OTHER WHITE MALES, IS BEING CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY TO MURDER, AND, FOLLOWING A REVIEW OF THE TELEVISION TAPES OF THE INCIDENT, ONE [redacted], DATE OF BIRTH [redacted] IS BEING CHARGED WITH MURDER.

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IT HAS BEEN ASCERTAINED THAT OTHER PARTICIPANTS IN THE INCIDENT RESIDE IN THE GASTONIA AND LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA, AREAS; AND AGENTS BEING ASSIGNED TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW THESE INDIVIDUALS.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO BUREAU, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND NOVEMBER 4, 1979.

CHARLOTTE DIVISION BELIEVES THAT MANPOWER PRESENTLY ASSIGNED IS ADEQUATE TO HANDLE THE INVESTIGATION.

CE 44-3527 UNCLAS E F T O

SAC, CHARLOTTE, BACK IN DIVISION AND HAS ASSUMED OVERALL SUPERVISION OF CAPTIONED MATTER. ASAC CECIL E. MOSES REMAINS AT GREENSBORO FOR PRESENT.

BT

O-73 (Rev. 10-26-78)

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MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
11/5/79	UNCLASSIFIED	IMMEDIATE

FM DIRECTOR FBI

TO FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

- ☐ The President
- ☐ The Vice President
- ☐ White House Situation Room
  - ☐ Attn: National Security Council
- ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)
- ☐ Department of the Army
- ☐ Naval Investigative Service
- ☐ Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
- ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (ATTN: SOO))
- ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
- ☐ Director CIA
- ☒ U. S. Secret Service (PID)
  - ☐ Attn: Executive Protective Service
- ☐ ZEN/U. S. Postal Service
  - ☐ Attn: Chief Postal Inspector
- ☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- ☐ Department of Energy
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: U. S. Customs
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms
- ☐ Department of Transportation
  - ☐ Attn: Director of Security
- ☐ Drug Enforcement Administration
- ☐ General Services Administration (WASHDC area, specify office)

  _____
- ☐ (Other Areas, specify CITY/STATE)

  _____
- ☐ Federal Aviation Administration
- ☐ Federal Protective Service
- ☐ Secretary of State
  - ☐ Attn: Director Bureau of Intelligence & Research
  - ☐ Attn: SCA—VISA Office Room 709 - SA2
- ☐ Attorney General
- ☒ Deputy AG
  - ☒ Attn: Emergency Programs Center
- ☐ Assistant AG, Civil Rights Div.
- ☐ Assistant AG, Criminal Div.
  - ☐ Attn: Internal Security Section
  - ☐ Attn: General Crimes Section
- ☐ Assistant AG for Administration
  - ☐ Attn: Security & Administrative Services Staff
- ☐ Immigration & Naturalization Service

44-81521-80

(SERVICE ALSO AVAILABLE TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES NOT LISTED. ☐)
CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR ADDRESSING INFORMATION) ☐

SUBJECT:

UNSUBS WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979
DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS

16 NOV 7 1979

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Director's Secty

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FM KNOXVILLE (157-3021) P

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

"GREENKIL"

RE CHARLOTTE TEL, NOV. 6, 1979.

INQUIRIES BY KNOXVILLE OFFICE HAVE RESULTED IN NO INFO TO INDICATE PLANNED TRAVEL BY ANY INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PARTICIPATING IN OR DEMONSTRATING AGAINST ANY PLANNED OR UNPLANNED ACTIVITIES RELATING TO CAPTIONED MATTER.

44-81521-51

KNOXVILLE WILL CONTINUE TO BE ALERT TO SUCH INFO.

BT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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FM RICHMOND (44-1416) -P-

TO DIRECTOR (PRIORITY)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (PRIORITY)

DALLAS (100-12879) (ROUTINE)

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2TAP/ca

NR 2/11/80 NE

RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU DATED NOVEMBER 9, 1979.

ON NOVEMBER 9, 1979, [redacted] (PROTECT DUE TO REQUEST), [redacted] [redacted] ADVISED HE HAS NO DEFINITE INFORMATION CONCERNING PERSON(S) AND/OR ORGANIZATION(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR PLANNING AND EXECUTION OF SHOOTING INCIDENT IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. HE ALSO HAS NO SPECIFIC INFORMATION RELATING TO PLANNED TRAVEL BY ANYONE TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, FOR PURPOSE OF PARTICIPATION IN DEMONSTRATION ON NOVEMBER 11, 1979.

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44-81521-82

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[redacted] HAS OBTAINED NUMEROUS PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN BY "RALEIGH TIMES" PHOTOGRAPHER [redacted] OF INDIVIDUALS ATTENDING MEETING OF UNITED RACIST FRONT HELD AT LOUISBURG, NORTH CAROLINA, ON SEPTEMBER 22, 1979. AVAILABILITY OF PHOTOGRAPHS HAS BEEN BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF SERGEANT [redacted], GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT. PHOTOGRAPHS ARE OF APPARENT MEMBERS OF FEDERATED KLAN, INCLUDING [redacted]; CONFEDERATED KLAN, INCLUDING [redacted]; AND THE NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY OF AMERICA, INCLUDING [redacted]. PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN IN CONNECTION WITH STORY WRITTEN BY REPORTER [redacted] AND APPEARING IN SEPTEMBER 24, 1979, ISSUE OF "RALEIGH TIMES". [redacted] ADVISED THAT [redacted] A NOTORIOUS WHITE RACIST, WAS THE ORGANIZER OF THE UNITED RACIST FRONT MEETING.

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IT IS PERSONAL ASSESSMENT OF [redacted] THAT [redacted] AND COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY ARE NOT IN CONTACT WITH SOVIET PRESS INASMUCH AS COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY IS BELIEVED TO BE A MACIST ORGANIZATION.

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FROM INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO [redacted], MOST OF WHICH IS PUBLIC SOURCE INFORMATION, HE BELIEVES THAT [redacted] HAS SOME KNOWLEDGE OR INVOLVEMENT IN THE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, SHOOTING INCIDENT AT GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA. HE ADVISED THAT [redacted] SPONSORED KLAN RALLY AT LINCOLNTON, NORTH CAROLINA, ON OCTOBER 20-21, 1979, AND SOME INDIVIDUALS ARRESTED IN THE NOVEMBER 3, 1979 SHOOTING INCIDENT REPORTEDLY CLAIMED THEY JOINED KLAN AT THAT RALLY. ADDITIONALLY, [redacted] IS UNDER THE IMPRESSION THAT EFFORTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT TO LOCATE [redacted] WHO REPORTEDLY WAS PRESENT IN GREENSBORO ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, HAVE BEEN NEGATIVE TO DATE.

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Director's Sec'y

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FM PITTSBURGH (44-1714)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 T&Plee

GREENKILL, CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST

ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979, A PERSON IN A POSITION TO KNOW WHO REQUESTED HIS IDENTITY BE CONCEALED ADVISED THAT [redacted] TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted] HAD CHARTERED TWO BUSES FROM GREYHOUND BUS LINES, CHARLESTON, WV, TO TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO, NC, ON NOVEMBER 11, 1979. BUSES HAVE 43 PASSENGER CAPACITY EACH AND ARE TO TAKE A "COALITION OF CHURCH GROUPS" TO GREENSBORO. ONE BUS WILL LEAVE CHARLESTON, WV, AT 6 AM ON NOVEMBER 11, 1979. SECOND WILL LEAVE BECKLEY, WV, AT 7:30 AM, NOVEMBER 11, 1979. ARRIVAL TIME AT GREENSBORO, NC, WILL BE 12 NOON, NOVEMBER 11, 1979. BUSES ARE TO DEPART GREENSBORO EVENING OF NOVEMBER 11, 1979, AND RETURN TO WV.

44-81521-83

61-FWP

CC - Unfiled

59DEC7 1979

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AN ARTICLE APPEARING IN THE CHARLESTON DAILY MAIL, A NEWSPAPER IN GENERAL CIRCULATION IN CHARLESTON, WV, ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979, CAPTIONED, "AREA MAN TO JOIN GREENSBORO MARCH", INDICATED A [redacted], AGE [redacted], AN [redacted], STATED THAT HE AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY WOULD JOIN A FUNERAL MARCH IN GREENSBORO, NC, ON SUNDAY. ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, [redacted] STATED THE MARCH WILL BE AN ARMED DEMONSTRATION. [redacted] FURTHER CHARGED IN THE ARTICLE THE FBI WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DEATHS IN GREENSBORO.

RECORDS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES (DMV), [redacted] ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979, LISTED ONE [redacted] [redacted] WHITE MALE, DOB [redacted] TALL, [redacted] LBS., [redacted] EYES, HOME ADDRESS [redacted] [redacted] HAS LISTED TO HIM A [redacted] LICENSE [redacted] NO OTHER DATA LOCATED FOR [redacted] [redacted] CITY DIRECTORY FOR [redacted] DOES NOT LIST AN ADDRESS OF [redacted] ON A STREET. THIS STREET RUNS NUMERICALLY FROM NUMBER 11 THROUGH NUMBER 34.

DMV RECORDS LIST [redacted] DOB [redacted]

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[redacted] WHITE MALE, HEIGHT [redacted] TALL, [redacted] LBS., [redacted] EYES, SSAN [redacted] AT [redacted] HAS REGISTERED TO HIM A [redacted] REGISTRATION NUMBER [redacted].

RECORDS OF THE CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION BUREAU, WV STATE POLICE, SOUTH CHARLESTON, WV, A CENTRAL REPOSITORY FOR ARREST INFO IN THE STATE OF WV WERE REVIEWED ON NOVEMBER 9, 1979, WITH NEGATIVE RESULTS REGARDING [redacted] AND [redacted]

ADMINISTRATIVE: SOURCE REFERRED TO ABOVE IS [redacted] IDENTITY PROTECTED BY REQUEST.

PG INDICES NEGATIVE RE [redacted] AKA [redacted] AND [redacted] AKA [redacted]

PG TAKING NO FURTHER ACTION REGARDING ABOVE, UACB.

BT

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FM DENVER (157-2015) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

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GREENKIL. OO:

13 Nov 79 00 42

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-8-84 BY SP2 Dpl/cw 1284

REDNTEL NOVEMBER NINE, NINETEEN SEVENTYNINE.

FOR INFORMATION, ON NOVEMBER ELEVEN LAST, APPROXIMATELY FIFTEEN INDIVIDUALS CONDUCTED A DEMONSTRATION IN FRONT OF THE FEDERAL OFFICE BUILDING, NINETEENTH AND STOUT STREETS, DENVER, COLORADO, FROM TWO THIRTY P.M. TO AZOUT THREE P.M. DEMONSTRATORS WERE BILLED AS THE COMMUNIST WORKERS' PARTY AND WERE LED BY [redacted] FROM [redacted]

[redacted] IS KNOWN TO DENVER DIVISION AS CHICANO ACTIVIST AND SELF-CLAIMED LEADER OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS' PARTY IN [redacted] (CWP). b6 b7C

44-3527-1-84

NOV 20 1979

THERE WERE FEW ONLOOKERS, NO VILENCE AND NO ARRESTS.

DEMONSTRATION WAS IN SUPPORT OF CWP MEMBERS KILLED IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, BURIED SAME DATE. NO MEMBERS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN APPEARED AT THE DEMONSTRATION.

BT

59DEC7 1979

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FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

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FEDERAL BUREAU
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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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CHANGED: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (

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TITLE IS MARKED CHANGED TO INCLUDE THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AND NOVEMBER 4, 1979.

SUBJECT [redacted] FURNISHED STATEMENT ADMITTING MEMBERSHIP IN AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., AND FURNISHED IDENTITY OF THE FOLLOWING AMERICAN NAZI PARTY MEMBERS WHO WERE PRESENT AT WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION'S DEMONSTRATION:

(1) [redacted] RALEIGH, N. C.

(2) [redacted] ANGIER, N. C.

(3) [redacted], WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

(4) [redacted] WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

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(5) [redacted] WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.. [redacted] IS [redacted] OF [redacted] AND IS COOPERATIVE. [redacted] UNCOOPERATIVE AND HAS BEEN CHARGED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES WITH CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT MURDER AND IS IN CUSTODY. [redacted] WAS ARRESTED IN WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., NOVEMBER 4, 1979, AND IS IN CUSTODY. [redacted] REMAINS IN FUGITIVE STATUS. [redacted] FURTHER FURNISHED ALL RECORDS AND PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY. ATF, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., HAS UC AGENT AS MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY AND ARRANGEMENTS ARE UNDERWAY TO HAVE UC AGENT MEET WITH ASAC TODAY. A TOTAL NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTIGATION AT SCENE HAS BEEN CONCLUDED. NEIGHBORHOOD VERY CALM, ENTIRELY COOPERATIVE, AND FEELS TO BE A VICTIM OF CIRCUMSTANCES. [redacted] RELEASED FROM JAIL AND ADVISED MEDIA THAT ANOTHER DEMONSTRATION IS SCHEDULED NOVEMBER 11, 1979. GREENSBORO CITY AUTHORITIES WILL REFUSE ANY REQUEST FOR PERMIT. [redacted] FURTHER ACCUSED FBI WITH BRUTALITY DURING AN ATTEMPTED INTERVEW ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, WHILE HE WAS INCARCERATED AT THE GUILFORD COUNTY JAIL. [redacted] REFUSED COMMENT WHEN MEDIA REPRESENTATIVES ASKED HIM IF ANY MEMBER OF WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION WAS ARMED DURING THE DEMONSTRATION.

IN VIEW OF POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST AND NOT INTENDED TO OPEN SEPARATE INVESTIGATIONS, BY SEPARATE COMMUNICATION, ALL FIELD OFFICES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER HAVE BEEN ADVISED AND HAVE BEEN REQUESTED TO FURNISH THE IDENTITIES OF ANY INDIVIDUALS WHO MAY TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO TO SUPPORT ANY GROUP IN ANY SCHEDULED OR UNSCHEDULED DEMONSTRATION OR TO ATTEND THE SERVICES FOR THE DECEASED. TWO REMAINING VICTIMS ARE CRITICAL AND ARE STILL EXPECTED NOT TO LIVE. MEMBERS, ACLU AND NATIONAL CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION HELD CONFERENCE NOVEMBER 4, 1979, AT GREENSBORO AND DENOUNCED GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR INACTION. ASAC, CHARLOTTE AND SSRA, GREENSBORO, WILL ATTEMPT TO LOCATE AND INTERVIEW [redacted] IN DEPTH. b6 b7C

BT

WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION

By letter from FBIHQ to New York, dated 5/29/75, New York was advised to review its records for any information concerning the "Workers Viewpoint." These instructions were issued after FBIHQ reviewed an article entitled Workers Viewpoint, Volume 3, which was contained in the "Guardian" newspaper, which is self-described as being based on a Marxism - Leninism doctrine.

In volume 1 of "Workers Viewpoint," a self-characterization was set forth indicating it is the political organ of a communist organization which is composed mainly of Asian-Americans. Its guiding philosophy is Marxism - Leninism - Mao Tse-tung thought. Additionally, Workers Viewpoint stated, "We view ourselves as a part of the general communist movement in the U.S. and look forward to uniting with other communist organizations on the basis of a common program, strategy, tactics and organizational structure."

New York indices had virtually no information concerning Workers Viewpoint, in addition to that furnished by FBIHQ. On 8/7/75, New York closed the investigation.

0-20 (Rev. 9-5-79)

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1ST ADD ANTI-KLAN RALLY, GREENSBORO (UP-011)

POLICE BLOCKED OFF CORRIDORS AROUND THE SECOND-FLOOR GUILFORD COUNTY COURTROOM AS THE 14 MEN, MOST DESCRIBED BY AUTHORITIES AS KLAN MEMBERS, WERE TAKEN TWO AT A TIME BEFORE CHIEF DISTRICT COURT JUDGE ROBERT CECIL.

THEY WERE READ THEIR RIGHTS AND THE CHARGES AGAINST THEM, AND THEN ASKED IF THEY HAD AN ATTORNEY. MOST SAID THEY DID NOT.

"I CAN'T AFFORD ONE YOUR HONOR," SAID [redacted] ONE OF TWO MEN CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT MURDER. THE OTHERS ARE CHARGED WITH FOUR COUNTS OF MURDER AS WELL AS CONSPIRACY.

THE MEN WORE ORANGE JAIL SUITS FOR THE COURT APPEARANCE.

[redacted] OF LINCOLNTON, ASKED BY CECIL IF HE UNDERSTOOD THE CHARGES SAID, "I CAN'T UNDERSTAND WHY I GOT THE CHARGES."

AND [redacted] OF HICKORY, ASKED IF HE HAD FILLED OUT A FORM REQUESTING A LAWYER, REPLIED "I RECKON I HAVE. I DON'T KNOW WHAT ALL THE QUESTIONS IS."

THE MEN, HANDCUFFED TOGETHER, WERE TAKEN THROUGH AN UNDERGROUND TUNNEL FROM THE JAIL ACROSS THE STREET TO THE THREE-STORY COURTHOUSE. ADMISSION TO THE COURTROOM WAS LIMITED AND REPORTERS WERE REQUIRED TO SHOW CREDENTIALS BEFORE ENTERING.

UPI 11-05 12:27 PES

0-20 (Rev. 9-5-79)

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UA

RALLY DEATHS LEAD (TOPS N19)

GREENSBORO, N.C. (AP) -- FOURTEEN SUSPECTS IN THE SHOOTING DEATHS OF FOUR PERSONS AT AN ANTI-KU KLUX KLAN RALLY WERE ORDERED HELD WITHOUT BOND TODAY BY A JUDGE WHO DESCRIBED THEM AS ''IMMINENTLY DANGEROUS TO THE COMMUNITY.''

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE ROBERT CECIL SAID THE 14 MEN WOULD BE HELD IN THE GUILFORD COUNTY JAIL, PENDING PROBABLE CAUSE HEARINGS ON NOV. 20.

EACH OF 12 DEFENDANTS IS CHARGED WITH FOUR COUNTS OF MURDER AND ONE COUNT OF CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT MURDER. TWO OTHERS ARE CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT MURDER.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY MICHAEL A. SCHLOSSER DESCRIBED THE DEFENDANTS AS ''A BAND OF MARAUDERS, 14 STRONG, WHO DESCENDED ON GUILFORD COUNTY.''

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ONLY ONE DEFENDANT MADE A STATEMENT IN COURT.

''GOD SAVE AMERICA AND THIS HONORABLE COURT,'' SAID [redacted] OF WINSTON-SALEM AS HE LEFT THE COURTROOM.

THE MAYOR OF GREENSBORO PROMISED AN INQUIRY ON HOW THE POLICE HANDLED THE VIOLENCE SATURDAY THAT ENDED WITH THREE WHITE MEN AND A BLACK WOMAN DEAD AND 10 OTHER PERSONS WOUNDED. BUT CIVIL RIGHTS GROUPS HAVE DEMANDED AN OUTSIDE INVESTIGATION OF POLICE ACTIONS.

AP-WX-1105 1308EST

11/5/79

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CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Subject [redacted] furnished statement admitting membership in American Nazi Party (ANP), Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and furnished names of 5 ANP members present at Workers Viewpoint Organization's (WVO) demonstration. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms has undercover Agent as member of ANP who will be interviewed by ASAC, Charlotte. Neighborhood calm with no other incidents having occurred. [redacted] released from jail and advised news media that another demonstration is scheduled for November 11, 1979. Greensboro authorities will refuse request for permit [redacted] accused FBI of brutality during attempted interview on November 3, while he was incarcerated at the Guilford County Jail.

Attached is a characterization of the WVO prepared by the Domestic Security Section, FBIHQ, and press releases from United Press International and The Associated Press concerning arraignment of subjects before North Carolina District Court Judge.

Encs.

EEH:bam (8)

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1 - Mr. Steel
1 - Mr. Colwell
1 - Mr. Mullen
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - Mr. Hatfield

(Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/5/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, N.C. 11/3/79 DOMESTIC SECURITY-CR (A)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		11/8/79
Developed		11/8/79
Printed		
Enlargements	90-8X10 TJO	
Slides		
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Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐ 1 Roll color

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☐ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	X		1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

Sent to MSU Lab 11/13/79 JG

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/5/14 BY sp2 taplop

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
_____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
_____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity 3
Size 8x10
☒ Color ☐ B&W

44-81521-0

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

Captioned matter involves the killing of four members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization by members of the KKK and wounding of several others, 2 of which are in critical condition. In view of the international coverage of incident, it is requested this film be expeditiously processed.

1 cc retained in Rm 1B903
1 Laboratory Unit
at Special Projects Section
Film Processed and Printed 11/13/79 JG

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2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
2-Charlotte
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O-73 (Rev. 10-26-78)

074

MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
11/6/79	UNCLASSIFIED	PRIORITY

FM DIRECTOR FBI

TO FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

- ☐ The President
- ☐ The Vice President
- ☐ White House Situation Room
  - ☐ Attn: National Security Council
- ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)
- ☐ Department of the Army
- ☐ Naval Investigative Service
- ☐ Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
- ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (ATTN: SOO))
- ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
- ☐ Director CIA
- ☒ U. S. Secret Service (PID) RUEHSE
  - ☐ Attn: Executive Protective Service
- ☐ ZEN/U. S. Postal Service
  - ☐ Attn: Chief Postal Inspector
- ☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- ☐ Department of Energy
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: U. S. Customs
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms
- ☐ Department of Transportation
  - ☐ Attn: Director of Security
- ☐ Drug Enforcement Administration
- ☐ General Services Administration (WASHDC area, specify office)

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- ☐ (Other Areas, specify CITY/STATE)

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- ☐ Federal Aviation Administration
- ☐ Federal Protective Service
- ☐ Secretary of State
  - ☐ Attn: Director Bureau of Intelligence & Research
  - ☐ Attn: SCA - VISA Office Room 709 - SA2
- ☐ Attorney General
- ☐ Deputy AG
  - ☐ Attn: Emergency Programs Center
- ☐ Assistant AG, Civil Rights Div.
- ☐ Assistant AG, Criminal Div.
  - ☐ Attn: Internal Security Section
  - ☐ Attn: General Crimes Section
- ☐ Assistant AG for Administration
  - ☐ Attn: Security & Administrative Services Staff
- ☐ Immigration & Naturalization Service

(SERVICE ALSO AVAILABLE TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES NOT LISTED. ☐
CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR ADDRESSING INFORMATION) ☐

SUBJECT: UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979 DOMESTIC SECURITY CIVIL RIGHTS (A) CIVIL UNREST

44-81521-86

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FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

ALBANY PRIORITY

ALEXANDRIA PRIORITY

ATLANTA PRIORITY

BALTIMORE PRIORITY

BIRMINGHAM PRIORITY

BOSTON PRIORITY

BUFFALO PRIORITY

CHICAGO PRIORITY

CINCINNATI PRIORITY

CLEVELAND PRIORITY

COLUMBIA PRIORITY

DETROIT PRIORITY

INDIANAPOLIS PRIORITY

JACKSONVILLE PRIORITY

KANSAS CITY PRIORITY

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TELETYPED TO:
ALL LISTED

LOUISVILLE PRIORITY

MEMPHIS PRIORITY

MIAMI PRIORITY

MOBILE PRIORITY

NEWARK PRIORITY

NEW HAVEN PRIORITY

NEW YORK PRIORITY

NORFOLK PRIORITY

PHILADELPHIA PRIORITY

PITTSBURGH PRIORITY

RICHMOND PRIORITY

SAVANNAH PRIORITY

TAMPA PRIORITY

WFO PRIORITY ////////ALL OFFICES VIA FBIHQ//////////

BT

~~UNCLAS E F T O~~

~~UNSUBS: WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979; DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST.~~

~~RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO THE BUREAU, NOVEMBER 3, 19-9,~~

NOVEMBER 4, 1979, NOVEMBER 5, 1979; SAC CHARLOTTE TELEPHONE CALL, NOVEMBER 5, 1979, TO BUREAU SECTION CHIEF S. S. MIGNOSA, TERRORISM SECTION, CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF OFFICES RECEIVING THIS COMMUNICATION, RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO THE BUREAU AND REFERENCED CHARLOTTE TELEPHONE CALL FURNISHED SUFFICIENT INFORMATION UPON WHICH TO BASE FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS IN REGARD TO A WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, AKA COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA AND THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA. FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS OF THESE ORGANIZATIONS INSTITUTED NOVEMBER 5, 1979.

SUFFICIENT INFORMATION HAS ALSO BEEN DEVELOPED UPON WHICH TO BASE A FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION CONCERNING THE KLAN ORGANIZATION INVOLVED IN CAPTIONED MATTER. INVESTIGATION IS CURRENTLY UNDERTAKEN TO IDENTIFY THE SPECIFIC KLAN ORGANIZATION INVOLVED AND WHEN THIS IS DONE, A FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION WILL BE OPENED IN REGARD TO THAT ORGANIZATION.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF RECEIVING OFFICES WHO DID NOT RECEIVE REFERENCED CHARLOTTE TELETYPES, CAPTIONED MATTER BRIEFLY INVOLVES THE FOLLOWING: ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT

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ORGANIZATION (WVO), AN OFFSHOOT OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY, LED BY [redacted] FORMERLY ASSOCIATED WITH THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY, HELD AN ANTI-KLAN DEMONSTRATION IN GREENSBORO, N. C. PREVIOUS TO THIS TIME THE WVO SENT INFLAMMATORY LITERATURE TO THE KLAN CALLING THE DEMONSTRATION A "DEATH TO THE KLAN" RALLY. AT APPROXIMATELY 11:30 A.M., A CARAVAN OF VEHICLES CONTAINING KLAN MEMBERS AND SYMPATHIZERS ARRIVED AT THE SCENE OF THE DEMONSTRATION. THERE WAS SUDDEN AND UNEXPECTED AGRESSIVE ACTION TAKEN BY THE DEMONSTRATORS AGAINST THE VEHICLES OCCUPIED BY THE KLAN MEMBERS AND GUNFIRE THEREAFTER ERUPTED BETWEEN MEMBERS OF THE WVO AND THE KLAN. FOUR PERSONS WERE KILLED AND TEN WOUNDED. FOURTEEN KLAN MEMBERS WERE SUBSEQUENTLY ARRESTED BY THE GREENSBORO POLICE DEPARTMENT AND CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY TO MURDER. [redacted] WAS ARRESTED FOR INCITING A RIOT AND IS PRESENTLY RELEASED ON BAIL. [redacted] AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE WVO HAVE DECLARED THAT THEY WILL HOLD ANOTHER RALLY ON SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1979, IN GREENSBORO, N. C., AND THAT THEY WILL BE ARMED TO PROTECT THEMSELVES. GREENSBORO CHIEF OF POLICE AND THE MAYOR HAVE DECLARED A MORATORIUM ON PARADE PERMITS, BUT THE WVO CLAIMS THEY WILL MARCH ANYWAY.

~~IN VIEW OF THE POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST WHICH MAY DEVELOP AS~~

A RESULT OF CAPTIONED MATTER, PARTICULARLY IN VIEW OF ADDITIONAL PLANNED INVESTIGATION, RECEIVING OFFICES ARE REQUESTED UNDER THE CIVIL UNREST PROVISIONS OF THE DOMESTIC SECURITY GUIDELINES TO CONTACT ANY AVAILABLE BUREAU SOURCES AND SOURCES OF LOCAL POLICE DEPARTMENT AND CONDUCT ANY OTHER APPROPRIATE INQUIRY TO BE ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION THAT MEMBERS OF THE WVO, AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, KLAN, COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY OR ANY MEMBERS OF OTHER SYMPATHETIC ORGANIZATIONS, WHO MAY PLAN TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO, N. C., AREA TO PARTICIPATE IN OR DEMONSTRATE AGAINST ANY PLAN OR UNPLANNED ACTIVITIES RELATING TO CAPTIONED MATTER.

BUREAU AND CHARLOTTE SHOULD BE ADVISED IMMEDIATELY ON THE RECEIPT OF ANY SUCH INFORMATION.

BT

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FOR ANY QUESTIONS OR CORRECTIONS PLEASE CONTACT FBI CHARLOTTE

G-73 (Rev. 10-26-78)

098

MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
11/9/79	Unclass	Immediate

FM DIRECTOR FBI

TO FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

- ☐ The President
- ☐ The Vice President
- ☐ White House Situation Room
  - ☐ Attn: National Security Council
- ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)
- ☐ Department of the Army
- ☐ Naval Investigative Service
- ☐ Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
- ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (ATTN: SOO))
- ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
- ☐ Director CIA
- ☐ U. S. Secret Service (PID)
  - ☐ Attn: Executive Protective Service
- ☐ ZEN/U. S. Postal Service
  - ☐ Attn: Chief Postal Inspector
- ☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- ☐ Department of Energy
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: U. S. Customs
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms
- ☐ Department of Transportation
  - ☐ Attn: Director of Security
- ☐ Drug Enforcement Administration
- ☐ General Services Administration (WASHDC area, specify office)

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- ☐ (Other Areas, specify CITY/STATE)

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- ☐ Federal Aviation Administration
- ☐ Federal Protective Service
- ☐ Secretary of State
  - ☐ Attn: Director Bureau of Intelligence & Research
  - ☐ Attn: SCA - VISA Office Room 709 - SA2
- ☐ Attorney General
- ☑ Deputy AG
  - ☑ Attn: Emergency Programs Center
- ☑ Assistant AG, Civil Rights Div.
- ☑ Assistant AG, Criminal Div.
  - ☑ Attn: Internal Security Section
  - ☑ Attn: General Crimes Section
- ☐ Assistant AG for Administration
  - ☐ Attn: Security & Administrative Services Staff
- ☐ Immigration & Naturalization Service

(SERVICE ALSO AVAILABLE TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES NOT LISTED. ☐
CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR ADDRESSING INFORMATION) ☐

SUBJECT: Insubs; Workers Viewpoint Organization; KKK, Shooting Incident, Greensboro, North Carolina, November 3, 1979, Domestic Security - Civil Rights

44-8152-87

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FM FBI DALLAS (1ØØ-12879) (P)

TO DIRECTOR FBI IMMEDIATE

FBI CHARLOTTE IMMEDIATE

FBI RICHMOND IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

GREENKIL.

RE BUREAU TELETYPE TO ALL OFFICES, DATED NOVEMBER 6, 1979.

ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, AN ESTABLISHED SOURCE OF THE DALLAS OFFICE FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION TO SA [redacted] [redacted] REGARDING KLAN MATTERS IN THE DALLAS, TEXAS AREA AND INFORMATION REGARDING GREENKIL. b6 b7C

ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, A KLAN GROUP HELD A MARCH IN DALLAS, TEXAS, WHICH WAS LED BY [redacted] AKA [redacted]. b6 b7C THERE WERE ABOUT 40 MEMBERS OF VARIOUS KLAN GROUPS AT THE MARCH, 25 IN ROBES AND 15 IN STREET CLOTHES OR ARMY FATIGUES. [redacted] IS A LONGTIME KLAN MEMBER AND WHITE HATE GROUP ADVOCATE WHO HAS

NEVER BEEN AN EFFECTIVE LEADER IN THE DALLAS AREA. HER GROUP WAS JOINED BY A GROUP OF KLANSMAN FROM HURST, TEXAS, WHO ARE ASSOCIATED WITH [redacted] KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN HEADQUARTERED IN METARIE, LOUISIANA. THE HURST GROUP WAS LED BY ONE [redacted] AKA [redacted] WHO IS EMPLOYED AS [redacted] IN THE DALLAS/FORT WORTH METROPLEX.

IN THE BUILDUP WHICH BEGAN APPROXIMATELY TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE MARCH, A GROUP OF DALLAS CITIZENS IDENTIFYING THEMSELVES AS THE COALITION FOR HUMAN DIGNITY (CFHD), WAS FORMED. THIS GROUP WAS AN ALLIANCE OF THE BOISD'ARC PATRIOTS, LED BY [redacted] THE PEOPLE UNITED FOR JUSTICE FOR PRISONERS, LED BY [redacted] AND THE BROWN BERETS LED BY [redacted] ALL OF THE ABOVE LEADERS ARE KNOWN TO BE AND HAVE A HISTORY OF LEADING LEFT WING CAUSES IN THE DALLAS, TEXAS AREA, HOWEVER, THIS IS THE FIRST TIME THEY HAVE PUBLICLY ACTED IN CONCERT.

IT IS BELIEVED BY PERSONS KNOWLEDGEABLE IN BOTH LEFT WING AND RIGHT WING AFFAIRS IN DALLAS THE MEMBERS OF THE CFHD WERE USING THE KLAN RALLY TO ADVERTISE THEIR INDIVIDUAL CAUSES IN ORDER TO OBTAIN RECOGNITION BY THE LOCAL MEDIA.

THERE IS NO INDICATION AT THIS TIME THE CFHD HAS ANY TIES

WITH ANY NATIONAL ORGANIZATION, OR ANY INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO ANY MEMBER OF THE GROUP IS COMMUNICATING WITH OR PLANNING TO TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, TO JOIN THE ANTI-KLAN FORCES THERE.

THE SOURCE ADVISED THE INCIDENT IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, INVOLVED TWO DIFFERENT GROUPS, THE RIGHT WING GROUP WAS AN ALLIANCE KNOWN AS THE UNITED RACIST FRONT (URF) WHICH WAS MADE UP OF LOCAL MEMBERS OF THE FOLLOWING NATIONAL GROUPS: (1) THE CONFEDERATION OF INDEPENDENT ORDERS OF THE INVISIBLE EMPIRE, KNIGHTS OF THE KKK HEADQUARTERED IN GREENWOOD, INDIANA, LED BY [redacted] LED LOCALLY BY [redacted]. (2) MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL STATESRIGHTS PARTY (NSRP) LED NATIONALLY BY [redacted] AND (3) NATIONALIST SOCIALIST PARTY OF AMERICA (NAZI), LOCALLY LED BY [redacted] AKA [redacted] AND NATIONALLY LED BY [redacted] CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

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THE ANTI-KLAN GROUP WAS ORGANIZED BY [redacted] WHO IS A LEADER IN THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY, PREVIOUSLY KNOWN AS THE WORKERS VIEW POINT PARTY, ASSOCIATED WITH THE NATIONAL CWP, AND WHO IS ALLEGEDLY IN NORTH CAROLINA ATTEMPTING TO INFILTRATE AND RADICALIZE THE TEXTILE UNIONS. HE IS CAPITALIZING ON THE ACTIONS

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OF THE URF TO ADVERTISE HIS CAUSES WHICH ARE BASIC LEFT WING EXTREMISM. THERE IS SOME INDICATION [redacted] HAS COMMUNICATIONS AVENUES OPEN TO THE SOVIET PRESS INASMUCH AS MUCH OF THE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, ACTIVITIES IN GREENSBORO APPEARED IN GREAT DETAIL IN THE PAPERS PUBLISHING INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM TASS. b6 b7C

THERE WAS APPARENTLY NO INDICATION OF PLANNED VIOLENCE AT THE GREENSBORO RALLY, HOWEVER, THERE WERE DEFINITELY ACTIONS BY BOTH GROUPS PRIOR TO NOVEMBER 3, 1979, DESIGNED TO ACCELERATE THE EMOTIONAL LEVEL OF THE DEMONSTRATORS.

THE SOURCE ADVISED [redacted] OF [redacted] WHO HAS PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED INFORMATION TO THE FBI, IS IN A POSITION TO FURNISH INFORMATION OF GREATER DETAIL ON GREENKIL. b6 b7C b7D

SOURCES AND LOCAL POLICE INTELLIGENCE CONTACTS HAVE BEEN ALERTED TO NOTIFY DALLAS OF ANY PLANNED TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO, N.C. FOR NOVEMBER 11, 1979. AS OF THIS DATE NO INDIVIDUALS FROM THE DALLAS AREA ARE KNOWN TO BE HEADING FOR GREENSBORO.

RICHMOND, AT RICHMOND, VIRGINIA. IF CONTACT HAS NOT BEEN MADE RE GREENKIL, WILL INTERVIEW [redacted] FOR ALL INFORMATION HE HAS IN HIS POSSESSION RE GREENKIL. b6 b7C

PAGEFIVE DE DL #0005 UNCLAS E F T O (DL 100-12879)

ADMINISTRAILVE. THE SOURCE AT DALLAS HAS REQUESTED NO INFORMATION HE FURNISHES BE DISSMINATED OUTSIDE THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OR BE MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY PERSON BY FOIPA ACTIONS. HIS IDENTITY IS BEING MAINTAINED IN THE DALLAS FILE.

BT

#0005

NNNN

J3131702"Z HQ 1

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

Rm. 3002

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/13/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

Subject: GREENKIL (A)

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received	KKG	11-16-79
Developed	DDC	11/19/79
Printed	MH	26 NOV 79
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:
☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

1 Roll TRI-X

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Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135		x	1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

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Rm 5131
11-29-79
KKG

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing
☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☒ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☒ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-8-84 BY SP2 TAW/lw

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

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NOT RECORDED
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11 NOV 16 1979

1cc retained in Rm 1B903
Ack: Special Projects Section
Film Processed + Prints made
ICKG 11-29-79

GREENKIL

SP2 TAW/lw

(2) FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
2 - Charlotte
JAK:jmw (4)

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FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/14/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received	KEG	11-16-79
Developed	DDC	11/20/79
Printed	DDH	11-27-79
Enlargements		11-26-79
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

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1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

✓1 Roll K400
1 Roll TRI-X

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	X	X	1Ea.
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity

44-81521-

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☐ Process & make print
☒ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)

☒ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
3 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
_____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made

☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)

Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

NOT RECORDED
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4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

1cc retained in Rm 1B903
Ack: Special Projects Section
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DATE 6-8-84 BY SP2 TAP/ci

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2 - FBIHQ Enclosure

64 DEC 21 1979

2 - Charlotte

FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/16/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received		11/19/79
Developed		11/20/79
Printed		11/27/79
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1 Roll B&W.

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135		x	1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

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	Quantity
	21

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)

☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☒ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
_____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made

☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)

Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

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4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

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Ack: Special Projects Section
Film Processed + Prints made
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SPEC. PROJ. SEC.

ENCLOSURE

(2) FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
2 - Charlotte
PSS:jmw
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OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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Exec. AD Adm.
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Asst. Dir.
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-7-84 BY SP2 TAP/ca

FM HOUSTON (157-3895)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

CHICAGO IMMEDIATE

CHARLOTTE IMMEDIATE

WASHINGTON FIELD IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

GREENKIL; DS-CR (WASHINGTON FIELD FILE 44-1194) OO: CHARLOTTE.

REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY (RCP), DS (WASHINGTON FIELD FILE

100-49578)(BUREAU FILE 105-184369) OO: CHICAGO. NR 2/14/80 NBM

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RE WASHINGTON FIELD TELETYPE, NOVEMBER 9, 1979.

HOUSTON INDICES REFLECT A [redacted] BORN ON [redacted] IN CONNECTION WITH HOUSTON FILE 100-13209, BUREAU FILE 100-476193. TEXAS MOTOR VEHICLE RECORDS REFLECT A [redacted] BORN [redacted] RESIDING AT [redacted] WHO IS BELIEVED IDENTICAL WITH [redacted] IN REFERENCED TELETYPE.

44-81521-88

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NOV 23 1979

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-184369

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A CURSORY REVIEW [redacted] HOUSTON FILE 100-13209 [redacted]ECTS THAT [redacted] IS ASSOCIATED WITH OR A MEMBER OF THE HOUSTON REVOLUTIONARY UNION, REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY AND NATIONAL UNITED WORKERS ORGANIZATION. LATEST INFORMATION REGARDING [redacted] WAS IN 1978 IN CONNECTION WITH HER CIRCULATING PAMPHLETS ADVOCATING CERTAIN GOALS FOR WORKERS AT A POSTAL UNION MEETING.

INASMUCH AS VEHICLE REGISTERED TO [redacted] WAS SEEN IN WASHINGTON, D.C. AREA, IT IS PRESUMED THAT [redacted] IS PRESENT THERE. HOWEVER, HOUSTON HAS NO INFORMATION THAT [redacted] OR ANY OTHER PERSONS, MAY BE TRAVELING TO GREENSBORO OR WASHINGTON, D.C.

BT

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100-483237-3x26

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FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

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UNCLAS

"GREENKILL"

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TELETYPE UNIT

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RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv. _____
Exec. AD-Adm. _____
Exec. AD-LES _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
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Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

THE FOLLOWING PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS OCCURRED IN THIS INVESTIGATION:

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ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979, UFAP PROCESS WAS OBTAINED FOR [redacted] KNOWN NAZI MEMBER FROM WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, WHO HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED AS FIRING A WEAPON DURING SHOOTING INCIDENT OF NOVEMBER 3, 1979. BOND RECOMMENDED $500,000. AN 88-NEW CASE HAS BEEN OPENED BY CHARLOTTE OFFICE REGARDING [redacted]

ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, TWO SPECIAL AGENTS WENT TO RESIDENCE OF [redacted], NORTH CAROLINA. [redacted] IS WIDOW OF VICTIM IN SHOOTING OF NOVEMBER 3, 1979. SPECIAL AGENTS WERE MET AT DOOR BY AN UNKNOWN WHITE MALE, AGE 28 TO 33, WHO ADVISED THAT [redacted] WAS MAKING FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS AND

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DATE 6/6/84 BY Spr Tap/ep

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NOT AT HER RESIDENCE. SPECIAL AGENTS ADVISED THAT THEY DESIRED TO INTERVIEW HER AND WOULD RETURN IN SEVERAL HOURS. AT 4:30 P.M., ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, SPECIAL AGENTS RETURNED TO [redacted] RESIDENCE. THIS TIME SPECIAL AGENTS WERE GREETED BY IDENTICAL WHITE MALE PLUS AN ADDITIONAL WHITE MALE. SECOND INDIVIDUAL ADVISED THAT EARLIER MESSAGE WAS RELAYED TO [redacted] AND ALTHOUGH SHE HAD NOT RETURNED, SHE CONVEYED TO THEM HER RESPONSE TO AN FBI INTERVIEW. HER RESPONSE WAS SUBSTANTIALLY AS FOLLOWS: THE FBI KILLED HER HUSBAND AND SHE DID NOT WANT THE FBI ON HER PROPERTY. IF THE FBI RETURNED TO HER PROPERTY, SHE WOULD KILL THE AGENTS WITH A SHOTGUN. UPON LEAVING THE PREMISES, THE SPECIAL AGENTS OBSERVED THE SECOND WHITE MALE NOTING THE LICENSE TAG ON BUREAU CAR.

INTERVIEWS OF KLAN/NAZIS CONTINUING AND EFFORTS TO INTERVIEW WVO PARTICIPANTS CONTINUING, BUT HAVE MET WITH LITTLE SUCCESS.

BT

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FM NEW YORK (44-3149L KP) (M-13)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

U N C L A S

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8 Nov 79 0311Z

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FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan. & Insp.
Rec. Mgmt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

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REFERENCE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO THE BUREAU, DATED NOVEMBER 5 AND 6, 1979.

REVIEW OF NEW YORK FILE 100-181418 REVEALS LAST INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED IN NEW YORK AREA IN NOVEMBER 1977.

ON PAGE ONE "WORKERS VIEWPOINT" NEWSPAPER, VOLUME ONE, DATED DECEMBER 1974, WORKERS VIEWPOINT IS CHARACTERIZED AS FOLLOWS:

WORKERS VIEWPOINT IS THE POLITICAL ORGAN OF A COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION WHICH IS COMPOSED MAINLY OF ASIAN AMERICANS. OUR GUIDING IDEOLOGY IS MARXISM - LENINISM - MAO TSE-TUNG THOUGHT. WE VIEW OURSELVES AS A PART OF THE GENERAL COMMUNIST MOVEMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AND LOOK FORWARD TO UNITING

INDEX

DE-22 44-81521-91

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/5/94 BY sp2 tap/ep

64 DEC 26 1979

WITH OTHER COMMUNIST ORGANIZATIONS ON THE BASIS OF A COMMON PROGRAM, STATEGY, TACTICS AND ORGANIZATIONAL PRINICPLES. WE VIEW THE PRESENT TASKS OF OUR MOVEMENT AS THE STUDY OF MARXISM, LENINISM - MAO TSE-TUNG THOUGHT AND THE LINKING UP OF THE WORKING CLASS MOVEMENT WITH THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT TO HELP BUILD AN ANTI-REVISIONIST COMMUNIST PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES.

WORKERS VIEWPOINT NUMBER 3 CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

WORKERS VIEWPOINT, FORMERLY THE ASIAN STUDY GROUP, IS A COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION.

ON NOVEMBER 6, 1979, POLICE OFFICER [redacted] NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT HEADQUARTERS RECORD ROOM, ADVISED COULD FIND NO RECORD REGARDING WVO, (FNU) [redacted] OR [redacted]

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ON NOVEMBER 6, 1979, [redacted] ADVISED SPECIAL AGENT [redacted] THAT WVO LOCATED 1 EAST BROADWAY, NEW YORK, NEW YORK IN CHINATOWN. SOURCE STATED WVO CONSISTS OF FEW MEMBERS, NUMBER UNKNOWN AT THIS TIME, CONSISTING OF PEOPLE WHO HAVE SPLINTERED OFF FROM LARGER ORGANIZATIONS, SUCH AS

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CPUSA. SOURCE ADVISED GREENSBORO ISSUE MAKES MEMBERS WVO FEEL THEY ARE ABLE TO MOBILIZE ENTIRE LEFT IN UNITED STATES. SPECIAL AGENT [redacted] ADVISED POSSIBILITY OF MORE INFORMATION FORTH COMING EVENING OF NOVEMBER 7, 1979. NEW YORK WILL ADVISE.

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IN ARTICLE NEW YORK TIMES, NOVEMBER 7, 1979, [redacted] SPOKESMAN FOR COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP) ANNOUNCED PLANS FOR MARCH FROM GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA TO WASHINGTON, D.C., TO COMMENCE NOVEMBER 15, 1979, VOWING TO AVENGE THE KILLINGS OF FIVE OF THEIR MEMBERS PARTICIPATING IN AN ANTI-KKK RALLY IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA LAST WEEKEND. SPOKESMAN FOR THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY ANNOUNCED PLANS IN NEW YORK YESTERDAY FOR A LONG MARCH FROM GREENSBORO TO WASHINGTON, D.C. TO DENOUNCE WHAT THEY CALL THE SHAM OF PRESIDENT CARTER'S HUMAN RIGHTS POLICIES. THE PROPOSED NOVEMBER 15 MARCH WAS DESCRIBED AS PART OF A PLAN TO AVENGE THE DEATHS. [redacted] AND AN ASSOCIATE [redacted] DESCRIBED THEMSELVES AS PARTY MEMBERS AND CALLED THE GROUP A NATIONAL ORGANIZATION ALTHOUGH THEY DECLINED TO GIVE NUMBERS OR EXPLAIN THE PARTY STRUCTURE. THE PARTY HAS ASSOCIATED ITSELF WITH SUCH CAUSES

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AS THE PROTEST OF THE FATAL SHOOTING BY THE POLICE OF [redacted] IN BROOKLYN LAST SUMMER ACCORDING TO [redacted] BUT, POLICE INTELLIGENCE UNITS ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE LITTLE SPECIFIC KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE PARTY.

ENCLOSED UNDER SEPARATE COVER IS POSTER OBTAINED BY SPECIAL AGENT [redacted] IN NEW YORK CITY ANNOUNCING A FUNERAL MARCH, NOVEMBER 11, 1979 AT 1:00 PM IN GREENSBORO STARTING AT MARKET STREET AND MURROW BOULEVARD AND LONG MARCH NOVEMBER 15, 1979, TO WASHINGTON, D.C.

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NEW YORK AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. INVESTIGATION CONTINUING.

BT

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11/9/79

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

GREENKIL

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Attached from Charlotte Office advises that on 11/8/79 Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution process was obtained for [redacted] known Nazi member from [redacted] North Carolina, who has been identified as firing a weapon during shootout incident of 11/3/79. Bond recommended $500,000. Attempts by Agents to interview [redacted] North Carolina, on 11/7/79, resulted in being furnished a message by an unidentified male at [redacted] residence that "The FBI killed her husband and she did not want the FBI on her property. If the FBI returned to her property, she would kill the Agents with a shotgun." Interviews of Klan/Nazis continuing and efforts to interview WVO participants continuing but have met with little success.

By separate teletype the Charlotte Office advises that following a meeting of appropriate local and state agencies including observers from U.S. Department of Justice and FBI on 11/8/79, a policy was established for the demonstration by WVO on 11/8/79. The overall objective is the preservation and protection of the lives and property of the citizens of Greensboro and any visitors.

A funeral procession is to be scheduled at 1:30 p.m., 11/11/79. The CWP (Communist Workers Party) has contracted for four burial lots in a nearby cemetery, which is the termination point of the procession. Any activity or assembly near vicinity of the 11/3/79 killings will result in arrest by the Greensboro Police Department. Any participant, counter-demonstrator or citizen observer who is armed will be arrested on site. Contingency plans include a standby State National Guary Unit.

Security officers at A & T University, Greensboro, advised they were concerned because of the presence of one [redacted] on campus for the past two days. Security officers advised that [redacted] and [redacted] a current leader of CWP, were key individuals in the riots at the institution in 1969.

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1 - Mr. Colwell
1 - Mr. Steel

JBL:pdh

APPROVED:

Director	Adm. Serv.	Legal Coun.
Exec. AD-Inv.	Crim. Inv.	Plan. & Insp.
Exec. AD-Adm.	Ident.	Rec. Mgnt.
Exec. AD-LES	Intell.	Tech. Servs.
	Laboratory	Training
		Public Affs. Off.

O-73 (Rev. 10-26-78)

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MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
11/8/79	UNCLASSIFIED	PRIORITY

FM DIRECTOR FBI

TO

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8M3

- ☐ The President
- ☐ The Vice President
- ☐ White House Situation Room
  - ☐ Attn: National Security Council
- ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)
- ☐ Department of the Army
- ☐ Naval Investigative Service
- ☐ Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
- ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (ATTN: SOO))
- ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
- ☐ Director CIA
- ☒ U. S. Secret Service (PID)
  - ☐ Attn: Executive Protective Service
- ☐ ZEN/U. S. Postal Service
  - ☐ Attn: Chief Postal Inspector
- ☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission
- ☐ Department of Energy
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: U. S. Customs
- ☐ Department of Treasury
  - ☐ Attn: Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms
- ☐ Department of Transportation
  - ☐ Attn: Director of Security
- ☐ Drug Enforcement Administration
- ☐ General Services Administration (WASHDC area, specify office)

  _____
- ☐ (Other Areas, specify CITY/STATE)

  _____
- ☐ Federal Aviation Administration
- ☐ Federal Protective Service
- ☐ Secretary of State
  - ☐ Attn: Director Bureau of Intelligence & Research
  - ☐ Attn: SCA - VISA Office Room 709 - SA2
- ☐ Attorney General
- ☒ Deputy AG
  - ☒ Attn: Emergency Programs Center
- ☒ Assistant AG, Civil Rights Div.
- ☒ Assistant AG, Criminal Div.
  - ☒ Attn: Internal Security Section
  - ☒ Attn: General Crimes Section
- ☐ Assistant AG for Administration
  - ☐ Attn: Security & Administrative Services Staff
- ☐ Immigration & Naturalization Service

(SERVICE ALSO AVAILABLE TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES NOT LISTED. ☐
CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR ADDRESSING INFORMATION) ☐

SUBJECT: USNUB: WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979

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Greek 12

APPROVED BY	ORIGINATOR	ROOM	TELE EXT.
FMMF		4084	4650

44-81521-92

NOV 9 1979

2247

64 DEC 20 1979

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

FBI/DOJ

NY0459 3120253

PP HQ CE

RECEIVED TELETYPE UNIT

DE NY0028

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P 070051Z NOV 79

RECEIVED FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FM NEW YORK (44-3149L KP) (M-13)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY.

BT

U N C L A S

GREENKIL.

REFERENCE CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO THE BUREAU, DATED NOVEMBER 5 AND 6, 1979.

REVIEW OF NEW YORK FILE 100-181418 REVEALS LAST INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED IN NEW YORK AREA IN NOVEMBER 1977.

ON PAGE ONE "WORKERS VIEWPOINT" NEWSPAPER, VOLUME ONE, DATED DECEMBER 1974, WORKERS VIEWPOINT IS CHARACTERIZED AS FOLLOWS:

WORKERS VIEWPOINT IS THE POLITICAL ORGAN OF A COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION WHICH IS COMPOSED MAINLY OF ASIAN AMERICANS. OUR GUIDING IDEOLOGY IS MARXISM - LENINISM - MAO TSE-TUNG THOUGHT. WE VIEW OURSELVES AS A PART OF THE GENERAL COMMUNIST MOVEMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AND LOOK FORWARD TO UNITING

WITH OTHER COMMUNIST ORGANIZATIONS ON THE BASIS OF A COMMON PROGRAM, STATEGY, TACTICS AND ORGANIZATIONAL PRINICPLES. WE VIEW THE PRESENT TASKS OF OUR MOVEMENT AS THE STUDY OF MARXISM, LENINISM - MAO TSE-TUNG THOUGHT AND THE LINKING UP OF THE WORKING CLASS MOVEMENT WITH THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT TO HELP BUILD AN ANTI-REVISIONIST COMMUNIST PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES.

WORKERS VIEWPOINT NUMBER 3 CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

WORKERS VIEWPOINT, FORMERLY THE ASIAN STUDY GROUP, IS A COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION.

ON NOVEMBER 6, 1979, POLICE OFFICER [redacted] NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT HEADQUARTERS RECORD ROOM, ADVISED COULD FIND NO RECORD REGARDING WVO, (FNU) [redacted] OR [redacted]

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ON NOVEMBER 6, 1979, [redacted] ADVISED SPECIAL AGENT [redacted] THAT WVO LOCATED 1 EAST BROADWAY, NEW YORK, NEW YORK IN CHINATOWN. SOURCE STATED WVO CONSISTS OF FEW MEMBERS, NUMBER UNKNOWN AT THIS TIME, CONSISTING OF PEOPLE WHO HAVE SPLINTERED OFF FROM LARGER ORGANIZATIONS, SUCH AS

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CPUSA. SOURCE ADVISED GREENSBORO ISSUE MAKES MEMBERS WVO FEEL THEY ARE ABLE TO MOBILIZE ENTIRE LEFT IN UNITED STATES. SPECIAL AGENT [redacted] ADVISED POSSIBILITY OF MORE INFORMATION FORTH COMING EVENING OF NOVEMBER 7, 1979. NEW YORK WILL ADVISE.

IN ARTICLE NEW YORK TIMES, NOVEMBER 7, 1979, [redacted] SPOKESMAN FOR COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP) ANNOUNCED PLANS FOR MARCH FROM GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA TO WASHINGTON, D.C., TO COMMENCE NOVEMBER 15, 1979, VOWING TO AVENGE THE KILLINGS OF FIVE OF THEIR MEMBERS PARTICIPATING IN AN ANTI-KKK RALLY IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA LAST WEEKEND. SPOKESMAN FOR THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY ANNOUNCED PLANS IN NEW YORK YESTERDAY FOR A LONG MARCH FROM GREENSBORO TO WASHINGTON, D.C. TO DENOUNCE WHAT THEY CALL THE SHAM OF PRESIDENT CARTER'S HUMAN RIGHTS POLICIES. THE PROPOSED NOVEMBER 15 MARCH WAS DESCRIBED AS PART OF A PLAN TO AVENGE THE DEATHS. [redacted] AND AN ASSOCIATE [redacted] DESCRIBED THEMSELVES AS PARTY MEMBERS AND CALLED THE GROUP A NATIONAL ORGANIZATION ALTHOUGH THEY DECLINED TO GIVE NUMBERS OR EXPLAIN THE PARTY STRUCTURE. THE PARTY HAS ASSOCIATED ITSELF WITH SUCH CAUSES

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AS THE PROTEST OF THE FATAL SHOOTING BY THE POLICE OF LOUIS BAEZ IN BROOKLYN LAST SUMMER ACCORDING TO [redacted] BUT, POLICE INTELLIGENCE UNITS ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE LITTLE SPECIFIC KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE PARTY.

ENCLOSED UNDER SEPARATE COVER IS POSTER OBTAINED BY SPECIAL AGENT BRADFORD IN NEW YORK CITY ANNOUNCING A FUNERAL MARCH, NOVEMBER 11, 1979 AT 1:00 PM IN GREENSBORO STARTING AT MARKET STREET AND MURROW BOULEVARD AND LONG MARCH NOVEMBER 15, 1979, TO WASHINGTON, D.C.

NEW YORK AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. INVESTIGATION CONTINUING.

BT

#

SA0007 3122235Z

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FM SAN ANTONIO (157-2204)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

CHARLOTTE (157-NEW) (44-3527) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

GREENKIL.

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

8 Nov 79 22 53 Z

RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

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ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, [redacted] BLACK CAUCUS, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING UNSOLICITED INFORMATION:

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A SOURCE, WHOM [redacted] DECLINED TO IDENTIFY OR MAKE AVAILABLE FOR INTERVIEW AND WHOSE RELIABILITY IS UNKNOWN TO SAN ANTONIO, HAS BEEN IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH [redacted] A MEMBER OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (KKK) IN SAN ANTONIO. THE SOURCE DETERMINED THAT WEST AND THER MEMBERS OF THE KKK ARE PLANNING TO TRAVEL TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, WITH AUTOMATIC WEAPONS, TO SUPPORT THE ACTIVITIES OF KKK IN NORTH CAROLINA.

44-81521-92X

7 JAN 4 1980

[redacted] WAS REQUESTED TO MAKE HIS SOURCE AVAILABLE FOR

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/6/94 BY SP2 Taylor

64 JAN 18 1980

INTERVIEW IN ORDER TO EVALUATE THE RELIABILITY OF THE SOURCE. HE INDICATED THAT IT WOULD BE NECESSARY TO CONSULT WITH OTHER LEADERS IN THE BLACK COMMUNITY BEFORE MAKING THE SOURCE AVAILABLE.

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[redacted] ADVISED THAT HE WISHED TO FURNISH THIS INFORMATION SO THAT APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION COULD BE CONDUCTED, NOTING THAT HE WAS HESITANT TO FURNISH THE INFORMATION TO THE SAN ANTONIO POLICE DEPARTMENT (SAPD), THE BEXAR COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, OR THE BEXAR COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE AS HE BELIEVED THESE ORGANIZATIONS TO HAVE MEMBERS OF THE KKK ON THEIR ROLLS. HE INDICATED THAT THERE IS A GREAT CONCERN IN THE MINORITY COMMUNITY THAT LITTLE OR NO ACTION WILL BE TAKEN BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITIES TO PROTECT SUCH GROUPS AS THE BLACK CAUCUS AGAINST THE KKK.

THE SPECIFIC INVESTIGATIVE RESTRICTIONS OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL GUIDELINES UNDER WHICH THE FBI NOW OPERATES WERE DISCUSSED WITH [redacted] HOWEVER, HE DID NOT APPEAR TO APPRECIATE THE LIMITATIONS UNDER WHICH THE FBI MUST NOW FUNCTION IN REGARD TO ORGANIZATIONS SUCH AS THE KKK.

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[redacted] WAS RECONTACTED ON NOVEMBER 7, 1979, AT WHICH TIME

HE ADVISED THAT AFTER CONSULTING WITH OTHER LEADERS IN THE BLACK COMMUNITY IT HAD BEEN DECIDED THAT THEIR SOURCE WOULD NOT BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE FBI FOR INTERVIEW. SAN ANTONIO IS NOT IN A POSITION TO EVALUATE THE RELIABILITY OF THIS UNKNOWN SOURCE.

[redacted] FURTHER ADVISED THAT WEST AND THE OTHER KLN MEMBERS FROM SAN ANTONIO WERE SCHEDULED TO DEPART SAN ANTONIO ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979. IT WAS UNKNOWN TO [redacted] HOW MANY INDIVIDUALS WOULD BE TRAVELING, HOWEVER, HE INDICATED THAT ACCORDING TO THEIR INFORMATION THE LOCAL KKK GROUP COULD CONSIST OF NO MORE THAN SIX OR SEVEN MEMBERS. HE ALSO ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE KKK GROUP IN SAN ANTONIO IS NOT KNOWN TO HAVE PARTICIPATED IN ANY ACTS OF VIOLENCE IN THE PAST.

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ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979, [redacted] WAS RECONTACTED AT WHICH TIME HE ADVISED THAT HE AND HIS GROUP HAD MORE PRESSING MATTERS AND HAD BEEN UNABLE TO RECONTACT THEIR SOURCE FOR ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE ALLEGED TRAVEL BY [redacted] AND OTHER KLAN MEMBERS TO NORTH CAROLINA. [redacted] FURTHER INDICATED THAT THE BLACK CAUCUS IS PREPARING A LETTER TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL EXPRESSING CONCERN OVER THE INVESTIGATIVE RESTRICTIONS

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THAT HAVE BEEN PLACED ON THE FBI BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL GUIDELINES WITH RESPECT TO DOMESTIC ORGANIZATIONS.

ON NOVEMBER 8, 1979, A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INTELLIGENCE BUREAU, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, POLICE DEPARTMENT ADVISED THAT THAT AGENCY HAD DEVELOPED NO INFORMATION INDICATING TRAVEL BY [redacted] OR ANY OTHER KLAN MEMBERS FROM SAN ANTONIO TO GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA. SAPD RECORDS INDICATE THAT IN NOVEMBER, 1977, [redacted] OF THE STATE OF TEXAS FOR THE KU KLUX KLAN, APPEARED PUBLICLY IN SAN ANTONIO WITH [redacted], WHO WAS DESCRIBED AS THE [redacted] OF THE KKK FROM [redacted] IN AN APPARENT UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO GENERATE SUPPORT FOR THE KLAN IN THIS AREA. THE KLAN IS NOT BEING ACTIVELY INVESTIGATED BY THE SAPEINTELLIGENCE BUREAU.

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INFORMATION REGARDING AUTOMATIC WEAPONS HAS BEEN FURNISHED TO ATF, SAN ANTONIO.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

RE SAN ANTONIO TELETYPE, DATED NOVEMBER 7, 1979.

[redacted] IS THE SUBJECT OF BUFILE [redacted] SAFILE [redacted]

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REVIEW OF SAN ANTONIO FILE REFLECTS (X) [redacted],

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AKA [redacted] MALE, CAUCASIAN, HEIGHT [redacted] [redacted] POUNDS, [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] BORN [redacted] AT [redacted] [redacted] DRIVERS LICENSE NUMBER [redacted] RESIDES AT [redacted] SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, FILED A CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT WITH THE SAN ANTONIO DIVISION ON JUNE 20, 1978, IN WHICH HE ADVISED THAT HIS CIVIL RIGHTS WERE BEING VIOLATED IN THAT HIS WIFE HAD BEEN FIRED BY HER EMPLOYER BECAUSE OF [redacted] OF THE STATE OF TEXAS FOR THE KU KLUX KLAN. (SAN ANTONIO FILE 44-4564, ENTITLED "[redacted] [redacted] KU KLUX KLAN, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS-VICTIM")

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ON AUGUST 3, 1979, [redacted] WAS INTERVIEWED BY SPECIAL AGENTS OF THE FBI REGARDING NUMEROUS COMPLAINTS RECEIVED BY THE SAN ANTONIO DIVISION CONCERNING PROFANE LANGUAGE, THREATS, ET CETERA, ALLEGEDLY MADE BY HIM OVER CITIZENS BAND (CB) RADIO. [redacted] DENIED THE ALLEGATIONS. [redacted] ALLEGEDLY TRANSMITTED KKK RALLY INFORMATION AND POLITICAL MESSAGES OVER THE CB RADIO.

NO INVESTIGATION HAS BEEN CONDUCTED BY THE SAN ANTONIO DIVISION REGARDING THE ALLEGED SAN ANTONIO KKK GROUP AND THEY

ARE NOT KNOWN TO HAVE ENGAGED IN ANY ACTS OF VIOLENCE. NO INFORMATION HAS BEEN DEVELOPED TO INDICATE WITH WHICH SPECIFIC KLAN ORGANIZATION THE SAN ANTONIO GROUP IS AFFILIATED, IF ANY.

SAN ANTONIO BELIEVES THAT INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE UPON WHICH TO BASE A FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION IN REGARD TO [redacted] AND/OR THE SAN ANTONIO KKK. b6 b7C

FBIHQ AND CHARLOTTE WILL CONTINUE TO BE ADVISED OF ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RECEIVED.

RT

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☒ AIRTEL	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 11/8/79

MR

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: [redacted] ROOM 3002
SPECIAL INQUIRY SECTION
CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION

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b7C

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-8-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

Re Charlotte letter to Bureau, 11/6/79.

Being furnished the Bureau under separate cover ~~are~~ Dubs #2 ~~and #3~~ of video cassette tapes shot by WTVD, Channel 11, Durham, N. C.

For the information of the Bureau, the enclosed video cassette tapes contain film coverage of the anti-Klan rally and subsequent shootings which took place at Greensboro, N. C., on 11/3/79.

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There is a section of the film prior to shooting that is unclear. [redacted] WFMY-TV, Greensboro, N. C., who prepared the dubs, advised he believes one of the heads of the camera was clogged and other head operating properly and some of the film can be clarified by slow-motion still analysis.

44-81521-92X1

[redacted] Supervisor, Laboratory and Identification, Greensboro, N. C., Police Department has requested a copy of results of Bureau's analysis.

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9 NOV 14 1979

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU:

The FBI Laboratory, Special Projects Section and Scientific Analysis Section, are requested to examine the enclosed video cassette tapes and determine the following:

SEVEN

[illegible]

66 JUN 3 1980

-3- Bureau
1 - Package
2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

GAM:rep
(6)

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 44-3527

(1) The number of shots fired;

(2) The time frame in which shots fired;

(3) Weapons which actually were fired as depicted in the film;

(4) Number of times a particular weapon was fired at any given time;

(5) Direction and/or angle in which weapons were fired;

(6) Number and types of weapons visible in the film;

(7) Whether or not weapons were being fired other than those visible in the film and, if so, how many and from what location they were fired;

(8) Provide whatever can be developed from the unclear portions of the video cassette tapes.

Provide still shots of selected portions of the films which depict acts of violence identifiable to any particular person or persons.

Provide six copies each of close-up still shots of any person who might be subject, victim, or witnesses, for display and identification purposes.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

4-528

44-81521-93
CHANGED TO
100-483237-3X22

FEB 21 1980

NBH/PMC

FBI/DOJ

JAMES G. MARTIN
9TH DISTRICT, NORTH CAROLINA

COUNTIES:
IREDELL
LINCOLN
MECKLENBURG

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

COMMITTEE:
WAYS AND MEANS

WASHINGTON OFFICE:
341 CANNON HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515
TELEPHONE: (202) 225-1976

Exec. AD-Inv. ____
Exec. AD-Adm. ____
Exec. AD-LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Legal Coun. ____
Plan & Insp. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Public Affs. Off. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

November 14, 1979

GREENKIL

Mr. Danny O. Coulson
Special Agent-in-Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Office of Congressional Affairs
10th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Dear Mr. Coulson:

A constituent of mine in Charlotte, North Carolina would like to know if the FBI has been instructed by President Carter to investigate both the Klu Klux Klan and the Communist Workers Party groups in Greensboro who were involved in recent killings in Greensboro. My constituent has understood that the FBI will only investigate the KKK and not the CWP. If this is true, I would appreciate knowing why both groups are not being investigated in regards to the recent Greensboro tragedy.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

With best regards.

Sincerely, 44-81521-94

Jim Martin

James G. Martin
Member of Congress

DEC 4 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP1 [illegible]

Recent reports indicate the first shots were fired by, not at, CWP demonstrators.

64 DEC 14 1979

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November 29, 1979

1 - Mr. Hatfield
1 - [redacted]
1 - Mr. Moschella
Congressional Affairs
Room 3658
1 - Correspondence
Room 6202

Honorable James C. Martin
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Dear Congressman Martin:

This is to acknowledge your letter dated November 14, 1979, concerning investigation by the FBI of the events which occurred in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979.

For your information, the FBI is presently conducting an intensive investigation of the incident to determine if the civil rights of citizens were violated by members of the Ku Klux Klan/American Nazi Party or by members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization, also known as the Communist Workers Party of North Carolina. This investigation was initiated at the request of the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, U. S. Department of Justice.

If you have further questions, you may desire to communicate directly with the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. 20530.

NOV 29 1979 FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY [illegible]

44-8152-95

Sincerely yours,

DEC 4 1979

Francis M. Mullen, Jr.
Assistant Director
Criminal Investigative Division

1 - Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights Division (Enc. 1)

1 - SAC, Charlotte (44-3527) (Enc. 1) (For information)

EEH:ejw (9)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

64 DEC 14 1979

MAIL ROOM

Dir.
Ass. Dir.
Dep. AD Adm.
Dep. AD Inv.
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan. & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

FBI/DOJ

NOTE: This is to ack receipt of letter from James G. Martin, Member of Congress, (North Carolina) in which he asks on behalf of a constituent if the FBI is investigating both the KKK and Communist Workers Party (CWP) as a result of the killings in Greensboro, N.C., 11/3/79. A civil rights investigation is being conducted. The AG has also authorized full Domestic Security investigations into the Klan, American Nazi Party and the CWP in Greensboro, N.C. As this information is in response to a constituent inquiry, info concerning Domestic Security investigation is not being disseminated to Congressman Martin.

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-7[illegible]

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/15/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)

(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received	KKG	11-21-79
Developed	MEW	11/28/79
Printed	DAM	29 NOV 79
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

2 Rolls TRI-X

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135		X	2
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other

Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
☐ 3½ X 5 ☒ 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☒ B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
_____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

1cc. Retained in Rm 1B903
Ack: Special Projects Section
Film Processed + Prints Made
KKG 11-29-79

A28-010

A28-011

44-81521-96

NOT RECORDED
12 5
7 NOV 21 1979

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(2) FBIHQ Enclosure: 2 ENCLOSURE
2 - Charlotte
HMP:jmw
(4)

DEC 1 4 1979

FBI/DOJ

12/4/79

mR

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. Hatfield

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/15/79.

Enclosed are 110 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 112

EHH:ejw (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP/Tapscott

44-81521-97

6 DEC 5 1979

Assoc. Dir. ____
Dep. AD Adm. ____
Dep. AD Inv. ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Legal Coun. ____
Plan. & Insp. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Public Affs. Off. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

MAILED 3
DEC 4 1979
FBI

64 DEC 11 1979

MAIL ROOM

FBI/DOJ

FD-3-3 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 11/14/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL (A)

(00: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received	KKG	11-19-79
Developed	DDC	11/19/79
Printed	TTO	11 28 79
Enlargements		
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

☐ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

4 Film Holders

b6
b7C

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5	X		8
135			
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Rec'd 11-29-79 KKG

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

☐ Process only
☒ Process & make print
☐ Process & make contact print
☐ Slides to be processed
☐ Slides to be duplicated
☐ _____
☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)

☐ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
_____ # prints from each frame
☐ Color ☐ B&W

(From 120 and 4 X 5)

☒ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
4 # prints from each frame
☒ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made

☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
☐ 3½ X 5
☐ 5 X 7
☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)

Quantity _____
Size _____
☐ Color ☐ B&W

44-81521-98

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

1 cc Retained in Rm 1B903
Att: Special Projects Section
Film Processed + Prints Made
FEG 11-29-79

NOT RECORDED
9 NOV 17 1979

SPECIAL PROJECTS SECTION

FBI
64 DEC 4 1979 ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-8-84 BY SP2 TAW/cw

(2) - FBIHQ Enclosure:
2 - Charlotte
MEH:swl (4)

FBI/DOJ

12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. Hatfield

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed are 28 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 29

EHH:ejw (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY sp2 [illegible]

44-81521-99

6 DEC 5 1979

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

MAIL ROOM

MAILED 3 DEC 4 1979 FBI

DEC 1 DOC

64 DEC 14 1979

FBI/DOJ

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
JULY 1973 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 11/29/79

FROM : SAC, BUFFALO (44-1061) (RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY Sprinkle

Re Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/5/79, captioned "UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, 11/3/79, DOMESTIC SECURITY - CIVIL RIGHTS (A), CIVIL UNREST;" Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/6/79, captioned "GREENKIL," and Charlotte tel to Bureau, dated 11/6/79, captioned "DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, aka Communist Workers Party of North Carolina, Greensboro, North Carolina, 11/11/79, POSSIBLE CIVIL UNREST," "GREENKIL."

Buffalo upon receipt of re tels alerted logical established sources about particulars contained therein. No positive information was developed as a result of those contacts that would be of aid to the Charlotte Office.

This office will naturally provide interested offices any forthcoming data that would be of assistance in the future. Identification of those individuals previously contacted in this matter are maintained in Buffalo Office case file.

2 - Bureau
2 - Charlotte (44-3527)
1 - Buffalo
JWS:mcz
(5)

44-81521-100

23 DEC 4 1979

38-DEC-4 1979 EXECUTED

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

64 DEC 14 1979

12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. Hatfield

MK

GREENKID

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/14/79.

Enclosed are 123 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 125

EEH:ejw (4)

BJ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-81521-101

6 DEC 5 1979

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

MAILED 16
DEC 4 1979
FBI

64 DEC 4 1979
MAIL ROOM

FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 10-18-78)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

Date: 12/4/79

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Subject: GREENKIL
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received	KFG	12-7-79
Developed	DU	12-7-79
Printed		
Enlargements	105-3Yexs	12-11-79
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-81 BY SP4 TMP

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

☒ Current Investigation ☐ Mug Shot Program ☐ Other

☑ V.P.S. ☐ K II ☐ K 400 ☐

1 Roll

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Mrs Boyd Rm 5131 12-12-79 KFG

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	x		1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

Other Item	Quantity

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing
- ☐ Process only
- ☒ Process & make print
- ☐ Process & make contact print
- ☐ Slides to be processed
- ☐ Slides to be duplicated
- ☐ _____
- ☐ _____

Prints To Be Made
(From 135, 126, and 110)
- ☒ 3½ X 5 ☐ 5 X 7
- 5 # prints from each frame
- ☐ Color ☐ B&W

(From 120 and 4 X 5)
- ☐ 4 X 5 ☐ 8 X 10
- _____ # prints from each frame
- ☐ Color ☐ B&W

Prints To Be Made
- ☐ Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
- ☐ 3½ X 5
- ☐ 5 X 7
- ☐ 8 X 10

Custom Prints
(From any size negative or slide)
- Quantity _____
- Size _____
- ☐ Color ☐ B&W

4. REMARKS
(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

1cc Retained in Rm 1B903
Attn: Special Projects Section
Film Processed + Prints made
KFG 12-12-79

This case is a Special within the Charlotte Division, and five persons were killed in this matter, therefore, expedite processing is requested of the enclosure.

109 photos + 1 set of negs to SAC Charlotte

44-8154

A93-550

NOT RECORDED
9 DEC 7 1979

EEP/eg
12/17/79

ENCLOSURE 6 3 DEC 20 1979

2 - FBIHQ Enclosure: 1
2 - Charlotte
JSW:jmw (4)

SPEC PROJ SEC

FBI/DOJ

FD-523 (Rev. 5-4-79)

AIRTEL

To: Director, FBI (44-81521)
(Att: Photographic Operations Unit, Rm. 1B903

From: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

Date: 12/6/79

Subject: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

INSTRUCTIONS - REVERSE SIDE

FBIHQ USE ONLY

	Initials	Date
Received	FRG	12-10-79
Developed	NW	12-10-79
Printed		
Enlargements	POD	12-12-79
Slides		
Copied		
Other		

b6
b7C

1 Roll VRS

1. ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK RELATES TO:

[X] Current Investigation [ ] Mug Shot Program [ ] Other

2. ENCLOSURE(S)

Film To Be Processed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
4 X 5			
135	X		1
126			
120			
Slides			

Movie Film or Microfilm

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
16mm			
35mm			
8(super)			
70 mm AHU			

Negatives To Be Printed

Size	Color	B&W	Quantity
8 X 10			
4 X 5			
135			
120			
126			
220			
110			

	Quantity

FRG 12-14-79

3. WORK REQUESTED

Processing

[ ] Process only
[X] Process & make print
[ ] Process & make contact print
[ ] Slides to be processed
[ ] Slides to be duplicated
[ ] _____
[ ] _____

Prints To Be Made

(From 135, 126, and 110)
[ ] 3½ X 5 [X] 5 X 7
2 # prints from each frame
[X] Color [ ] B&W
(From 120 and 4 X 5)
[ ] 4 X 5 [ ] 8 X 10
____ # prints from each frame
[ ] Color [ ] B&W

Prints To Be Made

[ ] Cibachrome
(Prints from slides)
[ ] 3½ X 5
[ ] 5 X 7
[ ] 8 X 10

Custom Prints

(From any size negative or slide)
Quantity _____
Size _____
[ ] Color [X] B&W

ICC Retained in Rm 1B103
Ack: Special Projects Section
Film Processed + Prints
FRG 12-14-79

4. REMARKS

(include trial date or other mandatory deadline and any other specific instructions)

Expedite handling required because of nature of investigation.

A91-766

28 photos SAC Charlotte
12/17/79
EEN/eg

44-81521

NOT RECORDED
DEC 8 1979

1 - ENCLOSURE

FBIHQ Enclosure (1) 1 - Charlotte BJB:swl

SPEC. PROJ. SEC.

12/4/79

mR

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. Hatfield

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/13/79.

Enclosed are 36 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 37

MEH:ejw (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY [redacted]

BJ

44-81521-102

DEC 5 1979

Assoc. Dir.
Dep. AD Adm.
Dep. AD Inv.
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan. & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

MAILED 3 DEC 4 1979 FBI

64

MAIL ROOM DEC 4 1979

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 11/26/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 05-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

Enclosed for the Identification Division are post-mortem fingerprint cards for CWP victims in captioned case.

b6
b7C

[redacted] Greensboro Police Department Laboratory, has requested that the enclosed post-mortem fingerprints of Communist Workers Party (CWP) victims (1) CEASAR VINCENT CAUCE, (2) MICHAEL RONALD NATHAN, (3) WILLIAM EVAN SAMPSON, (4) SANDY NEELY SMITH and (5) JAMES MITCHELL WALLER, be searched through criminal fingerprint files and results of search be furnished his department as expeditiously as possible.

b6
b7C

[redacted] requested that original post-mortem prints be returned with results of search.

b6
b7C

REQUEST OF IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

Expeditiously conduct appropriate search through fingerprint files and submit results along with original post-mortem fingerprint cards to [redacted] Laboratory, Greensboro Police Department, 300 West Washington St., Greensboro, N.C. 27401.

44-81521-1103

3 - Bureau (Encs. 5)
2 - Charlotte
GAM:jat
(5)

PRINTS RETURNED TO PD, GREENSBORO, NC.
#1 & 4 - UTLAR
#3 - 0 GJO-293-T2 11-28-79 LHC
#5 - UTLAR - 11-29-79 LHC

59 DEC 5 1979

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

4-528

44-81521-104

CHANGED TO

100-483237-3X23

FEB 21 1980

NBH/PMC

Rm. 3602

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

11 DEC 79 1547Z

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Exec. AD-Inv. ____
Exec. AD-Adm. ____
Exec. AD-LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Legal Coun. ____
Plan & Insp. ____
Rec. Mgmt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Public Affs. Off. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

CE0001 3451544Z

PP HQ

DE CE

P 111544Z DEC 79

M CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL.

RE CHARLOTTE TEL DECEMBER 7, 1979, CONCERNING TESTIMONY FOR STATE HEARING DECEMBER 10, 1979.

ON DECEMBER 10, 1979, ARGUMENTS WERE HELD IN STATE COURT GREENSBORO, N. C. ON A PROSECUTOR'S MOTION FOR CONTINUANCE OF PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING FOR THOSE CHARGED WITH MURDER IN CONNECTION WITH NOVEMBER 3, 1979, INCIDENT. EXTENSIVE TESTIMONY WAS HEARD UNTIL LATE P. M. OF DECEMBER 10. SA [redacted] GREENSBORO RA, AND SUPERVISO [redacted] FBIHQ, WERE AMONG THOSE TESTIFYING ON BEHALF OF STATE'S MOTION FOR CONTINUANCE. MOTION WAS DENIED AND PRELIMINARY HEARING SET FOR DECEMBER 14, 1979, IN WHICH STATE MUST PROVIDE PROBABLE CAUSE FOR THOSE CHARGED WITH MURDER. PROSECUTOR

b6
b7C

105

15 DEC 12 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8/6/84 BY sp2 tap/MP

67 DEC 19 1979

CONSIDERING TAKING CASE BEFORE GRAND JURY IMMEDIATELY IN LIEU OF HEARING BEFORE JUDGE ON PROBABLE CAUSE.

CHARLOTTE WILL CONTINUE TO FOLLOW MATTER AND ADVISE OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

BT

#

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

memorandum

DATE: 12/3/79

REPLY TO ATTN OF: SAC, SACRAMENTO (100-8026) (RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
OO: Bureau

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (~~44-3527~~)

Re CE teletype dated 11/6/79, captioned as above.

As instructed per referenced communication, Sacramento did contact appropriate police agencies regarding possible participation by members and/or sympathizers of the WVO, ~~American Nazi Party, Klan, Communist Workers Party~~ in traveling to Greensboro, North Carolina, for the 11/11/79 march by the WVO.

No positive information was developed.

Sacramento will remain alert for any information impinging on the unlawful activity of any member or associate of above named organizations.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-81 BY SP2 [illegible]

44-81521-106

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Charlotte (RM)
1 - Sacramento
CRO/ab
(5)

6 DEC 5 1979

63DEC20 1979

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

☆ GPO: 1979 0-281-187 P.O. 4304

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
(REV. 7-76)
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
5010-112

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/5/79

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-5-84 BY SP+M

Re Charlotte report of SA [redacted] dated 11/14/79. b6 b7C

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and three copies of an LHM in captioned matter.

One copy of LHM being furnished USA, MDNC, Greensboro, N. C.

The initial telephone call referred to in attached LHM was received at the Greensboro, N. C., Resident Agency by SA [redacted] and the caller was referred to SA [redacted] who provided the brief response. b6 b7C

The second telephone call referred to in attached LHM, was received by SA [redacted] at his residence. b2 b6 b7C

It should be noted that [redacted] mentioned in attached LHM has true name of [redacted] and was an informant of the Charlotte Division from 10/24/69 to 9/28/76 and was operated as [redacted] Charlotte file [redacted] Bureau file [redacted] He apparently contacted SA [redacted] as he was one of five SA's who operated him during his tenure as a Bureau-approved informant and is the only former handling Agent who is currently on the rolls at the Greensboro RA. [redacted] was not assigned to SA [redacted] when his services were terminated. [redacted] is aware the FBI was no longer investigating the Klan. b7D

ICRU
ICRD
EEW/pp
12/6/79

ENCLOSURE

44-81521-107

3 - Bureau (Encls. (4)
2 - Charlotte (44-3527)

LDB:rep
(5)

5 DEC 8 1979

JAN 3 1980

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 44-3527

The attached LHM is being provided in order to clarify the remarks made by [redacted] contained in his FD-302, pages 230 to 288 in referenced report.

b6
b7C

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Charlotte, North Carolina
December 5, 1979

b6
b7C

[redacted]

L INFORMATION CONTAINED
REIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
TE 6-5-84 BY SP2 [illegible]

CAESAR VINCENT CAUCE - VICTIM (DECEASED);
MICHAEL NATHAN - VICTIM (DECEASED);
WILLIAM EVAN SAMSON - VICTIM (DECEASED);
SANDY SMITH - VICTIM (DECEASED);
JAMES MICHAEL WALLER - VICTIM (DECEASED);
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO),
ALSO KNOWN AS COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP),
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA,
NOVEMBER 3, 1979
CIVIL RIGHTS

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

AMERICAN REVOLUTION BICENTENNIAL 1776-1976

44-0[illegible]-1107

CLOSURE

RE: [redacted] b6 b7C b7D
ET AL

Sometime in late September, 1979, a Special Agent of the Greensboro, North Carolina, Resident Agency of the FBI answered the telephone, and the caller identified himself as [redacted] was inquiring about the Revolutionary Communist Party (RCP) in that he was thinking of attending their meeting as advertised being at the Holiday Inn, Four Seasons Motel, Greensboro, North Carolina. [redacted] was told that the Agent he was talking to did not work in the security field and he would let him talk to an Agent who did.

Another Agent of the Greensboro Resident Agency spoke to [redacted] who asked if the RCP and the Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO) were one and the same. The Agent told [redacted] that, although their aims and purposes were similar, to his knowledge, they were two separate organizations. b6 b7C b7D

On October 31, 1979, [redacted] telephonically contacted an Agent of the Greensboro Resident Agency at his residence at approximately 8:30 P. M. He stated the purpose of his call was to advise he was now working for the Greensboro Police Department and he was furnishing information concerning a forthcoming "Commie" rally in Greensboro, North Carolina, which the Klan might attend. b6 b7C b7D

The Agent admonished [redacted] to give the Police Department all available information he had in his possession so the Police Department could handle all of their police responsibilities if the Klan attempted to disrupt the rally. b6 b7C b7D

The next day, the Agent contacted Lieutenant [redacted] Detective Division, Greensboro Police Department, and advised him of [redacted] telephone call the previous evening. Although Lieutenant [redacted] would not admit [redacted] was an informant of the Police Department, he indicated they had received the information concerning possible disruption of the WVO rally by the Klan. This conversation was not pursued any further by the Agent as it was quite evident Lieutenant [redacted] did not want to talk about [redacted]. b6 b7C b7D

12/4/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - Mr. Hatfield

GREENKIL

ReCEairtel (FD-523) to the Bureau dated 11/16/79.

Enclosed are 36 copies of photographs and their negatives.

Identify photographs and submit two copies of each to FBIHQ. One copy will be disseminated to the Department of Justice and one copy will be retained in Bufiles. Charlotte should maintain one copy and the negatives in the Charlotte file and should disseminate one copy to the appropriate USA.

Prepare appropriate LHM or include in next report, source of photographs, and identification of photographs.

Enc. 37

EEH:ejw (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP2-NALCOM

44-81521-108

6 DEC 5 1979

Assoc. Dir. ____
Dep. AD Adm. ____
Dep. AD Inv. ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Legal Coun. ____
Plan. & Insp. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Public Affs. Off. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

MAILED 3
DEC 4 1979
FBI

MAIL ROOM

64 DEC 21 1979

CE0029 3402119Z

OO HQ

DE CE

O 021117Z DEC 79

FM CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-61521) IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION

GREENKIL

b6
b7C

RE CE TELCALL TO BUREAU, DECEMBER 6, 1979.

ON DECEMBER 6, 1979, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY [redacted] 18TH PROSECUTORIAL DISTRICT, GREENSBORO, NC, STATE PROSECUTOR IN CAPTIONED MATTER, REQUESTED SA [redacted] BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR TESTIMONY IN STATE COURT ON DECEMBER 7, 1979, OR DECEMBER 10, 1979. SA [redacted] WILL TESTIFY IN SUPPORT OF THE STATE'S MOTION FOR A CONTINUANCE OF A PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING. HE WILL ADVISE THE COURT OF THE EXTENSIVE MATERIAL FROM THIS CASE WHICH HAS BEEN FORWARDED TO THE FBI LABORATORY FOR EXAMINATION. HE WILL BRIEFLY SUMMARIZE THE DETAILED AND TIME CONSUMING EXAMINATIONS WHICH ARE CONTEMPLATED BY VARIOUS PARTS OF THE LABORATORY. THE STATE WILL MAINTAIN THAT THESE EXAMINATIONS

44-61521-109

7 DEC 11 1979

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-91 BY

64 DEC 21 1979

ARE ESSENTIAL TO ESTABLISH PROBABLE CAUSE AND, THEREFORE, DELAY IN THE PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING IS NECESSARY. SA [redacted] b6 b7C IS THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH ALL ASPECTS OF THIS CASE AND HAS BEEN TO THE FBI LABORATORY ON TWO OCCASIONS TRANSPORTING EVIDENCE AND PROVIDING ASSISTANCE TO THE LABORATORY IN REVIEWING THE EVIDENCE.

ON DECEMBER 6, 1979, USA MICHAUX, MIDDLE DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA (MDNC), ADVISED HE SUPPORTS THE USE OF SA [redacted] b6 b7C TESTIMONY TO ASSIST THE STATE PROSECUTOR AND WILL APPEAR AT THE TIME THIS MOTION IS ARGUED TO ENSURE THE PROTECTION OF FEDERAL INTERESTS.

UACB, SA [redacted] b6 b7C WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR STATE TESTIMONY IN THIS MATTER.

ST

1C-LAB

4-528

44-81521-110

CHANGED TO

100-483237-8X1

FEB 21 1980

NBH/PMC

C

MF

11/13/79

To: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Hatfield

UNSUBS; WORKERS VIEWPOINT
ORGANIZATION; KU KLUX KLAN;
SHOOTING INCIDENT,
GREENSBORO, N.C.
11/3/79
DOMESTIC SECURITY
CR

ReCEFD-523 to the Bureau dated 11/5/79.

Enclosed for Charlotte is one roll of color film and three copies each of photographs developed from film. Charlotte identify photographs on back and submit one copy of photographs for dissemination to Department of Justice. Charlotte furnish USA one copy and retain negatives and one copy of photographs in Charlotte files.

VEH:ejw (4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-84 BY SP TMC

44-81521-111

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

MAILED 16
NOV 14 1979
FBI

7 NOV 19 1979

59 DEC 21 1979

MAIL ROOM

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

b6
b7C

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 3/9/81

MF

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIVISION
PERSONNEL SECTION

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (67-131)

GREENKIL
~~CIVIL RIGHTS~~
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

RECOMMENDATION FOR COMMENDATIONS

Re Charlotte letter to Bureau, 1/13/81.

Referenced Charlotte letter made recommendations for special recognition for 25 employees in the form of individual letters of commendation from the Director. These commendation letters were received on 3/8/81, and it was discovered at that time that three Special Agents were inadvertently omitted from paragraph 2, page 2, of relet.

SAs [redacted] and [redacted] are to be commended for their outstanding performance in conducting interviews of armed hostile members of the CWP, KKK and American Nazi Party and for their courageous and exemplary performance on 11/11/79, as participants in a surveillance of a march by the CWP in Greensboro, N. C. These Agents were exposed to high risk of bodily harm but nonetheless performed without regard to their own personal safety and provided up-to-the-minute intelligence information which was used by field command personnel to prevent violence and potential death and injury to many persons.

44-[illegible]-194

MAR 11 1981

[redacted]

(2) - Bureau
1 - Charlotte

RLP:jms
(3)

209

Approved: 04 APR 15 1981 Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980-305-750/5402

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
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- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
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- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

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b7C

CE 67-131

Additional background information concerning the GREENKIL operation can be found in an FD-255, dated 12/23/80, containing recommendations for incentive awards for ASAC CECIL E. MOSES, SA [redacted] and Clerk-Typist [redacted]

It should be noted that the above employees were included in the original rough draft and were accidentally left off in a retype. Since their fellow employees have already been commended by the Director, I recommend that, if possible, FBIHQ expedite letters of commendation for these Special Agents.

RSD Concurs 3-11-81 JW

appropriate letters prepared 3-13-81 [redacted]

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980-305-750/5402

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
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PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
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CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/30/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44-3527)(P)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS (A)
OO: CHARLOTTE

Enclosed for the Bureau are 5 copies of letterhead memorandum captioned "WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, Also Known As Communist Workers Party; KU KLUX KLAN; AMERICAN NAZI PARTY; SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979".

ENCLOSURE ET

(2) - Bureau (Enc. 5)
2 - Charlotte

RGS:jnr
(4)

44-81521-195

16 JUL 2 1981

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/JAC

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070B
EE Hints
7-2-81

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Charlotte, North Carolina
June 30, 1981

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION,
Also Known As Communist Workers Party;
KU KLUX KLAN;
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY;
SHOOTING INCIDENT, GREENSBORO,
NORTH CAROLINA, NOVEMBER 3, 1979

Attached hereto are copies of articles appearing in issues of the following newspapers reporting remarks made by H. M. MICHAUX, the former United States Attorney, Middle District of North Carolina, concerning his recommendation to the United States Department of Justice that they seek indictments in the above captioned matter:

The Greensboro Record, Greensboro, North Carolina, issue of June 24, 1981.

The Greensboro Record, Greensboro, North Carolina, issue of June 25, 1981.

Greensboro Daily News, Greensboro, North Carolina, issue of June 25, 1981.

News and Observer, Raleigh, North Carolina, issue of June 25, 1981.

Raleigh Times, Raleigh, North Carolina, issue of June 25, 1981.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-11-84 BY SP2 TAP/STAC

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ENCLOSURE

44-8152-195

FBI/DOJ

Michaux to tell Klan action

By JIM WICKER
Record Staff Writer

In a final act as U.S. attorney, H.M. "Mickey" Michaux was expected to disclose late this afternoon that he had recommended that Ku Klux Klan-Nazi suspects in a fatal shooting here be charged with federal civil rights violations.

Michaux this morning refused to disclose his recommendation on the matter to the U.S. Department of Justice in Washington. He said he would make a statement after 3 p.m.

A Justice Department spokesman in Washington, John Wilson, also declined to disclose Michaux's recommendation this morning, but said the Nov. 3, 1979, incident "is still an active case in the civil rights division."

While Michaux delayed making public his recommendation, a source close to the federal court said this morning that the U.S. attorney's recommendation — made several weeks ago — was that the shooting suspects be charged.

The source said that the U.S. attorney's office feels that "this should be done to clear the air" in the case.

Specifics about the charges and the defendants involved could not be determined this morning.

Six of the Klan-Nazi activists charged by Greensboro police shortly after the shooting were acquitted on murder and rioting charges in Guilford County Superior Court.

After the acquittals, Michaux's office examined the possibility of bringing federal civil rights charges against suspects in the case. Michaux met with numerous people while he considered the civil rights charges and, at one point, met with representatives of the Communist Workers Party in Washington.

Michaux was asked by the Justice Department not to make his recommendation public.

But Tuesday, as he finished his last duties in the office, Michaux promised to "let the public know" what he had recommended and stood firm on his decision to wait until his last couple of hours in office to do so.

"I can tell you this, he (Michaux) did make a recommendation to the Justice Department, but under the civil rights procedure, I can't tell you what it is," Wilson said. He seemed surprised when told that Michaux would reveal his recommendation this afternoon.

Wilson said the Nov. 3, 1979, matter "is very complicated and complex and there are a lot of legal questions that have to be answered."

One question, he said, is "whether there is federal jurisdiction" in the shooting incident. Another is whether there were any violations of civil rights.

It is possible, according to Wilson, that individuals charged with civil rights violations in a case involving death could receive life prison terms if convicted..

There would be no double jeopardy in a case in which individuals are tried on murder charges in state court and on civil rights violations in federal court, Wilson said.

The five slain leftists, who also have been listed as "labor organizers" by the Greensboro Justice Fund, were leaders and members of the Communist Workers Party at the time of the confrontation.

The CWP group, which had planned a "Death to the Klan" march and rally through Greensboro, wrote letters to area Klan leaders prior to Nov. 3, 1979, challenging the KKK to come to Greensboro that day.

When a caravan of cars occupied by Klan-Nazi activists arrived at the CWP rally point, there was a stick fight and then gunfire.

Immediately after the shooting at Carver Drive and Everitt Street, then President Carter dispatched a large number of additional FBI agents to Greensboro to conduct an investigation and to submit reports to the civil rights division.



Michaux

Michaux: Indict Klansmen

Agent says mum CWP a holdup

By JIM WICKER
Record Staff Writer

Participants in the Nov. 3, 1979 confrontation which claimed the lives of five communists should be indicted and prosecuted, H. M. "Mickey" Michaux said Wednesday afternoon as he completed his term as U.S. attorney here.

Michaux, saying he was keeping a promise to "let the people know my decision," said he made the recommendation on May 5 in a three-page memo to the Justice Department in Washington.

But this morning a high-ranking FBI official who was a supervisor of the more than 25 additional agents sent to Greensboro by then-President Jimmy Carter after the slayings, said there "is a gap" in reports submitted to the Justice Department's Civil Rights Division.

"After a couple of weeks, we sent an initial report of several hundred pages to the Civil Rights Division, but we never had any cooperation from the communist side. We never had a single interview.

"We weren't able to get all the facts," said Cecil Moses, assistant special agent in charge of the FBI in North Carolina. "It is always better to have both sides of the story and we weren't able to get any information from one side (the Communist Workers Party) of the confrontation. That hampered our investigation, left a gap and had an adverse impact."

Moses said 25 and sometimes as many as 40 additional FBI agents were in the Greensboro area after Nov. 3 to gather information for the Civil Rights Division. The agents also presented follow-up reports.

Moses cited "false starts" in the FBI's efforts to interview Communist Workers Party members. "They indicated they might (talk to agents), then they'd back off. There were other complications, one being the big multimillion dollar lawsuit they filed."

Moses, many other federal, state and local law enforcement officers, and various governmental figures including Mayor Jim Melvin were named as defendants in the $37 million suit filed on Nov. 3, 1980 in U.S. Middle District Court. The suit is still pending.

Communist Workers Party members and supporters have repeatedly said that government and law enforcement officials conspired with the Ku Klux Klan and Nazis before the confrontation at Carver Drive and Everitt Street at which five people were shot to death. The conspiracy allegations apparently are the basis for the suit and for the CWP's lack of cooperation with the FBI.

Michaux criticized the Justice Department for not acting on his recommendation, which the department is not bound to abide by.

"I really am disappointed. It didn't take me six or seven months to come up with my conclusion and they are far smarter than I am," Michaux said. He added that he was stunned when a Superior Court jury acquitted six of the Klan-Nazi defendants on murder and rioting charges in the case on Nov. 17.

But John Wilson, a spokesman for the Justice Department, said Wednesday that such a "complicated and complex" case takes many months to examine and he predicted that "it will be a long time" before a decision is made.

Moses, who formerly worked as a supervisor in the Civil Rights Division, also said that such cases require a lot of time "and there are questions which much be answered, such as was there a federal violation. The civil rights law is a little hazy," he said.

Moses said he cannot speculate on what impact the CWP's lack of cooperation in the investigation has had on the Civil Rights Division, "but I can say that it really hampered us in our (FBI) investigation."

In explaining his recommendation, Michaux commented that "irrespective of a person's ideological difference, five people were killed." He also called for federal prosecution because "they were in an innocent neighborhood and ... what happened is a signal to other terrorist organizations. They may think they can do the same thing and get away with it."

Michaux did not specify in his recommendation individuals or groups he believes should be indicted.

The disclosure of his recommendation was criticized by Joe Grady, head of the White Knights of Liberty KKK group in Forsyth County and from Jerry Paul Smith and Coleman Blair Pridmore, both of Lincoln County, two of the Klansmen acquitted in the case last November.

Nov. 3 Rally Indictments Are Asked

By ED HATCHER
Daily News Staff Writer

U.S. Attorney H.M. Michaux Jr. said Wednesday he recommended that the Department of Justice begin criminal investigations and seek indictments against participants in the Nov. 3, 1979, anti-Ku Klux Klan rally, which left five Communist Worker Party members dead.

Michaux, on his last day in office as U.S. Attorney, said that he sent a three-page memo to the Justice Department on May 5 but did not indicate in the memo any specific persons or groups that should be charged.

"My recommendation is that the department begin with prosecution in this matter and seek indictments. I did not specify what persons or what groups to anyone at all."

A Superior Court jury acquitted six Klansmen and Nazis last November in one of the state's longest trials.

Michaux said the verdict "stunned" him and that he has been actively investigating the possibility of bringing federal civil rights charges since the trial.

Michaux criticized the department for not acting sooner on his recommendation. "I really am disappointed. It didn't take me six or seven months to come up with my conclusion, and they are far smarter than I am."

John Wilson, a Justice Department spokesman, said he did not want to comment on the memo, calling it an "internal affair." He did say, however, that it would be "months" before a decision is reached whether to prosecute.

The Nov. 3 shootout occurred at the start of a "Death to the Klan" march. Members of the CWP had written letters to the Klan challenging them to come to the rally.

When a caravan of Klanmen and Nazis drove through the southeast Greensboro neighborhood, a stick and gun fight ensued and five CWP members were killed.

Wilson said the matter was "complicated and complex" and that many legal matters still need to be resolved. He said that it was possible that individuals charged with civil rights violation where there is a murder involved could go to jail for life.

Although not going into the specifics of the memo, Michaux said there were three philosophical reasons that he asked for the indictments.

"Irrespective of a person's ideological difference, five people were killed. Number two is that they were in an innocent neighborhood; and number three, what happened is a signal to other terrorist oganizations. They may think they can do the same thing and get away with it."

Reaction to Michaux's memo was immediate, some of it sharp.

During an interview with a reporter, Michaux received a telephone call which he later explained was from Klansman Joe Grady of Winston-Salem, complaining about Michaux's recommendations.

"Everyone is talking about preserving life," Michaux told Grady by telephone. "And then everyone wants to take a life away because of ideological differences. There are other other ways of doing this, and I am going to find some way of doing it.

"You know what I am? You call me red. I am red, white, and blue.

"I am sorry you feel disappointed. I really am, Joe. I am saying some civil rights were violated, and it could very well be those people living in the community who were innocent.

"You're going to tell me those kids running around that neighborhood playing are not innocent victims of this thing? And that those old people living in the community weren't victims? What was Jerry Paul Smith (one of the Klansmen acquitted in the trial) doing blazing away with those two six-shooters?"

Smith, who lives in Maiden, reached by telephone for comment on Michaux's recommendations, said: "You can take ... (Michaux) and bury him just like they buried Sandy Smith. Now print that in your lie newspaper." Sandy Smith was the only black killed in the Nov. 3 shootings.

Coleman Pridmore, another Klansman acquitted in the trial, was more subdued. "I hope the Justice Department doesn't go through with the indictments. I think the jury spoke the truth when they let us loose. I think the case should be forgot about.

"If anyone's civil rights were violated, it was ours. We were the ones traveling in a public street and attacked."

An attorney for the Greensboro Justice Fund, representing widows and victims of the shootings, praised Michaux's recommendation. "It is extremly significant that a U.S. attorney after a lengthy investigation, has recommended criminal prosecution for at least some of those responsible for the assassinations on Nov. 3," Earl Tockman said.

"We are in full agreement with prosecuting all Klansmen and Nazis involved, and the victims will fully cooperate with prosecutors."

Michael A. Schlosser, Guilford County district attorney who prosecuted the 1980 murder trial, said that the state court would assist the federal court in its investigation if its help was requested. Schlosser said that Michaux told him of his memo to the Justice Department about a month ago, but Schlosser did not comment further on the conversation.



H.M. Michaux Jr.

Michaux appeared in buoyant spirits in his last day in office as a Democratic political appointee Wednesday.

Although much of his last day was spent fielding questions from reporters about his May 5 memo, Michaux took the time to relax and joke.

After speaking to Grady on the phone, Michaux remarked, "If I decide to run for Congress, Joe Grady said he won't support me."

Michaux, who is the only black to serve as a U.S. attorney in the state's history, said, "I am in an upbeat mood. It's been four exciting years."

Federal counts advised in CWP shootout case

GREENSBORO (AP) — U.S. Attorney H.M. "Mickey" Michaux said Wednesday that he had recommended that the U.S. Justice Department file civil rights charges against participants in a 1979 confrontation that left five Communist Workers Party demonstrators dead.

Six Ku Klux Klansmen and Nazis charged with murder and rioting shortly after the shootout were acquitted last November in one of the longest trials in North Carolina history. The shooting occurred Nov. 3, 1979, at a Greensboro housing project during an anti-Klan rally sponsored by the CWP.

In his last act before stepping down as U.S. attorney, Michaux cited three reasons for his recommendation, which was submitted to his superiors at the Justice Department May 5:

- Five people, all CWP members, were killed in the confrontation.
- "An innocent neighborhood was terrorized" in the ensuing shootout.
- The confrontation "smacks of a terrorist act" that could lead to further terrorism.

Michaux refused to give the names of those who might be prosecuted. He also declined to list specific charges or even to say how many people might be involved. But he said the federal charges "could involve everybody that was there" during the shootout.

Michaux said that could include Klansmen, Nazis and members of the CWP.

"I'm not at liberty to discuss the specific charges," he said. "I made the recommendations on the basis of requisite jurisdiction. The Justice Department is not bound by my recommendation."

Justice Department spokesman John Wilson said in Washington that there would be no double jeopardy if individuals tried on murder charges in state court were tried on civil rights violations in federal court.

Michaux cites threat of more 'terrorist acts'

GREENSBORO (AP) — Former U.S. Attorney H. M. "Mickey" Michaux said Wednesday that a confrontation that led to the slayings of five anti-Ku Klux Klan demonstrators in a Nov. 3, 1979 rally "smacks of a terrorist act" that could lead to further terrorism.

That was one of three reasons he gave for recommending that the U.S. Justice Department press civil rights charges against those involved in the "Death to the Klan" rally that led to the slayings.

While Michaux did not specify who would be prosecuted, it could mean further charges against six Klansmen and Nazis acquitted last November in connection with the slayings.

Michaux, speaking on the day of his retirement from the office of U.S. Attorney, said the deaths of the five Communist Workers Party members and the fact that "an innocent neighborhood was terrorized" led to his May 5 recommendation.

In it, he urged his superiors to file criminal civil rights charges against those involved.

Michaux said the federal charges "could involve everybody that was there" during the shootout at the Greensboro rally.

"I'm not at liberty to discuss the specific charges," Michaux said. "I made the recommendations on the basis of requisite jurisdiction. The Justice Department is not bound by my recommendation."

Six Klansmen and Nazis charged with murder and rioting shortly after the shootout were acquitted last November in one of the longest trials in North Carolina history.

An all-white Superior Court jury ruled that the Klansmen and Nazis shot the five activists in self-defense.

Greensboro Justice Fund attorney Earl Tockman, who represents widows and victims of the shootout, praised Michaux's recommendations in a statement.

"It is extremely significant that a U.S. attorney, after a lengthy investigation, has strongly recommended criminal prosecutions of at least some of those responsible for the assassinations on Nov. 3," he said.

Robert Cahoon, attorney for one of the six tried in the slayings, said that if anybody's rights were violated, it was those of the Klansmen and Nazis, because the CWP instigated the confrontation.

CWP members have maintained that government officials were responsible for the slayings, and Tockman said Wednesday that "the American people will not be satisfied that justice is done until the role of the government is thoroughly exposed."

Tockman added, "Neither the Greensboro police nor the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms has ever clarified the role of agents Ed Dawson and Bernard Butkovich who we believe fully participated in the planning and execution" of the slayings.

7 *

GreenKil

THE NEW YORK TIMES, THU

F.B.I. Agent Says Shots Were Fired at Klan Members

Special to The New York Times

GREENSBORO, N.C., Sept. 24 — Jurors in the trial of six men accused in the murders of five members of the Communist Workers Party at an anti-Ku Klux Klan rally encountered an apparent contradiction today involving videotapes of the Nov. 3, 1979, shootings. While the recorded sights appear to incriminate the defendants, the recorded sounds, according to expert testimony, indicate that the defendants were not responsible for a number of the shots fired.

Percy Wall, one of six court-appointed defense attorneys, told the all-white jury that about half of 39 shots recorded in an 88-second period were fired by members of the Communist group.

In his opening remarks, Mr. Wall asserted that what happened away from the cameras, but within range of the built-in microphones, would demonstrate that the defendants, all members of the Klan, "returned the fire of the Communists in defense of themselves."

Mr. Wall, who represents David Wayne Matthews, called as his first witness a specialist in audio ballistics analysis for the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who explained the results of 10 months of tests at the bureau's laboratory in Washington.

Seeks Origin of Shots

Bruce Koenig, a special agent supervisor in the bureau's technical services division, said that he used the tape and still photographs of the incident to pinpoint the order and the origin of the shots. Mr. Koenig said most of the shots had

IRSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1980

been recorded fully enough to make an analysis of them nearly 100 percent accurate, with only a marginal possibility of error. Mr. Koenig said, however, that he could not identify the location of several of the shots recorded. He also said that fewer shots were recorded than the number of spent shells recovered by the police at the scene.

Under direct examination by Mr. Wall, Mr. Koenig identified about 12 shots fired by persons the prosecution and defense both believe to be members of the Communist Workers Party. The agent also identified Mr. Matthews, Mr. Wall's client, among those firing shots.

Mr. Matthews and the other five defendants face five counts of first-degree murder, a capital offense, and one count of engaging in a riot.

The F.B.I. study was initially requested by the prosecution. The defense was allowed to introduce the audio analysis in court under an agreement whereby the jury was permitted to consider the videotapes, which are not normally allowed as evidence in North Carolina courts.

Rick Greeson, an Assistant District Attorney, was restrained in his cross-examination of Mr. Koenig. The prosecution is expected to rely on the same study in the forthcoming trial of six surviving members of the Communist Workers Party who are also charged with engaging in a riot on Nov. 3.

44-81521-
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GREENSBORO
DAILY NEWS

Since July 18, 1909

GREENSBORO, N.C., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 25, 1980

Expert Testifies On Shots' Origin

BY STEVE BERRY
Daily News Staff Writer

At least a third of the gunshots fired at the "Death to the Klan" rally Nov. 3 came from where Communist Workers Party members were located, a defense witness testified Wednesday in Superior Court.

Bruce Koenig, a Federal Bureau of Investigation audio expert, for the first time identified a third person who fired a weapon from where the CWP demonstrators were gathered. He said a woman, who defendants say was a communist, was wearing a yellow raincoat and firing a pistol from the west side of Carver Drive toward the Klan.

Previously, testimony indicated gunfire from the Communists came from CWP victim Bill Sampson, who fired a shot as he fell dead, and Rand Manzella. Police found Manzella carrying a .38 caliber pistol containing six spent shells when he was arrested after the shooting.

The next to the last of 39 shots in the 88-second gun battle with the Ku Klux Klan and Nazis came from the south side of Everitt Street, Koenig said.

Several prosecution witnesses said they saw a white man in that area try to fire a derringer at the Klan. But they said the gun misfired each time. However, police later found one live and one spent shell in the derringer.

Eight other shots came from near a WXII-TV news car on the opposite side of Carver Street from where the woman in the yellow raincoat was shooting.

When the gunfire ended, five CWP members were dead.

Although Koenig's testimony about those 14 shots bolstered the self-defense claims of the defendants, he said the first shot came from one of the cars in the nine-vehicle caravan that brought the six defendants and about 30 other Klansmen and Nazis to the anti-Klan rally. His testimony also raised questions about defense lawyer Percy Wall's opening argu-

44-81521

Audio Analysis: Shots Came From CWP Area

From A-1

ment Wednesday that 17 to 19 of 39 shots came from Communists.

Wall argued that the Communists fired the four shots which followed the first one, but Koenig's testimony didn't clearly determine which side fired them.

Wednesday was the first time the defense has presented testimony. Earlier, the prosecution presented its case — calling 97 witnesses over a seven-week period.

Through it all, most of the defendants remained confident of acquittal, judging from interviews Wednesday.

Nazi defendant Jack Fowler Jr., 28, of Winston-Salem, said God told him during a religious vision he had while in jail that he and his co-defendants would be acquitted.

He said the vision came to him on Jan. 12 at 1:45 p.m., and from that day on he has considered himself a born-again Christian. "I'm not worried about a thing," he said.

Klan defendant Jerry Smith, 33, of Maiden, and Coleman Pridmore, 37, of Lincolnton, said they still are confident of acquittal and are optimistic now that the prosecution has completed its case.

The other three defendants are Roland Wood, 35, of Winston-Salem; Lawrence Morgan, 28, of Lincolnton; and David Matthews, 25, of Newton. Each is charged with five counts of murder and one of felonious rioting.

They say they were lured into an ambush and that when the six defendants saw the communists hitting the cars in front of them with sticks, they got out of their vehicles and raced to the aid of their fellow Nazis and Klansmen.

Not until they heard gunfire, Wall argued in his opening statement to the jury, did the defendants run back to their car to get weapons.

He said they had no intention of getting in a fight before the gunfire started. He said they merely planned to throw eggs and heckle the CWP.

The prosecution says the six defendants should be convicted of first-degree murder, which brings a life sentence or the death penalty, because the five communists were killed while the defendants were rioting.

The prosecution originally planned to use Koenig as a witness. He was never called to testify, however, and no explanation was given. Even so, he is undergoing a long, but friendly cross-examination by Assistant District Attorney Rick Greeson. Greeson has led him through the slow-motion videotapes of the shooting scene recorded by cameramen from WTVD-TV of Durham and WFMY-TV of Greensboro who were assigned to cover the march.

Greeson is stopping the slow-motion pictures as each of the 39 shots is fired so Koenig can explain the scene and locate the shot on television screens and on the scale drawing. He is able to do this because of his analysis of the sound tracks of the videotapes.

Koenig's testimony showed that within 20 seconds after the first shot was fired, the defendants were in a stick fight with the communists. That fight was in progress when the second shot was fired. It came 22 seconds after the first.

That shot apparently was a shotgun blast, because a spent shell was found near the left lane curb where Koenig traced the shot. His testimony didn't identify which side fired it or the next three.

Those three shots came from somewhere in a wide area covering both sides of Carver at the intersection with Everitt. That is the middle ground between the Klan and Nazis and the communists.

Koenig's testimony attributed four shots to defendant Wood, four to Fowler, one to Matthews, and two to Smith.

Half of the 14 shots attributed to the communists were among the last 10 shots in the gunbattle.

GREENSBORO DAILY NEWS
SEPT 25, 1980

44-81521

The Greensboro Record

Thursday, September 25, 1980

Shots-sound testimony may not have precedent

44-81521

BY RICK STEWART
Record Staff Writer

An FBI audio expert continued his testimony this morning in the murder trial of six Ku Klux Klansmen and Nazis and may be creating "new law" in North Carolina with his testimony.

Special Agent Bruce Koenig is testifying that through analysis of videotapes made by television newsmen on the morning of Nov. 3 he can reconstruct where each of the 39 shots fired that morning originated.

Wake Forest University Law Proessor James Sizemore said in an interview that Koenig's testimony may be unique in the state. He explained that new law means that such testimony and illustrations are the first that have been entered as substantive evidence in a trial.

Defense lawyer Percy Wall, who called Koenig as the defense's first witness, said he thinks this is the first such testimony used in the state. He added that during his research for the trial he could find no other evidence of this kind.

Superior Court Judge James M. Long allowed Koenig's testimony when defense and prosecution lawyers agreed to let it be entered uncontested. Sizemore said it is unlikely an appellate court would rule the evidence inadmissible if both sides agreed to allow it into evidence.

The trial also created new law when Long allowed the videotapes to be introduced as substantive evidence. Sizemore said he has heard of several trials where the judge allowed a photograph to be entered as substantive evidence but said he is not aware, prior to this trial, that a videotape has been allowed into evidence. He explaiend that by allowing something in as substantive evidence the jury may consider everything they see. Other judges have allowed pictures and videotapes in as illustrative evidence but always instruct jurors they must consider only what they see that illustrates the testimony of a witness.

His testimony showed that the first shot was likely fired from one of the Klan caravan vehicles as it made its way past the staging area for a Communist Worker's Party "death to the Klan" rally.

In his testimony, Koenig is often pointing out on the slow motion videotape who likely fired the shots heard on the tapes.

In some cases, he said it is impossible to determine. But on others he said he can definitely determine who fired the shots. Defense lawyer Wall said Wednesday in his opening statement to jurors that the defense would show that perhaps 17, 19 or more of the 39 shots were fired by the CWP.

Koenig testified that he cannot tell exactly where shots 3, 4, and 5 originated. He said the sound waves are not sufficient for him to pinpoint the origins.

Koenig admitted during recess this morning it is unusual to have videotapes available to help analyze multiple gun shots. He said this is the first time he is aware that such evidence has been used in a trial.

In his testimony this morning, Koenig explained that determining where each shot originated by listening to portions of the videotapes is "slow, tedious" and requires "exacting physics."

He explaiend that for each second of sound on the audio, he made 200 inches of sound waves. He said he then matched the sound waves, including echo sound waves, with where they could have originated at the scene. "That's why it took us from November to the first of this month to do it," he explained to jurors. "We had to plot every sound and every echo." During the first hour of his testimony this morning, Koenig showed by using videotapes and a map where each shot originated. He was doing the same thing Wednesday afternoon, but court was recessed to give the videotape player time to cool.

THE GREENSBORO RECORD
Sept. 25, 1980

44-81521

WINSTON-SALEM JOURNAL

City Edition

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1980

Key Defense Witness's Testimony Helps State's Case

FBI Agent Pinpoints Gunshots

By Michael P. Massoglia
Staff Reporter

GREENSBORO — Defense attorneys in the murder trial of six Ku Klux Klansmen and Nazis called their first witness yesterday, but most of his testimony came during cross examination and helped the state with its case.

Under direct examination Bruce E. Koenig of the FBI testified that his analyses of television videotapes showed that 17 of the 39 shots fired at the anti-Klan rally here last Nov. 3 came from where Communist demonstrators were.

That testimony was significant for defense attorneys who have argued that their clients acted in self-defense in the shooting deaths of five Communist Workers Party members.

But under cross examination Koenig was able to narrate slow-motion videotapes of the rally that showed several defendants shooting guns and advancing toward a group of anti-Klan demonstrators.

In order for a killing to be done in lawful self-defense, a defendant must be without blame in initiating the affray and must try to retreat, according to state law.

Jurors in Guilford Superior Court had seen the slow-motion tapes before the state rested its case last week, but yesterday they were able to hear Koenig describe individuals shooting guns.

"He's just fired now," said Koenig, pointing to a man an earlier witness had identified as Jerry Paul Smith of Maiden. "You can actually see smoke from his gun."

Besides Smith, Koenig described and pointed out on a television monitor three others shooting at the rally. Based on descriptions given earlier, they were Jack Wilson Fowler Jr. and Roland Wayne Wood, both of Winston-Salem, and David Wayne Matthews of Newton.

Also being tried on charges of first-degree murder and felonious rioting are Lawrence Gene Morgan and Coleman Blair Pridmore, both of Lincolnton.

Koenig's testimony showed that about 40 percent of the gunfire came from anti-Klan demonstrators. Although Koenig indicated that the first two shots came from the front of a caravan of Klansmen and Nazis, the defense contended that the next three shots came from demonstators.

"The evidence will show that these shots were fired by Communists, at members of the KKK," said Matthews attorney Percy Wall during his opening argument yesterday. "They (the defendants) returned fire in defense of themselves."

Koenig said that he could not pinpoint the location of the third, fourth and fifth shots at the rally, except to say that they were fired in a broad area that included the intersection and places where demonstrators had been seen.

The locations of the other 36 shots at the rally, Koenig said, could be pinpointed to within several feet. The defense put a clear, plastic overlay on a four-by-eight wall diagram of the neighborhood, and Koenig put a red circle where he said the shots had come from.

The state will resume its cross-examination when court reconvenes this morning.

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FM CHARLOTTE (100-122379) (44-35277) (P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

BT

C O N F I D E N T I A L

NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA (NSPNC), AKA AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, DOMESTIC SECURITY, OO:CHARLOTTE, CE FILE 100-122379, BUFILE 100-456823.

GREENVILLE, CIVIL RIGHTS (A), OO:CHARLOTTE, CE FILE 44-35277, BUFILE 44-81521.

FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION OF NSPNC AUTHORIZED NOVEMBER 5, 1979, EXTENDED TO NOVEMBER 5, 1981. (U)

THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY AND REFERENCES WILL PROVIDE FBIHQ WITH AVAILABLE INFORMATION ON INDICTMENTS MARCH 2, 1981, IN WESTERN DISTRICT OF N. C. OF SIX INDIVIDUALS FOR CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE TITLE 18, USC, SECTION 844 (I). (U)

INVESTIGATION OF THIS MATTER WAS CONDUCTED BY ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS (ATF) # CHARLOTTE OFFICE. THE INDICTMENT

44-81521

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PAGE TWO CE 100-122099, CE 44-3527 C O N F I D E N T I A L

DESCRIBED THE INDIVIDUALS AS "MEMBERS OF OR SYMPATHIZERS WITH THE NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY OF AMERICA AND THE KU KLUX KLAN", WHO "CONSPIRED TO USE EXPLOSIVES IN TERRORIST ATTACKS AGAINST PERSONS AND PROPERTY IN GREENSBORO AND GUILFORD COUNTY, N. C." THOSE INDICTED WERE: [redacted] PENLAND, N. C., DOB [redacted] PENLAND, N. C., DOB [redacted] RAEFORD MELAND CAUDLE, WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., DOB [redacted] WINSTON-SALEM, N.C., DOB [redacted] WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., DOB [redacted] WINSTON-SALEM, N.C., DOB [redacted] (U)

CHARLOTTE TELETYPES TO FBIHQ DATED SEPTEMBER 19, 1980, AND SEPTEMBER 23, 1980, CAPTIONED "NSPNC; GREENKIL, AND [redacted] AKA, DOMESTIC SECURITY - NSPNC", AND CHARLOTTE AIRTEL DATED OCTOBER 10, 1980, CAPTIONED "NSPNC; GREENKIL", PROVIDED BACKGROUND INFORMATION CONCERNING THIS MATTER.

ADDITIONALLY CHARLOTTE AIRTEL/LHM DATED OCTOBER 17, 1980, SUMMARIZED NSPNC ACTIVITY AND REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF THE FULL DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION. THIS LHM ALSO REVIEWED THE AIF CASE AND ON PAGE 4 STATED: "SINCE INFORMATION HAS BEEN

"RECEIVED THAT CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION, OR MEMBERS THEREOF, ARE PLANNING SOME TYPE OF PROTEST OR TERRORIST ACTIVITY ON THE COMPLETION OF THE KLAN-NAZI TRIAL, CONTINUED INVESTIGATION IS NECESSARY TO DETERMINE FUTURE ACTIVITIES OF CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION." (U)

BY TELETYPE DATED DECEMBER 5, 1980, FBIHQ ADVISED OF MEMORANDUM DATED DECEMBER 3, 1980, FROM DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL (DAG) AUTHORIZING CONTINUATION OF NSPNC DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION FOR ONE YEAR EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 5, 1980. DAG MEMORANDUM NOTED "THAT MUCH OF THE INFORMATION ON WHICH THE BUREAU RELIES FOR THE CONTINUATION OF THIS INVESTIGATION INVOLVES THE PARTICIPATION OF TWO MEMBERS OF THE CAPTIONED GROUP IN THE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, SHOOTING INCIDENT INVOLVING THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY. DAG POINTED OUT THAT NOW THAT A VERDICT HAS BEEN RETURNED IN THE TRIAL OF THAT CASE, THE BUREAU SHOULD REVIEW THIS INVESTIGAION, PARTICULARLY TO DETERMINE IF A DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION IS STILL WARRANTED. PARTICULAR ATTENTION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO DEIERMINE IF MEMBERS OF THIS GROUP HAVE A CACHE OF ARMS OR EXPLOSIVES." (S)

CONTINUED LIAISON HAS BEEN EFFECTED BY CHARLOTTE OFFICE

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WITH ATF, CHARLOTTE, CONCERNING THIS CASE. SAC JOHN WESTRA, ATF, PREVIOUSLY ADVISED THAT THE TITLE III WHICH ATF OBTAINED ON TRAILER [redacted] MOST OF THESE WERE COMPLETELY INSIGNIFICANT, [redacted] SAC WESTRA STATED THAT AFTER THE VERDICT OF "NOT GUILTY" IN THE GREENSBORO KILLINGS, THIS CONSPIRACY COLLAPSED. (C)

ON FEBRUARY 13, 1981, SAC WESTRA, SUPRA, ADVISED THAT AUSA [redacted] WDNC, WOULD SEEK AN INDICTMENT OF THE [redacted] GRAND JURY. WESTRA INDICATED ATF NEVER OBTAINED A SEARCH WARRANT IN AN EFFORT TO OBTAIN PHYSICAL EVIDENCE BECAUSE NEITHER THE ATF UNDERCOVER AGENT NOR TITLE III OVERHEARS ESTABLISHED THE EXISTENCE OF ANY SPECIFIC EXPLOSIVE MATERIAL OR ILLEGAL WEAPONS IN THE POSSESSION OF THE CONSPIRATORS. THEREFORE, ATF CURRENTLY HAS OBTAINED NO INSTR

UMENTALITIES

b3 Per FBI

WHICH COULD BE USED TO COMMIT A VIOLENT ACT. HE INDICATED THE POTENTIAL INDICTMENT WOULD STAND OR FALL ON CONVERSATIONS BETWEEN THE PARTIES AND SEVERAL OCCASIONS OF TRAVEL TO PLAN THE ACTS. SAC WESTRA FURTHER ADVISED THAT TITLE III OVERHEARS TENDED TO ESTABLISH THAT THE CONSPIRATORS [redacted] (X)

UACB, CHARLOTTE WILL CONTINUE TO FOLLOW THIS MATTER UNDER ITS AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT THE DOMESTIC SECURITY INVESTIGATION OF NSPNC. (X)

~~C AND E 2204. REASONS (2)(3). DRD MARCH 3, 2071.~~

BL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO : Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: 9 OCT 1981

FROM : Wm. Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

WBR:LKD:MDJ:bbg
DJ 144-54M-351

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

SUBJECT: Greenkil
CIVIL RIGHTS

Reference is made to your memorandum dated July 2, 1981, enclosing a copy of a letterhead memorandum dated June 30, 1981 at Charlotte, bearing your field office file number 44-3527 and Bureau file number 44-81521.

Interviews with CWP members [redacted] and [redacted] have been arranged for October 19-20, 1981 in New York City. The interviews will be conducted at the FBI headquarters in Manhattan. FBI agents are requested to conduct the interviews. Departmental Attorney [redacted] will, however, be present. Accordingly, please do the following:

1. Arrange for Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] to be available on October 19-20, 1981 in New York to conduct the interviews.

2. Arrange for an interview room to be made available at your office in Manhattan. The room should be able to accommodate video reply equipment and approximately seven people.

3. Arrange for video replay equipment to be available which is capable of playing the composite video tape previously prepared by you.

4. Make the composite video tape available.

[redacted]

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FBI [illegible] BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FM CLEVELAND (44A-1739) (P) (SQ 5)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) PRIORITY

(ATTN: SUPV. [redacted]

BT

UNCLAS

SECTION 1 OF 2

GREENKILL DS-CR 00: CHARLOTTE

REFERENCE CLEVELAND AND CHARLOTTE TELCALLS OCTOBER 23, 1981.

ON OCTOBER 23, 1981, CLEVELAND AGENTS INTERVIEWED [redacted] BORN [redacted] NORTH [redacted] WHERE HE IS BEING HELD [redacted] WAS INTERVIEWED AFTER CLEVELAND WAS NOTIFIED BY HIS [redacted] THAT [redacted] POSSESSED INFORMATION RELATIVE TO KU KLUX KLAN ACTIVITIES IN NORTH CAROLINA PRIOR TO CAPTIONED EVENT IN NOVEMBER, 1979.

Exec. AD-Adm. ___
Exec. AD-Inv. ___
Exec. AD-LES ___
Asst. Dir. ___
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Inspection ___
Intell. ___
Laboratory ___
Legal Coun. ___
Rec. Mgmt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

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DOJ aware of contents of it.

[redacted]

Does the [illegible] warrant, if any, [illegible]?

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IN REFERENCED TELCALLS IT WAS DECIDED THAT CLEVELAND AGENTS WOULD TAKE WHATEVER INFORMATION [redacted] COULD FURNISH REGARDING KLAN ACTIVITIES, LEADERS AND THE GREENKIL INCIDENT AND RELAY THIS INFORMATION TO CHARLOTTE FOR DISCUSSION WITH JUSTICE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS. NO PROMISES OF IMMUNITY OR WITNESS RELOCATION WERE MADE TO [redacted] ALTHOUGH HE AND HIS ATTORNEY ARE HOPING THAT HIS TESTIMONY AGAINST OTHER KLANSMEN RE GREENKIL WILL RESULT IN ACCEPTANCE AS A PROTECTED WITNESS.

THE INTERVIEW OF [redacted] TOOK PLACE IN THE PRESENCE OF [redacted] [redacted] IS [redacted] AND [redacted] HIS MOST RECENT ADDRESS IS [redacted] NORTH CAROLINA, TELEPHONE [redacted] SERVED IN THE [redacted] HIS SSAN IS [redacted] HIS LAST PLACE OF PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT WAS AS A [redacted] HEADQUARTERED IN [redacted]

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[redacted] FIRST BECAME INVOLVED IN KU KLUX KLAN ACTIVITIES IN NORTH CAROLINA IN [redacted] HE WAS INVITED TO HIS FIRST MEETING BY [redacted] WHOM HE HAD MET IN WINSTON-SALEM. HE ATTENDED WEEKLY KLAN UNIT MEETINGS AT A KLAVERN OR KLAN MEETING PLACE, IN AN [redacted] WINSTON-SALEM. HE RECALLS THE [redacted] TO HAVE HAD APPROXIMATELY 80 MEMBERS.

THE OFFICERS OF THIS UNIT, WHICH HE DESCRIBED AS BEING PART OF THE FEDERATED KNIGHTS OF THE KKK, [redacted] AFTER ATTENDING WEEKLY MEETINGS [redacted] WAS SELECTED BY [redacted] TO BE THE [redacted]

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SPRING OF [redacted] MADE UP OF [redacted] THE MEMBERS OF [redacted] ALSO FORMED THE [redacted] THE PURPOSE OF THE [redacted] WAS TO CONTACT TRUSTED PERSONS IN THE POLICE AND SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENTS TO LEARN LAW ENFORCEMENT, INCLUDING FBI, ACTIVITIES AGAINST THE KLAN. HE LEARNED FROM MEMBERS OF [redacted] THAT ONE OF THE PERSONS THAT KEPT THEM [redacted] ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE FORSYTHE UNIT.

ANOTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER CONNNECTED WITH THE KLAN IS [redacted] TO BE ON "RESERVE-STATUS" IN THE FORSYTHE COUNTY KLAN UNIT.

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AT THIS POINT [redacted] INTERRUPTED THE INTERVIEW AND STATED HIS OPINION THAT [redacted] HAD SUFFICIENTLY ESTABLISHED HIMSELF AS A KLANSMAN, AND ASKED IF THE INTERVIEWING AGENTS WOULD CONCENTRATE ON THE EVENTS OF NOVEMBER, 1979.

[redacted] RECALLED THAT PRIOR TO THE CONFRONTATION WITH THE "COMMUNISTS" IN GREENSBORO ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979, A SIZEABLE KLAN GET TOGETHER WAS PLANNED IN SUMMER, 1979 AT THE CHINA LAKE, NORTH CAROLINA CIVIC CENTER. THE FORSYTHE COUNTY KLAN UNIT ALONG WITH UNITS FROM CHINA LAKE, YADKINVILLE AND KLANSMEN FROM GAFFNEY, SOUTH CAROLINA [redacted] WERE PLANNING TO SHOW THE MOVIE "BIRTH OF A NATION9"

ATTENDING THIS MEETING WERE 20 - 25 FROM FORSYTHE COUNTY; 20 - 25 FROM CHINA LAKE; 10 - 15 FROM YADKINVILLE AND SEVEN FROM GAFFNEY SOUTH CAROLINA. DURING THE VIEWING OF THIS MOVIE, A LARGE GROUP OF BLACK AND WHITE DEMONSTRATORS CONDUCTED AN ANTI-KLAN RALLY OUTSIDE THE CHINA LAKE CIVIC CENTER WHILE THE KLANSMEN BARRACADED THEMSELVES INSIDE.

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[redacted] AND SET UP A PLAN TO KILL THE LEADERS OF THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY. [redacted] KLAN RALLY AND ATTRACT ANOTHER COUNTER DEMONSTRATION BY THE CWP WHERE THE KLAN WOULD PROVOKE THE CWP TO ATTACK THEM GIVING THE KLANSMEN REASON TO DEFEND THEMSELVES WITH FORCE, MEANING GUNS.

DURING THE TIME BETWEEN THE CHINA LAKE EVENT AND GREENKIL, [redacted] AND APPOINTED [redacted] TO THAT POSITION. [redacted] BECAME THE [redacted] DESCRIBED TO BE A "COUNSELOR" TO THE [redacted]

IN ABOUT MID OCTOBER, 1979, [redacted] LEARNED FROM PUBLICITY AS WELL AS FROM CONTACTS IN THE BT

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FM CLEVELAND (44A-1739) (P) (SQ 5)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) PRIORITY

(ATTN: SUPV [redacted]

BT

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SECTION 2 OF 2

GREENKIL DS-CR OO: CHARLOTTE

SHERIFF'S OFFICE THAT THE COMMUNISTS WERE PLANNING TO HAVE A RALLY IN GREENSBORO. ON THE [redacted] THE GREENSBORO RALLY, [redacted] ATTORNEY REFUSED TO LET HIM FURNISH ALL THE NAMES).

AT THE MEETING IT WAS PLANNED FOR [redacted]

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[redacted] THEY WOULD MEET WITH OTHER KLAN UNITS AND WITH [redacted] WHO WAS SUPPOSEDLY [redacted] ACCORDING TO [redacted] HAD BEEN INFORMED WHERE THE "DEATH TO THE KLAN" RALLY WAS TO BE HELD. [redacted] RECALLED IT TO BE A BLACK HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CALLED "MORNINGSIDE" IN GREENSBORO.

[redacted] AND THAT THE POLICE WOULD STAY AWAY FROM THE RALLY, AT THE BEGINNING AND ARRIVE ONLY AFTER THE KLANSMEN HAD POSITIONED THEMSELVES TO ATTACK THE CWP DEMONSTRATORS AND LEAVE THE SCENE. [redacted]

[redacted]

PLANS WERE ALSO MADE FOR [redacted] WHO WAS ALSO AT THE MEETING, TO BE WITH ANOTHER GROUP OF KLANSMEN AND

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PROVOKE THE CWP DEMONSTRATIONS BY THROWING EGGS AT THEM AND SPRAYING THEM WITH POLICE-TYPE TEAR GAS AND MACE SPRAYERS THIS WAS TO BE DONE HOPING THE CWP PEOPLE (WHOM THE KLAN BELIEVED TO HAVE WEAPONS OF THEIR OWN) WOULD TRY TO ATTACK THE KLANSMEN GIVING THEM REASON TO RETALIATE.

ON THE DAY OF THE RALLY WHEN THE [redacted] UNIT MET ON [redacted] GREENSBORO, ABOUT ONE HOUR BEFORE THE DEMONSTRATION, [redacted] A [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] WHAT TOOK PLACE IN GREENSBORO THAT AFTERNOON, [redacted] TO WINSTON-SALEM

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[redacted] HAD THROWN EGGS AT THE CWP PEOPLE AS PLANNED AND "WHEN THE COMMUNISTS CAME AT THEM WITH STICKS THE KLAN OPENED FIRE."

THE TUESDAY FOLLOWING GREENKIL, THE [redacted] AND THE REST OF THE USUAL GROUP WERE THERE. IT WAS A VERY BRIEF [redacted]

AFTER THIS MEETING, THERE WERE ONLY OCCASIONAL MEETINGS [redacted] BUT NEVER ANY FURTHER GROUP DISCUSSIONS ABOUT THE EVENTS AT GREENSBORO.

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PAGE FIVE 44A-1739 UNCLAS

AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE INTERVIEW, [redacted] [redacted] WERE AGAIN REMINDED THAT THIS INFORMATION WOULD BE FURNISHED TO THE FBI IN CHARLOTTE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FOR EVALUATION AND THAT [redacted] FURNISHING OF THE ABOVE, AT THIS TIME, WAS STRICTLY VOLUNTARY. BOTH [redacted] ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE FBI'S ACCEPTING OF THIS INFORMATION DOES NOT OBLIGATE THE GOVERNMENT IN ANYWAY9

FD-302 WILL FOLLOW.

BT

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 11/2/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (44A-1739)(RUC)

RE: GREENKILL
DS-CR

OO: CHARLOTTE

Re CV tel to Charlotte, 10/24/81.

Enclosed for Charlotte are two original FD-302s and two (2) copies each of an interview conducted on 10/23/81 at Cleveland, Ohio. One (1) copy of each FD-302 is furnished for information of FBIHQ.

No further investigation is being conducted at Cleveland.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/JAC

ENCLOSURE

44-81521-197

2 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
2 - Charlotte (Enc. 6) (44-3527)
1 - Cleveland
LAB/klt
(5)

Xerox rec'd from CRD
By 070-B
11/5/81

[redacted]

[redacted]

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Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980-305-750/5402

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/JAC

1

Date of transcription 10/27/81

[redacted] was contacted at the [redacted] where he is being held on charges of [redacted] He was advised of the identities of the contacting agents and our intention to interview him to determine his knowledge of Ku Klux Klan activities in North Carolina. He was reminded, in the presence of [redacted] that any statements made or facts furnished were strictly voluntary and our acceptance of the information does not constitute any agreements with or obligation to him on the part of the United States Government.

In the presence of [redacted] of Cleveland, Ohio, provided the following:

[redacted] He is married. [redacted] His most recent address is [redacted] North Carolina, [redacted] His social security account number is [redacted] His last permanent place of employment was as [redacted]

[redacted] first became involved in Ku Klux Klan activities in North Carolina in the [redacted] He was invited to his first Klan meeting by [redacted] Winston-Salem. He attended weekly meetings of his Klan unit at a "Klavern" or Klan meeting place, [redacted] unit had approximately 60 members.

The officers of this Klan unit, which he described as being part of the Federated Knights of the KKK, [redacted]

After attending weekly meetings, [redacted]

Investigation on 10/23/81 at Cleveland, Ohio File # CV 44A-1739

by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] LAR:kw Date dictated 10/28/81

44-81521-197

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ENCLOSURE

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in approximately the [redacted]

[redacted] advised that the Klan unit was further subdivided into a smaller group known as [redacted] This group was made up of [redacted] The members of [redacted] also formed the [redacted] or [redacted] The purpose of the [redacted] was to contact trusted persons in the Police and Sheriff's Departments to learn law enforcement, including the FBI's activities against the Klan in North Carolina. He learned from members of [redacted] that one of the persons that kept them regularly informed was the [redacted] was a friend [redacted]

Another law enforcement officer connected with the Klan in North Carolina is [redacted] Winston-Salem. [redacted]

At this point in the interview, [redacted] interrupted the interview and stated his opinion that [redacted] had sufficiently established himself as having been a member of the Ku Klux Klan in North Carolina, and asked the interviewing agents to only ask [redacted] questions having to do with the events at Greensboro, North Carolina in November , 1979.

FD-302 (REV. 3-3-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2TAP/JAC

1

Date of transcription 10/27/81

[redacted] where he is being held on charges of [redacted] He was advised of the identities of the contacting agents and our intention to interview him to determine his knowledge of the activities of the Ku Klux Klan in North Carolina prior to an incident between the KKK and members of the Communist Workers Party in Greensboro, North Carolina in early November, 1979. [redacted] was reminded, in the presence of [redacted] that any statements made or facts furnished were strictly voluntary and our acceptance of the information does not constitute any agreement with or obligation to him on the part of the United States Government.

In the presence of [redacted] of Cleveland, Ohio, he provided the following:

[redacted] acknowledged that he first became a member of the [redacted] From the [redacted]

[redacted] recalled that prior to the confrontation with the Communist Workers Party in Greensboro, North Carolina on November 3, 1979, a sizeable Ku Klux Klan event was planned in the summer, 1979 at the Civic Center in China Lake, North Carolina. [redacted] Units from China Lake, Yadkinville, North Carolina, and Klansmen from Gaffney, South Carolina, led by [redacted] were planning to show the movie "Birth of a Nation".

Attending this meeting were 20-25 Klan members from Forsythe County; 20-25 members from China Lake; 10-15 from Yadkinville; and 7 from Gaffney, South Carolina. During the viewing of this movie, a large group of demonstrators made up of blacks and whites conducted an anti-KKK rally outside the China Lake Civic Center, while the Klansmen barricaded themselves inside.

The following [redacted] meeting, held at the Klan meeting place or "Klavern" located on [redacted]

Investigation on 10/23/81 at Cleveland, Ohio File # CV 44A-1739

by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] LAB:kw Date dictated 10/26/81

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[redacted]

another counter-demonstration by the Communist Workers Party. The Klan would then provoke the Communist Workers Party to attack them, giving the Klansmen reason to defend themselves with force, meaning guns.

During the time between the China Lake Klan event and early November, 1979, [redacted]

In approximately mid-October, 1979, [redacted] learned from the available publicity, as well as from contacts in the local Sheriff's Office, that the Communist Workers Party were planning to have a rally in Greensboro, North Carolina.

On the Tuesday preceding the Greensboro rally, the [redacted] met at the home of [redacted] The meeting was not held at the Klavern which [redacted] At this meeting were [redacted]

At this meeting it was planned for the [redacted] Greensboro just before the demonstration was to be held by members of the Communist Workers Party. There they would be joined by other Klan Units and by several members of the "Nazi Party" [redacted] According to [redacted] had been informed where the Communist Workers Party rally was to be held. He recalled it to be in a black

housing development called "Morningside" in Greensboro.

[redacted]

from the rally, at the beginning and arrive only after the Klansmen had positioned themselves to attack the Communist Workers Party demonstrators. Furthermore, the Greensboro police were to have been told to "make it look good", but actually do little in stopping any shooting or apprehending the Klansmen. [redacted]

At this meeting, plans were also made for [redacted] to be with yet another group of Klansmen and to provoke the Communist Workers Party demonstrators by throwing eggs at them and spraying them with police-type tear gas and mace sprayers. This was to be done hoping the Communist Workers Party demonstrators, whom the Klan believed to have weapons of their own, would try to attack the Klansmen giving them reason to retaliate.

On the day of the rally in Greensboro, when the [redacted] approximately one hour before the demonstration, [redacted]

[redacted] what had taken place in Greensboro that afternoon on the television, [redacted] headed back to Winston-Salem and enroute met, by chance, [redacted]

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The [redacted] the shooting at Greensboro, the Klan Unit met again [redacted] of the Klan Unit were there. It was a very brief meeting and [redacted] but never any further group discussion about the events at Greensboro.

In response to specific questioning, [redacted] North Carolina during the incident of November 3, 1979, between the Klan and members of the Communist Workers Party.

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11/9/81 UNCLAS PRIORITY

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FM DIRECTOR FBI {44-81521}

TO FBI CHARLOTTE {44-3527} PRIORITY

FBI CLEVELAND {44-17397} PRIORITY

FBI PHOENIX PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; 00: CHARLOTTE.

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO FBIHQ, NOVEMBER 5, 1981, AND CLEVELAND TELETYPE TO FBIHQ, NOVEMBER 6, 1981.

FBIHQ CONCURS WITH PROPOSED INTERVIEW OF [redacted] AT CLEVELAND ON NOVEMBER 12-13, 1981, BY SA'S [redacted] {CHARLOTTE} AND [redacted] {PHOENIX}. TRAVEL AUTHORIZED.

BT

44-81521-1988

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CLEVELAND PRIORITY

PHOENIX PRIORITY

BT

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ATTENTION CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION, CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS

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RE CLEVELAND TELETYPE TO CHARLOTTE DATED OCTOBER 26, 1981; AND CHARLOTTE TELCALL OF SUPERVISOR SA [redacted] TO CLEVELAND ON OCTOBER 28, 1981.

AFTER REVIEWING SUMMARY OF [redacted] STATEMENT TO CLEVELAND SPECIAL AGENTS RE EVENTS LEADING UP TO AND INVOLVING THE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, SHOOTING INCIDENT AT GREENSBORO, NC, BETWEEN MEMBERS OF THE KKK/NAZI PARTY AND THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEY [redacted] [redacted] DESIRES [redacted] TO BE INTERVIEWED IN DETAIL BY CHARLOTTE AGENTS MORE FAMILIAR WITH THIS INVESTIGATION.

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PAGE TWO CE 44A-3527 UNCLAS

AS CLEVELAND DIVISION HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY ADVISED BY [redacted] WITH, PORTIONS OF [redacted] STATEMENT ARE KNOWN TO BE ENTIRELY CONTRADICTORY TO PREVIOUS STATEMENTS FURNISHED BY HIM TO THE FBI, AS WELL AS CONTRADICTORY TO OTHER STATEMENTS RECEIVED BY THE FBI FROM OTHER WITNESSES DURING THIS INVESTIGATION. FOR THIS REASON, [redacted] VALUE AS A POTENTIAL WITNESS FOR THE UNITED STATES CANNOT BE PROPERLY EVALUATED UNTIL THESE CONTRADITIONS AND PRIOR INCONSISTENT STATEMENTS ARE CLARIFIED.

THEREFORE, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE DOES DESIRE A COMPLETE AND THOROUGH INTERVIEW OF [redacted] HOWEVER, AT THIS STAGE OF THE INVESTIGATION, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE (USDJ) IS NOT IN A POSITION TO INTERCEDE WITH LOCAL AUTHORITIES ON [redacted] BEHALF NOR TO INSURE [redacted] PROTECTION OF THE WITNESS PROTECTION PROGRAM UNTIL A FULL AND TRUTHFUL STATEMENT IS FURNISHED BY [redacted] IT IS ESSENTIAL FOR [redacted] AND [redacted] TO UNDERSTAND THAT THE FBI AND THE USDJ DESIRE ONLY A COMPLETE, THOROUGH AND TRUTHFUL STATEMENT BY [redacted] OF HIS KNOWLEDGE OF THE EVENTS LEADING UP TO, AND AFTER NOVEMBER 3, 1979, INCIDENT.

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IT SHOULD BE EMPHASIZED THAT [redacted] IS VIEWED AS A POTENTIAL WITNESS AND HIS VALUE, AS SUCH, IS SOLELY DEPENDENT UPON HIS TRUTHFULNESS AND FRANKNESS AS A WITNESS. IF [redacted] AGREES TO AN INTERVIEW, HE SHOULD ALSO BE PREPARED TO TAKE A POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION ON THE NEXT DAY TO SUBSTANTIATE HIS TRUTHFULNESS ON ANY QUESTIONABLE AREAS THAT MAY ARISE.

THE ABOVE INFORMATION SHOULD BE IMMEDIATELY FURNISHED TO [redacted] AND IF THEY ARE WILLING TO COOPERATE, SA [redacted] GREENSBORO, NC, OF THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION, AND SA [redacted] PHOENIX DIVISION, FORMERLY GREENSBORO RA, CHARLOTTE DIVISION, ARE PREPARED TO BE IN CLEVELAND BY 9 A.M. ON NOVEMBER 12, 1981, FOR A DETAILED INTERVIEW OF [redacted]

CLEVELAND DIVISION IS REQUESTED TO ASSIST IN THIS INTERVIEW BY HAVING AVAILABLE A POLYGRAPH EXAMINER ON NOVEMBER 13, 1981, IF IT IS DEEMED NECESSARY TO AFFORD A POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION TO [redacted]

CLEVELAND, WILL IMMEDIATELY CONTACT [redacted] AND ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEW OF MASON ON NOVEMBER 12, 1981, AT CLEVELAND.

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SA [redacted] PHOENIX DIVISION, IS REQUESTED TO BE PRESENT AT THE INTERVIEW OF [redacted] AS SA [redacted] PREVIOUSLY INTERVIEWED [redacted] ON NOVEMBER 9, 1981, AT WINSTON-SALEM, FORSYTH COUNTY, NC, RELATIVE TO THIS INCIDENT. IN ADDITION, SA [redacted] IS FAMILIAR WITH THE STRUCTURE, ORGANIZATION AND THE LEADERSHIP OF THE KKK/NAZI PARTY AS IT EXISTED DURING THIS TIME AT WINSTON-SALEM, FORSYTH COUNTY, NC, AND WILL BE OF GREAT VALUE IN INTERVIEWING [redacted] RELATIVE TO HIS ASSOCIATION WITH THE LEADERSHIP OF THESE ORGANIZATIONS AT THAT TIME.

UNLESS ADVISED TO THE CONTRARY BY THE BUREAU, SPECIAL AGENTS [redacted] AND [redacted] ARE PREPARED TO TRAVEL TO CLEVELAND ON NOVEMBER 11, 1981, TO CONDUCT INTERVIEWS ON NOVEMBER 12, 1981.

ET

FD-448 (Rev. 9-18-78)

Transmit attached by Facsimile - UNCLAS

Precedence PRIORITY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS CENTER

To: New York (100-182800) JDM 172
Charlotte (44-3527)

From: Director, FBI (44-81521) OCT 13 1981

Date: 10/13/81

Time: Transmitted - 357pm, 405pm

Subject: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Initials - EM, TSA

44-81521-200

☐ Fingerprint Photo ☐ Fingerprint Record ☐ Map ☐ Newspaper clipping ☐ Photograph

☐ Artists Conception ☒ Other ~~Departmental letter, 10/9/81~~.

Special handling instructions: NOTE: Items #1 and #4 will be handled by Charlotte. New York arrange items #2 and #3. Advise FBIHQ by teletype of arrangements for interviews.

FBI NOV 16 1981

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Approved: JS/# ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/JAC

FBI/DOJ

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FM CLEVELAND (44A-1739)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (PRIORITY)

CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (PRIORITY)

PHOENIX (PRIORITY)

BT

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ATTENTION: CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION, CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT.

GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS

REFERENCE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR DATED NOVEMBER 5, 1981.

[redacted] WAS CONTACTED

ON [redacted] AND WAS ADVISED OF THE FBI'S DESIRE TO OBTAIN

A COMPLETE AND TRUTHFUL STATEMENT FROM [redacted] REGARDING HIS

KNOWLEDGE OF THE EVENTS LEADING UP TO AND AFTER THE NOVEMBER 3, 1979

INCIDENT IN GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA. [redacted] ADVISED THAT [redacted]

WAS TO BE [redacted]

[redacted]

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[redacted] THEREAFTER ARRANGED FOR A MEETING BETWEEN [redacted] AND SA [redacted] IN ORDER THAT SA [redacted] COULD EXPLAIN TO [redacted] THAT THE FBI AND THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE DESIRED A COMPLETE, THOROUGH AND TRUTHFUL STATEMENT BY [redacted] REGARDING THE GREENSBORO INCIDENT AND THAT [redacted] MUST AGREE TO TAKE A POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION TO SUBSTANTIATE THE TRUTHFULNESS OF ANY QUESTIONABLE AREAS THAT MAY ARISE FROM AN INTERVIEW BY SAS [redacted] AND [redacted] IS FURTHER ADVISED THAT HIS VALUE AS A WITNESS IS BASED SOLEY UPON THIS TRUTHFULNESS TO THE FBI AND THAT THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WOULD NOT BE IN A POSITION TO INSURE [redacted] PROTECTION THROUGH THE WITNESS PROTECTION PROGRAM OR TO INTERCEDE WITH LOCAL AUTHORITIES ON [redacted] BEHALF UNTIL SUCH TIME AS A FULL AND CANDID STATEMENT IS FURNISHED BY [redacted] AND THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE IS SATISFIED AS TO THE TRUTHFULNESS OF THAT STATEMENT.

[redacted] ADVISED THAT HE WILL PROVIDE A FULL AND CANDID STATEMENT TO AGENTS OF THE FBI REGARDING THE GREENSBORO INCIDENT AND THAT HE

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WILL SUBMIT TO A POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION AT THE FBI'S REQUEST.

[redacted] ADVISED THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO BE PRESENT DURING QUESTIONING OF [redacted]

[redacted] WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR INTERVIEW ON NOVEMBER 12, 1981 AND IF NECESSARY ON NOVEMBER 13, 1981 AT CLEVELAND, OHIO. CLEVELAND FEELS THAT FOR SECURITY REASONS IT WOULD BE BEST THAT [redacted] BE INTERVIEWED IN THE CLEVELAND FBI OFFICE AND THE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS FOR THAT WILL BE MADE BY CLEVELAND. SAC, CLEVELAND CONCURS WITH THE NEED FOR SAS [redacted] AND [redacted] TO TRAVEL TO CLEVELAND TO CONDUCT A DETAILED INTERVIEW OF [redacted] CLEVELAND'S POLYGRAPH EXAMINER WILL BE AVAILABLE ON NOVEMBER 13, TO AFFORD A POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION TO [redacted] SHOULD IT BE DEEMED NECESSARY.

LEADS: CHARLOTTE DIVISION: WILL OBTAIN NECESSARY APPROVAL FOR TRAVEL OF SAS [redacted] AND [redacted] TO CLEVELAND, OHIO AND NOTIFY CLEVELAND OF FLIGHT ARRIVAL TIME AND LODGING REQUIREMENTS.

PHOENIX DIVISION: UPON RECEIVING APPROVAL FOR TRAVEL FROM THE BUREAU WILL NOTIFY CLEVELAND OF FLIGHT ARRIVAL TIME AND LODGING REQUIREMENTS.

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FM NEW YORK (44A-3413) (P) (M-1) 16 OCT 81 02 45Z

TO DIRECTOR (PRIORITY)

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) (PRIORITY)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS, (OO: CHARLOTTE)

REFERENCE BUREAU FD-448, DATED OCTOBER 13, 1981 AND DEPARTMENTAL MEMO FROM WILLIAM BRADFORD REYNOLDS, ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL, CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION, DATED OCTOBER 9, 1981.

PER DIRECTIVE AS SET FORTH IN DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM, THE NYO HAS SECURED THE SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGES DIVISION II CONFERENCE ROOM FOR UTILIZATION REGARDING THIS MATTER ON OCTOBER 19 AND 20, 1981. ALL PARTICIPANTS IN THIS MATTER AS OUTLINED IN REFERENCED DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM ARE REQUESTED TO REPORT TO THE RECEPTION DESK ON THE 28TH FLOOR OF THE NYO LOCATED AT 26 FEDERAL PLAZA, NY, NY, TELEPHONE (212) 553-2700 ON OR AFTER 8:15 A.M. ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1981 FOR ESCORT TO THE SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGES CONFERENCE ROOM.

44-815211-2022

10 OCT 16 1981

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/STC

[redacted]

HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS HAVE BEEN SECURED BY THE NYO FOR DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY [redacted] AND SPECIAL AGENTS [redacted] AND [redacted] THE SINGLE ROOM ACCOMMODATIONS ARE FOR MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1981 AND HAVE BEEN MADE AT THE MILFORD PLAZA HOTEL LOCATED AT 270 WEST 45TH STREET, NY, NY, TELEPHONE (212) 869-3600.

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TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) ROUTINE

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GREENKILL, CIVIL RIGHTS, OO: CHARLOTTE.

RENYTEL, DATED OCTOBER 15, 1981.

ON OCTOBER 19 AND 20, 1981, INTERVIEWS WERE CONDUCTED AT THE NYO BY SAS [redacted] AND [redacted] IN THE PRESENCE OF DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEY [redacted]

IN VIEW OF THZ FACT THAT NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION REMAINS IN THIS MATTER, WITHIN THE NEW YORK DIVISION, THE NYO IS PLACING THIS MATTER IN AN RUC'D STATUS.

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FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) PRIORITY

ATTENTION CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

CLEVELAND (44A-1739) PRIORITY

ATTENTION SA [redacted]

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS.

RE CLEVELAND TELCALL TO CHARLOTTE DIVISION, NOVEMBER 23, 1981.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEY [redacted] CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION, HAS ADVISED HE HAS RECEIVED AUTHORIZATION FOR FBI AGENTS TO APPEAR IN CAMERA BEFORE THE STATE OF OHIO JUDGE, WHO WOULD BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SENTENCING OF [redacted] HAS CONFERRED WITH LOCAL PROSECUTORS AND [redacted] DEFENSE ATTORNEY IN THIS MATTER AND BOTH ARE AWARE OF U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE'S INTEREST IN [redacted] AS A POTENTIAL WITNESS FOR THE UNITED STATES IN CAPTIONED

44-81521-20

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[redacted]

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MATTER.

IN CAMERA APPEARANCE BY FBI AGENTS SHOULD ALSO BE ATTENDED BY THE LOCAL PROSECUTOR OF [redacted] SO BOTH PARTIES ARE AWARE OF INFORMATION BEING FURNISHED TO THE COURT. THE FOLLOWING BACKGROUND INFORMATION SHOULD BE FURNISHED TO THE COURT IN REGARD TO CAPTIONED INVESTIGATION.

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ON NOVEMBER 3, 1981, THE WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), NOW AFFILIATED WITH THE COMMUNIST WORKERS PARTY (CWP), HAD ORGANIZED A PARADE AND RALLY AT GREENSBORO, NC, WHICH HAD BEEN GRANTED A CITY PARADE PERMIT. THE PURPOSE OF THIS RALLY WAS TO GAIN SUPPORT FOR THE WVO AMONG THE BLACK COMMUNITY IN GREENSBORO, AND THE THEME OF THE RALLY WAS ENTITLED "DEATH TO THE KLAN". THE KU KLUX KLAN, AS DESCRIBED BY THE WVO MEMBERSHIP, WAS A RACIST ORGANIZATION WHICH THE COMMUNITY SHOULD REJECT AND THE PURPOSE OF THE RALLY WAS TO EDUCATE THE COMMUNITY AGAINST THE KLAN.

PRIOR TO NOVEMBER 3, 1979, THERE HAD BEEN AN ARMED CONFRONTATION BETWEEN THESE TWO POLITICAL OPPOSING FACTIONS AT CHINA GROVE, NC, WHERE THE KU KLUX KLAN WAS HAVING A RECRUITING DRIVE, AND SHOWING THE FILM "THE BIRTH OF A NATION".

AT THIS KKK RALLY, THE WVO PARTICIPATED WITH A PORTION OF THE BLACK COMMUNITY AT THE CIVIL CENTER IN CHINA GROVE, WHEN THEY SHOUTED DOWN THE ASSEMBLED KLAN MEMBERS AND BURNED A CONFEDERATE FLAG.

AS A RESULT OF THAT SUCCESSFUL CONFRONTATION, THE WVO INCREASED ITS ACTIVITIES AGAINST THE KLAN IN THE PUBLIC MEDIA AND PLANNED A NOVEMBER 3, 1979, RALLY AT GREENSBORO.

THE PARADE AND RALLY, WHICH WAS TO START AT 12 NOON WAS TO ORGANIZE AND ASSEMBLE AT EVERITT STREET AND CARVER STREET AT 11:30 A.M.

AT APPROXIMATELY 11:20 A.M., A CARAVAN OF KKK VEHICLES OCCUPIED BY APPROXIMATELY 45 KLAN MEMBERS AND NAZI PARTY MEMBERS FROM THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, LOCATED THE ASSEMBLY AREA OF THE WVO RALLY AND BEGAN DRIVING PAST THEM. WORDS WERE EXCHANGED BETWEEN THE OCCUPANTS OF THE VEHICLES AND THE STREET DEMONSTRATORS AND SOME OF THE STREET DEMONSTRATORS BEGAN STRIKING THE KLAN VEHICLES WITH STICKS, HANDS AND FISTS.

A STREET FIGHT ERUPTED IN THE INTERSECTION OF EVERITT AND CARVER STREETS WITH BOTH GROUPS USING 2X2'S AND OTHER PIECES OF WOOD AS WEAPONS.

AFTER THREE OR FOUR SHOTS WERE FIRED, THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE KKK AND NAZIS RETURNED TO THEIR VEHICLES AND REMOVED FROM THE TRUNK OF ONE VEHICLE AND A VAN A NUMBER OF WEAPONS, TO INCLUDE FOUR SHOTGUNS; ONE AR15; ONE 38 CALIBER; AND ONE 357 MAGNUM HANDGUN. THESE INDIVIDUALS THEN BEGAN AN ASSAULT FIRING TOWARDS THE INTERSECTION WHERE THE REMAINING WVO MEMBERS STOOD. THERE WAS SOME RETURN FIRE FROM THE WFO.

THE RESULTS WERE THAT FIVE PEOPLE FROM THE WVO WERE KILLED AND NINE OTHERS WERE WOUNDED. THE SHOOTING INCIDENT LASTED LESS THAN 90 SECONDS.

FOURTEEN MEMBERS OF THE KKK AND NAZI PARTY WERE ARRESTED AND CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY AND FIRST DEGREE MURDER BY THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. SUBSEQUENTLY, SIX KKK AND NAZIS WERE BROUGHT TO TRIAL BY THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. AFTER A FOUR MONTH TRIAL, THESE INDIVIDUALS WERE ACQUITTED BY A JURY.

SINCE NOVEMBER 3, 1979, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND THE FBI HAVE BEEN CONDUCTING AN INQUIRY INTO THIS INCIDENT, WHICH OCCURRED AT GREENSBORO RELATIVE TO POSSIBLE VIOLATIONS OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT; SPECIFICALLY, TITLE 18, SECTION 245, USC.

IN NOVEMBER OF 1981, [redacted] MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO

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FURNISH A STATEMENT OF THE FBI RELATIVE TO HIS KNOWLEDGE OF THE INCIDENTS WHICH TOOK PLACE PRIOR TO THE CHINA GROVE CONFRONTATION ON JULY 8, 1979, AND THE SHOOTING INCIDENT WHICH TOOK PLACE BETWEEN THE KKK, NAZIS, AND WVO ON NOVEMBER 3, 1979. [redacted] VALUE AS A WITNESS IS THAT HE IS AN INSIDER AS [redacted] AND [redacted] FURNISHED TO THE FBI APPROXIMATELY A FIVE HOUR STATEMENT AND FROM THE CONTENTS OF THIS STATEMENT. IT IS VIEWED THAT [redacted] COULD BE A POTENTIALLY VALUABLE WITNESS TO THE UNITED STATES.

IT IS EXPECTED [redacted] COOPERATION WILL CONTINUE IN THIS INVESTIGATION AND ANY POTENTIAL CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS WHICH MAY RESULT.

THIS INFORMATION IS BEING FURNISHED TO THE COURT FOR WHATEVER PURPOSE THE COURT MAY DEEM APPROPRIATE IN CONSIDERATION OF PASSING SENTENCE ON [redacted] RELATIVE TO THE CHARGES PENDING AGAINST HIM IN THE STATE OF OHIO.

THIS CONCLUDES THE INFORMATION WHICH SHOULD BE FURNISHED TO THE SENTENCING COURT RELATIVE TO [redacted] AND IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT SA [redacted], CLEVELAND DIVISION, BE THE INDIVIDUAL WHO REPRESENTS THE FBI AT THIS APPEARANCE ON NOVEMBER 30, 1981.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: 29 OCT 1981

FROM : Wm. Bradford Reynolds WBR/mdr
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

WBR:LKD:MDJ:bbg
DJ 144-54M-351

SUBJECT: Greenkill
CIVIL RIGHTS

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

40 OCT 30 1981

Reference is made to your memorandum dated October 26, 1981, enclosing a copy of a teletype dated October 24, 1981 at Charlotte, bearing no field office file number or Bureau file number.

Please conduct the following additional investigation:

1. Make Special Agent [redacted] available to interview [redacted] in Cleveland.

2. Make arrangements in Cleveland for [redacted] to be given a polygraph examination.

3. Obtain a copy of the testimonial portions of the trial transcript from the local trial in Greensboro.

4. Provide a location in Greensboro for interviewing [redacted] The facility should include capability to show the pertinent video tapes.

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DEC 6 1981

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Duke University
DURHAM
NORTH CAROLINA

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FBI/DOJ

October 5, 1981

Mr. William Webster, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Ninth and Pennsylvania Aves., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Webster:

I was asked last week to furnish a Memorandum to the House Subcommittee on Criminal Justice respecting the applicable federal statutes and the uncertain status of federal interest in the Greensboro, North Carolina, Klan-Nazi-Communist Workers Party confrontation of more than a year ago. I understand that you may soon appear before the Subcommittee pursuant to the Subcommittee's interest and invitation.

I do not mean to burden you with unnecessary enclosures, but I thought it entirely right to share with you in advance a copy of what I have prepared for the Subcommittee. Lenghty as it is, it doubtless may well leave out of account some matters of which I lacked sufficient information. Necessarily, I would be grateful to you for correcting any misimpression I may have and, of course, I would be pleased to provide any clarification that you might find helpful.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

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[redacted]

November 2, 1981

Professor [redacted]

[redacted]

Dear [redacted]

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Thanks for sending me a copy of your very thorough analysis of the Federal Criminal statutes applicable to the shooting incident involving the Communist Workers Party, the Ku Klux Klan, and the Nazi Party in Greensboro, North Carolina, in November, 1979.

As you may be aware, I directed FBI Agents to the scene within hours after the events took place and we gave the fullest cooperation to local law enforcement authorities with respect to matters within their jurisdiction. The results of our own investigation, predicated upon Federal jurisdiction, have been under study for some time by the Justice Department, and it would be inappropriate for me to anticipate the Department's conclusions. There are as you know some important judgment calls both on the sufficiency of the evidence and matters of policy on dual prosecutions where there are overlapping jurisdictions.

Warm best wishes,

Sincerely,

/s/ Bill

William H. Webster
Director

94-1-3297-158

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TIME 10:40AM
DATE 11-2-81
BY

WHW:mfd

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TRANSMIT VIA: AIRTEL

CLASSIFICATION:

DATE: 11/2/81

FROM: Director, FBI (44-81521)

TO: SAC, Charlotte (44-3527)

GREENKILL
CIVIL RIGHTS

CC: CHARLOTTE

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory Departmental letter dated 10/29/81

Complete the requested investigation in accordance with the provisions of Section 44 Manual of Investigative Operations and Guidelines, and surep within 21 workdays of the receipt of this communication.

State in the first paragraph of the details of your report that it contains the results of a
☐ limited investigation and underscore the word ☐ limited
☐ preliminary ☐ preliminary

Advise ☐ all persons interviewed
☐ appropriate officials at the outset that this investigation is being conducted at the specific request of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Remarks:

44-81521-205

9 NOV 4 1981

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
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FBI/DOJ

November 9, 1981

Judge: Greenkil

You recently inquired if we were attempting obtain a copy of the study of the slayings of five mer of the Communist Workers Party (CWP) in Greensboro, North Carolina prepared by the Institute for Southern Studies. Your inquiry was prompted by the attached article in the Washington-Afro American.

The Congressional Affairs Unit (CAU) has obtained a copy of the study from Mr. Bill Kaplan of the Subcommittee on Criminal Justice, House Judiciary Committee (Conyers' Subcommittee). Kaplan advised that the Subcommittee was interested in the study in connection with a planned hearing on racially motivated violent crime. (You have declined an invitation to testify at this hearing.) In Kaplan's opinion, many of the allegations contained in the study are not substantiated and he finds it of little value. Because of his dissatisfaction with the report, he obtained an analysis of the federal statutes applicable to the Greensboro incident from Professor [redacted] of Duke University School of Law. I have previously furnished you a copy of this analysis. [redacted] will be a witness at the Subcommittee's hearing.

I am forwarding a copy of the Institute's report to the Criminal Investigative Division for information.

[redacted]

1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted] Enclosure
(Attn: [redacted])
1 - [redacted]
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FROM

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

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10-8-81

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Please Handle ( )
Respond over your signature ( )
Prepare memo for the Department ( )
For your recommendation ( )
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Remarks:

FBI/DOJ

(Rev. 4-14-81)

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Bond urges federal role in CPW killings

The Institute for Southern Studies is seeking a Congressional investigation into the Nov. 3, 1979 slayings of five members of the Communist Workers Party (CWP) by members of the Klu Klux Klan and Nazi parties. The incident took place in Greensboro, North Carolina.

The Institute charges that the Federal Bureau of Investigations, the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the Greensboro police acted "improperly" during the incident.

"We have talked with Congressman (John) Conyers (D-Mich.) and he is very interested in it," said Bob Hall, director of the Institute.

"It (the incident) was the failure of local police," said Hall. He also said that when there is a breakdown of the power of local police departments, "the federal government must intervene."

Hall is optimistic about the chances of an investigation, despite the conservative tide in Congress. "There are several house committees where the Democrats are in control," he said. He said that Conyers' committee has done some form of an investigation, but hopes they will do more.

Hall said about the attitudes of Secretary William French Smith's Justice Department, "they are stonewalling." He also said that North Carolina's governor James Hunt believes that Greensboro police "performed properly" during the shooting. However, Hunt is concerned about the state's jury selection process, where no black jurors were picked to serve on the jury.

Julian Bond, Georgia's only black state senator and president of the Institute, read a statement about growing Klan violence and the actions of local officials.

"The gross negligence of the local officials in Greensboro, N.C., represents a frightening trend that demands immediate federal action," said Bond.

He added, "In growing number of cases...from Montgomery County, Md. to Montgomery, Ala. ...racist hate groups have challenged the public at-large and government leaders.

"The Greensboro case reveals what happens when there is a total collapse of the criminal justice system in protecting citizens from racial hate and pseudo-patriotic vigilante groups."

Bond said that the U.S. Attorney in Greensboro recommended "strong, decisive action" by the U.S. Justice department. He said no action has been taken.

However, Liz Wheaton, primary reseacher for the Institute's report on the killings, said, "We didn't set out to prove a conspiracy ... that is why we are calling for the Congressional investigation."

The Washington Post ____
Washington Star-News ____
Daily News (New York) ____
The New York Times ____
The Wall Street Journal ____
The Chicago Tribune ____
The Los Angeles Times ____
The Christian Science Monitor ____
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Date 10·10·81

Page 5 FBI/DOJ

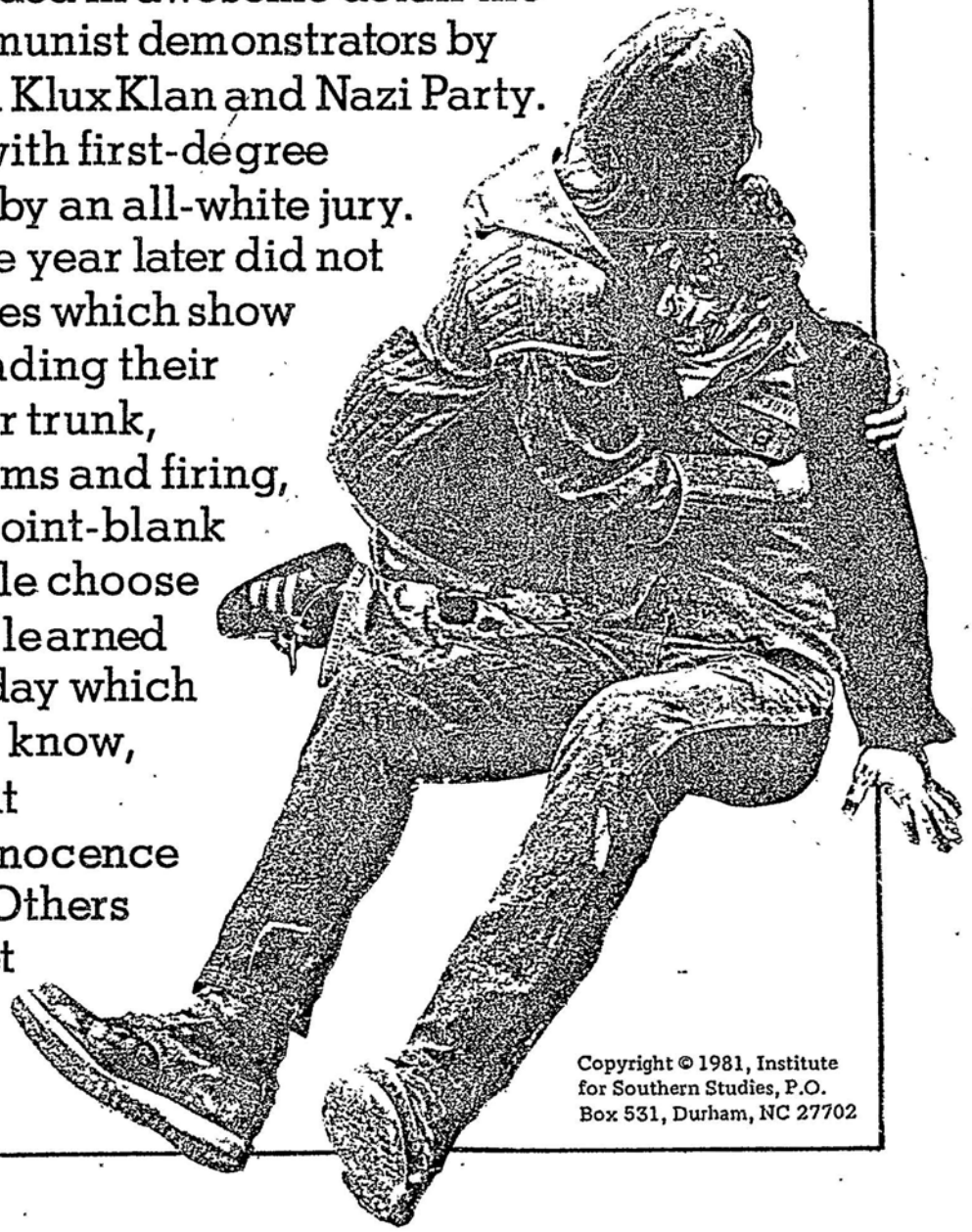
EMBARGOED UNTIL OCT. 4 a.m.

News Conference - Oct. 2

INSTITUTE FOR SOUTHERN STUDIES REPORT:

THE THIRD OF NOVEMBER

On November 3, 1979, television cameras from four stations recorded in awesome detail the killing of five communist demonstrators by members of the Ku Klux Klan and Nazi Party. Six men charged with first-degree murder were tried by an all-white jury. Their acquittal one year later did not erase the videotapes which show them calmly unloading their weapons from a car trunk, running after victims and firing, in some cases, at point-blank range. Some people choose to believe the jury learned things about that day which the rest of us don't know, some evidence that established the innocence of those charged. Others would like to forget the incident altogether.



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By now we, too, might have forgotten – except for three things: (1) we spent hours interviewing a reporter who sat through the entire trial; (2) we watched and analyzed the entire footage of all four cameras, everything that the jury saw; and (3) we spent four hours interviewing, as no other reporter has done, a police informant within the Klan who was intimately involved in the planning and execution of the confrontation on November 3, but who was never called as a witness.

Once we had done that much, we could no longer forget the Greensboro killings. Too many questions remained unanswered, and those that our research answered pointed us toward deeper research, particularly into the role of the police, the prosecuting attorney and city officials in managing and mismanaging the events surrounding the killing, subsequent publicity and the trial.

This report will document the following conclusions:

• The police monitored the organization of the "Death to the Klan" march and rally for nearly a month prior to November 3. Two weeks before November 3, they were informed that a large group of Klan members was planning to "disrupt" the rally. As early as 7:30 on the morning of November 3, they were informed that *armed* Klansmen and Nazis were gathering south of Greensboro. There is evidence that patrol cars drove past the Klan/Nazi rendezvous where rifles and shotguns were visibly displayed on the front lawn. A Greensboro police detective and an identification specialist watched and photographed the formation of the nine-car caravan of Klan/Nazis; the officers were in constant radio contact with police headquarters and several of the officers assigned to the march. During the 17 minutes it took the Klan/Nazi caravan to get from its formation point to the rally site, police units working on normal patrol duty in the rally area were instructed to leave the vicinity. And during those critical 17 minutes, the officers in command and most of the tactical units assigned to the march were out of radio contact with those monitoring the caravan.

There were two known agents involved in planning the confrontation: Bernard Butkovich, an agent for the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, infiltrated the Nazis during the summer of 1979; and at the request of the Greensboro Police Department, former Klan member Ed Dawson informed on the Klan from mid-October. Dawson suspects that there was a second informer who rode with the caravan on November 3. And there is evidence that there was an informer in the CWP as well.

• Greensboro city officials, the local and state Human Relations Commissions, the news media and the U.S. Justice Department diverted attention from the murders and the role of the Greensboro police by focusing on the damage done to Greensboro's reputation by "the incident." The dead and wounded were labeled as provocateurs, their survivors were viewed as the lunatic fringe (and they acted in ways which only enhanced that image). The Klansmen and Nazis were portrayed as hapless boobs who simply lost control in a volatile situation. "The real victims," wrote one Human Relations official, "are the police and the citizens of Greensboro." And *no one* in the news media challenged that distortion or many, many others.

In the weeks following the murders, city, state and federal officials tried concertedly to thwart the organization of legal, nonviolent demonstrations, rallies and even a memorial service through harassment, intimidation and red-baiting. The red-baiting was particularly effective, since patriotic fervor was at an all-time high following the Iranian takeover of the U.S. embassy in Teheran on November 4, 1979.

• The district attorney systematically weakened the prosecution of the first six Klansmen and Nazis who were indicted for felony riot and murder. Although 14 people were originally charged with murder and conspiracy, the DA declined to pursue the conspiracy charges in his request for grand jury indictments. Without exploring the question of conspiracy, it was all but impossible to prove either intent to assault or intent to murder, thus leaving open the claim of self-defense for the assailants. The DA refused to file charges on behalf of the wounded demonstrators, one of whom is partially paralyzed with a shotgun pellet lodged in his brain.

The prosecutors seated avowed anti-communist jurors. The jury foreman was a Cuban refugee and a former member of the CIA-sponsored 20th of May Organization, a paramilitary anti-Castro group. Another juror was seen giving "the finger" to the prosecutors through most of the trial, yet they did not raise objections to this or to red-baiting of witnesses by the defense attorneys.

At the request of the prosecution, the FBI conducted a sound-wave analysis from news tapes of the shooting which traced all but three shots to specific weapons and individuals. Those three shots proved to be the determining factor in the jury's acquittal of the assailants, partially due to the fact that at the beginning of the trial, the prosecutors traded the FBI analysis to the defense.

The two witnesses who could have proven the Klan and Nazis' intent to assault (which would have provided the basis for conviction on felony murder), BATF agent Butkovich and Greensboro police informant Dawson, were never called to testify although both were interviewed by the prosecution. Dawson claims that he was interviewed by two assistant district attorneys and a police captain – not in city offices, but in a motel room. When Dawson told them he would refuse to testify even if he had to go to jail for contempt of court, he was told to think about it overnight and phone the *police captain* with his decision. Dawson says he made a tape recording of that phone call, that he maintained his original decision not to testify and the captain told him, "Good decision, Ed. I knew we could count on you."

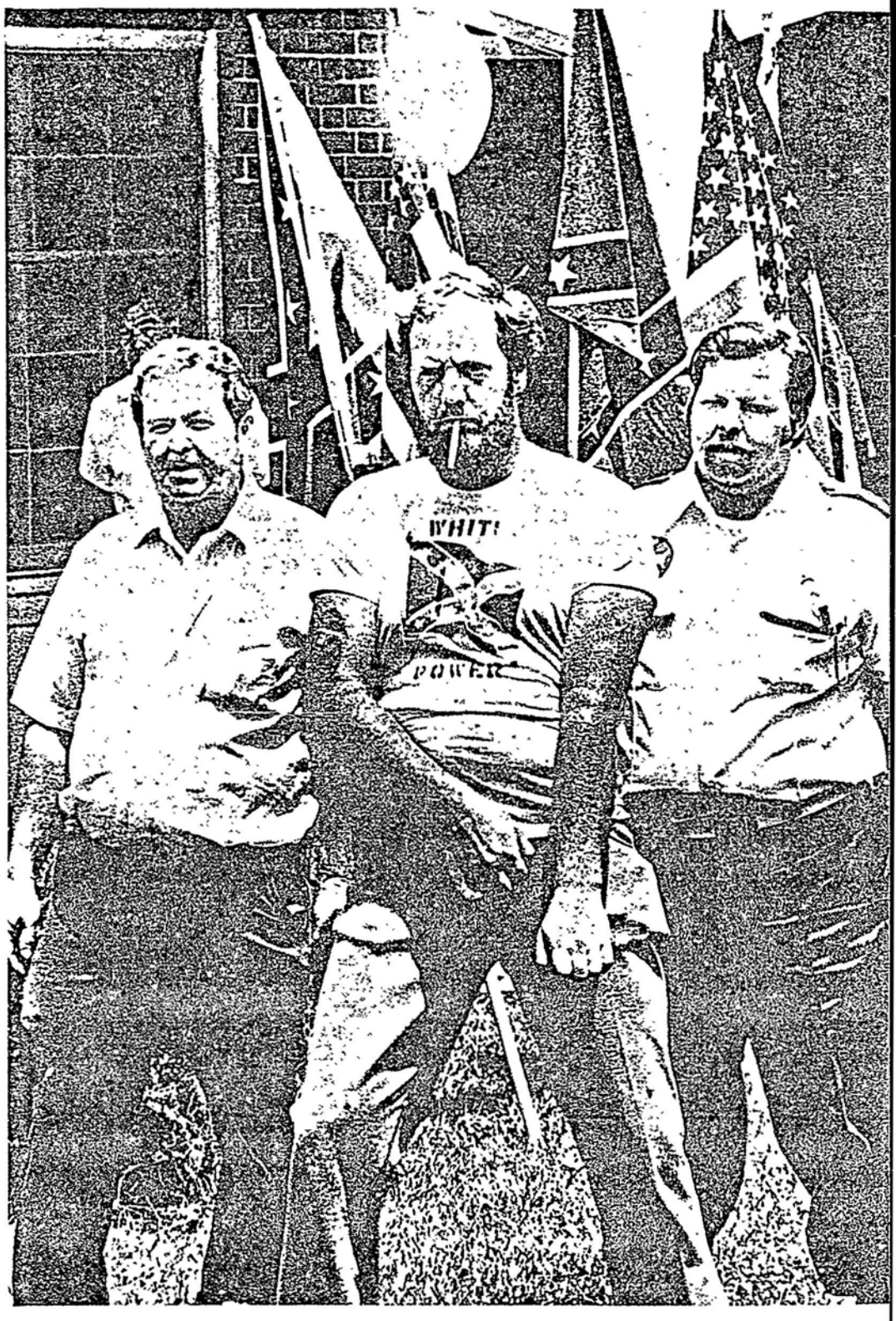
Our intent in this report is not to prove any conspiracy but rather to provide a record of what happened in a way that illuminates a host of remaining questions which must be answered before anyone in good conscience can place Greensboro in its proper perspective. To date, the Greensboro Police Department has provided a record. So has the Communist Workers Party. Both reports are evasive and distorted, their primary purpose to absolve each organization of any responsibility for the confrontation. Our report aims to provide a third voice, an independent perspective on the events. It does not try to prove a single thesis or vindicate anyone of wrong-doing.

From what we know now, the actions of various parties can still be explained in more than one way, some more palatable than others. The mere possibility that certain police officers plotted with Klansmen to

assassinate troublesome communists may be unthinkable to some. A reporter who read a draft of the entire report remarked, "I know this kind of thing happens in places like El Salvador, but it's too frightening for me to think about the implications of it happening here. I *can't* believe it." But even if one gathers from our report only that the police knew a caravan of armed Klan and Nazis were headed toward the demonstrators, a reasonable reader still has to conclude that their failure to warn the demonstrators or bystanders, or to be on the scene to prevent violence, amounts to gross negligence and raises grave questions about their motives for such inaction.

Some of the questions raised here may never be answered. A massive civil suit initiated by the wounded demonstrators and relatives of those slain may unravel some mysteries as federal agents, police officers, Klan and Nazi leaders, city officials and others are forced under oath to explain their part in actions leading up to and following the event. But that suit is moving slowly. A well-financed investigative team of reporters would probably uncover other information, too. We only hope to encourage the probing effort and to share what we know so others can learn from what happened in and around Greensboro on November 3.

photo by Signe Waller



Roland Wayne Wood, center, then-head of the Forsyth County Nazi unit at the July, 1979, confrontation with the Workers Viewpoint Organization in China Grove, North Carolina.

BACKGROUND

November 3, 1979, was not the first confrontation between Nazis, Klansmen and members of the Communist Workers Party (CWP). In the spring and early summer of 1979, the Federated Knights of the KKK began holding public meetings at which they showed the film "Birth of a Nation" and attempted to recruit new members. A few protesters – members of the Revolutionary Communist Party – came to one of the public meetings in Winston-Salem, but it wasn't until the Klan took the film to a community center in China Grove that protesters arrived in force.

On Sunday, July 8, members and supporters of the CWP (which then called itself the Worker's Viewpoint

Organization, or WVO*) arrived at the community center about an hour before the film showing was scheduled to begin. The tiny China Grove police force was also early, stationing officers at the community center well ahead of starting time. The counter-demonstrators outnumbered and outflanked the Klansmen gathering outside the center; pressing forward while the police tried to keep the groups separate, they succeeded, as they later put it, in driving "these scum Klansmen off the lawn of the China Grove Community Center."

Their symbolic victory consisted of capturing and burning two Confederate flags while "these 'brave Klansmen' defended them by peeping out of the windows as the flags went up in smoke." The group inside the center included Roland Wayne Wood, head of the Forsyth County unit of the Nazi Party and one of the men later charged with the November 3 murders. Raeford Caudle and Jerry Paul Smith, two other participants in the November killings, were also inside, along with members of the moderate and militant factions of the North Carolina Klan. According to one Klan leader, both sides were armed and the only reason the men inside did not open fire on the communists was that "if shooting began, the three policemen trying to maintain order would be killed."

After the China Grove confrontation the WVO got cocky. Members had marched into the heart of Klan country and, they thought, publicly shamed the "cowards" into submission. "What made a difference in China Grove," they boasted, "was the mighty force of militant, armed and organized fighters, fighting in the people's interest. WE AFFIRM THE CORRECTNESS OF HOW TO FIGHT THE KLAN AS SHOWN BY CHINA GROVE!!!"

The WVO leaders were exceedingly naive, some would say stupid, to think that these men who embraced the violent, macho image of the Klan could continue to be baited yet never retaliate.

The WVO failed to research their adversaries adequately. Had they done so, they would have known that Grady and Pierce's Federated Knights were not the only Klan faction in North Carolina; they would have discovered that the more militant Invisible Knights, headed by Virgil Griffin, were beginning to court the Nazis. And the most elementary research would have shown that although the state's Nazis are far fewer in number than the Klan, the Nazis' hatred of blacks, Jews and communists surpasses even the racist fervor of their white-robed colleagues.

What of the communists who confronted them? The CWP considers itself to be a "revolutionary vanguard" party. Originally made up of Maoist Asian-Americans in New York, it merged with several like-minded groups across the country, including a Marxist-Leninist faction that split from the New American Movement chapter in North Carolina in 1974. In Greensboro, local officials and the news media went to great lengths to portray the CWP as "outside agitators," but most of those involved in the November 3 rally had been active in the area for a half-dozen years or more. They were people who, in the late '60s and early '70s, worked with nonviolent campus, civil-rights and peace groups such as the New University Conference, American Friends Service Committee and the United Church of Christ's Commission on Racial Justice.

By the mid-1970s, the North Carolina WVO had decided that a communist-led workers' revolution was necessary and inevitable. Their first attempt in the state was a union organizing drive among cafeteria workers and other minimum-wage employees at Duke Hospital in Durham. The WVO based its actions on intellectual theory rather than the practical realities of organizing in an atmosphere in which hostility to unions is surpassed only by hostility to communism. The Duke organizers projected their "politically correct" analysis, refusing to cooperate or listen to potential allies; they managed, according to most progressive activists in the city, to destroy the hospital's union. It was the same kind of tactical blunder which led the CWP to dare the Klan to meet them in Greensboro on November 3.

But the communist activity at Duke had attracted new young, college-educated radicals to the WVO, and, as the group delved further and further into "political correctness," a new strategy evolved: the workers' revolution must begin with the largest class of oppressed workers in the state, those in the textile mills. The WVO targeted Cone Mills, the state's largest, where the skeletal remains of Amalgamated Clothing and Textile Workers Union (ACTWU) locals provided a handle for organizing a more effective union of black and white workers in the plants. At Cone's Haw River, White Oak and Revolution plants, WVO activists provided services that the impotent union had left unattended: meetings were held, grievances were filed, and shop-floor issues were confronted. Although most workers were uncomfortable with the radical philosophy of their new leaders, they were able, for the first time, to enjoy some of the benefits of their union contract.

ACTWU was less than pleased with the new local leadership. The national union took over the locals and suspended elections, despite the fact that the union membership under the WVO had increased substantially in some Cone plants. But the Revolutionary Communist Party had also become active in the mills. RCP's strategy was to lay low while the WVO rekindled interest in the union. Then, when the difficult initial organizing was accomplished, the RCP would try to take control, often resorting to violence to show its greater strength. The RCP's violent activities in the mills and on the streets may have been the impetus for ACTWU's takeover: while effective radical leadership of the locals might have been tolerated, vandals and hoodlums – as RCP members showed themselves to be – could not.

The WVO's desire to outdo the RCP may have further blinded the WVO to the danger of its "Death to the Klan" challenge. The rivalry between the two communist groups was bitter, but its subtleties and very existence escaped most outsiders. Significantly, even then-Nazi Party head Harold Covington, who lived in Raleigh, confused the two groups. On September 11, 1979, he sent a letter to RCP member Cindy Hopkins claiming the Nazis could get help to combat communists. He warned that most Nazis had killed communists in Vietnam, but "so far we've never had a chance to kill the homegrown product." Covington continued, "We've put a few in the hospital and we nearly killed some of your people at China Grove – we had it all worked out with the cops, that if you were dumb

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** In October, 1979, the WVO, at a national meeting in New York, changed its name to the Communist Workers Party.*

incidents at the university, Hampton Homes and White Oak, that misinformation could have provided justification in the minds of certain officers to hold back and let the Klan/Nazis beat up the communists on November 3.

October 19: Nelson Johnson, a WVO leader, applied for a parade permit for the November 3 march. The Greensboro police advised him of the proposed restrictions against weapons and he agreed to them.

October 20: Virgil Griffin and his Invisible Empire held a march and rally at the Lincoln County Fairgrounds. After the rally, Griffin convened a meeting, with about 90 people attending, at which none other than informant Ed Dawson was the featured speaker. The purpose of the meeting was to recruit people to confront the "Death to the Klan" march. Dawson told us:

"And at the speech I explained everything that was going on in Greensboro. I didn't add, I didn't take anything away. That they were going through the schools and throwing red paint, that there were signs posted, and this, that and the other thing. I gave maybe a 20-minute speech on the goodies that was going on and I asked for a show of hands, how many people was coming. Eighty hands went up in the air!

"So then I gave the second part of my speech: what to expect if they came up here. I told them, 'Now, if you come up here, I want you to know that we're not fooling around. I don't know if any of you know Marion Porter and the Labor Party, but these people here are different. You push *them* around, they'll push back. They're big enough, they won't just stand there while you're screaming at them.'

"'Number two,' I said, 'if you carry a gun, if you go out in the open there with a bulge in your pocket, that place is going to be infested with police and you *will* be arrested. If you carry a gun, you better have your damn bond money in your pocket, because you're gonna be arrested if you try any garbage.' And after that speech, I asked for a show of hands. Then only about 40 or 50 of them raised their hands, after the second part of it. Because I wanted them to know what to expect if they were gonna come up here and start screaming and carrying on."

October 22: The WVO released an "Open Letter to Joe Grady, Gorrell Pierce and all KKK Members and Sympathizers." The letter read, in part, "Yes, we challenge you to attend our November 3 rally in Greensboro. You were quoted in the AP press release as saying that 'If the communists think they are going to get me to attack them, they are crazy as hell.' No Grady and Pierce — we are not crazy. You 'invited' us to show up at Klan rallies. *Grady and Pierce, we accept! Where in the hell are you holding your scum rallies?* You cowards manage to keep the location of your rallies a secret. We challenge you to say in public where and when you hold your rallies so that the people can organize to chase you off the face of the earth." A copy of this letter was obtained by the Greensboro police on November 1, according to their administrative report.

October 23: The FBI began an investigation of the CWP in Greensboro and Durham which was completed on November 2, according to newspaper reports. Andrew Pelczar, an FBI field agent in Greensboro, said the investigation was started because the organizations made frequent statements supporting "the use of violence to achieve its goals." Pelczar later refused to elaborate on his statement, and his superiors in Raleigh and Washington deny that any FBI investigation had begun prior to November 3. The report on the investigation after the shooting, and one for any investigation before, has never been made public.

Newspaper reports after November 3 also disclosed that an agent from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF) of the U.S. Treasury Department infiltrated the Nazi Party in North Carolina sometime in the summer of 1979 and sold a number of high-powered weapons to its members. BATF agent Bernard Butkovich attended at least one planning meeting for the caravan, but did not ride with it on November 3. He left the state soon after the shooting. His role in the event has never been revealed. Because of our limited resources and primary focus on actors in Greensboro, we could not pursue an investigation of Butkovich or other suspected federal agents active during the period.

October 28: Nazi and Klan members gathered in Winston-Salem (Forsyth County) to plan for the November 3 confrontation. Virgil Griffin called Ed Dawson to tell him that three Lincoln County Klansmen at the meeting would call him afterwards with a report. Dawson says he waited until 11 p.m. and then went out to paste Klan posters over the CWP's "Death to the Klan" signs. His posters showed a figure hanging from a noose with the slogan, "It's Time for Some Old-Fashioned Justice." We do not know what, if any, plan was devised at the Winston-Salem meeting. We do know that all of the men in the last two cars of the caravan — the men who fired on the demonstrators — were Nazis and Klansmen from Forsyth and Lincoln Counties. Dawson later told us that although he "firmly believes" no gun attack was planned, he didn't realize the Nazis were involved until the morning of November 3.

October 31: CWP members met with the Board of Elders of All Nations Pentacostal Holiness Church, who had suddenly withdrawn permission for the communists to hold their November 3 conference (which was to follow the march) at the church. The CWP had held previous public meetings at the church, but this time they say they were told that a church member who worked as a secretary in the police department had been warned by the police that the church might be bombed if the meeting were held there. Reverend Curtis Johnson, minister of the church, refused to answer our questions regarding the decision.

November 1: Nelson Johnson and Paul Bermanzohn held a CWP press conference to announce final plans for the march and to denounce the police and city officials. Their complaint was three-fold: the police had never mailed them their parade permit (a process which normally takes three days), had obstructed their use of the church and were harassing CWP people who put up posters advertising the march and conference.

Following the CWP news conference, Ed Dawson, who had watched the whole thing, spoke briefly with Johnson and Bermanzohn. According to Bermanzohn, he portrayed himself as a "small-business owner." Dawson then went inside the police department, asked for and received a copy of the parade permit, which detailed the route of the march, gave its correct starting time and place, and had written on its face the restriction against weapons.

After meeting Johnson and Ber-

Landis - The Klan Tries to Rebuild its Shattered Image

August 25, 1979- Some Ku Klux Klansmen huddle nervously in a field at Bostian and Old Beatty Ford Rd. in Landis. They shout at each other for two hours to build up their image, which was shattered in China Grove. After seeing the coast is clear, they flash their rifles and beat their chests. The most vicious poison drips from their lips. They slander Jews as dirty and slimy. They say Black people "smell like billy goats." One Klansman points to the darkness and says, "If there are any niggers down there that comes up here, I'll put a bullet between their eyes."

* * *

Just at a time when things are bad for all of us, when Black and White have more reason than ever to unite, the Klan is trying to confuse us by telling us our problem is each other. They are intensifying the conflict between different peoples in the working class, who are oppressed by the brutal system of capitalism.

SMASH THE KLAN WITH THE CORRECT UNDERSTANDING AND ARMED SELF-DEFENSE:

Historic Stand in China Grove Shows How to Fight the Klan



Hated symbol of the Klan goes up in smoke in China Grove

Just a month and a half earlier, the people of China Grove, along with the Workers Viewpoint Organization, chased these same scum Klansmen off the lawn of the China Grove Community Center. Armed with pipes, bottles, sticks and rifles, the people defended the China Grove Community. They burned the hated symbol of the Klansmen --their confederate flags. After deserting their flags, these "brave Klansmen" defended them by peeping out of the window as the flags went up in smoke.

For weeks, the media and newspapers had built up the Klan's showing of a racist film, while afterward, in one edition, they distorted the facts and meaning of the people's heroic stand against the Klan. Kicking the press out of our ranks at the rally after the demonstration was correct. The bourgeoisie (rich capitalist class which includes the Cannon, Cones, Dukes etc.) uses many forms to disguise and maintain their rule. They use the newspapers and media to make the Klan look strong and the workers look weak.

What made a difference in China Grove was the mighty force of the militant, armed and organized fighters, fighting in the people's interest. The combination of armed self-defense with the clear understanding that the Klan is secretly supported by the bourgeoisie is what put the Klan on the run and made the bourgeoisie tremble. WE AFFIRM THE CORRECTNESS OF HOW TO FIGHT THE KLAN AS SHOWN BY CHINA GROVE!!!



Take a Stand! Smash the Klan! Expose the Misleaders!

For a hundred years the Klan has beaten, murdered and raped. They have shot and lynched thousands of Black people, tarred and feathered Black and White union organizers, ridden in the night shooting into people's homes. How do we fight these dogs? Do we stay home behind closed doors and tremble? Do we say ridiculous things like, "This is a quarrel between two hate groups?" Do we make public statements to the press saying we deplore violence and then do nothing? This is the way the Reverends Quick, Washington and Hamilton in fact covered for the bloody history of the Klan and misled people after China Grove.

Let's be clear --what Reverends Quick, Washington and Hamilton did was to take the heat off the Klan and pave the way for the Klan to grow unchecked, allowing the Klan to put out their vicious hate teachings among brothers and sisters of the working class in Landis. This is what they objectively did, whether or not they intended it. These misleaders attacked the fighters of the Klan, including the Workers Viewpoint Organization, the Communist organization. The issue is whether you support the Klan or whether you fight against the Klan and what they represent. Reverends Quick, Washington and Hamilton are the most successful defenders of the Klan. They were able to do what the cops, press and local politicians couldn't do --confuse, demoralize and disarm the community with their non-violent teaching.

The Klan Must Not be Allowed to Grow!

The Klan must not be allowed to grow! They have to be exposed for what they are --servants of the ruling bourgeoisie. They should be physically beaten and chased out of town. This is the only language they understand. Armed self-defense is the only defense. We uphold this stand in Tupelo, Decatur and all the places where the masses have beat back the Klan. We call on the people in China Grove and Landis to join with us to SMASH THE KLAN!

JOIN US NOV. 3rd IN GREENSBORO!

COME TO THE W.V.O. ANTI-KLAN CONFERENCE !

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WVO leaflet announcing "Death to the Klan" rally.

manzohn for the first time, Dawson realized that the "Death to the Klan" group was not the same as the RCP. "I had been to a couple of Revolutionary Communist meetings, but never to the Worker's [CWP]," Dawson told us. "I asked the [police] lieutenant how many communist organizations there are here, and he said, 'one.' The Revolutionary Communist was supposed to be the top . . . and the Worker's was just an offshoot."

Dawson wasn't satisfied, so he called an old FBI contact who also professed ignorance about the number of communist organizations in Greensboro. "I started reading him names from literature and television and newspapers, and he says, 'Eddie, I'm afraid you're right. There are two different communist parties here – the Worker's Viewpoint and the Revolutionary Communists.' Dawson then passed the information on to the police department, but he commented, "It didn't mean much at the time."

The police held two meetings on November 1 to plan for the events of November 3. According to the administrative report, "Items which were discussed included the parade permit and its contents, groups that might attend the march, and police assignments." Also discussed "was the importance of having officers in their assigned positions by 11:30 a.m. . . . in accordance with the 12:00 noon starting time shown on the parade permit."

There were actually two CWP plans with two different starting times: the CWP's public announcements called for a march beginning at the Windsor Community Center at 11 a.m., with a march to the site of the anti-Klan conference, to be held at two p.m. The real plan, which was detailed on the parade permit, was to assemble at the intersection of Everitt Street and Carver Drive in Morningside Homes, a black public housing project about one mile east of Windsor Center. From there the demonstrators were to march, at 12 noon, past Windsor along a winding route through other housing projects and residential areas to the intersection of Florida Street and Freeman Mill Road. (There are two different explanations for the different starting times: according to the police report, a WGHP-TV news person who went to the community center at 11:00 a.m. was told by Nelson Johnson that the difference was in order to create a "certain amount of diversion from people who would want to ride by and attack our leadership." However, the CWP maintains that Windsor was selected as the assembly point because it is on a major thoroughfare which people from out of town could find easily; march organizers would then lead people from Windsor to Morningside, which was the official starting point for the march.)

While the police professed confusion over the two starting times as the reason they were not on the scene when the shooting started, they never explained why they didn't take the simple precaution of determining in advance which was the real site. They also didn't explain why, when they saw that people were gathering at Windsor at 11, they did not call in a couple of backup units to assist the three officers who were there. Chief of Police W.E. Swing did, however, give the official rationalization as to why the police didn't notify the CWP that the Klan had obtained a copy of the parade permit: they "didn't think it was important."

November 2: CWP leader Nelson Johnson met privately with Richard

Bowling, owner of the COSMOS II nightclub located in a shopping center across the street from the All Nations Church. According to Bowling, Johnson told him that the church had withdrawn permission for the CWP to use its facilities for the anti-Klan conference after police told church members that violence would occur if the conference were held there. Johnson asked if the group could use a building adjoining COSMOS II for the conference, and Bowling agreed on the condition that the new location not be made public. "Johnson promised," Bowling told us, "and I didn't talk to anyone else about it — not the police or anyone."

At about 11 p.m. Virgil Griffin addressed a group of 14 Klan members and Nazis at the Buffalo Gas Station in Lincoln County. He reportedly stressed the importance of "making a show of force" in Greensboro the next day. Afterward Griffin drove to Greensboro with Coleman Pridmore, the Exalted Cyclops of Lincoln County, and Jerry Paul Smith, Chief of Security for the Invisible Empire. They were joined by Griffin's girlfriend, Cindy, and arrived in Greensboro at three a.m. on November 3. Ed Dawson met the group at an all-night restaurant and then led them past the Florida Street shopping center, where, Dawson told them, "the rally was supposed to end."

Dawson refused to tell us where he got the information about the new termination point for the march. However, he knew the correct location within hours after Johnson and Bowling made a supposedly secret agreement.

We might note here that of the groups involved in or affected by the shootings on November 3, only the Greensboro police and the Klan and Nazis knew that a "counter-demonstration" was planned. Even if, by some stretch of the imagination, the police could justify not telling the demonstrators that a potentially dangerous situation was brewing, their failure to alert the innocent families in Morningside is inexcusable. The police decision to allow the confrontation to occur is clearly racist — most observers doubt it would have happened if the march had been scheduled to weave its way through a white residential section.

NOVEMBER 3

2 Racists from across North Carolina began gathering at a small house on Randleman Road south of Greensboro at about four a.m. Dawson had persuaded his old friend Brent Fletcher to allow the use of his home as a rendezvous point for the caravan. It was marked with a Confederate flag. According to Dawson, the group sat around drinking and talking, "small talk, old-time talk, Klan stuff," and "showing off guns" including a shotgun and a .357 Magnum. About 4:30 a.m., Dawson went home to get some sleep.

From 5:45 to seven a.m., according to the police report, Sergeant W.D. Comer met with each of the oncoming first-shift patrol squads to inform them that he would be coordinating activities for the anti-Klan march. He told them the march was scheduled to form at 11 a.m. and begin at 12 noon, and he said that two tactical squads — 17 officers — had been assigned to the march. And, the police report says, "The officers were further advised to have their riot gear available if they were needed for assistance other than traffic control."

Dawson says he got up at about seven a.m. and called Detective Jerry Cooper, his long-time police department contact. "I told him how many people were over at the house, and what was there — they had a couple of guns. . . . I was just supposed to be their source on how many people and if they had guns. So I said, 'I doubt if I'll be able to contact you again or call you.' So he [Cooper] gave me the number of his car, so if I could get away . . . I could contact him in his car."

Then Dawson returned to the house on Randleman Road. And, at about 8:30, he did manage to slip away again and telephone Cooper. The message:

Police-Klan Strategies

In his interview with us, Ed Dawson talked about an earlier confrontation between the Klan and "communists" which reveals his close relationship with the police, their influence over Klan strategy, and control of how a confrontation develops. Ed Dawson:

It was like this: any time I brought the Klan up here [Greensboro], I would go to the police department. Nine times out of 10 you had to get a permit, regardless. This is being an informant, to a certain extent. You have to tell them how many, who's the leader, who's in charge and this, that and the other thing. You have to tell them all this and then get the permit approved by the city manager. And I'd go back and tell the Klan they told me this, that and whatever.

So when we were going over there to K-Mart that day, I went downtown and spoke with Lieutenant Forbes. I said, "We're having nine men over here Saturday and we're going over to K-Mart and push the communists [U.S. Labor Party] around a little bit. Disrupt their program." And he said, "I'll tell you one thing. If you touch one of them you'll be arrested. I'm going to have that place covered with men, and if you do anything out of the way, you'll be arrested."

Okay. So the Klan comes up that Saturday morning and I said, "Empty your pockets. I don't want no knives, no guns, no weapons." And I told them Lieutenant Forbes said so-and-so, I explained it to them. I didn't hide nothing from them.

And when we got there the place was infested — the police were there, the FBI was there, SBI was there. Lieutenant Forbes was there. But the communists were not there yet.

When Marion Porter and the gang arrived there in the parking lot, they got out and put their sandwich signs on. Then they looked down there — at me and the Klan — and they took their sandwich signs off and went about their business.

"There was 12 to 14 people at the house and they had guns, *everybody had a gun."* (emphasis added)

At 10 a.m., Detective Cooper briefed the police commanders and tactical squads that an "undetermined number of Klan members" were assembling at the house on Randleman Road and that some of them had "handguns." The officers were told that the Klan planned to heckle the marchers along the parade route and throw eggs at them and that, if a confrontation occurred, it would come at the end of the parade. After receiving their location assignments, the tactical units were given permission to go to lunch and instructed to be at their posts by 11:30 a.m. – a half hour before the march's scheduled beginning.

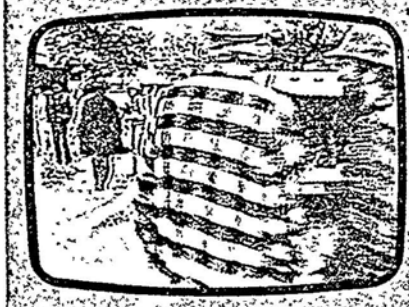
Included in the briefing session were Detective Jerry Cooper; Lieutenant P.W. Spoon, officer in command of District II (the Morningside area); Lieutenant S. Daughtry, field commander, tactical section; Maurice A. Cawn, police attorney; Sergeant Tracy L. Burke, supervisor, Tactical Squad A; Sergeant J.L. Hightower, supervisor, Tactical Squad B; and 15 officers assigned to the two tactical squads. The officer assigned "primary responsibility" for escorting the anti-Klan march and rally, Sergeant W.D. Comer, was *not* present at this briefing. There is no indication in the police report that Comer was told that armed counter-demonstrators were mobilizing south of Greensboro.

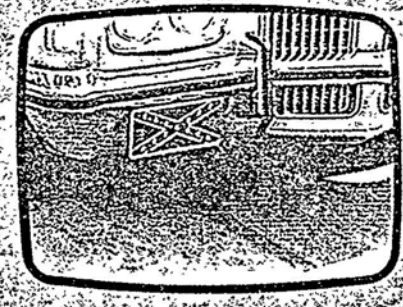
The police have never revealed what, if any, plan they had to thwart the caravan's disruption of the parade. Nor have they explained how they reached the conclusion that the confrontation would not occur until the end of the march – it is inconceivable that black and white anti-Klan marchers on a three-mile trek through predominantly black neighborhoods would not defend themselves against egg-throwing counter-demonstrators. How the police knew about an egg-throwing assault is also a mystery. Dawson claims he did not know such a plan existed, only that he "expected" a "fist fight" to break out, probably at the end of the march: "There would have been a couple of heads bashed in. . . . A broken arm, broken leg. Oh yeah, I figured there'd be a fight. *I told them."*

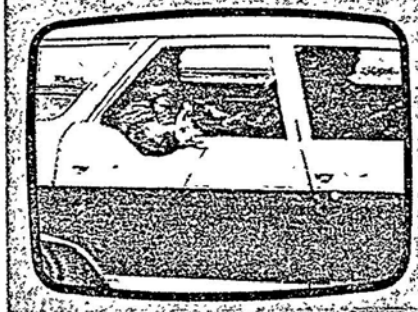
As the morning unfolded, the failure of the police to incorporate information they possessed into a











THE WAY IT HAPPENED

Based on interviews with eyewitnesses, courtroom testimony and the videotapes, Patricia MacKay reconstructed a narrative of the November 3 confrontation. We present it here with a sample of what the cameras recorded that day:

The CWP demonstrators had just finished singing and were beginning to get picket signs out of a small pickup truck which was parked at the intersection of Everitt and Carver. It's a very small intersection – the streets are like alleys, hardly wide enough for two cars.

Some of the demonstrators had gotten signs out of the back of the pickup and were preparing to assemble when the nine-car caravan came down the street.

Raeford Caudle, the Nazi from Winston-Salem who owned the blue Ford Fairlane, rolled down the window of the car he was in and yelled, "Remember China Grove!" Other Klansmen and Nazis yelled, "Kike!" and "Nigger!"

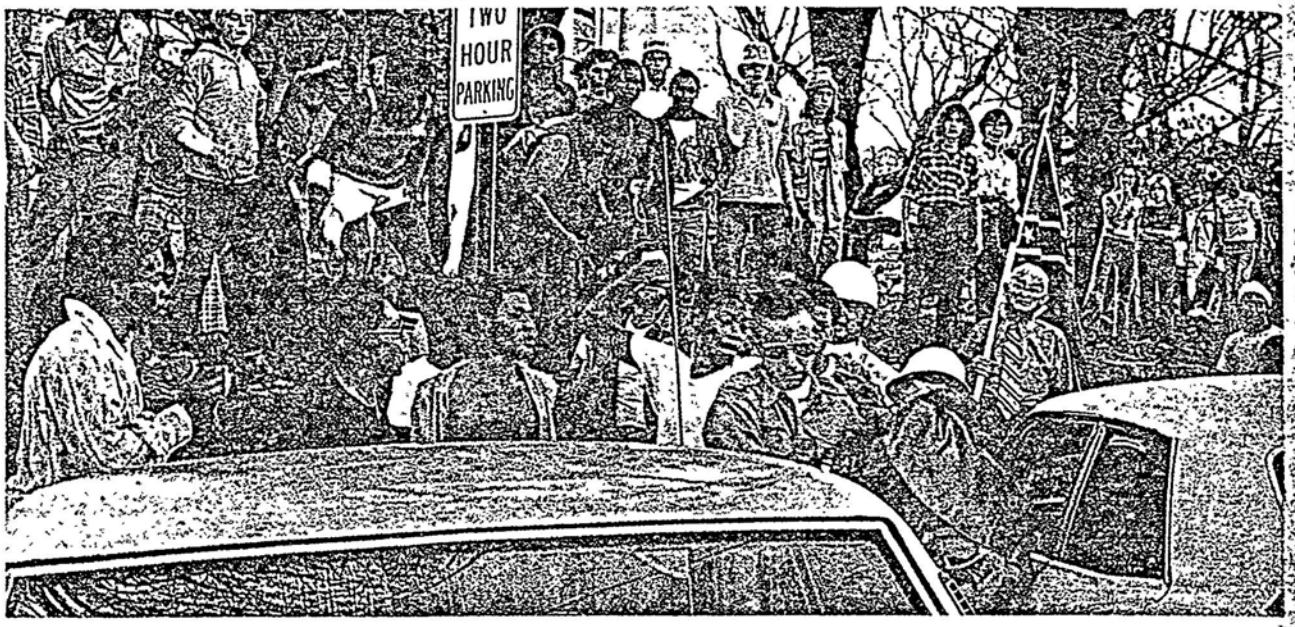


photo by Morganton News-Herald

Ed Dawson and Virgil Griffin are attacked after their "street walk" in Morganton, North Carolina, in November, 1975.

If one cop had been there . . . ."

Ed Dawson told about a 1975 Klan march in Morganton, North Carolina, during which police pulled back as a confrontation between blacks and whites developed:

I knew that my job [as an FBI informant] was not to incite; it was to keep everything low profile, more or less. Morganton's a quiet place – typical Saturday afternoon up there; 30 or 40 blacks downtown, 50 or 70 white people shopping. We got there at 12 o'clock or whatever, and there was 15 of us gonna walk up and down the streets. So Virgil [Griffin] and I walked the course. The cops were there, everything was fine. We were gonna walk the street, go up to the courthouse and make a speech. And there was maybe a dozen cops up at the courthouse and two or three in town along the street.

Well, we went to the five-and-dime to have coffee, and when we come out, God Almighty, there's 150 blacks there! So we're walking back – I'm in my uniform but Virgil wasn't in his robe – walking back there to where we were gonna start through all these blacks. And by the time we started the street walk, there was 300 to 400 blacks. So somebody says, "What are we gonna do?" And I said, "We came here to march. Let's march."

So I picked the people. Like there was an older fellow there and I told him, "You can't go." And the women couldn't go. I told them to walk down the other side of the street and we'd go down the middle of the street, single file, staying about four feet in back of one another.

So we started our street walk, pushed our way through. And there wasn't a cop around, not a cop. They disappeared completely.

We headed on to the courthouse, and this black runs up to me – I was in the rear cause when you're in the rear you can look at the reflection in store windows and see what's going on around you. So crossing the street there, this young black comes running up to me and grabs me by the arm there. I didn't know if she stabbed me or what. It happened so fast, I just cold-cocked her and she went flying down the damn street. And I was surrounded by blacks yelling at me, "You hit that woman."

We got down to the courthouse – still no cops, not a cop around – and the Grand Dragon from New Jersey was there along with the Grand Dragon of South Carolina. We couldn't talk because the blacks just screamed and jeered. There were some white people to one side, and the blacks were over here. So I just walked over to the white people and said, "We're going to have to call this off. These cannibals are acting up, it's a bad time of year for em. You come to the next one."

Well, on the way back to the cars this black comes up to Virgil Griffin with a stick and hits him over the head with it and knocks his helmet off. So he turns around and cold-cocks her. *Then all hell broke loose.*

We were between the cars – that's what saved our backsides, I think. But Virgil wanted to get out in the street there and fight, so I grabbed him and threw him across the car and was holding him down.

Maybe three minutes went by and then three carloads of cops came from behind the bank and stopped in the middle of the street. And cops and detectives and SBI agents and all jumped out of the cars and pushed the blacks back and got us out of there.

The moral to that is. . . . Well, there wasn't a cop, not a cop earlier. Now we're jumping all the way to November 3 – just one cop, if one cop had been there, that's all. We would have just driven on through. Same with that in Morganton. If there had been cops there, that never would have happened.

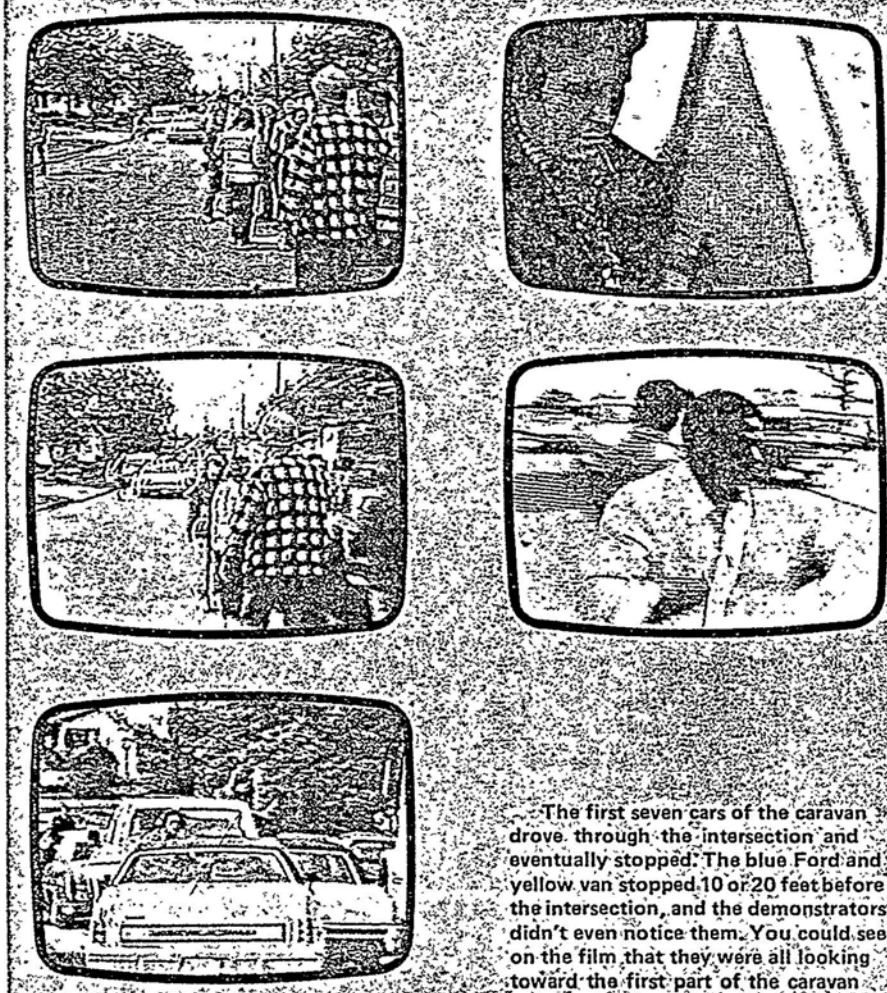
strategy for defusing possible violence became all too apparent. Other law enforcement officials interviewed have noted that the half-hour lead time for the tactical units is a far from cautious approach to what was shaping up as a head-on collision between armed racists and militant anti-racists.

While the tactical units ate lunch, Detective Cooper and the regular officers of District II began taking their positions. At 11 a.m., Sergeant Comer radioed Lieutenant Spoon, who was in command of the entire operation, that he had again tried to talk with some of the 40 to 50 demonstrators gathering at the Windsor Community Center, but they were "very hostile towards the police . . . no one would talk to us." Comer decided to station himself and the other patrol car assigned to escort the march near Windsor – even though he knew the parade permit said the march would begin in Morningside Homes eight blocks away. Press reports and CWP posters had designated Windsor as the starting point – at 11 a.m. – but as television crews, reporters and CWP members gathering there left to assemble at Morningside, one wonders why an alert police officer didn't unravel the confusion surrounding the two starting points.

Remarkably, the two *tactical* squads assigned "to provide surveillance of the marchers" were of no help to Comer or anybody else; they were still eating lunch 23 minutes later when the shooting began.

The list of officers out of action on Novmber 3 should perhaps begin at the top with the commander of District II, Captain T.A. Hampton. He had a previously scheduled noon meeting and had turned command for the day over to Lieutenant Spoon. For no explained reason, Spoon was out of radio contact from his 11:00 conversation with Comer until 11:14, when he was called back inside police headquarters to discuss a phone call from the pastor of All Nations Church. Spoon did not return to radio contact until 11:21 – only 45 seconds before the caravan reached the CWP demonstrators.

In an effort to explain the absence of a commanding officer during the crucial period, the Police Department's Administrative Report emphasizes that the minister's call "was very significant because of the intelligence information



The first seven cars of the caravan drove through the intersection and eventually stopped. The blue Ford and yellow van stopped 10 or 20 feet before the intersection, and the demonstrators didn't even notice them. You could see on the film that they were all looking toward the first part of the caravan which had driven past them; several of them were laughing and joking with each other. It obviously hadn't dawned on them even then that there might be real trouble.

A few demonstrators near the front of the caravan began chanting, "Death, Death, Death to the Klan." There was more yelling back and forth. One of the TV cameras filmed the fellow who later fired the first shot as he was loading his gun in his lap; or at least you can see him on the film looking down, working on something in his lap.

Then one of the demonstrators hit a car with a stick – Virgil Griffin's car. There was shouting and some of the Klan in the front of the caravan stopped, got out of their cars and started toward the demonstrators. And then Mark Sherer, the one filmed loading his gun, leaned out of the window of the third car, pointed his gun in the air, and fired a shot with black gun powder. It's unheard of to use black gun powder; it's messy and old-fashioned. But you can see the black smoke for quite a distance. That's one reason for thinking it was a signal shot.

received by 613 [Cooper] earlier in the day that if trouble developed, it would likely be at the termination point of the march. . . . A new location at which to hold the planned rally at the end of the march would now have to be located." Spoon was working on this matter when he returned to his squad car radio. Whether or not this explanation holds up – and Ed Dawson knew about the new conference site before November 3 – it still does not explain how Lieutenant Spoon and his partner for the day, police attorney M.A. Cawn, remained uninformed of the fact that by 11:14 a Klan/Nazi caravan had formed and was headed toward the CWP march. It certainly was not because the caravan went unnoticed.

According to Dawson, the group left Randleman Road about 11:05. As he tells it, "We went outside then and everyone was standing around . . . and I said, 'If we're going, let's go. If we're not, let's go home.' And someone says, 'Who's in charge here?' And I looked at Virgil, and Virgil looked at me. . . . So Virgil points at me and says, 'I guess he is.' So I said okay.

"Well, I was going to ride with [James] Buck in his truck . . . So I said, 'Who's got a CB?' Okay, so we lead off and the car about halfway back has a CB. And the van replies that they have a CB, so I said, 'Good, why don't you bring up the back?' So that's how the hell the van got in the back. And I went back to the van and there were six or seven guys in there, but I didn't see no guns at all."

"So we started off and finally got down to the ramp at I-85 and 220, and I was talking on the C.B., 'KKK. Everything okay?' But the van hollered, 'Can you hold it up? The Fairlane from Winston just went by. He's lost apparently, he didn't see the cars on the ramp.' So we all got out on the ramp there. *I could see [Detective] Cooper's car just parked there on the overpass.* He was watching us."

At 11:06 Cooper tried to radio the unavailable Spoon and then asked for Lieutenant Daughtry, the field commander of the tactical section. He was told Daughtry was still in the office, so Cooper reported to Sergeant Burke of the tactical unit: "Okay, you got eight vehicles parked and loaded on the ramp from *down where we went this morning.* They're on the ramp off 85 and 220. It looks like 30 or 35 people. . . . They're just sitting on the ramp there waiting, all in the vehicles. So we're gonna stand by here and kind of monitor them, see what they do."

At 11:13 Cooper radioed Burke again: "We're rolling now, headed that direction from this location. There's a total now of nine vehicles."

The ninth vehicle, which the caravan had been waiting for, was Raeford Caudle's blue Ford Fairlane, driven by Jack Fowler. Among the weapons in its trunk were the AR-180 semi-automatic rifle with which Fowler later wounded Mike Nathan, the .357 Magnum pistol with which Jerry Smith killed Cesar Cauce, and several shotguns. Although the Fairlane was the last car to arrive at the caravan assembly point, Fowler positioned it in the second-to-last slot, in front of the yellow van in which Smith, Matthews, Wood and the others later charged with murder were riding.

At 11:16 Cooper finally reached Lieutenant Daughtry and advised him of the Klan/Nazi caravan's location: "On [U.S.] 29 now, approaching Florida Street."

At 11:16, as the Klan/Nazi caravan was moving closer, Daughtry radioed to Burke, "Tracy, are y'all in position?" To which Burke replied: "Not really. We can start that way, most of us jumped out to get a sandwich or something."

By this time, most of the CWP people were at Morningside Homes, at the Everitt/Carver intersection site of the march kick-off. They were singing freedom songs and clapping. There were lots of children, some of them in CWP "Youth Corps" uniforms, and they were poking and punching at an effigy of a white-robed Klansman while the adults were passing out literature and putting posters on a flat-bed truck where their microphones and amplifiers were.

WFMY-TV news photographer Jim Waters and CWP member Dori Blitz told us of seeing two marked police cars at the intersection of Everitt and Dunbar, two blocks east of the rally site, approximately 10 minutes before the Klan/Nazi caravan arrived. According to an anonymous source who was monitoring a police radio scanner that morning, the patrol units were investigating a minor traffic accident as the caravan drove toward Morningside. Rather than being instructed to stay on the scene in case of a confrontation, the officers were ordered via radio to *clear the area.*

The police transcripts of the radio conversations between officers assigned to duty are very precise as to what the police were doing during these crucial minutes before the Klan/Nazi caravan arrived at the CWP gathering.

11:17.45: Cooper to Daughtry: "Just made the turn onto Lee Street." (This placed the caravan at about a half-mile east of Windsor Center and about the same distance southwest of the corner of Everitt and Carver.)

11:18.57: Cooper: "Turning on Willow Road now." (Any possible police confusion as to where the caravan was headed should now have been cleared up, because Willow Road leads away from Windsor Center and onto Everitt Street.)

11:19.28: Daughtry to Burke: "Let's hustle on in and get in those positions because they're moving before we anticipated." Burke: "We're on the way."

11:20.14: Cooper to Daughtry: "Part of them should be there by now almost."

11:20.31: Daughtry to the operator: "See if you can raise 202 [Lieutenant Spoon]."

11:20.41: F-3: "No contact."

11:20.52: Cooper to Daughtry: "They're parking up on Everitt Street at Willow Road." (This is about two blocks from the corner of Everitt and Carver.)

11:21.09: Daughtry finally made radio contact with Spoon. He said, "You been copying the traffic of 613 [Cooper]?"

Spoon: "Negative, I've been on the phone. I need to get with you. Another thing just popped up you need to be aware of." (Spoon was referring to the conversation with Reverend Johnson about the CWP's use of his church.) Spoon asked Daughtry for his location, which was at the corner of Washington and Benbow, about two blocks from Windsor Center. "Meet me there about the old train station," Spoon said. Daughtry agreed to do this despite the fact that the train station is about a half-mile west of Windsor and more than a mile west of Everitt and Willow where he knew the caravan had stopped. Although Daughtry knew Spoon was unaware of the caravan's progress, he made no attempt to inform him of the situation.

11:22.02: Cooper to Daughtry: "They're now at the formation point." Spoon to Cooper: "What traffic you got going?" Cooper: "OK, we got

about nine or 10 cars on the opposite side has now arrived at the formation point for the parade and it appears as though they're heckling at this time, driving on by, uh, they're definitely creating attention and some of the parade members are, uh, [break in transmission] . . . 10-4, they're scattering, stand by one."

There is an unexplained 32-second pause. Then:

11:23.10: Cooper: "We've got a 10-10 [fight in progress] down here, you better get some units in here."

Note that "here," "the formation point" and Cooper's previous vague references to the Everitt/Carver intersection left other officers still confused about where to go.

Spoon to Daughtry: "Your people in position over there?" Daughtry: "10-4."

11:23.27: Cooper: "Shots fired, sounds like. . . ."

11:23.31: Spoon: "Move the [District II] cars into the area." Daughtry to Burke: "Move in." Burke: "On the way. . . . Come on, Gary."

11:23.41: F-3 operator to Spoon: "Can you advise for F-1 where you want the [District II] cars?" Spoon: "Move them into the area . . . should be there at *Windsor Community Center.*" (emphasis added)

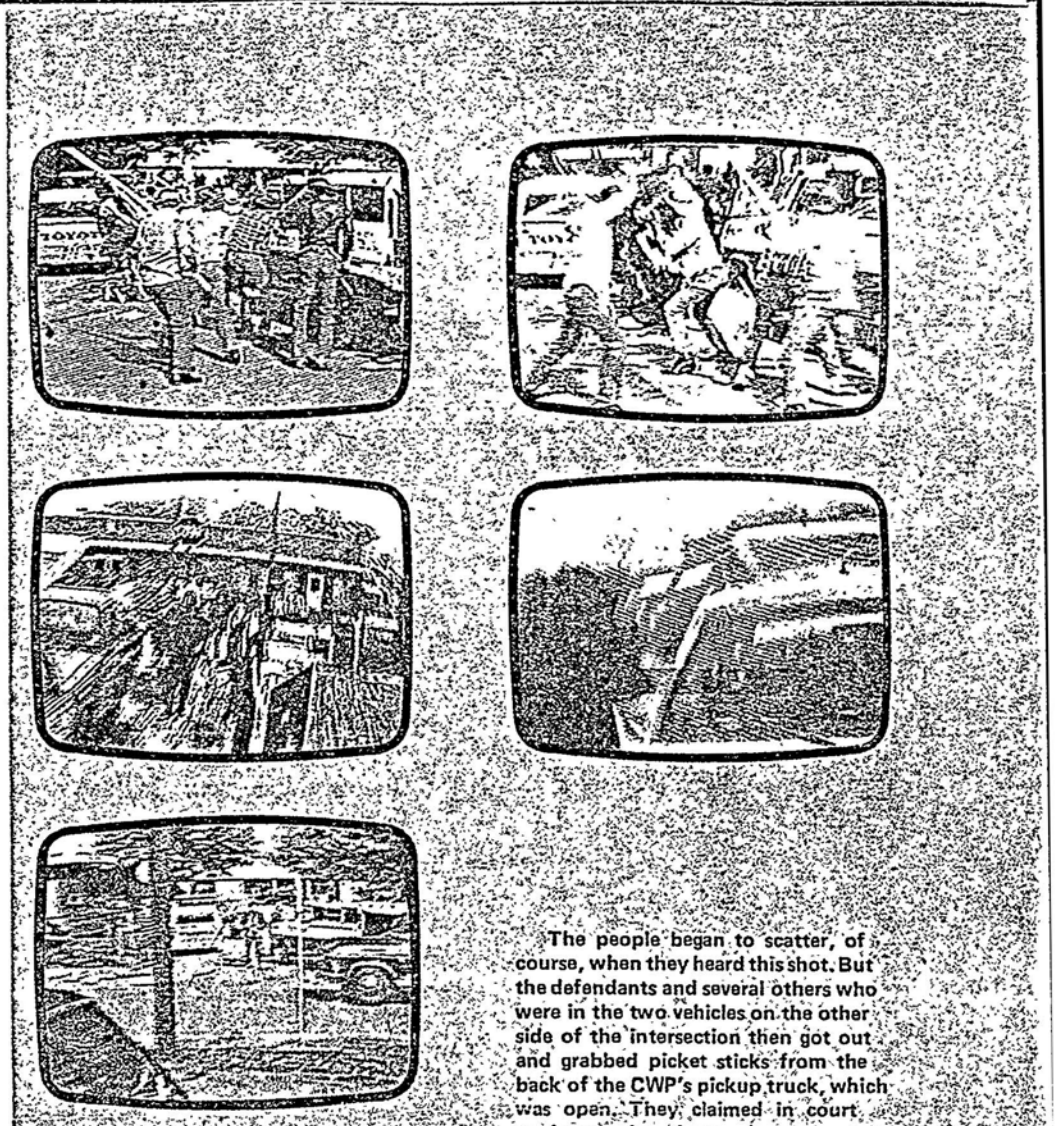
11:23.47: Cooper: "Heavy gunfire." Spoon: "Pull all available cars in the city to the area of . . . the Windsor Community Center. Don't all come to the area, I'll advise further when I arrive on the scene."

11:23.50: F-1 operator to three District II units: "Everitt and Carver, move into the area, have a 10-10, possible shots fired, just move into the area and stand by." (F-1 had apparently been monitoring Cooper and knew the location of the fight.)

11:24.14: Comer: "It's not at Windsor, I think they're at Everitt and Carver where . . . the Tact units are at. We're with the group at Windsor, no problem."

11:24.29: Cooper: "Most of the fire is coming from the yellow van, coming from the yellow van, they're now leaving the scene."

For the next 37 seconds, the F-3 channel was interrupted by phone calls from residents in the area asking for police assistance. However, the F-1 operator continued to instruct police units into the area of Everitt and Carver and to switch their receivers to F-3 for



The people began to scatter, of course, when they heard this shot. But the defendants and several others who were in the two vehicles on the other side of the intersection then got out and grabbed picket sticks from the back of the CWP's pickup truck, which was open. They claimed in court testimony that they were coming to the aid of several women riding in Griffin's car — but they never got near that car.

Jim Waller, Cesar Cauce and Mike Nathan remained at the intersection, apparently trying to defend the people behind and to the north of them who were trying to flee. All three of them were unarmed. But the Nazis and Klansmen grabbed the sticks and began assaulting demonstrators with them. One of them hit Sandi Smith so hard that the pathologist testified her skull had "nearly separated" from the brain stem.

information. But by the time the police arrived, the shooting was over. Detective Cooper, who reported the shots, apparently made no attempt to stop the gunfire or to apprehend any fleeing vehicles. Another police unit did arrive in time to capture the yellow van, and reported its capture on the radio at 11:25.27. Almost two minutes later, at 11:27.19 – four minutes after Cooper first reported shots – an order finally went out to seal off the Carver/Everitt area. By that time, all the other cars had gotten away.

The shooting lasted only 88 seconds. Cesar Cauce, Sandi Smith and Jim Waller were dead. Bill Sampson died a few minutes later. Mike Nathan was sprawled on his back with blood gushing out of his face. He was still alive but he would not survive the wound. He died in the hospital two days later.

THE RESPONSE

3 The initial reaction in Greensboro was shock and outrage; the Sunday morning newspapers were filled with descriptions of the shootings and with unanswered questions about how it all happened. But, almost immediately, the fact of the five murders, the deaths of five human beings, began to be obscured, as the victims' ideology and tactics – rather than the actions of the Klan, Nazis or police – increasingly became the main objects of public scrutiny.

The most nearly neutral, "objective" headlines appeared the first few days afterwards, before the "official response" solidified. Most of these headlines attacked both the CWP/WVO and the Klan, but did at least call the Klan the attacker – though one, in anticipation of the eventual official view, referred to a "shootout" between Klansmen and communists. A reading of the Greensboro papers of November 4 and 6 would also have led one to believe the police had been less than thorough in their attempts to prevent the murders. Questions about the police *were* raised in the first few days, notably in a November 6 editorial in the *Greensboro Record*. But these questions, still unanswered, disappeared as the media became preoccupied with the latest in a stream of official explanations which trickled forth from police headquarters.

Each new police statement seemed to divert the press further away from questions of police irresponsibility or complicity by raising such side issues as the legal right of the Klan to possession of the parade permit, the CWP's motives in setting conflicting starting times and places for its march, CWP hostility toward the idea of police escorts, the change of conference sites, and the history of CWP/WVO action against the Klan.

By November 6, the Greensboro papers had begun to follow the lead of the Police Department by soft-pedaling the motives of the Klan and attributing the violence to the communist victims. There were "in-depth" explanatory articles about the revolutionary ideology of the victims headlined "WVO 'Targeted' Cone, Other Mills for Infiltration" and "'They All Hate Each Other,' Professor Says of Leftists." There were no parallel articles exploring the racist ideology of the Klan or the Nazis, but there *were* two articles – headlined "Wife Says Couple Joined Klan Group in Ignorance" and "Nephew's Radical Bent Surprises Lincoln Deputy" – that portrayed two of the arrested Klansmen as naive dupes who didn't know what they were getting into.

In the next few days, the attacks on the CWP/WVO for causing trouble intensified, and the Klan was described as no longer opposing blacks, just communists. A headline reported that a young Nazi was there solely because "It was just something to do." On the other hand, a story based on an unnamed co-worker of a CWP victim said the communists were there because they "needed a martyr" and had "a plan" to accomplish that goal.

Ironically, as the press narrowed its search for causes behind the killings, it simultaneously sought to absolve the city of Greensboro from any responsibility for the violence. Greensboro mayor Jim Melvin led the way, personally telephoning reporters to promote the official interpretation that the killings were "an isolated incident involving mostly outsiders."

On November 5 the *Greensboro Record* carried a front-page article headlined "Why was this city picked for battleground?" Its lead paragraph stated a theme that was repeated over and over in coming months: "In the aftermath of a mind-boggling tragedy that has focused unwanted world attention on the city, Greensboro is asking itself 'why us?'" The article quoted CWP leader Nelson Johnson's observation, "This is my hometown, man. We [many of his fellow party members] live here. Greensboro is no different from any other town." But the article projected a picture of a town where leftist activists were unwanted and unneeded. As the writer put it, "What will the incident do to the image of the city, which has generally been regarded as a progressive, even liberal Southern community?"

The Greensboro newspapers' fundamental assumption that racial tensions don't exist in Greensboro is an attitude that has held sway for 20 years, as Bill Chafe documents thoroughly in his book on the city, *Civilities and Civil Rights*. After the killings, the papers perpetuated the city's self-deception by printing numerous editorials from around the country which praised Greensboro racial relations. Some blamed the violence on the Klan, others blamed both the Klan and the communists, but all reinforced Greensboro's self-concept as a victim of outsiders and extremists.

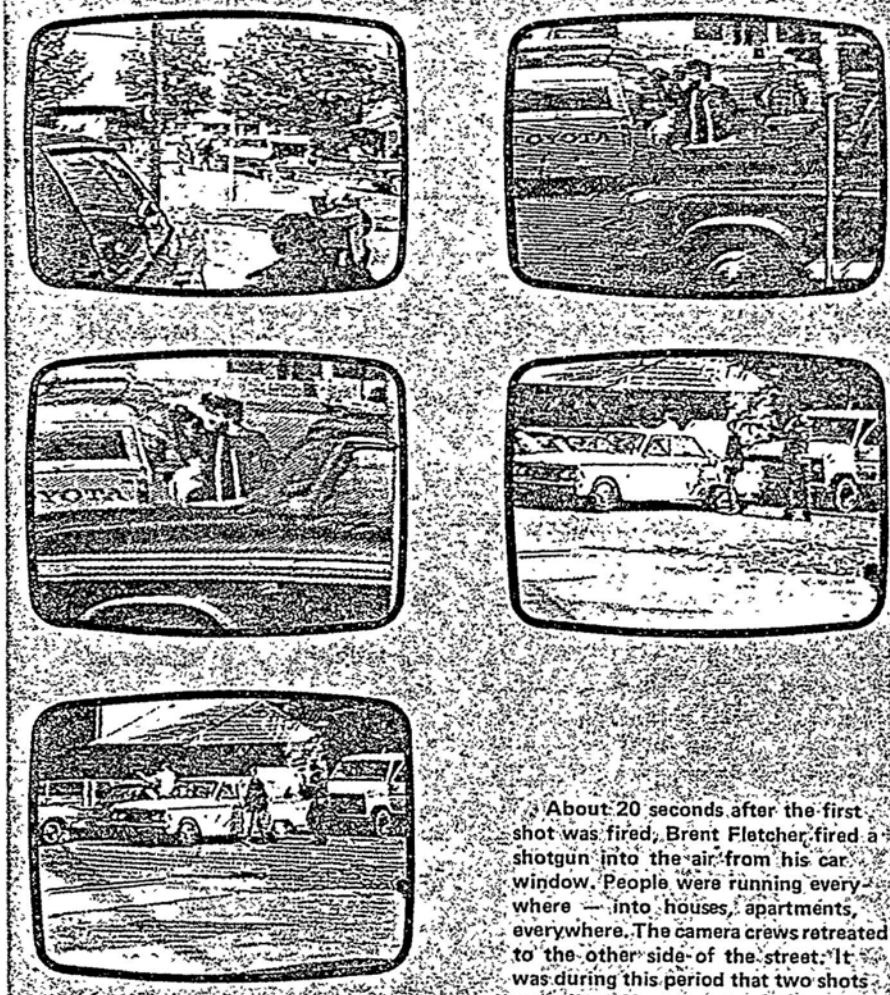
Those community groups which sought to focus attention on the tragedy saw their efforts frustrated at every turn. Some groups wanted to condemn racist violence and police complicity; others expressed a need to organize within the Greensboro community to prevent similar occurrences in the future; still others merely wanted to declare publicly their outrage at the Klan's cold-blooded murder of other human beings. But all met with disdain from the press and resistance from city officials. Instead of ensuring that protests were safe and orderly, officials chose to scare off potential demonstrators with repeated warnings of impending violence, constant publicity about mobilizing more police or national guard troops, speculation on the need for medical services, jails and magistrates and so forth.

In mid-November, the Police Department's Administrative Report reiterated its explanations and added some new excuses, such as "There was insufficient probable cause to stop and/or arrest the members of the

caravan." The report concluded that "the police officers assigned to the march performed their duty in a professional and reasonable manner," and again it focused on the hostility and "confusion created by" the communist demonstrators to explain the delayed response to what it called "the Worker's Viewpoint Organization-Klan confrontation." The implication that the CWP/WVO took the lead role in the confrontation pervades the report from the first sentence on; several pages are devoted to leaflets, letters and quotes from the CWP to document how it "had been in conflict with the Klan prior to the shooting incident." Yet the report did not include a single Nazi or Klan leaflet; no evidence of Klan/Nazi planning for the rally was included, nor did it mention or reproduce the KKK posters Ed Dawson tells of tacking over CWP posters (a figure hanging from a noose and the slogan "It's time for some old-fashioned justice"), nor did it include the threatening letter sent by Nazi leader Harold Covington to Cindy Hopkins of the RCP.

Even the local and state Human Relations Commissions adopted similar attitudes. Rather than facilitate a peaceful airing of grievances, they discouraged the need for citizen involvement and acted as public relations agents for the city and state. On November 16, Jerry Drayton, chair of the city's Human Relations Council, sent a one-and-a-half-page memo to his council members that described the events of November 3 as "a shooting" in which Klansmen were "reacting to Communist challenges to a confrontation" and which resulted from their cars' having been "attacked by marchers with heavy sticks."

Although Drayton acknowledged in his memo that blacks were "dissatisfied with the performance of the police," he explored neither the police nor the Klan/Nazi roles on November 3. The Nazis are not even mentioned in his report. The HRC's subsequent memo, dated November 19, to the North Carolina Department of Administration, explains how the council had acted to thwart participation of Greensboro college students in the funeral march held by the CWP on November 11. Students from N.C. A&T State University were advised their campus would be protected and that "if they were going to participate,



About 20 seconds after the first shot was fired, Brent Fletcher fired a shotgun into the air from his car window. People were running everywhere — into houses, apartments, everywhere. The camera crews retreated to the other side of the street. It was during this period that two shots were fired from the area of the stick fight, the intersection. These were the "pistol" shots whose source the FBI analysis couldn't positively identify. The jury ultimately decided they came from the CWP and that they were the first "hostile" shots — shots 3 and 4.

After shot 4, Jim Waller tried to grab a gun from the back of the pickup, and Klansman Roy Toney wrestled it away from him. Although the FBI analysis was not able to identify shot number 5 either, other evidence and testimony indicated that Toney fired the gun after he got it away from Waller.

After shot 5, the first seven cars loaded up and began to take off. Within 30 seconds, they were all out of the area. In the film, you can see Cesar Cauce standing beside the pickup with a stick in his hand — just standing there. Meanwhile, the other Nazis and Klansmen went back to the blue Ford, opened the trunk and pulled out their weapons. Twelve seconds after shot 5 was fired, Nazi Wayne Wood began firing birdshot at the demonstrators. The FBI identified shot number 6 as coming from Wood's gun.

they should know with whom they were affiliated." The memo carefully notes that the HRC staff did not tell the students whether or not to join the funeral procession. But, according to student leaders, the focus on violence and communism was a clear warning that marchers would be risking their lives if they participated.

The memo dismisses the occurrence of anti-Klan demonstrations in other cities around the nation as a strategy of "far-left groups seeking to exploit the issue of right-wing extremism in order to strengthen the forces of left-wing extremism." These demonstrations are characterized as violent, with the police suffering the majority of injuries as they attempted to keep Klan marchers separate from communist counter-demonstrators. "Few of the violent counter demonstrations [sic] have been ordinary citizens," the memo says. It then lists six communist or communist-affiliated groups as the dominant anti-Klan forces and ignores the leadership of respected civil-rights organizations such as the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, the Interreligious Foundation for Community Organizations (IFCO) and Jewish groups like the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith.

While an Anti-Defamation League analysis of Klan membership is included in the report, it lists only factors like average age, education level, income and estimated numbers in various Klan factions across the country. There is no breakdown for North Carolina and, more importantly, no acknowledgement of Klan violence. And, once again, the Nazis are ignored entirely.

The only reference to the Klan as a less-than-desirable presence in North Carolina comes in a suggestion that the State Bureau of Investigation be called upon to monitor the group's actions in light of the increased possibility that Klan factions would move into Greensboro as a result of the "notoriety given the incident [the CWP murders] by the media." North Carolinians might be drawn to the Klan, the memo says, "because it will be perceived that they were fighting the communists and not necessarily blacks and Jews."

By continually projecting the image of outsiders, professional leftists and communist agitators, the HRC followed the official pattern of obscuring Greensboro's indigenous racism and legitimate concern for its elimination. One sentence in particular sums up the distortion promoted by public officials and the HRC: "Again, the police and the citizens of the community in which this incident occurred were the victims."

There was *one* public agency that tried to conduct an impartial investigation into the impact of the murders and the adequacy of the city's response. In mid-December, Bobby Doctor, regional director of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, came to Greensboro to meet with North Carolina's representatives to the commission. At a news conference following the meeting, Doctor commented that race relations in the city had "gone into a tailspin" since the shootings. "I don't think five people can be shot down in the streets and you can just walk away from it," he said.

According to the *Greensboro Daily News*, Doctor "repeatedly pressed the committee to focus its investigation on relations between the police department and the community [and] charged police are influenced by racism in hiring and deciding how to cover demonstrations.

And, Doctor said, "If the ['Death to the Klan'] march had been scheduled in a white community, I can't help but feel there would have been a stronger police response."

The *Daily News* seemed to spearhead an attack on Doctor's analysis of the situation: "Doctor later admitted that he was unaware that the commander of police forces assigned to the November 3 march is a black." Apparently, neither the *Daily News* nor any public official bothered to inform Doctor that the black commander, Captain Hampton, had been relieved of official duty on November 3. And even if a black officer had been in charge, that would not absolve the police department of responsibility to protect the marchers and the residents.

Although Doctor stated that his comments were based on information from commission staff interviews with Greensboro residents and statements made to the commission by James Wright, director of the Greensboro Human Relations Commission, and George Simpkins, president of the local NAACP chapter, the *Daily News* capitalized on the fact that Doctor had attended an IFCO meeting in Atlanta at which CWP members were present. The city responded by filing a complaint through Congressman Richardson Preyer's office officially charging Doctor with making "improper" and "irresponsible" statements. In a news conference announcing the city's action, Mayor Jim Melvin charged that Doctor had not "bothered to talk to any person in Greensboro other than representatives of the Communist Workers Party and others attending the conference in Atlanta last weekend."

Once again public attention had been manipulated away from the question of police behavior on November 3. The U.S. Commission on Civil Rights eventually upheld Doctor's analysis of the situation, but by that time his credibility as well as the commission's had been destroyed in Greensboro. It seems ironic, to say the least, that city officials could orchestrate such a sophisticated subversion of public scrutiny into the events leading up to and following the shootings when, on November 3, they didn't have the presence of mind to order a police escort of the Klan/Nazi caravan into Morningside Homes.

Considerable evidence indicates another federal agency immeasurably assisted the city's response. Agents from the U.S. Justice Department's Community Relations Service (CRS) apparently arrived in Greensboro within 24 hours of the killings to help coordinate a "cool out" response. Under their guidance, officials publicly interpreted the incident as a "gun battle," "shoot-out" and "showdown" between two extremist organizations from outside Greensboro. The city had no cause for alarm, except to prepare for opportunists that would seek to exacerbate tensions for their own gains. By spreading rumors through the press and via contacts in the liberal community, the agents created an atmosphere of suspicion which fragmented a coherent, united community response and portrayed anyone willing to speak out as a possible CWP agent, communist sympathizer or pawn of outside leftists, who did indeed flock to the city to "lead" the protest effort.

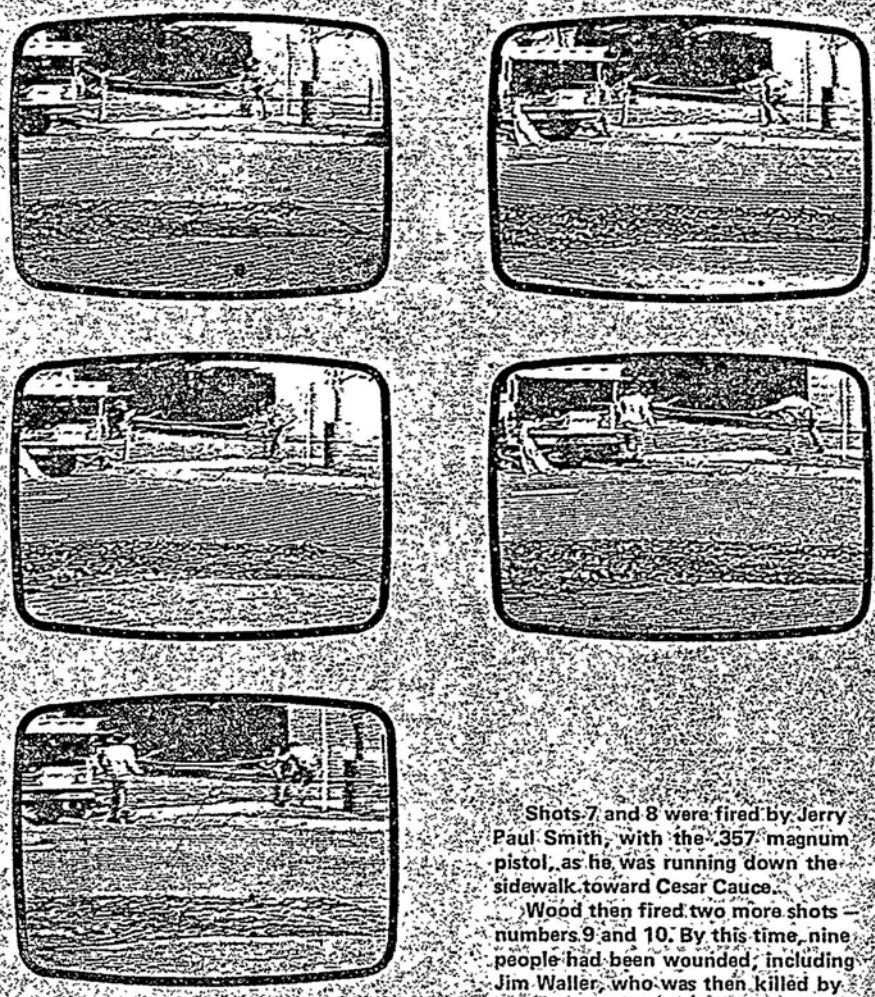
The CRS succeeded in instilling such fear in Greensboro that a memorial service planned for November 18 by a group of black ministers and other respected citizens was abruptly canceled. The ministers had envisioned their service, and a rally planned to follow, as a positive alternative to the

CWP funeral march. While the November 3 killings shocked and grieved the ministers, they — like many other human-rights advocates — strongly opposed the CWP's provocative rhetoric, disruptive actions and insistence on bearing arms during the funeral march. No sooner was the service announced, however, than one of the ministers was threatened; others were warned about impending violence and shown secret government files on alleged "communists" who were helping to organize the rally.

The Community Relations Service's orchestration of this campaign of intimidation is documented in Pat Bryant's article, "Justice vs. the Movement," in the Summer, 1980, issue of *Southern Exposure.* Bryant also documents how the CRS tried to abort a subsequent march and rally sponsored by the National Anti-Klan Network on February 2, 1980. That demonstration was planned as a massive protest of the killings and as a commemoration of the twentieth anniversary of the Greensboro sit-ins, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that the coalition planning it succeeded. Official interference included an attempt to block the coalition's use of the city coliseum on February 2, an attempt which was not abandoned until coalition lawyers filed suit against the city.

Under the direction of the CRS, law enforcement officials around the state met with student leaders to discourage them from getting involved. Although the sponsoring coalition, the February 2 Mobilization Committee, had made a firm decision to hold a nonviolent march with all participants unarmed, State Bureau of Investigation officials visited campuses around the state and warned student groups that bloodshed was nearly inevitable.

Delaney Wilson of North Carolina Central University, for example, was told by SBI agents that bombs or other explosives might be used and that, in the event of communist-incited violence during the march, the police and National Guard would be stationed all along the parade route with their rifles aimed directly at the marchers. Wilson and the NCCU students were not intimidated, but shortly before February 2 the bus company they had hired to transport them from Durham to Greensboro canceled their contract. Wilson was told that the company feared its buses



Shots 7 and 8 were fired by Jerry Paul Smith, with the .357 magnum pistol, as he was running down the sidewalk toward Cesar Cauce.

Wood then fired two more shots — numbers 9 and 10. By this time, nine people had been wounded, including Jim Waller, who was then killed by shot number 11, the first shot fired by David Wayne Matthews.

Shot number 12 was the first shot positively identified by the FBI as coming from a CWP gun. Dori Blitz, who was standing near where Waller died, fired a pistol at the assailants.

The next shot was another blast from Wood's gun, then Blitz fired shot 14 at Jerry Smith who was drawing a bead on Cauce as he scrambled on his hands and knees near the rear of the truck. Smith fired shot 15 at Cauce, and Blitz fired three shots at Smith. Cauce was fatally wounded by shot 19.

In testimony, Wood claimed that he was shooting at three "niggers with shotguns" who were shooting at him from the community center. However, the FBI analysis identified shot number 21 as the first shot to come from the community center, probably fired by Rand Manzella or Bill Sampson, and this shot was not fired until 15 seconds after Wood fired his final shot (number 13).

would be bombed. The students made arrangements with another bus company and participated in the march. But Wilson found, in discussion with other student participants, that all had been warned by SBI or other agents that they might be bombed or shot at or, at a minimum, identified as communist sympathizers.

Not until May, 1980, did any official or quasi-official city agency question the action of the police on November 3. And even that criticism, from the mayor's blue-ribbon Greensboro Citizens Review Committee, was superficial at best. "At least 17 minutes passed during which the Police Department could have dispatched cars to surround and accompany the caravan," the committee's report pointed out. The committee also criticized the police for lying in early statements regarding the extent of their knowledge of the Klan/Nazi caravan, but it did not investigate inconsistencies in the police report itself.

When asked why the committee didn't conduct a more thorough hearing into the Police Department's role on November 3, a committee member who asked to remain unidentified said, "You have to understand that the people serving on this committee were essentially volunteers. We all had to work at our regular jobs during the day, and then we had these meetings from seven to 10 or 11 at night. There was no staff to work with us, and there's only so much you can do without any staff.

"There was a lot of information that simply wasn't available to us. We didn't have subpoena power, so we had to rely on people's voluntary statements and on information which was already a matter of public record. Also, the people who testified before the committee were not under oath — we had no way of knowing whether or not they were telling the truth. Do you want to know what I learned from all this? Never to participate in such a group again. Not without staff and other resources. You just can't conduct a proper inquiry in your spare time."

At the time the jury selection began for the Klan/Nazi trial in June, 1980, the question of police complicity or negligence remained unexplored. Most of the Klan/Nazi defendants had been depicted in the press as good ole boys who were just in the wrong place at the wrong time. The CWP victims had been depicted as violent communist revolutionaries who had been looking for trouble and martyrs. And the city of Greensboro had become the object of public sympathy.

THE TRIAL

From the beginning, District Attorney Michael Schlosser insisted that he would not allow the trial of the four Klansmen and two Nazis to become "political." But if the motives of those charged with first-degree murder were even going to be discussed, the prosecutor would necessarily have to explore the Klan and Nazi political beliefs. By rejecting that approach, Schlosser seemed to give away a big part of his case.

Schlosser's own political biases — he told the media shortly after the killings that the communists "got what they deserved" — understandably led the victims' widows to ask that a special prosecutor, an outsider, be appointed to conduct the case. But Schlosser, an elected official who acknowledged his constituents' growing anti-communist sentiments, denied the request without a hearing.

Many other questions remain about decisions Schlosser and the prosecuting team he headed made before going to trial. Since he is now a defendant in the CWP's civil suit arising from the killings, Schlosser cautiously sidesteps questions involving substantive aspects of the trial.

When asked why the prosecution decided not to pursue conspiracy charges against the defendants, each of whom had originally been charged with five counts of murder and one count of conspiracy, Schlosser responded that the law does not allow prosecution on two *group* charges. Since conspiracy and riot are both group charges, the defendants could not be indicted on both. But our question was not about conspiracy to riot, it was about conspiracy to murder. When asked to respond to the original question, Schlosser simply maintained, "There was no evidence of conspiracy to murder."

"What about conspiracy to assault?" we asked. "Surely there was sufficient evidence to show that the defendants came to Greensboro with intent to *assault* the demonstrators — they brought guns." Schlosser's response: "The Klan always carries guns."

Why were conspiracy charges dismissed against Raeford Caudle, who brought several of the murder weapons to Greensboro? "He wasn't riding in the van with the assailants. He didn't shoot anybody."

Why were no charges brought against Virgil Griffin, who was clearly instrumental in organizing the caravan? "There is no evidence that any plans were made to attack the demonstrators."

Why were BATF agent Bernard Butkovich and police informer Ed Dawson never called to testify in the trial? "Both were subpoenaed, but the defense chose not to call them." Why didn't the prosecution call them? "Butkovich did not witness anything that would have helped us. Dawson's testimony wouldn't have helped us either."

But Dawson *did* know that an assault would occur — "A broken arm, a broken leg. Oh sure, a fight, I figured. *I told them*" — and court testimony indicated that Butkovich encouraged the Nazis to bring weapons November 3. Griffin organized the Klan caravan and coordinated plans with the Nazis who brought their weapons in Caudle's car. By dismissing the possibility of a planned assault with a flippant observation such as "The Klan always carries guns," Schlosser gave the defense attorneys the opening they needed: the claim of self-defense.

The decision to go for first-degree murder was particularly problematic, and several veteran criminal attorneys have said they knew the jury would return a not-guilty verdict as soon as they found out about the charge. "I tried to get some bets," recalls one attorney, "but no other attorneys would bet on a guilty verdict. First-degree murder carries the death penalty, so right there you exclude [from the jury] blacks, liberals and more educated people who are opposed to capital punishment. They are also not as frightened about communism and more aware of what groups like the Klan and Nazis stand for. They are precisely the kind of jurors you want in a trial like this. By excluding them on the capital punishment question,

the chances of conviction were nil."

Then, too, the prosecution tactics were limited by the decision to charge several CWP survivors with felony riot. If Schlosser hoped to prove later, in their trial, that the communists intentionally engaged in a riot which resulted in the death of five people, he could hardly present evidence now that the Klan/Nazis were solely or primarily responsible for the riot. Yet how could he hope for first-degree murder convictions without such evidence?

Meanwhile, all of the defendants were provided with free court-appointed legal counsel, though in some cases their claims of indigence were questionable. And for reasons never explained, the prosecution agreed to reschedule the trials of David Matthews and Wayne Wood, so all six first-degree murder defendants could be tried together. There were several advantages for the defense from this consolidation, explained John McConahay, a Duke University professor and recognized expert on jury selection.

"First," McConahay told us, "the more defendants you have, the more likely it is that jurors will become confused over which person did what. But more importantly, when you bring a whole bunch of people together for a trial, you have a pooling of peremptory challenges during jury selection which allows you to exclude more prospective jurors than if you had just one defendant on trial. Obviously, the more you are able to pick and choose, the better your jury will be."

McConahay stressed that the jury which was finally seated was the kind of jury prosecutors would want in a *typical* murder trial. "The system is very well-equipped to convict the usual defendant — someone who's poor, someone who's black, someone who's killed someone who's either not of major concern to the community or who *is* of major concern but in a positive way, like a police officer or the town's richest kid. But when you kill somebody who is unusual in a negative way — a gay or a black, even if it's a black school teacher, or a member of the Communist Workers Party — then the system isn't quite equipped to handle that. The normal kind of jurors who are likely to be conviction-prone then find themselves trying someone who has killed a 'bad' person, and they're conflicted about it."











Shots 22 and 23 were fired by Jack Fowler with the AR-180 semi-automatic rifle. The next shot was from the community center, and then Roy Toney fired the gun he had taken earlier from Jim Waller. Fowler fired the AR-180 twice more, wounding Mike Nathan as he was running to help Waller.

Toney fired shot 28, and it was either this shot or his earlier shot which critically wounded Paul Bermanzohn, who is now partially paralyzed with a shotgun pellet still in his brain. In the film, you can see Bermanzohn with a stick in his hand facing the armed Toney, who fires on him.

As shots 29 and 30 were fired from the community center, the Nazis and Klansmen began running back to their car and van. But David Wayne Matthews, continuing shooting. With shot number 31, he killed Mike Nathan. His next shot, 33, probably hit Sandi Smith as he fired toward the person at the center who fired shot 32. Another shot came from the community center, and Matthews fired back, fatally wounding Sampson who reportedly fired shots 36 and 37 as he was falling.

Indeed, Schlosser allowed people to serve on the jury who admitted they held views such as "It's less of a crime to kill communists." Of those selected to serve, only one was college-educated. That juror, a Cuban refugee named Octavio Manduley, belonged to an organization characterized in the media simply as "an anti-Castro organization." In fact, the CIA-sponsored *20th of May Organization* conducted the bungled Bay of Pigs invasion of Cuba. Manduley joined the group while he lived in Cuba, served on its board when he moved to Miami in 1960, and recruited and trained other anti-communist exiles for the invasion. He worked with the group until 1965 when he moved to Greensboro.

Manduley acknowledged during questioning that he had heard of the CWP, and he characterized it as a group that followed the same pattern as "any other communist organization. They need publicity and a martyr and they need to project that they have many more people than they certainly have." He said that he knew little about the Nazis or the KKK, except that they were "patriotic" groups.

Schlosser told the press he accepted Manduley because of his "honesty." He was later chosen foreman of the jury.

Jury selection ended on July 28. All 12 jurors and four alternates were white. In addition to Manduley, William A. Browning ("juror number seven," as he came to be known) stated during questioning by the defense that he felt "sympathy for anyone sitting on the defense side of the room." Browning reportedly remained aloof from the other jurors throughout the trial and deliberations, but when defense attorneys would win a point during examination of witnesses he would often smile and nod his head. When the prosecution questioned a witness or made statements to the jury, Browning would prop his chin in his left hand with the middle finger extending up along his cheek. "Somebody must have told him to clean up his act," one of the prosecutors commented as the trial neared its end. "Number seven isn't giving us the bird anymore." Although his behavior in the jury box was a topic of considerable conversation among reporters and others at the trial, no one apparently thought it was worth mentioning to Judge Long, who could not see "the bird" because he sat to Browning's right. When the full jury was empaneled, the prosecutors had accepted two other jurors who said the CWP had instigated the confrontation and another who thought the Klan stood for "patriotism and the family." So, of the six men and six women seated on the jury, five expressed definite biases against the communists and/or in favor of the Klan or Nazis.

The prosecutors might have neutralized the anti-communist sentiment of the jury by emphasizing the humanity of the victims. In fact, the prosecutors took the opposite tack, referring to those gunned down as "the alleged victims" or "the communists." According to courtroom reporter, Patricia MacKay, "The prosecutor did nothing to humanize the victims. While the refusal of the CWP survivors to testify made it more difficult to mitigate the effects of the victims' communism, the prosecutors could have, but didn't, bring in friends or co-workers as character witnesses."

Schlosser and his partners also failed to raise legal objections when the defense attorneys intimated by their questioning that communism was *the* issue on trial. No objection was raised even when the defense red-baited witnesses put on the stand by the prosecution. "The defense would intimidate black witnesses, especially," said MacKay. "They'd ask, 'Have you ever been a member of the Communist Party? Have you attended a communist meeting? Have you ever read a communist leaflet?' Only one person refused to answer those kinds of questions."

By allowing defense attorneys to badger witnesses for the prosecution in this manner, the prosecutors left the jury with the impression that it is somehow illegal to associate with communists or to read their literature. The prosecutors thus damaged the credibility of their own witnesses by default and further escalated the jurors' anti-communist biases.

The bulk of the evidence for the prosecution, however, rested not on the testimony of eyewitnesses but on the news photographs and TV videotapes taken on November 3. The admission of films and photos was problematic; under present law, the only way the prosecutors could introduce them as substantive evidence was to convince the defense attorneys to agree, to stipulate, that the films could be used in this way. In return for this stipulation, the prosecutors allowed the defense team to introduce an FBI sound analysis of the shooting – an analysis that traced all but three of the 39 shots fired on November 3 to specific weapons and the areas where the weapons were located.

Robert Cahoon, leader of the six-member defense team, commented, "As soon as we saw it [the FBI report], we figured it would clear us. That report dumbfounded the state, and bless their hearts, they were the ones who had it prepared." An unidentified juror confirmed Cahoon's statement: "The part that did play a greater impact on the verdict was the highly technical analysis of the firing – in the pinpointing of the shots. Without that, we never would have known there was anybody else doing anything except the Klan."

There are grave doubts about the accuracy of the FBI analysis, however. The three untraced shots – numbers 3, 4 and 5 – were identified only as "pistol" shots coming from the area of the stick fight at the intersection of Everitt and Carver. The jury attributed these shots to CWP demonstrators and, most significantly, considered them to be the first "hostile" shots fired, agreeing with the defense's arguments that the first two shots from Klan weapons were directed into the air.

At the time the FBI report said shots 3 and 4 were fired, the videotapes show the stick fight breaking up and demonstrators can be seen dragging a person to the front of the Channel 12 news car. That person is Frankie Powell, who was eight months pregnant at the time. Don Pelles, one of the demonstrators, told us, "I thought she was dying. She was bleeding severely from head wounds and had been hit in the back of her legs. All we could do was to try to get her under the car because they were still shooting. I was wounded in the legs and Tom Clark was wounded in the head as we were trying to get Frankie to safety."

Birdshot, not pistol bullets, caused Powell's, Clark's and Pelles's wounds. And only one person was seen with a shotgun in firing position at that time: Johnny Pridmore, Exalted Cyclops of the Lincoln County Klan. Pridmore claimed his gun jammed and he never fired a shot. Although WTVD photographer Ed Boyd testified that

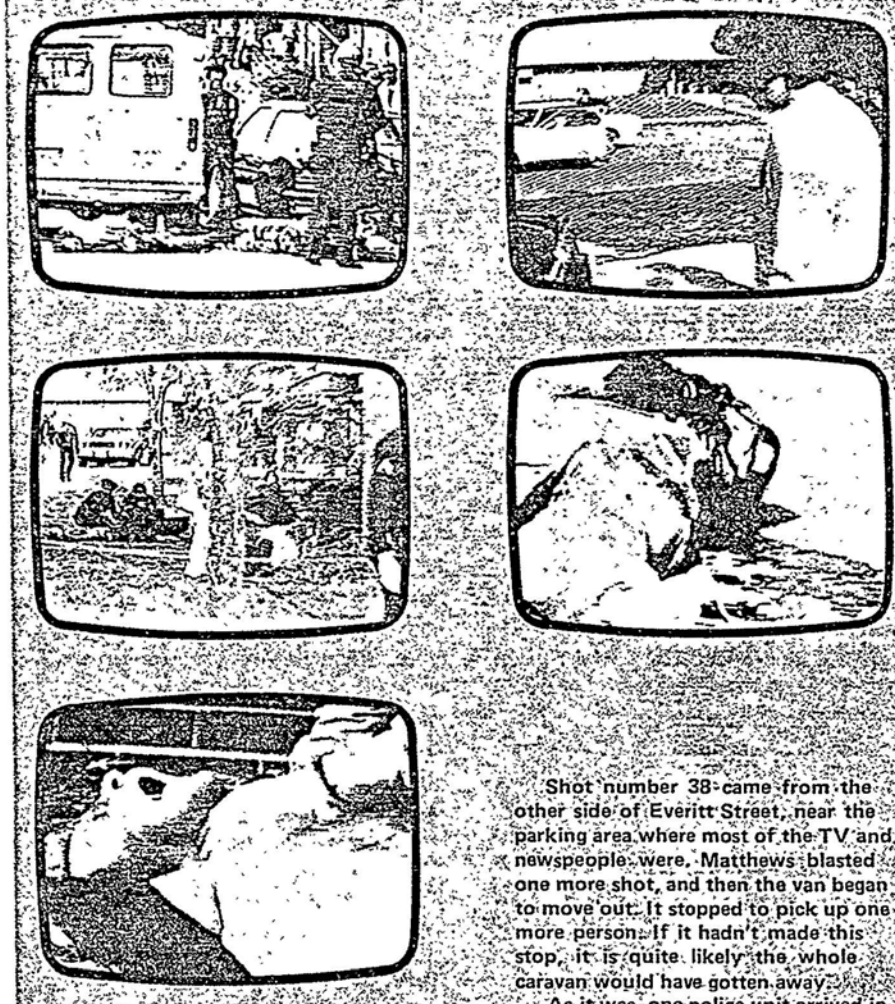
he saw Pridmore shoot, and chemical tests were introduced to show that his gun had been fired, FBI firearms specialist Gerald Wilkes testified that only unspent shells from Pridmore's gun were found at the shooting scene. And since the FBI sound analysis did not trace shots 3 and 4 from Pridmore's gun, and the birdshot taken from the demonstrators' wounds was never analyzed or introduced as evidence, the jury chose to ignore the eyewitness and chemical evidence.

The refusal of CWP survivors to testify at the trial may have made a crucial difference in this aspect of the case. At least the jurors might have questioned whether the "mystery" shots came from the CWP if they had heard testimony from Powell and Pelles, which could be substantiated by the videotapes and the birdshot taken by doctors from their wounds.

The other major discrepancy in the FBI analysis concerns the number of shots fired by Jack Fowler, who was shooting the AR-180 semi-automatic rifle. Although nine spent shell casings from that gun were found on the street where Fowler was standing, the FBI analyst testified that only four shots were fired from the AR-180. Fowler claimed that the extra shell casings fell out of his pocket, but did not explain why he was carrying spent ammunition from a gun which belonged to someone else.

Demonstrator Allen Blitz, who was near the news people on the south side of Everitt Street, was attempting to shoot Fowler with a two-shot derringer as the Nazi was firing at people on the north side of the street. Although the small pistol jammed repeatedly, Blitz kept Fowler in his sight for at least 30 seconds and he insists that the rifle was fired "much more than a few times. He was pumping shots off — rapid fire," says Blitz, who finally got off one shot from the derringer as the assailants were returning to their cars.

It should also be pointed out that the sound analysis used by the FBI and uncontested by the prosecution is far from infallible. Professor Mark Weiss, who worked with the firm of Bolt, Barreneck & Newman which developed the sound analysis methodology in work on the Kent State killings and Kennedy assassination, says it is possible for two experts to take the same evidence and reach different conclusions because more



Shot number 38 came from the other side of Everitt Street, near the parking area where most of the TV and newspeople were. Matthews blasted one more shot, and then the van began to move out. It stopped to pick up one more person. If it hadn't made this stop, it is quite likely the whole caravan would have gotten away.

As it was, one police unit arrived in time to capture the yellow van, and they so reported on the radio at 11:25:27.

The shooting lasted 88 seconds. Cesar Cauce, Sandi Smith and Jim Waller were dead. Bill Sampson died a few minutes later. Mike Nathan never recovered; he died two days later. Nine others were wounded. After all the cars had moved out, you can see Detective Cooper's yellow car come into the intersection.

Our thanks to WTVD in Durham and to North State Public Video for their assistance with the film reproduction shown here.

REPEAT PERFORMANCE

It is difficult to measure the devastating consequences of the permissive attitude toward racist organizations which resulted from the actions of Greensboro police, public officials, newspapers and prosecutors. Perhaps one news item will suffice:

"Twenty robed Klansmen mobbed the Lincolnton, North Carolina, jail on March 9, 1981, and demanded that a black suspect charged with raping a white woman be released to them. One of the leaders, Jerry Paul Smith, was recently acquitted of murder charges in Greensboro. . . . Ernest Smith, the black man charged with the rape, had been relocated and his court-appointed attorneys are considering asking that the trial be moved from Lincoln County."

than one type of analysis can be used. It is an experimental technique, not a rigid science. The Greensboro trial, to his knowledge, was the first time the FBI had attempted to use the methodology. The basic approach depends on measuring distances of sound waves as they bounce off objects; the more movement of objects, weapons, and microphones, the more difficult it becomes to pinpoint the number and originating source of gunshots. When we described the scene in Greensboro, including the number of shots fired within a short space of time, Weiss exclaimed, "You'd have one hell of a time trying to isolate one train of echoes from another because of their overlap." The FBI is confident its analysis is correct, but even its experts cannot explain why nine spent shell casings from Jack Fowler's AR-180 were found on the street when the analysis says the weapon only fired four shots.

The four defendants who were identified as firing weapons testified at length in the trial, but most court reporters were astonished that the jury chose to believe their claims of self-defense. Defendant Wayne Wood, for example, claimed he was shooting into the air to scare demonstrators, but the FBI analysis showed that his first shots wounded people hiding under a car.

"Jerry Paul Smith's story was the most absurd," said courtroom reporter MacKay in an interview following the trial. "He first testified that he didn't kill anybody, although we could see it on the film. But *if* he did, he claimed, he didn't remember because he got hit over the head in the stick fight — and besides, he was shooting in self-defense. We were hysterical in the audience. A multiple-choice defense — who's going to believe this? But the jury did.

"Matthews testified that he saw a bunch of black guys, three of them — 'niggers with shotguns' — and they were shooting at him, so he was shooting back. There were *no* blacks with shotguns. The camera was on the area where he supposedly saw the black guys. There weren't any. All there were in that area were people running away, and none of the other witnesses saw any blacks with shotguns there. And the police didn't find any spent shells in the area, either.

"Wayne Wood said he only began firing at demonstrators after they began firing at him. But according to the FBI analysis, Wood's last shot was fired about 12 seconds before the first CWP shot. Wood sang like a canary when the police interrogated him right after November 3. He said that Fowler told him, 'I got my share,' and that Smith pointed a gun at his TV set on November 1 when a CWP news conference was shown and said, 'I'm gonna get me a commie.' Under oath, though, he denied making those statements.

"Jack Fowler also testified that he shot only at people who were shooting at him. The one person he hit, Mike Nathan, was alone and unarmed in the middle of Carver running towards where Jim Waller fell. Fowler told an FBI agent when he surrendered that he knew he had done something wrong and would have to go to jail. In court, he said that what he meant by that statement was that he would have to go to jail because he fled from the state after the shooting. That's another strange thing — Fowler was never charged with illegal flight to avoid prosecution.

"The prosecutors did a good job of cross-examining the defendants and they brought witness after witness to contradict their testimony. I don't know how anyone could have believed the Klansmen and Nazis. The evidence against them was solid, but it wasn't enough to overcome the jurors' prejudice. The damage had already been done. In testimony the defendants all hid under the cover of anti-communism, whereas in their police statements right after the incident all they talked about was 'niggers, kikes and race-mixing.' Their defense attorneys decided, I think wisely, that it was not legitimate to hate Jews and blacks, to talk about that kind of hatred. It was safe to hate commies, though, because *that's* patriotic."

One person who was *not* brought in to contradict the defendants' testimony, although he was interviewed by two assistant district attorneys, is Ed Dawson. As Dawson tells it, he met with DAs Jim Coman and Rick Greeson during the trial to discuss whether he would testify. Also present at that meeting was an unidentified police captain. The group did *not* meet in the DA's office or at police headquarters, however. They met in a motel room.

Dawson says, "There were six damn defense attorneys who would chop the shit out of me and even if the judge might object or whatever, the whole story would have hit the fan. But Coman didn't care, he didn't give a damn. He said they could subpoena me, and I said, 'Then I could do the 30 days.' Refuse to testify, you know.

"Well, Greeson said, 'I don't think it will come to that. Let's leave it go now. Go home, think about it. Call the captain here tomorrow morning, let him know your answer. I gotta know by 10 in the morning.'

"So, next morning I called the captain. He didn't say hello or kiss my ass or nothing — just, 'Very good, Ed. I knew we could depend on you.' I said, 'Whoa! How do you know what my answer is going to be?'

"'Well,' he said, 'we figured you'd stay with last night's decision.' I said, 'Yeah. I'm not coming.' I just wanted to make sure that we understood one another. . . . But I got it on tape. I got lots of stuff on tape cause they said it would be my word against theirs."

While it is not unheard-of for a police officer to be present during the questioning of a prospective state's witness, it is unusual for a witness to be questioned in a motel room rather than the prosecutor's office. When asked about Dawson's instruction to phone the captain with his decision, a veteran criminal attorney replied, "That is very suspicious. I can't imagine any legal basis for doing it."

The final witness for the defense was "surprise" witness Rexford Stephenson, who worked with Jim Waller at Greensboro's municipal waste treatment plant. Six days after the killings, a story in the *Greensboro Record* quoted an unidentified co-worker of Waller's as saying Waller told him the CWP "was looking for a martyr and national news coverage" and that the group had "something" planned which "was likely to give them both."

Those words were hauntingly similar to the words used by jury foreman Octavio Manduley when asked during jury selection what he knew about the CWP: "They need publicity and a martyr."

On October 13, 1980, Stephenson dropped his shield of anonymity and took the witness stand for the defense. A two-term Vietnam War veteran and avowed anti-communist, he testified that during a conversation about the China Grove confrontation, he warned

Waller that someone could get hurt or killed. "We are prepared for violence," Waller responded. And when warned again that someone might get killed, Stephenson said Waller told him, "That's what we need, a martyr."

Under further questioning, Stephenson described Waller as "a dangerous and violent man . . . capable of using a gun against those who disagreed with his views." (Other co-workers interviewed for the original news story said Waller was "quiet, gentle, a good worker.")

The circle was now complete: from foreman to final witness, the prevailing opinion – barely challenged by the prosecutors – held that the slain protesters had called for, and were thus responsible for, their own deaths. The jury deliberated for 10 days, and then announced that all six defendants were found not guilty of the first-degree murder charge. Shortly after the verdict, foreman Manduley characterized the four men and one woman killed on November 3 as "despicable." Said defense attorney Robert Cahoon, "The defendants were very patriotically depicted while the victims were very subversively depicted. That had to make a difference."

The stereotypes of the victims and defendants were as much a part of the evidence as the FBI analysis. By refusing to discuss the ideologies which brought the groups to the corner of Everitt and Carver on November 3, and perhaps more importantly, by refusing to discuss their own biases regarding the victims and defendants, the jurors deliberated in a climate of ignorance and prejudice. And by refusing to explore the role of police and federal agents in planning the Klan/Nazi caravan, the prosecution preserved the defense claims that the CWP had provoked the confrontation and that the defendants acted only in self-defense.

In such an atmosphere, a Greensboro jury on November 17, 1980, absolved a group of "patriots" of responsibility for eliminating the lives of five human beings.

This report was written by Liz Wheaton with the assistance of other staff members of the Institute for Southern Studies. The entire contents are copyrighted and may not be reproduced without permission.

Appendix 1: Cast of Characters

THE DEAD & THE WOUNDED

Cesar Cauce: CWP member; data terminal operator and union organizer at Duke University Medical Center. Cuban refugee. Killed by .357 Magnum bullet fired by Jerry Smith; shot entered back of neck, ripped down through heart and lungs.

Dr. Michael Nathan: Supporter but not member of CWP. Pediatrician at Lincoln Health Center in Durham. Non-fatal wound to shoulder from semi-automatic rifle fired by Jack Fowler; fatally wounded by buckshot fired by David Matthews into the side of his head and neck; he died two days later. Inducted into CWP in hospital shortly before his death..

William Sampson: CWP member; union organizer and shop steward at Cone Mills' White Oak plant in Greensboro. Phi Beta Kappa; M.A. from Harvard Divinity School; resigned from University of Virginia Medical School shortly before graduation. Fatally wounded in chest by David Matthews's final shotgun blast.

Sandra Neely Smith: CWP member. Former student leader at Greensboro's Bennett College; moved to Kannapolis, North Carolina, in 1979 to organize union at Cannon Mills. Near-fatal head wound when clubbed during stick fight – assailant charged past a white woman demonstrator in order to strike Smith; killed as she hid behind the corner of a building by a single shotgun pellet in the brain from David Matthews's gun.

Dr. James Michael Waller: CWP Central Committee member. Former staff physician at Duke University Medical Center; resigned in protest over restrictive policies in doctor/patient relationships. Worked and organized for unions at Cone Mills in Haw River, North Carolina, and later at the municipal waste treatment plant in Greensboro; provided free medical treatment for friends and co-workers at night. Wounded in chest by birdshot fired by Wayne Wood; clutched his chest and turned, bent over, and was running for cover when shot in the back and killed by David Matthews's first shotgun blast.

Besides the five people fatally wounded on November 3, eight others received wounds ranging from critical to superficial during the attack. One Klansman was accidentally struck in the legs by stray buckshot from one of his comrades' guns, and a TV news photographer was hit by birdshot pellets while he was hiding under a car. But the most serious wounds were inflicted on demonstrators. When several of them attempted to file charges against their assailants, they were told by the magistrate that only the district attorney could file criminal charges. DA Mike Schlosser refused to process charges on behalf of any of the people wounded on November 3.

Dr. Paul Bermanzohn: CWP member; former emergency room physician at Alamance County Hospital (Burlington, North Carolina). Critically wounded and now partially paralyzed by large shotgun pellet or bullet lodged in his brain.

Thomas Clark: CWP member; emergency medical technician from Durham. Birdshot wounds to head; hit as he was trying to drag Frankie Powell to safety.

Nelson Johnson: CWP leader and long-time activist in Greensboro. Stab wounds in both forearms, probably inflicted by Lawrence Morgan.

Don Pelles: CWP member from Durham. Birdshot wounds to head and left side as he helped Clark move Powell to safety.

Frankie Powell: CWP member from Greensboro. Birdshot wounds to head, back and legs received as stick fight was breaking up. Powell was eight months pregnant at the time, but the wounds did not cause her to deliver prematurely.

James Wrenn: CWP member; industrial worker and union organizer from Rocky Mount, North Carolina. Serious buckshot wounds to face and chest; probably fired by David Matthews.

THE DEFENDANTS

Jack Wilson Fowler: Nazi from Winston-Salem; tire recapper. Drove the car in which most of the guns were transported to the rally site. Fired an AR-180 semi-automatic which wounded Mike Nathan in the shoulder.

David Wayne Matthews: State Night Hawk, member of Inner Circle, Invis-

ible Empire KKK; unemployed. Fired the shotgun which killed Jim Waller, Bill Sampson, Mike Nathan and Sandi Smith.

Lawrence Gene Morgan: Klan, Invisible Empire. Drove the van in which most of the assailants rode to the rally site. Was not accused of shooting anyone, although he may have stabbed Nelson Johnson in the arms with a buck knife that was in his possession when he was arrested.

Coleman Blair "Johnny" Pridmore: Exalted Cyclops (president), Invisible Empire, Lincoln County Klan; textile worker. First assailant seen aiming weapon at demonstrators. Claims his gun jammed, but it's highly probable that he fired shots 3 and 4, which wounded Frankie Powell, Don Pelles and Tom Clark.

Jerry Paul Smith: Colonel of Security, North Carolina Invisible Empire KKK; logger. Fired four shots from two pistols at Cesar Cauce, who was scrambling on his hands and knees to get away. Videotapes show Smith firing at Cauce, including the fatal shot.

Roland Wayne Wood: Nazi from Winston-Salem; construction worker. Fired shotgun loaded with birdshot; only one non-fatal wound to Jim Waller was attributed to Wood's gun.

OTHER NOTABLES

Raeford Milano Caudle: Nazi from Winston-Salem. Owned two of the murder weapons and the car in which they were transported to the rally site. Not involved in the shooting, but did participate in planning meetings. Originally charged with conspiracy, but charges were dismissed after the district attorney declined to pursue conspiracy charges against all the defendants.

Harold Covington: National Party Leader, Nazis; from Raleigh. Former mercenary in Rhodesian army. Introduced BATF agent Bernard Butkovich to the Winston-Salem Nazi unit. Did not participate in November 3 confrontation, but held numerous fundraising rallies for the defendants, whom he characterized as "heroes." Later introduced another BATF agent to the Nazi group, which subsequently was indicted for planning to blow up Greensboro if the Klan/Nazi defendants were convicted. Covington has since gone "underground."

Virgil Griffin: Grand Dragon, North Carolina Invisible Empire KKK. Responsible, with Covington, for organizing the Klan/Nazi coalition, the United Racist Front. One of the key figures in planning and organizing the November 3 confrontation, drove one of the lead cars in the assault caravan, yet was never even charged with conspiracy.

AGENTS

Bernard Butkovich: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF), U.S. Treasury Department; stationed in Cleveland, Ohio. "Proved" himself to Nazi Party leader Harold Covington when he participated in a melee between Nazis and Jewish Defense League demonstrators at a national Nazi gathering in Ohio. Infiltrated Winston-Salem Nazis in summer of 1979. Attended one or more planning meetings, but did not participate on November 3. Was not called to testify in trial; DA claimed his testimony would have been "dull."

Edward Dawson: Long-time Klan leader; organizer and Colonel of Security for North Carolina Knights of KKK (disbanded in 1976). Served as FBI and Greensboro police informer on Klan from 1969 to 1976; also informed on the U.S. Labor Party (1974-76) and the Revolutionary Communist Party (1979) in Greensboro. Criminal record includes: AWOL from Army during World War II; armed to the terror of the public ("terrorizing") for 1967 Klan-related shooting spree in Alamance County; participating in a riot, involving the Klan and blacks at a 1969 Fourth of July Klan rally in Swan Quarter, North Carolina.

Well-known in Greensboro Police Department as (Intelligence Unit Detective) "Cooper's Contact." Asked (probably by Cooper) in mid-October, 1979, to contact Klan leaders to find out if plans were being made to come to the "Death to the Klan" march and rally. Spoke at Klan rally in Lincoln County, October 20, to recruit people to "harass" anti-Klan demonstrators on November 3. Contacted Cooper twice on November 3 to report on how many Klansmen were gathering, how many weapons they had. Led the Klan/Nazi caravan to the rally site; did not participate in the shooting. Refused to testify at the trial; was told by police captain: "We knew we could count on you."

Appendix 2: Ed Dawson's Story

Ed Dawson is a con artist, or in his words, "a good bullshitter." As a Klan leader turned informer for the FBI and later the Greensboro police, Dawson spent more than a decade refining his skill at setting up verbal smokescreens.

So how does one decide whether to believe anything Dawson says? And how does one decide what is true, what is false and what is in that gray area between the two? After four hours of interviewing Dawson, and after reading several interviews he had given in the mid-1970s, we concluded that there is a method to his con: he tells a lot more of the truth than anyone would expect.

Eddie Dawson obviously gets a kick out of deceiving people with honesty. He spoke of meeting during the trial with Brent Fletcher and James Buck, old-time Klan buddies who rode in the caravan on November 3. "We'd be sitting in Shoney's and something would come out about the trial, and they'd say, 'They had to have an informant to find out about that. Wonder who it could have been?' And I'd say, 'Well, I think it's Buck.' And Buck would say, 'No, it's Brent.' And Brent would say, 'No, it's Yankee.' And I'd say, 'You're right. It's me. I'll be honest with you, it was me.' They wouldn't believe *me!"*

Out of 60 pages of transcripts, we were able to verify a great deal of what Dawson said. But doubts remain: Dawson did not grant this interview out of the goodness of his heart, nor did he choose to talk with us to clear his conscience; he wanted to clear his name, overcome the widely held suspicion that he master-minded the assault on the anti-Klan demonstrators. Throughout the interview Dawson persistently discounted his influence over and knowledge about the planning of the confrontation.

His background provides more insight into what makes Dawson tick:

Shortly after moving to Greensboro with his first wife in the early 1960s, Dawson struck up a coffee shop conversation with a stranger who subsequently invited him to a local Klan meeting. Twenty men, "in over-

alls, mostly," watched suspiciously as Dawson pulled into the parking lot in the kind of car that has become his trademark, a white Cadillac. When Dawson said "Hi" in his thick New Jersey accent, the Klansmen beat a hasty retreat in the hall – this was obviously not one of the good ole boys, they reckoned; he must be from the FBI.

Undaunted, the man who became known as "Yankee" penetrated the hostile group and gradually earned their respect. He was soon appointed Chief of Security for the state unit of the United Klans of America and was one of the select few in the Klan's hit squad, the Inner Circle. Known only to each other, the members of each Klan's Inner Circle carry out acts of terrorism in the name of the organization. "It was just me, James Buck and a couple others – the ones who would get out and do *something," Dawson told us. The code of the Inner Circle is simple and strict: "Any member who gives out information to the enemy causing any other member prison or hardship shall suffer death."*

Dawson's allegiance to the code eventually spread his notoriety from the UKA to the North Carolina Supreme Court. In 1967, Dawson, James Buck and two other Klansmen were captured in a roadblock following a shooting spree in Alamance County. As owner and driver of the getaway vehicle, Dawson was the first to stand trial. The original charge against the four, "assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill," was reduced to "armed to the terror of the public." "Terrorizing," Dawson recalled. "King Edward law, 500 years old. Last man to be convicted, 250 years ago." Dawson refused to testify. "If I had of taken the stand I would have had to expose everything."

Appealed to the state Supreme Court, Dawson's case established the sentencing standard for "armed to the terror." He served nine months of three concurrent 18-month sentences. His three cohorts received lesser sentences; one in particular made Dawson suspicious. The charge against James Buck was dropped to breaking and entering; he served only four months. Yet Dawson and Buck rode together once again on November 3 where, ironically, one of the surviving CWP demonstrators was arrested under the statute enacted following Dawson v. North Carolina*: armed to the terror of the public. (The charge was later dropped.)*



photo by Ken Hinson

Ed Dawson

No sooner was Dawson released from prison than he was arrested again, this time for participating in a riot involving blacks and Klan members on the Fourth of July, 1969, in the tiny coastal town of Swan Quarter, North Carolina. Dawson found an attorney – Bob Cahoon, later the lead attorney of the Klan/Nazi defense team – who agreed to represent all 14 Klan rioters for $3,000. But the UKA demanded that they hire Arthur Hanes, the attorney who represented James Earl Ray, for $15,000. Hanes arranged a plea bargain which gave his clients each a year's suspended sentence, five years' probation and a fine of $1,000.

Dawson was outraged. Convinced that UKA Imperial Wizard Robert Shelton had skimmed a percentage of Hanes's legal fee, he demanded to see the canceled checks. When the Klan leadership failed to produce any documentation, Dawson went before a statewide meeting and accused them of stealing. "I was banished that day, banished from the United Klans," said Dawson.

Other UKA members had become equally mistrustful of Shelton, so when Dawson and another banished member started the North Carolina Knights of the KKK, they had an almost instant following.

The FBI was well aware of the disputes over Klan finances. A Greensboro agent began putting the pressure on: first he threatened to send Dawson

"up the river where you belong," then he appealed to his anger over the way he had been shafted by the UKA. Finally, it was the prospect of five years of probation which led Eddie Dawson to strike a deal with the FBI: "I hated that probation with a passion! So I told them, 'I'll work along with you as long as you get me off probation.'"

Like most "exposed" Klan-FBI informers, Dawson insists that during the seven years he was with the FBI he only relayed information. "Never, never did I do anything to get our people in trouble. I did more to keep them out of trouble."

By 1976 the FBI had sabotaged the Klan sufficiently that Dawson's unit in Greensboro consisted of three people – Dawson, James Buck and Brent Fletcher. Dawson estimated that statewide, under Virgil Griffin, there were perhaps 15 members.

Dawson claims he quit the Klan and the FBI in 1977, but in the meantime he had become somewhat of a free-lance informer for the Greensboro police, where he had made some important contacts during his tenure with the feds. From 1974 to 1976, the U.S. Labor Party, which proclaimed itself to be "communist," was maintaining a high visibility in Greensboro. Dawson began attending Labor Party meetings, and he spoke of "getting in thick" with party leader Marion Porter. He later turned on the group, leading nine Klansmen to confront the Labor Party at a leafleting site.

By the summer of 1979, the Labor Party had long before departed from North Carolina – discredited among leftists as provocateurs from the right. Two new communist groups had emerged: the Revolutionary Communist Party and the Worker's Viewpoint Organization. The RCP was the more visible of the two, and Eddie Dawson began attending their meetings and monitoring newspapers and television for information about the communists' activities.

In mid-October, several RCP members were arrested for disrupting classes at the University of North Carolina at Greensboro, where they went to "recruit" people to come to a speech by the party's presidential candidate, Bob Avakian. They were also accused, but not charged, with throwing red paint in the public schools. On October 11, several more RCP members were arrested for inciting a riot at a Greensboro housing project. Then, as RCP-inspired anti-communist sentiment seethed in Greensboro, the Worker's Viewpoint Organization announced the "Death to the Klan" march and rally to be held Saturday, November 3.

Klan members, Nazis and free-lance racist anti-communists began to coalesce around the anti-Klan rally. Virgil Griffin, Grand Dragon of the Klan's Invisible Empire and one of the head organizers of the racist coalition, remembered his old pal Eddie Dawson, who, Griffin knew, had gained considerable knowledge about Greensboro's "communists" through his infiltration of the Labor Party.

And someone in the Greensboro

On the FBI Payroll

Ed Dawson: "Now the FBI, they were supposed to phase out this stuff after the whole Watergate thing. But they did *not*. I was still involved, it was still going on. They did not stop it immediately when they were told to stop it. *I was still on the payroll.*"

"With a good bullshitter like myself, somebody would say something about the Klan and I'd say, 'The only reason I'm in the Klan is I'm an FBI informant.' This fellow that I worked for, I met him in a barbershop [after November 3] and he says, 'Man, that's quite a write-up you're getting in the paper.' And I said, 'I told you when I worked for you I was an FBI informant!' He says, 'Yeah, you gotta admit, though, you say an awful lot.'

"So I can get away with a lot of this crap. Tell the truth and people laugh at you."

(7)(C) [redacted]

SAC, Charlotte (157-7200) 8/5/76
REC-64

Director, FBI (157-18601)

ST-113
NORTH CAROLINA KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (NCKKKK)
EM

Reurlet 7/15/76.

FBIHQ concurs with Charlotte recommendation that the investigation of the NCKKKK be discontinued.

Information is not to be accepted from informants concerning the NCKKKK as an organization unless that information pertains to specific extremist, subversive, or criminal activity in which we have investigative interest. Information pertaining to criminal matters not within our investigative jurisdiction should be accepted and given proper dissemination.

With regard to those extremist informants who are presently reporting on NCKKKK activities exclusively, consideration should be given to directing their coverage to individuals and organizations of present investigative interest to the FBI. These informants may be in a position to furnish information of value concerning matters of security or extremist interest or regarding criminal matters, and you should consider converting them to security or criminal informants where appropriate. In the event an extremist informant providing coverage exclusively on the NCKKKK cannot be directed into other areas of interest, his services should be discontinued.

This communication may be reproduced to meet the needs of your office.

MAILED 8 AUG 04 1976 FBI

(7)(C) [redacted]

(6)

SEE NOTE PAGE 2

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Police Department, probably Dawson's long-time contact, Detective Jerry Cooper, asked Eddie to contact his old Klan allies to find out what their plans were for the "Death to the Klan" rally.

To this day, I'm not positive if Virgil called me first or if I called him – I think he called me just as I was about to call him. They were having a meeting that night, and Virgil asked what did I know about the communists and what did I know about "Death to the Klan" and all that. I briefed him a little bit over the phone. Then he said they were having a rally, October 18 or whatever, and would I come down to explain to the people what it was all about. And I agreed.

He was having a street walk in Lincolnton that day and this here rally that night. Virgil asked me to stay around until after it was over when they would have a special meeting inside the building on the fairgrounds. So after the rally, the cross burning and all, we went inside the building and Virgil introduced me as a buddy. There were about 90 people there.

And at the speech I explained everything that was going on in Greensboro. I didn't add, I didn't take anything away. That they were going through the schools and throwing red paint, that there were signs posted, and this, that and the other thing. I gave maybe a 20-minute speech on the goodies that was going on and I asked for a show of hands, how many people was coming. *Eighty* hands went up in the air!

So then I gave the second part of my speech: what to expect if they came up here. I told them, "Now if you come up here, I want you to know that we're not fooling around. I don't know if any of you know Marion Porter and the Labor Party, but these people here are different. You push *them* around, they'll push back. They're big enough, they won't just stand there while you're screaming at em.

"Number two," I said, "if you carry a gun, if you go out in the open there with a bulge in your pocket, that place is going to be infested with police and you *will* be arrested. If you carry a gun, you better have your damn bond money in your pocket, cause you're gonna be arrested if you try any garbage." And after that speech, I asked for a show of hands. Then only about 40 or 50 of em raised their hands, after the second part of it. Cause I wanted them to know what to expect if they were gonna come up here and start screaming and carrying on.

I was going on the China Grove deal, that this party.... Well, you know at the time, after China Grove, there was all these communist parties – the Revolutionary Communists, the Worker's Viewpoint, who the hell is who? Are they one party or two? Well, where I got a lot of my stuff from was back in the summer of '79, a television program on the Chapel Hill station, they interviewed the Revolutionist [sic] Communist Party and the Worker's Viewpoint Party and another communist party – *three* communist parties here at that time! And I quick got their names. [He pulls a piece of paper from his wallet.] Tim Hopkins, Kathy Zeigler, they were Revolutionist Communist Party; David Burtt, B-U-R-T-T, two *T*s, National Workers Organization; and Bermanzohn, Worker's Viewpoint.

When I was getting involved with the police in the November 3 deal, I asked the lieutenant down there how many communist organizations there are here, and he said, "One." The Revolutionary Communist Party was supposed to be the top and then the rest were just – the Worker's Viewpoint was just an offshoot of the Revolutionary Communist Party. Well, I wasn't satisfied so I went home and got out all my papers on the communists, the names and everything else.

I called this fellow I knew at the FBI. He said, "What makes you think there's more than one communist party here?"

So one thing led to another and I started reading him names from literature and television and newspapers, and he says, "Where the hell are you getting these names? Repeat these names, spell them." I thought, I'm talking to our *government*? They got time and money, they can get in back of those people – and here I am, I've got to work for a living and do this on my own, you know. So I told him all this and he said, "Eddie, I'm afraid you're right. There are two different communist parties here – the Worker's Viewpoint and the Revolutionary Communists."

So, of course, I called downtown [the police department]. It didn't mean that much at the time. I had been to a couple of Revolutionary Communist Party meetings, but never to the Worker's.

Now, prior to this, the CWP accuses me of infiltrating their organization. If you want to call standing there while a speech is being given in front of the courthouse "infiltrating," well then, yes, I infiltrated. That was the day Nelson Johnson got the copy of the permit [November 1], and they had a rally there with a big banner, "Death to the Klan." And television was there, Johnson was talking and the fellow who got shot in the head, Bermanzohn, he was standing there and I walked up to him. I played stupid. I said, "What the hell is this all about? What's this sign, 'Death to the Klan?' What are you going to do, kill these people?"

And Johnson was just finishing with the TV people, and he walked over and the three of us was talking. He said, "Those chicken people won't come off their hill." So I said, "What're you gonna do to them? Suppose they do, what are you gonna do to them?" And he said, "Well, they won't."

We made small talk, you know. And that was the height of my infiltrating the CWP. The only other words that were spoken, they invited me to come down to their rally, their meeting or march or whatever. So I said, "What if I want to *join* the Klan? Where would I go?" He said, "In there with them pigs." And he pointed toward the police station. And I walked away.

And as far as the permit, when I picked up the permit, it meant nothing to me. I put it away. I didn't even read it. I put it in a folder. And, uh, the time was changed. Well, on the cards, on the "Death to the Klan" posters, it said 11 o'clock. But in the permit, they changed it to 12 o'clock. And I was ignorant to it. I had not looked at the permit, did not know. And they said that I was hustling them on Saturday morning. Well, it was after 11 o'clock and I figured they'd be gone already from down on Everitt Street. Should have known that the communists is no better than the Klan: if you got an eight o'clock meeting, it don't start till quarter to nine.

[Editor's note: This is one of the few inconsistencies in Dawson's story. If the only information he had regarding the starting time and place was

from the posters, which said 11 a.m. at the Windsor Center, he would not have known without looking at the permit or being told that the starting point was at Everitt Street and Carver Drive.]

Someday, maybe I'll tell you how I tried to *stop* the march. But nobody cooperated with me, to try to stop the communists from marching. The people in official capacity thought it was a great idea, but who's gonna do it? Me. As a Klansman. They wouldn't do it though. I told this party, I said, "Next time I want a favor from you, I'll bring you a bucket of blood." Not that I figured there was gonna be a shooting or anything, nothing like that. I just figured there was gonna be trouble. I just had a strong feeling, call it intuition or whatever you want to call it. I thought there would be some good fights. And I knew that the communists weren't all people that you could spit on and get away with it. And neither are some of the Klan members. It don't take much. I been around a long time. You know, you're walking in a crowd and step on my foot, well, you push me, I push you, pretty soon everybody's pushing everybody. It's as simple as that. And that's what I expected – at *Florida* Street. Cops wouldn't have made a difference with a fist fight. There would have been a couple of heads bashed in.

Now we're getting into November 3. They came up about three in the morning – Virgil Griffin, Smith and Pridmore, and this woman who was with Virgil. I met them on High Point Road, and we drove down to the Your House restaurant where we had coffee and a sandwich. Virgil by this time said that he wanted to shack up with this girl he was with, so he stopped at the Orange Motel on Randleman Road. He stayed there, and Pridmore, Smith and myself drove over to Brent Fletcher's house – I had made arrangements to meet at his house.

Now they said in the trial that I brought them over to Florida Street and showed them where we were supposed to meet – there at the shopping center where the rally was supposed to end. See, first the CWP was supposed to have their meeting in this church [across the street from the shopping center]. But the minister found out who they were and what they were, and he backed them off. So they were going to use the shopping center there.

I'm not going to go into that too deep about how and why I knew that they could not use the church. We're coming about now to how I got the permit. I'm not going to go into that at this time – about how I got the permit and certain other things about that.

So I'm saying that that night we didn't go *to* the shopping center on Florida Street. We drove *past* it. I did not stop at the shopping center and say *this* is where we're going to be. Definitely not.

We drove down to the Orange, left Virgil and that girl there. Virgil had a gun, a small caliber pistol, and he gave it to one of them, Pridmore or Smith, I'm not sure which. Then we went over to Brent Fletcher's house on Randleman Road. And we sat there, no discussion of the march or anything. It was small talk, old-time talk, Klan stuff, things like that.

They were tired. I was drinking coffee; Brent was half-drunk, which was not unusual. And one of them had coffee, the other had a beer. They were just showing off guns, a couple of guns they had brought with them. Guns don't impress me. I mean, here's a magnum or whatever. Shotguns, one shotgun looks just like another to me. So what? It's just a gun. So I'd look at em and say, "Nice gun," and give it back to em. And this was the conversation up to that point.

And if I ever heard anybody say, "We'll take some potshots at em, or scare the --- out of em," I think things would have been a little different. I *know* they would, I don't think it. I'd of found a way to back that thing off.

A fight, I figured. A broken arm, broken leg. Oh yeah, I figured there'd be a fight. I told them. I knew that these communists were not like the Labor Party, they were big enough not to back off you. I knew from some of the things they'd pulled off prior to this that they weren't going to be pushed around. And then with the deal down in China Grove, the way they went about that. They were big enough not to stand there, just to let you go screaming at em. Oh yeah, sure.

There was absolutely no plan, where we were gonna park or anything else. How many people would be there . . . no plan. We didn't go to check it out, where the speaker stand would be – well, I guess they were gonna use the rally truck. I thought we would just lay back. Of course, I didn't know at that time about the eggs – once they started throwing eggs, the stuff would have hit the fan, regardless. But I was gonna be smart enough – if I got pushed at that time, like I say, I'd just had a disc removed from my back. If I got pushed to the ground, I would have had to ask a communist to pick me up! So I knew I had to stay the hell back.

So I went on home. I got to bed about four o'clock and got up about seven. And I called Cooper. I called him "Rooster," and he told me that he was getting dressed and going downtown for a briefing on this thing. So I told him how many people were over at the house, and what was there – they had a couple of guns. I was just supposed to be their source on how many people and if they had guns. So I said, "I doubt if I'll be able to contact you again or call you." So he gave me the number of his car, so if I could get away and he wasn't home, I could contact him in his car.

I went over to Randleman Road and there was only maybe a dozen people there. This was about 7:30, 8:30. It was a mystery to them how anybody got out of the house after that to make a report to the police. It was *me*! I got out of the house again because I had back surgery a couple months earlier, and that was my excuse, to go get my back pills. So I shot home and called Rooster again and told him there was 12 to 14 people at the house and they had guns, everybody had a gun. That was the last of the contact with Cooper, and I shot back to the house. I was only gone a short time.

Well, James Buck was there. I was shocked to see him because he had been out of the Klan for years and years, before me, even. By this time there was 40 or 50 people there, milling around. No talk of what are we going to do or nothing else. Virgil was back by this time. And people were going back and forth across the street, there was a store. And people were out in the yard, maybe 20 people – "Hey, look at my gun." You know, the cops could ride up and down, which they did, and they weren't hiding any guns. It's a common thing with the Klan to carry guns – makes you feel big, 10 feet tall!

So we're standing around and Buck

says, "Where's this thing at?" And all I knew was Carver Street, but he had a knowledge of the area better than I did. So he says, "Don't you have a copy of the permit? It's on the back of the permit." Well, I ran out to the car, and sure enough, it's right there, all the streets that they were going on. And he had a map in his truck, a city map, and I was calling out the streets the way they were going: they're turning here, 29 up to Lee Street and all that. Okay, so we could not find Everitt and Carver Street on the whole map. But we knew about the direction.

While Buck was making the map, Virgil called me into the bedroom. And this stocky fellow, a big giant fellow, says, "I have a teargas bomb out there, do you think we'll be able to throw it?" I said, "Let me tell you, where we're going, the streets are narrow, there are going to be cops all over. *We'll* probably get the worst end of the teargas if you throw it. I wouldn't bother with it."

That's when I got my first inkling that he was a Nazi. He said, "Well, I'll call my lieutenant and you can explain it to him." I knew then that we had a Nazi, cause in the Klan we got security guards. So this little guy comes in, I don't know his name, and I explained it to him. He said, "Throw it in the car anyway." The Nazi was Wood, and the lieutenant, I can't remember his name. He was just a little guy. Seems like it should have been the other way around – the big guy should be the lieutenant.

But Virgil always did like to get in good with the Nazi Party. See, about eight or nine years ago we marched with Matt Koehl's group [National Socialist White People's Party] out of Arlington, Virginia. He came down with a bunch of men, and we marched together. Afterwards I said to Virgil Griffin, "This will never happen again. We'll not march with those people no more. You mention Klan and that's bad enough. You mention *Nazi* and Klan – well, there's just no word for it." So then, of course, when I got out, I didn't know he was tying up with the Nazis. I did not know there was Nazis involved until we were in the house on Randleman Road. That's when I first realized I was talking to a Nazi.

So we went outside then and everyone was standing around. "What are we gonna do?" Well, the only words that were spoken was "harass."

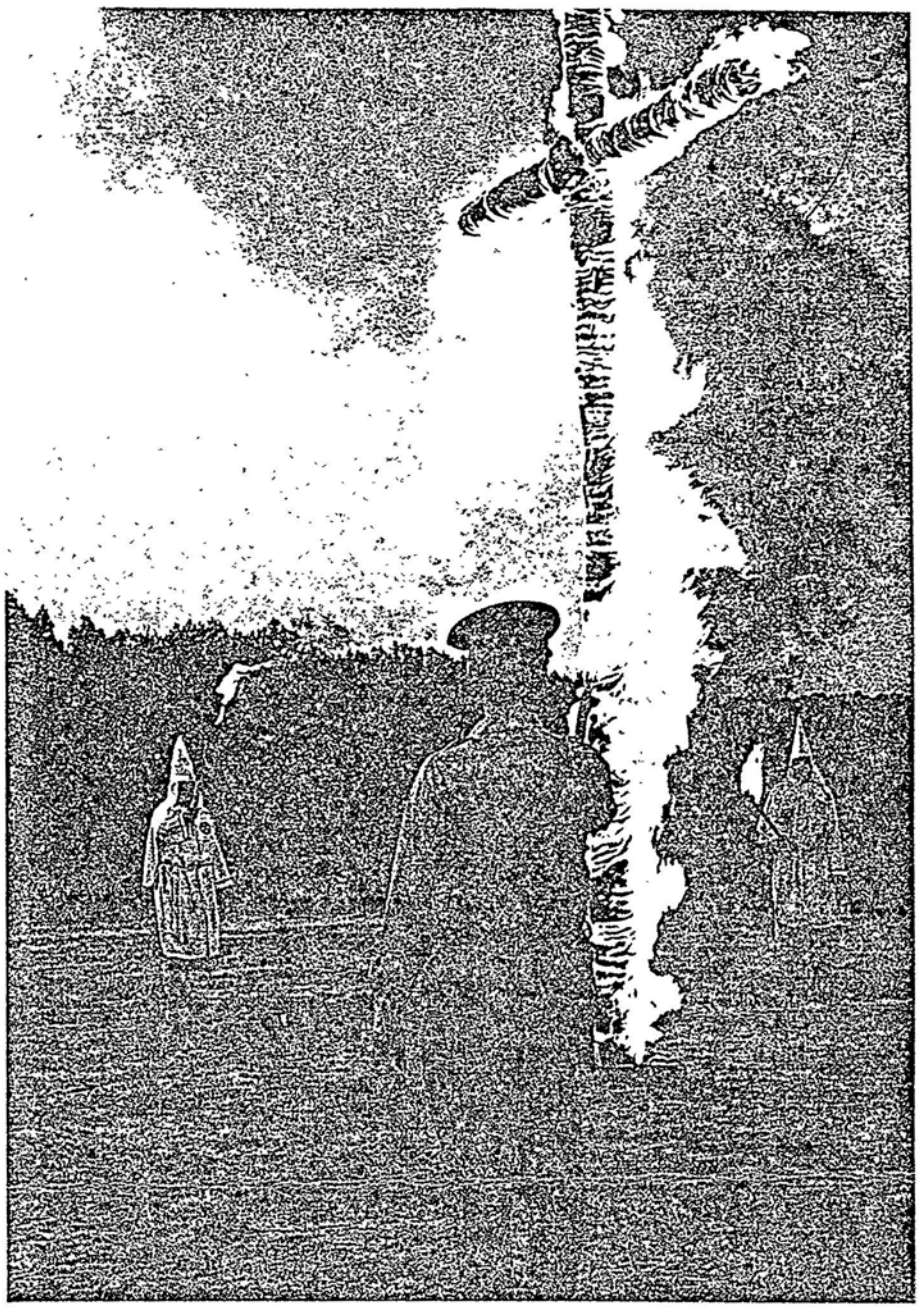


photo by Alma Blount

It was five after 11, and I said, "If we're going, let's go. If we're not, let's go home." And someone says, "Who's in charge here?" And I looked at Virgil, and Virgil looked at me. I wasn't about to say, "Me." So Virgil points at me and says, "I guess he is. He knows the town better than we do." So I said okay.

Well, I was going to ride with Buck in his truck, not in my Cadillac, because of my back. So I said, "Who's got a CB?" Okay, so we lead off and the car about halfway back had a CB. And the van replies that they have a CB, so I said, "Good, why don't you bring up the back?" So that's how the hell the van got in the back. And I went back to the van and there were six or seven guys in there, but I didn't see no guns at all.

We started off and finally got down to the ramp at I-85 and 220 [Randleman Road], and I was talking on the CB, "KKK. Everything okay?" But the van hollered, "Can you hold it up? The Fairlane from Winston just went by. He's lost apparently, he didn't see the cars on the ramp." So we all got out on the ramp there. I could see Cooper's car just parked there on the overpass. He was watching us.

Now, how come the Fairlane got in the rear was for that very reason. They were the last ones to get there. And the guns were in the Fairlane. Why, I don't know. I never saw them put their guns in there. In fact, I never saw

the Fairlane except in the news pictures. From what I understand, they were there, then left to get something to eat, then passed us -- and didn't see us -- and went all the way back and then caught up with us again. So they must have put them guns in there prior to us pulling out of there.

So we sat there and sat there, and Buck and I small-talked. And one thing led to another and he said something about a fight. I said, "Jesus, if a fight breaks out, neither one of us has a damn gun. You got a gun?" He said, "No. But I got a hammer." I said, "Jesus Christ. I don't want to have to get close enough to anybody to have to hit em with a hammer!"

Then I said, "Jesus Christ, are we gonna wait here all day?" You know how when you're waiting five minutes seems like an hour. So I got out of the car and walked about halfway back in the caravan. I *thought* I walked halfway back, but I was told that in the tape they were taking -- Cooper and Matthews, the photographer from the police -- that I walked all the way back to the van. They must have filmed it, but I didn't see any of the pictures. There are probably a lot of pictures you didn't see.

So then somebody hollered, "Let's go!" We headed on to 85, of course, and like I say we weren't positive where to turn to get to Carver Street, to get to Morningside Homes there. So we went down 29 North there and turned right on Lee Street. Buck spotted Willow Street, said it went right down to Everitt, so we went down and there was a light. We looked left, and by God, there they were. So we turned left.

As we got down there, Johnson was on television on the left. And the group, there was about 20 kids down there. I say to this day, thank God there wasn't any of those kids killed. That would have been a road of no return.

They were chanting and they had this dummy they were beating on, carrying on, "Death to the Klan" and all that stuff. I got up to Bermanzohn, you know he invited me to the march, so as I got up to him, he sort of half smiled. They said that I leaned out of the truck and said, "You wanted the Klan. Here they are." That's not *all* I said. I said, "You communist bastard, you wanted the Klan and here they are."

We drove on, and I was looking backwards and Buck was looking in the mirror. And about the fifth car, there was a gap, I could see that they weren't coming through. The three cars in back of us, of course, there were gaps of five feet, another five feet, and then maybe 20 feet where the other car was. I understand that blacks came out and got in front of the car and held the thing up or we just would have went on through. And Buck says, "Why the hell they stopping for?" And that's why we stopped.

Buck and I got out of the truck and went back, Buck says to the first car, I thought it was about the second car. We didn't get very far back, anyway, when we heard the first shot. Well, I couldn't move too fast, of course, cause of my back -- but I *moved* and so did Buck, back to the truck, and we took off. What should we *do*? Well, we headed up to Bessemer Avenue there, to the shopping center, and we went into a place that had a radio on so we could listen for a news bulletin.

Pretty soon, someone came on with the news: three people dead, several wounded. Terrible. Well, you know the old saying about returning to the scene of the crime. Buck and me drove back down there to see if we could find out what happened. But, of course, there were cops all over the place, roadblocks, and we couldn't get near the place.

What should we do *now*? We decided to go back to Brent's house and get my car, then go back to my house to try to figure out what to do next. Course, we knew that the cops would be after us any minute, but we wanted to be somewhere that people could contact us. So it wasn't long before Virgil got there and a couple others, a couple women. And Buck says we should all go to a motel where the cops wouldn't find us.

Well, see, I was always a little suspicious of Buck, ever since that terrorizing deal in Alamance County when I had to serve nine months and he only served four. So I said, "Okay. You go down to the Orange Motel and get us a room." So he left, and then I had one of the women call another motel up on 29 North -- the other side of town from the Orange. She made up some story about wanting a room for the afternoon where relatives coming through town could get together for a little while.

So a bunch of us went on up there to figure out how everybody was going to get away, where they were going to go. I knew Virgil disappeared for a few days, but I don't know where he went. And one woman, her husband was one of the ones arrested, and she wanted to go to her mother's. But she didn't have any way to get there, so I drove her down to the bus station. Everybody took off, and I went on home and called my wife -- she was visiting up in Roanoke -- and I just told her everything went okay. Didn't mention the shooting or nothing. She was pretty shocked when she heard it on the news, of course.

I was surprised not to see any police there. Definitely. First thing I noticed, not a car there, not a cop standing there. I looked both sides and that was one of the first things that hit my mind -- there's not a damn cop around here. Now, if they were at the ends of the streets, I wasn't sure. You know, your hindsight is better than your foresight. Oh, I expected a couple of cars to get hit with sticks and all that stuff, but I thought we'd keep moving. Then they say *we* shouldn't have stopped, that we held the thing up. We did not hold the thing up. We kept moving but they were hitting either Brent's or Griffin's car. Johnson had a stick about yay big, and he went right up to the back of either Virgil's or Brent's car. I looked right at him when he did that.

So I didn't know until that morning that Nazis were there. And I don't know how many were there, I had no idea -- four or five. And if they had something separate planned for the communists, again, they would have made sure that they were at a good spot. In the caravan. The last or the middle, they'd want to fall in this position and have their guns so, as they passed the communists, they'd be ready to shoot. That's the way I would do it if I was gonna do it. That's why I analyzed this thing so carefully. And by not going to trial -- if I thought for one minute that they were guilty or that they actually *planned* to shoot, I would have gone to the trial. I would have cared less what the hell the Klan wanted to do or the Nazis wanted to do or anyone else. I just firmly believe that it wasn't planned. If it ever came out that it was, I'll be the first one to be shocked. But the set-up was not proper, you just don't do things like that. I know *I* don't

personally. No matter how dumb you are, if you're smart enough to know you're gonna kill somebody or shoot at somebody, you're going to work things out. And never once was there any indication — I didn't hear everybody's conversation, of course — there was all this talk, of course, but it was all small talk, anything that I could hear.

That was a gruesome sight. The FBI called me on Tuesday night, I think it was, to go down to the office there. They said they were going to show me some pictures. And they pulled out the videotape and asked me did I know any of them, what part this one played. And all they showed at first was the dead communists, you know, the face blown off — the shot from right on top of him. And my back was hurting that day, and he offered me a seat, but I wanted to stand. The FBI agent sits there looking at the thing, and I'm sort of kneeling down beside of him. All I could say was, "That's a damned gruesome thing, that's terrible." When I left, I thought why the hell did they show me that. Reaction, I think. Cause they knew damn well, they *knew* them. What the hell difference would it make if I knew em, the dead people?

I'd rather not talk about the police at this time. I got some good answers for you. You know, the dates and a couple of calls, I'm not going to disclose to anybody. But I got tapes on three of them. You know, they said it would be their word against my word on some of this stuff. You know, life's funny. There are people on the police department that you don't think *shouldn't* be exposed. I mean, they're not looking out for me. And of course, I said this to one guy, and he said, "Eddie, we gotta stay away from you. You're like poison, we couldn't afford to talk to you." Because any time they talked to me, they gotta make a report on it. Same with the FBI. They'd say, "Sorry the way it went down." And I'd say, "Bull shit. Don't give me any of that crap. You never contacted me." He said, "We *couldn't.*" Because any time I came over to talk with them, they had to report it, had to put it down. So all those records of the times I talked with the police should be somewhere in the police department.

Now, during the trial, Coman [the assistant district attorney] wanted me to take the stand, to contradict some of the lies some of these guys were telling. Little things, nothing big. So I met with Coman and this other DA, Greeson, and this police captain. We're sitting in a hotel, and Coman — he's got a terrible reputation. He'll nail you to the cross. So I said to him, "I hear you're a sonofabitch as a DA." He says, "Well, you have to be. I won't be that way on you, though."

Well, of course, there were six damn defense attorneys who would chop the shit out of me and even if the judge might object or whatever, the whole story would have hit the fan. But Coman didn't care, he didn't give a damn. He said they could subpoena me, and I said, "Then I could do the 30 days." Refuse to testify, you know. Well, Greeson said, "I don't think it will come to that. Let's leave it go now. Go home, think about it. Call the captain here tomorrow morning, let him know your answer. I gotta know by 10 in the morning."

So next morning I called the captain. He didn't say hello or kiss my ass or nothing — just, "Very good, Ed. I knew we could depend on you." I said, "Whoa! How do you know what my answer is going to be?"

"Well," he said, "we figured you'd stay with last night's decision." I said, "Yeah. I'm not coming." I just wanted to make sure that we understood one another cause he caught me off guard. Just, "Good decision, Ed." But I got it on tape. I got lots of stuff on tape cause they said it would be my word against theirs.

I took a real chance for the city of Greensboro. If I'd been found out by the Klan, I'd have been in real trouble. And this is what I tried to tell Chief Swing, and he got very hostile with me. Now, Swing, I went to see him two or three times and he was very, very nice. But when I went down with that, about the police providing me with a lawyer for the CWP suit, he says, "No, no." Like, get the hell out of here. It got out of hand. No more friendship.

I'd be stupid if I said I wasn't afraid. But I'm very fortunate in my life. . . . I don't care. So I think that helps a lot. I just don't give a damn no more. I look at it, if you gotta die, you gotta die. But I know these people, if you're referring to whether they'd do bodily harm or not. I got a pretty good wife. And I do look over my shoulder constantly, yeah.

You know the risks you're taking when you join the Klan. It's not a boy scout outfit. I told that to Robert Shelton once. He made a remark about how this trouble's gotta stop in the Klan — we can't afford all this trouble with Klansmen going out and shooting up and burning crosses and getting caught. I said, "Don't tell me that shit. This ain't no boy scout outfit. You're not running no boy scouts, you're running the Ku Klux Klan." So you wanta be big, you gotta act big. But deep down, yeah, I'm scared. It's the bottom line. □

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CONCLUSION

From the evidence gathered in this report, there should be no doubt that Klan and Nazi members planned an assault on militant anti-racists who were peacefully assembled under the terms of a parade permit at a black housing project. The infringement on the demonstrators' legal rights and the resulting deaths of five human beings ultimately led the U.S. Attorney in Greensboro, H.M. Michaux, Jr., to recommend "strong, decisive action" from the Justice Department, namely federal prosecution of the Klan and Nazis under 18 U.S.C. 241 and 245(b)(4) for "conspiracy against the rights of citizens." At this writing, nearly five months after that recommendation, there has been no federal action whatsoever against those responsible for the November Third assault and killings.

The failure of the U.S. Government to act cannot be excused by the Justice Department's statements that it is still "studying the matter" or that it "needs to determine its jurisdiction" in the case. Since the basis for action is compelling, continued inaction can only give rise to speculation about the political motivation of the Department or its double standard in choosing which citizens to protect and which to prosecute. As U.S. Attorney Michaux wrote in his recommendation to the Civil Rights Division of the Justice Department six weeks before he resigned to make way for a Reagan appointee, "It would indeed be hypocritical for the Administration to express concern about the rise of violence and its effects on our citizens, or the right to life of the unborn, yet stand idly by when five human beings are gunned down in front of television cameras by fanatical members of hate groups solely because of their ideology."

On behalf of the FBI and BATF, the Justice Department has, however, responded to the CWP's massive civil suit against all parties involved in the November 3 killings: "Reduced to it's (sic) simplest terms, the plaintiffs' claim can only be that, when federal investigative officials become aware of a purportedly calculated nonfeasance on the part of local law enforcement authorities, they have some duty to act so as to prevent or mitigate the resulting damage. This view does not comport with the duties of federal officers as established by law, nor does it comport with sound notions of federalism." In other words, even if the BATF or FBI knew that the Greensboro police planned to allow a violent confrontation to occur in a highly-populated residential area, it was not the federal government's responsibility to protect either the intended victims or the innocent by-standers.

Historically, the Justice Department has proven a fickle friend of politically unpopular radicals. In fact, many aspects of this case bear disturbing similarities to attacks on civil rights activists during the 1960s: in repeated incidents, FBI and police informants became leaders in organizations which attacked civil rights demonstrators while police and federal authorities stood by or were purposefully absent. This report documents that Greensboro police informant Ed Dawson recruited participants for the planned attack on the CWP demonstrators, warned his police contact of a planned confrontation, and personally led the caravan to the demonstrators' assembly point. Furthermore, we now know that police had the caravan under surveillance from its formation point, knew it was heavily armed, followed its route for 17 minutes, yet did not dispatch a single officer to intercept it, warn its intended victims or move to protect residents of the Morningside housing project. The police and prosecutor later encouraged the suppression of Dawson's possible testimony in court, and in other ways diverted attention from and covered up the central question of the police department's knowledge of and participation in the KKK-Nazi attack.

We cannot in good conscience allow the police, prosecutor, city officials and Justice Department to duck this central question by insisting that the CWP's ideology and disruptive tactics justified their actions. In a democracy, that excuse only points up the racism, anti-communism and double-standard underlying the government's approach to this entire case. It is unimaginable, for example, that these same authorities would have acted the same had the tables been turned and a group of gun-toting communists formed a caravan and headed into a white neighborhood to assault a group of self-proclaimed "patriots."

Whether or not we disagree with the CWP's actions and rhetoric is beside the point: we feel free to criticize them as we would any other political organization. The critical issue is what those in charge of enforcing our society's laws did to diminish all our rights. For if the government does not provide equal protection under the law, then no citizen or organization is safe from being selected out for special treatment — or mistreatment.

Because justice must be done, because we must have a public accounting of the extent of the intimate relationship between the police and KKK-Nazi caravan, and because we must know the degree to which local officials, the prosecutor and federal agents covered up and/or furthered the essential injustice of the November Third confrontation, we strongly recommend:

- The Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Justice Department move immediately on the advice of the U.S. Attorney to prosecute the KKK and Nazi attackers.
- A Congressional investigation be launched into the Justice Department's handling of the Greensboro case; into the role of Treasury Department agents, and all other relevant public officials and agencies in planning, executing and covering up the KKK-Nazi caravan's organization and mission; and into the adequacy of federal statutes to protect citizens when local officials fail to uphold the exercise of their constitutional rights.
- Greensboro citizens be encouraged to pursue an independent investigation into the role of city, state and federal officials in thwarting their effective self-organization and to demand a public accounting of the city officials' actions through a citizens review commission or whatever mechanism they feel appropriate. □

Additional copies of this report are available by sending a check for $3 to the Institute for Southern Studies, P.O. Box 531, Durham, NC 27702. Ask for the Third of November report.

(5-22-78)

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ATTENTION: SUPERVISOR [redacted]
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ROOM 5131

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

GREENKIL

Enclosed herewith are ~~three (3)~~ copies each of FD-302s with [redacted] and [redacted]

Two (2) copies of these FD-302s should be made available immediately to Attorney [redacted] Civil Rights Division, United States Department of Justice.

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DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2TAP/JAC

44-81521-206

3 Enc - CRU
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(2) - Bureau (Encs. 9)
1 - Charlotte

HPB:swl
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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

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TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
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		☐ UNCLAS

Date 12/23/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44A-81521)
ATTENTION: SUPERVISOR [redacted]
CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT
ROOM 5131

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

O GREENKIL

Enclosed herewith are six (6) copies each of two (2) FD-302s with [redacted] Three (3) copies of these FD-302s do not have the bottom portion of the first page or the file number on each page.

It should be noted the FD-302s without the administrative material indicated above has been the form used in the past in making the interview results available to CWP Attorneys.

Appropriate copies of these FD-302s should be made available immediately to Attorney [redacted] Civil Rights Division, United States Department of Justice.

4 ENC - same as for 1A airtel dated 1/4/82
2 - ENC - CRD, USDJ 0.703 1/4/82
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44-81521-207

(2) - Bureau (Encs. 12) ENCLOSURE
1 - Charlotte ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

10 JAN 7 1982

HPB:swl
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/DAC

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

JAN 25 1982

ENCLOSED TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44A-81521)
ATTENTION: SUPERVISOR [redacted]
CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT
ROOM 5131

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

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GREENKIL

Enclosed herewith are six (6) copies each of two (2) FD-302s with [redacted]

(Encs. 12)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/SAC

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44-81521-207

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription 10/30/81 & 12/17/81

[redacted] was interviewed at the New York Office of the FBI, 26 Federal Plaza, New York City, New York. Present during the interview besides the interviewing Agents were [redacted] Attorney, U. S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, and [redacted] was accompanied by his attorneys, [redacted] and [redacted]

At the outset of the interview, Departmental Attorney [redacted] advised [redacted] and his counsel that this interview was being conducted by agreement between [redacted] another attorney of [redacted] and with the understanding that the purpose of the interview was to assist the Department of Justice in its continuing investigation into the shooting incident which occurred on November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina. [redacted] was advised that the interviews would be conducted by the Special Agents of the FBI who were identified to [redacted] by name, and that copies of the reports filed from these interviews would be furnished to [redacted] through his counsel for review and concurrence.

[redacted] advised that it came to his attention, as well as other members in his organization, that there was an increase in the growth of the Ku Klux Klan (KKK), not only in the State of North Carolina, but in other states in the United States. [redacted] stated that through the public news media, he became aware of the fact that a recruiting drive was being contemplated by members of the KKK at China Grove, North Carolina, and that they planned to show their recruiting movie, "The Birth of a Nation," on July 8, 1979, at China Grove.

It became known to members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO) that the citizens of China Grove and the local community were against the showing of this movie and the recruiting efforts of the KKK, however, the local administration refused to deny a permit to the KKK as they felt this would be a violation of the rights of this organization.

Because of popular support in the community, which was determined by interviews of various people in the local community of China Grove, as well as some of the comments made

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/SAC

Investigation on 10/19/81 at New York City, New York File # CE 44A-3527

by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] TJB:jat/swl Date dictated 10/26/81

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by members of the City Council, [redacted] and members of his organization believed that the people were against this recruiting drive by the KKK and, therefore, they went about rallying popular support from the local community to have a protest at the time of the recruiting drive by the KKK.

[redacted] advised that an ad hoc committee, which was composed of different groups to include members of the WVO and local members of the community of China Grove, gathered together and supported a demonstration to show the KKK the people of this community were against their organization.

[redacted] advised that the resurgence of the KKK in the United States, and in North Carolina, was an effort of the power structure of this country to keep a division between Blacks and whites. Historically, according to [redacted] the KKK was used by the power structure to keep this racial bigotry in existence so that the white and Black working classes of the community could not unite together. It was through this racial antagonism that the power structure obscured the real economic issues and if this poisonous philosophy was allowed to spread, it would further drive a wedge between the Black and white workers of the country.

[redacted] cited an example of the J. P. Stevens Company in which he alleged that racism and anti-Black propaganda which was spread by the KKK, was used to "throw dust in people's eyes," and that whites believed that if unions were accepted, Blacks would be taking the jobs from the whites.

Because of this, [redacted] advised that in July, 1979, the focus of the WVO did center upon the KKK and its resurgence in North Carolina and other states.

It was, therefore, decided by this coalition of various members of the China Grove area that there would be a march or demonstration against the KKK when they had a recruiting drive at China Grove.

[redacted] advised he drove to China Grove on July 8, 1979, by himself after he had finished his duty

[redacted] North Carolina. He advised that he went to the assembly area where he met with other marchers, but could not recall exactly where this was.

The subject matter of this assembly was to encourage the people in attendance to oppose the KKK.

[redacted] advised that he did not carry a sign or any posters, but others in the march might have. [redacted] advised that he went to where the KKK was having their meeting and recognized some of the KKK participants by the fact that they were wearing uniforms and some were heavily armed. [redacted] could not recall what the uniforms were, but indicated it was his belief that some were wearing the KKK security force uniform, and that later he was able to identify ROLAND WOOD as having attended this meeting although at the time he did not know who ROLAND WOOD was.

[redacted] advised that approximately 10 minutes of chanting started from this group which went to the meeting place of the KKK and the chants were generally in the area of down with the Klan, smash the Klan, and a chant which he had not heard before, "Decease - decease - decease the rotten beast."

After about 10 minutes of chanting, the KKK, which was in front of the building, went inside the community center and at that time, some of the demonstrators in his group seized the Confederate flag and burned it. [redacted] defined the Confederate flag as being the symbol of racism and that is why it was burned by the demonstrators.

[redacted] advised that the size of the crowd at this China Grove Community Center were about 25-50 members of the KKK, and approximately 100 members of their group. [redacted] advised that he did recall seeing two or three uniformed police officers, believed to be city policemen, at the community center and he understood that possibly there was a State Trooper parked outside the area.

[redacted] advised that he later learned that there was an assembly of policemen somewhere outside the area, but he actually never saw them.

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In regard to the police officers being there, [redacted] advised that he felt there was some kind of collusion between the police and the KKK that were at the China Grove Community Center because he would periodically see the police officers talking with various members of the KKK.

During this demonstration, [redacted] advised the only statements he recalled coming from members of the KKK were statements such as "M.F., Nigger lovers," and obscene gestures by members of the KKK, raising their middle finger to the demonstrators.

[redacted] described the characteristics of the two groups as his group, the WVO, and community demonstrators as being a bi-racial group, that is, a mixture of Black and white citizens, and described the KKK and their sympathizers as being all white.

[redacted] advised that he did not know whether or not EDDIE DAWSON, or [redacted] were present at the China Grove meeting and advised that he did not see them, however, at that time he did not know them or what they looked like.

After this China Grove incident, the local news media in Charlotte, Durham, Salisbury, and [redacted] believes Channel 2 TV from Greensboro, North Carolina, had stories of and articles relative to the protest at China Grove, North Carolina, on July 8, 1979. Also following that, leaflets published by the WVO did stress the theme of Death to the Klan in North Carolina.

[redacted] was asked whether or not he observed in addition to the weapons being carried by the members of the KKK, any weapons being carried by any members of their group, and he acknowledged that some people in their group were carrying weapons which were visible.

[redacted] advised that after the China Grove incident, a great deal of interest was gathered by the public into the WVO's anti-Klan campaign. [redacted] advised that there were numerous incidents which showed there was a lot of interest in the public for an anti-Klan movement.

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It was because of this public interest, that a November 3 rally in Greensboro, North Carolina, was planned and the theme of it would be "Death to the Klan."

[redacted] was asked to describe what was meant by the theme, "Death to the Klan," and he advised that "Death to the Klan" was meant to be the destruction of the KKK as a racist organization in the United States and that through public knowledge of what the KKK was really like, that there would not be popular support for such an organization, and therefore, the Klan as an organization would cease to exist.

[redacted] also alleged that the KKK was, in fact, a political arm of various groups to include the police and the FBI and that these organizations used the KKK and their racist activity for their own purposes.

In regard to the meetings for the November 3, 1979, rally at Greensboro, North Carolina, [redacted] advised that there was no broad open meeting. [redacted] advised that various organizations were highly supportive of their plans to have a rally in Greensboro, North Carolina, but he did not recall any coalition type group being organized for the planning purpose of this rally.

In regard to the November 3, 1979, rally at Greensboro, North Carolina, [redacted] advised that this was not to be a confrontation between the KKK and the WVO. If anything, [redacted] advised they were more concerned about police and FBI tactics than they were over the KKK. [redacted] advised that at that time, he did not know what extent people would go to silence those opposing them.

[redacted] advised that the first time he saw [redacted] was at a press conference in Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that the KKK and Nazis worked with and were used by the police, and further stated that the KKK was a terrorist organization which acts as a surrogate for the powers to be.

[redacted] advised that the first press conference relative to the November 3rd rally and march at Greensboro occurred at Kannapolis, at Cannon Mills, in mid

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advised were present, and approximately 6 to 8 media representatives were also there. At this conference, various literature was distributed to the people of Cannon Mills and advised that he did not know whether or not he had any of these documents left at this time or who did. lawyers advised that they would check to determine whether or not any of this literature which was distributed at this meeting was available and copies would be furnished to the Department of Justice.

advised the next press conference was held on November 1, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, in the front of the Greensboro Police Department. The purpose of the press conference was to draw attention to the public of the November 3rd march and also to bring out to the public's attention the obstruction by the police of their efforts to have this march and rally. advised that the police had torn down their posters which advertised the march, they had intentionally stalled on the granting of a permit, however, after the press conference, advised that it normally takes 72 hours for the process to obtain a parade permit and in this instance it had taken over two weeks. was questioned as to whether or not he knew the names of these individuals who were attempting to disrupt the organization for the march, and he said he did not, but thought might know.

advised that at the press conference and that this press conference at Greensboro on November 1, 1979, had between 20 and 25 reporters and approximately two TV stations covering it. at the press conference accused the police of attempting to inhibit this march against the KKK and reiterated that the theme of the march would be "Death to the Klan." advised that "Death to the Klan" meant that the Klan would cease to exist as a political organization and that through a combination of public pressure, self defense, knowledge, and that the Klan does not serve the interest of the people, the Klan as a political organization would cease to exist.

At this press conference, literature and pamphlets were also distributed, expressing the purpose of the rally and furnishing information to the public about the march and subsequent meeting afterwards.

Again, [redacted] advised that he did not believe he had any of these pamphlets or leaflets in his possession at this time, and that if there were any such leaflets still available, the attorneys for [redacted] would make them available to the Department of Justice.

[redacted] advised this was the last public meeting before the November 3, 1979 march and following the meeting the information regarding the march and rally was passed through individuals speaking to individuals.

[redacted] advised that it was his understanding at first that the march would be concluded at the All Nations Penecostal Church and it was there that they would have their rally, however, the [redacted] had advised [redacted] that this facility could not be used, and that other arrangements would have to be made. [redacted] advised that [redacted] would know the reasons why the church was not available.

[redacted] advised that after the shooting incident, he had heard that Lieutenant [redacted] had stated that he did not know the assembly area was at Everitt and Carver Street, and that to him this was shocking information. [redacted] advised the parade permit had specified the assembly area as being Everitt and Carver Street, and that the public announcements as to a gathering area at the Windsor Community Center was for the purpose of permitting people who were coming in from out of town to have access to an area easily identifiable. He stated that there was a complete understanding between the police and [redacted] that the group would follow the parade permit in detail, and the parade permit specified the assembly area would be Everitt and Carver Street. Despite the public announcements which was made about the assembly area being at the Windsor Community Center, [redacted] advised that [redacted] had told him that he had been naively honest with the Police Department and that the Police Department fully understood that the assembly area would be Everitt and Carver Street and this was the location from where the group would begin their march on November 3, 1979.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/2/81 & 12/17/81

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[redacted] was interviewed at the New York Office of the FBI, 26 Federal Plaza, New York City, New York, relative to his knowledge and observation of the shooting incident which occurred on November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina. This was a continuation of an interview which had commenced on October 19, 1981, and due to a prior appointment, concluded at approximately 4:00 P.M. on that date.

Present during this interview were the interviewing Agents, and [redacted] Departmental Attorney, Civil Rights Section, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., and [redacted] attorneys, [redacted] and [redacted] who had accompanied [redacted] on October 19, 1981, was not present and had forwarded his apologies through [redacted] that he would be unavailable to attend this interview.

At the beginning of the interview, [redacted] advised [redacted] and his attorneys of the nature of the interview and that the inquiry was being conducted at the request of the Department of Justice relative to their on-going investigation into the shooting incident which occurred on November 3, 1979.

[redacted] advised that on November 2, 1979, the evening prior to the march and rally at Greensboro, there was a meeting of approximately 15 to 20 people in Durham, North Carolina, relative to discussions involving the parade route, the making and preparation of the signs, the cutting of the sticks in accordance with the parade permit stipulations, and the preparation of leaflets for distribution. [redacted] advised this meeting took place at what is now being designated as the Caesar Cauce and Mike Nathan Bookstore at Durham, North Carolina.

[redacted] recalled that CAESAR CAUCE was present but could not recall the names of all the individuals who participated.

[redacted] advised that he did not know whether or not there was a similar meeting being conducted at Greensboro,

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Investigation on 10/26/81 at New York City, New York File # CE 44A-3527

by SAs [redacted] UB:jat/swl Date dictated 10/29/81

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North Carolina, on this same date relative to organization for the rally and parade in Greensboro.

In regard to his knowledge as to where to meet in Greensboro, he advised that CAUCE was the contact with the groups at Greensboro, and it was his understanding that the assembly area would be at Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, North Carolina. Some of the people coming to the rally would meet at the Windsor Community Center and then as the group marched by from Everitt and Carver Street, they would pick up the other people at the Windsor Community Center.

[redacted] advised that his understanding for the assembly at the Windsor Community Center was because this was a more identifiable location in Greensboro, just off Lee Street, and therefore, people coming in from out of town would have less difficulty locating that area rather than the Everitt and Carver Street location. [redacted] advised that he did not recall seeing any written information regarding the exact route nor did he have a copy of the parade permit on that date, however, knew on November 1, 1979, that they had a legal parade permit although he had not personally seen it.

On the morning of November 3, 1979, [redacted] advised that [redacted] traveled to Greensboro, North Carolina, in their [redacted] which at that time had North Carolina license [redacted] advised that he could not recall the middle number of the license plate numbers.

[redacted] advised that he arrived at WALLER's residence somewhere between 10:00 and 11:00 AM on the morning of November 3, 1979, and that they stayed at that location a short period of time. Other individuals who came from Durham also went to WALLER's house as an initial meeting place.

[redacted] advised that he talked to WALLER on that date but it was just casual talk as they were friends and he believes they may have had coffee with him at the residence. [redacted] could not recall whether or not CAUCE was at Dr. WALLER's house at the same time.

[redacted] advised that following their visit to WALLER's house, they then left and went to the Summit Shopping Center at approximately 10:30 A.M. The purpose of going to the shopping center was to buy some batteries for the small walkie-talkies they were carrying and they also stopped and had some coffee.

[redacted] advised that it was his understanding that they were to meet approximately one-half hour before the march, that is at approximately 11:30 A.M. on the morning of November 3, 1979, at Everitt and Carver Street and that the march would start at approximately 12:00 noon.

In regard to a question as to whether or not he knew of any information regarding an invitation extended to the KKK to attend the rally and march being sponsored by the WVO at Greensboro, [redacted] acknowledged that he did. He stated it was his understanding that on the back of a leaflet, some individual who he did not know, wrote an open letter to the leadership of the KKK. This open letter was an invitation to the KKK to come and face the wrath of the people, however, since he was not personally involved, he does not know who was the author of this letter.

This letter was in response to the formation by the Klan and the Nazis of a group designated as the United Racist Front. According to the Raleigh News and Observer, the formation of this United Racist Front took place sometime between September 20 and 22, 1979, at a combined meeting held on the outskirts of Raleigh, North Carolina. As a result of the efforts by the Klan and Nazis to form this United Front the new group issued public statements. The letter was prepared after the issuance of these public statements and served as the WVO's answer. [redacted] did not know if the letter was actually delivered to the leadership of the Klan or Nazis. It may have just been delivered to the public news media.

[redacted] advised it was his understanding from public statements made by [redacted] leaders of the Klan, that they had no intentions of coming to the November 3 rally and march in Greensboro.

[redacted] advised that after China Grove, the Klan had made no public announcements relative to their activities, except that he specifically recalls that the Klan leaders stated in the public media that they would not attend the November 3rd rally. He believes that [redacted] made such statements.

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[redacted] was asked whether or not he was aware of the different Klan groups in existence and he advised that from reading in the public news media and from personal research at the library, and other reading, he had become familiar with the history of the Klan and of its various factions. He identified those factions as being the Federal Knights of the KKK, the White Knights of Liberty, and others to include the Nazis and other break-away units.

[redacted] was also familiar with the leadership of the Klan and the names of [redacted], and VIRGIL GRIFFIN.

[redacted] also advised the interviewers that it was reported by the news media, the Greensboro Daily News, in an article on June 28, 1980, that the Treasury Agent who was undercover with the Nazi Party, had offered to drive the [redacted]

[redacted] advised that he had no idea that an undercover Agent was in the Nazis and the KKK on November 3, 1979.

[redacted] advised that he expected this rally and march to be a non-violent march and to be basically an educational and organizing conference to educate people against the racism of the KKK.

[redacted] advised it was his understanding initially that the All Nations Penecostal Church would be used as the conference area after the finish of the march, however, [redacted] did not know the reasons for the cancellation and indicated that this information had been given by [redacted] to [redacted] on November 1, 1979. [redacted] advised that they left WALLER's home at approximately 10:30 A.M. and traveled in [redacted] to the Summit Avenue Shopping Center where they bought some batteries for their walkie-talkies and had some coffee. Shortly thereafter, they arrived at the Morningside Homes and estimated that at the time they arrived at Everitt and Carver Street, there was a racially mixed group of between 50 and 60 people in the area. [redacted] advised that [redacted] was standing near the Community Center with a group of people and children singing, and some of the people were helping put posters on and around the sound truck.

[redacted] advised that he had a brief conversation with reporters at this location, and recalls that shortly thereafter, SANDY SMITH made a comment to them that she was surprised there was no police in the area.

[redacted] advised that he expected to see a number of police in this assembly area and throughout the parade route. He stated that they did not anticipate trouble and what trouble they did anticipate, he believed would have come from the police. [redacted] advised that the police had already attempted to disrupt their organization of this march by tearing down posters and, therefore, he was surprised by not seeing the police present at Everitt and Carver Street on that morning. [redacted] stated that the police should have anticipated trouble and that in most other cities that he is familiar with, the police are usually at the location of such a demonstration an hour or so in advance of the assembly time.

[redacted] advised that he could recall making no statement regarding the police being there or not being there in the public media and that while it was his expectation they would be there an hour or so prior to the march, he had no prior experience in dealing with the Greensboro Police Department. [redacted] advised that he expected if there would be any trouble, it would probably be after the march and not prior to it.

In regard to the statements made by [redacted] that the police were the disruptive force and they did not want the police disrupting their march on November 3, 1979, he stated that [redacted] did make such statements to the Police Department in the public media. He further stated that he heard [redacted] state on television that "The police never do what I say do."

[redacted] advised that he never recalled seeing any police officer come to the Everitt and Carver Street location, prior to this shooting incident.

[redacted] advised that as he was standing on Everitt Street, near the intersection of Carver, he became aware of a line of vehicles starting to pass the area where they were assembling. The vehicles were occupied by white people and he recalled that one of the individuals leaned out of the window and shouted something about China Grove.

[redacted] advised he also recalls seeing EDDIE DAWSON in one of these vehicles and believes he was a passenger sitting in the passenger side in one of the sedans that passed him. When asked how he recognized EDDIE DAWSON, [redacted] advised that he first recalled seeing DAWSON on the November 1, 1979, press conference. He stated he did not know hiw name at that time but did recall his face as he seemed out of place at the press conference.

[redacted] advised that after the press conference on November 1, 1979, he walked over to DAWSON and engaged with him in conversation. DAWSON identified himself as being a local business contractor and made the general statement that he could not believe that the KKK would still be present and active in a city like Greensboro in this day and age. From this conversation, [redacted] advised that he believed DAWSON was giving the impression that he was on their side on that particular date. He stated, however, he was very skeptical of him and that something was definitely fishy about him when he was talking to him. He stated that [redacted] [redacted] also joined them for a couple of minutes and then left.

Shortly after DAWSON left his location, he recalled seeing DAWSON talking to an individual who had come from the Police Department Headquarters and described this individual as wearing a gold trench coat but could not further identify him. He stated that he was approximately the same height as DAWSON and that he was of a more stocky build. He also recalled this individual had sandy brown hair, and was possibly wearing metal frame glasses because of the reflection of the sunlight off the edges of them. This individual gave DAWSON a pink sheet of paper.

[redacted] advised that the next time he saw DAWSON was in the line of vehicles, which was part of the KKK caravan on November 3, 1979.

[redacted] advised that after the person in one of these vehicles yelled something about China Grove, others started yelling, Kill the Kikes, Kill the Niggers, and he recalled looking down the street and saw an individual leaning out of a pick-up truck. He stated this individual had a hand gun in his hand, and fired a single shot into the air.

[redacted] advised that just prior to that incident, the group that he was with had been chanting, Death to the Klan, however, he, himself, did not see any disturbance prior to this incident where the shot was fired. He stated following that shot, some people in the crowd did hit one or two of the vehicles with sticks or their feet.

[redacted] advised shortly after that, there was more gunfire and all the people were running up Carver Street. [redacted] advised that he ran back up Carver Street, and across the street and sought cover near one of the buildings.

[redacted] advised that all this happened in a matter of a few seconds, and therefore, he cannot be specifically detailed as to exactly what happened in each instance. He stated that all he could recall was the volume of gunfire, and the fact that he ran across Carver Street and then stood against the buildings on the opposite side of the street.

[redacted] advised the next thing he recalled was he remembered CESAR CAUCE on the lawn section near where he was standing and there were five or six people around him beating him. He recalls one hit him with a very large stick, and at approximately this time, he began to run towards CAUCE to assist him. [redacted] advised that at this time, he did have a placard in his hand but nothing else and as he was moving to assist CAUCE, something hit him and knocked him off his feet.

[redacted] advised at that time he did not know CAUCE had already been shot, but later learned from watching the films of the shooting incident.

[redacted] advised that after he was knocked off his feet, he tried to but he could not get up. He stated that he heard shooting around him, but could not recall anybody being nearby or around him. He stated that he learned afterwards that WALLER [redacted]

[redacted] advised that he recalls hearing a tremendous amount of gunfire, and when it stopped, he kept thinking that he wanted to get up and help. He stated that

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he heard people [redacted] he wanted to help the others but initially could not understand why he could not get up to assist them. He stated at that time, he began to realize that he may have been shot but did not know the extent of his injuries.

He stated he heard conversations around him clearly to the effect that JIM was dead, that SANDY was dead, and then he recalled [redacted] and began talking to him. [redacted] advised that after a period of time his vision became blurred because of the swelling around his eyes from the injury he received, and he could no longer see what was taking place. [redacted] described his injuries as being a [redacted] also displayed to the interviewers the area of another gunshot wound to his [redacted]

[redacted] advised that while he was laying on the ground, during the large volume of firing, he did see and hear [redacted] fire some shots towards the KKK who had shot down CAUCE and the others. He stated that he did not know how many shots she had fired, however, did know she fired with a handgun. [redacted] advised that also from conversation he recalls that [redacted] also fired some shot from a Derringer and then the gun jammed. It was his understanding from their conversation that he was across the street near one of the TV cameramen when he fired that one shot in the direction of the KKK vehicles that were then fleeing the area.

[redacted] advised that while he was at the assembly, neither he [redacted] any weapons in their possession. He advised that he did own a weapon, a .12 gauge shotgun and also a .38 caliber revolver but these were at his residence in [redacted] North Carolina, and that he did not bring them with him to this assembly.

[redacted] advised that to his knowledge, Dr. WALLER, with whom he went to this assembly area at Everitt and Carver Street, also had no weapons. He stated that he was not aware that anybody at this assembly had weapons, either opened or concealed. He stated that he did not see any shotgun in [redacted] pickup truck and did not know that [redacted] had brought a weapon with him until after this incident had occurred.

[redacted] advised that he also became aware of the fact after the shooting incident that WILLIAM SAMPSON had fired in the direction of the KKK and that he was shot in the chest when he was standing near the Channel 12 News truck. According to statements he had heard, WILLIAM SAMPSON was firing at the KKK at the time he was struck, and understood that [redacted] had taken the gun after SAMPSON was struck. He stated he did not know whether or no[redacted] had fired.

In examining the possible number of gunshots fired by members of his group, [redacted] advised that if the three individuals who had fired a weapon, [redacted] and SAMPSON, could not have fired more than 13 shots. [redacted] advised that at no time did he see any members of his group in possession of a shotgun or rifle, and at no time in conversation after the shooting incident did anybody in their group ever discuss firing a shotgun or a rifle in the direction of the KKK.

In reviewing the films with [redacted] advised that he had no recollection whatsoever of the street fight which occurred in the intersection of Everitt and Carver Street. In reviewing the films, [redacted] advised that the white male with the dark hair which appears on the slow motion films in the center of Carver Street, does appear from the coloring to be him, however, he does not recall that incident whatsoever and cannot be sure whether that is him or not. [redacted] also advised in reviewing the films with the interviewers, that he did not recall the incident nor did he observe the incident where demonstrators struck vehicles of the KKK after passing by in the caravan. He stated his first recollection of that was after the first shot was fired by the individual who leaned out of the pickup truck.

[redacted] in viewing the films, identified himself standing adjacent to the building on Carver Street in the vicinity where CAUCE was involved in a fight with three or four members of the KKK. [redacted] advised that this was the incident that he recalled and it was at this time that he was attempting to come to CAUCE's assistance when he got shot. [redacted] advised that he does not know who shot him, nor can he recall any incident prior to it where a man was running by him with a shotgun pointed in his direction.

In regard to the question as to the blue construction type hats being worn by some of the demonstrators of his group, [redacted] advised that it was his understand that they used these construction hats as protection as they were afraid they might be attached by the police during the march.

[redacted] advised that it was also his understanding that people who had viewed these films carefully had identified one of the members of the KKK and Nazis as pointing out individuals to be shot, and then this was followed by a large volume of gunfire.

That portion of the film was played for [redacted] In each instance, he identified the individual pointing up the street as being [redacted] He stated this was the part of the film in which he understood [redacted] was pointing at individuals as possible targets.

In viewing the film and listening to the sound track, [redacted] concurred that at this time, there was no large volume of fire, but it was near the end of the shooting incident and there were but two or three additional shots fired at that time. Also, in viewing the film, it could be noted that the individuals slain on that date were already wounded and on the ground at the time of this pointing incident.

At the conclusion of the interview, [redacted] was asked if there was anything further which he wished to add to his interview and he advised that he wished to see the government conduct a thorough and detailed investigation of the shooting incident which occurred on November 3, 1979, and not to have any cover-ups. [redacted] was asked what specific investigation he would suggest be conducted by the Department of Justice into this area and he suggested the following:

1. A detailed interview of EDDIE DAWSON and the association of EDDIE DAWSON with the Greensboro Police Department and the FBI.

2. Detailed interview of Agent [redacted] from the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms agency and his dealings with the Nazi Party.

3. The cover-up where a portion of the statement furnished by [redacted] to the FBI and police was erased by the agents interviewing him.

4. The fact that MIKE SCHLOSSER, District Attorney, Guilford County, did not aggressively pursue the prosecution of these Klan members and also that an FBI Task Force leader, who had come from Washington, D.C., to control the task force initially had recommended the dismissal of all conspiracy charges against the KKK. [redacted] could not be specific as to what task force from the FBI he was discussing, but he indicated he understood that the head of the task force which had come from Washington had recommended to the local authorities that the conspiracy charges charging first degree murder against members of the KKK be dismissed.

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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
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		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS.

Date 12/17/81

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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44A-81521)
ATTENTION: SUPERVISOR [redacted]
CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT
ROOM 5131

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

GREENKIL

Enclosed herewith are six (6) copies of an FD-302 with [redacted] Three (3) copies of the FD-302 do not have the bottom portion of the first page or the file number on each page.

It should be noted the FD-302s without the administrative material indicated above has been the form used in the past in making the interview results available to CWP Attorneys.

Appropriate copies of this FD-302 should be made available immediately to Attorney [redacted] Civil Rights Division, United States Department of Justice.

2 Encs to New York
Bulnote 1/4/82
1 Enc FOCRD, USDS 0-70B 1/4/82
1 CRU

44-81521-208

23 JAN 7 1982

(2) - Bureau (Encs. 6)
1 - Charlotte

ENCLOSURE
ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

HPB:swl
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2TAP/JAC

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

23 JAN 20 1982

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44A-81521)
ATTENTION: SUPERVISOR [redacted]
CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT
ROOM 5131

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

GREENKIL

Enclosed herewith are six (6) copies of FD-302 with [redacted]

(Encs. 6)

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/bmc

ENCLOSURE

44-1-208

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 10/23/81 & 12/16/81

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP 2TAP/Sbr

[redacted] was interviewed at the Manhattan Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), 26 Federal Plaza, New York City, New York. [redacted] was accompanied by her attorneys, [redacted] of Chicago, Illinois, and [redacted] of New York City, New York. Also present during the interview, in addition to the two interviewing Special Agents of the FBI, was Attorney [redacted] of the United States Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, Washington, D. C.

At the initiation of the interview, [redacted] was advised of the identity of the two interviewing Agents as Special Agents of the FBI and [redacted] advised that the purpose of the interview was to obtain from [redacted] any information, knowledge, and observations she had as it relates to the shooting incident at Everitt and Carver Streets on November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that prior to the China Grove incident, which occurred on July 8, 1979, to her knowledge, there had been no prior confrontation between representatives of her group, the Worker's Viewpoint Organization (WVO); and members of the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) and Nazi Party. [redacted] advised that she and [redacted] did not demonstrate at the China Grove incident on July 8, 1979, as they were attending the [redacted]

[redacted] advised that from her personal efforts in Union organizing at the White Oak Plant, during the Spring of 1979, she knew the KKK was against their efforts to unionize the employees of that firm. She stated that the KKK attempted to disrupt their Union organizing efforts and that she had heard that Klan leaflets had been passed out in the plant but she, herself, had not seen any.

[redacted] described her efforts and her committee's efforts in the White Oak Plant as being an effort to build rank and file democracy in the existing Union and that she knew historically that the KKK was against Union activity. [redacted] advised that the Union organizing efforts were associated with the WVO, an organization she was associated with at that time.

[redacted] advised that sometime after the incident, which occurred at China Grove, the WVO began planning for a rally to be sponsored at Greensboro, North Carolina, with the theme to be anti-Klan. During the month of October, 1979, she was involved in passing out leaflets and in postering which were calling for the support of the WVO's effort to do educational work in exposing the nature of the Klan, and its links with the government and corporations. Through this education and the demonstration, it was hoped that the Klan as an organization would not be able to organize in the State of North Carolina and elsewhere. [redacted] advised that the leaflets being passed out to the community during this period were calling for a march by the people at Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979, to show the people's opposition to the KKK.

[redacted] also advised that during this period, October, 1979, she went throughout the Morning Side Neighborhood, and adjacent neighborhoods, and discussed with the residents of that community the forthcoming rally and march to be held in Greensboro on November 3, 1979. In the discussions with the residents of these neighborhoods, she discussed the purpose of the march and that the KKK was a racist organization that was anti-black, anti-Semitic, and that the Klan as an organization was increasing in its activity not only in North Carolina but throughout the United States. The march, which was to be held in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979, was to be a demonstration of popular support against Klan activity and also later to be an education and discussion session of those attending the rally and march. [redacted] advised that in these efforts, she talked both to black and white members of the community and that the purpose of selecting the Morning Side District, as well as other adjacent districts, was that these individuals and communities have historically been attacked by the Klan, and represented the working people in various industries around Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that she estimates that in talking with the people in these neighborhoods, she talked with approximately a 60 percent black ratio and a 40 percent white ratio. In addition to talking about the reasons for the march, she also consulted with these people in these neighborhoods as to not only their participation but also security which would be provided for them or which they could help in during this demonstration.

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[redacted] advised that she did not directly become involved in the plan for the parade nor in planning the route for the parade. She advised that the people who handled this segment of the demonstration were the people who were killed on November 3, 1979, and they included but were not limited to WILLIAM SAMPSON [redacted] JIM WALLER, and others. [redacted] identified [redacted] as also having been involved in the planning for and the route for the march.

[redacted] advised that on November 2, 1979, in the evening, there was a planning meeting conducted at the home of JIM WALLER and that this meeting was basically related to the necessary preparations for the sound truck, planning of the singing, the assembly area, and the parade route, and the parade permit. All these matters were discussed by those attending the meeting, and it was basically a final organization effort prior to November 3, 1979, planned march.

[redacted] advised that as of that date, it was known that the assembly area for this march would be at the intersection of Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, North Carolina, and that some public announcements had been made that the assembly area would be at Windsor Center. The purpose for these announcements that it would be Windsor Center as the original starting point was mainly one for security to prevent an incident like what happened from occurring, and also to have a location for out-of-towners to meet. It was also planned that the group at Everitt and Carver Street, which would be the main assembly area, would march by and pickup the groups at Windsor Center and therefore avoid having the groups at Windsor Center march over to Everitt and Carver Street and then back again past the Windsor Center. [redacted] advised that it was her understanding from this planning meeting and from the statements of [redacted] that the parade route and the parade permit properly identified the assembly area as being Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that on November 2, 1979, she does not recall nor did she participate in any of the press conferences that were called just prior to the November 3, 1979, planned rally.

In regard to the slogan "Death to the Klan," [redacted] advised that it was her understanding that this was a strong statement denouncing the KKK's racism, anti-Semitic attitude, and their anti-Union stance.

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[redacted] advised that she understood "Death to the Klan" to mean a destruction of the KKK as an organization and this demise would come through the people knowing what the Klan was really about and through this knowledge and public pressure, the KKK as an organization would cease to exist.

[redacted] advised that the Morning Side Community and similar communities, the Hampton Homes and Smith Homes, were selected in part because of the fact that they had been areas of anti-racist organizing work in the past and areas where work against police brutality had taken place.

[redacted] advised that the planned rally after the march was originally scheduled to be at the Pentecostal Church; however, due to external pressures, [redacted] and the Board of the Church denied them the right to use the church for their gathering. [redacted] advised that she understood from conversations with [redacted] that [redacted] and members of the Board of the Church, had complained that the church had received threatening telephone calls and that if the church was used as a meeting place for their organization, it would be blown up. In addition, other telephone calls exerting pressure on the church finally convinced its board members not to allow the church to be used for the gathering. [redacted] advised that the members of the church made a statement that they supported the WVO's anti-Klan rally but because of external pressures could not permit the WVO to use their church as their facility. [redacted] also advised that these telephone calls were anonymous telephone calls and no one was identified as having made them, and there was also allegedly some pressure brought upon the church by the police, but she knew no specifics. [redacted] advised that she was not present at this meeting where the church denied the use of their facilities and indicated [redacted] was.

On November 3, 1979, [redacted] advised that she [redacted] arrived in the vicinity of the Cosmos Club in Greensboro, North Carolina, at approximately 9:30 A.M. It was their responsibility to set up the building to be used for the conference and that she [redacted] with others, worked upon setting the chairs up, and bringing in the food.

En route to Everitt and Carver Street, [redacted] advised that she [redacted] picked up a young girl, who lived at Smith Homes, and then drove directly to Everitt and Carver Street. [redacted] advised that they went to that location in their car which she described as a [redacted] with North Carolina license [redacted] advised this vehicle was parked along Everitt Street and stated that they did not bring in the vehicle any equipment for the planned march.

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[redacted] advised that when they arrived at the location, she recalled that JIM WALLER, [redacted] MIKE NATHAN, and about 50 other people were present. [redacted] advised that [redacted] to her understanding was at the Windsor Center in the morning.

[redacted] advised that when they arrived at Everitt and Carver Street that people were singing with children and that others were working putting up posters and working on the sound truck. [redacted] identified [redacted] as working on the sound truck and CAESAR CAUCE was taking posters out of the truck.

[redacted] advised that Mr. CAUCE and [redacted] were not from the Greensboro area but had come over from Durham, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that between 10:30 A.M. and 11:15 A.M., most of their time was spent in preparing for the march and that they worked on the sound truck, and preparing placards, and passing out leaflets.

[redacted] advised that several members of the WVO had been selected to be marshals to help with the security in the parade and to help keep it orderly [redacted] as being one of the individuals which had been [redacted] later when viewing newsreel footage taken on November 3, 1979, identified those individuals wearing the blue or white construction type helmets as being designated marshals.

[redacted] advised that neither she, nor members of her group, were mainly concerned or fearful that their rally, march, and demonstration would be disrupted by the KKK, or Nazis. She advised they were more concerned about harassment by the police because in the past, their organization had been harassed by the police, and other demonstrations in North Carolina were often harassed by the police.

[redacted] advised that she did not have any personal knowledge of the contents of a letter which was afforded to the leadership of the Nazi and Klan organizations but did know of it through the release from public media. She advised that it was her interpretation that that was not a letter invitation for a confrontation between the opposing groups in Greensboro on November 3, 1979, but viewed it as a public denouncement of the Klan through the news and television media.

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[redacted] advised that prior to the shooting incident at Everitt and Carver Street, she had only seen one police cruiser in the vicinity between 10:30 and 11:15 A.M. on November 3, 1979. She stated that it was her understanding from [redacted] that [redacted] was to be met at the Morning Side Homes by a Police Captain who was to coordinate with [redacted] prior to the assembly and the march. She stated that it was her understanding that this Police Captain never showed up.

[redacted] advised that she had no personal knowledge nor did she observe any police cruiser come into the area and officer making inquiries to locate [redacted] prior to 11:15 A.M. on November 3, 1979.

[redacted] advised that it was her understanding that police protection would be afforded and would start at approximately 11:00 A.M. on November 3, 1979, and that the people would assemble and start their march at approximately 11:30 A.M.

[redacted] advised that shortly after 11:15 A.M., on November 3, 1979, [redacted] SANDY SMITH [redacted] of Carver and Everitt Street and were near [redacted] who had been singing with several of the neighborhood children. [redacted] advised that her first attention to a caravan of cars which was driving by on Everitt Street came when she heard shouts from the rear of one of the vehicles and the person was yelling, "Niggers, Commies, Kikes." [redacted] advised that she thought this vehicle was a large vehicle, green in color, and that the back window was open and there was a man shouting out the window. She advised that at that time she did not know who this individual was but as a result of later press coverage and identification of photographs, she knows the person to be RAEFORD CAUDLE. [redacted] advised that the vehicle was a second or third vehicle in this line and that CAUDLE was in the back seat shouting toward the crowd. She stated that she did not recall any reference to China Grove.

[redacted] advised that the first vehicle she could remember passing by that was part of that caravan was a pickup truck.

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[redacted] advised with the shouting from the occupant of this vehicle in the caravan, the people on the street began chanting, "Death to the Klan." She advised [redacted] SANDY SMITH were looking down Everitt Street where these vehicles were proceeding when she heard the screeching of brakes and a noise which sounded like a car had hit another car. She stated prior to this time, she had not seen anybody in the crowd strike or kick at any of the vehicles which were proceeding by her.

As she heard the sound of the screeching vehicle and looked in that direction, she advised that she observed a man leaning out the window of a pickup truck which was in front of this caravan and that he had a large, long barreled pistol in his hand. [redacted] advised it was from this area and it was this individual that she heard the first shot and could see the smoke coming from his weapon. She stated this shot was into the air.

At this time, [redacted] viewed two photographs of the incident which she had described to the interviewers, and she identified [redacted] as being the individual standing with the anti-Klan placard as the caravan began to pass; and the black male directly to his right as being [redacted] who was a supporter of the WVO but not a member who lived in or near the Morning Side Community.

[redacted] advised that after she heard the shot, and almost the same instance, she heard a fight break out behind them in the intersection of Carver and Everitt Street, and saw [redacted] as one of the individuals involved in the street fight. She advised that a number of the Klan and Nazi demonstrators had left their cars and had run up into the intersection and were beating the people with clubs and sticks.

She stated [redacted] the area and were fleeing up Carver Street, when [redacted] ran behind SANDY SMITH and struck SANDY SMITH across the back of the head with a big stick, and she slammed into the ground. [redacted] advised she watched [redacted] strike SMITH across the back of the head with this big stick and that she knew it was [redacted] after he had been identified through the news media. She advised that prior to that, she only knew it was a very large, white male with red hair, wearing a blue jean jacket and blue jeans. Later, he was identified in photographs as being [redacted]

[redacted] advised that SMITH fell to the ground [redacted] the arm and helped her to move back toward the Morning Side Center.

As they were moving back toward the Morning Side Center, she advised most of the Klansmen had left the intersection of Carver Street and were running back to their cars. She stated at this time she had not heard any additional shots other than the one she had described earlier [redacted] Community Center. She heard shots and as they passed the T.V. car she could observe [redacted] lying in the street and [redacted] were helping to pull her to a safe place.

[redacted] Ms. SMITH sitting on the walkway of the Community Center, not adjacent to the building, but near the front entrance. She stated that she then continued to run up Carver Street and was attempting to assist the children in front of her to find safety. She stated at this time, she was able to observe several members of the KKK and Nazi group armed with shotguns and pistols, approaching the people remaining in the intersection. She stated that from later identification, she could identify ROLAND WOOD as coming up Everitt Street toward Carver Street with a shotgun and knew he was firing the shotgun from the pump and action and also from the recoil of the weapon. She advised she also saw another individual but she could not recall his name, as running up the street with two pistols, acting like a cowboy, shooting with both hands.

[redacted] advised that neighborhood people then began to pull her, and the children who were running with her, into their houses and brought them to safety. She stated with her was [redacted] and other children who were taken into the homes of the people who offered them shelter.

[redacted] advised that the last time that she saw Ms. SMITH alive, Ms. SMITH was sitting behind the building near the entrance to the Morning Side Community Center entrance.

[redacted] advised that she believes she saw between five or six men with guns coming up Everitt Street shooting into the remaining people who were at the intersection on Carver Street and that after she was taken to safety inside the building, she did not observe anymore of the shooting incident.

[redacted] advised that she did not personally observe any members of her organization or demonstrators with their group fire a weapon on that date.

[redacted] advised that in conversation with [redacted] whom she described as a friend of herself and [redacted] told her that he was with [redacted]

She stated that [redacted] had kept a .38 caliber revolver [redacted] and that this was a licensed weapon registered [redacted] on November 3, 1979, and that did not find this out until later when [redacted] was arrrested in possession of [redacted]

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[redacted] told her after the shooting incident and after he had been released on bond from his arrest, that [redacted] had given him the weapon after he had been shot. [redacted] had told [redacted] that he and [redacted] were standing behind a T.V. truck and they had observed MIKE NATHAN shot down on Craver Street when he was running to assist the people who were helping [redacted] She stated that [redacted] also advised they had seen JIM WALLER shot down and also [redacted] and it was [redacted] Street who were shooting at the remaining people in the intersection. [redacted] advised that [redacted] was shot during a large volume of fire which came toward the T.V. truck. The truck was parked on Carver Street. After [redacted] to [redacted]

[redacted] advised that [redacted] did not state to her whether or not he had fired any shots after [redacted] had given him the weapon, and she did not recall whether or not all the rounds in the weapon had been discharged at the time [redacted] had been arrested.

[redacted] dvised that she at no time had seen any shotgun in possession of [redacted] nor did she see a shotgun in his vehicle which was parked at the corner of Everitt Street in the intersection of Carver Street.

[redacted] advised that [redacted] after the shooting incident [redacted] at some of the KKK and Nazis who were on Everitt Street after they had been shooting into the people in the intersection of Carver Street. [redacted] also advised that [redacted] one shot toward the KKK and Nazis and that was when he was across the street adjacent to and near a T.V. cameraman. She stated he only fired one shot because his weapon, which she believed to be a Darringer had jammed and he could not fire again.

In regards to [redacted] firing her weapon, she stated that [redacted] had told her that JIM WALLER had been shot and was on the ground when [redacted] the direction of the KKK and demonstrators on Everitt Street. [redacted] advised she could not recall any other member of her group acknowledging to her

that they had fired a weapon during this shooting incident on November 3, 1979. [redacted] advised she did not know how many shots were fired other than what she [redacted] She acknowledged this could be anywhere from six to ten shots as two of the weapons were revolvers and one was a Darringer.

[redacted] advised that she also did not know nor did she observe or hear about any incident in which JIM WALLER was involved in a fight over possession of a shotgun with members of the KKK or Nazi group.

[redacted] also advised that in her conversations with [redacted] that he had not given her any information as to his observation of this shooting incident. [redacted] advised that she had received information from some person, that they believe SANDY SMITH was struck by a bullet when she had put her head around the corner of the building at the Morning Side Community Center, but she could not recall where this information came from.

From a review of photographs of the scene, [redacted] identified [redacted] as being one of the first individuals who came to the aid of SANDY SMITH after the firing had stopped.

[redacted] reviewed the T.V. films recorded on November 3, 1979, by Channel 11, Channel 12, and Channel 2. [redacted] identified the various individuals she recognized in this film as to their location at the time just prior to and during the shooting incident. [redacted] advised after reviewing these films that she apparently had not run directly on Carver Street in seeking safety in the Morning Side Center area but had apparently cut across the grass. She stated that she did not observe [redacted] Ms. SMITH toward safety. She also stated that she could not observe Ms. SMITH being struck with a stick in the film footage. From the film footage, [redacted] was also able to identify ROLAND WOOD as being the individual she observed walking up Everitt Street, toward Carver, firing a shotgun; and also identified [redacted] who was standing in Everitt Street, firing a rifle as being the individual who struck Ms. SMITH.

After reviewing the film footage, interview of [redacted] came to a conclusion.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
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PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
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- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 1/11/82

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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAT/JAC

Per request of Departmental Attorney, [redacted] U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Section, the records and reports of the Greensboro, N.C. Police Department were inventoried, in addition to the physical evidence which is in the custody of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Guilford County, Greensboro, N.C. The Property Room of the Greensboro, N.C. PD contains approximately 24 large boxes of records, documents and reports which have been accumulated by the police department during the course of their investigation into captioned matter. In addition, there are numerous schematics, diagrams, crime scene sketches and photographs, some of which cover the entire length of an average 12x9 wall.

The majority of the artists conceptions were completed by the FBI Exhibits Section, Washington, D.C.

[redacted] has advised that all of this material and physical evidence obtained by the Greensboro, N.C. PD would be pertinent to the Department's investigation and at some date in the near future, he and another Departmental Attorney will be required to view all of the above material for possible presentation to a Federal Grand Jury.

(2) - Bureau
2 - Charlotte
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1/21/82 Tel call from CE advised to disregard previous airtel - no further action necessary 1/4-81 521-209 SAX

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Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
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PRECEDENCE:
☐ Immediate
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CLASSIFICATION:
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☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 44A-3527

[redacted] at this time cannot advise whether the Department of Justice, Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Civil Rights Division, will authorize a FGJ inquiry, however, [redacted] expects in the near future that a decision will be made.

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The course of this investigation to date strongly indicates that a FGJ will be impaneled to hear evidence on this matter and if it does, a substantial logistical burden will be placed upon the Greensboro Office of the FBI to assist in the preparation of this presentation.

The Greensboro Resident Agency is located at the Guilford-Jamestown Road, off I-40, Greensboro, N.C., and is centrally located between Winston-Salem and Greensboro, N.C. It is presently staffed by 10 agent personnel to include one supervisor, one Special Clerk and two stenographers. The space available is adequate for the needs of the above personnel, however, it is not capable of supporting and storing the records and documents and physical evidence which will necessarily be accumulated during the course of any FGJ inquiry into this incident.

As a matter of course, Federal Grand Juries in the Middle District of N.C., alternate each month and hear evidence between Greensboro and Winston-Salem, N.C. Therefore, any additional space required would be ideally situated at the Greensboro RA present location.

At present, there is additional space adjacent to and sharing a joint wall with the Greensboro RA at the Friendship Center where it is located.

The use of this space, which is approximately 450 square feet, would facilitate the implementation of security devices as it shares an adjoining wall, and security system as well as telephone system can be connected with nominal additional expense.

Inquiry has been conducted into the expenses which would be incurred for the rental of this adjacent space for the

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
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PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 44A-3527

purpose of setting up an additional office, specifically for the preparation and presentation of this investigation to a FGJ.

The following is a summary of expenses which would be incurred:

Space rental, 450 square feet

3 desks -

2 credenzas -

2 legal fireproof cabinets -

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Phones and security would be established with existing office, and would be a nominal additional expense.

It is expected that the total cost of operation for the additional space would not exceed per month and if a FGJ was convened, and an indictment returned, it is estimated that this would take approximately one year.

Therefore, the total expenses which would be incurred for a FGJ inquiry and subsequent prosecution is expected to be an additional for the year 1982.

The above information is being furnished FBIHQ for discussion with USDJ Departmental Attorneys as to the appropriateness of obtaining such space, based upon their ultimate decision as to whether or not to proceed with this matter to a FGJ.

It is the recommendation of SAC Charlotte that the above expenses to be incurred for a FGJ inquiry and subsequent prosecution be paid for by the Department of Justice rather than by FBIHQ or the Charlotte Division.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

AIRTEL

1/4/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - [redacted] b6 b7C

SACs, Charlotte (44-3527)
New York (100-182893)

GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/JAC

Enclosed for New York are two copies each of the following:

1. FD-302 reflecting interviews of [redacted] indicating transcription dates of 10/23/81 and 12/16/81.

2. FD-302, Number 1, reflecting interview of [redacted] indicating transcription dates of 10/30/81 and 12/17/81.

3. FD-302, Number 2, reflecting a second interview of [redacted] indicating transcription dates of 11/2/81 and 12/17/81. b6 b7C b7D

4. Letter dated 12/22/81 from the Civil Rights Division, USDJ to [redacted] Greensboro Defense Fund.

Enclosed for Charlotte are two copies of the Departmental letter to [redacted]

For information of New York, SA's of the Charlotte Division interviewed [redacted] on 10/20/81 at the New York Office. Her interview was reduced to an FD-302 and forwarded by the Department to [redacted] for review and any necessary revisions. Revisions have been made and the FD-302 has been retyped. The enclosed FD-302 has had the administrative information deleted at the bottom. The original FD-302 with administrative information at the bottom is in possession of the Charlotte Division.

MAILED 5
JAN - 4 1982
FBI

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
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2 - Charlotte (Enclosures)
2 - New York (Enclosures)

44-81521-290

5 JAN 6 1982

EEH/mst (6)

MAIL ROOM

Airtel to SACs Charlotte and New York
RE: GREENKIL

[redacted] was interviewed on two occasions, 10/19/81 and 10/26/81. Separate FD-302's were prepared and forwarded to [redacted] for review and any revisions. These FD-302's have been retyped as above.

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New York contact [redacted] through Attorney [redacted] Greensboro Defense [redacted] Broadway, New York, New York 10003, telephone number [redacted] or [redacted] American Civil Liberties Union, telephone number [redacted] should review and initial each page of the enclosed FD-302's. Request of both that they add a hand-written statement to the effect that they have reviewed the reports of their interviews and concur with the information contained in the report. Last minute changes or corrections may be made and initialed. Handle as you would a signed statement.

Furnish a copy of the signed interview report to both Sampson and Bermanzohn.

New York complete investigation within 7 days of receipt of this communication and su LHM to FBIHQ and Charlotte. Forward original signed report forms to Charlotte for retention in 1A file.

AIRTEL

1/27/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SACs, Charlotte (44-3527)
New York (44-3149)

1 - [redacted] b6 b7C

GREENKIL
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Bureau airtel to Charlotte, 1/4/82.

The Civil Rights Division, U. S. Department of Justice has advised that Attorney [redacted] Greensboro Defense Fund, representing [redacted] has contacted the Department concerning the request by the New York Office to have [redacted] sign the statements prepared by the Charlotte Office. Attorne[redacted] has requested that copies of the final statements be forwarded to him at the Greensboro Defense Fund Offices, 853 Broadway, Room 1912, New York, N. Y.

The Department has no objection to forwarding copies of the statement to Attorney [redacted] however the signing of the statements by [redacted] must be witnessed by a Special Agent. b6 b7C b7D

New York forward copies of the [redacted] statements to [redacted] for review. Thereafter, arrange for the signing of the statements pursuant to instructions set forth in referenced airtel.

Promptly advise FBIHQ when statements are signed.

44-81521-221

MAILED 14
JAN 27 1982
FBI

DFH/mst (6)
MST

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DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2TAW/cc

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FM NEW YORK (100-182893) (M-11)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) ROUTINE

BT

U N C L A S

GREENKIL.

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FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

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REBUREAUAIRTEL TO NEW YORK, DATED JANUARY 4, 1982.

ON JANUARY 25, 1982, AND AGAIN ON FEBRUARY 1, 1982, [redacted] AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION, ADVISED THAT SHE HAS BEEN TRYING TO CONTACT [redacted] TO ARRANGE FOR THEM TO REVIEW THEIR RESPECTIVE FD-302S.

[redacted] ADVISED THAT [redacted] HAS BEEN OUT OF TOWN AND THAT HE IS DUE BACK ON FEBRUARY 1, 1982, THEREFORE SHE ANTICIPATES THAT BOTH [redacted] WILL APPEAR AT THE NYO OF THE FBI DURING THE WEEK OF FEBRUARY 1, 1982.

44-81521-212

NEW YORK WILL COMPLETE INVESTIGATION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND SUBMIT LHM TO FBIHQ AND CHARLOTTE.

BT

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FEB 8 1982

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FM NEW YORK (44-3149) (M-11)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) ROUTINE

BT

U N C L A S

GREENKIL, QQ: CHARLOTTE.

REBUREATEL TO CHARLOTTTE, DATED JANUARY 27, 1982.

ON FEBRUARY 12, 1982, [redacted], AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION, 132 WEST 43RD STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, ACCEPTED RECEIPT OF ONE COPY EACH OF FD-302 INTERVIEWS OF [redacted] ON OCTOBER 19, 1981, AND OCTOBER 26, 1981, AND ONE COPY OF FD-302 INTERVIEW OF [redacted]

[redacted] ADVISED THAT SHE WOULD EXPEDITIOUSLY REVIEW ABOVE DOCUMENTS AND ARRANGE FOR INTERVIEWEES TO COME TO THE NYO OF THE FBI TO SIGN THE DOCUMENTS IN THE PRESENCE OF A SPECIAL AGENT.

THE NYO WILL ADVISE FBIHQ WHEN DOCUMENTS ARE SIGNED.

BT

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

PAGE 1 OF 1

2/26/82	UNCLAS	PRIORITY

AM FM DIRECTOR FBI (44-815213)

TO TO FBI CHARLOTTE (44-35273) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

CO GREENKIL; OO: CHARLOTTE

ON FEBRUARY 26, 1982, ATTORNEY [redacted] CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, REQUESTED THAT SA [redacted] ATTEND A MEETING WITH DEPARTMENTAL ATTORNEYS, AUSA [redacted], GREENSBORO, N. C., AND FBIHQ SUPERVISORY PERSONNEL TO DETERMINE THRUST OF FEDERAL GRAND JURY SCHEDULED [redacted] AND FURTHER INVESTIGATIVE STEPS IN CAPTIONED MATTER. MEETING IS SCHEDULED FOR 9:00 A.M., MARCH 3, 1982, AT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, WASHINGTON, D.C.

FBIHQ CONCURS WITH REQUEST AND APPROVES TRAVEL FOR SA [redacted]

BT

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2 TAP/ei

APPROVED	ENCRYPTED	DATE	TIME	CLASS
JS/H	EEH:DJW(2)	2/26/82	5131/6	4272

PLEASE RETURN TO [redacted], ROOM 5131

44-815213-214

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS CENTER
FEB 26 1982

MAR 3 1982

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

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- ☐ TOP SECRET
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- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 2/23/82

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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

GREENKILL

(X)

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of City of Greensboro, North Carolina Police Department letter dated 2/8/82.

The Bureau is requested to furnish this bill to Attorney [redacted] USDJ, for payment.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2 TAP/cc

ENCLOSURE

enc bill detached and processed in Voucher Unit 3/4/82

2-Bureau (Enc. 2)
2-Charlotte (44A-3527)
TJB/jmg
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[redacted]
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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

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Date 2/26/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)

FROM: ADIC, NEW YORK (44-3149) (RUC) (M-11)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
00:CE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2 JAP/cw

ReBureauairtels to New York, dated 1/4/82 and 1/27/82, and NYtelcal to the Bureau, on 2/22/82.

Enclosed for Charlotte are the signed copies of two FD-302 interviews of [redacted] on 10/19/81 and 10/26/81 and signed copy of FD-302 interview of [redacted] on 10/20/81. Enclosed for the Bureau are xeroxed copies of above statements.

On 2/19/82, [redacted] appeared at the NYO of the FBI, 26 Federal Plaza, New York, New York, accompanied by their attorney, [redacted] Greensboro Defense Fund, 853 Broadway, New York, New York.

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After reviewing FD-302 statements and making minor changes, [redacted] signed their respective interviews in the presence of SA [redacted] of the NYO.

No further investigation remains in the NYO, therefore, this case is being RUC'd.

44-81521-216

ENCLOSURE

2-Bureau (Encls.7)
2-Charlotte (44-3527) (Encls.4)
1-New York

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 11/2/81 & 12/17/81

[redacted] was interviewed at the New York Office of the FBI, 26 Federal Plaza, New York City, New York, relative to his knowledge and observation of the shooting incident which occurred on November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina. This was a continuation of an interview which had commenced on October 19, 1981, and due to a prior appointment, concluded at approximately 4:00 P.M. on that date.

Present during this interview were the interviewing Agents, and [redacted] Departmental Attorney, Civil Rights Section, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., and [redacted] attorneys, [redacted] and [redacted] who had accompanied [redacted] on October 19, 1981, was not present and had forwarded his apologies through [redacted] that he would be unavailable to attend this interview.

At the beginning of the interview, [redacted] advised [redacted] and his attorneys of the nature of the interview and that the inquiry was being conducted at the request of the Department of Justice relative to their on-going investigation into the shooting incident which occurred on November 3, 1979.

[redacted] advised that on November 2, 1979, the evening prior to the march and rally at Greensboro, there was a meeting of approximately 15 to 20 people in Durham, North Carolina, relative to discussions involving the parade route, the making and preparation of the signs, the cutting of the sticks in accordance with the parade permit stipulations, and the preparation of leaflets for distribution. [redacted] advised this meeting took place at what is now being designated as the Caesar Cauce and Mike Nathan Bookstore at Durham, North Carolina.

[redacted] recalled that CAESAR CAUCE was present but could not recall the names of all the individuals who participated.

[redacted] advised that he did not know whether or not there was a similar meeting being conducted at Greensboro,

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DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2 TAP/ai

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE

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North Carolina, on this same date relative to organization for the rally and parade in Greensboro.

In regard to his knowledge as to where to meet in Greensboro, he advised that CAUCE was the contact with the groups at Greensboro, and it was his understanding that the assembly area would be at Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, North Carolina. Some of the people coming to the rally would meet at the Windsor Community Center and then as the group marched by from Everitt and Carver Street, they would pick up the other people at the Windsor Community Center.

[redacted] advised that his understanding for the assembly at the Windsor Community Center was because this was a more identifiable location in Greensboro, just off Lee Street, and therefore, people coming in from out of town would have less difficulty locating that area rather than the Everitt and Carver Street location. [redacted] advised that he did not recall seeing any written information regarding the exact route nor did he have a copy of the parade permit on that date, however, knew on November 1, 1979, that they had a legal parade permit although he had not personally seen it.

On the morning of November 3, 1979, [redacted] advised that [redacted] traveled to Greensboro, North Carolina, in [redacted] which at that time had North Carolina license [redacted] advised that he could not recall the middle number of the license plate numbers.

[redacted] advised that he arrived at WALLER's residence somewhere between 10:00 and 11:00 AM on the morning of November 3, 1979, and that they stayed at that location a short period of time. Other individuals who came from Durham also went to WALLER's house as an initial meeting place.

[redacted] advised that he talked to WALLER on that date but it was just casual talk as they were friends and he believes they may have had coffee with him at the residence. [redacted] could not recall whether or not CAUCE was at Dr. WALLER's house at the same time.

[redacted]

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[redacted] advised that following their visit to WALLER's house, they then left and went to the Summit Shopping Center at approximately 10:30 A.M. The purpose of going to the shopping center was to buy some batteries for the small walkie-talkies they were carrying and they also stopped and had some coffee.

[redacted] advised that it was his understanding that they were to meet approximately one-half hour before the march, that is at approximately 11:30 A.M. on the morning of November 3, 1979, at Everitt and Carver Street and that the march would start at approximately 12:00 noon.

In regard to a question as to whether or not he knew of any information regarding an invitation extended to the KKK to attend the rally and march being sponsored by the WVO at Greensboro, [redacted] acknowledged that he did. He stated it was his understanding that on the back of a leaflet, some individual who he did not know, wrote an open letter to the leadership of the KKK. This open letter was an invitation to the KKK to come and face the wrath of the people, however, since he was not personally involved, he does not know who was the author of this letter.

This letter was in response to the formation by the Klan and the Nazis of a group designated as the United Racist Front. According to the Raleigh News and Observer, the formation of this United Racist Front took place sometime between September 20 and 22, 1979, at a combined meeting held on the outskirts of Raleigh, North Carolina. As a result of the efforts by the Klan and Nazis to form this United Front the new group issued public statements. The letter was prepared after the issuance of these public statements and served as the WVO's answer. [redacted] did not know if the letter was actually delivered to the leadership of the Klan or Nazis. It may have just been delivered to the public news media.

[redacted] advised it was his understanding from public statements made by [redacted] that they had no intentions of coming to the November 3 rally and march in Greensboro.

[redacted] advised that after China Grove, the Klan had made no public announcements relative to their activities, except that he specifically recalls that the Klan leaders stated in the public media that they would not attend the November 3rd rally. He believes that [redacted] made such statements.

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was asked whether or not he was aware of the different Klan groups in existence and he advised that from reading in the public news media and from personal research at the library, and other reading, he had become familiar with the history of the Klan and of its various factions. He identified those factions as being the Federal Knights of the KKK, the White Knights of Liberty, and others to include the Nazis and other break-away units.

was also familiar with the leadership of the Klan and the names of and

also advised the interviewers that it was reported by the news media, the Greensboro Daily News, in an article on June 28, 1980, that the Treasury Agent who was undercover with the Nazi Party, had offered to drive the

advised that he had no idea that an undercover Agent was in the Nazis and the KKK on November 3, 1979.

advised that he expected this rally and march to be a non-violent march and to be basically an educational and organizing conference to educate people against the racism of the KKK.

advised it was his understanding initially that the All Nations Penecostal Church would be used as the conference area after the finish of the march, however, did not know the reasons for the cancellation and indicated that this information had been given by to on November 1, 1979. advised that they left WALLER's home at approximately 10:30 A.M. to the Summit Avenue Shopping Center where they bought some batteries for their walkie-talkies and had some coffee. Shortly thereafter, they arrived at the Morningside Homes and estimated that at the time they arrived at Everitt and Carver Street, there was a racially mixed group of between 50 and 60 people in the area. advised that was standing near the Community Center with a group of people and children singing, and some of the people were helping put posters on and around the sound truck.

[redacted] advised that he had a brief conversation with reporters at this location, and recalls that shortly thereafter, SANDY SMITH made a comment to them that she was surprised there was no police in the area.

[redacted] advised that he expected to see a number of police in this assembly area and throughout the parade route. He stated that they did not anticipate trouble and what trouble they did anticipate, he believed would have come from the police. [redacted] advised that the police had already attempted to disrupt their organization of this march by tearing down posters and, therefore, he was surprised by not seeing the police present at Everitt and Carver Street on that morning. [redacted] stated that the police should have anticipated trouble and that in most other cities that he is familiar with, the police are usually at the location of such a demonstration an hour or so in advance of the assembly time.

[redacted] advised that he could recall making no statement regarding the police being there or not being there in the public media and that while it was his expectation they would be there an hour or so prior to the march, he had no prior experience in dealing with the Greensboro Police Department. [redacted] advised that he expected if there would be any trouble, it would probably be after the march ~~and~~ or ~~not~~ prior to it. [redacted]

In regard to the statements made by [redacted] that the police were the disruptive force and they did not want the police disrupting their march on November 3, 1979, he stated that [redacted] did make such statements to the Police Department in the public media. He further stated that he heard [redacted] state on television that "The police never do what I say do."

[redacted] advised that he never recalled seeing any police officer come to the Everitt and Carver Street location, prior to this shooting incident.

[redacted] advised that as he was standing on Everitt Street, near the intersection of Carver, he became aware of a line of vehicles starting to pass the area where they were assembling. The vehicles were occupied by white people and he recalled that one of the individuals leaned out of the window and shouted something about China Grove.

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[redacted] advised he also recalls seeing EDDIE DAWSON in one of these vehicles and believes he was a passenger sitting in the passenger side in one of the sedans that passed him. When asked how he recognized EDDIE DAWSON, [redacted] advised that he first recalled seeing DAWSON on the November 1, 1979, press conference. He stated he did not know hiw name at that time but did recall his face as he seemed out of place at the press conference.

[redacted] advised that after the press conference on November 1, 1979, he walked over to DAWSON and engaged with him in conversation. DAWSON identified himself as being a local business contractor and made the general statement that he could not believe that the KKK would still be present and active in a city like Greensboro in this day and age. From this conversation, [redacted] advised that he believed DAWSON was giving the impression that he was on their side on that particular date. He stated, however, he was very skeptical of him and that something was definitely fishy about him when he was talking to him. He stated that [redacted] also joined them for a couple of minutes and then left.

Shortly after DAWSON left his location, he recalled seeing DAWSON talking to an individual who had come from the Police Department Headquarters and described this individual as wearing a gold trench coat but could not further identify him. He stated that he was approximately the same height as DAWSON and that he was of a more stocky build. He also recalled this individual had sandy brown hair, and was ~~possibly~~ wearing metal frame glasses, ~~because of the reflection of the sunlight off the edges of them.~~ This individual gave [redacted] a pink sheet of paper, which they exchanged several times.

[redacted] advised that the next time he saw DAWSON was in the line of vehicles, which was part of the KKK caravan on November 3, 1979.

[redacted] advised that after the person in one of these vehicles yelled something about China Grove, others started yelling, Kill the Kikes, Kill the Niggers, and he recalled looking down the street and saw an individual leaning out of a pick-up truck. He stated this individual had a hand gun in his hand, and fired a single shot into the air.

[redacted]

[redacted] advised that just prior to that incident, the group that he was with had been chanting, Death to the Klan, however, he, himself, did not see any disturbance prior to this incident where the shot was fired. He stated following that shot, some people in the crowd did hit one or two of the vehicles with sticks or their feet.

[redacted] advised shortly after that, there was more gunfire and all the people were running up Carver Street. [redacted] advised that he ran back up Carver Street, and across the street and sought cover near one of the buildings.

[redacted] advised that all this happened in a matter of a few seconds, and therefore, he cannot be specifically detailed as to exactly what happened in each instance. He stated that all he could recall was the volume of gunfire, and the fact that he ran across Carver Street and then stood against the buildings on the opposite side of the street.

[redacted] advised the next thing he recalled was he remembered CESAR CAUCE on the lawn section near where he was standing and there were five or six people around him beating him. He recalls one hit him with a very large stick, and at approximately this time, he began to run towards CAUCE to assist him. [redacted] advised that at this time, he did have a placard in his hand but nothing else and as he was moving to assist CAUCE, something hit him and knocked him off his feet.

[redacted] advised at that time he did not know CAUCE had already been shot, but later learned from watching the films of the shooting incident.

[redacted] advised that after he was knocked off his feet, he tried to but he could not get up. He stated that he heard shooting around him, but could not recall anybody being nearby or around him. He stated that he learned afterwards that WALLER [redacted]

[redacted] advised that he recalls hearing a tremendous amount of gunfire, and when it stopped, he kept thinking that he wanted to get up and help. He stated that

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he heard people [redacted] he wanted to help the others but initially could not understand why he could not get up to assist them. He stated at that time, he began to realize that he may have been shot but did not know the extent of his injuries. [redacted]

He stated he heard conversations OR YELLING around him clearly to the effect that JIM was dead, that SANDY was dead, and then he recalled [redacted] and began talking to him. [redacted] advised that after a period of time his vision became blurred because of the swelling around his eyes from the injury he received, and he could no longer see what was taking place. [redacted] described his injuries as being a [redacted] also displayed to the interviewers the area of another gunshot wound to his [redacted]

[redacted] advised that while he was laying on the ground, during the large volume of firing, he did see and hear [redacted] fire some shots towards the KKK who had shot down CAUCE and the others. He stated that he did not know how many shots she had fired, however, did know she fired with a handgun. [redacted] advised that also from conversation he recalls that [redacted] also fired some shot from a Derringer and then the gun jammed. It was his understanding from their conversation that he was across the street near one of the TV cameramen when he fired that one shot in the direction of the KKK vehicles that were then fleeing the area.

[redacted] advised that while he was at the assembly, neither he [redacted] had any weapons in their possession. He advised that he did own a weapon, a .12 gauge shotgun and also a .38 caliber revolver but these were at his residence in Durham, North Carolina, and that he did not bring them with him to this assembly.

[redacted] advised that to his knowledge, Dr. WALLER, with whom he went to this assembly area at Everitt and Carver Street, also had no weapons. He stated that he was not aware that anybody at this assembly had weapons, either opened or concealed. He stated that he did not see any shotgun in [redacted] pickup truck and did not know that [redacted] had brought a weapon with him until after this incident had occurred.

[redacted]

[redacted] advised that he also became aware of the fact after the shooting incident that WILLIAM SAMPSON had fired in the direction of the KKK and that he was shot in the chest when he was standing near the Channel 12 News truck. According to statements he had heard, WILLIAM SAMPSON was firing at the KKK at the time he was struck, and understood that [redacted] had taken the gun after SAMPSON was struck. He stated he did not know whether or not [redacted] had fired.

In examining the possible number of gunshots fired by members of his group, [redacted] advised that if the three individuals who had fired a weapon, [redacted] and [redacted] could not have fired more than 13 shots. [redacted] advised that at no time did he see any members of his group in possession of a shotgun or rifle, and at no time in conversation after the shooting incident did anybody in their group ever discuss firing a shotgun or a rifle in the direction of the KKK.

In reviewing the films with [redacted] advised that he had no recollection whatsoever of the street fight which occurred in the intersection of Everitt and Carver Street. In reviewing the films, [redacted] advised that the white male with the dark hair which appears on the slow motion films in the center of Carver Street, does appear from the coloring to be him, however, he does not recall that incident whatsoever and cannot be sure whether that is him or not. [redacted] also advised in reviewing the films with the interviewers, that he did not recall the incident nor did he observe the incident where demonstrators struck vehicles of the KKK after passing by in the caravan. He stated his first recollection of that was after the first shot was fired by the individual who leaned out of the pickup truck.

[redacted] in viewing the films, identified himself standing adjacent to the building on Carver Street in the vicinity where CAUCE was involved in a fight with three or four members of the KKK. [redacted] advised that this was the incident that he recalled and it was at this time that he was attempting to come to CAUCE's assistance when he got shot. [redacted] advised that he does not know who shot him, nor can he recall any incident prior to it where a man was running by him with a shotgun pointed in his direction.

[redacted]

3. The cover-up where a portion of the statement furnished by [redacted] to the FBI and police was erased by the agents interviewing him.

4. The fact that MIKE SCHLOSSER, District Attorney, Guilford County, did not aggressively pursue the prosecution of these Klan members and also that an FBI Task Force leader, who had come from Washington, D.C., to control the task force initially had recommended the dismissal of all conspiracy charges against the KKK. [redacted] could not be specific as to what task force from the FBI he was discussing, but he indicated he understood that the head of the task force which had come from Washington had recommended to the local authorities that the conspiracy charges charging first degree murder against members of the KKK be dismissed.

[redacted]

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I have reviewed this eleven (11) page report, have initialled all corrections, and swear with the information contained in the report.

[redacted]

"WITNESS": [redacted] S.A. F.B.I. N.Y.

N.Y. N.Y. 2/19/82.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 10/23/81 & 12/16/81

[redacted] was interviewed at the Manhattan Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), 26 Federal Plaza, New York City, New York. [redacted] was accompanied by her attorneys, [redacted] of Chicago, Illinois, and [redacted] of New York City, New York. Also present during the interview, in addition to the two interviewing Special Agents of the FBI, was Attorney [redacted] of the United States Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, Washington, D. C.

At the initiation of the interview [redacted] was advised of the identity of the two interviewing Agents as Special Agents of the FBI and [redacted] advised that the purpose of the interview was to obtain from [redacted] any information, knowledge, and observations she had as it relates to the shooting incident at Everitt and Carver Streets on November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that prior to the China Grove incident, which occurred on July 8, 1979, to her knowledge, there had been no prior confrontation between representatives of her group, the Worker's Viewpoint Organization (WVO); and members of the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) and Nazi Party. [redacted] advised that she and [redacted] did not demonstrate at the China Grove incident on July 8, 1979, as they were attending the [redacted]

[redacted] advised that from her personal efforts in Union organizing at the White Oak Plant, during the Spring of 1979, she knew the KKK was against their efforts to unionize the employees of that firm. She stated that the KKK attempted to disrupt their Union organizing efforts and that she had heard that Klan leaflets had been passed out in the plant but she, herself, had not seen any.

[redacted] described her efforts and her committee's efforts in the White Oak Plant as being an effort to build rank and file democracy in the existing Union and that she knew historically that the KKK was against Union activity. [redacted] advised that the Union organizing efforts were associated with the WVO, an organization she was associated with at that time.

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[redacted]

ENCLOSURE
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[redacted] advised that sometime after the incident, which occurred at China Grove, the WVO began planning for a rally to be sponsored at Greensboro, North Carolina, with the theme to be anti-Klan. During the month of October, 1979, she was involved in passing out leaflets and in postering which were calling for the support of the WVO's effort to do educational work in exposing the nature of the Klan, and its links with the government and corporations. Through this education and the demonstration, it was hoped that the Klan as an organization would not be able to organize in the State of North Carolina and elsewhere. [redacted] advised that the leaflets being passed out to the community during this period were calling for a march by the people at Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979, to show the people's opposition to the KKK.

[redacted] also advised that during this period, October, 1979, she went throughout the Morning Side Neighborhood, and adjacent neighborhoods, and discussed with the residents of that community the forthcoming rally and march to be held in Greensboro on November 3, 1979. In the discussions with the residents of these neighborhoods, she discussed the purpose of the march and that the KKK was a racist organization that was anti-black, anti-Semitic, and that the Klan as an organization was increasing in its activity not only in North Carolina but throughout the United States. The march, which was to be held in Greensboro, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979, was to be a demonstration of popular support against Klan activity and also later to be an education and discussion session of those attending the rally and march. [redacted] advised that in these efforts, she talked both to black and white members of the community and that the purpose of selecting the Morning Side District, as well as other adjacent districts, was that these individuals and communities have historically been attacked by the Klan, and represented the working people in various industries around Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that she estimates that in talking with the people in these neighborhoods, she talked with approximately a 60 percent black ratio and a 40 percent white ratio. In addition to talking about the reasons for the march, she also consulted with these people in these neighborhoods as to not only their participation but also security which would be provided for them or which they could help in during this demonstration.

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[redacted] advised that she did not directly become involved in the plan for the parade nor in planning the route for the parade. She advised that the people who handled this segment of the demonstration were the people who were killed on November 3, 1979, and they included but were not limited to WILLIAM SAMPSON, [redacted], JIM WALLER, and others. [redacted] identified [redacted] as also having been involved in the planning for and the route for the march.

[redacted] advised that on November 2, 1979, in the evening, there was a planning meeting conducted at the home of JIM WALLER and that this meeting was basically related to the necessary preparations for the sound truck, planning of the singing, the assembly area, and the parade route, and the parade permit. All these matters were discussed by those attending the meeting, and it was basically a final organization effort prior to November 3, 1979, planned march.

[redacted] advised that as of that date, it was known that the assembly area for this march would be at the intersection of Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, North Carolina, and that some public announcements had been made that the assembly area would be at Windsor Center. The purpose for these announcements that it would be Windsor Center as the original starting point was mainly one for security to prevent an incident like what happened from occurring, and also to have a location for out-of-towners to meet. It was also planned that the group at Everitt and Carver Street, which would be the main assembly area, would march by and pickup the groups at Windsor Center and therefore avoid having the groups at Windsor Center march over to Everitt and Carver Street and then back again past the Windsor Center. [redacted] advised that it was her understanding from this planning meeting and from the statements of [redacted] that the parade route and the parade permit properly identified the assembly area as being Everitt and Carver Street in Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that on November 2, 1979, she does not recall nor did she participate in any of the press conferences that were called just prior to the November 3, 1979, planned rally.

In regard to the slogan "Death to the Klan," [redacted] advised that it was her understanding that this was a strong statement denouncing the KKK's racism, anti-Semitic attitude, and their anti-Union stance.

[redacted]

[redacted] advised that she understood "Death to the Klan" to mean a destruction of the KKK as an organization and this demise would come through the people knowing what the Klan was really about and through this knowledge and public pressure, the KKK as an organization would cease to exist.

[redacted] advised that the Morning Side Community and similar communities, the Hampton Homes and Smith Homes, were selected in part because of the fact that they had been areas of anti-racist organizing work in the past and areas where work against police brutality had taken place.

[redacted] advised that the planned rally after the march was originally scheduled to be at the Pentecostal Church; however, due to external pressures, [redacted] and the Board of the Church denied them the right to use the church for their gathering. [redacted] advised that she understood from conversations with [redacted] that [redacted] members of the Board of the Church, had complained that the church had received threatening telephone calls and that if the church was used as a meeting place for their organization, it would be blown up. In addition, other telephone calls exerting pressure on the church finally convinced its board members not to allow the church to be used for the gathering. [redacted] advised that the members of the church made a statement that they supported the WVO's anti-Klan rally but because of external pressures could not permit the WVO to use their church as their facility. [redacted] also advised that these telephone calls were anonymous telephone calls and no one was identified as having made them, and there was also allegedly some pressure brought upon the church by the police, but she knew no specifics. [redacted] dvised that she was not present at this meeting where the church denied the use of their facilities and ~~indicated~~ [redacted] was.

[redacted] Atl. she believed

On November 3, 1979, [redacted] advised that she [redacted] arrived in the vicinity of the Cosmos Club in Greensboro, North Carolina, at approximately 9:30 A.M. It was their responsibility to set up the building to be used for the conference and that she [redacted] with others, worked upon setting the chairs up, and bringing in the food.

En route to Everitt and Carver Street, [redacted] advised that she [redacted] picked up a young girl, who lived at Smith Homes, and then drove directly to Everitt and Carver Street. [redacted] dvised that they went to that location in their car which she described as a [redacted] with North Carolina license [redacted] advised this vehicle was parked along Everitt Street and stated that they did not bring in the vehicle any equipment for the planned march.

[redacted]

[redacted] advised that when they arrived at the location, she recalled that JIM WALLER, [redacted] MIKE NATHAN, and about 50 other people were present. [redacted] advised that [redacted] to her understanding was at the Windsor Center in the morning.

[redacted] advised that when they arrived at Everitt and Carver Street that people were singing with children and that others were working putting up posters and working on the sound truck. [redacted] identified [redacted] as working on the sound truck and CAESAR CAUCE was taking posters out of the truck.

[redacted] advised that Mr. CAUCE and [redacted] were not from the Greensboro area but had come over from Durham, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that between 10:30 A.M. and 11:15 A.M., most of their time was spent in preparing for the march and that they worked on the sound truck, and preparing placards, and passing out leaflets.

[redacted] advised that several members of the WVO had been selected to be marshals to help with the security in the parade and to help keep it orderly and identified [redacted] as being one of the individuals which had been selected to be a parade marshal. [redacted] later when viewing newsreel footage taken on November 3, 1979, identified those individuals wearing the blue or white construction type helmets as being designated marshals.

[redacted] advised that neither she, nor members of her group, were mainly concerned or fearful that their rally, march, and demonstration would be disrupted by the KKK, or Nazis. She advised they were more concerned about harassment by the police because in the past, their organization had been harassed by the police, and other demonstrations in North Carolina were often harassed by the police.

[redacted] advised that she did not have any personal knowledge of the contents of a letter which was afforded to the leadership of the Nazi and Klan organizations but did know of it through the release from public media. She advised that it was her interpretation that that was not a letter invitation for a confrontation between the opposing groups in Greensboro on November 3, 1979, but viewed it as a public denouncement of the Klan through the news and television media.

[redacted]

[redacted] advised that prior to the shooting incident at Everitt and Carver Street, she had only seen one police cruiser in the vicinity between 10:30 and 11:15 A.M. on November 3, 1979. She stated that it was her understanding from [redacted], that [redacted] was to be met at the Morning Side Homes by a Police Captain who was to coordinate with [redacted] prior to the assembly and the march. She stated that it was her understanding that this Police Captain never showed up.

[redacted] advised that she had no personal knowledge nor did she observe any police cruiser come into the area and officer making inquiries to locate [redacted] prior to 11:15 A.M. on November 3, 1979.

[redacted] advised that it was her understanding that police protection would be afforded and would start at approximately 11:00 A.M. on November 3, 1979, and that the people would assemble and start their march at approximately 11:30 A.M.

[redacted] advised that shortly after 11:15 A.M., on November 3, 1979, she [redacted] of Carver and Everitt Street and were near [redacted] who had been singing with several of the neighborhood children. [redacted] advised that her first attention to a caravan of cars which was driving by on Everitt Street came when she heard shouts from the rear of one of the vehicles and the person was yelling, "Niggers, Commies, Kikes." [redacted] advised that she thought this vehicle was a large vehicle, green in color, and that the back window was open and there was a man shouting out the window. She advised that at that time she did not know who this individual was but as a result of later press coverage and identification of photographs, she knows the person to be RAEFORD CAUDLE. [redacted] advised that the vehicle was a second or third vehicle in this line and that CAUDLE was in the back seat shouting toward the crowd. She stated that she did not recall any reference to China Grove.

[redacted] advised that the first vehicle she could remember passing by that was part of that caravan was a pickup truck.

[redacted]

[redacted] advised with the shouting from the occupant of this vehicle in the caravan, the people on the street began chanting, "Death to the Klan." She advised that she and SANDY SMITH were looking down Everitt Street where these vehicles were proceeding when she heard the screeching of brakes and a noise which sounded like a car had hit another car. She stated prior to this time, she had not seen anybody in the crowd strike or kick at any of the vehicles which were proceeding by her.

As she heard the sound of the screeching vehicle and looked in that direction, she advised that she observed a man leaning out the window of a pickup truck which was in front of this caravan and that he had a large, long barreled pistol in his hand. [redacted] advised it was from this area and it was this individual that she heard the first shot and could see the smoke coming from his weapon. She stated this shot was into the air.

At this time, [redacted] viewed two photographs of the incident which she had described to the interviewers, and she identified [redacted] as being the individual standing with the anti-Klan placard as the caravan began to pass; and the black male directly to his right as being [redacted] who was a supporter of the WVO but not a member who lived in or near the Morning Side Community.

[redacted] advised that after she heard the shot, and almost the same instance, she heard a fight break out behind them in the intersection of Carver and Everitt Street, and saw [redacted] as one of the individuals involved in the street fight. She advised that a number of the Klan and Nazi demonstrators had left their cars and had run up into the intersection and were beating the people with clubs and sticks.

She stated [redacted] the area and were fleeing up Carver Street, when [redacted] ran behind SANDY SMITH and struck SANDY SMITH across the back of the head with a big stick, and she slammed into the ground. [redacted] advised she watched [redacted] strike SMITH across the back of the head with this big stick and that she knew it was [redacted] after he had been identified through the news media. She advised that prior to that, she only knew it was a very large, white male with red hair, wearing a blue jean jacket and blue jeans. Later, he was identified in photographs as being [redacted]

[redacted] advised that SMITH fell to the ground [redacted] the arm and helped her to move back toward the Morning Side Center.

As they were moving back toward the Morning Side Center, she advised most of the Klansmen had left the intersection of Carver Street and were running back to their cars. She stated at this time she had not heard any additional shots other than the one she had described earlier [redacted] Community Center. She heard shots and as they passed the T.V. car, she could observe [redacted] lying in the street and [redacted] were helping to pull her to a safe place [redacted] Ms. SMITH sitting on the walkway of the Community Center, not adjacent to the building, but near the front entrance. She stated that she then continued to run up Carver Street and was attempting to assist the children in front of her to find safety. She stated at this time, she was able to observe several members of the KKK and Nazi group armed with shotguns and pistols, approaching the people remaining in the intersection. She stated that from later identification, she could identify ROLAND WOOD as coming up Everitt Street toward Carver Street with a shotgun and knew he was firing the shotgun from the pump and action and also from the recoil of the weapon. She advised she also saw another individual but she could not recall his name, as running up the street with two pistols, acting like a cowboy, shooting with both hands.

[redacted] advised that neighborhood people then began to pull her, and the children who were running with her, into their houses and brought them to safety. She stated with her was [redacted] and other children who were taken into the homes of the people who offered them shelter.

[redacted] advised that the last time that she saw Ms. SMITH alive, Ms. SMITH was sitting behind the building near the entrance to the Morning Side Community Center entrance.

[redacted] advised that she believes she saw between five or six men with guns coming up Everitt Street shooting into the remaining people who were at the intersection on Carver Street and that after she was taken to safety inside the building, she did not observe anymore of the shooting incident.

[redacted] advised that she did not personally observe any members of her organization or demonstrators with their group in possession of ~~fire~~ a weapon on that date.

[redacted] A.C.

[redacted] advised that in conversation with [redacted] whom she described as a friend of herself and [redacted] told her that he was with [redacted]

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She stated that [redacted] had kept a .38 caliber revolver [redacted] and that this was a licensed weapon registered [redacted] on November 3, 1979, and that did not find this out until later when [redacted] was arrrested in possession of [redacted]

[redacted] told her after the shooting incident and after he had been released on bond from his arrest, that [redacted] had given him the weapon after he had been shot. [redacted] had told [redacted] that he and [redacted] were standing behind a T.V. truck and they had observed [redacted] shot down on Craver Street when he was running to assist the people who were helping [redacted] She stated that [redacted] also advised they had seen JIM WALLER shot down and also [redacted] and it was [redacted] Street who were shooting at the remaining people in the intersection. [redacted] advised that [redacted] was shot during a large volume of fire which came toward the T.V. truck. The truck was parked on Carver Street. [redacted]

[redacted] advised that [redacted] did not state to her whether or not he had fired any shots after [redacted] had given him the weapon, and she did not recall whether or not all the rounds in the weapon had been discharged at the time [redacted] had been arrested.

[redacted] advised that she at no time had seen any shotgun in possession of [redacted] nor did she see a shotgun in his vehicle which was parked at the corner of Everitt Street in the intersection of Carver Street.

[redacted] advised that [redacted] after the shooting incident, [redacted] at some of the KKK and Nazis who were on Everitt Street after they had been shooting into the people in the intersection of Carver Street. [redacted] also advised that [redacted] the KKK and Nazis and that was when he was across the street adjacent to and near a T.V. cameraman. She stated he only fired one shot because his weapon, which she believed to be a Darringer had jammed and he could not fire again.

In regards to [redacted] firing her weapon, she stated that [redacted] had told her that JIM WALLER had been shot and was on the ground when [redacted] at the direction of the KKK and demonstrators on Everitt Street. [redacted] advised she could not recall any other member of her group acknowledging to her [redacted]

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that they had fired a weapon during this shooting incident on November 3, 1979. [redacted] advised she did not know how many shots were fired other than what she [redacted] She acknowledged this could be anywhere from six to ten shots as two of the weapons were revolvers and one was a Darringer.

[redacted] advised that she also did not know nor did she observe or hear about any incident in which JIM WALLER was involved in a fight over possession of a shotgun with members of the KKK or Nazi group.

[redacted] also advised that in her conversations with [redacted] that he had not given her any information as to his observation of this shooting incident. [redacted] advised that she had received information from some person, that they believe SANDY SMITH was struck by a bullet when she had put her head around the corner of the building at the Morning Side Community Center, but she could not recall where this information came from.

From a review of photographs of the scene, [redacted] identified [redacted] as being one of the first individuals who came to the aid of SANDY SMITH after the firing had stopped.

[redacted] reviewed the T.V. films recorded on November 3, 1979, by Channel 11, Channel 12, and Channel 2. [redacted] identified the various individuals she recognized in this film as to their location at the time just prior to and during the shooting incident. [redacted] advised after reviewing these films that she apparently had not run directly on Carver Street in seeking safety in the Morning Side Center area but had apparently cut across the grass. She stated that she did not observe [redacted] Ms. SMITH toward safety. She also stated that she could not observe Ms. SMITH being struck with a stick in the film footage. From the film footage, [redacted] was also able to identify ROLAND WOOD as being the individual she observed walking up Everitt Street, toward Carver, firing a shotgun; and also identified [redacted] who was standing in Everitt Street, firing a rifle as being the individual who struck Ms. SMITH.

After reviewing the film footage, interview of [redacted] came to a conclusion.

[redacted]

WITNESS [redacted] SA, FBI

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription 10/30/81 & 12/17/

[redacted] was interviewed at the New York Office of the FBI, 26 Federal Plaza, New York City, New York. Present during the interview besides the interviewing Agents were [redacted], Attorney, U. S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, and [redacted] was accompanied by his attorneys [redacted]

At the outset of the interview, Departmental Attorney [redacted] advised [redacted] and his counsel that this interview was being conducted by agreement between [redacted] another attorney of [redacted] and with the understanding that the purpose of the interview was to assist the Department of Justice in its continuing investigation into the shooting incident which occurred on November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina. [redacted] was advised that the interviews would be conducted by the Special Agents of the FBI who were identified to [redacted] by name, and that copies of the reports filed from these interviews would be furnished to [redacted] through his counsel for review and concurrence.

[redacted] advised that it came to his attention, as well as other members in his organization, that there was an increase in the growth of the Ku Klux Klan (KKK), not only in the State of North Carolina, but in other states in the United States. [redacted] stated that through the public news media, he became aware of the fact that a recruiting drive was being contemplated by members of the KKK at China Grove, North Carolina, and that they planned to show their recruiting movie, "The Birth of a Nation," on July 8, 1979, at China Grove.

It became known to members of the Workers Viewpoint Organization (WVO) that the citizens of China Grove and the local community were against the showing of this movie and the recruiting efforts of the KKK, however, the local administration refused to deny a permit to the KKK as they felt this would be a violation of the rights of this organization.

Because of popular support in the community, which was determined by interviews of various people in the local community of China Grove, as well as some of the comments made

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[redacted]

by members of the City Council, [redacted] and members of his organization believed that the people were against this recruiting drive by the KKK and, therefore, they went about rallying popular support from the local community to have a protest at the time of the recruiting drive by the KKK.

[redacted] advised that an ad hoc committee, which was composed of different groups to include members of the WVO and local members of the community of China Grove, gathered together and supported a demonstration to show the KKK the people of this community were against their organization.

[redacted] advised that the resurgence of the KKK in the United States, and in North Carolina, was an effort of the power structure of this country to keep a division between Blacks and whites. Historically, according to [redacted] the KKK was used by the power structure to keep this racial bigotry in existence so that the white and Black working classes of the community could not unite together. It was through this racial antagonism that the power structure obscured the real economic issues and if this poisonous philosophy was allowed to spread, it would further drive a wedge between the Black and white workers of the country.

[redacted] cited an example of the J. P. Stevens Company in which he alleged that racism and anti-Black propaganda which was spread by the KKK, was used to "throw dust in people's eyes," and that whites believed that if unions were accepted, Blacks would be taking the jobs from the whites.

Because of this, [redacted] advised that in July, 1979, the focus of the WVO did center upon the KKK and its resurgence in North Carolina and other states.

It was, therefore, decided by this coalition of various members of the China Grove area that there would be a march or demonstration against the KKK when they had a recruiting drive at China Grove.

[redacted] advised he drove to China Grove on July 8, 1979, by himself after he had finished his duty

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[redacted] North Carolina. He advised that he went to the assembly area where he met with other marchers, but could not recall exactly where this was.

The subject matter of this assembly was to encourage the people in attendance to oppose the KKK.

[redacted] advised that he did not carry a sign or any posters, but others in the march might have. [redacted] advised that he went to where the KKK was having their meeting and recognized some of the KKK participants by the fact that they were wearing uniforms and some were heavily armed. [redacted] could not recall what the uniforms were, but indicated it was his belief that some were wearing the KKK security force uniform, and that later he was able to identify ROLAND WOOD as having attended this meeting although at the time he did not know who ROLAND WOOD was.

[redacted] advised that approximately 10 minutes of chanting started from this group which went to the meeting place of the KKK and the chants were generally in the area of down with the Klan, smash the Klan, and a chant which he had not heard before, "Decease - decease - decease the rotten beast."

After about 10 minutes of chanting, the KKK, which was in front of the building, went inside the community center and at that time, some of the demonstrators in his group seized the Confederate flag and burned it. [redacted] defined the Confederate flag as being the symbol of racism and that is why it was burned by the demonstrators.

[redacted] advised that the size of the crowd at this China Grove Community Center were about 25-50 members of the KKK, and approximately 100 members of their group. [redacted] advised that he did recall seeing two or three uniformed police officers, believed to be city policemen, at the community center and he understood that possibly there was a State Trooper parked outside the area.

[redacted] advised that he later learned that there was an assembly of policemen somewhere outside the area, but he actually never saw them.

[redacted]

In regard to the police officers being there, [redacted] advised that he felt there was some kind of collusion between the police and the KKK that were at the China Grove Community Center because he would periodically see the police officers talking with various members of the KKK.

During this demonstration [redacted] advised the only statements he recalled coming from members of the KKK were statements such as "M.F., Nigger lovers," and obscene gestures by members of the KKK, raising their middle finger to the demonstrators.

[redacted] described the characteristics of the two groups as his group, the WVO, and community demonstrators as being a bi-racial group, that is, a mixture of Black and white citizens, and described the KKK and their sympathizers as being all white.

[redacted] advised that he did not know whether or not EDDIE DAWSON, or [redacted] were present at the China Grove meeting and advised that he did not see them, however, at that time he did not know them or what they looked like.

After this China Grove incident, the local news media in Charlotte, Durham, Salisbury, and [redacted] believes Channel 2 TV from Greensboro, North Carolina, had stories of and articles relative to the protest at China Grove, North Carolina, on July 8, 1979. Also following that, leaflets published by the WVO did stress the theme of Death to the Klan in North Carolina.

[redacted] was asked whether or not he observed in addition to the weapons being carried by the members of the KKK, any weapons being carried by any members of their group, and he acknowledged that some people in their group were carrying weapons which were visible.

[redacted] advised that after the China Grove incident, a great deal of interest was gathered by the public into the WVO's anti-Klan campaign. [redacted] advised that there were numerous incidents which showed there was a lot of interest in the public for an anti-Klan movement.

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It was because of this public interest, that a November 3 rally in Greensboro, North Carolina, was planned and the theme of it would be "Death to the Klan."

[redacted] was asked to describe what was meant by the theme, "Death to the Klan," and he advised that "Death to the Klan" was meant to be the destruction of the KKK as a racist organization in the United States and that through public knowledge of what the KKK was really like, that there would not be popular support for such an organization, and therefore, the Klan as an organization would cease to exist.

[redacted] also alleged that the KKK was, in fact, a political arm of various groups to include the police and the FBI and that these organizations used the KKK and their racist activity for their own purposes.

In regard to the meetings for the November 3, 1979, rally at Greensboro, North Carolina, [redacted] advised that there was no broad open meeting. [redacted] advised that various organizations were highly supportive of their plans to have a rally in Greensboro, North Carolina, but he did not recall any coalition type group being organized for the planning purpose of this rally.

In regard to the November 3, 1979, rally at Greensboro, North Carolina, [redacted] advised that this was not to be a confrontation between the KKK and the WVO. If anything, [redacted] advised they were more concerned about police and FBI tactics than they were over the KKK. [redacted] advised that at that time, he did not know what extent people would go to silence those opposing them.

[redacted] advised that the first time he saw [redacted] was at a press conference in Greensboro, North Carolina.

[redacted] advised that the KKK and Nazis worked with and were used by the police, and further stated that the KKK was a terrorist organization which acts as a surrogate for the powers to be.

[redacted] advised that the first press conference relative to the November 3rd rally and march at Greensboro occurred at Kannapolis, at Cannon Mills, in mid

[redacted]

[redacted] advised [redacted] were present, and approximately 6 to 8 media representatives were also there. At this conference, various literature was distributed to the people of Cannon Mills and [redacted] advised that he did not know whether or not he had any of these documents left at this time or who did. [redacted] lawyers advised that they would check to determine whether or not any of this literature which was distributed at this meeting was available and copies would be furnished to the Department of Justice.

[redacted] advised the next press conference was held on November 1, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, in the front of the Greensboro Police Department. The purpose of the press conference was to draw attention to the public of the November 3rd march and also to bring out to the public's attention the obstruction by the police of their efforts to have this march and rally. [redacted] advised that the police had torn down their posters which advertised the march, they had intentionally stalled on the granting of a permit however, after the press conference. [redacted] advised that it normally takes 72 hours for the process to obtain a parade permit and in this instance it had taken over two weeks. [redacted] was questioned as to whether or not he knew the names of these individuals who were attempting to disrupt the organization for the march, and he said he did not, but thought [redacted] might know.

[redacted] advised that [redacted] was the [redacted] at the press conference and that this press conference at Greensboro on November 1, 1979, had between 20 and 25 reporters and approximately two TV stations covering it. [redacted] at the press conference accused the police of attempting to inhibit this march against the KKK and reiterated that the theme of the march would be "Death to the Klan." [redacted] advised that "Death to the Klan" meant that the Klan would cease to exist as a political organization and that through a combination of public pressure, self defense, knowledge, and that the Klan does not serve the interest of the people, the Klan as a political organization would cease to exist.

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At this press conference, literature and pamphlets were also distributed, expressing the purpose of the rally and furnishing information to the public about the march and subsequent meeting afterwards.

Again, [redacted] advised that he did not believe he had any of these pamphlets or leaflets in his possession at this time, and that if there were any such leaflets still available, the attorneys for [redacted] would make them available to the Department of Justice.

[redacted] advised this was the last public meeting before the November 3, 1979 march and following the meeting the information regarding the march and rally was passed through individuals speaking to individuals.

[redacted] advised that it was his understanding at first that the march would be concluded at the All Nations Penecostal Church and it was there that they would have their rally. however, the [redacted] had advised [redacted] that this facility could not be used, and that other arrangements would have to be made. [redacted] advised that [redacted] would know the reasons why the church was not available.

[redacted] advised that after the shooting incident, he had heard that Lieutenant [redacted] had stated that he did not know the assembly area was at Everitt and Carver Street, and that to him this was shocking information. [redacted] advised the parade permit had specified the assembly area as being Everitt and Carver Street, and that the public announcements as to a gathering area at the Windsor Community Center was for the purpose of permitting people who were coming in from out of town to have access to an area easily identifiable. He stated that there was a complete understanding between the police and [redacted] that the group would follow the parade permit in detail, and the parade permit specified the assembly area would be Everitt and Carver Street. Despite the public announcements which was made about the assembly area being at the Windsor Community Center, [redacted] advised that [redacted] had told him that he had been naively honest with the Police Department and that the Police Department fully understood that the assembly area would be Everitt and Carver Street and this was the location from where the group would begin their march on November 3, 1979.

I have reviewed this seven (7) page report, have initialled all corrections and concur with the information contained in the report. [redacted] "WITNESS" [redacted] SA, FBI

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NY0141 1250505Z

PP HQ CE

DE NY 064

P 042300Z MAY 82

FM NEW YORK (44-314) (RUC)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) PRIORITY

ATTN: [redacted] ROOM 5131

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

U N C L A S

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE.

RENYTELCALL TO THE BUREAU, MAY 4, 1982.

ON MAY 4, 1982, THE OFFICE OF [redacted] SKYLIGHT PICTURES, 330 WEST 42ND STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, WAS ADVISED TO FORWARD COPY OF FILM TO FBIHQ ATTENTION [redacted] PERSONNEL ADVISED THAT FILM WOULD BE SHIPPED THIS DATE.

THIS MATTER IS BEING CONSIDERED RUC IN THE NEW YORK DIVISION.

BT

#

RECEIVED
FBI - TYPE UNIT
5 MAY 82 U S
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Exec. AD-LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
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Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Inspection ___
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Laboratory ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

44-81521-2216X

16 MAY 6 1982

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2TP/Cc

64 MAY 25 1982

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FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) ROUTINE

BT

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Director's Sec'y

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2TP/pli

ATTENTION TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION, SUPERVISOR [redacted] AND CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT, CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Civil Rights & Spec Inq Sect
Engineering S
Laboratory Unit

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b6
b7C

GREENKIL

RE FBIHQ TELETYPE TO CHARLOTTE, FEBRUARY 27, 1982; AND BUREAU TELCALL TO GREENSBORO RA.

FOR INFORMATION OF TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION, ON [redacted] 1982, A SPECIAL SESSION OF THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY (FGJ) WILL CONVENE AT [redacted] NC, TO BE PRESENTED EVIDENCE ON CAPTIONED MATTER.

IT IS ESTIMATED THE FGJ WILL SIT APPROXIMATELY FOUR DAYS A WEEK AND WILL RUN FOR A PERIOD OF THREE TO FOUR MONTHS.

44-81521-216X1

A MAJOR PORTION OF THE INVESTIGATION AND EVIDENCE TO BE PRESENTED TO THIS FGJ ARE THE T.V. VIDEO TAPES RECORDED OF THE VIOLENCE OF NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AT GREENSBORO, NC, AND THEREFORE,

7 JUN 8 1982

Unrecorded Copy Filed In
80-3294

Processed by DIV6 on 3/22/82 cec

XEROX
JUN 10 1982

Logged in 3/24/82 1cc-x extras

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THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION REQUIRES THE FOLLOWING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FROM FBIHQ:

what kind?

ONE 19-INCH COLOR TELEVISION SET; ONE TV VIDEO RECORDER-PLAYER WITH THE CAPABILITY OF STOP ACTION/STOPPING THE TV VIDEO FILM DURING CERTAIN SEQUENCES; AND ONE TV AND TV RECORDER-PLAYER STAND, PREFERABLY ON WHEELS TO BE MOVED FROM USA'S OFFICE TO FGJ ROOM.

IT IS ESTIMATED THIS EQUIPMENT WILL BE NEEDED FOR A PERIOD OF APPROXIMATELY THREE MONTHS FROM [redacted] 1982. b3

IF A TRUE BILL OF INDICTMENT IS RETURNED AGAINST ANY INDIVIDUALS AS A RESULT OF THIS FGJ INDICTMENT, ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT WOULD BE NEEDED FOR ANY SUBSEQUENT TRIAL, HOWEVER, THAT WOULD BE DETERMINED AT A LATER DATE.

SAC, CHARLOTTE, HAS INQUIRED RELATIVE TO RENTAL OF SUCH EQUIPMENT, AND HAS DETERMINED THAT A 19-INCH COLOR TV WOULD COST $22.00 PER WEEK; A TV RECORDER-PLAYER WOULD COST $28.00 PER WEEK; AND THEREFORE, DUE TO THE AMOUNT OF FUNDS INVOLVED, FBIHQ IS REQUESTED TO FURNISH THIS EQUIPMENT IF POSSIBLE.

BT

Total 50/wk
x12 wks
$600

CC — Crim. Inv. Div.
Civil Rights &
Spec Inq Sect

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: 13 APR 1982

FROM : Wm. Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

WBR:LKD:MDJ:bbg
DJ 144-54M-351

SUBJECT: Greenkil
CIVIL RIGHTS

20422014 - EQE

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Reference is made to your memorandum dated October 23, 1980, and previous memoranda.

Please make a [redacted] and make necessary arrangements for transcription of the tapes. Once copied, the original tapes of interview should be sent to Special Agent [redacted] in Greensboro.

[redacted]

TSD Report 7/6/82 Nt'j inc

SEE ADDENDUM, CID, PAGE 2.

44-81521-2177

29

12 APR 15 1982

[redacted]

1cc and enclosures detached Div. 8

3 JUL 14 1982

ADDENDUM: CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION, 4/22/82, EEH/mst MST

[redacted] b3 b6 b7C

[redacted] therefore, expedite copying of these tapes is requested in order that a typed transcript may be prepared. Furnish copied tapes and originals to SA Supervisor [redacted] Civil Rights Unit, FBIHQ, Room 5131, Ext. 4272, as expeditiously as possible.

Technical Services Division also note that interview [redacted] begin on side 2, Tape 4, of the interview of [redacted] If possible, record the interview of [redacted] separately from the interview of [redacted] The interview of [redacted] b6 b7C begins on side 2 of Tape 3 containing interview of [redacted] Record the [redacted] interview separately from the [redacted] interview.

Make all recordings on audio cassettes, reel to reel is not needed. If possible utilize 90 or 120 minute cassettes rather than 60 minute tapes to reduce the number of cassettes. If possible record all of one interview on one tape.

Chain of custody has been maintained by SA [redacted] b6 b7C who recorded interviews and who has maintained custody of audio cassettes since they were recorded.

 b6 b7C

TAPE LOG

SA [redacted]
SA

4/7/82 [redacted] @ GREENSBORO, N.C.
TAPE 1 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 2 SIDE 1
SIDE 2 (?)

4/7/82 [redacted] @ GREENSBORO, N.C.
TAPE 1 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 2 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 3 SIDE 1
SIDE 2 (?)

4/8/82 [redacted] @ GREENSBORO, N.C.
TAPE 1 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 2 SIDE 1
SIDE 2

4/8/82 [redacted] @ GREENSBORO, N.C.
TAPE 1 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 2 SIDE 1
SIDE 2

4/8/82 [redacted] @ GREENSBORO, N.C.
TAPE 1 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 2 SIDE 1
SIDE 2

4/8/82 [redacted] @ GREENSBORO, N.C.
TAPE 1 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 2 SIDE 1
SIDE 2
TAPE 3 SIDE 1
SIDE 2 (?)

* (?) indicates possible no recording on this side of TAPE

b6
b7C

4/12/82 [redacted] TAPE 1 Side 1
@ Washington, D.C. Side 2
TAPE 2 Side 3
Side 4

4/13/82 [redacted] TAPE 1 Side 1
@ New York City, N.Y. Side 2 (?)

4/13/82 [redacted] TAPE 1 Side 1
@ New York City, N.Y. Side 2
TAPE 2 Side 1
Side 2
TAPE 3 Side 1
Side 2

4/15/82 [redacted] TAPE 1 Side 1
@ Durham, N.C. Side 2
TAPE 2 Side 1
Side 2
TAPE 3 Side 1
Side 2
TAPE 4 Side 1 (ONLY)

4/15/82 [redacted] BEGIN ON SIDE 2 OF TAPE 4
@ Durham, N.C. INTERVIEW of [redacted]
TAPE 2 Side 1
Side 2

4/15/82 [redacted] TAPE 1 Side 1
@ Durham, N.C. Side 2
TAPE 2 Side 1
Side 2
TAPE 3 Side 1 (ONLY)

4/15/82 [redacted] Begin on Side 2 of TAPE 3 INTERVIEW
@ Durham, N.C. OF [redacted]
TAPE 2 Side 1
Side 2

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: 14 APR 1982

FROM : Wm. Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

WBR:LKD:MDJ:bbg
DJ 144-54M-351

SUBJECT: Greenkil
CIVIL RIGHTS

20422013 - EQE

Reference is made to your memorandum dated October 23, 1981 and previous memoranda.

Please make a copy of all tapes in your possession and repair the original of any tapes which require it.

SEE ADDENDUM, CID, PAGE 2

44-8152-2818

5-3

12 APR 16 1982

1 cc and enclosures detached Div. 8

ADDENDUM: CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION, 4/22/82, EBH/mst

Technical Services Division should note this matter is [redacted] to a Federal Grand Jury at [redacted] North Carolina. The FGJ will hear testimony from the persons interviewed, whose interviews are contained on the enclosed tapes, within the next two weeks, therefore, expedite copying of these tapes is requested. Furnish copied tapes and originals to SA Supervisor [redacted] Civil Rights Unit, FBIHQ, Room 5131, Ext. 4272, as expeditiously as possible. b3 b6 b7C

Make all recordings on audio cassettes, reel to reel is not needed.

Chain of custody has been maintained by SA [redacted] who received audio tapes from Departmental Attorney [redacted] on 4/8/82, and who has maintained custody of audio cassettes since they were received. b6 b7C

57

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATION MESSAGE FORM

PAGE 1 OF 2

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
4/28/82	UNCLAS	IMMEDIATE

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SWITCHES

FM DIRECTOR FBI {44-81521}

TO FBI NEW YORK {44-31149} IMMEDIATE

FBI CHARLOTTE {44-3527} ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2 TAP/cc

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; 00: CHARLOTTE

NEW YORK CONTACT SKYLIGHT PICTURES, 330 W. 42 STREET, NEW YORK CITY, TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted] AND ATTEMPT TO SECURE VOLUNTARY SUBMISSION OF A FILM ENTITLED "RESURGENCE - THE STRUGGLE FOR EQUALITY VS. THE KU KLUX KLAN," FOR SHOWING BEFORE A FEDERAL GRAND JURY [redacted] [redacted] N.C., WHICH IS HEARING EVIDENCE IN GREENKIL.

ABOVE FILM CONTAINS MATERIAL CONCERNING THE VIOLENCE AT GREENSBORO, N.C., WHICH OCCURRED NOVEMBER 3, 1979, AS WELL AS RELATED KU KLUX KLAN MATERIAL.

IF SKYLINE PICTURES WILL NOT VOLUNTARILY FURNISH A COPY OF THE FILM, OBTAIN NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON TO WHOM A SUBPOENA

DO NOT TYPE MESSAGE BELOW THIS LINE

DO NOT TYPE PAST THIS LINE

APPROVED	DRAFTED BY	DATE	ROOM	TELE EXT.
JSH	EEH:DJW{2}	4/28/82	5131/6	4272

PLEASE RETURN TO [redacted] ROOM 5131

44-81521-219

APR 30 1982

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS CENTER
1855Z
APR 28 1982

57 MAY 18 1982

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

FBI/DOJ

0-93A (7-10-77)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATION MESSAGE FORM

PAGE 2 CONTINUATION SHEET

PAGE TWO DE HQ 0057 UNCLAS

MAY BE DIRECTED.

BT

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FBI/DOJ

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
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Date 4/30/82

Q1061 K47-Q48

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 TAP/cs

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44A-81521)
(ATTN: FBI LABORATORY
FIREARMS IDENTIFICATION AND METALLURGY)

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

GREENKILL

20503019

SECRET

Re Charlotte telcall to Supervisor Civil Rights Section [redacted] 4/29/82.

Being forwarded to FBI Laboratory, Firearms Identification and Metallurgy by courier, SA [redacted] Charlotte Division, are two firearms; one .38 caliber Charter Undercover 5 shot, SN 380232 and one Charter .38 caliber Undercover, 5 shot handgun, SN 288986.

The first weapon, SN 380232, is a weapon [redacted] JAMES WALLER, who was killed on 11/3/79, at Greensboro, N.C.

44-81521-220

[redacted]

The second weapon, SN 288986, was seized from [redacted] of Greensboro, N.C., as he attempted to board an Eastern Airline flight to Washington, D.C. This weapons has been traced by ATF records to belong to SANDRA SMITH, who was also killed on 11/3/79 at Greensboro, N.C. [redacted] has not been interviewed relative to his explanation of how he came in possession of this weapon and will not be done until bullistic tests are completed on the weapon.

[redacted]

3-Bureau (44A-81521) (Enc. 3)
(1-Package)
2-Charlotte (44A-3527)
TJB/jmg
(5)

Approved: Robert F Peace Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FBI

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- ☐ Teletype
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PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
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CE 44A-3527

Date _____

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REQUEST OF THE BUREAU

The FBI Laboratory, Firearms Identification is requested to test fire the above two .38 caliber weapons and to compare them with known projectiles recovered from the crime scene of 11/3/79.

Metallurgy is requested to conduct a neutron analysis examination on the shotgun shell and to compare it with other shot gun shell pellets also being forwarded to FBI Laboratory with SA [redacted] for a comparison of elementary composition.

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It is further expected that on Monday, 5/3/82, [redacted] of Richmond, Va. will also surrender to FBI Agents another .38 caliber handgun which she now acknowledges firing on 11/3/79 and this is also requested to be examined by Firearms Identification Bullistics for similar examination as the two weapons requested above.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

Evidence Receipt (to be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory)
7-16 (Rev. 8-5-81)

Please Furnish Complete Information

Agency submitting evidence L SAC Charlotte ☒ FBI ☐ Federal ☐ Local or State		Date 5/4/82 Laboratory # 20504049
Delivered by SA	Accepted by	Bu 44-3527

b6
b7C

Suspect(s) Greenlee	Victim(s)
Offense CR Agency case #	Place and date of offense Greensboro, N.C.

Date of hearing, grand jury, trial, or reason why expeditious handling is necessary

Prev. exams this case ☒ Yes ☐ No	Evid. located Room # 3207	Report to be directed to
Copies to		Evidence to be returned to

Brief Facts covering case

Description of evidence

1 - Smith & Wesson Revolver

Exams requested

44-8152-2211

16 MAY 11 1982

7-16 OFW. 6-17-82

INDEX ECC 84 JUL 1

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(Use reverse side if necessary for additional evidence)

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

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FBI

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		☐ UNCLAS

Date 4/30/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (164C- NEW) (P)

[redacted]

EASTERN AIRLINE FLIGHT 396
APRIL 24, 1982 AND PIEDMONT
FLIGHT 50, APRIL 24, 1982
CAA-CARRYING A CONCEALED WEAPON
(00: CHARLOTTE)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2 TAW/lw

ADMINISTRATIVE

For the information of the Bureau [redacted] in Charlotte investigation, "GREENKIL", CE file 44A-3527 and is also a plantiff in a forty-eight-million dollar lawsuit filed against U.S. Department of Justice and the FBI as a result of the 11/3/79 shooting incident between the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi and Communist Workers Party (CWP) at Greensboro, N.C.

On 4/24/82, Deputy Sheriff [redacted] Guilford Co. Sheriff's Dept., Greensboro, N.C.; Airport Security, Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point Regional Airport, advised that subject, [redacted] black male, DOB [redacted] who resides at [redacted] Greensboro, N.C., was detained for carrying a concealed weapon on his person, that is, a Charter Undercover .38, 5 shot special, SN 288986. This weapon was loaded with five rounds of .38 caliber ammunition.

Investigation determined that [redacted] was a ticketed passenger on Eastern Airlines (EAL) flight 396 which departs Greensboro at 7:25 a.m. and goes to Washington, D.C. [redacted] had connecting tickets to continue from National Airport in Washington, D.C. on National Airline flight 132 to Syracuse, NY.

44-81521-

3-Bureau (2-164C-NEW)
(1-44A-81521)
3-Charlotte (2-164C-)
(1-44A-3527)

CARBON COPY NOT RECORDED
11 MAY 10 1982

TJB/jmg
(6)

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

ORIGINAL FILED IN

164-5437-

[redacted] however, had two boarding ticket passes on his person when questioned by the FBI. One boarding pass was on EAL flight 396 and [redacted] was assigned seat #17A and the other boarding pass was on Piedmont flight 50 for seat #23F. Piedmont flight 50 also originates at Greensboro, N.C. and departs at 7:30 a.m. for National Airport, Washington, D.C.

The weapon on [redacted] person was first discovered when [redacted] passed through the security gate and the weapon was observed in his briefcase by x-ray examination. Deputy [redacted] after being notified by security guards of the weapon being in the briefcase, examined [redacted] briefcase, however, was unable to locate the weapon. [redacted] suspecting that it was another briefcase, passed [redacted] through the security area and examined another passenger's carryon baggage.

[redacted] then proceeded through security to Piedmont Airlines where he obtained a boarding pass for flight 50, although he was already ticketed and had received a boarding pass on EAL flight 396.

Deputy [redacted] became further suspicious and went to the EAL boarding area where he again confronted [redacted] and asked [redacted] whether or not he had a weapon on him. [redacted] denied having a weapon on him and [redacted] again searched his briefcase, but did not find a weapon. During a body search, Deputy [redacted] found the above described weapon, .38 caliber handgun, in [redacted] coat pocket.

[redacted] was interviewed by FBI Agents at the Regional Airport and admitted that this was his weapon, and that he had inadvertently carried the weapon with him in his briefcase when he came to the airport. [redacted] stated after being first checked by security, he became suspicious of the fact that he could have the weapon with him and located it in his briefcase and had placed it in his pocket and was in the process of leaving the airport to attempt to find a friend to take the weapon back to his residence and [redacted] advised he had no intention of flying with the weapon. [redacted] explanation for the two boarding passes was that he had become confused as to which airline he was flying

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

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PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
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- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

CE 164C- NEW

Date _____

on, and which flight was going to Washington, D.C. and had inadvertently obtained two boarding passes.

[redacted] was issued a citation by Deputy [redacted] for violation of North Carolina General Statute 14-269, which is carrying a concealed weapon, which is a misdemeanor offense in the State of North Carolina. USA, MDNC, was telephonically notified and advised he would review investigation after receipt of a report before making final determination as to whether or not charges should be filed for violation of Title 49, USC, Section 1479 Ll.

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Investigation continuing.

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

U27

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATION MESSAGE FORM

PAGE 1 OF 2

DATE	CLASSIFICATION	PRECEDENCE
4/6/82	UNCLAS	PRIORITY

FH@PP NY@DE HQ #0027 $H@YU@P 061753Z APR 82

DIRECTOR

FM DIRECTOR FBI {44-81521}

TO NEW YORK {44-31149} PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; 00: CHARLOTTE

RE NEW YORK AIRTEL TO FBIHQ DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1982, AND BUTELCALLS TO NEW YORK, APRIL 5 AND 6, 1982.

THIS CONFIRMS RETELCALLS IN WHICH NEW YORK WAS REQUESTED TO HAVE AVAILABLE A SUITABLE INTERVIEW ROOM WITH TELEVISION SET AND TAPE PLAYER TO BE UTILIZED ON FRIDAY, APRIL 16, 1982, DURING INTERVIEW OF [redacted] A CWP MEMBER, IN CONJUNCTION WITH CAPTIONED INVESTIGATION.

INTERVIEW WILL BE CONDUCTED BY SA'S [redacted] CHARLOTTE DIVISION, AND [redacted] FBIHQ. ALSO PRESENT WILL BE ATTORNEYS FROM THE GREENSBORO DEFENSE FUND AND U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEY [redacted]

INTERVIEW ROOM AND TELEVISION EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE

DO NOT TYPE MESSAGE BELOW THIS LINE

DO NOT TYPE PAST THIS LINE

APPROVED BY	DRAFTED BY	DATE	ROOM	TELE EXT.
JS/	EEH:DJW{2}	4/6/82	5131/6	4272

PLEASE RETURN TO [redacted] ROOM 5131

b6
b7C

44-81521-222

10 APR 12 1982

66 MAY 1 1982

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS CENTER
2105 Zulu
APR 6 19-

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

FBI/DOJ

0-98A (7-19-72)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATION MESSAGE FORM

PAGE 2 CONTINUATION SHEET

PAGE TWO DE HQ 0027 UNCLAS

AVAILABLE FROM 9:00 AM ON. EXACT TIME OF INTERVIEW HAS NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED.

BT

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FBI/DOJ

Memorandum

Exec AD Inv. ___
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Tech. Servs. ___
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Public Affs. Off. ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

To : [redacted]

Date 4/5/82

From : [redacted]

Subject: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

PURPOSE: To request travel authorization for Supervisory Special Agent [redacted] Civil Rights Unit, FBIHQ, to assist DOJ Attorney and Case Agent in conducting interviews of 13 Communist Worker's Party (CWP) members in Greensboro, North Carolina, Durham, North Carolina, Washington, D. C., and New York City in connection with continuing investigation and ongoing Federal Grand Jury. This request from the CRD is due to the sensitivity of the CWP interviews, the complexity of the case, SA [redacted] knowledge of the Ku Klux Klan background in this matter, and to maintain continuity of the investigation between interviews.

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RECOMMENDATION: 1. That travel and per diem be authorized for travel to Greensboro, North Carolina to conduct interviews of six CWP members on 4/7,8,9/82.

APPROVED:
Director
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training

2. That travel and per diem be authorized for travel to Durham, N. C. to conduct interviews of four CWP members on 4/13-14/82.

APPROVED:
Director
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
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Legal Coun.
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Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training

44-81521-223

1 - [redacted]
1 - Mr. Castonguay
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - Mr. Hatfield

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b7C

EEH/mst (7)

10 APR 22 1982

(CONTINUED-OVER)

MAY 21 1982

PERS. RESIDENT 44-81521

FBI/DOJ

Memorandum from [redacted] to [redacted] b6 b7C
RE: GREENKIL, CIVIL RIGHTS, OO: CHARLOTTE

3. That interview of one CWP member at Washington, D. C. on 4/15/82 be approved.

APPROVED: Adm Servs. Laboratory
Director
Exec. AD-Adm
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES Trng.

4. That travel and per diem be authorized for travel to New York City to conduct interviews of two CWP members on 4/16/82.

APPROVED: Laboratory
Director

DETAILS: On 4/2/82 Civil Rights Division Attorney [redacted] requested Supervisory Special Agent [redacted] FBIHQ, assist him and Case Agent in conducting interviews of 13 CWP members in connection with captioned investigation. CWP members to be interviewed are located in Greensboro and Durham, North Carolina, Washington, D. C., and New York City. [redacted] advised the CWP members have agreed to interviews through their attorney after refusing to be interviewed since the November 3, 1979, Greensboro, North Carolina shoot out between a Klan-Nazi group and the CWP in which 5 CWP members were killed. Federal Grand Jury is presently sitting in [redacted] North Carolina and interviews are of the utmost timeliness and importance to the Department's presentation of all aspects of this matter. Scheduled interview dates are: 4/7 through 9, 1982 in Greensboro, North Carolina, during which 6 CWP members will be interviewed; 4/13/82 and 4/14/82 at Durham, North Carolina, in which 4 CWP members will be interviewed; 4/15/82 at Washington, D. C., at which time one CWP member will be interviewed, and 4/16/82 in New York City, at which time 2 CWP members will be interviewed. b3 b6 b7C

The presence of SA [redacted] was requested by Attorney [redacted] due to the sensitivity of the CWP interviews, the complexity of the case, SA [redacted] knowledge of the Ku Klux Klan background in this matter, to maintain continuity of the investigation between interviews and to ensure the FBI's interests are protected. Attorneys representing the CWP members will be present as well as Attorney [redacted] SAC Charlotte and Criminal ASAC's New York City and WFO interpose no objections. b6 b7C

b6
b7C

CITY OF GREENSBORO

NORTH CAROLINA

DRAWER W-2
GREENSBORO, N.C. 27402

GREENKIL

April 26, 1982

Dear [redacted]

Enclosed please find the two rolls of exposed 120 film in reference to our conversation last week. I used a camera that I was unfamiliar with and I am not sure of the quality of the photographs. If you would please have these printed 5"x7". This will allow examination for detail before chart size prints are attempted. The final size needed will be approximately 24" x 30" or large enough for court displays.

Another problem encountered was not being able to photograph the desired charts in a consistent format. This will require cropping during printing if that is possible.

Thank you for your assistance. If this process is successful, I will continue with current procedures. If not, please advise so necessary changes can be made.

Thank you

[redacted]

JRB/smt

Enclosure detached incerr

44-81521-223XX

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PP HQ CE

DE NY 045

P 292100Z APR 82

FM NEW YORK (44-3149) (P) (M-11)

TO DIRECTOR (44-81521) PRIORITY

CHARLOTTE (44-3527) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL; CIVIL RIGHTS; OO: CHARLOTTE.

REBUREAUTEL TO NEW YORK, APRIL 28, 1982 AND NYTELCAL TO SUPERVISOR [redacted] APRIL 28, 1982.

FOR INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU, ON APRIL 29, 1982, [redacted] SKY-LIGHT PICTURES, 330 WEST 42ND STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, AND [redacted] ADVISED THAT SHE WOULD BE MORE THAN HAPPY IN COOPERATING WITH THE FBI IN OBTAINING A COPY OF THE FILM FOR DISPLAY TO THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY. [redacted] ADVISED THAT SHE SHOULD BE ABLE TO NOTIFY THE FBI BY MONDAY, MAY 3, 1982, OF THE LOCATION OF A FILM THAT COULD BE PICKED UP. [redacted] WAS ADVISED THAT, A FIELD OFFICE IN THE AREA OF THE VICINITY WHERE THE FILM IS LOCATED, WOULD BE DIRECTED TO PICK UP THE FILM.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2TAP/cc

RECEIVED
29 APR 82 21 31
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 04 1982

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Exec. AD-LES
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Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

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44-81521-2244

5 MAY 3 1982

20 MAY 21 1982

Evidence Receipt (to be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory)
7-16 (Rev. 8-5-81)

Please Furnish Complete Information

Agency submitting evidence: FBI Charlotte
☒ FBI ☐ Federal ☐ Local or State
Date: 5/10/82
20511072 S-QY
Delivered by: SA
Accepted by:
Bufile #: 44-81521 b6 b7C
Suspect(s): Gnewuki
Victim(s):
Offense: CR
Agency case #:
Place and date of offense:
Date of hearing, grand jury, trial, or reason why expeditious handling is necessary:
Prev. exams this case ☐ Yes ☐ No
Evid. located Room # _____
Report to be directed to:
Copies to:
Evidence to be returned to:
Brief Facts covering case:

Description of evidence: 1-bullet (Russ)
Exams requested:

7-b Offw. Pow 6-17-82

44-81521-225

10 MAY 13 1982

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INDEXED
84 JUL 14 1982

(Use reverse side if necessary for additional evidence)

FBI/DOJ

Evidence Receipt (to be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory)
7-16 (Rev. 8-5-81)

5-13

b3
b6
b7C

Please Furnish Complete Information

Agency submitting evidence: Div. 6 WFBI HQ

☒ FBI ☐ Federal ☐ Local or State

Date: 5/12/82

Laboratory #

Delivered by: SA

Accepted by:

BuFile # 20513033

Suspect(s): GREENSBORO CIVIL RIGHTS CO. OF

Victim(s)

Offense

Agency case #

Place and date of offense: November 3, 1979

Date of hearing, grand jury, trial, or reason why expeditious handling is necessary: FGJ PRESENTLY IN SESSION AT

Prev. exams this case ☒ Yes ☐ No

Evid. located Room # EW-Engineering Room 5131 FBIHQ

Report to be directed to: FBI - CHARLOTTE

Copies to: SA

Evidence to be returned to: SA Room 5151 FBIHQ

Brief Facts covering case: Interview of BATF, conducted at FBIHQ 5/11-12/82 re events prior to, during and after Greensboro, N.C. Violence 11/3/79.

Description of evidence: 3 Audio cassettes AV C90

TSD Report 3/2/83 NH

44-81521-2246

1 cc and enclosures detached Div. 6

59 MAR 24 1983

MAY 18 1982

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(Use reverse side if necessary for additional evidence)

FBI/DOJ

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O 051844Z MAY 82

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

GREENKIL

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT
5 MAY 82 19 21 Z
FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

b6 Per FBI
b7C

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Exec. AD-Inv.
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Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-18-84 BY SP2 TAM/lw

RE CHARLOTTE TELCALL TO FBIHQ, MAY 5, 1982.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ATTORNEY [redacted] HAS ADVISED THAT HE DESIRES TO INTERVIEW SPECIAL AGENT [redacted] ALCOHOL TOBACCO AND FIREARMS, PRESENTLY ASSIGNED TO CLEVELAND OFFICE, CLEVELAND, OHIO, RELATIVE TO HIS UNDERCOVER ASSIGNMENT WITHIN THE NAZI PARTY OF FORSYTHE COUNTY, WINSTON SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA, DURING THE PERIOD OF THE FALL OF 1979.

THIS INTERVIEW IS A PRELIMINARY INTERVIEW PRIOR TO [redacted] APPEARANCE BEFORE FEDERAL GRAND JURY, WHICH IS CONDUCTING INQUIRY INTO CAPTIONED INVESTIGATION. [redacted] HAS PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED STATEMENT TO THE FBI RELATIVE TO HIS [redacted] ASSIGNMENT; HOWEVER, USDJ FEELS A MORE DETAILED INTERVIEW IS

MAY 10 1982

44-81521-227

[redacted]

15

30 MAY Acc'd Interviews ow Div 6 5/11/82

b6 Per FBI
b7C

[redacted] ALSO DESIRES THAT THE IMMEDIATE SUPERVISOR OF [redacted] WHO SUPERVISED THE INVESTIGATION OF THE FORSYTHE COUNTY UNIT OF THE NAZI PARTY, BE AVAILABLE FOR INTERVIEW; AS WELL AS THE OFFICIAL FROM ATF HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D. C. WHO AUTHORIZED THE UC OPERATION.

IN ADDITION, INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS FILED BY [redacted] DURING THE PERIOD OF THE UC OPERATION SHOULD ALSO BE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW BY USDJ, AND IF DEEMED APPROPRIATE, THEY WILL ALSO BE SUBPOENAED TO FEDERAL GRAND JURY.

b6 Per FBI
b7C

IT IS REQUESTED THAT FBIHQ COORDINATE WITH HEADQUARTERS ATF WASHINGTON, D. C., THE APPEARANCE OF [redacted] AND HIS SUPERIOR IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DURING THE UC OPERATION; AND THE SUPERVISOR IN WASHINGTON, D. C., APPROVING THIS OPERATION FOR INTERVIEW AT FBIHQ DURING THE PERIOD OF MAY 8 AND MAY 9, 1982.

[redacted] AND HIS SUPERIORS ARE EXPECTED TO BE SUBPOENAED FOR TESTIMONY FOR FEDERAL GRAND JURY DURING THE EARLY WEEKS OF [redacted] NORTH CAROLINA.

b3 Per FBI
b6
b7C

WASHINGTON AT FBIHQ WILL COORDINATE THE APPEARANCE OF [redacted]

b3 Per FBI
b6
b7C

[redacted] AND HIS SUPERIORS FOR INTERVIEW BY USDJ AND FBI AGENTS AT WASHINGTON, D. C., FOR MAY 9 AND MAY 10, 1982.

ADMINISTRATIVE

INFORMATION COPY BEING FURNISHED TO CLEVELAND IN CASE A COORDINATION HAS TO BE CONDUCTED WITH FBI CLEVELAND AND ATF CLEVELAND FOR THE [redacted]

IN THE FUTURE.

ET

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FM ATLANTA (157-7463) (P) (SQ 3)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI ROUTINE

CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

4 MAY 82 18 26Z

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
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Tech. Servs.
Training
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Telephone Rm.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-13-84 BY SP2TAP/ca

(1)

GREENKIL, CR (A), 00: CHARLOTTE.

ON MAY 3, 1982, [redacted] WHITE MALE, AGE 31, [redacted] UNEMPLOYED, [redacted] GEORGIA, APPEARED AT THE COLUMBUS, GEORGIA, RESIDENT AGENCY (RA), AND FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

HE WAS FORMERLY EMPLOYED AS [redacted], RALIEGH, NORTH CAROLINA, AND ALSO EMPLOYED WAS [redacted] BLACK MALE, APPROXIMATELY 45 YEARS OF AGE.

44A-8159-228

16 MAY 6 1982

AFTER CAPTIONED MATTER, HE AND [redacted] GOT INTOXICATED AT [redacted] RESIDENCE AND [redacted] SAID THAT HE WENT TO FLORIDA WHERE [redacted] FOR USE BY KKK IN THE GREENSBORO

[redacted]

68 MAY 27 1982

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INCIDENT. [redacted] ALSO TOLD HIM THAT [redacted] IN THAT AREA OF NORTH CAROLINA. [redacted] IS A WHITE MALE, APPROXIMATELY 43, FIVE FEET NINE, 160 POUNDS, BROWN HAIR, HANDSOME APPEARANCE, MARRIED AND HAS TWO CHILDREN. [redacted] SUPPOSSEDLY WENT INTO BANKRUPTCY ABOUT A YEAR AFTER CAPTIONED MATTER AND WAS LAST KNOWN TO BE RESIDING IN [redacted] NORTH CAROLINA.

[redacted] IS A NEGRO MALE, 45, FIVE FEET FOUR, 200 POUNDS, KNOWN BOOTLEGGER, RESIDES IN [redacted] MOBILE HOMES, RALIEGH, NORTH CAROLINA. [redacted] NAME UNKNOWN, ALSO RESIDES IN THE SAME TRAILER PARK.

[redacted] DOES NOT KNOW IF THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS RELIABLE. HE IS WILLING TO TESTIFY REGARDING ABOVE.

CHARLOTTE IS REQUESTED TO EVALUATE ABOVE INFORMATION AND ADVISE IF USA OR STRIKE FORCE DESIRES PERSONAL INTERVIEW WITH [redacted]

ATLANTA WILL MAINTAIN CONTACT WITH [redacted] TO ADVISE IF SUCH CONTACT IF DEEMED NECESSARY.

BT

CE0009 1262146Z

RR HQ

DE CE

R 062147Z MAY 82

FM CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

GREENKIL; OO: CHARLOTTE.

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OF INVESTIGATION

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Training
Telephone Rm.
Director's Secty

RE CHARLOTTE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU DATED MAY 5, 1982, AND

CHARLOTTE TELCALL TO FBIHQ ON MAY 6, 1982.

DURING THE COURSE OF GRAND JURY

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229

THE TESTIMONY OF WAS EXPECTED TO BE CONCERNING HIS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2

68 MAY 27 1982

[redacted]

b3
b6
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DURING CONVERSATION WITH SUPERVISOR [redacted]

A PROBLEM EXISTED IN [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] ADVISED THAT THIS SOURCE IS HIGHLY SENSITIVE, AND WELL PLACED, AND ANY TESTIMONY BY [redacted] IDENTIFYING HER, COULD JEOPARDIZE THIS SOURCE'S POSITION IF DISCLOSED PUBLICLY.

ON MAY 6, 1982, A FURTHER CONFERENCE WAS HELD WITH SUPERVISOR [redacted] AND HE ADVISED THAT, AFTER CONFERRING WITH HIS SUPERIORS, THE SBI DID DESIRE TO FULLY COOPERATE WITH THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY, AND WOULD COOPERATE BY TESTIFYING; HOWEVER, DESIRED FBI AND USDJ TO REALIZE THAT THEIR INVESTIGATION IS STILL HIGHLY SENSITIVE, AND THEY DID NOT DESIRE TO HAVE THEIR SOURCE JEOPARDIZED THROUGH ANY PUBLIC TESTIMONY.

ADDITIONAL PROBLEM HAS DEVELOPED IN THAT FBI, CHARLOTTE, IS NOT AWARE OF THE IDENTITY OF SOURCE, HOWEVER, HAS DETERMINED THAT

[redacted]

[redacted]

THESE FACTS WERE FURTHER DISCUSSED WITH [redacted] AND b3 b6 b7C b7D

[redacted]

SUPERVISOR [redacted] IS TO ATTEMPT TO ARRANGE A MEETING OF REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, SBI EXECUTIVE OFFICERS FROM THE DIRECTOR'S OFFICE OF SBI, AND WITH USDJ ATTORNEY [redacted] AND SA [redacted] OF THE FBI, AT RALEIGH, N. C., SOMETIME BETWEEN MAY 12, 1982, AND MAY 13, 1982, SO THIS MATTER CAN BE FURTHER DISCUSSED AND AN APPROPRIATE PRESENTATION CAN BE MADE TO FEDERAL GRAND JURY. b6 b7C

FBIHQ WILL BE IMMEDIATELY ADVISED OF ANY DEVELOPMENTS RELATIVE

[redacted] b7D

BT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: 5 MAY 1982

FROM: Wm. Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

WBR:LKD:MDJ:bbg
DJ 144-54M-351

SUBJECT: ~~CIVIL RIGHTS~~ Greenkil

Please provide a suitable studio, four television monitors and four video casette players at FBI headquarters on May 10, 1982 at 9:30 a.m. to simultaneously view the four video tapes of the November 3, 1979 Greensboro, North Carolina shootings.

Also please provide an appropriate camera and film to photograph pertinent photographs directly from the television monitors.

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b7C

[redacted] in Charlotte - CID case requested

[redacted] Assigned to Room 1B046 - 51x

44-8152-230

12 MAY 20 1982

59 JUN 10 1982

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Form OBD-197
5-79

AIRTEL

6/1/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - [redacted]

SAC, Oklahoma City

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Re Oklahoma City teletype to FBIHQ, dated 5/28/82.

Enclosed are 8 audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (2 tapes), [redacted] 2 tapes), [redacted] (2 tapes), and [redacted] 2 tapes).

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/15/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for use during the FGJ. b3

44-81521-2311

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N.C.

b6
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Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
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Adm. Servs. ___
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Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

Enclosures 8

EHH/mst (4)

MAIL ROOM

MAILED 3
JUN 2, 1982
FBI

5 JUN 2 1982

AIRTEL

6/1/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - [redacted]

SAC, Memphis

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Memphis teletype to FBIHQ, dated 5/29/82. b6 b7C

Enclosed are 7 audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (2 tapes), [redacted] (2 tapes), and [redacted] (3 tapes).

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/15/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for use during the FGJ. b3

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] ttorney, Greensboro Defense Fund b6 b7C
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N.C.

MAILED 7
JUN 1 1982
FBI

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Director's Sec'y ___

Enclosures 7

60 JUN 11 1982

EEH/mst (4)

MST

MAIL ROOM

44-81521-232

JUN 3 1982

AIRTEL

6/1/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SAC, Louisville

1 - [redacted]

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Re Louisville teletype to FBIHQ, dated 5/27/82.

Enclosed are 5 audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (3 tapes plus side one of a 4th tape), and [redacted] (begin on reverse of [redacted].

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/15/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for use during the FGJ. b3

MAILED 7
JUN 1 1982
FBI

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ
[redacted] U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N.C.

b6
b7C

44-81521-233

Enclosures 5

60 JUN 11 1982

EEH/mst (4)

JUN 3 1982

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
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Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

MAIL ROOM

AIRTEL

6/1/82

[redacted]

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SAC, San Antonio

b6
b7C

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re San Antonio telcall to FBIHQ, 5/28/82.

Enclosed are 5 audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (1 tape), [redacted] 2 tapes), and [redacted] (2 tapes).

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/15/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for use during the FGJ. b3

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund b6
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund b7C
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N.C.

Enclosures 5

EWH/mst (4)

44-81521-2341

16 JUN 2 1982

JUN 1, 1982

FBI

20 JUN 11 1982

MAIL ROOM

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgmt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

5-28

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☒ AIRTEL	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/28/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
(ATTENTION TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION, [redacted]

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527)

GREENKIL

20528036 - EQE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-12-84 BY [redacted]

[redacted] Re telephone call from [redacted] to SA [redacted] dated 5/19/82.

Being forwarded to FBIHQ, Technical Services Division, Attention: [redacted] are the following list of TV video tapes which are requested to be copied by Technical Services Division per request of Departmental Attorney [redacted] in his communication dated 5/19/82.

b6
b7C

The following TV tapes will be brought to Technical Services Division by SA [redacted] on 5/28/82;

1) TV-11 Durham, North Carolina
2) TV-2 Greensboro, North Carolina
3) TV-8 High Point, North Carolina and
4) TV-12 Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

44-8152-2235

Also being forwarded are two cassette tapes which contain the conversation recording of SA [redacted] Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, of investigation he had with members of the Nazi party on 9/27/79 at Lewisburg, N.C. These tapes were recorded in a moving motor vehicle and have a substantial amount of background noises which make it extremely difficult to make an accurate transcription and as it relates to these two cassette tapes the TSD is requested to enhance the quality of these tapes and also make one additional copy for the FBI files. In regards to the TV video tapes being forwarded, TSD is requested to make one additional copy each of each TV channel being forwarded with time counter; and also obtain the still photographs from each channel as previously requested in memorandum dated 5/19/82.

0353-0360

JUN 9 1982

2 - Bureau (Encs. 6)
2 - Charlotte
TJB/mst (4)

2 AUDIO CASSETTES
7 (SEVEN) VIDEO CASSETTES
ONE 16MM FILM ROLL BY SA [redacted] ON 5/28/82

1 cc and enclosures

Approved: [redacted] Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

TSD Report from SA [redacted] 3/28/83

Declassified 59 APR 15 1983 141

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: 19 MAY 1982

FROM : Wm. Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

WBR:LKD:MDJ:bbg
DJ 144-54M-351

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

SUBJECT: Greenkil

Reference is made to my request dated May 7, 1982 and previous memorandum in this matter.

[redacted] b3 b6 b7C

EXP PROC
MAY 21 1982

44-81521-2366

MAY 20 1982

b6 b7C

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Form OBD-197
5-79

Memorandum

WBR:LKD:MDJ:jec
DJ 144-54M-351

Subject: Greenkil; CIVIL RIGHTS

Date: 1 9 MAY 1982

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

To
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

From
WBR/LD
Wm. Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

Reference is made to my request dated May 7, 1982 and previous memoranda in this matter.

Attached is a list of video tape times from which we would like still photographs. Please have the photo laboratory locate the pertinent video frame and produce a still photograph from the original video tape or film. Additionally, please make another copy of the video tape or film with a time code counter in anticipation of use at trial. The present copies have become somewhat worn through extensive use.

Thirdly, please have the laboratory enhance the enclosed audio tapes which were obtained from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.

b6
b7C

EXP PROC
28 MAY 25 1982

TV Greenkil Tapes hand carried to TSD - Eng Sec 5/28/82 BY SA Mondelaro DW

Enf - 21521 - 237

12 MAY 25 1982

59 JUN 18 1982

Channel 11 (46)

11:37:12
11:38:02
11:39:01
11:57:04
12:00:03
12:01:22
12:05:23
12:11:14
12:13:15
12:16:24
12:18:00
12:18:18
12:19:06
12:20:16
12:21:02
12:21:21
12:22:11
12:23:00
12:25:08
12:26:11
12:26:16
12:26:23
12:26:28
12:27:07
12:27:24
12:28:08
12:29:00
12:30:07
12:31:00
12:31:17
12:31:28
12:33:13
12:33:20
12:33:26
12:35:00
12:35:06
12:36:03
12:42:02
12:45:06
12:47:18
12:49:04
12:50:05
12:50:15
12:51:23

Channel 8 (7)

2:21:20
2:29:01
2:29:18
2:30:04
2:31:03
2:39:07
2:40:18

Channel 12 (7)

6:25:28
6:28:18
6:32:01
6:33:09
6:35:05
6:37:10
6:37:18

Channel 2 (15)

21:54:02
21:55:26
21:56:14
21:57:17
21:58:15
21:58:23
22:06:00
22:19:10
22:26:25
22:35:12
22:35:18
22:37:05
22:37:29
22:40:03
22:45:15

Evidence Receipt (to be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory)
7-10 (Rev. 8-5-81)

MF

Please Furnish Complete Information

Agency submitting evidence: Charlotte Div. — 44A3527 — ☑ FBI ☐ Federal ☐ Local or State

Date: 5-20-82

Laboratory: 20528035 E

Delivered by: SA [redacted]

BuFile #: [redacted]

Suspect(s): [redacted] et al — Greenkil

Victim(s): [redacted] et al

Offense: Civil Rights

Place and date of offense: Greensboro NC

Agency case #: FBI

Date of hearing, grand jury, trial, or reason why expeditious handling is necessary: FGJ - [redacted]

Prev. exams this case: ☐ Yes ☑ No

Evid. located: Room # _____

Report to be directed to

b3
b6
b7C

Copies to

Evidence to be returned to: FBI - CE - Greensboro RA

Brief Facts covering case: Consensual recordings by SA [redacted] ATF re [redacted] - Nov 81 - Feb 82

Description of evidence: 2 cassette tapes

TSD Report 2/4/83 Mtl. jw

1 cc and enclosures detached Div. 8

66 MAR 1983

Q357-Q358

Exams requested: Process - Audio Enhancement

44-81521-238

(This space for blocking)

JUN 9 1982

(Use reverse side if necessary for additional evidence)

ENGINEERING

FBI/DOJ

FD-4a (Rev. 8-13-79)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

DATE: 5-25-82

Re: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

TO: Wm. Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

Invoice of Contents

FORTY FOUR each CASSETTE TAPE (Q473-Q506)
FORTY FOUR each CASSETTE TAPE (direct copy of Q473-Q506)

PERSONALLY DELIVERED TO SA [redacted]
BY SA [redacted]
ON MAY 25, 1982

Return to ~~BENGINEERING~~
Room 1B046 TL 253
FBI File # 44-81521
Case # 20422014 E QE

☐ Mail Room: 1B327, TL 152
(registered mail)

☐ PSM - Supply Unit, 1B353
(not registered)

b6
b7C

Shipping # _____
Shipping Method _____

JUL 20 1982

FBI/DOJ

AIRTEL

6/1/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - [redacted]

SAC, Butte

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Re Butte telcalls to FBIHQ, 5/28 and 6/1/82.

Enclosed are 6 audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (1 tape), [redacted] (1 tape), [redacted] (1 tape), and [redacted] (3 tapes).

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/15/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for use during the FGJ.

b3

MAILED 7
JUN 1 1982
FBI

44-81521-239

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N.C.

JUN 2 1982

b6
b7C

Enclosures 6

EEH/mst (4)

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

MAIL ROOM ☐

JUN 1 1982

AIRTEL

6/1/82

1 - [redacted]

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SAC, Albany

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Re Albany teletype to FBIHQ, dated 5/28/82.

Enclosed are 6 audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (1 tape), [redacted] 1 tape), [redacted] (2 tapes), and [redacted] (2 tapes).

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/15/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for use during the FGJ.

b3

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N.C.

44-81521-240

b6
b7C

Enclosures 6

EBH/mst (4)

MAILED 3
JUN 2, 1982
FBI

9 JUN 2 1982

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

82 JUN 5

MAIL ROOM

AIRTEL

6/1/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

1 - [redacted]

SAC, Portland

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

b6
b7C

Re Portland teletype to FBIHQ, dated 5/27/82.

Enclosed are 7 audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (3 tapes), [redacted] 2 tapes and first side of a 3rd tape), and [redacted] (begin on reverse side of [redacted] Tape).

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/15/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for use during the FGJ.

b3

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N.C.

b6
b7C

Enclosures 7

44-81521-241

JUN 2 1982

EHH/mst (4)

MAILED 3
JUN 1, 1982
FBI

MAIL ROOM

Exec AD Adm. ____
Exec AD Inv. ____
Exec AD LES ____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ____
Crim. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Insp. ____
Intell. ____
Lab. ____
Legal Coun. ____
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ____
Rec. Mgnt. ____
Tech. Servs. ____
Training ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

b6
b7C

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:	PRECEDENCE:	CLASSIFICATION:
☐ Teletype	☐ Immediate	☐ TOP SECRET
☐ Facsimile	☐ Priority	☐ SECRET
☒ Airtel	☐ Routine	☐ CONFIDENTIAL
		☐ UNCLAS E F T O
		☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/2/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44A-81521)
ATTN: INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, LIAISON UNIT,
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION,
CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (44A-3527) (P)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 Iffert

Reference SA [redacted] telecall to FBI Headquarters on 5/29/82.

Enclosed for FBI Headquarters are five copies of LHM reflecting background information re captioned investigation as relates to [redacted] formerly of Raleigh, N.C., who is now believed to be residing in South Africa.

FBI Headquarters, Foreign Liaison Unit, State Department Liaison, is requested to attempt to determine through the State Department the following information:

1. Verification of passport for [redacted] white male, date of birth - [redacted] former residence - Raleigh, N.C., and [redacted] Raleigh, N.C.

2. Dates of entry into South Africa.

3. Present location in South Africa, if it is determined [redacted] is presently in that nation.

1-D ENCLOSURE
1 CC CI-3A

44-81521-2422

5 JUN 4 1982

④ - Bureau (Encls. 5)
(1 - Unit CI-3A)
(1 - Legat)
2 - Charlotte

ICRU
ICRD
070-B
6/7/82
RMB-1A

TJB:pss
(6)

ENCL

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

5 JUL 6 1982

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

CE 44A-3527

4. Existing agreements between the United States and South Africa as it pertains to extradition and removal of (1) material witness, (2) indicted defendant for violation of United States Criminal Code, Title 18, Section 245 - Civil Rights Act; participating in a conspiracy to cause a civil disturbance resulting in death - life imprisonment.

5. Civil Rights Division, United States Department of Justice, has requested expedite handling of all leads pertaining to this investigation.

Investigation to further determine the whereabouts of [redacted] is continuing at Raleigh, N.C.

b6
b7C

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Charlotte, North Carolina 28282

June 2, 1982

MEMBERS OF INVISIBLE EMPIRE
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN IN NORTH CAROLINA;
MEMBERS OF NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY OF
AMERICA, AKA, NAZI PARTY;
CAESAR VINCENT CAUCE - VICTIM (DECEASED);
MICHAEL NATHAN - VICTIM (DECEASED);
WILLIAM EVAN SAMSON - VICTIM (DECEASED);
SANDY SMITH - VICTIM (DECEASED);
JAMES MICHAEL WALLER - VICTIM (DECEASED);
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
[redacted] - VICTIM;
WORKERS VIEWPOINT ORGANIZATION (WVO), AKA
Communist Workers Party (CWP),
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA,
NOVEMBER 3, 1979
CIVIL RIGHTS

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP4 TAP/cs

For information of the Department of State, on November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, a rally and conference being sponsored by the Workers Viewpoint Organization; now known as the Communist Workers Party was disrupted by a caravan of vehicles occupied by members of the Ku Klux Klan of North Carolina; and representatives of the National Socialist Party of America (Nazis) of North Carolina.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER
RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS
OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY
OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR
AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE
NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE
YOUR AGENCY.

44-81521-242

ENCLOSURE

As a result of a street fight, which erupted between these opposing factions, members of the Ku Klux Klan, and Nazi Party, returned to their vehicles and fired into the demonstrators with shotguns; AR 180; and handguns, resulting in the death of five Communist demonstrators, and the wounding of nine other individuals.

[redacted] white male, date of birth - [redacted] a resident at [redacted] Raleigh, North Carolina, on November 3, 1979, was the self-acclaimed [redacted] National Socialist Party of America, North Carolina Chapter, and further [redacted] National Socialist Party of America, Headquarters at Chicago, Illinois. He subsequently became [redacted] in a letter to a representative of the Revolutionary Communist Party on September 11, 1979, approximately two months prior to the shooting incident, alleged that members of the Nazi Party, and Ku Klux Klan, had plans to kill members of the Communist Workers Party at an assembly in China Grove, North Carolina, on July 8, 1979, however, due to the interference of police officers, and a desire not to kill a law enforcement officer, the plan was not executed. In this letter, [redacted] expresses his desires, and the desires of his associates in the Nazi Party, to "kill the home-grown version" of Communist sympathizers.

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b7C

In April of 1980, [redacted] addressed a letter to the Attorney General of the State of North Carolina, and in this letter, made statements that he had information concerning names, and dates, and events which reportedly indicated the involvement of high-ranking Government officials, both in the State of North Carolina and the Federal Government, in the November 3, 1979, shooting incident which resulted in the death of the five Communist demonstrators. The imprints of this letter is that this was a planned execution of the Communists, and involved officials of the United States Government, and the State of North Carolina. [redacted] advised in this letter that if he was to be assassinated, this letter would be made public to the news media and would result in great embarrassment to the Governor of North Carolina; the Attorney General of the State of North Carolina; and other high-ranking Government officials.

b6
b7C

On [redacted] at [redacted] North Carolina, a Federal Grand Jury was convened in [redacted] Carolina, upon the authority of the Attorney General of the United States, to investigate the above incident as it relates to possible violation of the Civil Rights Act, specifically Title 18, Section 245.

b3

b3
b6
b7C

MEMBERS OF INVISIBLE EMPIRE
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN IN NORTH CAROLINA;
MEMBERS OF NATIONAL SOCIALIST PARTY OF
AMERICA, AKA, NAZI PARTY

[redacted] subsequently determined that [redacted] in May of 1982, had written a letter from [redacted] of Raleigh, North Carolina, which had no return address, but was stamped The Nation of South Africa. Interview of [redacted] had determined that [redacted] has alleged to him in this letter that he has returned to South Africa to continue his efforts to promote white power in the South African nation, and continue his work with the Nazi Party.

Investigation is being conducted through other known associates of [redacted] to determine his exact whereabouts in South Africa, and this inquiry is being furnished to the Department of State, in order to determine the present location of [redacted] in South Africa; and what extradition agreements exist between the United States and that nation for the removal of [redacted] back to the United States either as a material witness, or a possible defendant, if he should be indicted by the Federal Grand Jury in the Middle District of North Carolina.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

b6
b7C

Date 6/8/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)
ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

FROM: SAC, PORTLAND (66-166)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: Charlotte)

Re FBIHO airtel, 6/1/82; and telcal from Civil Rights Unit to Supv. [redacted] Portland, 6/8/82.

Per instructions received during referenced telcal, tapes containing interview of [redacted] (two tapes and first side of a third tape) and [redacted] (beginning on reverse side of [redacted] taped interview and continuing onto a second tape) are being returned so they can be sent to another office for transcription in order to meet the BUDED set out in referenced airtel.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
1 - Portland

JAM:LBN
(4)

ENCLOSURE
Forwarded via airtel 6/15/82

Enclosures to Labs 6/15/82

44-81521-243

9 JUN 16
JUN

6/15/82 Enclosures forwarded to Labs

Approved: [redacted] Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

59 JUL 2 1982

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1982 O - 369-895

AIRTEL

6/15/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SAC, Albany

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

1 - [redacted]

Re Butelcal to Albany dated 6/15/82.

Enclosed are four audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] (2 tapes and first side of a 3rd tape), and [redacted] (begin on reverse side of [redacted] tape). b6 b7C

Transcribe the interviews contained on the tapes and return to FBIHQ, Attention: Civil Rights Unit, by COB 6/25/82.

For your information enclosed tapes contain interviews of witnesses associated with the Workers Viewpoint Organization/Communist Workers Party (WVO/CWP), who were survivors of the shootout between a coalition of the Ku Klux Klan/Nazi organizations and the WVO/CWP which occurred November 3, 1979, at Greensboro, North Carolina, during a "Death to the Klan" rally. This matter is presently being heard by a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ) at [redacted] N. C., and it is of utmost importance that these interviews be transcribed expeditiously for the use during the FGJ. b3

44-81521-2444

JUN 15 1982 FBI

JUN 16 1982

The voices heard on the tapes will be the person being interviewed and one or more of the following persons:

SA [redacted] Greensboro, N.C.
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
SA [redacted] FBIHQ b6 b7C
[redacted] Attorney, U.S. Department of Justice
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
[redacted] Attorney, Greensboro Defense Fund
Kenneth McCallister, United States Attorney, Middle District, N. C.

Enclosures 4

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

EEH/mst (4)

59 JUL 21 1982

MAIL ROOM

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- [ ] Teletype
- [ ] Facsimile
- [X] AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- [ ] Immediate
- [ ] Priority
- [ ] Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- [ ] TOP SECRET
- [ ] SECRET
- [ ] CONFIDENTIAL
- [ ] UNCLAS E F T O
- [ ] UNCLAS

Date 6/14/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)
ATTENTION: GENE HATFIELD,
CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION, ROOM 5131

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (157-2204) (C)

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Bureau airtel to San Antonio 6/1/82.

Returned herewith are the transcripts of five audiotape interviews of [redacted] and [redacted]

Tapes 3 [redacted]
Q490
Q507, 508
Q509, 510

b6
b7C

TRANSCRIPTIONS & Package received 6/17/82 EH

TO: DOJ 0-708 6/23/82
TO CE AIRTEL 6/28/82 #

44-81521-2445

16 JUN 17 1982

3 - Bureau
(1 package copy)
1 - San Antonio
DAW:rv
(3)

18

Approved: JWD/hjl Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980-305-750/5402

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/15/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)
(ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT)

FROM: SAC, LOUISVILLE (100-6955) (RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

OO: CHARLOTTE

Re Bureau airtel to Louisville, dated 6/1/82.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five (5) audio tapes comprising interviews of [redacted] and [redacted] Also enclosed for the Bureau are two (2) transcripts, as requested by FBIHQ.

b6
b7C

Tapes of: [redacted] Q 498, 499, 500, side A of Q501
[redacted] side B of Q501, 502

TRANSCRIPTIONS to Package Received 6/17/82 EH

TOLRD O.TO B 6/28/82
TO: CE AIRTEL 6/28/82

44-81521-246

ENCLOSURE

7 JUN 17 1982

(2) - Bureau (Enc.7)
1 - Louisville
LCB/rdl
(3)

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- ☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/15/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)
ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

FROM: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY

GREENKIL
~~CIVIL~~ RIGHTS
OO: Charlotte

Re Bureau airtel to Oklahoma City, 6/1/82.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 8 audio tapes furnished to Oklahoma City by referenced airtel and transcriptions of same.

Tapes of: [redacted] Q 477, 478; Q 479, 480; [redacted] Q 481, 482; [redacted] Q 483, 484

b6
b7C

Transcriptions & Tapes received 6/17/82 EHF

FD-302s 6/28/82
TO: CE Airtel 6/28/82

44-81521-247

JUN 17 1982

Sealed

2 - Bureau (Enc. 12)
1 - Oklahoma City
PWR:pr
(3)

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-78)

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:
- ☐ Teletype
- ☐ Facsimile
- xx Airtel ☐

PRECEDENCE:
- ☐ Immediate
- ☐ Priority
- ☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:
- ☐ TOP SECRET
- ☐ SECRET
- ☐ CONFIDENTIAL
- ☐ UNCLAS E F T O
- ☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/14/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-81521)
(ATTN: CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT)

FROM: SAC, PORTLAND (66-166) (RUC)

SUBJECT: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: CHARLOTTE)

Re Bureau airtel to Portland, 6/1/82; Portland airtel to FBIHQ, 6/8/82.

Enclosed herewith for FBIHQ is original transcription of interview of [redacted] and three audio tapes containing said interview.

Transcription was made by GS-7 MDE [redacted] Portland Division.

b6
b7C

TAPE OF [redacted] 485, 486, 487

TRANSCRIPTION & Tape returned 6/22/82 EH

TO: CRD 0-7DB 6/28/82
TO: CE AIRTEL 6/28/82 #

JM-Misc 248

12 JUN 17 1982

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 4) ENCLOSURE
1 - Portland
JAM:ceh
(4)

-1*-

439

Approved: RSG/RHP Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

AIRTEL

6/28/82

Director, FBI (44-81521)

SAC, Charlotte (44A-3527) 1 - SA [redacted]

GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: CHARLOTTE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-12-84 BY SP2 AP/cs

Enclosed for Charlotte are the following:

1. Two copies of a passport application in the name of [redacted] dated July 8, 1981, at Miami, Florida, bearing passport number [redacted] issued [redacted] at Miami, Florida. (One copy of passport application has been furnished directly to Attorney [redacted] USDJ, CRD, Washington, D. C.)

2. Two copies of polaroid photographs of [redacted] accompanying passport application. (No copies furnished to DOJ.)

3. Two xerox copies of a laboratory report, dated June 17, 1982, concerning the K47, K48, and K49 revolvers. (One copy has been furnished to CRD, USDJ.)

4. Twenty-three original FD-302's and one xerox copy of the FD-302's as follows:

Q NUMBER	NAME	DATE INTERVIEWED
Q 473, 474	[redacted]	4/27/82
Q 475, 476		4/8/82
Q 477, 478		4/8/82
Q 479, 480		5/3/82
Q 481, 482		5/3/82
Q 482, 484		4/14/82
Q 485, 486, 487		4/8/82
Q 488, 489		4/12/82
Q 490		4/28/82
Q 491		4/29/82

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

EEH:dlw (4)

MAIL ROOM

MAILED 5
JUN 28 1982
FBI

715415

44-81521-249

17 JUN 29 1982

Q 492	[redacted]	4/28/82
Q 493		4/29/82
Q 494		4/13/82
Q 495, 496, 497		4/13/82
Q 498, 499, 500, 501		4/15/82
Q 501, 502		4/15/82
Q 503		4/27/82
Q 504, 505, 506		4/7/82
Q 507, 508		4/17/82
Q 509, 510		4/8/82
Q 511, 512		4/26/82
Q 513, 514, 515		4/15/82
Q 515, 516		4/15/82

b6
b7C

Charlotte will note xerox copies of the above FD-302's were hand carried to [redacted] CRD, USDJ, on June 28, 1982.

Charlotte will also note original FD-302's have been initialed by SA [redacted], FBIHQ, where appropriate.

Forty-four audio tape copies representing the above interviews were furnished to [redacted] CRD, USDJ, for review.

8-258 (12-20-79)

b6
b7C

REPORT of the FBI
TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

1 [redacted]
Room 5131
1
1
1
1

To: Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

July 6, 1982

FBI FILE NO. 44-81521—

LAB. NO. 20422014 E QE

YOUR NO.

Re: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

Examination requested by: Addressee

Reference: Letter dated April 13, 1982

Examination requested: Duplication

Specimens received: April 22, 1982, personally delivered by SA [redacted]

The following forty-two (42) specimens are C-60 audio cassettes marked in part:

Q473
Q474
Q475
Q476
Q477
Q478
Q479
Q480
Q481
Q482

[redacted]

e One

44-81521-250

JUL 8 1982

Continued Over

:jmh (8)

53 JUL 14 1982

MAIL ROOM

FBI/DOJ

b6
b7C

Q483
Q484
Q485
Q486
Q487
Q488
Q489
Q490
Q491
Q492
Q493
Q494
Q495
Q496
Q497
Q498
Q499
Q500
Q501
Q502
Q503
Q504
Q505

Continued Over

b6
b7C

Q506 [redacted]
Q507
Q508
Q509
Q510
Q511
Q512
Q513
Q514

The following two (2) specimens are C-90 audio cassettes marked in part:

Q515 [redacted]
Q516

Result of examination:

A direct copy of Q473 through Q516 was made, each copy consisting of one cassette tape.

Q473 through Q516 and the forty-four (44) direct copies were personally delivered to SA [redacted] on May 25, 1982.

8-259

RECORDED
4/27/82
lab

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION:
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Work Sheet

To: Mr. William Bradford Reynolds
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division
Department of Justice

FBI FILE NO. 44-81521-250

LAB. NO. 20422014 E RD

Re: GREENKIL
CIVIL RIGHTS

YOUR NO.

Examination by: [redacted] b6 b7C

Examination requested by: Addressee

Reference: Letter dated 4/13/82

Examination requested: Duplication

Specimens received: 4/22/82

Q473 - ~~Q501~~ ~~29 tapes~~
Q516 44 TAPES

USING PENTAGON HIGH SPEED
COPIER — DIRECT COPIES —
44 EACH MAXELL C-60

TSD Report
7/16/82
NH: jmk

FBI/DOJ

[redacted]

Q# 204220146

b6
b7C

Date	Subs	# Tapes	
4/26/82	Q473/4 Mrs [redacted]	2	C-60
4/8/82	Q475/6 [redacted]	2	C-60
4/8/82	Q477/8 [redacted]	2	C-60
5/3/82	Q479/80 [redacted]	2	C-60
5/3/82	Q481/82 [redacted]	2	C-60
4/14/82	Q483 [redacted]	2	C-60
4/8/82	Q485/6/7 [redacted]	3	C-60
4/12/82	Q488/9 [redacted]	2	C-60
4/28/82	Q490 [redacted]	1	C-60
4/29/82	Q491 [redacted]	1	C-60
4/28/82	Q492 [redacted]	1	C-60
4/28/82	Q493 [redacted]	1	C-60
4/13/82	Q494 [redacted]	1	GMT-60

b6
b7C

2[redacted]-3[redacted] p2

Date	Q#	Subs	# Tapes	Le-
4/13/82	Q495/6/7	[redacted]	3 -	C-60
4/15/82	Q498/9/[redacted]	[redacted]	5 -	C-60
4/15/82	- 502			
4/27/82	Q503/	[redacted]	1	C-60
4/7/82	Q504/5/6	[redacted]	3	C-60
4/7/82	Q507/8	[redacted]	2 -	C-60
4/8/82	Q509/10	[redacted]	2	C-60
	Q 511/12	[redacted]	2	C-60
4/15/82	Q513/4/5/6	[redacted]	4	C-60
			44	

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-[redacted]

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q 473

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part^ [redacted]

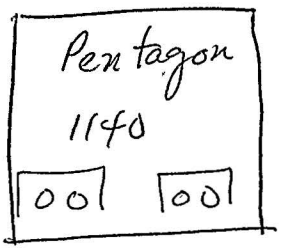
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__Rt__) Mono (½Trk✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__Lo__Wb__) Mod (Over__Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-C5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q 475

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 Cabelled in Part

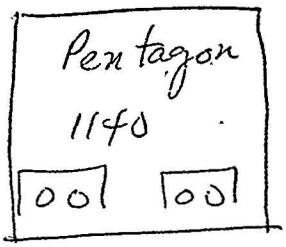
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 304220142-G5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q477

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 Labeled in Port

b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:

Pentagon
1140
001 001

Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q478

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____

One Scotch C-60 labeled in Ink"

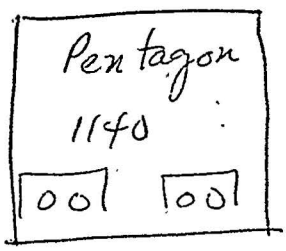
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bim (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No: 20422014E-G5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q 479

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 Tabs lost in Part

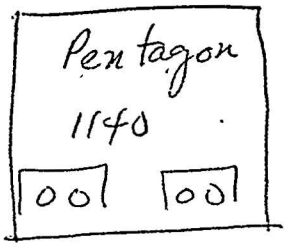
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014C-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q480

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 Labeled in Part

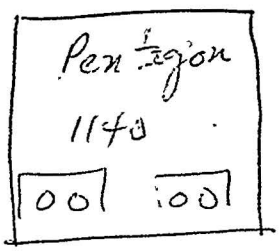
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk ✓)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-C5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q481

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed___

One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part

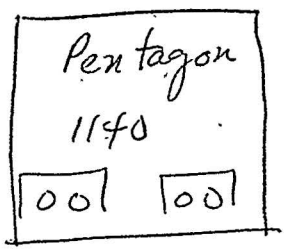
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS ~~WORK~~ SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-G5

Bufile: Date: 5-22 Specimen(s): Q482

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ ~~Negra~~__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed___
One Scotch C60 Labelled in Part

b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ ~~Spd~~ Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:

Pentagon
1140
001 001

Direct: ~~Processed~~:

High Speed Dir. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-G5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q83

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__

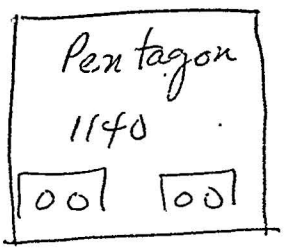
One Anycast C-60 labeled in part. [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422042-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q484

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__

One Ampex C-60 labeled in part.

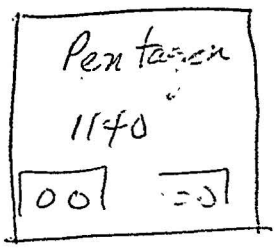
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q485

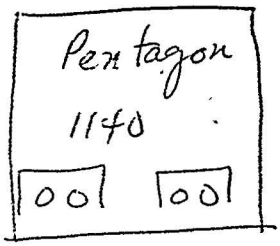
Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No: 20422014E-G5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q486

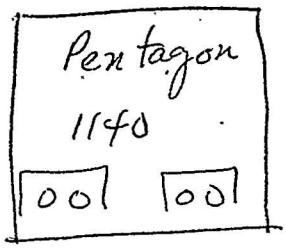
Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-C5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q487

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed___

One Scotch C-60 Labeled in Part

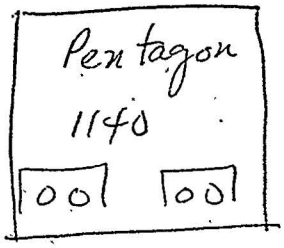
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

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Safety Tabs Punched -

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q488

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Ampex C-60 Labeled in Part

b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:

Pentagon
1140
001 001

Direct: Processed:

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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-G5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q489

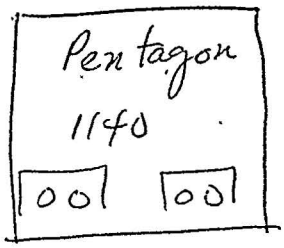
Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Olympus C-60 Labeled in Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 2042201415-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q490

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 Labeled in Part

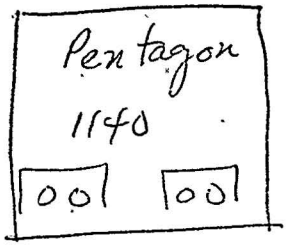
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q491

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part

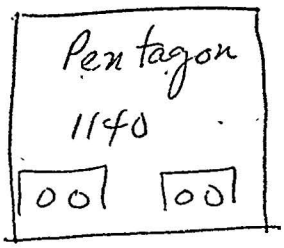
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-G5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q492

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 Labeled in Part"

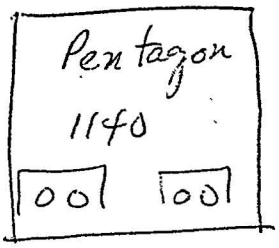
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q493

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60, Labeled in Part "

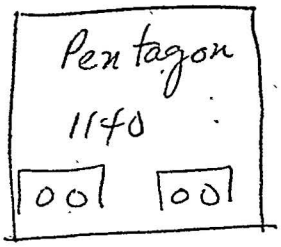
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014C-05

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q494

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__

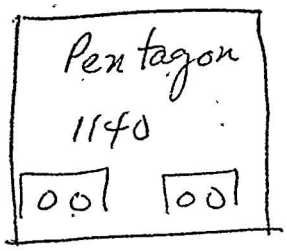
One Compact GMI-60 Labeled in Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__¼Trk[redacted])

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__Lo__Wb__) Mod (Over__Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-05

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): 3495

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Ampex GMS 60 Labeled in Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:

Pentagon
1140
001 001

Direct: Processed:

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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-05

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q496

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Ampex GMI-60 labeled in Part

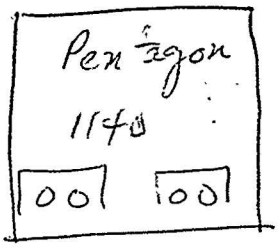
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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Safety Tabs Punched -

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): 1497

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__

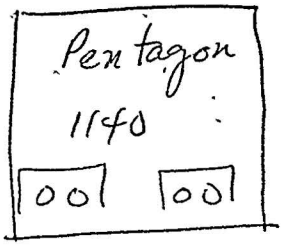
One Ampex GMI-60 [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-05

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q498

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____

One Scotch C-60 labelled in part"

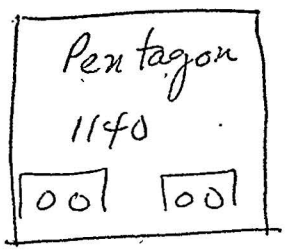
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q499

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part

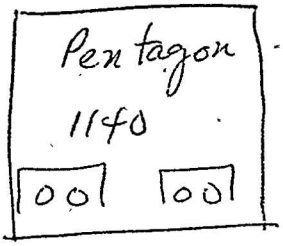
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20423814E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q500

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____

One Scotch C-60 labeled in part

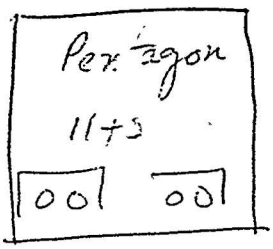
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Infile: Date: 5/4/32 Specimen(s): Q501

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Audition 60 labbed in Part

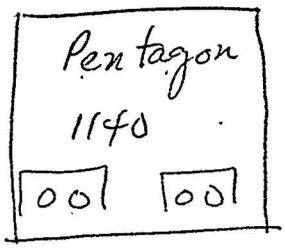
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No: 204220142-C5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q502

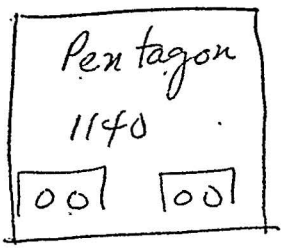
Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Ampex GML-60 labeled as Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-QE

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): 1B03

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part"

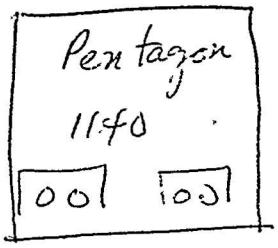
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-G

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q504

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part

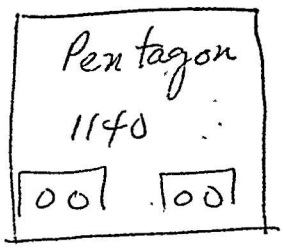
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014C-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): 505

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part "

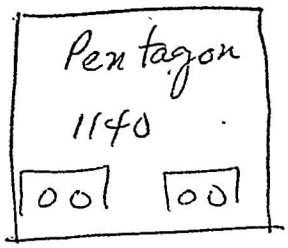
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q506

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 labeled in part

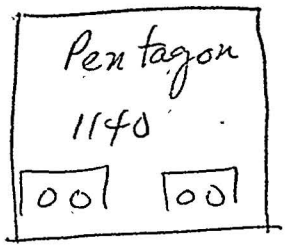
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-QE

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q507

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C60 labeled in Part "

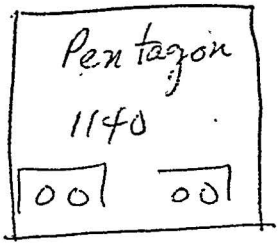
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q508

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch c60 labeled in part [redacted]

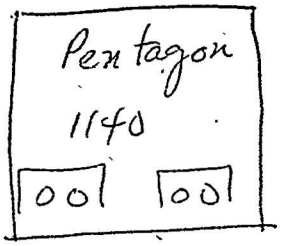
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (2Trk__ 4Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



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AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q509

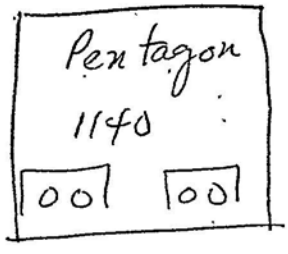
Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass_✓_ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Scotch C-60 labeled in Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk_✓_ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies
Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-QE

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q511

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__

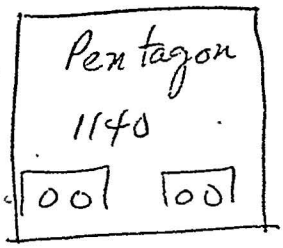
One Ampex C-60 Labeled in Part. [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise__

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-QE

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q512

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____

One Dictaphone C-60 labeled in Part

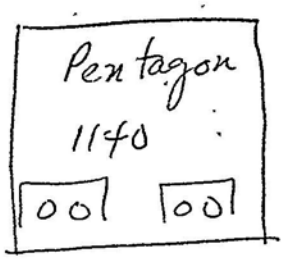
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q513

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass_✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed___
One Audition CO labeled in part

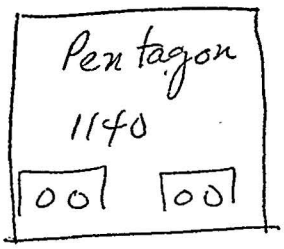
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk_✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-QE

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q514

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass ✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed____

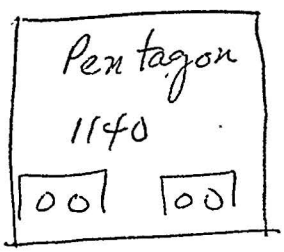
One Ampex GMI-60 labeled in part [redacted]

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk ✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dir. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q515

Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass 1/ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Audiotex 90 Labeled in Part

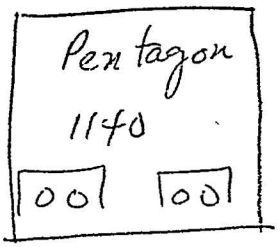
b6
b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk 1/ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.

AUDIO ANALYSIS WORK SHEET

Lab. No. 20422014E-Q5

Bufile: Date: 5/4/82 Specimen(s): Q5/6

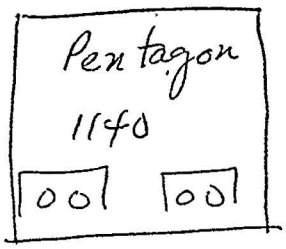
Tape Format Rcvd: Rl__ Cass✓ 8 Trk__ Nagra__ Micro Cass__
Multi Chnl__ Other__ Speed__
One Audition 90 Takeout in Part [redacted] b6 b7C

Trk Config: Full Trk__ Chnl (Lft__ Rt__) Mono (½Trk✓ ¼Trk__)
Stereo (½Trk__ ¼Trk__) Bin (½Trk__ ¼Trk__)

Analysis: Tones__ Dist__ N/F Pty__ Spd Prob__ Conv Prob__ Music__
Noise (Hi__ Lo__ Wb__) Mod (Over__ Under__) Sig/Noise_____

Investigative Interviews

Set Up:



Direct: Processed:

High Speed Dup. Copies

Safety Tabs Punched.